PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1888 PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE NEWEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE ALL 30-2w.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its semi-column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the buying or sale of lands. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and the general advertisements get better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Field & Randolph publish a new advertisement to-day.

—The Art Gallery exhibition will be open till further notice.

—There was a slight fire in French's mill on Somerset street Saturday evening. A few buckets of water put it out.

—Owing to the bad weather Sunday night the attendance at Reform Hall was small. Dr. Hurlbut was the speaker.

—W. J. Florence will appear in "Donboy & Son" at the Stillman House Hall to-night. This is a good story, and Mr. Florence's impersonation of "Capt. Cuttle" is said to be perfect.

—Hall is so elated over the success he has met with by the extensive business he began in 1887 when he made his improvements, that he could not do to-day News with a send of thanks to all who so kindly aided him by a call in this most desired object. He is assured now that the citizens of Plainfield will sustain a first class dry and fancy goods store, and he will in the future strive to make his even more attractive and popular than in the past.

—Mayor Male's message, given in full in this paper, is a well written document, and one that is to be carefully read. The proposition to decrease the license fee from $500 for hotels and $300 for saloons to a uniform price of $400 and compel saloons to close at 10 p. m. and not open until 6 a. m. is probably intended to try and in a measure satisfy public clamor against the saloon. Many favor temperance, but believe in license until the public is ready to do something more than merely agitate the cause of so much ruin and misery to families. Some day the family will do something, when unable longer to endure the wrong, and when that day comes the saloon will go, as it struck by dynamite, but not before.

—Last year in the annual report of the New Jersey Editorial Association, THE NEWS was placed next to the top of the list of valuable local newspapers of New Jersey, the Journal (Major Pangborn's paper) being placed first. This year George P. Rowell & Co. of New York, the publishers of the Newspaper Directory, which is one of the largest advertising journals in the world, have issued a pocket to all the newspapers in the United States, Canada, and British provinces, giving a most flattering notice to THE NEWS exclusively. Let us see: Last year, New Jersey was the United States. This year, next year we will want the whole Show of Plainfield, the Queen city of New Jersey, and THE NEWS, its daily paper.

How the New Year Came.

When at the stroke of twelve o'clock, Saturday, at midnight, the old year passed out of being and the new year began, the earth was white with snow, and there was falling a gentle rain that grew into the fierce storm of Sunday. The thermometer registered twenty degrees above zero.

Some Plainfield ites watched the old year out with the determination to keep awake. Others made the night noisy with the jooting of horns, the ringing of bells and the drumming of tin pans.

The cares were—and they were none too few—both to-day and to-night, for the police. Most of the police stations were open all night, and the attendance was large in all cases, on account of the floods to-day.

In Madison the day legally observed as such, but in Plainfield it was observed in a quiet way by the Young Men's Christian Association rooms, where "open house" was held. The parlors were open in good style, and the Art Gallery, with its handsome collection and exhibition of modern and porcelain ware, came in for its share of callers.

There was some skating, despite the recent thaw, on the ice on the new Park lake. Some resorted to North Plainfield, the amusing ring of steel on the ice was heard all day. There was no fatal accident, however, at the Crescent rink, where crowds on rollers spent the afternoon and evening.

AND YET THEY SAID, "HAPPY NEW YEAR."

The artist of our local policemen met in the storm, and our artist portrays them just as they were saying "Happy New Year." Even ex-Sheriff Stiles's little dog "Dot" joins his voice.

Most full faced of "open house" will appear to-morrow.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

FIRST MEETING OF 1888—A PROMPT ORGANIZATION.

Mayor Male in a Careful Message Touches on License, Fire Department, Streets and other Important Matters—An Ordinance to be Presented Raising all Liquor License Fees to $1,000, and Closing all Bars from 10 p. m. to 6 a. m. Various Committees Appointed.

The City Common Council for 1888 held its first meeting in their Council Chamber on Front street last evening. Those present were Messrs. Bergen, Dumont, Dudley, Erickson, Marsh, Moffett, Squires, Taylor and Watson—6. Absent, Messrs. Randolph and Wilbur—2. On motion of Mr. Dumont Francis E. Marsh was unanimously re-elected president.

Mr. Marsh in taking his seat said:

"Gentlemen, I desire to return thanks for the manifestation of confidence in me. I rise to say it an honor to be made chairman of such a body as this. I shall ask you to bear with me during the year, and shall endeavor faithfully and impartially to preside. I need assistance in all matters pertaining to the work of Council. The coming year will be one of the most important Plainfield has ever seen. We will have to consider matters of vital import to the city of Plainfield. We will be called on to take steps in certain directions that will make a new departure in the history of Plainfield. I believe that we will have at heart the welfare of the city, and that all are willing and ready to do their best to advance the interests of the city. I believe that it be said when we have finished our work that we have done our duty with out fear, favor or affection. Again, gentlemen, I thank you for the honor conferred."

Oliver B. Leonard was re-appointed clerk, and M. Mundy was continued in the office of janitor.

On motion of Mr. Dumont the rules of order of the last Common Council were adopted as the rules of this year's Council.

The message of Mayor Male was then read, as follows:

To the Honorable Common Council of the city of Plainfield:

GENTLEMEN:—Observing the custom established by law, I present for your consideration at this time such matters and topics as appear especially to require attention.

PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE.

The most important subject for congratulation regarding matters municipal, and matters private as well, in the city of Plainfield, which the history of the year 1887 affords, is the detection, the arrest and the conviction of three or three who, for so long a time, by the constant practice of the heinous crime of incendiarism, sacrificed the property and endangered the lives of our citizens. Toward the accomplishment of this great work, the value of which language cannot adequately magnify, but also to the State at large, it is my pleasure to bear witness that the Common Council and the city officials, the public prosecutor, and many public-spirited citizens have acted zealously and diligently. The Court that presides over the trial of the confessed case, secured to the accused every advantage guaranteed by the Constitution and the law, yet presented the law and evidence to the jury in a charge, now justly celebrated, that left the conviction of the defendants, and pronounced their sentence beyond question against such fiends as menace every thinking community. And, while the process was a matter hardly second in importance to that above referred to. For years it has been conceded by many if not most of our citizens that this city was inadequately protected against fire, and that the system of taxation for that purpose was radically wrong. The Plainfield Fire Department did not cover the entire city. Parts of the adjoining township and borough were within its jurisdiction and yet fell to contribute anything approximating the just share of the expense of its maintenance. The total burden of taxation was cast upon a portion of property and limited class of persons, property and all other property escaped. Non-residents, aliens and corporations enjoyed every benefit of the franchise, and hundreds of constitutional electors and owners of real and personal property in the city were debarred from any voice of vote.

The delinquent tax list was allowed to grow to enormous dimensions, and many openly refused to pay, and by any further legal means to protect the property of those who were allowed with impunity year after year to repudiate their debts.

Under these circumstances, it was determined to appeal to the Legislature for relief. A joint committee of the common council and of a large body of taxpayers minutely investigated the subject, and before the appropriate committee of the legislature with an organized talk, having for its object new legislation. The result was the law providing the placing of this city in control of its own fire department. That bill was introduced by Senator Dudley, it will be remembered, and such strong support yet it was opposed by representatives from the fire board and others, as that the bill was defeated in committee.

Being advised by counsel that the tax was unconstitutional on the grounds above stated among others, an influential body of citizens, with a view to putting the matter beyond the reach of the courts relief which it was found impossible to procure in the legislature.

That effort was successful. The Supreme Court, in an exhaustive opinion by Judge Magie sustained the position taken in the interest of the city of the bill brought by Mrs. Taylor to test the question.

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It is gratifying to know that a part of the Fire Department is disposition to accept the decision of the Supreme Court as final, and to co-operate with the fire department in devising measures for the public welfare. Should any legislation prove necessary, there would be little doubt of the speedy enactment of a law that had the approval of the city, North Plainfield and the present Fire Department. Any organized opposition or obstructive measures are to be apprehended in the face of the imperative demands of the people for the organization of a Fire Department on a constitutional basis. In the interim, a provisional arrangement for the necessary running expenses should be entered into on an equitable basis between the city and the present Department.

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The attention of your Honorable Body is called to the fact that there is now no sufficient and adequate law to give power to grant or refuse permits, or in whose special charge these matters are placed." P. L. 1886 p. 221 provides for the appointment by the Common Council of an Inspector of Buildings and confers on him needed powers for the protection of life and property. I recommend that the Council appoint an Inspector of Buildings pursuant to the statute cited.

HEALTH.

The lax-abiding character of our citizens and their willingness, when called upon fairly to occasional personal inconvenience and expense for the general good established the late Board of Health, and the lack of legal standing, to deal effectively with the few matters of importance that during the last year came before it, prevented, with only serious case of contagious disease, that would occur, occurring as it did in the very heart of the city, from being in the highest degree successful. Both to confine the disease to the single patient and to save that patient's life. The efficiency found in the city without any legally organized Board of Health, and the defunct Board, slightly demonstrating that no technicalities should be allowed for a moment to stand in the way of immediate action, provided it act as it ought to justly constituted. In a late special message I urgently recommended to the Common Council the formation of a board of health as provided by the recent statues of the State. Nothing has been taken, and the city is in a position to exercise a health code and to secure its rigid enforcement, so as to guard against the repetition of Plainfield as it now stands—as among the most healthful cities of the State. The harmonious co-operation of the most superior Board of Health and Board of Health is essential to the public welfare, and to that end it is hoped that the free interchange of views may be the rule at all times.

LICENSE.

The conviction obtains in the minds of a majority of the voters of this city that the only available and practicable method of dealing with the saloon question, considering the peculiar circumstances in which we are placed is the regulation and restriction of the sale of intoxicating beverages by high license and stringent police control.

High license and low license are relative terms. Experience is necessary to determine whether a definite sum in any given locality is properly high license or low license. It is believed that $300 for hotels and $200 for saloons are not sufficiently high in this city to secure the full measure of benefit of which the high license system is capable. The number of saloons is still too large. A small number, however, has a tendency to diminish intemperance, would afford the city greater facility in enforcing its police regulations, and, as a consequence, in times of panic, would reduce to a minimum traffic in liquor by unlicensed persons. I therefore recommend that the license fee for both hotels and saloons be increased to one thousand dollars. I further recommend that the hour for closing all bars be changed from midnight to ten o'clock p. m., and that no sales, gifts or other disposals of liquor be permitted between 10 o'clock p. m. and 6 o'clock the following morning.

I further urge the adoption of an amendment to the liquor license ordinance to provide that none but duly qualified voters of this city shall be allowed to be engaged in the building in which the business is to be carried on, shall be deemed competent to sign the bond necessary to secure the granting of a license. I further recommend that every person that may hereafter receiving a license be required to agree to and to be bound by and to conform to all the ordinances of the city, under penalty of forfeiture of his license, and I recommend that such clause be incorporated in the body of the license.

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LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the service of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

A $15,000 Explosion.

SIOUX FALLS, Dak., Jan. 3.—A large explosion in the new city gas works exploded last night, totally demolishing the building. Loss, $15,000.

The Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—As a result of the conventions held yesterday at Scranton, a strike of miners is expected to-day throughout the mining district with the exception of the Wyoming Valley. District 1, 7,000 strong, bituminous miners, aggregating over 4,000 men acted upon Chairman Dolan's instructions, and will go on strike. The total number of strikers is 15,000 men, or about two-thirds of all the men here employed in the Schuylkill region, will probably be idle to-day.

HOPE MISSION CHAPEL.

Plainfield's New Sunday School Organized Jan. 1st.

Despite the rain, forty members were enrolled in the Sunday school at the Hope Mission chapel, which was opened Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The building is the one formerly occupied by the Bethel Mission, and is now situated on Fourth street near Watchung avenue, back of the Pond Tool Works. It has been neatly fitted up, and makes an almost luxurious meeting place. Hope Mission is officered by and under the auspices of the Crescent Avenue church and under the superintendency of Conductor A. C. Squires. Sunday afternoon six classes were organized. There are over 50 volunteers for teachers. Mr. H. B. Munroe has a class of adults, and is evidently much loved by them.

Sunday afternoon an interesting programme of praise service was followed. Mr. Squires made the following address:

Eighteen hundred years ago there was gathered in an upper room in Jerusalem a little company not much larger than this today. They were all stout-hearted looking forward. There was nothing downcast in the dark tragedy of Calvary and the vision of the Risen Lord. Olivet was pointing into the future. So every eye was looking forward and every heart was filled with one emotion. And there was but one name to place over the threshold of that room: that was the name we take to-day—Hope. They of the upper room were looking forward to exactly what was before them. Neither can we penetrate the future, but there is nothing behind us, and we can look forward in hope. We have placed over our threshold and made a part of its motto this same word—Hope.

That company of disciples had to wait and to pray. They met solely for that purpose. So can the company just as fleeting and I put as the second part of our motto—Pray. Let us all unite sincerely and fervently in prayer. Prayer is a prayer for God's favor and guidance."

After prayer Mr. Squires continued: "I wanted a motto for this school. I called on the board, for it would be incomplete. I know we look into the future with hope. I know that we pray for God's favor and guidance; but another word must be joined with these, and that word is Study. The other word is assert as the others, and is as important as either. Thus is the complete motto of each teacher and officer—Hope—Pray—Work. And I have chosen this motto for the school of new life for many souls. This will be a place where every man, woman or child will come and study the Word and learn Christ can come, and study His word and worship in His house. We care not what they may be in worldly station. So long as he wants to study Gods word we welcome him and say "Come and See," and we hope and pray that many will be led to see from this point each one to that beautiful city which is pure gold like unto clear glass."

Mr. Richards and Mr. Newhall made brief remarks.

That session is intended to benefit especially the employes of the Pond Tool Works.

A free entertain ment will be held in the school Saturday evening, January 7th, at eight o'clock. All connected with the school, and those desiring to join, are invited. Parents are especially requested to attend with their children.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Charles Covel of Brooklyn is on a visit to her sister, Mrs Alfred A. Taft of West Front street.

Miss Kate Newell of East Fifth street entertained a select gathering of friends Saturday evening.

The funeral services over the remains of Harold, the youngest son of Mr and Mrs. Enos Case of Ninth street, were held Monday afternoon at the residence.

Invitations in the style of "ye olden tyme" were issued for a donation party at the residence of Rev. Mr. Baker's fellow-pastor, Rev. Mr. Moore, on behalf of Mr. Baker's fellow-laborers, made the speech, and delivered the gift as a testimonial of the regard felt for the pastor and his family by the congregation of the Crescent avenue church's employ, in which he has been for some time, and goes to his home in Ohio to-morrow. The gift is an exceedingly skillful engineer and machinist, and a handy all-around mechanic. He has been offered a position in Toledo in which during his stay here, and kindest wishes for his welfare will go with him. He accepted the position offered him, and, reciprocating the complimentary kind expressions.

STATE NOTES.

Edward Stewart, living on the old Cannon Ball road, near Pompton, went out on Saturday morning to look after his cattle. He found the body of his son Wednesday morning, when he was found dead in a lonely spot in the woods, his shotgun lying beside him and a charge of shot in his head. It was thought at first that he had committed suicide, but it is now believed that he was murdered. He was a drinking man. He had only recently employed a fine new horse.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Sleight's drug store, corner Park avenue and Front street:

1887		1888	
7 a. m.	30	Sun rises	7 25
9 a. m.	30	Sun sets	4 45
12 m.	31	Moon rises	9 05
2 p. m.	32	Moon sets	

A CARD OF THANKS.

Doubtless the citizens Plainfield, who are interested in the success of its merchants, and any patronage have noticed during the last year, and more especially the last two months that I have put forth extraordinary efforts by way of advertising and by largely increasing my stock and low prices to win public favor and secure a larger share of patronage than ever before. A year ago when I took a twelves years' lease upon the premises I now occupy, and put up a new building at my own expense.

And thereby put in Plainfield an establishment second to none of the kind in the State. It, was like a person launching out into deep water and I was obliged to sink or swim.

Some thought I would surely sink because I was going far ahead of Plainfield's needs just then and it could not sustain an institution on such a large scale, and at such a large running expense.

My own judgment however was the reverse of this and I determined to make the test and leave no effort undone to keep my head above the high tide water mark.

In order to do this I knew I must be "wide awake" and push my trade for all it was worth. Hence this extra effort as above stated.

And now as the results. I am glad to say at the close of the year, and after the most thorough test, the citizens of Plainfield have so very liberally sustained me in the enterprise and given me so large a share of their patronage, that my establishment is now placed on a solid foundation, and my business is in a popular run of trade. There is therefore not the least a doubt as to the practicability of my business undertaking, and I am now determined to extend, to one and all who may have added me to accomplish this rather remarkably successful business undertaking, my endeavors to please and merit their confidence and hope that in coming years I may be able by fair, honest and liberal dealing to merit a continuance of the same generous support.

I am aware that in order to keep the ship afloat, "and maintaine the good will and favor of the public," I must have every article on hand that the people want in the line of a large and well assorted dry goods store, and that I must be ever alive to the fact that the public is a sharp lookout for rocks and shoals. So if ex-Plainfielders, read of some startling announcements about great bargains in ye near future, in ye EVENING NEWS and other newspapers of Plainfield, don't conclude that I am going to the wall, or about to close out my business. Go yourself ye mighty bargains I shall offer, before ye neighbors come before you and ye get left.

In a day or two I shall announce some attractive bargains in seasonable goods that will interest every home-keeper. Look out for it.

EDSALL'S, SEELY EDSALL.

18 West Front street.

The pioneer Dry and Fancy Dry Goods Establishment for Fine goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

LOAN COLLECTION of Paintings, Water Colors, etc., and the SCHOONMAKER Collection of

Porcelains and CLOISONNE

will remain on exhibition during the remainder of the month at the

Job Male Library and ART GALLERY and MUSEUM,

Admission 25 cents. Catalogues containing full description of the entire collection with description of the process of making Cloisonne for sale at the Art Gallery. Price 15c.

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday Ev'g, Jan. 3,

W. J. Florence.

The Music Hall Association at the request of many of our leading citizens has secured for a Thursday evening the presentation of Dickens' story,

DOMBEY & SON

in which

MR. FLORENCE

will enact his great character of

Captain Cuttle.

This part has been acted by Mr. Florence in England, Ireland and Scotland, as well as the United States and Canada.

Tickets on sale at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores, Friday, Dec. 30th.

No Advance in Prices

Admission 50 cents.

CITY PHARMACY,
21 West Front street.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.

Toilet Requisites.

City Pharmacy Dentifrice, cleanses and preserves the teeth.

Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Chas. Claudy, graduates all kinds of grease spots.

Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.

Telephone Connection.

Open every evening except Sundays for the sale of cigars.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.

Telephone No. 1098.

Field & Randolph.

THE BEE HIVE.

Genis' Kid Gloves Tans or Brown Embroidered back every pair warranted

$1 a Pair

Full line of Gents' Silk Mufflers, Silk Hemstitched Pocket Handkerchiefs, white and colored border.

"The Pride" Buy, The Pride, the best Shirt in the world 69 cents.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
28 WEST FRONT ST.

POLICEMAN M'CUE ASSAULTED.

Two Plainfield Young Men Beat him at Night.

John Bowman and Harry Gordon were on trial before Mayor Male yesterday morning for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Each was fined $10 and costs, and in default $50. Both were then required to furnish bail in the sum of $250 to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of assault and battery on Policeman Thomas McCue.

Mr. McCue's story is that at about eight o'clock Sunday night a crowd of young men gathered on North avenue in front of the railroad station, were too hilarious, and he went to them and requested them to stop their noise. Thereupon Bowman became insolent and told him to "mind his own business." Mr. McCue placed Bowman under arrest, and attempted to lead him to the station-house, but Gordon coming to Bowman's aid, and the three went rolling about on the icy pavement, when Mr. McCue was punched by both and kicked. He then succeeded in getting Bowman to his feet, and started for the station-house, Gordon following. Mr. McCue says that Gordon struck the first blow, in the back of the neck. After the attack Gordon walked away, and Mr. McCue with the assistance of Wm. Mather, a son of Chief Mather, succeeded in getting Bowman into the station-house, where Bowman was locked up.

The news of the affair was at once communicated to the other policemen, and Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch and Grant, with Detectives Cox and Mather, had been summoned from bed, scoured the city in search of Gordon, who was finally caught by Mr. Carey on Front street. He was placed in a cell next to that of Bowman. Both men, when searched, surrendered flasks partially filled with whiskey.

The police say that Bowman and Gordon are members of a gang of fiends that try to make the life of the street unsafe. Much sympathy is expressed for the families of the young men, who, it is said, have been driven from their homes by their conduct. Their friends have paid their fines and furnished bonds.

—There will be a special meeting for prayer in the lecture room of the Trinity Reformed church, this evening, and every evening this week, beginning at eight o'clock. The public are cordially invited.

—About 300 new incandescent electric lamps to replace the arc lights, were lighted on Saturday evening for the first time, and presented a very pretty appearance. The poles on Somerset, where the lamps are hung above them, produced an exceedingly fine effect. The lights are placed on Park avenue, Front, Sixth and Seventh streets. They are an improvement over the arc lights.

—The public schools re-opened to-day.

—Considerable matter is crowded out by the Mayor's message to-day.

—Life is a leaf of paper white,
Whereon each one of us may write
His word or two—and then come night;
Though then have time
But for a line, a letter, a rhyme;
Not failure, but low aim, is crime.
—JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

Died.

ANGLEMAN—In the city of Jan. 2, 1888, Mrs. Margaret A., wife of Geo. M. Angleman, in her 52nd year.

Funeral at her late residence, 1 West Fourth street, Wednesday 2:30 p. m.

Plainfield Evening News,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

Is published every afternoon at

No. 3 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at the cents per week, or by mail to Subscribers resident out of the limits of the City at $5 per year payable in advance.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1888.

EMPIRE STATE LEGISLATORS.

The Republican Caucus Names Fremont Cole as Its Candidate for Speaker.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 2.—The Republican caucus was called to order by Assemblyman Ballinger, of Erie county, last evening, who nominated for chairman Assemblyman Hamilton, of New York. Upon assuming the chair Hamilton made an address, calling for attention of the assembly to the necessity for carefulness in selecting a man to preside over their deliberations during the year 1888. He congratulated them present to the selection of a candidate for speaker, the gate being: Hon. Fremont Cole, 51; Gen. Husted, 19. The nomination of Mr. Cole was made unanimous.

The other nominees were: For clerk, Charles A. Chickering; for sergeant at arms, Isaac Scott, of Erie county; for stenographer, Hon. Lewis Jr., of Albany; for doorkeeper, Horace B. Webb, of Ontario county; for assistant doorkeepers, J. R. Hartley, of Waterford, and Charles McNaughton.

Mr. Platt offered resolutions calling upon Senators Evarts and Hiscock to vote against the confirmation of Hon. S. Q. C. Lamar as supreme court judge. Mr Crosby opposed the resolutions, but they were carried by a nearly unanimous vote.

The Democratic members of the assembly met in caucus and named Mr. F. Sheehan, of Erie, for speaker, Charles A. Orr, of New York, for clerk, Charles Hughes for sergeant at arms, and Mr. Pollard, of New York, for stenographer.

The Republican senators held a secret caucus. Senator Ira Davenport was chosen chairman and Joseph Kornegay secretary. They made the following nominations: President pro tem., Henry R. Low; clerk, John B. Kenyon; sergeant at arms, Wm. H. Corning; stenographer, H. A. Correll; postmaster, A. J. Vreeland; assistant postmaster, Charles Van Low; doorkeeper, Charles V. Swan; assistant doorkeeper, Thomas Tessel. The caucus committee, Senators Vedder, Hendricks and Rowe. There was no action taken in regard to the selection of a chaplain.

The Democratic senators named for president pro tem., Jacob A. Cantor; clerk, Charles R. Tiff Frees; caucus committee, Messrs. Power, Murphy, McNaughton and Cantor.

Canada's Shipping Interests.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 3.—The shipping tonnage of the maritime provinces decreased during the past year 1887 to 1,000 tons, now being 787,725 tons. Nova Scotia shipping shows the greatest decrease, 29,316 tons; New Brunswick shipping decreased 16,908 tons, and Prince Edward Island shipping 3,000 tons.

Grain Speculation Did It.

CHICKLEVILLE, O., Jan. 3.—Jacob H. Delaplane, confidential bookkeeper of the Portage Savings Bank, and a prominent citizen, has mysteriously disappeared. An examination of his books disclosed a shortage of $4,000. Grain speculation is assigned as the cause. His whereabouts are unknown.

"Hold Up" by Footpads.

CHEYENNE, Wy., William J. Young, a dude merchant, of Waco, Tex., was beaten up and robbed of $700 and diamonds valued at $600 by footpads on Longworth and Pilsen streets, at 1 o'clock this Sunday morning. Young had been on a protracted spree recently. The robbers escaped.

Evil Influence Stalking.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—During the rush for tickets to-night at the Academy of Music, at 8th street, this city, Joseph O'Brien, a 72-year-old resident of Germantown, fell over the rail of the gallery. He landed on the back of a chair in the parquet circle, and was fatally injured.

New York's Corporation Counsel.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Mayor Hewitt has appointed Henry R. Beekman as corporation counsel, vice Morgan J. O'Brien, recently elected as a supreme court justice. Mr. Beekman's term of office as head of the board of aldermen expired Saturday. He is 42 years old.

A Missing Minister.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Rev. Edward F. Miles, of the Church of the Reformation, who disappeared Friday, is still missing. He is 6 years old, five feet nine inches tall, and stout. He is said to be suffering from mental aberration due to overwork during the holidays.

Break in the Threatened Coal Famine.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 3.—Despite the change in the weather the rivers continue to rise slowly, and a number of tows of coal have left Brownsville and Elizabeth. 15,000,000 bushels loaded, but it is not likely that all can be got out on this rise.

The Body Washed Ashore.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 3.—Coroner Irving has just received word from the captain of the Little Beach life saving station that the body of the man found on the beach Tuesday, was found on the beach the next day.

No Intention of Visiting America.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 3.—E. T. Affi ex, of this city, has received a letter from Mr. Gladstone saying positively that the ex-premier has no intention of visiting America.

Fatal Fall from a Roof.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 3.—Garret Brown, brother of ex-Sheriff Brown, while slating a roof on High street yesterday fell to the ground and received fatal injuries.

To Succeed Judge Ragsdale.

ALBANY, Jan. 3.—It is reported that Governor Hill will appoint Judge Cullen, of Brooklyn, to succeed the late Judge Ragsdale, of the court of appeals.

Weather Indications.

For Wednesday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, partly cloudy to fair weather, with variable winds, preceded by local snow storms.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Mrs. Cute died at her home at Johnstown, Pa., yesterday. She was 108 years of age.

No challenge for the America's cup has been received by any of the expected challengers in Great Britain.

A posse of colored men lynched a white negro at Central, Pickens county, Ga.

Henry S. Ives was elected a director in the Vandalia railroad at the annual election held in Terre Haute, Ind.

All the continental powers seem anxious to give the impression that they really have had no idea of doing anything warlike.

THE PRESIDENT'S LUCK

GIVES HIM BRIGHT SKIES FOR THE NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION.

A Gorgeous Scene Made More Dazzling by the Brilliant Uniforms of the Diplomatic Corps—The Veterans of 1812 Not Represented.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The principal feature of the New Year's day festivities in Washington was, as usual, the president's reception, which, as is customary, began with the reception of the cabinet at 11 o'clock, and concluded by the doors being thrown open to the public at 2 p. m. Remarks about Cleveland's luck" were made when two days of snow, rain and sludge gave place to cold, clear, beautiful weather, and New Year's day became almost ideal in climatic conditions.

At the White House the customary preparations had been made. The entrances were protected by long awnings as a protection from the cold, and in the entrance corridor the marine band was stationed, brilliantly uniformed, surrounded by palms, and ready to play the national airs. At 11 o'clock the cabinet party descended the stairway, the patriotic airs of various nations when the diplomatic corps arrive, martial music by the marine band announcing the first operatic "chestnut" to the people. The state parlors had been beautifully and brilliantly decorated with paint, fresh cut flowers, which were palpable to the sense as well as the eye. The chandeliers were entwined with smilax. The corners of every room, the window recesses and the mantels had been converted into bowers; in fact, the skill of the florist and decorator was visible in every nook and corner. The illumination, in which the reception proper was held, had every lamp and burner beautifully decorated, with the possible exception of that night in June when Miss Folsom became Mrs. Cleveland.

Shortly before 11 o'clock the cabinet assembled, the members being accompanied by their wives, and proceeded to the private portion of the house to join and exchange New Year greetings with the president and Mrs. Cleveland. Soon after the diplomatic corps began to arrive, in their resplendent uniforms and accompanied by their wives in brilliant full dress toilets.

The diplomatic corps converied the red parlor into a congress of nations, where gold lace and burnished helmets, gaudy fabrics, jeweled decorations and polished swords helped to make up a scene which the spectacular drama could not rival.

At 11 o'clock the president's and cabinet receiving party descended the stairway and took position in the blue parlor, to which the diplomatic corps was admitted, led by Minister Phelps, dean of the corps, and presented by Secretary Bayard. The supreme court justices and other representatives of the judiciary came next, and were followed by senators and representatives, army and navy officers, department officials, organizations of veterans and the public.

The program laid down was exacting. Mrs. Bayard, Secretary Bayard was with Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary Fairchild followed with Mrs. Whitney, Secretary Endicott, Secretary Manning, Postmaster-General Vilas, Secretary Lamar, Attorney-General Garland, Secretary Whitney and Vilas, with Col. Lamont as aid-de-camp to the rear. A number of extra aids-de-camp invited guests were in the line of march. Among them were George Bancroft, the historian; Miss Vilas, Miss Endicott, Miss Garland, and a number of other ladies of the cabinet circle. At the end of the line Secretary Manning, ill with rheumatism, was assisted to his carriage, and Secretary Whitney and Vilas, with Col. Lamont, gallantly supported the rear. A number of extra gallantly

THE SORROW OF CHINA.

THE DREADFUL YELLOW RIVER AND THE RUIN IT HAS WROUGHT.

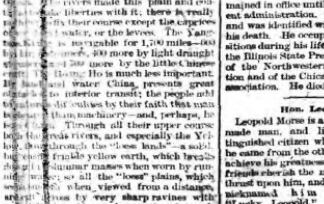
Some General Information About the River System of the Celestial Empire. How Will the Chinese Curb Their Rivers? Tree Planting Said to Be the Remedy.

PHILOSOPHERS have often remarked that misfortune resides a degree from famine, as crime does a trifle from vice, for all unused term will go into a village which has been prostrated by a cyclone where the last jolly world have visited it in its ordinary prosperity. So the French invasion of southwestern China and the late inundation of northeastern China have set all the civilized world to reading up on that curious empire. The full details of the disaster, though it began in September, were but tardily received, and prove it to have been the most destructive flood of which authentic history gives account, covering 7,000 square miles, swelling away the large cities and many hundred villages and destroying the homes and farms of at least 20,000,000 people. Worse still, the explanation of the calamity proved that it is like many that have happened, and only the forerunner of greater calamities in the future unless a comprehensive and very expensive system of engineering is adopted. The problem is briefly this: A vast plain, 600 miles long and from 100 to 400 miles wide, extends from the ocean westward to the highlands; across that flood plain run three great rivers, just as the Mississippi and Atchafalaya run through the delta below Baton Rouge; the plain is very fertile and densely populated, and when the rivers are swollen by long continued rainfall or by the snow along their upper courses they are unable to sweep away the waters and inundate the plain. How, then, shall they be guided and restrained? The magnitude of the engineering problem can only be understood by people of Chinese topography.

The Yellow river, which of China has a general slope from the interior to the sea; but unlike the Mississippi basin, the Chinese basin is from east to west, and cross sections of the country would show ridges and depressions from east to west and not from north to south. Similarly, ridges and depressions of the plains run at up into such fanciful shapes that each great river has its own particular way to every point of the compass, and in the case of the Yellow river, for instance, China's greatest river, which is called on the Kiachwan and Hankow maps Hoang-ho and not Yellow River, little way from the sea, which they call Hoang-ho, or Yellow River, it then goes off so far over

COURSE OF THE YELLOW RIVER.

to the southeast and straight east to the sea. Far to the north the Hoang-ho, or river, makes still more deviation, and finally reaches the sea across the northern plains. Early in this century it had run for years the plain parallel to that for the Yangtse Kiang, but in a suddenly tore out a new channel, and, adding its former course, and that of the Tsingpo, or Peiho, the two great rivers a smaller, flowed across the plain and is lost in the Yellow lake near the coast, just north of the previous disappearance in bayous at the present mouth of the Hoang-ho. Its sweeps around in a great concave curve, and then goes off south to the Hoai-ho and Yangtse Kiang. The latter river, on the contrary bend around to the west, and thus between highland and coast left a vast flood plain, which is almost all made of sand, varying in 100,000 square miles, broken only by an occasional "great plain" of northeastern China. Over this plain and over the river beds the waters will go, if there is really no help for it, in their course except the caprices of the weather, or the levees. The Yangtse Kiang is navigable for 1,500 miles for vessels drawing 600 more by light draught and 1,500 more by the little Chinese junks. Hoang-ho is much less important. By the people of China, even for purposes of inland or interior transit; the people not only of the valleys by their faith that man has dominion over the land, perhaps, by the fact that through all their upper course both rivers, and especially the Yellow, run through the "loess lands"—a solid, impalpable yellow earth, which keeps the great columnar masses when worn by running water, so all the "loess" plains, which seem to be, when viewed from a distance, very sharp ravines with perpendicular sides, and are, therefore, almost impassible. In the northern sections the people of the "loess lands" dwell largely in caves into the sides of such ravines. The loess soil is almost inaccessible to ordinary agency. In times of flood millions of tons of this earth are swept down toward the sea in the same Yellow river. When these current slackens in the low country the yellow mud settles; so the river bed is raised, broken out and seeks another, as the course of the lower Mis-



CHINESE BOAT LIFE.

sissippi has run through abandoned lakes, once north of Memphis, the whole plain of China is covered with signs of former river channels. In the decrees recently issued by the Emperor Yung Ching, about 2250 B. C., or 4250 years ago, a similar vast flood of the Peiho and the Yellow rivers produced such an appalling destruction that it became a subject of legislation. And the first missionaries to China, referred to the Noachian deluge as a general system of works which

constructed and the next century appears in their history as the golden age of China. Internal dissensions weakened the government; the works were neglected and other deluges came. A second era of security was ushered in by the long years with the Tartars. In 1215 A. D., Genghis Khan conquered the northern provinces, and his successor Kublai Khan completed the establishment of the Tartar dynasty, with Peking as the capital, A. D. 1279-1368. There were more inundations and a famine in 1342, in which 13,000,000 people died. For many generations the government made attempts to control the great river; but as there had been no destructive floods for some thirty years the matter had lately been neglected.

When Gen. James H. Wilson visited China he presented a plan, which was indorsed by the British and French engineers, by which the river floods could be entirely controlled, but the Chinese government refused to consider it. The embankments are in many places high and strong, and in others of little strength, so the good sections are flanked by the overflowing waters. The ruins of the central north fall in June, July and August, and the country has been so denuded of timber that the whole region is liable to long droughts or destructive floods. A few years ago there was drought and an awful famine; now there is flood and desolation. The history, though it began in September, was not fully received, and prove it to have been the most destructive flood of which authentic history gives account, covering 7,000 square miles, swelling away the large cities and many hundred villages and destroying the homes and farms of at least 20,000,000 people. Worse still, the explanation of the calamity proved that it is like many that have happened, and only the forerunner of greater calamities in the future unless a comprehensive and very expensive system of engineering is adopted. The problem is briefly this: A vast plain, 600 miles long and from 100 to 400 miles wide, extends from the ocean westward to the highlands; across that flood plain run three great rivers, just as the Mississippi and Atchafalaya run through the delta below Baton Rouge; the plain is very fertile and densely populated, and when the rivers are swollen by long continued rainfall or by the snow along their upper courses they are unable to sweep away the waters and inundate the plain. How, then, shall they be guided and restrained? The magnitude of the engineering problem can only be understood by people of Chinese topography.

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COURSE OF THE YELLOW RIVER.

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FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

THE NEWS OF A DAY BROUGHT BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Mr. Gladstone Has No Intention of Making an Appeal to the Pope in Behalf of Ireland—A Madman Rousing Amount. Mr. Sexton's Condition, Etc.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—A rumor gained wide circulation here yesterday that Mr. Gladstone intended to plead the cause of Ireland with the pope during his stay at Rome. The story has no other foundation whatever than the fact that Mr. Gladstone is the guest of Florence, of Signor Lacaita, who thirty years ago was the liberal leader's agent in the Neapolitan parliament and a member for Dundee. Mr. Gladstone's methods of securing to Ireland the boon of local self-government are admittedly peculiar, but they do not include a personal appeal to the pope to influence the action of the Irish clergy.

The duke of Norfolk, just returned from Rome, had a protracted conference with Lord Salisbury, and is the father of Mr. Charles C. Lacaita, who a few weeks ago resigned his seat in the house of commons as

LIGHT AND AIRY.

A Great Problem.

There are problems in arithmetic
That puzzle a fellow a little,
And any number in algebra
And geography quite a few.
But the toughest of all problems,
That with dread a husband fills,
Is to buy the ones that "at special sale"
For two small dollars.
—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Change of Base.

Kansas City Reporter—I have an account of a fellow guilty of all sorts of brutalities which ought to send him to the penitentiary for life.

Editor—Write him up and I'll depend on the authorities for their reason for not providing him a home.

"Dalrymple, the base-ball match is sharp."

"Why? That simply means he licked the three nines against the wall."

Poetic Justice.

"Remember the golden rule, my boy, and you'll get on swimmingly."—Omaha World.

A Christmas Carol.

We're sorry, sister, sister, sister,
We're sorry, sister, dear,
And when he hands it New Year's
Enough to justify it more
That he has failed to keep his vows,
That to his more folks don't speak,
And he has goods are stale and old,
Like all bonbons, dearest, despise him.
—Lowell Courier.

A Good Yearly Average.

"Now, Mr. Superintendent, you will admit, I suppose, that your street cars are outrageously slow?"

"Well, yes, in winter they are pretty cold, of course, but you ought to be willing to take a reasonable view of the matter."

"Reasonable view fiddlesticks!"

"Why, certainly. Now, if you should put a thermometer in our cars and leave it there the year round you would find that with the cars open here and there in the summer and the stoves down to zero in the winter we strike a pretty good average in the entire year."—Buffalo News.

The Inevitable End.

Although he covets it from birth,
And covets it through life's brief span,
Man never, never gets the earth;
It is the earth that gets the man.
—Boston Courier.

A Lover of Candor.

Impecunious Man—I wish you would be so kind as to lend me $5. I'll pay you back in a few days, Candid Friend—If you had asked me for the loan in a candid and straightforward manner I would have lent you the money, but asking me in the way you did causes me to distrust you. "I don't understand you." "You asked me to be so kind as to lend you $5." "Yes." "If you had been candid you would have said to me: 'Be so stupid, be such an ignominious ass, such a heartless idiot, as to lend me $5,' and you might have got it."—Texas Siftings.

A Traveled Man.

Mr. Overthershire is Cincinnati drummer —Yes, I've been an extensive traveler, Miss Waldo. For the past ten years I don't believe I have spent more than one month out of the twelve at home.

Miss Waldo is young lady from Boston—Oh, I think traveling is interesting, and it improves one so much, you know. You have visited Paris, Mr. Overthershire.

Mr. Overthershire—No, we have another man for Kentucky; anywhere all lies north of the Ohio river.—New York Sun.

The Cigarette.

I am only a monster,
But my work I will get in, you bet,
For the stern coffin maker
And grim undertaker
Will declare I bring trade to their net.
—Boston Budget.

Science Is Everything.

Young Mr. Wabash (of Chicago)—Are you interested at all in matters of a scientific nature, Miss Waldo?

Miss Waldo (of Boston)—Oh, very, much, Mr. Wabash!

Mr. Wabash—You think, then, that every one should possess some knowledge of science?

Miss Waldo—Yes; I attribute much of Mr. Sullivan's phenomenal success to his scientific ability."—The Epoch.

Good Taste Maintained.

Fair Widow (to convicted of for life for murdering her grandmother)—There is a bunch of sweet violets for you, sir. Have you anything to say, sir?

Convict—Miss, I'm a very tall man, as you see, and this striped suit emphatically emphasizes my stature. I object to enwreathing in a pronounced check.—The Epoch.

Fashion Notes.

A wavering wife is clever.
Her husband will should prize her,
But the best wife this time of year
Is the wife is never sorry.
—Detroit Free Press.

All Up With Him.

Wife—I am afraid, my dear, that Clara's quarrel with young Mr. Sampson is a very serious matter.

Husband—Nonsense; they will be as devoted as ever in a few days.

Wife—No, John, I think you are mistaken. No girl will quarrel with her lover just before Christmas unless there are good and sufficient reasons for it.—New York Sun.

Of Not Much Interest.

Lady (to husband)—You don't tell me, John, that eleven cities were overflown and millions of people left homeless and starving!

Husband—Yes, in China.

Lady (disappointed)—Oh, in China. Interesting matters of that kind always happen such a provokingly long distance away!—New York Sun.

Live in the Present.

"Now, Bobby, today" the sage has said;
"The present's ours, the future isn't;
Dismiss last Christmases now fled;
Content be with the "Christmas present."
—Boston Courier.

A Misunderstanding.

Patient (who has given his consent)—I hope you're man, that you know the value of the price you will get to my daughter?

Young Man—Well—er—no, sir; I don't know the exact value, but as near as I can find out it's in the neighborhood of $50,000.—New York Sun.

St. Nicholas and Culture Clash.

American Youth (aged 6)—Now if the effect of eighty bolts of electricity is equal in application to power—

Santa Claus—Holy Grail! is this the youngster that I've brought a yellow monkey on a red stick for?—Judge.

And He Gets It.

When ice is thick and deep's the snow,
And winter days are drear O'
Man wants but little here below,
But wants that little here below.
—Boston Courier.

HENRY HANCHETT,

GROCERIES,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

dealer in

Staple and Fancy GROCERIES

Fruits and Vegetables

IN SEASON.

Ferris & Co's. celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

SPECIAL

Announcement

for the

HOLIDAYS

Every customer purchasing $5 worth of Dry Goods or from our large stock of Holiday Goods, will receive an elegant leather covered game of Lotto.

We quote the following Special Prices:

Albums, large size, leather covered 49c. 50c each, worth at least $2.

Muff, a fine black Coney Muff, Satin lined, at 98c. a piece.

2 Silk Handkerchiefs 10c., 20c., 30c. and 50c.

CLOAKS AND WRAPS.

Wraps at $7, reduced from $10. Misses Newmarkets $6, reduced from $8.50. A large assortment of Cloaks, Plush, Sacques, Childs' Coats, etc., constantly on hand.

I. H. BOEHM,

7 W. FRONT STREET.

JUST THE THING

for Holiday Presents

REAL SKIN CAPS from $1 to $15.
Gents' Mufflers 25c " $3.00
Fine Umbrellas from $1 to $5.
Fine Gloves, Canes and Neckwear.

U. B. CRANE,

THE HATTER

AND FURNISHER,

12 Park Avenue,

next to Waltter's Bakery.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.
The leading druggist of Miss Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE
And furnished rooms. South Eastcorner of Park avenue and Fourth street.
MRS. M YARGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP
Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 22 East Fifth Street; Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE
The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the accident every day after taking the Balsam. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle today, so keep in your house or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings parties and funerals, made up at short notice in the latest styles. Nos. A. E. Lindley's Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES
Don't wear out dyeing, at home, with Prize Iron Dyes. They will give everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package, 36 colors. They have no equal for strength, brightness, evenness of shade or for fastness of color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J.

SLEIGHS

SLEIGHS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS

Repairing [illegible] all the branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

A. M RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

38 Park Avenue,

Telephone Call 46. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office at Hillside cemetery

Builders' Cards.

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 982.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 37.

Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Establisher 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

38 EAST THIRD STREET

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

R. A. Ross,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Close attention.

R. V. Smith,

Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bvons. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Byron, P. O. Box 350.

Carpenter and Builder.

30 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street.

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue, P. O. Box 218.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,

ENGINEER

AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam. Agent for the Dunning and Knowlton Self Feeding Boiler. Send for Illustrated catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

OFFICE

80 Somerset Street.

My Reference my work.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

19 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Ham recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrall & Condit.

L. HEYNIGER,

65, 65 and 67 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc,

WOODENWARE

etc, at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 113.

Branch Store No 9 North avenue.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash, or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

George D. Morrison

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

XXXX

BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.

KENNEY BROS.

Christmas Goods

at

FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

21 EAST FRONT STREET.

A large line of useful

Holiday Presents

at prices that will please everybody.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

TO LET UNFURNISHED,

Desirable bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, Royal of Liverpool. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 25 and 27 North avenue opposite N. H. Station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 99.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

and

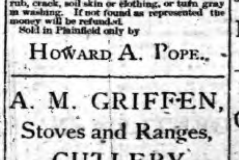
MACHINE SHOP

Corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April, 1867. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, bridge building columns, girders, sewer and water covers, grate bars, fronts, door sills, stairs, tailor's irons, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. We also manufacture the following machinery: Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc.

J. H. KENYON

PLAINFIELD ORDERS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.



Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. 200 wells in Plainfield. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left at 27 East Front street, Sanitary Plumber, No. 5 North avenue. P. O. Box 1416. Telephone call 23. Residence 10 Madison. Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELLS

BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crock, seal skin or stocking, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

CUTLERY

SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

13 E. Front street.

Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 25.

WE HAVE

Sold Nearly

all of our great bargains which we have advertised so largely, but have a few left which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of between now and the New Year, when we will withdraw any left over, to make room for our large spring stock.

2 & Reduction of 25 per cent. in overcoats.

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

OFFICE 36 and 38 NORTH AVENUE

(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The Company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen as that CONTRACTS may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at once and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the latest

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Union streets. Special attention called to the "Rockwell" range, which cannot be excelled.

P. ANDERSON.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also those of a number of the principal cities of the country I am prepared to do plumbing in any fashionable style or manner known to the trade. Sold No. 1 [illegible]

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT

MRS. STEPHENSON'S

49 WEST FRONT STREET,

and examine her new and large assortment of

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Prices all reasonable. No charge for showing goods.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Only $2 per day. Rooms reduced. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Depot. Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

28 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

A SENSIBLE

HOLIDAY GIFT

for any

Dyspeptic, Nervous

or Blood Disordered Friend, worth many times its cost. CARL KAERTH'S

Nerve Food Tonic

All Druggists. See a bottle.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established stand at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

of all kinds. Oysters, Clams, Game in season on the shortest notice. Choice Cheese, Lard and Sausage always kept in stock. Purchased at highest cash prices.

Stephen A. Fleming,

28 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to retain our patronage by dealing with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

Give us a call and that we can convince that we DO sell

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties buying in coal. Office No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN

WALL PAPERS

Fine assortment of the Celebrated French ILLUMINATED PAPERS

Handsome paper, 8c a roll and upward.

ADAMS,

10 PARK AVENUE

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 2 WEST FRONT

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

J. S. POWLISON,

35 WEST FRONT STREET.

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnson's Lane in the stone.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 tickets $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street.

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Denman's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Sontgmerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 98, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset Street.

Grocer and Seedsman.

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County butter, fine sugars, Teas, Coffees, etc. Canned corn, pure cider vinegar 4 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Grave, Yellow Rock, Stone, Earthen and Glassware. Flower Pots, etc. Prices made Annsuniless.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined very neat and workmanlike. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention and prices reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter from making, which she does in the best and latest style. 18 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, toilet articles, powders, rouges, and cosmetiques cosmenes to hire. 19 West Front street.

Thomas Keena,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road

Dealer in Kerosene Oil,

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 34.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 21 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. L. McVoy,

Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work over and repaired. Pumps repaired. Persons having cisterns requiring all work performed to my care with satisfaction. Shop 31 E. Front.

L. L. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

Special Notices.

NOTICE

Is hereby given of the intention of the subscribers to apply for the passage of an act at the next session of the Legislature of New Jersey, to repeal the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Plainfield fire Department," approved March 31, 1871, and also the various supplements and supplements thereto.

Dated December 12, 1887.

D. R. WEAVER.
JAS. K. ARNOLD.

ATTENTION!

Right about-Face!

MARCH!

to the Shoe Store of

J. J. KENNEY,

30 NORTH AVENUE.

where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.

On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.

SANTA CLAUS.

34 WEST FRONT STREET.

City National Bank.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of nine directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10th, 1888, from one to two o'clock p. m.

F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.

Plainfield, Dec. 7, 1887.

DIVIDEND.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Plainfield, N. J. Dec. 31, 1887.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent., from the earnings of the current six months, payable on and after January 1st, 1888.

C. PARSE, Cashier.

BANK ELECTION.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Plainfield, Dec 7, 1887.

The annual election of nine directors of this bank, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10, 1888, from 1 to 2 o'clock p. m.

C. PARSE, Cashier.

Still open for a few days, Christmas Wonderland at

ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

23 EAST FRONT STREET.

With breaks in stock filled up and all ready for a

Happy New Year

A line of fresh and unhandled New Year Cards, Diaries for 1888, etc. Prices on all Holiday Goods remaining are cut clear off their feet. Come and see them.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

TRY

B. T. BARNES'

Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.

ALL OUR OWN MAKE.

OPPOSITE P. O.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F'A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager.

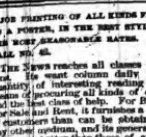
PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE NEWEST STYLES AND AT SOME WHAT REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 68.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of securing all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and for Business and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

Proclamation by the Governor.



Ex-Governor Joel Parker died suddenly in the city of Philadelphia on the morning of January 2, 1888.

The eminent services rendered by him to his native State, his election to the most prominent and important position which he filled, his pure patriotism, unyielding integrity and unquestioned ability to discharge the duties of it fitting that more than ordinary respect be paid to his memory.

That he is one but only citizen who has been twice elected Governor of the State by the people, qualified with the military rank as Major General, once occupying the position of Attorney General, and at the time of his death a Justice of the Supreme Court, is conclusive evidence of the respect, esteem and confidence of the people which he secured and to the last held.

He administered the affairs of the state during some of the most trying times of the war with ability, fidelity, tact and prudence, complying with every requirement, and true and loyal to the integrity of the Union and to the Government, yet always maintaining the rights and dignity of the State and its institutions. His foresight established a method for the settlement of the war debt without burden to the people. His every act as her Chief Magistrate was dictated by anxious desire for her interest and prosperity.

Therefore, I Robert S. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, in testimony of the respect for his memory and sympathy in his loss, hereby direct that the public buildings be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that until the day of the funeral the flags thereon be placed at half mast, and that during the day of the funeral services the public offices be closed and the proper salute be fired.

Given under my hand and privy seal, at Trenton, this third day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-eight.

[L. S.]

ROBT. S. GREEN, Governor.

Attest:

ROBT. S. GREEN, jr., Private Secretary.

JOTTINGS.

—A few of the "Y's" assembled in their rooms, yesterday afternoon, and held an interesting meeting.

—Frank L. C. Martin, captain of the bicycle club, has called a meeting for next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—The Mount Holly Mirror gives ex-Editor Babcock the following recommendation for the Clerkship: "The veteran journalist, John F. Babcock, formerly of the New Brunswick Fredonian, would be a strong caucus for the Clerkship of the House. Brother Babcock has heretofore done valiant work in the Republican cause; indeed, the Clerkship of the House cannot fall into the hands of anyone who has done harder work for the party."

—Willard Spencer's "Little Tycoon" company will begin its tour January 9th, opening at this city on that date. Fred. Lenox will appear as "General Knickerbocker," R. N. Dunlap as "Rufus," E. S. Everett as "Lord Dolphin," Joseph Mosley as "Teddy," Hattie Arnold as "Miss Hurricane," and Ada Gaston as "Violet." "Ivory" provision has been made for a tour extending to June 1, and it is Mr. Spencer's intention to fill dates up to that time, regardless of pecuniary results. The company will carry with it a complete orchestra, and will number fifty-two people in all. Mr. Spencer's bookings are in the best towns and on very favorable terms, and he anticipates great success for his "ideal" "Tycoon" combination. Seats for the "Tycoon" in Stillman Music Hall will be on sale as stated in the company's advertisement.

—The News' annual for 1888 we presume is equal to the expectations of our many friends. These annuals were gotten up expressly to enable our carriers to give some suitable return for the gifts generously bestowed upon them New Year's day, and we are quite sure will be highly prized by our readers as gifts from our carriers, who so faithfully serve them throughout the year. Our carriers are much pleased with the gifts they received and desire that we for them thank the News' readers. The News' friends have always so far surpassed anything else in the line of gifts that it would appear to be beyond comparison. A book of nearly sixty pages of so much useful information is very rarely seen. Our annual for 1888 was to great demand for months after it was issued, subscribers in many instances obtaining copies for each member of the family, or sending extra copies to friends in other places. We had fortunately anticipated such a demand, and provided for it, and have done the same this year. Extra copies may be obtained of the carrier or at this office for twenty cents.

—Never in the history of Music Hall has an audience been held so intensely interested from beginning to end as was that of Saturday evening, on the occasion of the appearance of Mrs. James Brown Potter, in "Romeo and Juliet," and such an audience! It was one of Plainfield's finest. Mrs. Potter has been much praised by the newspapers, but that she fully merits it no one will deny who witnessed her as "Juliet," especially when it is remembered how recent is her advent upon the stage. It seems but yesterday since she first held the ball of Washington society and caused such a furore by her recitation of "Oldier Joe." That her present eminence has not been attained but by hard study was evident in her face. In repose it was careworn, but her exceedingly sweet voice and the burst of genius that illumined all the traces revealed how fully that her acting was superb in her dual. Kyrle Bellew as "Romeo" and Mrs. Lee as "Mercutio," gave excellent support, but Mrs. Potter was pre-eminently the star. Her appearance was very graceful and she was over called before the curtain. The costuming was something to be long remembered for their elegance, and the scenic environment was especially creditable to Mr. [illegible].

NEW YEAR'S DAY AT HOME.

"Open House" at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms and Reform Hall.

The reception in the parlors of Reform Hall, Monday, New Year's Day, was a pronounced success. The affair was under the auspices of Mrs. P. M. French, Mrs. John H. Fyock, Mrs. W. E. Honeyman, Mrs. Maxson, Mrs. Jno. Titsworth, Mrs. Larrason, Mrs. King and a number of others, members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. There were quite a number of visitors during the afternoon, but in the evening the parlors were crowded with members of the W. C. T. U., Reform Club and their friends, who did ample justice to the bountiful supply of refreshments which were provided by the willing hands of the Union. The exercises of the evening was opened with a favorite hymn by the Club, sung under the leadership of Mr. Vanderbeek, after which Mr. Mattox gave a recitation which was well received. Then followed a ballade by Detective Worsley which was cleverly rendered, and Miss Gussie Voehl gave a charming piano solo. Mrs. Stevens, President of the State Women's Christian Temperance Union, was introduced. She made a stirring appeal to all to start the New Year with proper standpoint on the question of temperance. Mr. Vanderbeek was then called upon, and rendered a fine solo, after which Miss Northrup played a favorite march on the piano, which was remarkably well performed by so young an artist. Mr. Mattox by request recited "The Drunkard's Dream" with thrilling effect; he was loudly applauded. Again Detective Worsley was called on, and sang in other selection. As the hours were fleeting rapidly Borough Collector H. Newton Spencer brought out his old "Cremona" and, assisted by Miss Crowley on the piano, rendered some patriotic medleys and other favorite pieces which were received with applause. Later on, the assemblage gradually dispersed to their homes, pleased with their New Year's reception at Reform Hall.

We read that in the good old days of yore every house was open to the traveler who chanced to pass. Some such idea must have suggested the custom which marks New Year's Day. The Young Men's Christian Association seeing in this custom an opportunity to welcome its friends kept "open house" Monday, and received a host of young men in right royal fashion. In this work of "good will to men" the efficient reception committee aided most materially. Meeting in the rooms early in the day, they with pictures, flowers, greens and bric-a-brac in abundance transformed the always comfortable rooms into luxurious apartments. Tables were spread in the reading room. They were prettily decorated and were well laden with the good things of life. The hours were from two to ten, and during all that time, and longer, men of all ages visited the rooms and were received with cordiality by the reception committee. As the ladies made the guests comfortable at the tables. The hospitality which should characterize an association found to do good ,o men was the prominent feature in the reception. The programme which lasted through the afternoon and evening, consisted of music, vocal and instrumental, solos and choruses, glees and sacred songs. Over two hundred men availed themselves of the opportunity of seeing the rooms and of tasting the hearty welcome which always awaits anyone who visits the Y. M. C. A. rooms, be it on New Year's Day or any other day.

The ladies of the committee were: Mrs. J. W. Gavett, Mrs. J. B. Weaver, Miss Jean Murray, Miss Clara Dunn, Miss Etta Gavett, the Misses Holmes and the Misses Demarest. The vocal music was rendered by such good voices as those of Miss Alice Holmes and Messrs. Andrew Gavett, Bert Peck, Frank Newman and Fred Newman. The instrumental music was rendered by Miss Gavett, Miss Holmes, Miss M. Eleanor Demarest and Mr. Morris VanArsdale.

—Mr. U. B. Crane calls attention to his new styles of hats and gloves.

—The new naptha lights were lighted in the North Plainfield streets last night for the first time.

—The Electric Light Company shipped one of their large dynamos back to Pittsburgh to-day.

—This morning men were cutting ice three inches thick on Tier's lake, and Mr. Tier was storing it away in his ice-house.

—The employees of the Potter Press Works resumed work yesterday after three day's idleness caused by the annual stock-taking.

—The Easter holidays in the public schools will be either the last week of March or the first week of April. The summer vacation will probably begin Saturday, June 23d.

—Mr. W. J. Florence appeared at the Stillman Music Hall last evening as "Capt. Cuttle" in "Dombey & Son." He did not have as large an audience as he might have had had not the play been presented so soon after Mrs. Potter's appearance here.

—Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F., will hold a public installation of officers at Odd Fellows' Hall on Park avenue Monday evening, the 9th inst., at eight o'clock. Following the installation will be a sociable and hop in Prentice's Hall, Somerset street, North Plainfield, at ten o'clock. The invitations were issued to-day.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for the week ending Dec. 30th, 1887:

Bennett, Miss M A
Berry, Wm H
Cornell, Mrs Kate
Curtis, Charles
Dunn, Miss Nellie
Eno, Miss Emma A
Ferris, Mary
Holmes, Miss Marjorie
Holmes, Mrs L B
Hoffman, Mrs Fennie
Hoffman, Jacob
Hann, Jas
Jacobus, Wm S
Kilbon, Miss Mary
King, Thos
Kay, John
Lee, John F
Marshall, Harry
Mowisdel, Miss R S
Morrison, Miss Mary
Munan, James
Newton, Mrs N
Nash, Capt R T
Parker, Mrs Chas
Patterson, Wm
Pittinger, Bev
Pittinger, Bev Wm
Rhodes, Jas
Smith, Mrs Sue
Smith, Miss Mary A
Terry, E S
Underhill, Wilson
Walker, M S

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. Foster, Postmaster.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Some Warm Comments on the Disreputable Sheet.

The second meeting of the Board of Education was held last evening in the Franklin public school on Fourth street. President Kirkner sat in his accustomed place, and Secretary Wadsworth with Messrs. Babcock and Hurlbut were the other members present. Clerk Clark, Miss Bulkley, principal of the schools, and a News reporter were the only others at the meeting. Mr. Kirkner appointed the following committees for the year:

On Teachers—Messrs. Hurlbut and Babcock.
Accounts—Messrs. Murray and Babcock.
Repairs—Messrs. Murray and Wadsworth.
Fuel—Messrs. Wadsworth and Hurlbut.

The president is a member of all committees, ex-officio.

Messrs. Murray and Wadsworth were appointed to examine into the bill of $632.69, coming from the City Common Council through City Clerk Leonard, for fees paid in cases of taxation.

The statement of Collector Johnson showed that he had deposited to the Board's credit $290.38 in excess of the receipts. He asked to take the amount in check for that amount. The decision was rendered that the matter was a clerical error on Mr. Johnson's part, and could not be remedied in the manner suggested.

A communication from Librarian A. W. Cutler on Job Male Public Library giving members of the Training Class—specially one non-resident member—the privilege of drawing books from the library, was read. The clerk was instructed to send a note of thanks to the Board of Trustees of the Library for their kind offer.

Messrs. Murray, Wadsworth and Babcock were appointed a committee with power to procure land for the building of the proposed new school in the southern part of the city.

Dr. Hurlbut was empowered to procure from the Department of the Interior a new map of the United States for each local school The purchase of other needed supplies was authorized.

A few small bills were presented, and most of them were ordered paid if found correct. The bill of Mr. Clark for three months' salary as clerk was approved.

A bill from W. L. Force & Bro., was read. It caused considerable discussion. The items were for advertising and for two years' subscription to the Constitutionalist. Mr. Clark said the subscription was due for only one year, the other year having been paid for. The amount of $12.80 was ordered paid if found correct. An item of $15, for publishing the public appeals of the Board to the citizens of Plainfield for funds for school purposes, was scratched off the bill, and the comments on such an outrageous demand were far from complimentary.

"If the Force Bros," said one member, "haven't sufficient enterprise to give publicity to such an important matter as our appeals were published as news affidavits for it, the least business we have with them the better it will be!"

"It strikes me," asserted another member, "that the whole bill is exorbitant. The demand they make for advertising is outrageous for such an insignificant little paper as theirs."

"Regarding the publication of the appeal," spoke up a third member, "I must say that that there was something not quite straight Judge Harper was ordered to furnish a copy of the document to both daily papers. He never sent THE NEWS their copy, and it was not until I made a special copy and sent it to THE NEWS that they were enabled to publish it. THE NEWS never even hinted at charging for the work, but had public spirit enough to print the appeal free."

Mr. Clark was ordered to investigate the bill and pay for such items as had been ordered.

[The appeal referred to stated that the Board was without funds, and asked that the citizens vote more money to meet the demand for increased school accommodations. At the charter election, Dec. 6th, there were 827 votes for increased school tax, to 398 against. This was the direct result of the appeal.]

THE NEWS has already published a biographical sketch of the members of the present Board of Education except that of the recently elected member, Mr. Babcock, which is given below:

Geo. H. Babcock was born in central New York in 1832, and moved to Rhode Island in 1844. He received a common school and academic education, his father being a machinist and manufacturer, his boyhood was largely spent in the shop and factory, but after returning from school he became familiar with the art of printing, and studied a village newspaper, which is now the most prominent paper in Southern Rhode Island. This led to several positions as editor, in the line of printing, from which sprang the entire series of events which have resulted in the establishment of the largest and most extensive printing press manufactories, the principal of which is the Potter Press Works of this city. The most important of these, a "rotary" known as the "Quadruple Press," the first successful machine for printing from continuous rolls of paper, and the Babcock job press," which was a favorite in many offices over twenty years ago, and a "perfecting press" for the printing by the U. S. Government to print the "metallic note," in the fractional currency, and on some of the earlier issues of the national bank currency. Mr. Babcock became the patent afterwards became the property of the Hoe & Co. At about this date Mr. Babcock was appointed by the city also to "daguerreotyping and photography, and it is with a perfectable pride that he exhibits among his treasures the first photographic album ever made, which contains pictures of prisoners of thirty-seven years ago. During the war he was employed in the construction of steam machinery for naval vessels, and soon afterwards entered on the manufacture of steam boilers and engines, having established the firm of Babcock & Wilcox, which subsequently became incorporated under the title of the Babcock & Wilcox Co., which has built over 1,000 boilers and engines in nearly every country on the globe, the largest of which is the Brooklyn Bridge. He was also elected, last year, president of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. Mr. Babcock has been a resident of Plainfield since 1877. He has been a director of the Public Library since its first incorporation, and has been a member of the Board of Education, having been elected to fill the unexpired term of Dr. Chas. H. Stillman, which he declined in 1881, [illegible].

UNION COUNTY COURTS.

Respecting the Memory of Ex-Governor Parker.

The January term of the Union County Courts opened yesterday at Elizabeth. There was a large attendance of spectators, lawyers, witnesses and jurors. The calendar is unusually light, there being only three Supreme Court cases, ten Circuit Court cases and six cases on the jail list, being the smallest in ten years. The jail cases were: Jacob Kinchler, entering and larceny; Charles Rodon, grand larceny; James Bennett, assault and battery; Andrew Boyle, petit larceny; Thomas Murphy, petit larceny; Thomas Flanagan, held for bonds to keep the peace towards his family.

Sheriff Glasby announced his first Grand Jury as follows:

Plainfield—George M. Stiles, foreman; Joseph G. Miller, William J. Leonard, John M. Crane.

Elizabeth—Lewis Bacon, Frank J. Vogel, Charles Wirsching, Edward C. Woodruff, Charles Schaefer, Jr., Edward S. Edwards, William T. Jones, John M. Frusher.

Rahway—Ferdinand Graves, H. Page Huff, Albert E. Cook and Lewis F. Springer.

Westfield—Evart M. Pierson.

Linwood—Jacob Parse.

Garden—Philip Schaefer.

Cranford—George H. Krause.

Springfield—E. Elmer Meeker.

Town of Providence—Elias R. Moorehouse.

Upton—D. Hobart Sayre.

Scotch Plains—George Mabey.

Judge Van Sickel stated that he had no charge to make, and the jury, attended by Constables Shoppe and Barber, retired for deliberation.

The Judge appointed ex-County Attorney Marsh, of Rahway, to the Fourth Street Sewer Commission to succeed J. A. Fay, deceased. The Commission expects to finish the assessment shortly.

Prosecutor Wilson feelingly referred to the death of ex-Gov. Joel Parker, and spoke of the loss sustained by the State and country. He alluded to the deceased jurist's prominence in the legal profession, and concluded by moving that a committee be appointed to prepare suitable resolutions of condolence to be forwarded to his family, that the Court adjourn out to respect his memory, and that no session be held on the day of the funeral.

Judge Van Sickel expressed himself as fully in accord with the sentiments expressed by the Prosecutor, and appointed Counsellors R. V. Lindabury, James R. English, and Judge Joseph Alward the committee on resolutions.

In the Supreme Court the list embraces but three cases, as follows:

Albert L. Tiplin vs. D. W. Sayre, et als., on contract; Frank E. Bradner for plaintiff, and E. C. Stevens for defendant.

George W. Reeve vs. Ida R. Woodruff, on contract; Babbitt & Lawrence for plaintiffs, and W. R. Wilson for defendant.

Ambrose K. Ely vs. Anna Johnson, on contract; Robert E. Chetwood for plaintiff, and and Frank Bergen for defendant.

In the Circuit Court there are ten cases. Two are the celebrated Jardine suits against the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Henry Dill has a suit against the Central Railroad Company.

The case which excited much interest in Elizabeth, was the suit of Hon. John T. Dunn against Councilman John J. Smith for libel. Mr. J. A. Beecher of Newark appeared as counsel for Mr. Dunn, and City Attorney Frank Bergen for Mr. Smith. When the case was called Mr. Beecher rose and said: "Off for the term by consent, your honor."

PERSONAL.

Mr. A. I. Laing of West Front street will leave town Thursday for a visit to Clinton and Trenton.

Policeman Grant began his mouth's vacation yesterday. Robert Mattox is doing night duty in his stead.

Mr. J. T. Dunham of New York spent the holidays with his brother, Councilman M. M. Dunham of Union street.

Mrs. B. H. Bachman and her daughter, Lizzie May, of Clinton avenue, Albany, N. Y., are visiting friends in this city.

Mr. Ed. and Miss Lillie Waters of Brooklyn have been spending the holidays with their aunt, Mrs. Obitz, of Somerset street.

John H. Taber left on the 2:27 train yesterday afternoon for his home in Fairhaven, Conn. Many friends bade him good-bye at the railroad station.

Mrs. Chas. Foster of Jersey City is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. Horace J. Martin of North Plainfield. Mrs. Foster was formerly a resident of this vicinity.

Mrs. Ida Rolfe, who has been spending some time with her aunt, Miss Tillie Alexander of West Fourth street, returned to her home in western New York at holiday time. Soon after her arrival there, sudden death claimed her husband, and she will now return to Plainfield for the remainder of the winter.

Mrs. Emiline Meschutt, age seventy-three, died Sunday evening at the home of Judge L. F. Wadsworth, on East Front street, after suffering for nearly eighteen years with a cancer in her breast, which caused her death. Deceased was the widow of a deceased brother of the deceased wife of Judge Wadsworth, who had cared for her since the death of her husband. She was buried this morning in Greenwood, the body going away on the 10:37 train for New York.

STATE NOTES.

Mayor Joseph E. Haynes was sworn in as Mayor of Newark and took his seat in City Hall yesterday in the presence of about fifty city officials and other persons.

A break occurred in the reservoir at Elizabeth, Saturday night, causing a great overflow of water upon the adjoining property. Samuel Wilson's house was flooded to the depth of two feet. W. H. Hall, E. W. Hall and Mrs. Davis. The loss of the break was attributed to mushrats.

The Assemblymen Justice Michael Cuff, Board of Public School, No. 3, Jersey City, was elected Principal yesterday evening by the Board of Education. Professor Cuff succeeds Principal Charles A. Hoyt resigned. Professor Lewis F. Stearns graduated, and was in turn succeeded by Professor Cuff, who accompanied by the principal was unanimously elected. Professor Cuff's appointment Corrigan have been made Assistant Principals.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

PLAINFIELDERS SENTENCED.

The Knights Who Assaulted E. J. Nolan Punished.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 4.—The members of the Knights of Labor who assaulted E. J. Nolan near Campbell's club house were sentenced by Judge Cowenhoven this morning. Petitions were presented in favor of all the prisoners, but especially in that Thos. Duckworth, whose petition was signed by Plainfield officials, his employers at the Potter Press Works and many reputable business men. Prosecutor Rice also asked for a light sentence in Duckworth's case. Duckworth was fined $50. John Hogan and Thos. Conway got two years at hard labor in State Prison each, and costs, the full limit. They were severely condemned by the court. William McNamara got eighteen months at hard labor in State Prison, and costs. John Barry on account of his youth was let off with three months in jail.

Major Way Gets Four Years.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 4.—Major A. Way, the Building Loan thief, was this morning sentenced to four years at hard labor in State Prison.

The Major read a paper stating that in 1870 or 1877 he became indebted to the Empire Building Loan through the stealings of another (presumably Joseph Fisher). Of this sum he paid $6,000, leaving a discrepancy of about $8,000.

Judge Cowenhoven was strong in his censure of the prisoner.

FOR CHARITY'S SAKE.

Donations to Muhlenberg Hospital from July 1, '87, to Jan. 1, '88.

July 1—4 quarts strawberries, Mrs Livingston; flower plants, Flower Committee.

July 2—A book from Mr. R. Gotthelf; 5 cases of soda, 1 bottle chow-chow, 1 bag of dried apples, 6 lbs. of oatmeal, Mrs. Dr. Mosher.

July 19—1 screen, 6 night dresses, 1 night shirt, Society of Kings' Daughters.

July 21—1 dozen pillowslips made by society of Kings' Daughters, Lucy P. Myers, Pres.

July 23—A splasher and old linen, Mrs. Dr. Mosher; 2 pillows, 2 bolsters, 2 mattresses, 1 Rhine; a large picture and frame, Mr. Thorne.

July 28—1 dozen pillow cases made by Society of Kings' Daughters, Lucy P. Myers, President.

July 30—$7.00 from Robt. K. Howard, New York City.

Aug. 12—Magazines, Mrs. Franks; 4 quarts of raspberries, Mrs. Weaver; 3 quarts of blackberries, Mrs. Webster.

Sept. 3—Old muslin, 1 pair socks, Mr. Geo. F. Sayre; 1 pair socks; Mrs. Simmons; 1 bag peaches, Mrs. Bowen; ice cream for two months every week, Mrs. Cox.

Sept. 5—Old muslin, 1 bag of crackers, Mrs. Bowen; 3 quarts of ice cream, Miss Gavett.

Sept. 12—Palmistry at Hotel Netherwood; Summer of 1887, $7.00, per Minerva N. Dana, a W. 19 street, N. Y.; five car loads of coal, a friend.

Sept. 27—Muslin, G. W. Earle; basket of papers, Mrs. Wallace; flowers and papers, S. B. Field; flowers from committee every two weeks.

Oct. 1—$5.00, Mrs. D. M. D.; two flannel night shirts, one pair of worsted slippers, Mrs. D. M. D.

Oct. 22—2 embroidered barean covers made by Miss Hays and Miss Patterson of the Society of Kings' Daughters.

Oct. 24—A turkey, W. E. Lowe; one barrel potatoes, Mr. Edgerton.

Nov. 22—Four dozen oranges, Mrs S. Huntington; a turkey, Mrs. Edgerton; a turkey, Mrs. C. Goldsby; a turkey, Mrs. Thompson; a turkey, Mrs. Hall; a turkey, Mrs. Turner; a turkey, Carney Bros.; four glasses jelly, Mrs. Edgerton; apples, Mrs. Sellyn; Mrs. Herring; fruit and nuts, Miss Stewart; $2.00, Mrs Skipper; grapes, Miss Borden.

Nov. 23—Fruit and vegetables, Grace church; celery, Mr. Clark; 2 picture books, 2 dolls, Agnes Whitford and Annie Miller; cake and fruit, Mrs. Dull.

Nov. 24—Ice cream, Mrs. Cox; a bottle of jelly, Mrs. Thorn; story papers, Mrs Kaufman; two woolen undersacks, Mrs Leonard.

December—Two dozen oranges, four lbs. grapes, Mrs. Samuel Huntington; four bags flour; one bag sugar, Mr. H. G. Runkle; a turkey, Mrs. Hoagner; 1 bag of candy, two lbs. tea, Mrs. Dunnont; fruit and vegetables, Miss Brook; a turkey and vegetables, Mrs. Ames; papers and pictorial papers, Mrs. James Whitfield; one box muslin, two chickens, Mrs. Wilson; one turkey, Miss Charles Arnold; $10.00 gold, Mr. Harry Magee; one can fruit, Miss Webster; four cans fruit, Mrs. Mattox; a box of fruit, Mrs. Dr. Mosher; four quarts ice cream, Clement Avenue Sunday school, a basket of fruit, Miss Spicer; pictorial papers, Mrs. Allen.

CLARINDA WALSON, Matron.

—An adjourned meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held Thursday, Jan. 5th, in their rooms, 50 East Front street, at 3 o'clock. CLEMENTINE YATES, Corresponding Secretary.

Weather Indications.

For Thursday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, fair weather and generally cloudy, followed by rain or snow.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Sutton's drug store, corner of Park avenue and Front street:

	1888	1887		
7 a.m.	30	11	Sun rise	7 25
12 m.	30	19	Sun set	4 46
3 p.m.	30	19	Moon rise	3 38
9 p.m.	30	18	Moon set	2 25

Sham, the Great Tycoon of Japan would be Pleased to see you at

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Monday Evening, January 9, 1888,

An Ideal and Refined Production of

The Little Tycoon

Under the personal supervision of the author. An ideal cast and chorus. The finest costumes ever worn on the American stage. Special scenery, surpassing the first production in elegance. Every thing new. Company, consisting of 50 people. On this occasion the author will personally conduct the orchestra of 12 pieces.

From the Philadelphia Record, January 1, 1888:

Willard Spencer's contract with George C. Brotherton for the production for two years of "The Little Tycoon" expires with last night. The author has organized a new company, with equipments on a scale of exceeding splendor, and has personally rehearsed his principals and chorus for several weeks past. The company will open in Plainfield, N. J., on the 9th inst., for the full cast of Mr. Spencer's new company has been selected as follows: General Knickerbocker, Fred Lenox; Alcyde Bonbon, Eugene Harvey; Rufus Bolt, R. N. Dunlap; Lord Dolphin, Richard Everett; Teddy, Joseph Mosley; Montgomery, H. Nelson; Custom House officers, John Mulholland and Ed. Sweeney; Violet, Ada Gaston; Hattie Arnold; Polly Hopkins, Laura Thorne; Violet, Ada Gaston. The executive staff of the new "Tycoon" company will include A. T. Shackelford, treasurer; Daniel Prof. Spencer's personal staff. The chorus will be composed of 50 voices, and the previous act for this opera says that the new work he has executed for Mr. Spencer surpasses in harmony and elaborateness of concerted numbers any of the author's former works. The scenery and costumes by Van Horn & Son, of this city and the Continental Costume Co., of Philadelphia. Mr. Spencer has also engaged Prof. Fred Bergen, the celebrated Japanese artist, to paint a number of Japanese scenes. Full dress rehearsals will be held during the coming week, and the first performance of the company will be given at Plainfield, N. J., on the evening of January 9th. The tour will be a long one, and will be extended as the business warrants. Mr. Spencer's operetta is the best he has produced for the public. Dates have been booked up to June 1, upon favorable terms, and Mr. Spencer anticipates a successful season.

Reserved seats for sale at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's drug stores, Friday, January 6th. Prices as usual.

Died.

STEVENS—Hattie M., age 19 months, 12 days, of croup, youngest daughter of Edward F. and Hattie M. Stevens.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, to-morrow (Thursday, Jan. 5,) at two p. m., from the parents' residence on Grandview avenue. Interment in the Hillside cemetery.

LOWE—At Catskill, N. Y., Jan 3, Della S, wife of R. F. Lowe.

Funeral from the residence of W. R. Lowe, Plainfield, N. J., Thursday, Jan. 5, at 2:30 p. m. Train leaves foot of Liberty street, 1:30 p. m.

Cent-a-Word Column

A LADY would like position, one or two hours daily, as governess to small children. Box 761. 4-3

A PARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 23 West Third street. 30-4t*

A GIRL wanted for general housework. Good wages and steady employment to a competent girl. E. C., care of EVENING NEWS. 1-3-4t*

EMPLOYMENT WANTED—To take care of horses by a generally useful man of 9 years' experience, with good reference. Address, R., P. O. Box 288. 3-3t

FOR SALE—A neat, seven room house on West Front street, near Pond Tool works. Lot, 60x200 feet, price $2,800. Address R. O. Box 144. 4-3

WANTED—Situation as bookkeeper or general clerk. L. I. A., Box 488, City. 2-7

TO-MORROW EDSALL

20 West Front street will offer some Special Bargains that will interest housekeepers.

HENRY HANCHETT,

GROCER,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

dealer in

Staple and Fancy GROCERIES

Fruits and Vegetables

IN SEASON.

Ferris & Co's. celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packers in the country.

CITY PHARMACY,

21 West Front street.

Fine Drugs, Chemicals, etc.

Toilet Requisites.

City Pharmacy Bonline, cleanses and preserves the teeth.

Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Cloth Cleaner, unsolvable all kinds of grease spots.

Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.

City Pharmacy Compound Wine Bitters. A large assortment of Cloaks, Plush Sacques, Childs' Coats, etc., constantly on hand.

I. H. BOEHM,

T. W. FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE.

Gents' Kid Gloves Tans or Brown Embroidered back every pair warranted

$1 a Pair

Full line of Gents' Silk Mufflers, Silk Hemstitched Pocket Handkerchiefs, white and colored border.

"The Pride." Buy, The Pride, the best Shirt in the world 69 cents.

LOUIS CALLMAN,

IN WHITE FRONTIER.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Department Store,

18 West Front street

Every effort will be made to make this store one of the most attractive in this city. Our Bazaar Department is to be one of interest to every householder and to all who are looking up novelties. Our Dry and and Fancy Goods Department is being rapidly replenished and as the seasons open new and attractive goods, will be placed on sale.

SPECIAL

Announcement

for the

HOLIDAYS

Every customer purchasing $5 worth of Dry Goods or from our large stock of Holiday Goods, will receive an elegant leather covered game of Lotto.

We quote the following Special Prices.

Alhouse, large size, leather covered at 50c each, worth at least $2.

Muffs, a fine black Coney Muff, Satin-lined, at 75c.

Silk Handkerchiefs 10c, 20c, 50c and up.

CLOAKS AND WRAPS.

Wraps at $7, reduced from $10. Misses' Newmarkets $6, reduced from $10. A large assortment of Cloaks, Plush Sacques, Childs' Coats, etc., constantly on hand.

Plainfield Evening News.
C. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 1 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.
Delivered within the City and Borough and delivered without the limits of the Borough at 10 cents per week, or 50 cents per month. Sent by mail to any part of the United States at $5 per year payable in advance.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1888.

A STORY OF SHAME AND HORROR

NASHUA, N. H., Jan. 3.—The commission appointed by Governor Sawyer to investigate the condition of Richard Woodham and Hannah E. Woodham, his wife, who have been confined in the asylum for the insane at Concord thirteen years this month, have decided that they should be released.

The story of how they got there brings back the old days of the "reign of terror" here. Mr. Woodham and his wife and daughter, at that time resided on Tyler street, in a little white cottage which he had bought and partly paid for. Mr. Woodham was an Englishman. He was quiet, kind and industrious, and, if his wife was rather inclined to dispute with her neighbors, no one imagined her out of her head.

The beginning of the trouble came about through the mortgage on the Tyler street house. A payment which was past due and which had not been indorsed on the mortgage by Mrs. Woodham, she declared she had paid. The holder denied it. She stuck to her declaration and would neither move nor pay. Then City Marshal Murdough, in his capacity as deputy sheriff, ejected them from the house. They refused to remove their furniture, which the officers piled into the street. The police afterward took the goods to the city hall, where they were stored on the lower floor in the basement until W. C. Clough was city marshal, when, as they had grown moldy and worthless, he had them inventoried and destroyed. The Woodhams appeared before Trustee Judge E. B. Emerson, but would not pay, persisting that the money had been paid and not put down on the mortgage, and the matter was temporarily left at that.

A little later the farmhouse of Col. Emerson, on the Lowell road, was burned to the ground. His beautiful granite monument in the Hazel street cemetery was badly broken and covered with tar a short time afterward. Then the barn of Capt. E. P. Banks, at that time city marshal, was burned down. It had evidently been set by the same persons, and in a tumult of excitement the Woodhams were charged with the crime, and were arrested. Seven other cases were against all these people on account of their eviction from their own house. On the purely circumstantial evidence of having been in the neighborhood the other three property was destroyed, they were tried on the 30th of January, 1875, the last papers were made out and they were sent to the insane asylum at Concord.

The incarceration of the Woodhams did not stop the many incendiary fires. On the contrary, they seemed to increase. Finally Parker was arrested on the charge of setting those property was destroyed, they were tried on the 30th of January, 1875, the last papers were made out and they were sent to the insane asylum at Concord.

The incarceration of the Woodhams did not stop the many incendiary fires. On the contrary, they seemed to increase. Finally Parker was arrested on the charge of setting fire to the Holden & Wilson shop, who was a Horatio Alger in strength and size. Parker will be 18, and has been regarded as exceptionally honest and was trusted everywhere. When his house and barn were searched after his arrest they were found filled with the many articles he had stolen.

But just as the nets were placed near each other and got to talking, and it was found that they were the persons who defaced the Emerson monument and set the fires alleged to have been started.

Parker committed suicide in his cell. Then Wilson was tried, found guilty of all the crimes charged to the Woodhams, and sentenced to ten years in the state prison at Concord, where he now is.

That was years ago, but not until now have the Woodhams been released. Their little girl has grown, Parker's child is of those days, has married and settled in a little town just above here, but has been untiring in her efforts to have them released. She has saved more than $200 a year for this purpose. Woodham is 60 years old and his wife five years younger.

The unhappy couple would have been released long ago to come had it not been for the efforts in their behalf by Capt. H. B. Anderson, of this city, author of the famed "Anderson law," which was passed to begin active last summer. He introduced a bill in the house of representatives to have them set free at once. It passed the house, but in the senate was killed by the influence of the commission. A commission was appointed and the investigation has just been completed.

Visiting His Convict Son.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 3.—Among the visitors to the state's prison at Wethersfield on New Year's day was Zachary Warren, of Mansfield. Mr. Warren is 70 years old. For the past twenty years the circuit day of the year found him at the state's prison for the purpose of visiting his son John, who is a life convict. John Warren is only 40 years of age. He was working at the field on day when he was visited by his wife, to whom he had been married but a short time. They had a quarrel about something, and young Warren, seizing his wife, pushed her head into a brook and held her there until she was dead. He was convicted of murder and sentenced to prison for life. Father and son are the only members of the family now living. They meet but once a year, when the old man goes to the prison and the presence of the prison keepers.

More Bodies Found.

SOMERSET, Ky., Jan. 3.—Yesterday's revelations make it certain that half the real story of the wreck on the Cincinnati Southern has not been told. Wednesday evening a special train of two cars arrived here and a child were found. There is not the slightest clew as to who they are. Yesterday their remains, supposed to be those of a young woman, were dug out of the still smoking ruins. The number of dead heretofore reported was eight. There is no doubt that a number of others were burned, the remains found up to date the number is fifteen. Both trains were crowded.

Reducing the National Debt.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The reduction in the public debt during December amounted to $14,584,603. During the fiscal year the total reduction in the debt amounted to $61,955,729, and for the last six months of 1887, or the first half of the current fiscal year, the reduction of the debt aggregated $33,630,337, making the total reduction during the past twelve months $112,586,066. On Jan. 1, 1887, the total debt, less cash in the treasury, was $1,543,994,400, and on Jan. 1, 1888, it was $1,382,580,405.

CORBIN'S DETERMINATION.

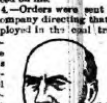
NO KNIGHTS OF LABOR OR UNION MEN WILL BE TOLERATED

On the Reading System—Business on the Road Progressing to the Satisfaction of the Officials—The Miners Prepared for a Long Siege.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—The strike has not materially interfered with the business of the Reading railroad at the freight wharves. Work at those points is going on as usual. Large quantities of freight were moved yesterday and the work was done without interruption. The men were not intimidated by the strikers. The superintendents and their assistants busily engaged in looking after the work, and paid little attention to the strikers. A few policemen stood along Front street, but their services were not required, and indeed, their presence at that point had no bearing upon the strike.

At Noble street all the men were at work yesterday. The freight was handled without trouble, and the men seemed to be thoroughly familiar with the work. Nearly 300 men applied for work, but the freight agent could give employment to only a few. The applications, however, were placed on file.

READING, Jan. 4.—Orders were sent out by the Reading company directing that all railroad business employed in the coal trade that are not absolutely required, be laid off. This means that President Corbin will fight, and his determined to get rid of the Knights of Labor or any other organized body of men in Reading heartily. Individual policies


AUSTIN CORBIN.

in all over the coal regions have generally granted the demands of the men for the increase in wages, and all the miners employed at these collieries have been ordered back to work, but only in a few instances were the orders fully obeyed. The strikers are waiting to see if the individual collieries at work and if they can get the cars there is no doubt but what they will all resume work with an increased force of men. "With the exception of the Knights of Labor we can keep the Reading company's men out a year," said Michael Duffy. This may be true, and judging from the experience of former strikes, it is not at all likely that Mr. Corbin will lend his aid to a scheme of that kind, and let the Reading company be driven to the wall.

Reports from all over the Schuylkill regions show the strike to be very general, and the men are walking the streets attired in their Sunday clothes. They say that they are able to stand a long siege. The number of men and boys thrown out of employment is estimated at fully 30,000, and with at least three months of good weather ahead the outlook is anything but cheerful, and with the Lehigh miners out it is a difficult matter, indeed, to prevent a coal famine. The Reading company brought down very little coal last night—probably 600 cars—not more. Two weeks ago there were 1,500 cars started.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 4.—There is great excitement among the miners belonging to the Knights of Labor in this vicinity over the refusal of President Corbin to meet a committee of their workmen. The sympathy is expressed for the strikers the question is debated as to how funds are to be raised to aid their support. Already the Wyoming men have been heavily taxed on account of the Lehigh strike, and they openly declare that they cannot stand any more levies. They think that Mr. Corbin should order a general tax to sustain those who go out now. Mr. Powderly's action will be closely watched.

MAHANOY CITY, Jan. 4.—In an interview last evening, said: "There are 60,000 miners out in the Schuylkill region, and they will stay out until their demands are granted. The Reading company will be compelled to surrender to the men or a coal famine will follow." Mr. Lee said a number of private operators have already granted the demands of the men. The object of Lee's visit to Scranton is to get Powderly to say a good word for the strikers.

Frozen to Death.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 4.—Word has just been received here that Jake Fox, a resident of Lower Lehigh, was found to death one cold day recently in a lonely spot on North mountain, about thirty miles from this city. It appears that he and his brother, Sanderson, were trudging over the mountain on foot from Dushore. Both men were under the influence of liquor, and the deceased would lie down to sleep. The latter's brother would not listen to the proposition. Jake gave up finally, and was left to perish on the frigid heights, where his body was subsequently found. Sanderson, upon his arriving at New Columbus, was arrested, as a rumor was afloat that he had poisoned his brother.

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THE NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

Proceedings Organized by a Democratic Majority.

ALBANY, Jan. 4.—Clerk Cassidaing, of the old assembly, called the new assembly to order yesterday an hour before the senate met. Before the members were sworn in there was an opening prayer. James William Husted sat in his old seat on the floor of the house, where he has been for twenty years, except when he was speaker.

FREMONT COLE.

Each assemblyman, as his name was called, stood in his chair and when Mr. Cole had 70 votes to 53 votes for William F. Sheehan, of Buffalo, the candidate of the Democratic caucus.

This is Cole's fourth consecutive term in the assembly. He was elected from one of the smallest counties in the state. He was a candidate for speaker a year ago, but withdrew in favor of Husted. For two years he has been chairman of the committee on railroads.

In his address Speaker Cole favored the restriction of the liquor traffic, new methods of conducting elections, biennial legislative sessions, and laws restricting corporations and improper labor organizations, and he advised the assemblymen to behave themselves. His ordinances in the New York delegation notified the speaker a month ago that they would recommend Mr. Cox for any position he wanted. The most agreeable place for him was chairman of the library committee, but Congressman Stahlnecker, according to the rules of civil service reform, was entitled to this honor because he was ranking member of the committee. It is believed that the speaker has assigned Mr. Cox to the head of the library committee. The lieutenant governor, Mr. T. L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, to the ways and means committee to fill the gap made vacant by Mr. Cox's declination. According to the rumors the chairmen of the different committees will be distributed as follows:

Ways and means, Roger Mills, of Texas; appropriations, Samuel S. Randall, of Penn; judiciary, David B. Culberson, of Texas; banking and currency, S. Wilkins, of Ohio; commerce, Martin L. Clardy, of Missouri; foreign affairs, Benjamin W. Rickard, of Louisiana; coinage, weights and measures, Bland of Missouri; agriculture, William H. Hatch, of Missouri; foreign affairs, Perry Belmont, of New York; military affairs, Richard Townshend, of Illinois; naval affairs, Gen. Herbert, of Alabama; postoffices and post roads, Gen. J. H. Blount, of Georgia; public lands, William H. Holman, of Indiana; Indian affairs, Samuel W. Peel, of Arkansas; railways and canals, Roger Q. Mills, of Texas; territories, public buildings, Samuel Fiddis, of South Carolina; manufactures, George D. Wise, of Virginia; Pacific railroads, Joseph H. Outhwaite, of Ohio; mines and mining, O'Neill, of Missouri; invalid pensions, Matson, of Indiana; war claims, Stone, of Kentucky; revision of the laws, Oats, of Alabama.

THE FISHERY CONTROVERSY.

Chamberlain's Name Greeted with a Storm of Hisses.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—A very demonstrative audience filled Horticultural hall last night and the meeting called in the interests of the New England fishermen. Governor Beaver presided, and in opening the meeting said that the question was one of the most important before the country, and that no time should be lost in disposing of it. He said: "A right withheld is a wrong inflicted. American fishermen do not want to fish in Canadian waters. Much better fish can be found in our own waters. American fishermen simply want the same privileges extended to them that are given to the Canadians at all times."

When Governor Beaver alluded to Mr. Chamberlain his name was greeted with storms of hisses. There was no less noise and confusion a minute later when Hon. W. M. Cogswell, of Massachusetts, spoke of the inactivity of the secretary of state in the matter. He said: "The main reason why this state should be no treaty is that nobody in this country wants one. Are we now to be forced to buy the privileges which we accord the Canadians? Is President Cleveland and Rev. Mr. Bolton followed with addresses.

A Big Insurance Company May Close.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—There was a rumor here yesterday that the Washington Fire and Marine Insurance company was about to close its doors. It was stated that the company would not make any statement as to the intentions of the company until after the stockholders' meeting on Saturday. He solvency of the Washington insurance company had reinsured its marine risks in the California and Union companies, of California. It is said that a large portion of its fire insurance risks had been reinsured in the Niagara Fire Insurance company, of New York, and the National Fire Insurance company, of Hartford. There was a rumor that should order a general tax to sustain those who go out now. Mr. Powderly's action will be closely watched.

The Highbinders Released.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4.—The Chinese highbinder murder cases were nolle prossed yesterday, and the four Chinese under conviction for complicity in the murder of Lee Yen Sing were found guilty of murder in the first degree two years ago, on the confession of Cong Sing, who was seen leaving the room of Lee Yen Sing by Officer Chilcoat, a short time before he was found stanching on his head in a bucket of rice with a dozen gashes in his body. Cong Sing was arrested a little later and, surrounded by his family armed and blood stained. He asserted that he did not commit the murder and accused the highbinders of the crime, and they were convicted on his testimony. The supreme court granted a new trial on the ground of insufficient evidence. Cong Sing was released, and, despairing of ever getting conviction, the prosecution entered a nolle prosequi.

The Pope Opposed to Universal Suffrage.

ROME, Jan. 4.—The pope granted an interview on Sunday to Count Conneau, a retired French naval officer and brother-in-law of the late emperor Napoleon III. The pope expressed his deep regret at the present and position of France, but felt confident that she would rise again to her old prosperous position. The pope lamented the spirit of revolution which at present is rampant in Europe, and said that it was prepared by two encyclical letters dealing with Socialism, the influence of the press, and the great power of universal suffrage, which he regards as a terrible nuisance to peace. He believed that his bolliness will in these letters also discuss the land and Irish questions for the guidance of faithful Catholics.

Engaged to Many Women.

BELVIDERE, N. J., Jan. 4.—Additional facts are coming out in the Hackettstown's defaulter, ex-Mayor Cramer. He not only swindled the business men, but it now turns out that he was engaged to three women living in this county and to not fewer than twelve in the country, while a Schooley's Mountain woman says she has been betrothed to Cramer for seven years. In this last case the wedding day had been postponed several times and as often postponed. All the women were swindled out of money. Many farmers' sons have become loser heavily. A letter received from Cramer says he has left the country never to return. He is at Bermuda.

Robbed John L. Blair.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 4.—Samuel Shaeffer failed to appear in the criminal court yesterday to answer a charge of embezzling $30,000 from Millionaire John L. Blair, of New Jersey, and his bond of $4,000 was declared forfeited. Shaeffer was convicted of this crime over a year ago and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment, but the supreme court reversed the decision and granted the new trial. Nothing is known of Shaeffer's whereabouts.

Feeling with a Dynamite Cartridge.

WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 4.—Theodore Dayton, aged 23, the half witted son of a Bucks Hill farmer, yesterday found a dynamite cartridge on his father in rock blasting. Taking it to the attic he exploded it. The end of one hand was torn off and his skull was injured. He will recover.

CARLISLE'S LIST COMPLETE

HE WILL MAKE KNOWN THE COMMITTEES TO-DAY.

Speed Cox Objects to Morrison's Ways and Means and Will Probably Head the Liberty Contingent—How the Other Chairmanships Will Go.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The house committees will be announced by Speaker Carlisle to-day. At one time yesterday it was doubtful whether this end would be reached, but the speaker unexpectedly finished up the work, while those discharged the speaker's plan for the time being he canceled in order to allow members to be present at 11 o'clock this night. He has all the committees fixed, but several unimportant changes before the house meets, but in the main the list will stand as it is.

The first setback the speaker received happened yesterday, when Sunset Cox called upon Mr. Carlisle and particularly requested that Mr. Morrison be not appointed on the ways and means committee, to which the speaker had already assigned him. Mr. Cox had from the first protested against a place on this committee for Mr. Morrison in the New York delegation notified the speaker a month ago that they would recommend Mr. Cox for any position he wanted. The most agreeable place for him was chairman of the library committee, but Congressman Stahlnecker, according to the rules of civil service reform, was entitled to this honor because he was ranking member of the committee. It is believed that the speaker has assigned Mr. Cox to the head of the library committee. The lieutenant governor, Mr. T. L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, to the ways and means committee to fill the gap made vacant by Mr. Cox's declination. According to the rumors the chairmen of the different committees will be distributed as follows:

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Behind the Age.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—When the mail bags were opened at Rutgers college yesterday they contained a number of letters addressed to Drs. Vanhartingen, Livingstone, McClelland, Meyer and Woodhull. Drs. Vanhartingen and Livingstone were presidents of the college nearly 100 years ago. Both have been dead over fifty years. Drs. Woodhull, McClelland and Meyer have long lain under the sod also. The catalogues were mailed by Fannington, of London, England, and are one year old.

Murder at a Christening.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 4.—Anthony Shinisky, one of a number who attended a christening party at Roland Hill, near Alden, Luzerne county, during new that occurred yesterday was stabbed five times by an unknown man. He was removed to his home, but the physicians say he cannot live. Six other persons were more or less badly cut with knives.

John J. O'Brien Victorious.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The corporation counsel yesterday decided that J. J. O'Brien, chief of the bureau of elections, is eligible to re-appointment, though the civil service commissioners only submitted the names of three war veterans who stood lower in the examination than O'Brien.

Gen. Bragg's Mission.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., Jan. 4.—Gen. Bragg quietly left his home on Saturday, in response to a message from President Cleveland, and he was in Washington yesterday. It is considered certain that he has been tendered the Mexican mission, and that he will accept it.

Killed by a Train.

CONCORD JUNCTION, Mass., Jan. 4.—The express from Fitchburg Monday night ran over a man lying across the track, Miller's station, Sudbury. He was identified as R. H. Sherwood, aged 19, a dentist of St. John who had been visiting his uncle at Maynard.

Remembered His Alma Mater.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 4.—Alexander Duncan Yale, 1826, of London, England, has given Yale $30,000, to be used as the university authorities may deem best.

End of the Strike Approaching.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 4.—There is a disagreement in the ranks of the Window Glass manufacturers, and a break is expected within the next week or ten days.

Many Lost Checks.

PARIS, Jan. 4.—Evard's immense plane factory was burned last night, together with the entire machinery and 1,800 finished planes.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The Russian budget for 1888 shows a small surplus.

It is reported that the British government will offer $15,000,000 3 per cents., guaranteed against recall, at par, for at least twenty-five years.

Diplomatic circles that Germany is strong enough to withstand an attack on two, or even three, sides if necessary.

Mr. Parnell crossed from Holyhead to Kingstown and went on to his home at Avondale almost unnoticed.

Professor Lavalles, of Boston, will deliver the opening address at the meeting of the Association of Professional Musicians in London.

Two colored men were arrested charged with the murder of Robert Hamilton at Bay Branch.

Young Walter Phelps Dodge, in a written statement, confessed that he alone caused the notice of his engagement to Miss Lillian Stokes and the subsequent notice of their marriage to be inserted, and finally papered the town.

The will of Judge Rapallo, leaving all his estate to his wife, was filed for record yesterday.

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Sir Charles Dilke May Re-enter Politics—The Pope and the Queen.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—A rumor is being generally circulated here that Sir Charles Dilke will be returned to the next house of commons for Sir Charles Dilke, taking advantage of the absence of Mr. Mundella, who is ill. It is also stated under that no responsibility for the movement shall attach to him. It is asserted by many Liberal papers that the presence in parliament of Mr. Dilke is really necessary at this time in view of the proposed further extension of the franchise in the counties, upon which no less Mr. Dilke is personally pledged than the party chiefs, Gladstone and Parnell. It is, however, not alone because of his value as a specialist in this particular question of the Chelsea baronet's presence in the house is desired. Few men in England are able to cope with him in debate, and still fewer are so thoroughly equipped with valuable information and telling points on the subject of the day as he is. Mr. Dilke's presence at the head of the Liberal following would have been averted.

The Duke of Norfolk was received by the queen at Osborne house yesterday, and handed to her majesty the loyal and engraved message thanking her for her jubilee gift and its accompanying expressions of kindly feeling.

It is rumored that Lord John Manners will resign the chancellorship of the duchy of Lancaster, and possibly his seat in the house of commons, upon the reassembling of parliament.

GOVERNOR HILL'S MESSAGE.

Brief Extracts from Leading Newspapers on the Document.

New Yoark, Jan. 4.—The following are the opinions of prominent journals on the New York executive's annual message:

The Herald: On the whole this message of Governor Hill is an admirable presentation of the legislative needs of the state. Nearly all of its recommendations are timely, and may be adopted with great advantage to the people of the state.

The Times: His assumption of superior wisdom and virtue may be well founded, but the senate will scarcely admit it in that peculiarly practical way. It is plain that he should do so to exercise its own power and responsibility with a decent regard for its duty to the public.

The World: The previous recommendations renewed by the governor for consideration by the present legislature are numerous and concisely stated. Many of them are unquestionably sound.

The Tribune: The most satisfactory paragraph in the message is the one relating to the state's finances. They have improved during the year, the tax rate is low, "New York is practically out of debt."

It Will Prove Very Effective.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Representative Seney, of Ohio, is going to introduce his bankruptcy bill in the house. It is the simplest piece of legislation of the kind ever offered, and is indorsed by many interested in the question that it will pass this session. It proposes merely that while a man makes an assignment in trust in favor of his creditors, turning all his property over without reserve, he can apply to a United States court for a release, which shall be granted, after it is shown that he has complied in full with all the conditions. The settlement is then to be made through the state courts.

Dr. Pentecost's Position.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 4.—The Rev. Hugh O. Pentecost wrote to the congregation of the Bethany Presbyterian church yesterday in reply to their letter asking him upon what conditions he would resume the pastorate, telling them that he had decided, after much consideration, that it would not be wise to mix his relations with them, since one-third of the congregation were opposed to him. At a meeting of the church trustees last night Mr. Charles L. Whitford announced that the resignation was empty, but was called to order by the chairman. The letter was placed on file.

Confessed That He Killed His Wife.

RENO COUNTY, Minn., Jan. 4.—Eric Erickson yesterday confessed the murder of his wife some days ago, asking only that his life be spared. He is thought to be demented. He says he killed his wife because she hands him wear shirts charged with electricity. His son, aged 15, testified that he twisted a scarf around his wife's neck and dragged her out into the woodshed, where she was found dead. The large family of small children stayed alone with their murdered mother in the house for two days with nothing to eat but potatoes.

Keeping School Without Scholars.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 4.—A peculiar state of affairs exists in the East Haven school. Miss Caffray was appointed teacher by the trustees of the people of the district objected to a change, as the previous teacher was very popular. Since then they have refused to send their children to school. For the past month the school has been held in school open, but had no pupils. During the last month one boy, 4 years of age, has attended, and now complaint is made to the effect that the boy is under age, and its removal is demanded.

Incased in a Coat of Ice.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 4.—Edward Stewart, 51 years old, employed at chopping wood at the new powder works near Pompton, went to work Saturday, and not returning, search was made, and he was found Monday afternoon frozen to death and completely enveloped in a coating of ice as he was when at work under three inches of snow up in the mountains, where he had been at work. As it was reported that he had a considerable sum of money with him, and had none when found, an inquest is to be held.

Chief Fearnit Displaced.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Jan. 4.—Alderman Appleton, president of the board of police commissioners, presented at the meeting of the board last night a resolution ordering the police station appointing Patrolman Wallace acting chief of police in the place of Chief Fearnit, who has been suspended. Mr. Appleton says Fearnit has been absent from duty since Saturday morning without their leave. A yearly leave of absence permit which the chief formerly had was revoked, and void by Kinney taking his name from it.

How to Stop a Hemorrhage.

WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 4.—John Miller, aged 30, while on his way home from a ball yesterday was stricken and stabbed in the groin. He refused to tell about the affair, and claims not to know who assaulted him. An interesting fact is that to stop the hemorrhage he placed the edges of the wound together.

Will Never Change Their Dog.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 4.—Mayor Chapin refused yesterday to marry a couple who desired him to make their dog. He referred the man to Justice Goldenburg, saying that during his term of office he would be too busy to perform marriages by the mayor.

ART IN NEW YORK.

A VISIT TO THE ACADEMY EXHIBITION ON VARNISHING DAY.

Wandering from Picture to Picture—On the Buyers' Day—The Superb Bayous of the Man Who Is Rich Enough to Buy Costly Pictures.

The twenty-first annual varnishing day of the spring exhibition of the academy of design was held yesterday. The day is stormy—all always storms the first week in April—and the rain, which was the cause of the academy from about through continuously interested those who were there. Many a man who had a picture on the walls of the academy, from which he expected a fabulous price, was there with his wife, and many a husband coming home from business, "Member of the press?" said a wise-looking man at the door. "Here's your catalogue." What is there to do? Why, to take it and go wandering away with a pencil, as do all the critics, as I could never tell you a thing one of them said. I'm a margin, I simply sneaked away in an unprofessional fashion, making some pictorial notes generally too brief to be available, of what struck me as the most striking features of the exhibition.

WANDERING FROM PICTURE TO PICTURE. You can wander from picture to picture with nothing but an occasional ladder to interrupt the view. As a rule the best artists have the best walls, with the pleasant and the poorer ones are variously distantly. Conversation is brisk and general. People meet friends and say, "I'll diverge for you again. Almost as many women as men—all of the former business like and the larger percentage young and pretty—they are popping from picture to picture in half artists and the other correspondents. Most of the men are smoking. Dude artists in their silk hats, stitched gloves and cane stalked boors are there. Everybody is there accordingly, shedding ashes and tobacco smiles on the more attractive women present.

On varnishing day the night fell—the sun couldn't go down, because they have no sun in New York just now—on 843 works of art, and the exhibition was in full blast. Such a half artists and the other correspondents. Most of the men are smoking. Dude artists in their silk hats, stitched gloves and cane stalked boors are there. Everybody is there accordingly, shedding ashes and tobacco smiles on the more attractive women present.

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in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located on Grant avenue, Grant Park, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the
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It is situated in the
Healthiest,
most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. It is the desiring to purchase home, or young men wishing to make small investments, this opportunity should not be neglected. Builders or contractors should also find it advantageous to prospect prior to letting contracts.
For further particulars call on Wm. C. Kelly, No. 32 Park avenue or Dr. Price, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Price's office.

NOTES FROM NATURE.

The [illegible] the heart of the [illegible]
The [illegible] fare, the [illegible] pace,
[illegible] here and there throughout the day,
[illegible] downward upon the [illegible]

All clothing updated, with phoenix of red and gold;
The [illegible]
[illegible] bursting of his swaddler
[illegible] up, wavering, ready now
To assume [illegible] he's now one.

And often, when beneath the silver moon
Placid and still the bustling river lies,
The far off wail of some belated loon
Floats faintly up to purple evening skies,
While swaying pines, with soft Aeolian tone,
Forever join in nature's symphony.
—Paul R. Lear.

INDIANS OF COSTA RICA.

A Primitive Fandango Among the Talamanca—Belles and Beaux.

It was a clear, beautiful night, when the drains of music with which the entertainment began summoned the belles and beaux to the dance. Beyond stood the mountains, dark and immutable. Torches lit up the scene with their wavering glow, and the strangely wild music constantly sought to ears to shut out sounds which his uneducated sense prevented his considering musical.

The native drum was a primitive masterpiece of torture, consisting of the skin of a snake stretched across sticks and beaten with a vigor rather unwelcome to the unfortunate pilgrim, considering it was his first experience. At a given signal the participants in the dance formed a circle of men and women alternately, the women clasping hands over the shoulders of the men. Then to the hideous clamor the dancers went through figures after figure, first in a rather slow style not altogether unsuggestive of the grace supposed to be in keeping with the lilts and airy dwellers in the forest; but as their spirits rose, assuming a rapid motion almost impossible to follow with the eye.

Little by little the excitement deepened, until the circle was broken and each individual became a fantastic figure, leaping and shouting in a manner quite worthy of pandemonium. The light of many torches flamed upon the dusky faces, upon the riders seated in solemn silence without this circle, upon the dancers, and upon self that he was in very deed a most wretched castaway. The costumes, as became a ball honored by the presence of the belle of seventy-odd years in the highest style of art, many of the young men wearing feathers in their heads and the most approved Roman togas; the girls, as was suitable with debutantes, being attired simply and elegantly, some in robes made by a simple incision in a canvas bag, others in toilets to which fully two yards of "fruit of the loom" cotton had been devoted, the breast forming a unique species of embroidery across the front drapery. One maiden wore exquisite family jewels, consisting of the top half of the necklain tiger strung together; it is almost unnecessary to add that she was the envied of her young companions and the recipient of much attention from the men; another feat heightened the already extreme beauty of her rounded cheeks by laying on a thick coating of suspiciously red paint—the real rose tinge of her valiant ancestors.

The belles of the ball comported themselves with a conscious dignity, not by any means a bad imitation of their more cultured sisters in civilized ball rooms; and the attendance of some promising young cacique aroused the old feelings of envy known all the world over from time immemorial.—Costa Rica Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

Ladies of San Francisco.

I think I have spoken about the good looks of the San Francisco ladies, but I must once more refer to the subject. They have the healthiest, happiest faces, finest figures and best fitting dresses I have ever seen. English women have good figures—of the bour glass shape—and their tailor made gowns fit exquisitely. New York ladies have better figures, for they are not laced quite so tightly, thus giving the fifth ribs a better chance, and their dresses fit well, too, but the San Francisco ladies carry off the palm; they have far and away better figures, and their dresses are better fitting than those of London or New York ladies. Dressmakers here are artists in one way at least, if nature has not given to their customers the required amount of adipose tissue to make them fine figures, they—the dressmakers—know how to upholster artistically in the right places, and only a careful and experienced eye can discern where nature ends and art begins.

The dressmakers spend all their energies on the fit of the garment, evidently, leaving nothing for originality of design or for draping. A second class New York modiste will discount the best of them here when it comes to draping, and the average New York woman has ideas of her own which she insists upon having her dressmaker carry out, even though the dressmaker may, cloth in hand.

You remember the witty Parisian who said "It isn't so much what your clothes are as it is the way you swing 'em." The San Francisco ladies have a way of swinging them right stylishly. How handsome they are, too, if only they wouldn't use so much paint and powder. When will women learn that these are not necessary adjuncts to the toilet, and that they but prove a blotch on the fair work of nature!—San Francisco Cor. Cleveland Leader.

A Lively Imagination.

Some years ago a newspaper man with a lively imagination went on a trip. I think he said his way, wildly improbable as that may seem to be, became either the newspaper business soon have fallen off in its enrolments lately, or he must be lying like all who go there. There were not so many people about the place then, and it was not so easy a trip. In the party was a bright young married lady, who had also a great deal of fun in her. The two put up a job that was either of them saw in the shapes of the crags and peaks in the distance, or anything else, the other was to indorse it and say "How lovely!" or "Isn't it weird!" or something like that. The scheme worked.

"Do you see that rock? Isn't it the exact picture of an immense chariot? And just look at that doesn't look like a horse of gigantic proportions drawing it?"

"It is. How grand it is."

"Where is it?" from all the passengers.

"There; why, don't you see it? You see it, Mrs. Smith, don't you?"

"Very plainly. It's exactly like it."

Then one by one the others would begin to recognize it, or swear they did. The number of these singular resemblances kept growing until the two began really to see things that could not by any possibility be distorted out of the landscape, and finally the joke got thin.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Vital Parts Well Balanced.

It is a curious fact that persons far from robust often outlive those of extraordinary strength and hardihood. Upon this subject The Canada Health Journal says that the vital parts of the system must be well balanced in order to attain long life, and that excessive strength in one part is a source of danger. Hence no over developed muscular system invites dissolution, because it is a continuous strain on the less powerful organs, and finally wears them out.—Boston Transcript.

STORIES ABOUT MEN.

Congressman Scott Relates a Good Joke At His Own Expense.

CONGRESSMAN W. A. Scott, the Erie, Pa., millionaire, is perhaps the heaviest smoker in the Fiftieth congress, and is a very absent minded man. Last week he spent the two days' recess of the house of representatives at the Fifth Avenue hotel. Saturday night he related a good joke at his own expense.

"After breakfast this morning," he said, "I took a walk down to Fourteenth street and back. When I entered the reading room here I went up to the desk and selected a cigar. Taking a couple of matches I sat down in a corner to look over the Philadelphia morning papers. I read on with the unlighted cigar between my lips, and after awhile began to wonder why I felt no inclination to light up, as is my custom when reading. My mind at the time was half taken up with various affairs and the other half with the Philadelphia papers and the contemplation of my cigar. Once or twice I was about to strike a match, but the inclination to place the cigar between my lips was lacking, and I desisted. When I had read the papers and placed the file back in its place I started on a stroll through the corridor, thinking of many things far away from the Fifth Avenue hotel. When I reached a big mirror near the clerk's desk I stopped a moment to twirl my mustache, and just then I got a surprise when I saw a half burned cigar emitting smoke in the left corner of my mouth, while I had an unlighted cigar in my hand.—New York Evening Sun.

Nobody Missed Them.

Edward E. Kidder tells the following story, in which he figures as one of the principals, along with Edmund Collier, the tragedian who is playing at the People's theatre:

"In 'Firefly,' Lotta's play, Collier and I played the leaders of opposing armies. Nothing to say, of course, though I believe my confrere did remark, 'come, fill up,' in the canteen scene, but lots to do and with uniform that devastated the ranks and hearts of the ballet. Collier had a magnificent sword, the property of his Uncle Jim,' but, alas, I had no Uncle Jim and no sword. If I remember rightly, my entire personal wardrobe for the season consists of a pair of Scotch tops, a cape coat and a 'opera hat.'

"We did not come on till the battle scene in the third act, and meanwhile, sat in our dressing room at the very tip top of the theatre, 'sporting,' telling stories and inventing new tortures for John Vincent and his sybil like prompter—'Billy' Daly. No mail boy ever penetrated to our giddy heights, and not a sound could reach us from the stage below.

"At last the future Metamora said:

"'Ned, let us go down; it must be near our scene.'

"And down the seven flights we clanked with a pompous pride born of the blazing accoutrements and the handsome figures we were to cut in the coming fray.

"We reached the stage.

"Horrors!

"The air was charged with gunpowder and the curtain was down.

"Our great scene was over! Behind the shadow of Harold Fosburg's feet we held a hasty consultation.

"'It's a discharge, sure.'

"'It's a week's salary, dyway.'

"'It's your fault.'

"'No, it's yours. You stopped to talk to that ballet girl.'

"We 'moused' around in a guilty manner, added a few oaths, and the information that we received made a changed mad of Collier and crushed my dramatic ambition forever.

"Nobody had missed us!"—Chicago Herald.

Senator Davis Acts for Senator Quay.

Senator Quay and Senator Davis, of Minnesota, are close personal friends of each other. The other day Mr. Davis went to Mr. Quay's desk and said: "See here, senator, one of us will have to wear a dog collar around his neck. Three men have come to me within the last two hours and called me Quay and talked Pennsylvania politics with me. I didn't want your people to think you had become stiff and unfriendly since you've got to be a senator, and so I promised to take one of them up to pass the evening in an informal way at the White House and chat with the president about a claim he is interested in. He will call for you this evening. I hope I gave him the right number—1,918 K street—as next one had a letter of introduction signed Cooper, and wanted a job in the government printing office. I told him, for you, that he should have it; that the public prefer had just sent me a blank to fill up with the names of the people I wanted appointed, and he should stand first on the list. The third fellow rather got me over my head, but I think I came out all right. He asked me what I thought the new Wallace and Randall deal would amount to in Pennsylvania, and I told him that while I didn't want him to say anything as from me, except to some of our own people, that he Wolfe or Shorty or Childs, it was my private opinion that Wallace and Randall were not in Mr. Blaine's confidence at all. Was that all right? It seemed to take him by surprise."—New York Tribune.

Gambetta and Freycinet.

When Gambetta was put alive M. de Freycinet, his opponent, once said: "Gambetta is possessed of an inconceivable audacity; I do not mean to say he has a great deal of courage. The fact is, he does not see any dangers anywhere." Gambetta, hearing the saying reported to him, made the following retort: "Freycinet is possessed of a degree discretion. I do not mean to say he has a great deal of timidity. The fact is, he sees dangers everywhere."—Chicago News.

The American Got Even.

They tell a story in Chicago of Wagner and an American composer, who paid him a visit during the latter years of his life—at least the American composer, whose name may have been Jenkins, tells it.

"I instruct," he started Wagner, "on the Wagner of America."

"Ah," cried the American, not to be outdone either in conceit or courtesy, "and I grace thee as the Jenkins of Europe!"—Tid Bits.

LABOR.

One lesson, nature, let me learn of thee,
One lesson, that every wind is heard
One lesson of thy steadfast purpose taught,
Though the loud world proclaim their quality—
Of toil, patient toil, from mid-day to even,
Of labor that is still advancing—
Far nobler achievements, accomplish'd in repose,
Too great for haste, too high for rivalry.
Yes, while on earth a thousand discords ring,
Man's soundless spirit poureth music on;
While all the many-tongued words are one,
Thine ev'ry voice finds harmony in thee.
Still working, blaming still our vain lament;
Laborers that shall not fail when man is gone.
—Matthew Arnold.

A NEGRO OF GREAT AGE.

James Jamest, a United States Citizen, Living at Santa Rosa, Mexico.

James James, a negro and citizen of the United States, who resides at Santa Rosa, Mexico, is probably the oldest man on earth. He was born near Dorchester, S. C., in 1793, and while an infant was removed to Medway River, Ga., in the same year that Eli Whitney brought down electricity from the thunder clouds. In 1772 there was quite an immigration into South Carolina, and his master, James James (from whom he takes his name), massed near Charleston, S. C., in company with a number of his neighbors. On June 6, 1776, when a large British fleet, under the fleet, under Sir Peter Parker, arrived off Charleston. The citizens had erected a palmetto wood fort on Sullivan's Island, with twenty-six guns, manned by 500 troops under Col. Moultrie, and on June 28 the British made an attack by land and water, and were compelled to withdraw after a ten hours' contest. In one battalion, under Capt. Sergt. Jasper distinguished himself by replacing the flag, which had been shot away upon the bastion, on a new staff. His master, James James, manned one of the guns in this fight, and Jim, the subject of this sketch, and four other slaves were employed around the fort as general laborers. The following fall came, ter throughout the war, and was with Gen. Moultrie at Port Royal, S. C., Feb. 3, 1779, when Moultrie defeated the combined British forces under Prevost and Campbell. His master was surrendered by Gen. Lincoln at Charleston, S. C., on Feb 12, 1780, to the British forces, and this ends Jim's military career.

He remembers of the rejoicing in 1783 throughout the country in consequence of Washington's election to the presidency, he then being 90 years of age. In the year his first master died, aged about 60 years. Jim then became the property of "Marse Henry" Henry James, owning large estates and about 300 slaves near Charleston. On account of having raised "Marse Henry," Jim was a special favorite with his master and was allowed to do as he chose. His second master, Henry, died in 1815, about 55 years of age, and Jim, now 63 years of age, became the property of James James, Henry's second son. In 1833 the railroad from Charleston to Savannah was completed, then the longest railroad in the world, and Jim, with his master, took a trip over the road, and was shown special favors on account of his age, now 81. James James was 10 years of age at his father's death, and when he became of age inherited large estates, slaves, &c., among whom were "old Uncle Jim" and his family. James James lived in South Carolina until 1855, when he moved to Texas with all his slaves. On account of the laws slaves should be free at his death, and in 1858 moved into Mexico, so that they could be free before his death. James returned to the United States and died in Texas, and in 1865, after there were no longer slaves in the United States. Uncle Jim's children and grandchildren returned to the United States. Five years ago, at the age of 130, Jim could do light chores, but subsisted mostly by contributions from the citizens; but for the past two years, not being able to walk, he remains for the most part in his little jacal, his wants being supplied by generous neighbors. The rheumatism in his legs prevents him from walking, but yet he has sufficient strength in his arms to drag himself a short distance—fifty yards or more—and readily took a position on the outside of his cabin to enable the Globe Democrat correspondent to make his photograph.—Laredo (Tex.) Letter to The St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Something About Swimming.

The main purpose of learning to swim, as of gaining other knowledge, is that it increases confidence. Fear is the most overpowering emotion that we know. The man who can swim, other things being equal, has a very great deal more confidence than the man of great deal less fear, than he who cannot swim. If but for the reason that he gains confidence for himself unconsciously. Learning to swim it would be wise for a man to learn. Women make strong and graceful swimmers, and there is no argument for a man's learning to swim which does not apply just as well to a woman. In fact, women float easier than men, and therefore should learn to swim easier, for a beginner must have confidence in himself and the natural power of power of the water before he or she can float. To float means to swim, a little practice and courage being all that is necessary. Every one should learn as early in life as possible to manage the body in the water, to float, to tread water and to swim, and this summer is a good time to begin. Parents should see to it that their children learn. Boys and girls of 7 and 9 years of age will learn quicker and better than at 19 or 20 years of age. I consider that it is the duty of every instructor to have them instructed. I might give 100 reasons why everybody should learn to swim, but time and space prevent my doing so. The above reasons should be sufficient.—Boston Budget.

Dead Indians' Debts.

"The debts of dead Indians are paid by their relatives," said an ex-merchant on Main street, Galveston, "Colonel Anderson and Henry hart," he continued, "killed an Indian several years ago, he owed me $240. Since that time $200 of this amount has been paid me by his relatives. Yesterday died the other day owing me about $55. Already his relatives have approached me on the subject and made arrangements to pay me the amount. It is customary with them to pay the debts of their dead relatives and they never break it. I see more of getting my money if an Indian dies owing me, than when a white man having property, no matter how rich his relatives, I never expect to get a cent. There is a great deal of good about a dead Indian, anyhow," he concluded, as he closed his letter, setting conversation and walked away.—East Oregonian.

Gold in the Treasury.

The gold held in the treasury in its vaults in Washington weighs 510 tons. If packed into ordinary carts, one ton to each cart, it would make a procession two miles long, allowing twenty feet of space for the movement of each cart and horse. The silver in the same vault weighs 7,300 tons. Measuring it in carts, as in the case of the gold, it would require the services of 7,300 horses and carts to transport it and would make a procession over twenty-five miles in length.

Obsidian is to be improved in appearance by rubbing it with a mixture of a half ounce of beeswax in a saucerful of turpentine. Set this in a warm place until they can be thoroughly mixed, apply with a flannel cloth and then rub with a dry flannel.

F
BRODIE.
S

They Unite Beauty, Refinement and Luxurious Comfort. Every woman wants them, and particularly wants them

"FOR HOLIDAYS."

Seal, Persian, Astrakhan, Fox, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear and all new kinds just landed from the countries of their origin. Fine Alaska Sable Sets, Muffs, Boas, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small, in our line. Handsomer garments for all ages and sizes than ever before. Prices are right, by material and quality, and as low as one can buy reliable furs. Prices are right, by material and quality, and as low as one can buy reliable furs. Come and see us. If you don't want to buy, it won't hurt you. If you want to buy, we'll treat you right and you'll be sure exactly what your getting, too.

The largest and most beautiful assortment of Fine Fur Collarettes ever seen. I have been in the business 20 years. My store has been at the right here 18 years. Part-time.

JAMES A. BRODIE, 39 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the "People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. H. Backmann, desires a share of the patronage of, his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.
7 East Front St.

INSURANCE
Wm. A. Woodruff.
Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British, Mercantile of Edinburgh, The Northern of England; The Queen, of England; The Manufacturers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of New York and other equally good companies, and procures insurance at best rates; call

MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Beer's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

ARTISTIC DESIGNS
in Jewelry for the
HOLIDAYS
SOLID GOLD and ROLL PLATE
Prices Low at
J. Hervey Doane's
9 Park avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Leiter's Hotel

GENTLEMEN
who dislike Rubbers we can sell you a
Genuine Alligator
SHOE
for $3.50 or CORK SOLE SHOE for $2.00
call for $2.00
Doane & VanArsdale
32 West Front street.

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G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL
PAPER,
WINDOW SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
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All Work Promptly Attended to.

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Woolston & Buckle
35 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPER, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES
Brushes, etc.

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Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
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Opp. Post Office.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES
for
Boys, Girls and Everybody
ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone
J. P. LAIRE & CO.
Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

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REAL ESTATE
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15 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class companies: Home, of New York; Continental, of New York; Security, of New York; Jersey City, of Jersey City; Fire Association, of Philadelphia. Also agent for Singer sewing machines and dealer in second hand furniture and dressers a specialty.
Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Notary Public.
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James H. Pope,
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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
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Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

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QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
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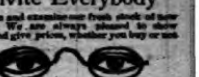
WE RESPECTFULLY
Invite Everybody
to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not



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DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
13 Park avenue.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER
and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 88.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS AND MANTELS,
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,
Sixteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
W also supply all orders for kindling wood as former, direct from the forests.

JUST THE THING
for Holiday Presents
SEAL SKIN CAPS from $1 to $15.
Gents' Mufflers from $1.50 to $5.00
Silk Umbrellas from $1 to $5.
Fine Gloves, Canes and Rockwear.
U. B. CRANE,
THE HATTER
AND FURNISHER,
12 Park Avenue,
next to Walker's Bakery.

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

MME. QUICK'S
SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' baths in curing all Chronic diseases by means of Medicated Vapor Baths, opening the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Female and Skin diseases, Nervousness, Paralysis and dull diseases and all skin diseases. Ladies' and Gents' separate entrances. Baths of chills and fevers and all special diseases.
Hours from 2 p. m. to 6 p. m. Closed for cleaning on Saturdays.

MCDONOUGH & HAZEN,
Horseshoers, 29 Somerset Street,

All customers and others desiring to use the Plainfield Horse Exchange, Stable and Sale Yard, corner Somerset and Watchung streets, can do so by calling at the office of the Plainfield Horse Exchange, Somerset street, near Watchung. Horses boarded by the day, week or month. Horses bought and sold on commission. Horses broken to harness and saddle. Horses trained for the track. Horses shod. Horses for sale. Horses to let. Horses to exchange. Horses to trade. Horses to buy. Horses to sell. Horses to ride. Horses to drive. Horses to work. Horses to rest. Horses to feed. Horses to water. Horses to groom. Horses to clean. Horses to shoe. Horses to train. Horses to race. Horses to show. Horses to judge. Horses to breed. Horses to foal. Horses to wean. Horses to geld. Horses to castrate. Horses to dock. Horses to crop. Horses to bob. Horses to tail. Horses to mane. Horses to curry. Horses to brush. Horses to comb. Horses to wash. Horses to dry

Senator Vance's Story.

Senator George, of Mississippi, is one of the most lovelygood men in congress, and, by the way, there are a great many of them. It is one of the traditions of the country where he comes from that his trousers are cut with a circular saw. The result is that those garments are usually conspicuous for a baggy appearance when worn. They are widest. Senator Vance called the attention of a group of his colleagues standing in the lobby of his hotel to this interesting phenomenon and then remarked:

"I never got a rear view of my old friend George without thinking of the story of an old tar heel down in North Carolina who went to a show for the first time in his life. After that memorable event he was sitting around the tavern fire one evening relating his experience to a group of his cronies, and regarding them with an air of superiority, under which they were meekly inquisitive. One of them timidly asked:

"'Did you see the bar at the circus, Uncle Zeke? Did you see the bar?'

"'Yaas,' responded the old man solemnly, 'I done seen the bar.'

"'What sort of a bar was it, Uncle Zeke?'

"'Waal, I never done seen a bar afore, but I low that it moughtbe a right smart of a bar.'

"'Did you see the lion, Uncle Zeke?'

"'Yaas, I done seen the lion.'

"'What sort of a lion was it, Uncle Zeke?'

"'Waal, I never done seen a lion afore, but I low that it moughtbe a right smart of a lion.'

"'Did you see the camel, Uncle Zeke?'

"'Yaas, I done seen the camel.'

"'What sort of a camel was it, Uncle Zeke?'

"'Waal, I never done seen a camel afore, but I low that it moughtbe a right smart of a camel.'

"'Did you see the elephant, Uncle Zeke?'

"'Yaas, I done seen the elephant.'

"'What sort of an elephant was it?'

"'Waal, I never done seen an elephant afore, but I low that it moughtbe a right smart of an elephant; but it 'peared to me like as if he had a heap o' slack leather about his pants.'"—New York Times.

A Reporter's Queer Call on Dr. Parker.

While the Rev. Dr. Parker was staying at the Everett house, just before his departure for England, a reporter for a Brooklyn paper which had abused the English preacher since his arrival in this country sent up his card to the doctor with a request for an interview. The reporter did not expect to be successful, and was much surprised when the bell boy came down and handed him a card, on which were the words:

"I will come down to the parlor in a few minutes and will be delighted to see you."

A little dazed by this unexpected reply, the reporter made his way to the parlor. As he entered he beheld a tall, handsome lady, with a blanched face, standing just inside the door and staring at a card which she held in her hand. A suspicion flashed across his mind. He took the card from his pocket, read the message again, and on leaving interpreted the name of the wife of a well known member of Plymouth church. The reporter was a gentleman, and in order to save the lady any embarrassment as well as the bell boy, who had mixed the cards, his position, he at once effected a change. On the card intended for him he read these unique words:

"I will talk with no more scribblers, for the truth is not in you."—New York Sun.

The Right of Way Settled.

"Beverly" writes to The Boston Globe inquiring "which has the right of way, the United States mail or the steam fire engine?" It is a question which by unanimous consent will be referred to the debating societies that will shortly organize for the winter. It is interesting to note that a quiet, inoffensive royal Bengal tiger has the right of way against both. That point was settled at the last fire at Bridgeport which made such sad havoc with Mr. Barnum's collection of wild beasts and related brick-a-brac. A tiger that had been set free by the casualty in question was meandering up the main street of the town just as a United States mail wagon was coming down. The driver must have been certain that the tiger had the right of way, for till the witnesses of the incident agree that no sooner had he laid his eyes upon him than he promptly turned into a side street without a word of protest. The driver of a stranger in the fire box not only followed the example of the mail driver, but so the driver of a rival steamer reported to fire headquarters in the engine house before he pulled in his horses.—New York Tribune.

A Domestic Scene.

The young man sat in a low, easy rocker before the fire, her babe sleeping quietly on her knee, and, although all was fierce and blustering without, everything was cozy and quiet within. Gentle peace reigned in the household that night.

"My dear," said the lady, turning to her husband, who was quietly enjoying his evening paper, "isn't it a curious thing that swans should sing just before they are going to die?"

"No more so," he replied, gazing at his infant's face with anxious fear, "than that babies should smile just before they are going to raise the roof off with colic."

And generally all was fierce and blustering within.—New York Sun.

A Manly Apology.

"We're sis," says a Colorado editor, "to retract a statement made last week that our esteemed fellow citizen, Hon. Mr. Plumley, never by any means to keep his temper. In reading the item in question Mr. Plumley happened to remember that during the heat of the recent political contest he promised to kick us out to the fair grounds, and he immediately came up to the office and executed his promise. In fact, he not only kicked us all the way out there, but he kept it up most of the way back, and if he had not run out of breath we think he would have been kicking us yet. Mr. Plumley is a gentleman of his word, natural and polished, and can kick like an Asiatic elephant."—Chicago Tribune.

A Narrow Escape.

Bunco Man (to stranger)—Aren't you Mr. Smith, of Smithville?

Stranger—No, sir. My name is Pressure, of Philadelphia. I am forming a stock company to raise funds to develop the new and wonderful phenomenon which has been unfolded to my friend, Mr. Keel——

But by this time the bunco man was blocks away.—New York Sun.

Under the Weather.

Mother to Bobby, who is slightly under the weather—Papa will be sorry to hear that his little boy is sick, Bobby.

Bobby—Do you think he'll give me anything, Ma—a penny, perhaps?

Mother—I shouldn't be surprised.

Bobby—Then I hope I won't get well until he comes home.—*N. Y. Week in The Epoch.*

A Broken Heart.

"Papa," he said, as the old man came in late, "your Mr. Sampson offered himself to me to-night and I refused him. And oh, papa, I am afraid his heart is broken."

"He told me about it," said the old man. "Then you must hire!"

"Yes, take down at the Eagle playing billiards."—New York Sun.

STEALING COAL FROM CARS.

Fifty-Three Persons Arrested for Pilfering Their Fuel.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Jan. 4.—For some time past the Delaware and Hudson Canal company has suffered a heavy loss by the stealing of coal from cars in transit over its Susquehanna railroad division. The evil grew to such large proportions that the company were moved to take some decided measures. Detectives were employed to ferret out the matter if possible. The first day in operation last week was to run three cars loaded with coal through Otisville, one of the principal stations, and have the coal there for three days and nights under the surveillance of the company's detectives. The result was that nearly ten tons of coal were stolen from the exposed cars, and no less than fifty-three persons were detected and identified as taking part in the stealing. Most of the offenders were boys and girls of tender years, and in an astonishing number of cases they were children of well to do and reputable parents. Some of the adult offenders also were of a character hitherto above suspicion.

When the offenders were arraigned before Justice Scott there was a novel and distressing scene. The proofs against them were overwhelming, and no formal defence was attempted. This being the first prosecution by the company for an offence of this kind, the court determined to temper justice with mercy by imposing fines rather than imprisonments. Accordingly fines ranging from $2 to $25 were imposed, and were promptly paid by the culprits, who were only too glad to get off so easily.

Discrepancy of $300,000.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 4.—Rumors have been in circulation for several days past that Treasurer Samuel Weir, of New Albany, was short in his accounts $250,000. Col. Grainger, who has been examining the books, said that he would not say there was any crookedness, but in footing up the accounts of the city clerk and the tax collector he found a discrepancy of $300,000. This might, however, be due to clerical errors. The books had not been overhauled during all Weir's twelve years in office. It says the actual cost of carrying on the city is $140,000 a year, while the income from all sources is $115 000 a year. He says, therefore, here is no money to steal, even if he had been so disposed.

A Big Railroad Tunnel.

GALENA, Ills., Jan. 4.—The Minnesota and North western railroad tunnel, in Rice township, this county, was completed Monday, and is now ready for the iron, which will soon be laid. The tunnel, the longest in Illinois, and one of the longest in the United States, is 3,600 feet from entrance to entrance, 25 feet wide and 20 feet high. The boring, which began on April 1, 1887, was through a deposit of thick pulpy slate, which was both tedious and expensive.

Won't Pay for Serving.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Jan. 4.—Considerable interest has been aroused in political circles over the semi-official announcement that the retiring members of the common council will institute suits against the city for services for the term just expired. A few years ago the office was made a non-salaried one by an act of the legislature. The law is held to be unconstitutional.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.

The leading druggist of Mass Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "It is my sincere belief that Ely's Cream Balm is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE

And furnished rooms to let. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

MRS. M. VARNER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.

Also excellent family horse. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Ferster, Veterinary Surgeon, Fifth street,

Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

That the Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the article was not perfect, as it focuses and heals all throat and lung troubles. You will find an excellent article when taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! I present a bottle to-day to keep in your home or office for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,

C. Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES

Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will dye everything, and are sold everywhere. Price 10c. per package; colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package, or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-11-87

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors,

and Practical Embalmers.

Office, Warerooms and residence No. 7 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 44.

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OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

A. M RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

56 Park Avenue.

Telephone Call 48. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office of Hillside cemetery

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John P. Emmons,

Successor to Ransom Bros.,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place, P. O. Box 385.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 390.

Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Established 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

36 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

K. A. Ross,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronx, P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Bronx, P. O. Box 260.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 232.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,

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AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public Buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam. Agent for the Dimmock and Hendrick Self Feeding Boiler. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

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My Reference my work.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

10 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Blue recommended by Park & Tilford and Asbur, Merrill & Condit.

L. HEYNIGER,

63, 65 and 67 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 113.

Branch Store No 9 North avenue.

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of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, Studio 31 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

23 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold on margin. Private wires to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL.

George D. Morrison

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

XXXX

BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, take raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Black-wells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.

KENNEY BROS.

Christmas Goods

at

FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

21 EAST FRONT STREET.

A large line of useful

Holiday Presents

at prices that will please everybody.

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TO LET FURNISHED.

TO LET UNFURNISHED

Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia. Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool; England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 30.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

and

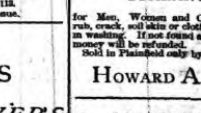
MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1866. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, buildings columns, girders, sewer and well tops, cellar doors, tramway pots, stove grates, tailor's slugs, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. New machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs.

J. H. KENYON

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.



Two tanks, quick work, therefore less noise than others. No work at night. Our garbage scow is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with R. J. Shaw, Sanitary Inspector, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 1410, Telephone call 38, Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELLS

BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crock, nor skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

CUTLERY

SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

13 E. Front street.

Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

WE HAVE

Sold Nearly

all of our goods bargains which we have advertised so largely, but have a few left which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of between now and the New Year, when we will withdraw any left over, to make room for our large spring stock.

A Reduction of 25 per cent. in overcoats.

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

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(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filed as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without delay, and estimates given for putting in the existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the latest

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Pence streets. Special attention called to the "Dockash" range, which cannot be excelled.

H. AND H. MOORE.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC

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Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of the Exam. Board of Plainfield, I am prepared to do plumbing in any line. 57 or 59 Front street, 8 North avenue. Plainfield N. J.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT

MRS. STEPHENSON'S

49 WEST FRONT STREET,

and examine her new and large assortment of

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Prices all reasonable. No charge for showing goods.

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Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements for parties and those desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel.

Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE.

181 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

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GEO. A. MOORE,

(of The late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

also of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season, at the lowest market prices. Everything kept constantly fresh in stock. Call and be convinced.

Stephen A. Fleming,

28 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of full stocks of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to sell cheaper than any other market.

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

give us a call that we may convince that we DO sell

CHEAPER

that ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered; $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Contractors promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

GREAT REDUCTION

in

WALL PAPERS

Fine assortment of the Celebrated French ILLUMINATED PAPERS.

Handsome paper, by a roll and upward.

ADAMS,

10 PARK AVENUE

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and GRAHAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors and a continuance of the same.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 37 WEST FRONT

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing

GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Madison avenue, Bronx.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsay.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. First South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Children's' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by tickets at the rate of 12 for $1.00. Has just moved with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 2-25-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Demarest's, West end street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 38, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 67 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour. Orange County Butter, fine Hams and Bacon, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar, 1 cans old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Rock, Stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Grass and Garden Seeds. Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 12 East Third street, P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white. Old paper thoroughly cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Bouton.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser.

Hair goods of every description at New York prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, toilet articles, and a complete assortment of costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road.

Dealer in

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

78 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone No. 16.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 32 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,

Drives Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. Also, an engine for sale, 8 horse power; feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 8½ Front street.

I. L. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

Special Notices.

NOTICE

Is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned to apply for the passage of an act at the next session of the Legislature of New Jersey, to repeal the act entitled "An act to incorporate the town of Plainfield, and the various supplements and amendments thereto."

Dated December 12, 1887.

D. R. WEAVER,
JAS. K. ARKWRIGHT.

12-13-87

ATTENTION!

Right about Face!

MARCH!

to the Shoe Store of

J. J. KENNEY,

20 NORTH AVENUE.

where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.

On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls, and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.

SANTA CLAUS.

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

City National Bank.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of nine directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10th, 1888, from one to two o'clock P. M.

J. H. GARDNER, Cashier.

Plainfield, Dec. 7, 1887.

DIVIDEND.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Plainfield, Dec. 7, 1887.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of nine per cent. out of the earnings of the current six months, payable on and after January 1st, 1888.

C. PARSE, Cashier.

BANK ELECTION.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Plainfield, Dec 7, 1887.

The annual election of nine Directors of this bank, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 3, 1888, from 1 to 2 o'clock p. m.

C. PARSE, Cashier.

Still open for a few days, Christmas Wonderland at

ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

23 EAST FRONT STREET.

With breaks in stock filled up and all ready for a

Happy New Year

A line of fresh and unhandled New Year Cards, Diaries for 1888, etc. Prices on all Holiday Goods remaining are cut clear off their feet. Come and see them.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

TRY

B. T. BARNES'

Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.

ALL OUR OWN MAKE.

OPPOSITE P. O.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & FIA. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue, W. B. SLITER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE ALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and the general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—To-morrow will be observed as Epiphany.

—The regular Borough Council meeting will be held to-morrow evening.

—House-keepers will find it to their interest to read carefully Edsall's new advertisement to-day in another column.

—The Plainfield Electric Light Company have been awarded a contract to light the main railroad station here with electric lamps.

—Special services will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow evening at eight o'clock, it being the first Friday in this month.

—A lady who has tried it says that if kid gloves are laid upon a damp towel for two or three minutes they will go on the hand without tearing.

—The live business man can always be told by his advertising after the holiday rush is over. There's always business if you know how to get it.

—The Central Railroad passed out of the hands of Receivers John S. Kennedy and J. T. Harris, yesterday, and will hereafter be run by the company without any aid from a receiver.

—This being the week of prayer, there will be meetings for prayer in the Congregational church, Thursday and Friday evenings at eight o'clock.

—Interesting prayer services are being held nightly in the lecture room of the Trinity Reformed church, the meetings begin at eight o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present.

—Senator James L. Miller of Westfield and Assemblyman John Urhle, of this city are members of the New York World as being in favor of a high license bill if properly presented at the Legislature this Winter.

—The manager of Spencer's "Little Tycoon" company, which will appear at the Stillman Music Hall, Jan. 9th, chose Plainfield as the place of its first appearance because he knowed that the city will appreciate the merits of the new presentation of the opera, and because other cities will be guided by Plainfield's opinion of the piece. And as he is confident that that opinion will be one of commendation he expects to be greeted with crowded houses every night.

—Some of the saloon-keepers are greatly alarmed lest Common Council adopt an ordinance according to the recommendation in Mayor Male's message to increase the license fee from $500 to $1,000. Other saloon-keepers are complacent, as if they were sure they control the Council. The people will watch this matter, we believe, with confidence that the men of Plainfield Common Council are not the class who hesitate a moment in their duty when the issue is the saloon against the people, for that is about the size of the affair in its present shape.

—The leading articles in the issue of "The Library Magazine" for December 24th are: Address on Aphorisms, by John Morley, M. P.; American Museums of Pre-Historic Archæology, by Alfred K. Wallace; Roses and Rose-Culture, from the Quarterly Review; Curiosities of the English Court, right Law, from the Athenæum; Macaulay's Retentive Memory, by Sir Frederick Pollack; Funeral Hymns, from the "Rig Veda," by W. R. Wallace; German Criticism on Shakespeare, by George Saintsbury; also other brief articles. Order direct—not sold by dealers. Single numbers three cents; $1.00 year. John B. Alden, publisher, New York and Chicago.

Library Trustees' Meeting.

President Job Male and Messrs. Babcock, Baldwin, Tracy and Tyler of the Board of Trustees of the Public Library were present at the monthly meeting, last night.

The librarian's report for December was read as follows:

Volumes on accession book, Nov. 30	6789
Added by purchase and exchange	3
" gift of J. Evarts Tracy and J. W. Murray	96
Now in library	6888
Card holders	967
Cash received from fines and sales	$16.24

DECEMBER CIRCULATION.

Fiction	783
Juvenile	195
Biography, Correspondence etc	40
Travel, Description, Geography etc	44
Philosophy	6
Religion Mythology, etc	19
Sociology, Political, Economy, Government etc	39
Philology	3
Natural science	16
Useful Arts, including Medicine	8
Fine Arts	39
Literature	69
History	67
General works, periodicals, etc	1
Number of visitors	1299
	1,118

E. L. ADAMS, Librarian.

Gratitude From Dunellen.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Dunellen may well be proud to have in her midst so gifted a musician as Mrs. Davis, who charmed heart, eye and ear by her ability at the concert held Wednesday in the Presbyterian church. The high culture of voice and manner held more than pen can express and although the audience was not immense it was none the less appreciative, and we the church tender her our warmest thanks. We thank also one tried and true friend, Mr. T. Brown, and his rich compliment to the good song. He is no stranger to the struggles of our church, and we cannot thank him too much. That the laurels which those friends have so justly earned in so good a cause may turn to bright wreaths of glory in the Master's Kingdom is the wish of

A WARM ADMIRER.

GOING FOR ELLIS CAMPBELL.

The Court Says he Ought to Suffer With the Others.

The half-dozen Plainfield young men who assaulted E. J. Nolan were sentenced in New Brunswick yesterday as stated in THE NEWS' special dispatch last evening. They were brought into Court by the constables, and answered to their names, John L. Duckworth, John Hogan, John Barry, Willis McNamara, indicted as Willis Mack, and Thomas Conway. Mr. Berdine presented petitions on behalf of Duckworth, signed by the officials of Plainfield, by Mr. Potter, in whose shops he worked, by the superintendent of the manufactory, by his companions, and by many reputable business men of the town. He also presented affidavits from Dr. Fritts and from witnesses of the affray, who said that Duckworth had not taken an active part in it, and that he had a young wife and four little children, the youngest only two weeks o' age. Nolan had also qualified his testimony and said that he believed Duckworth had tried to save him, and the Prosecutor said that the man had furnished evidence to convict the others.

Judge Adrain followed and pleaded for mercy. He also presented petitions, especially in behalf of McNamara and of Barry, who, it has been testified, was too drunk at the assault to do much. He protested against the attempt to clear Duckworth at the expense of the others, and said that Duckworth had stayed them on, but was too cowardly to strike the blows himself. The real blame, he said, rested with Ellis Campbell, the keeper of the saloon, who, in open violation of the law, kept open on Sunday, sold to minors and to intoxicated men. Barry, was so drunk that he had to be carried out into a stall in the stable to sleep off his "drunk." He said that he had offered to have his clients plead guilty to simple assault, and the Prosecutor had refused to accept the plea. "The verdict of the jury shows that I was right in not having them plead guilty to the atrocious assault," he added. "Campbell is the guilty man in this case. He is an old man, knowing the decencies of life, yet he allows the Holy Sabbath to be desecrated."

Judge Cowenhoven, when these pleas were concluded, addressed the men.

He scattered all the balderdash of the case, and, coming right down to the plain facts, recited the story of the affair. He did not agree with Mr. Adrain as to the degree of seriousness of the crime.

The Prosecutor was undoubtedly right," he said, "in refusing to accept a plea of guilty on only simple assault. This was a case of atrocious assault, if there ever was one, and so premeditated, so cowardly, so flagrant, so brutal, so brutal, as to make no doubt that the perpetrators are fit to live in a civilized community. I repeat," he added, "that if ever there was an unprovoked atrocious assault, this was one."

Conway was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in State Prison at hard labor, with costs, Hogan to the same, McNamara to 18 months'.

"These men," said the Judge, "belong to the Boulevard gang, which is a terror and an anxiety to the people of Plainfield. Duckworth, I believe, does not have received statements from Nolan and others, showing that, though when half drunk he may have sided with his assailants, when he saw their attack he tried to prevent it. In fining him $50, let me say to him that he ought not to be in a hotel, Sunday, drinking beer, but at home with his wife and children, who have also greatly influenced us in our action with him."

Barry was sentenced to three months' imprisonment in jail, and Judge Cowenhoven, in sentencing him, said: "I agree with Mr. Adrain that the principal, the hotel proprietor, rests, partly, this young man's downfall. I regret to say that such a man was licensed by this Court, and now, that we know his character, let me say that with my consent he will never be licensed again. It seems strange to me that the Grand Jury, with these facts before them, did not indict him for his flagrant, open violation of the law."

The mother of Barry, it is reported, will institute proceedings against Campbell for selling liquor to a minor.

The local Assembly of the Knights of Labor offer to give $100 to the Muhlenberg Hospital, if anyone can prove that the convicts were ever members of this branch of the order. They open their books for inspection.

Plans for a Local Poor-Farm.

Messrs. Dunham, Moffett, and Squires, the Committee on Alms of the Common Council are making themselves giving considerable attention to the matter of establishing a Plainfield poor-farm. It is thought by them that here as well as in other cities such an institution might be made self-supporting, and that it would save Plainfield considerable money. The present system is that of "farming out" the local paupers—that is, furnishing them with a boarding place costing the city $3.50 or $4 for each boarder. It is suggested that, if the $1,000 liquor license tax be adopted, the increase of revenue therefrom be set aside for the establishment of a farm. It is estimated that the paupers would be able to raise produce sufficient for their own use, and that nothing—unless it be clothing—would need to be purchased for them.

There would, it is claimed, be far less burden on the local charitable organizations, as well as on the city, were the poor-farm an established fact, and the Alms Committee are sanguine that Common Council before long will adopt measures looking to such establishment.

Mrs. Jackson's Card of Thanks.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Please be kind enough to publish my thanks to the people of this locality who have so kindly assisted me with money and clothing for myself and babies, and everything necessary for my recent illness. I wish to thank especially Dr. William C. Boone for his kind care of me, also the ladies of the Plainfield Relief Association for clothing and medicine and other needed things.

ESTELLA M. JACKSON.

PERSONAL.

Peter B. Wright is now located as Jacksonville, Fla., as hotel clerk.

The Misses Maud and Hattie E. Runyon of Bloomsburgh, Pa., are visiting the family of Mr. D. L. Runyon of 111 West Front street.

Mr. Archie Baird of Morristown, is spending a few days with his aunt, Mrs. Charles B. Stephens, of Second street and Madison avenue.

Ethel, the little daughter of Henry E. Bowen, whose family are spending the winter in New York city, is prostrated with scarlet fever.

The twins born to Mrs. Estella M. Jackson the 9th of last December have been named after relatives, Harriet Martha and Harry Arthur.

David Lyon, organist of the First Baptist church, will entertain the choir, this evening, at the residence of Mrs. J. Runyon, Central avenue.

Wm. Scott Humbert, formerly a resident of Plainfield, was married last week at Stanstead, Canada, to Miss Blanche A. Kennedy of that place.

At their residence on West Front street this evening, Mr. and Mrs. William Bachman will celebrate the fifth anniversary of their marriage.

Thomas, the fourteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Erick Day, died at the residence of his parents at an early hour this morning after a short illness with pneumonia.

At the rectory of the German Reformed church, Tuesday evening, the Rev. F. Koechli united in marriage Frederick Holtbaus and Miss Mina Walter, both of this city.

Among the teas given in Philadelphia last week was one by Miss Greenwood, of 3021 Frankford avenue, to Miss Stephenson of this city. The Philadelphia Press speaks of it as a delightful affair.

The funeral of the late Margaret A., wife of Street Commissioner Geo. M. Angleman, took place from her late residence on West Fourth street, yesterday afternoon, and was largely attended.

The remains of Capt. Wm. P. Gladwin of Evona, who was drowned near Atlantic City last Sunday morning, were last night brought to this city for burial. The captain was 43 years age, and will be buried at Evona Friday at 2:30 p. m.

The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Delia E., wife of Mr. B. F. Lowe of Catskill, N. Y., and mother of Mr. W. E. Lowe of Park avenue, Plainfield, were held at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. The body was laid in the receiving vault at the Hillside Cemetery, awaiting removal to Greenwood.

William Barron, chief of the Washington Warren county, N. J., fire department, with First Assistant Chief Crevilling, of the same place, were in town yesterday. They were shown through the different houses of our department by Chief Waters, and were entertained by ex-Chief Carney and others of our fire laddies. They were well pleased with their visit and departed on the 2:37 p. m. train for Newark, where they are well-known and where they are assured of a right royal welcome from their friends.

Mr. Barron is one of the most popular firemen in the Fourth Congressional District. He was presented by his friends, last week, with a handsome life-size crayon portrait.

Joseph Smith, who died, age 58, at Bound Brook, Tuesday, was buried in that place this afternoon at two o'clock. The deceased was a native of Morley, Yorkshire, England, and had resided in this country about six years. He leaves a widow and eight children, five boys and three girls. Four of the sons are in the United States, one of them, Joseph, Jr., being a compositor in THE NEWS office.

Mrs. A. H. Baldwin of Huntington, L. I., and her daughter, Miss Kate Baldwin, are sojourning for a few weeks at the delightful home of that most energentic of Plainfield citizens, Mr. A. C. Baldwin, of Park avenue, to whom they are related. Mrs. A. H. Baldwin is a granddaughter of DeWitt Clinton, one of the early governors of New York State, and the originator of the Erie Canal, which was completed in 1825. She has two magnificent solid silver vases, presented to her grandfather, Gov. Clinton, by the merchants of the city of New York on the occasion of the opening of the canal, the greatest artificial internal artery of commerce in the world, although at the time it was being built, it was spoken of by persons of less foresight than the indomitable governor, as "Clinton's ditch." She is also a grand-daughter on her mother's side of Hon. John C. Spencer, who half a century ago was a U. S. Senator from New York, and regarded among the brightest legal lights of the country at that time. Efforts are being made to have Mrs. Baldwin loan these vases, referred to in the next art gallery opening, which will probably be next Spring or in early Summer. The vases are each about two feet high, and about four feet in circumference, and are richly carved with figures, representing the canal possibilities, and originally cost $10,000.

$25 For His Whiskers.

The time of the Union County Circuit Court, at Elizabeth, was taken up yesterday with the case of Robert Dutz, saaloon-keeper, against his landlord, Phillip Shauble, and Christian Hauss, who, Lutz alleged, helped the landlord to disturb him and pull his luxuriant whiskers out by the roots. Lutz's story was that he owed Shauble some rent, and when the latter demanded it he informed him that he could not pay him that night. Thereupon, he alleged, Shauble came behind the counter and beat and kicked him while Hauss helped him.

The plaintiff was subjected to a rigid cross-examination, and his story was badly shaken so far as Shauble was concerned. The latter was discharged, and the jury, after having out thirty minutes, brought in a verdict of acquittal for Shauble, and found Hauss guilty of assault, placing Lutz's damages for his whiskers at $25.

The Somerville Messenger appears this week in an improved quarto form. The Messenger is a good newspaper.

Finance Committee's Report.

The following report was presented by Councilman William Taylor, chairman of the finance committee, at the last meeting of the common council:

To the Common Council of the City of Plainfield.

Your finance committee respectfully submit the following report:

The balance in the hands of the treasurer on the first of the year was.....$10,497 34

With the following claims remaining unpaid.

Warrants outstanding	6,249 32
Notes in Bank	5,000 00
Bills contracted in 1886 and not presented until this year	2,611 39
Leaving a deficiency to be met by this council, of	3,373 38

Through a special collector appointed early in the year, delinquent taxes and interest to the amount of $30,286.50 have been collected as follows:

Years previous to and including 1883	$1,308 15
1884	933 49
1885	6,018 35
1886	12,326 54

There have been received from liquor and other licenses | 6,695 00
Rebated tax from Evona | 2,038 34
Other sources, except discounts | 2,167 37
Making a total of | $30,627 31

Deducting $5,110.81 delinquent taxes placed to the credit of the school fund and the poor fund, leaves $25,516.68 for use during the year before taxes of 1887 are available.

The collections on account of this year are $77,130.08, leaving $18,302.80 delinquent.

While the collection of back taxes compares very favorably with any previous year, there are $22,188.99 still delinquent for 1881 to 1886, inclusive. With proper care and perseverance, these amounts should be largely reduced the coming year.

Effort should be made to induce an earlier payment on the part of taxpayers, as the amount delinquent annually is much larger than it should be.

The estimated expenses for the year were $25,823.00; deducting $6,301.00, the estimated receipts from license left $19,525.00, on which basis a tax levy of $20,000.00 was ordered for city purposes.

The expenditures, after deducting $387.54, contributed by property owners toward macadamizing LaGrande avenue, have been:

For street lights	$5,104 90
Water and sewer survey	673 90
Salaries and collector's fees	4,140 00
Election expenses	557 50
Police salaries and uniform	3,110 40
Special detective	1,102 50
Street repairs, etc	6,746 33
Checked stamps	2,011 97
Printing	407 35
Rent and sundries	904 37
	$24,759 36

The expenditures on account of the poor fund have been $557.18 for 1886, and $1,734.90 for this year. This is nearly $600 above the estimate. The extra amount was easily paid out of the balance to the credit of the poor fund the first of the year, but it is plain that the increased population of the city will necessitate larger appropriations for this purpose.

The balance now in the hands of the treasurer is $14,480.96 against which there is a note for $5,000, and warrants amounting to $5,291.54 outstanding.

WM. TAYLOR, Chairman.

Somerset County Courts.

On Thursday the appeal list, which was set for this time, was postponed until Jan. 5.

A jury was drawn, but not sworn, to try case No. 3 on the Circuit calendar, before Judge Magie, on Tuesday.

The jury in State vs. Moynehan and Curren was charged and retired. At 11:25 a verdict of not guilty was returned.

The case of State vs. James Hannan, for assault, was called, John A. French, esq., appearing for defendant. A jury was drawn but was subsequently discharged on account of the non-appearance of the defendant, whose bail was declared forfeited.

State vs. John Daniels, John Konac, Jacob Uhouse and Michael Dubeglie, for assault. Daniels and Uhouse defendants not appearing their bail was declared forfeited unless they were produced in court.

State vs. George Suydam, indicted last term for breaking and entering the stable of Luther Bartle, on May 16, and stealing a horse, was put on trial, John Schomp, esq., appeared for defense. The State made peremptory challenges and the defense 5.

On Friday the application of Benjamin Billam for license to keep a hotel in Bound Brook was withdrawn.

State vs. Suydam. Testimony closed at 2 p. m. Case summed up, John Schomp, esq., making the argument for defense.

On Saturday the jury was charged in case of State vs. Suydam. It remained out all day and was discharged just by Judge Scudder in the evening, as the jurors reported they could nor agree on a verdict.

On Tuesday, Judge Magie presiding, case No. 3 on the Circuit list was put on trial. This is an action on contract, between Woolston & Bausch and W. J. Sanford. The jury were out all night, and brought in a verdict at 9 a. m. yesterday, of $200 for plaintiff. Court adjourned until to-day.

Democratic Officers Elected.

The members of the Democratic Association held their annual meeting in the Democratic Hall on West Front street, at eight o'clock last evening, and elected the following officers to serve for the ensuing year:

President—James E. Martine.

Vice Presidents—First Ward, G. Warren Watson; Second Ward, Robert L. Livingston; Third Ward, Roscoe Channing; Fourth Ward, Nathan Harper.

Financial Secretary—Louis F. Wadsworth.

Corresponding Secretary—Louis M. Stover.

The Association then adopted two sets of resolutions, one commending the present administration, and the other calling on the Common Council to meet as soon as possible and formulate a plan of general organization

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Arrested for Hannah's Murder.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Five youthful Thugs, none over 20 years of age, have been arrested for the murder of Wm. J. Hannah, of 693 West 22d street. The names are kept secret.

Badly Hurt While Coasting.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Jan. 5.—While coasting near here, Tuesday night, two large sleds, on which were ten young people, collided. A boy named Herrs suffered a fracture of the left thigh, and Miss Van Rensselaer had both bones of the left leg broken. It may be necessary to amputate the limb.

Mayor Haynes's Unique Message

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 5.—Mayor Haynes's message, given out yesterday, is a unique document. In complaining of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company the mayor says: "A few first class funerals, the subjects furnished from the directors of that road, would make room for a reasonable board; one that would not treat a city of 200,000 inhabitants as it pays them hundreds of thousands of dollars yearly, worse than they treat any country village from Hoboken to Buffalo. It becomes us on all occasions to be reconciled to the will of the Lord. If in His wisdom He should see fit to remove the officers of the railroad, the city of Newark would be perfectly reconciled to His dispensation."

TELEGRAPIC TWINKLES.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 5.—The fight to a finish between Killen and Conley arranged for March 1st is off.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 5.—In the Democratic Legislature caucus last night Senator Beck was chosen nominee for United States Senator by acclamation.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—It is said that the carpet weaving manufactures will order a shut-down about February 1st, in order to get rid of the large stock now on hand. The suspension will probably be of two weeks.

QUINCY, Mass., Jan. 5.—The printers on the all the French papers here are on strike for nine hours per day and increased pay. Fears are entertained that the strike may extend to the boot and shoe manufactories here.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 5.—Another explosion supposed to have been caused by naptha occurred yesterday. Part of the flooring of No. 3 engine house was torn up, and a firemen named Rice washedly injured.

—How lonesome is the fireside when there is no newspaper! Ask the man who has a family newspaper to read, with the latest news, the good stories, and the general information that fills value. Let him be deprived of it for a few weeks, and then ask him to put an estimate upon it. It will have risen higher in his esteem than ever—Ex.

STATE NOTES.

The dry grass on the meadows at the foot of Wright street, Newark, took fire from the smoke from locomotive sparks and the flames communicated with one of the oil pipes belonging to the Standard Oil Company. There was a leak in the pipe, and for a short time there was a big blaze, but no damage was done.

Henry Ebert, the alleged wife-murderer, who has been in the Jersey City, Hospital for more than a month, has recovered, and is now safely in the Hudson County Jail. Richter, who was with Ebert when he purchased the pistol with which he shot his wife, has been found and is detained as a witness.

A suit of Charles Wregge, a Jersey City florist, against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for $10,000 damages, is being tried in the Circuit Court at Newark. The florist's hot houses and flower beds were inundated with water from the railroad company's new cut through Bergen Hill, and Mr. Wregge claims that the company is responsible for it. The defense will be that the company's land was a nuisance and that Wregge leased it to them on.

Louis Conkling, age thirty-two, a driver in the employ of Henry Wagon, a lumber merchant, was driving his team past the Harvard Savings institution on Broad street, at Newark, yesterday, when he was thrown upon his feet and plunge head-forward between the shafts to the ground. One of the wheels of the heavy wagon passed over his neck. He died in half an hour. Conklin had been a notable figure in Central Ward politics during his position as driver. He was probably armed with vertigo.

George H. LaHarpe, one of the wealthiest men of Somerville, died on April 19th, 1886, at the Asylum Wednesday. Hahns bain out of his mind for several weeks, but has had lucid intervals. Before he went to the asylum he was engaged to be married on Wednesday he was induced to go to the asylum, where it was thought by the family he would be under more effective treatment than could be given him at home. He gave up active business life about fifteen years ago, when he went to Somerville. He was born in Wales, and was 70 years old. He leaves a widow and seven children. Mr. LaHarpe was a well-known Welsh preacher, and many were the sermons he delivered in the Welsh tongue. He was very energetic and daring, and many were doing a good business. When the New York & Greenwood Lake Railroad called for stock most down to thirteen cents, Mr. LaHarpe bought all he could at that price. In 1881 it was worth a dollar, and he then sold it and cleared, according to his own figures, over $1,000,000.

Died.

GLADWIN.—Suddenly, Jan. 1st, Capt. Wm. P. Gladwin, aged 43 years.

Funeral services at the residence of Mrs. Davis, Evona, Friday at 2:30 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding days of the past three years, kept by Druggist Dr. Day, corner of Front street and Park avenue:

	1888	1887	1886	1885
7 a. m.	32	14	Sun rises	7 25
2 p. m.	39	14	Sun sets	4 55
9 p. m.	32	14	Sun rises	7 25
7 p. m.	32	14	Moon rises	

THE SEASON

is now at hand when housekeepers begin to look after their linens and suit cotton flannels keeping goods.

THE BARGAINS

We offer below are something that are not often to be found in the market, and doubtless will interest all in need of such goods.

The quantities we have of each are not large, and we would suggest, if you intend to take advantage of the extraordinary Low Prices, it will be necessary to be prompt as we expect a rapid sale on them.

Crochet Quilts at 75c, worth $1.
Crochet Quilts at 98c, worth $1.25.
Crochet Quilts at $1.48, worth $1.75.
Linen Towels Bleached Damask 18 inches at 9c worth 15c.
Linen Towels, larger, at 12c, worth 18c.
Linen Towels for glass at 10c, worth 14c.
Linen Crashes from 4c up.
Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, 58in wide at 39c, worth 55c.
Barnsley's Linen Table Damask 58in wide at 49c, worth 65c.
Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, 68in wide at 59c, worth 75c.
Barnsley's Linen Table Damask 72in wide, at 69c worth 85c.
Bleached 2 1-4 yard Sheets, wide at 65c, worth 85c.
We will offer other Bargains in Bleached Goods also which are not advertised here.
There will be bargains in Linen Napkins and bargains in Canton Flannel.

We have just received a lot of the Best Calicos, new fresh goods, will sell them as long as they last at 6c per yard. They are the regular 8c quality.

If you wish to get genuine Bargains in real good goods you can depend on finding them at

EDSALL'S. EDSALL'S,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

Sham, the Great Tycoon of Japan, would be Pleased to see you at

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Monday Evening, January 9, 1888,

An Ideal and Refined Production of the

LITTLE TYCOON

Under the personal supervision of the author. An ideal cast and chorus. The finest costumes ever worn on the American stage. Special scenery, surpassing the first production in elegance. Everything new. Company consists of 30 people. On this occasion the author will personally conduct the orchestra of 12 pieces.

From the Philadelphia Record, January 1, 1888:

"The Little Tycoon" Company, under the management of C. Brotherton for the production for two years of "The Little Tycoon" expired at 12 o'clock last night. The author has written a new opera, a grand one, and one on a scale of exceeding splendor, and has personally rehearsed his principals and chorus here for a week. The company will be the finest ever organized for the full cost of Mr. Spencer's new company now stands as follows: General Knickerbocker, Fred Leslie; Sham, Harry Bates; Wing Ding, Harvey; Rufus Brady, H. S. Dumont; Dolly Dingle, Edward Everett; Teddy, Joseph Mackey; Montgomery, W. H. Nelson; Custom House officers, Frank Violet, Ada Gleason. The executive staff of the new "Tycoon" company will include: Stage Manager, W. H. Nelson; stage manager and ballet master, W. H. Nelson; stage manager and W. S. Rosenbusman manager. The chorus of twenty four voices is probably the most magnificent ever gathered for a similar purpose, and the lyric attainments of the leading soprano, Miss Grace Hawe, have highly spoken of by Signor Charles Fox, the musical artist, who painted the previous set for this opera says that the new work he has executed for the new "Tycoon" is the handsomest and most effective piece of scenic decorations. The tourist brigade and other costumes by Van Horn & Son, of this city and the Jansen Co., of New York, will be unique and elegant. The embroidering on the Tycoon's robe alone occupied seven weeks' work by skilled Japanese artists. Hand drop curtains, and all drops are entirely new and the best performance of the company will be given at Plainfield, N. J. A carload of Philadelphians will be on hand to witness the refurbishment of the "Tycoon" and welcome it to the public. Dates have been booked up to June 1, upon favorable terms, and Mr. Spencer anticipates a prosperous season.

Reserved seats for sale at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's drug stores, Friday, January 6th. Prices as usual.

Cent-a-Word-Column

SPECIAL

MUSLIN SALE

for the next few days we will sell all the standard brands of Bleached and Unbleached Muslins very much below market prices.

Ladies' White Aprons

We have just received another case of those Ladies' White Aprons, trimmed with Lace and Insertion which we are still selling at 25c

REMNANTS OF RIBBON.

In Black, Brown and Cardinal, all widths, we are closing them out at 4c per yard.

Cloaks! Cloaks!

We have decided to make a deduction of 20 per cent on every cloak sold by us until further notice. We still possess a large assortment to the amount of 45 or over, as elegant and rich as ever offered in this section.

I. H. BOEHM,

7 W. FRONT STREET.

Ladies' and Misses

SKATING

BOOTS

Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Youth's

DANCING SHOES.

Doane & VanArsdale

One-price Boot and Shoe House,

22 West Front street.

A LADY would like position, one or two hours daily, as governess to small children. Box 1945. 4-2

APARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 22 West Third street. 30-4tf

BOARD—Good Board in Private family at $4 per week, near Potter's Press Works. Inquire Wm. Westphal, grocer. 5-5

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 94 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 5-3

FOR SALE—A neat, seven room house on West Front street, near Pond Tool works; lot, 30x200 feet, price $2,800. Address P. O. Box 166. 4-2

GIRL wanted for general housework. Address H. M., care of Evening News. 4-2

SITUATION WANTED—By a coach washer and broner, also waitress, no objection city or country. Call at 28 New street.

$2,500 to loan on first mortgage security. Apply to E. C. Mallord, broker, opposite depot. 1-5 tf*

USEFUL MAN—By a young temperate man. Can speak German. Willing to do almost generally useful. A good home preferred. Address E. O., Plainfield, N.J.

WANTED—Situation as bookkeeper or general clerk by L. I. A., Box 466, City. 2

Y DO U

pay $2.00 to the DOCTOR, for the prescription; about as much to the Druggist for filling it, when for 50c

YOU CAN BUY

a bottle of CARL KAERTH'S

Nerve Food Tonic

for Dyspepsia, Nervous and Blood Disorders! All druggists.

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. Hoshour, Editor and Proprietor,

Is published every afternoon at

No. 7 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week. It may be ordered to be left at any office in the United States, at the same price, payable in advance.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1888.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—It is asserted that for recognition of his services to the government in Ireland Mr. Balfour will shortly be promoted to a higher position in the ministry than that of chief secretary for Ireland. The opinion that the executive branch of the Irish National league in Dublin is to be suppressed is ascertained to be wholly groundless. Mr. Balfour personally drafted the report, and supplemental to his denial with the statement that the government has at no time considered such action necessary, particularly in view of the fact that evidences of the weakening and ultimate disintegration of the league are accumulating daily. There are other persons quite as well informed of the strength and activity of the league and the determination of its leaders who do not agree with Mr. Balfour in this assertion, but the expression of the chief secretary, as above, showing the real confidence of the government in the Irish policy and the absence of intention on the part of the executive authorities to extend its representative powers at present.

The condition of Mr. Sexton has taken a change for the worse, and it is now feared that he cannot recover. The physicians are resorting to every method of treatment calculated to save the life of their patient, but do not appear hopeful of success.

Mr. John Hay is at Torquay. Elaborate preparation is making for his reception in Dublin, and $2,000 has already been subscribed toward the expenses of his entertainment in the Irish capital.

The wife of James Stewart, the champion pugilist of Scotland, brought suit against her husband a few days ago to obtain alimony, this being one of the principal charges were $100 a week, none of which he applied to her support. The case was tried yesterday, when Stewart put in a general denial. As to his earnings he declared that the Americans had monopolized the profession of pugilism to an extent which left it impossible for home talent to make an honest living. The magistrate took the same gloomy view of the present and future of the manly art, but thought there was still sufficient activity in Scotch pugilism to justify Stewart in paying his wife nine shillings a week, and so ordered.

The annual conference of professional musicians was held in this city yester ay. The lord mayor of London presided. Professor Culiza Lavelle, of Boston, read a paper on "The Advance of Music in America." The American Music Teachers' association was also represented, and spoke. It now has a firm hold in every state and in Canada. The conference tendered Professor Lavelle a cordial vote of thanks.

Died at the Age of 109.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 5.—Mrs. Susan Beardsley, living near this city, died Tuesday at the great age of 109 years. She was born in England. When a young woman she emigrated to this country, landing in New York on the morning of December, 1776, the death of Gen. Washington, when the city was draped in mourning and the flags were at half mast on the vessels in the harbor.

Two Men Injured.

GALVESTON, Tex., Jan. 5.—The north bound passenger train on the Missouri Pacific railroad yesterday collided with a section of the St. Louis south bound express. Both locomotives were badly wrecked. None of the persons were killed or injured. Engineer Ward, of the north bound train, and a mail agent, whose name is unknown, are the only ones reported injured.

Twenty-six Persons Killed.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 5.—Two express trains on the Dutch State railway came into collision near Meppel yesterday while running at a high rate of speed. The engines and cars were totally wrecked and twenty six persons were killed. The number of injured is not exactly known, but it is very large. Both trains were filled with passengers.

Made Happy at Last.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—In consideration of the great service rendered to her majesty, in response to both colonial and foreign relations, she has conferred a knight commandership of the Order of St. Michael and St. George upon Mr. John Fender, president of the Direct United States Cable company.

$20,000 for the Loss of a Husband.

WORCESTER, Mass. Jan. 5.—In the superior court yesterday the jury in the case of Mrs. Frances E. Shalaber vs. George E. Fairbanks, a druggist, in an action of tort to recover $10,000 damages for the alleged negligence of her husband's death, returned a verdict of $2,000 for the plaintiff.

Hanlan Not Satisfied.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—Edward Hanlan, the Canadian oarsman, has announced his intention of coming to England after completing his engagements in Australia by issuing a challenge to row any sculler in the world for the championship, the race to occur on the Tyne course in September.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Rev. T. De Witt Talmage has accepted the congeniality of the Thirteenth regiment, N. G., S. N. Y., made vacant by the death of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

President Carnot, of France, is said to have written to Emperor William, of Germany, that he would never be persuaded to withdraw allow his government to adopt a war like policy.

White and colored troops at Jefferson Barracks, St. Louis, Mo., had an affray, in which three soldiers were seriously injured. It was pay day, and too much whisky was taken.

The strike of the French printers in Quebec caused the partial suspension of the French papers, and has given rise to severe reflections on Cardinal Gibbons' position on the labor question.

The jubilee of the pope was celebrated last night by the laity in Cooper Union, New York. For the first time in twelve months Archbishop Corrigan appeared in public.

Charles Arbuckle, the millionaire coffee merchant, says that Miss Clara Campbell, who is suing him to recover $100,000 for breach of promise, never was engaged to him. The case is on trial before Judge Beach, in the supreme court, New York city.

A river coal men at Pittsburg succeeded in selling out between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 bushels of coal for southern points.

The Prince of Wales has instructed his private secretary, Mr. Knollys, to deny the report that he is a member of the committee organized to get down Jem Smith and John Kilrain.

A wrecked vessel has been sighted off Waterford, Ireland, which is supposed to be the Ida, which sailed from San Francisco with a cargo of wheat for Liverpool.

TWO EMINENT STATESMEN

DISCUSS THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE IN THE SENATE CHAMBER.

Mr. Sherman Criticises and Replies to That Now Famous Document of the Nation's Executive, While Mr. Voorhees Lends His Eloquence to Its Defense.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The senate yesterday listened to two carefully prepared tariff speeches, one for and the other against the message. The protection speech was delivered by a possible candidate for president on the Republican ticket, the other by a frequently mentioned candidate for the same office on the Democratic ticket. Sherman and Voorhees both did well, and were warmly congratulated by their party friends. It had been for some time known that Mr. Sherman would speak, and his friends were on hand to hear him. Mr. Voorhees had not been so freely advertised, but he had a fine audience, who were highly pleased with his effort.

Mr. Sherman, after referring to the fact that the president had in his message dropped every other subject to consider the surplus revenue, said that the existence of a surplus, instead of being a danger, was an indication of a continuous increase of the domestic productions of the country and its foreign and domestic commerce, and of the steady improvement of its financial condition. Larger surpluses had frequently been dealt with wisely by Republican administrations, being either applied to the payment of the public debt, or its accumulation having been prevented by the adoption of new forms of taxes. The only Republican congress in ten years had largely reduced internal taxes and customs duties to meet the very difficulty which now alarmed the president. They had not the president followed the example of his predecessors by using the power conferred upon the secretary of the treasury and applying the surplus to the reduction of the public debt? If he regarded this growing surplus as a danger, why had he not brought his influence to bear upon congress to provide for a reduction of taxation? And why had not congress applied the remedy? The only answer was that a controlling majority of the members of the house would not allow a bill to be reported unless it contained provisions which, in the opinion of a majority of the members of the house, would bring ruin or injure the factory domestic production, creating distress and reduce wages. Even without a reduction of taxation the surplus revenue might have been applied for great national objects for the votes of the president for the failure of the secretary of the treasury to exercise plain discretionary powers conferred upon him by law, and for the failure of the Democratic house of representatives to make appropriations for some of the highest national objects demanded. The president had, it was said, been greatly neglected at a frivolous reason, refused his signature to the river and harbor bill, which would have appropriated more than $10,000,000 for necessary public works, and by his veto of the dependent pension bill he had withheld from Union soldiers appropriations made for their relief, by honor, and refused to provide for a system of coast defenses for proper increase and building up of the navy and of the commercial marine, for postal communication, for the improvement of inland water, and for the encouragement and support of schools. It had also neglected or refused to appropriate the $8,000,000 of deficiencies actually found to be due, or to be found due by the senate, been made by the house and approved by the president, and had the residue of the surplus been applied to the purchase of bonds, the condition of the treasury, which now so alarmed the president, would not have existed, the public debt would have been greatly reduced, and improvements of vital importance to American commerce would be in course of construction.

Mr. Voorhees (Dem., Ind.) then addressed the senate upon the same subject. He spoke at a high rate of speed. The engines and cars were totally wrecked and twenty six persons were killed. The number of injured is not exactly known, but it is very large. Both trains were filled with passengers.

A WOMAN'S INFATUATION.

Sensational Developments Expected in a Will Contest Case.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 5.—Newport is preparing for a sensational trial, which will reveal the skeleton in the closet of a very respectable family, and which in many ways has not its equal in the records of the courts. Some time ago Mrs. Mary Alden Hazard, who directly connected with a very respectable family residing on the Island. Her name was Miss Ellen Albro, and she had an interest to the extent of several thousand dollars in an estate in Middletown. After her death it immediately became known that she had made a will in favor of a colored woman named James Hazard, who belongs to a family of negroes in the Narragansett country of this state. The mother of Miss Albro, at one time a resident of Newport, lived in the same house as Hazard. Directly after it became known that Miss Albro had made a will in favor of Hazard an inquiry was made by the coroner into the cause of her death, but nothing was elicited to show foul play. The provision of the will in which she disposed of her property gave it for life to her mother, and then in fee simple to Hazard. Now a fierce contest is to be made over the probating of the will, and there will doubtless be some sensational and heartrending revelations. Ex-United States Senator Sheffield has been engaged to contest the will.

Wrecked by an Explosion.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., Jan. 5.—The boiler in Burnham's mill in Cassadaga, a small village twelve miles from here, exploded yesterday afternoon. The explosion was caused by turning the inspirator upon an empty boiler. The mill was levelled to the ground, and a large amount of property in the vicinity was damaged. George Burnham, foreman, was found about three rods from the mill, crushed and bleeding. He was badly cut and bruised, both legs were broken, and he cannot live. Herman Burnham, proprietor, was badly hurt in the face and body. Walter Whitney, a mill hand, was thrown a long distance and badly hurt, but not fatally injured. A passer-by, Harrison Cole, was also injured by a piece of the boiler and knocked down. He is badly injured. Pieces of the boiler were sent through the air for hundreds of feet, and, falling, crashed through buildings.

His Body Torn to Pieces.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 5.—While Burnham's mill is in pieces in an accident at Avery's plow factory here yesterday. He operated a large steam hammer in the blacksmith's shop. The belting became disengaged, and Fedder climbed upon the machine to fix it. Suddenly the belting slipped to its proper position, and before he could save himself the machinery was engaged by the drivers, and he was whirling around the shaft. His legs was torn from his body, and hurled a distance of twenty feet. Then an arm was jerked off, and then the head. The wheel went round the crunching of the bones could be heard as the body struck against the beam above. It was almost two minutes before the other employes recovered themselves sufficiently to stop the machinery. Death was instantaneous.

Arrested for Murder.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—JOHN FOLEY, aged 30 has just been arrested for the murder of Denny Kearney on Christmas day in the Polo grounds. The police have been keeping two or three suspected parties in sight ever since the murder, but not till now has sufficient evidence been obtained to warrant an arrest. Foley was one of a gang whom Kearney was with on the night of the murder, has finally been forced by the detectives to admit that he witnessed the murder. Tim Foley stabbed Kearney during a quarrel over the division of some stolen goods. Foley, on being shown Murphy's statement, admitted that he killed Kearney, but he claims that it was done in self defense. Murphy is also under arrest.

To Improve the Canals.

ALBANY, Jan. 5.—The sub-committee of the Canal union conferred with Superintendent Buchanan yesterday in relation to the $1,000,000 to be asked from the legislature for the improvement of the canals. The conference was a lengthy one, and the apportionment of the money fully agreed upon. For the Erie canal $600,000 is asked. Of this sum $350,000 will be used for the the extension of fourteen locks, and $250,000 for the "abandoning cut" on the south of the people as a token, as a promise of relief, reform and redemption from one who had never been known to forget or forgotten a public duty. The president had declared for the low tariff opposed. Since the matchless and immortal inaugural of Jefferson on the 4th of March, 1801, no president has had ever emanated from the chief magistrate of this government more able, more elevated in statesmanship, more humane and benevolent in the general welfare and good government than the message under consideration.

At the close of Mr. Sherman's speech Mr. Sherman moved that the message be referred to the finance committee, but the motion was not acted upon.

Sentenced for Thirty-one Years.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 5.—Three of the men who committed a burglary to the extent of $20,000 at Campbellsville, Ky., two months ago, and burned the town in the hope of escaping in the confusion, were convicted and sentenced there yesterday. They were the two Keiser and Miller. They pleaded guilty of burglary, but not guilty of arson. They were sentenced to the penitentiary for thirty-one years, five years and two years respectively, and twenty-one years for arson. The other two will be tried at once.

CHAMBERLAIN'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Toronto Globe Favorable to the Retaliation Policy.

TORONTO, Jan. 5.—The Globe, in a leader headed "Mr. Chamberlain Enlightened," says:

"Mr. Chamberlain must have ascertained in Canada that the people are unanimously for a large measure of reciprocity, and that most of the opposition to the latter comes not so much from the people as from those free trade in principle, whether it can be obtained on terms that will leave Canada's political institutions undisturbed.

"If the British and American congress would adopt the Butterworth bill it is extremely unlikely that even the Tory government of Canada would dare refuse the proffered boon. But even without the aid of commercial union on this side of the line is blocked by the natural fear that the other side may make no practical response. The government at Washington may be similarly doubtful of the Canadian meaning. With his knowledge of the state of feeling in the United States, Mr. Chamberlain is in a position to attempt the truly diplomatic work of bringing to an agreement two parties that desire a settlement, but that distrust each other's good mind to venture on distinct propositions. Should he actively exert himself to further reciprocity in the largest degree consistent with fiscal autonomy he will earn the gratitude of this country. Should he succeed he will be justly ranked with the greatest benefactors."

THE KEYSTONE STRIKERS.

NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN THE SITUATION ON THE READING.

The Miners Full of Fight and Confident of Victory—The Company Is Patiently Waiting Policy—Powderly Too Ill to Take an Active Part.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 5.—In the Schuylkill region there are seemingly but two strikers, the forty-odd Philadelphia and Reading collieries in working order, besides a number of Lehigh collieries. Four of the latter started up this morning, but the other collieries worked yesterday, the individuals paying the advance, and the company continuing the old scale. Most of the collieries in the Schuylkill will start up to-morrow and start work in a day or two. The will issue the Coal and Iron company to fight the labor battle alone. They accept the issue, and in the language of the head of the publication department yesterday afternoon with Manager Whiting and superintendent Veith it was decided to wait the return to work of their employes, and then call another meeting and guarantee safety to all who want to be employed. Most of the individual collieries are resuming time to ship over the Reading railroad. The company expects to start several other of its mines this week, and claims that there is no strike in the Lehigh region. The executive committee it is said that the miners are out in sympathy with them. At the miners' headquarters it is declared that the strike is simply one of wage question.

"But will the miners cut coal to be handled by scab railroaders?" asked the reporter of a prominent Amalgamated man.

"That question will be considered when we have got this out of the way. I don't think that there is any disposition to complicate matters."

The Schuylkill men fear that the Lehigh men will become disheartened and go back to work and bring ruin on the plans of the leaders. There is no other, and, fact is the Lehigh region this strike has been used as a powerful lever. It has been pointed out to the more influential strikers there that, with supplies of coal from the Schuylkill region cut off, the Lehigh men have no hope of sustaining the strike, and that if they will go to work they will be treated with. A Lehigh official stated that a few days would settle the strike there.

At an informal meeting of business men of Pottsville last evening, it was suggested that a committee of prominent men of the county be appointed to meet Mr. Corbin in person at an early day, and endeavor to reach some conclusion to avoid the dire disaster of a long strike in the Schuylkill region.

SCRANTON, Jan. 5.—John L. Lee and C. J. Farne, of the executive committee of the Reading strikers, came to Scranton yesterday to put their case before General Master Workman Powderly, but he was not well enough to consider the matter, and it was referred to the general executive board at Philadelphia. Mr. Powderly denied with strong emphasis that he had at any time expressed an opinion adverse to the action of the strikers.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—The situation in the Reading railroad strike here is practically unchanged, and the freight traffic, the various officials declare, is not yet regular and unimpeded. All vacancies caused by the strike have been filled, and the company receives hundreds of applications every day from men desiring employment.

Work is going on as usual at Port Richmond, and no signs of a strike are apparent. The Port Richmond Iron Works, of which Agent Keim was besieged yesterday by throngs of idle men. They wanted work, and seemed eager and willing to do anything the general agent wished. The applications were received, but the men were told that the places of the strikers had been filled, and that no additional help was needed.

President Corbin to-day issued an address to the miners ordering them back to work. If they refuse he says their places will be filled by new men that can be obtained in great numbers from other parts of the country.

ELIZABETHPORT, Jan. 5.—The situation at the Reading coal docks here remains unchanged. The company has a full complement of new men, and several applicants for work have been refused.

Who Will Succeed Him?

TRENTON, Jan. 5.—Considerable interest is felt among the members of the bench and bar, and also the politicians, touching the succession to ex-Governor Joel Parker's place on the supreme court bench. The names mentioned are those of G. W. Vroom and Judge John H. Stewart, of this city, Judge Charles T. Cowenhoven, of Middlesex county, and Prosecutor Charles H. Hendrickson, of Burlington county. Governor Green, who is to make the appointment, probably has a much longer list to select from. He may give the state another surprise, as he did when he appointed Chancellor McGill.

Bishop O'Farrell Robbed.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 5.—Burglars got into the residence of Bishop Michael J. O'Farrell late last night. They ransacked the apartments, and then, having found nothing which they cared to take, they entered a room in which he by sleeping. Their movements must have been heard, indeed, as the bishop is not a heavy sleeper. He heard nothing. The burglars opened his dressing case and found a gold watch, a gold chain, large pectoral cross, studded with rubies and diamonds, and two valuable amethyst rings, in one of which was a small cross of minute diamonds.

Wolves in Sheep's Clothing.

HASBROUCK, N. H., Jan. 5.—Moody, the whitehaired Salvation Army leader, who was summoned yesterday to three years' imprisonment for obtaining young girls, and Hudson, lately a blacksmith of Port Jervis, Union, whose trial was next called, are only two out of about twenty citizens of Manchester and vicinity who have been arrested and held to answer to the charges of the offense described. The accused are men of considerable prominence, and the trials attract great attention. The speech of the deeply solicited counsel, the prosecution revealed a terrible state of affairs, and most sensational developments are expected.

To Encourage Negro Industry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Mr. Blair introduced a bill in the senate yesterday to encourage the building of cotton factories. It appropriates $1,000,000 annually for the industrial exposition of arts, mechanics and productions of the colored race throughout the United States in Atlanta, Ga., in 1888-89. It proposes an appropriation for this purpose of $600,000, to be expended under the direction of a board of commission, to be appointed by the president.

The Great Railroad Question.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—The Sun this morning says: "Jay Gould, president of the Missouri Pacific Railroad company, by his counsel, ex-Senator Conkling and Judge Shipman, occupying the entire evidence of the people in the Gould-Sharp case. This closes the case, and the full account of the case, and, as would be expected from the eminence of the counsel, makes a good showing for the company.

THE ROCHESTER EXPLOSION.

Investigation Evidence by a Former Employe of the Powder Works.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 5.—A supplemental inquest was held this morning by the coroner in the Naphtha explosion case last evening in the testimony of A. S. Miller, a former superintendent of the Vacuum Oil Works. He described various explosions and leakages which he allowed occurred at the oil works during his stay there, and also testified that a number of men were carried into the old canal, and that oil had entered into the canal through them. He said that while he was at the works one of the high oil tanks was struck by lightning, after which the oil and sediment could be drawn off into a ditch which flowed into the canal. He also testified that about seven years ago he found the water in the canal covered with oil. He had reported the matter to the board of health, and that there might have been a connection made by mistake, which would have caused the explosion. He also said that he had been told of one explosion which occurred in the old canal, and that it had caused a fish to be found on the bank of the canal.

The Vacuum Oil Company Again.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 5.—An explosion occurred in No. 3 engine house yesterday afternoon. Part of the flooring was torn up, some furniture wrecked, and a fireman named Rice badly hurt about the head. The explosion came apparently from the Platt street sewer, which is near the engine house. This brought the total up to five from the naphtha explosion recently, and much alarm is again created. Public feeling against the oil company is becoming very strong.

Buffalo's Bill's New Departure.

MANCHESTER, Jan. 5.—Col. Cody is to a new departure in the line of his show by adding to it the realistic scene of a prairie on fire and torn up effects, showing by means of a powerful wind machine the violent sweeping of certain regions to knock down lines and blow over a couple. About 12,000 spectators hailed the novelty and all the old favorites with unusual applause.

New Coal Fields Discovered.

CARLISLE, Pa., Jan. 5.—Coal has been discovered in the Blue mountains, in a district where none of the mineral was supposed to exist. A vein following mountains, 4 feet thick, has been uncovered in the Cove mountains, at Hartmann's Mills, Rye Township, Perry county. The prospecting parties are now at work along the ridges.

Glass Workers Will Not Compromise.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 5.—The executive committee of flint glass makers held two sessions yesterday and adjourned without accomplishing a settlement of the lockout. They made a concession to the workers consisting certain "lists" for agreement, but the men refused to consider them, standing firmly on their original position.

Cholera Among the Hogs.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 5.—Near the outskirts of the city hundreds of hogs have been put out of the way by cholera. The disease has broken out in the yards, and the swine are dying in large numbers. Tuesday the garbage cart was loaded with dead hogs, drawing them to the bone yard, upward of 25 having died during the day.

The Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—The legislature convened yesterday, and it was the quietest opening for many years. In the senate Sidney C. Bourdon, republican, of 37 was chosen president, and was declared elected. He made a short address, urging a short session. The house elected Joseph H. Keyes as speaker and Edward McLaughlin as clerk.

Reception to Governor Lounsbury.

HARTFORD, Jan. 5.—The reception of the First company, governor's foot guards, to the governor of Connecticut was tendered Governor Lounsbury at Allyn Hall last night. The event was the social event of the year, and was largely attended by the most prominent people of the state.

Will Not Pardon the Minister.

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—Governor Ames yesterday, in reply to a query, said in his mind used to pardon Rev. Mr. Davis, imprisoned here for preaching on the common without the requisite permit, which he could have had for the asking.

Philadelphia's New Opera House.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—The new Grand Opera house, at the corner of Broad street and Montgomery avenue, will be open for public inspection in a few days, and before long the initial performances will be given. The building will hold 6,000 people, and the stage is 120 feet deep by 60 feet wide. The house is to be lit by electricity, but will also be fitted for gas. The total cost of the house and fittings was $300,000.

An Eclipse Volcano.

SOLLADEVILLE, Pa., Jan. 5.—On the farm of Simon Snyder, about a mile and a half several days ago issuing from the ground, and in order to ascertain its origin a number of neighbors assisted in making excavations. When only a few feet down a large fissure became so hot that the men had to quit digging. It was said yesterday that 300 pieces of ice were thrown up, and the smoke has become very dense.

A Manitoba Girl

PITTSBURG, Jan. 5.—David Gregg, father of Rev. David Gregg, Jr., of the Park Street church, Boston, has given $100,000 to the Presbyterian Orphan's home in this city. Mr. Gregg is worth at least $750,000, all made by his own efforts. He is a Scotchman, came here when 17 years old, and made his money in dry goods and real estate. He is a strict churchman.

A Negro Dude's Strange Death.

BURNSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 5.—Rather a tragic and sudden death occurred here a few days ago from the effects of overexertion in dancing. Yesterday Dr. Dey learned that a negro named Wilson, who had been very well said to wear a corset tightly laced on each occasion, and while dancing slipped and fell once or twice, causing internal injuries which caused his death in less than forty-eight hours.

Young Dodge in New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 4.—Walter Phelps Dodge, whose recent attempt at matrimony in New York was such a direful failure, was in the city yesterday and this morning for examination on his conditional studies in Alumni hall. It is not known whether he will rejoin his class. He is very little known by the members of the freshman class.

Death of Edison Forrester.

HARTFORD, Jan. 5.—Edison Forrester, president of the Hartford hospital, and director of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance company, died at 6 o'clock this morning, after a long period of paralysis, aged 66. He was born in West Brattleboro, Vt., but spent most of his life here.

How to Make $15,000 Out of $1,500.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 5.—The Argus says State Liquor Commissioner Hovey is to be congratulated. His salary is $1,500 a year, but the paper claims he makes $15,000, and makes a great deal of money by dealing in liquor besides.

AN ORDINANCE

To amend an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to License Hackmen and Regulate the Same," passed December 30, 1887.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Plainfield as follows:

Section 1. That section 1 of an ordinance entitled "An ordinance to license hackmen and regulate the same," passed December 30, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. That the following rates of fare shall be charged by hackmen for the conveyance of passengers within the limits of the city of Plainfield, and no hackman shall demand or receive more than the rates of fare established by this ordinance:

For conveying one person, one mile or less, 50 cents.

For conveying one person, each additional mile, 25 cents.

For conveying two persons, one mile or less, 75 cents.

For conveying two persons, each additional mile, 50 cents.

For conveying three persons, one mile or less, $1.00.

For conveying three persons, each additional mile, 75 cents.

For conveying four persons, one mile or less, $1.25.

For conveying four persons, each additional mile, $1.00.

For conveying five persons, one mile or less, $1.50.

For conveying five persons, each additional mile, $1.25.

For conveying six persons, one mile or less, $1.75.

For conveying six persons, each additional mile, $1.50.

For conveying seven persons, one mile or less, $2.00.

For conveying seven persons, each additional mile, $1.75.

For conveying eight persons, one mile or less, $2.25.

For conveying eight persons, each additional mile, $2.00.

For conveying nine persons, one mile or less, $2.50.

For conveying nine persons, each additional mile, $2.25.

For conveying ten persons, one mile or less, $2.75.

For conveying ten persons, each additional mile, $2.50.

For conveying eleven persons, one mile or less, $3.00.

For conveying eleven persons, each additional mile, $2.75.

For conveying twelve persons, one mile or less, $3.25.

For conveying twelve persons, each additional mile, $3.00.

Adopted December 30, 1887.

Approved January 2, 1888.

JOB HALE, Mayor.

Attest: O. B. LEONARD, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

To amend an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Regulate Hackmen and Their Vehicles," passed December 30, 1887.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Plainfield as follows:

Section 1. That section 1 of an ordinance entitled "An ordinance to regulate hackmen and their vehicles," passed December 30, 1887, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. That all hackmen plying for hire under this ordinance during the year 1888, and now in force, shall be governed by said ordinance, and shall be required to take out a license on the first day of March next, and no longer.

Section 2. No person licensed under said ordinance shall be required to take out a license to be kept upon his hackney or coach, in which he may operate for hire, any horses or animals of any kind, or persons possessing a residence or place of business within the limits of twelve o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning, and any person convicted of violating this ordinance shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $20 for each offense, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Section 4. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are to the extent of such inconsistency hereby repealed.

Adopted December 30, 1887.

Approved January 2, 1888.

JOB HALE, Mayor.

Attest: O. B. LEONARD, City Clerk.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Department Store,
18 West Front street

Every effort will be made to make this store one of the most attractive in this city. Our Bazaar Department is to be one of interest to every household and to all who are looking up novelties. Our Dry and Fancy Goods Department is being rapidly replenished and as the seasons open new and attractive goods will be placed on sale.

THE BEE HIVE.

Gents' Kid Gloves Tans or Brown Embroidered back every pair warranted

$1 a Pair

Full line of Gents' Silk Mufflers, Silk Hemstitched Pocket Handkerchiefs, white and colored border.

"The Pride" Buy, The Pride, the best Shirt in the world 69 cents.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
28 WEST FRONT ST.

CITY PHARMACY,
21 West Front street.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.

Toilet Requisites.

City Pharmacy Dentifrice, cleanses and preserves the teeth.

Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.

Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.

City Pharmacy opened Sunday for the sale of medicines only.

Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.

Telephone call 98.

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Professional Cards.

C. CLARK & REID,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Office corner Front and Park, Plainfield, N. J. 17

D. F. R. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST,
Removed to No. 20 E. Second st., Andersonia Block, No. 12 Rear Front street. Gas administered.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT,
Rooms 1 and 2, Second floor, Corner Front and Park, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 72.

CHARLES A. MAHER,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public, Office corner Front and Second streets.

D. CHAS. R. THERIS, DENTIST,
At West Front street, will remain a few days longer. Gas administered for extracting teeth without pain. Office hours 8 to 5.

ELECTRIC BATHS.
Dr. De Simone is prepared to treat all nervous diseases by the electric baths. Also, Electricity applied to the human body for the cure of paralysis, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc. Consultation free. Office hours daily and evenings. Office corner Front and Somerset streets, Arlington building, Plainfield.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds, Master in Chancery. Notaries Public, conveyancing. Park avenue and Second street.

J. T. VANDERVEER,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public, Master in Chancery, Notaries Public, conveyancing. Park avenue and Second street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, conveyancing. Park avenue and Second street.

J. T. VANDERVEER, Jr.,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds, Master in Chancery, Notary Public, conveyancing. Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TRAIN,
Architect, 97 Broadway, New York city, room 41, Builder, Plainfield, N. J. Residence, Madison Place, Madison Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

O. S. JENKINS, M. D.,
Office hours: 9 to 10 A. M., 2 to 4 P. M. Residence, Front Street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Educational.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE
Mrs. J. L. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence, No. 6 Park place, Plainfield. Terms reasonable. Thoroughly qualified to prepare voices for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will receive calls for concerts during the season, free of charge, if desired. Can refer to distinguished professors, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 1084.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her residence or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. 34 out of Schuylkill regiment. P. O. Box 1084.

LOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1084.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Gardner and Miss Newton's, School for Girls on Lafayette avenue, corner of Somerset street, will resume January 2, 1888. For further particulars address P. O. Box 805, Plainfield.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past. Several years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
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In event of death	$10,000
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For loss of one hand or one foot	$5,000
For total disability	50 per week
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ATTENTION

Those seeking investments or speculation.

THE
FINEST BUILDING PROPERTY

in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is bounded on Madison avenue, Grant street, Park field, N. J., and is in close proximity to the

POND TOOL MANUFACTORY

and the

POTTER PRESS WORKS.

It is situated in the

Healthiest,

most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To view the same and for further particulars call on the undersigned, who is authorized to receive proposals for the purchase of the same. Terms of property can be seen at Dr. Fyffe, office.

WOMAN AND HOME.

VARIOUS WAYS IN WHICH PLAIN DISHES MAY BE DECORATED.

Daughters of the Wealthy—Family Sympathy—Lady and Servant—A Woman's Invention—The Baby—Good Advice. Dust—Colds—Washing Flutie—Items.

The various ways in which even the plainest dishes may be made appetizing and handsome should be known to all housekeepers, particularly at this season of the year, when festive occasions are most frequent. It is easy to garnish dishes richly for a trifling outlay of time and trouble, and the increased beauty of a table well prepared the pains taken. In many houses the appearance of the table can be improved and stiffness avoided by the exercise of a little ingenuity, and what housekeeper is there who would not rather have a few simple dishes prettily served than a number carelessly prepared? It is frequently the case that the dessert is generously decorated while the meats and vegetables are served without the slightest attempt at ornamentation. Pickles of almost every variety are useful for garnishing fish as well as cold meats. A piece of whitefish can be trimmed with a slice of lemon in the center and sprinkled with the yolk of a hard boiled egg that has been put through a hair sieve. The egg can be put in geometrical lines over or in the form of a star, and the dish be bordered with capers or small chilies, or, if preferred, parsley.

Skewed whitefish, with white sauce, should be ornamented with gherkins cut in long, narrow strips and capers laid in small rings over the centre. Many cooks cut the whites of eggs into rings and lay them on fish in the stereotyped fashion. They should be separated from the yolks and cooked as follows: Grease an ordinary pie pan, put in the whites, and set the pan in a saucepan of boiling water; cover and steam until set, when any devices can be cut from them—leaves, stars, diamonds.

For fish cakes, croquettes and other snacks, fried parsley is an ornament. It should be very dry. Put it into a wire basket and plunge it into smoking fat. It will become crisp in a moment and the color will be retained.

Bread crumbs, colored pink and yellow, make pretty decorations for many dishes. Vegetable coloring is not unwholesome, and can be used in food decoration successfully. Cubes, bits, rounds, and even vegetables can be colored. Borders of dishes, and they add greatly to the effectiveness of many plain meats.

In a luncheon dish of vegetables, either turnips, carrots, or potatoes, can be made with alternate layers of green peas and capers laid over them in rows and the top crowned with a tempting quantity of curried jelly. Chopped beets, capers and parsley introduced into salad make it better and improve its looks. For boiled fish no other coral should be added to the sauce, and in lieu of this bread crumbs colored pink make an excellent substitute.

Fluted moats can be made to look showy and handsome if strips of the lard with which they are to be laid on in a kind of trellis work. The meat can be arranged in any shape and decorated to suit the fancy with whites of eggs which have been previously prepared according to the directions above. Curled lard, by which is obtained by rubbing through a wire sieve into cold water, if it is carefully, is a pretty ornament to cold sliced turkey or chicken. Turns of parsley add to the attractiveness of this dish. Dark green olives may take the place of the parsley if preferred.

Currant jelly laid on in round heaps decorate a dish of boiled rice, and if the rice has been mixed with the addition of lemon juice in the water, thereby increasing its whiteness and causing the grains to separate well, it will be very pretty, particularly if about the edges of the dish are laid bits of watercress. Boiled fish is pretty when improved by the addition of small portions of macaroni and tomatoes put along the edges of the dish and on top of the scallops.—New York Sun.

Daughters of the Rich.

The daughters of wealthy, luxurious parentsenter into the competitive struggle of parading thousands of dollars on balls and dinner parties, because they are imbued with the idea that their position depends on their not showing themselves self-reliant, independent or "unappreciated" by any of their friends. To marry and live in a boarding house or in a cottage, far removed from the sacred precincts of fashion, is annihilation. No matter if it were to be for only a few years, while the husband should be making his fortune, such descent could not be contemplated. Many young ladies would rather begin her marriage life on the same scale that their parents are ending theirs. Beginning to recognize any other possibility, she has never learned to earn anything about domestic duties, and is entirely ignorant of the way to make a dress or trim a bonnet. She employs the most expensive of trades people, probably spends double what the English nobleman's daughter would, and wastes more on ice cream, candy, and flowers than the entire income of a working woman. If she goes to the theatre or opera, she must have a carriage, a corsage bouquet, new gloves, and a supper. None of her toilets must be seen too often, and she must be registered in the summer at some expensive resort, or go to Europe. Her parents pet and indulge her in every way, her bachelor friends adore her, and she receives almost as much worship as did a goddess in the days of Greece and Rome.

Very probably she is pretty, highly educated, accomplished, bright, and attractive—a delightful partner for a dance or a flirtation, and very likely an excellent wife for an extremely rich man. But ask her to come down from her pedestal, to be the helpmate of a man of moderate means, to cut herself off from the acquaintance that can only be kept up while she is wealthy, to share in his struggles, or to rise or sink with him, and she will most likely, politely but firmly refuse. It is difficult to foresee what the remedy for this state of affairs will be. It is unprecedented, because in European countries class prejudices have, as a rule, kept people in sets. More could be often suffered to move a family out of its original set, and the girls are content to marry and remain in the circle in which they have been accustomed, without trying to push themselves into higher ones.—Chicago Times.

Old Fashioned Family Sentiment.

Fathers are over indulgent. Up to a certain point that answers very well, for children are pets and playthings, but later on comes that state of affairs so well put into the mouth of old King Lear, who in the depths of his anguish could find no phrase so apt to description of his lamentable condition as: How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless child."

As the twig is bent the tree inclines.

The boys who were brought up to discard the interest and engagements of each other, who care nothing for the conveniences, comfort, protection of their sisters, grow in time to be men, and those girls who have no confidences in their mother, who keep their secrets from each other, who take into the closest of trust the casual acquaintance of a

[illegible]

carelous hour, grow to be women, and there you have the society of the future, and to a certain extent the society of to-day—families scattered by the hand of death, member from member except by the force of money, with no cohesive principle, no cohesive attachment; in fact bringing up precisely the state of affairs that exists between my friend Sam and his brother.

I don't believe in this everlasting talk about the "good old days," for in the good old days we had no parlor matches, no electric lights, no decent eating and drinking facilities on railways, no telegraph communication, no elevated railroads, for all of which we are indebted to the present times, when the brain of science directs the hand of capital for the convenience, the comfort and the humanizing of mankind; but there was one thing we had in the good old times, or else this proud nation of ours would not be supreme as she is to-day, or else we would not, in the court of last resort, be by enacted as it is to-day, or else the strained conditions that exist between capital on the one hand and labor on the other could not be restrained within the present limits; today, but chief among those good things of the good old days was a family sentiment, which bound heart to heart, interest to interest, standing between husband and father and mother as entity, a commonwealth.—Joe Howard in Boston Globe.

Mistress and Helper.

I admit that there are some empty headed, unchristian women who prefer to have menials about them, and to whom the words "my servants" have a very pleasant and aristocratic sound; but I am glad to say I believe they are in the minority.

I have in mind a lady who had several servants who were ignorant, and content to be so; insolent, in many cases; fond of low company, and who thought they had done a smart thing when they had their way overreached their mistress. These girls the lady treated as servants pure and simple. They ate and received their company in the kitchen, and the words exchanged with them were about their work, and nothing more.

But it happened that one fortunate day this lady secured as a helper an intelligent, well bred girl, who, among many other things that was done should be well done; and after that there was no servant—or what is generally meant by that term—in that house. Mistress and helper discussed the latest magazine articles, or talked of Howells' or Mrs. Whitney's latest book while the baking and brewing went on, and if the mistress sometimes corrected the maid on a point of housework, the maid returned the favor by correcting the mistress on a quotation from Shakespeare, or recalled to her mind some incident in a novel by Scott or Thackeray. And when the kitchen work was done, the two sat together in the parlor over books or sewing, or side or walked together. They made calls and received callers together. In brief they were companions; and when, after a few years of this happy relationship, the mistress died, the girl would have been employed by her mourned for her as for a dear friend.—Lida A. Churchill in Democrat's Monthly.

Invention of a Charitable Woman.

The wife of Mr. E. Prentiss Bailey, of The Union Observer, has invented as well as philanthropic genius. Long an earnest worker in fields of charity, she found that in the hospitals of the city there was no employ extra nurses to move patients, and that the task was always a strain both upon the sick and those in charge of them. She saw the necessity of a way to help the sick to help themselves and it is very simple and effective.

Two iron sockets are attached firmly to the sides of a bedstead by screws, and into these are fitted short poles, and between the poles is suspended a horizontal bar, also fitted into clamps, and adjustable to any height above the bed and to any patient lying on the bed. From this bar hang a pair of strong straps with grips, and these can be moved from right to left at will. By grasping these straps the sick man can utilize the strength of the arms to lift himself up, to change his position, to turn over and to allow the bedding to be changed.

There are a variety of attachments to the invention, which extend its usefulness indefinitely. One is a rest for the leg, in which a broken limb can be held while it is being dressed. It is only necessary to unscrew the sockets attached to the bedstead and change their location, to utilize this. Another is a small table for books, a book, anything that a patient would wish within immediate reach. Another is a cord, rod, likely to be especially useful in hospital wards, to avoid a draft, to shut out the light, or to afford a degree of privacy.

Mrs. Bailey's invention has been in use for some months in Easton Hospital at Utica, where it is found to be the greatest comfort and convenience in a large number of cases. —Rochester Union.

Lady Hellairs' Advice to Girls.

WHAT TO AVOID.

A loud, weak, affected, whining, harsh or shrill tone of voice.

Exclamations in conversation — such phrases as "awfully this," "beastly that," "loads of time," "don't you know," "hate," for "dislike," etc.

Slang phrases and expressions of surprise and joy—often dangerously approaching to "female swearing"—as "bother!" "gracious!" "by jingo!"

Yawning when listening to any one.

Talking on family matters, even to bosom friends.

Attempting any vocal or instrumental piece of music that you cannot execute with ease.

Crossing your letters.

Making a short, sharp nod with the head, intended to do duty as a bow.

WHAT TO CULTIVATE.

An unaffected, low, distinct, silver toned voice.

The art of pleasing those around you and seeming pleased with them and all they may do for you.

The charm of making little sacrifices quite naturally, as if of no account to yourself.

The habit of making allowances for the opinions, feelings or prejudices of others.

An erect carriage—that is, a stout body.

A good memory for faces and facts connected with them, thus avoiding giving offense by not recognizing or bowing to people, or saying to them what had best been left unsaid.

The art of listening without impatience to gossipy talkers, and smiling to the twice told tale or joke.

Care of the Baby.

Every baby, of course, needs to be washed all over in warm water once a day; but this daintiness is positively hurtful unless it is accompanied by a good hard rubbing. Now rubbing is a thing very few persons understand, although it is such an indispensable part of the daily toilet. To rub an infant properly requires great tenderness and care. All such rubbing should be with a circular movement of the palm of the hand, and should be very light with very little pressure. Above all, the skin of the face should be thoroughly rubbed in this way, gently and quickly, for at least two minutes. This promotes circulation and nourishes blood flowing through the tiny heart. In the manner the little hands should not be chafed up and down or squeezed, but the palms should be treated in the same circular way.

Mothers, as a rule, pay a great deal more attention to an infant's feet than to its hands. They would not think of leaving the infant awake, even with the feet fastened up in a blanket; but with the thermometer below zero they will let it flourish two little red fists in the cold morning air. Yet how wretched it is to have cold hands every one knows. Little children, in cold weather, should not only have their hands rubbed frequently, but they ought to sleep in mittens or stockings as soon as it becomes difficult to keep their hands under the coverlid, and that is as soon as they are restless.—Jane E. Runtz-Rees in Demorest's Monthly.

Want of Sympathy.

Take hospitality, for instance. Does it consist in surrounding the invited, in overwhelming him with a sense of your own wealth, or felicity, or family, or cleverness even, in trying to absorb him in your concerns, your successes, your opinions, in simply what interests you? However delightful all these may be, it is an offense to his individuality to insist that he shall admire you and your belongings to the same degree. How do you treat the stranger? Do you adapt yourself and your surroundings to him, or insist that he shall adapt himself to you? How often does the stranger, the guest, sit in helpless agony in your circle (all of whom know each other) as table or in the drawing room, isolated and separate, because all the talk is local and personal, about your little world, and the affairs of your clique, and your petty interests, in which he or she cannot possibly join? Shy as some Indians would not be so cruel as that to a guest. There is no more refined torture to a sensitive person than that! Is it only thoughtlessness? It is more than that. It is want of sympathy of the heart, or it is a lack of intelligence and broad minded interest in affairs of the world in which it is possible. This its trait—inscription in self-reading society more or less that makes it so almost factory to most people in it. Just a want of human sympathy do not come in contact.—Harper's Bazar.

Dangers of Dust.

It is well known that dust is an absorbent and collector of odors, and that it gives them out under the influence of both heat and moisture; and that, independent of their qualities, it is injurious in itself to even the most healthy lungs, being composed of minute particles resulting from the wear and tear of many fabrics, animal, vegetable and mineral.

"Dust thus constituted," says the same writer, "cannot but be most dangerous company in a room, as, if allowed to remain, it becomes poisonous, and when it is disturbed and enters the lungs has not only an irritating effect, but becoming moist, gives out its noxious qualities within the body." This is readily seen, then, how important are the operations of sweeping and dusting, especially the latter.—The Household.

Use of the Toothpick.

Strict cleanliness is the principal thing to be observed in the care of the teeth. After eating, remove from the teeth all particles of food with a toothpick, but never, on any account, use a pin for this purpose, which is the hospitals is frequently practiced. This practice indulged-in frequently will injure the teeth far more than any one would suppose. Use the wooden toothpick, or which there are two kinds, the round and that flat pointed. The first is all very well if it does not split, leaving a small splinter between the teeth or under the gums, which is very disagreeable, if not actually painful. For this reason the flat pointed one is the best. Rinse the mouth thoroughly with lukewarm water after eating, if it can be conveniently done.—Boston Budget.

Best Washing Fluids.

Some housekeepers use washing fluids, and if the ingredients are harmless they lighten the labor, without destroying the fabric. The following are among the best fluids:

To five quarts of water put one pound of saleda, half a pound of unslaked lime and a small lump of borax. Boil; when cold pour off and bottle. Use one teacupful for every boiler of clothes.

Another—One-half a bar of hard soap, one ounce each of saltpetre and borax dissolved in four quarts of water; then coal oil five ounces of spirits of ammonia. Bottle and use as soap.

Another—Equal parts of turpentine and ammonia. Add to water.

For Tender Feet.

A remedy for tender feet is cold water, about two quarts, two tablespoonfuls of ammonia, one tablespoonful of bay rum. Stir with the feet immersed for ten minutes, gently throwing the water over the limbs upward to the knee. Then rub dry with a crash towel, and all the tired feeling is gone. This recipe is good for a sponge bath also.—Boston Budget.

For a cough, boil one ounce of flaxseed in a pint of water, strain and add a little honey, sugar candy or rock candy, and the juice of three lemons; mix and boil well. Drink as hot as possible.

Table linens should always be hemmed by hand. Not only do they look more dainty, but there is never a streak of dirt under the edge after being laundered, as with machine sewing.

For chilblains take ten pounds of oak bark, put it in a kettle and pour on it six quarts of water. Let it boil down to four quarts. Soak the feet in it and it will effect a certain cure.

A decided improvement in the eating bib for children is made of a towel. It is better to have the towel white. Hollow out the neck before binding, and bind with white tape.

Charcoal is recommended as an absorber of gases in the milk room when cows are present. It should be freshly powdered and kept there continually.

Fish is made more digestible and has its flavor brought out by a few drops of lemon juice squeezed over it.

Those who are troubled with sleeplessness, should, if strong enough to do so, take a long walk in the evening.

Kerosene will soften boots and shoes that have been hardened by water; and render them pliable as new.

Apple sauce is much improved by the addition of a tablespoonful of butter, and requires less sugar.

Dyspeptics who use coffee will do well to take it in small quantities, black and strong, without milk.

Tack a piece of ticking inside your ward robe door and keep your patterns there.

Bottles may be easily cleaned with hot water and fine cinders.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

POPULAR SUITS FOR BOYS FROM 4 TO 18 YEARS OLD.

Recent Novelties Introduced in Both Gold and Silver Jewelry—A Long Chain that Affords Extra Warmth and Is Becoming to Stout Figures.

The long dolman mantle, a trend of Russian style of which is here illustrated, is one of the popular models in long cloaks this season, and is especially becoming and desirable to ladies with short figures, as well as elderly ladies who require extra warm wraps.

LONG DOLMAN MANTLE.

The model from which the cut was made was an imported garment of black plush. It is intended to be worn with either of the same color. Rich passementerie and stripes of feather trimming, one of which is pulled the upright collar to look like fringe, gives the mantle a very showy appearance. The box trimming in front is made of a feather stripe five and a half inches wide, sewn together at the edges. The loose sleeves include long ends of the latter, like the pointed ends of the sleeves, are caught into cornets of passementerie sewn and a quarter inches long, and finished with chenille fringe five and a half inches deep. The under sleeve, which is joined to the upper one inside, keeps the arms warm, while the lower loose parts of the dolman sleeves are turned under to give a pointed end, and this is caught into the passementerie cornet already mentioned. These pointed sleeves are decidedly pleasing, having the effect of making the wearer appear taller than she is.

Novelties in Jewelry.

In the novelties brought out is apparent the tendency to the employment of combination of metals in the decoration of both gold and silver jewelry; the continued use of fine enamels in all directions; the association of beautifully colored stones, whether precious or not; the increased popularity of the English brooch; the acceptance of the silver deposit process in the decoration of various classes of articles, and the association of oxidized silver and gold in personal ornaments.

The very newest thing in hair pins are oxidized silver ones, on the tops of which sometimes appear disks of gold, sometimes alternate knots and cords of gold and silver, and sometimes the silver top is inlaid with little gold designs representing bugs, flowers or other objects.

This association of oxidized silver and gold is also introduced in new bracelets, the bracelet proper being of silver inlaid with gold, and mounted with a gold or silver coin as best suits the fancy of the buyer. These bracelets, by the by, afford a pleasing manner in which to preserve antique coins or valued gold pieces.

Some exceedingly pretty things are out in both gold and silver filigree. Conspicuous among the former are rings and brooches consisting of flat circles of gold filigree, set here and there with small but fine brilliants.

A decided novelty in silver jewelry is a chain of flowers with their leaves forming quite a large spray, and designed as garniture for the coiffure or corsage, as may be desired.

Recent importations of Genoa filigree afford some entirely new patterns in silver jewelry. The conventional gondola, mandolin and tambourine now divide favor with modern designs popular in gold jewelry. The flower pins in silver filigree are very beautiful in effect, especially those that show centers of gold.

Bridels' Pleasure for Dress Garniture.

The desire for trimmings of bird plumage is growing in London, Paris and Berlin. In the latter city swansdown in all colors is being used instead of lace on ball dresses. Mrs. "Bonanza" Mackay has decided to possess a dress trimmed with the breasts of the birds of paradise. The breast is nearly heart shape, the upper portion being like the finest plush of a deep seal brown color, while the lower shades off into a pale terra cotta. The cloak will require about 500 of these beautiful birds, and it is said that Mrs. Mackay has sent out skilful marksmen direct to New Guinea, who are now engaged in the wholesale slaughter. Imitations of this costly mantle will be hard to manufacture.

New Suits for Boys.

The "Primer Kilts," shown in the cut, is for boys from 2 to 6 years of age.

POPULAR SUITS FOR BOYS.

This very conventional garment is made in one piece, the bottom and kilts being attached. It is not only most attractive, but has the merit of being quickly put on, and is not easily discouraged.

The Gladstone figure in the cut represents the "Thistle" suit, and is designed for boys from 4 to 13 years of age, or until they become too large for knickerbockers. The jacket has a buttoned close to the neck, and has a circular collar and narrow corded side seam plaitings with a half belt in the back.

The First Steam Room.

The first ironclad steam rams used in warfare by the United States were constructed upon the Mississippi by James B. Eads, the civil engineer.

INSURANCE.
Wm. A. Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:
Fire Associations of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of Pennsylvania; Home of New York; Continental of New York and others; Commercial Union of England; Phoenix of London; Fire Association of Philadelphia; Lion of New York and others; Accident Insurance Company and Insurance Company of North America.
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has borrowers in
REAL ESTATE
Office Barr's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second and Berckman streets.

ARTISTIC DESIGNS
in jewelry for the
HOLIDAYS
SOLID GOLD and ROLL PLATE
Prices Low at
J. Hervey Doane's
9 Park Avenue.

CENTRAL R. R
OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Dec. 8, 1887.
Plainfield and New York.
Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.43, 6.39 6.39 a. m.; 12.03, 1.21, 2.25, 3.57, 5.05, 6.55, 8.32, 11.59 p. m.
Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 4.10, 6.00 7.40, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.15, 3.2 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 night. Sundays, 2.37, 8.00, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00, a. m.; 12.00 m., 1.30, 2.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.
Plainfield and Newark.
Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 6.39, 6.39, 7.19, 8.00, 8.44, 9.02, 10.37, 11.03, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.59, p. m. Sundays, 2.37, 10.13, 11.33, a. m., 1.27, 3.35, 5.16, 7.28, 9.28, p. m.
Leave Newark at 6.30, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 11.05, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.30, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.30, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.30, 7.10, 7.35, 9.0, 9.50, 11.15 p.m. Sundays, at 9.50 a. m.; 12.30, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.
Passengers for Newark change at Elizabeth.
Plainfield and Somerville.
Leave Plainfield at 6.39, 8.05, 9.21 a.m., 1.21, 4.05, 5.25, 6.05, 7.03, 8.39, 11.59 p. m. Sundays at 8.10 a. m.; 12.43 night.
Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.15, a. m.; 12.30, 2.30, 4.30, 5.15, 6.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.30 a. m.; 4.30, 11.00 p. m.
Plainfield and Boston.
Leave Plainfield at 3.10, 5.43, 9.21 a. m., 2.25, 4.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m.
Leave Boston at 6.55, 8.07 a. m.; 12.45, 2.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m., 8 p. m.
Westward Connections.
5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge with Schuylkill & Susquehanna Branch.
8.05 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Will a report, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
1.02 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.
4.04 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dutton, Pittsburgh, Scranton, etc.
8.02, and 5.15 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Schuylkill & Susquehanna Branch, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.
6.02 p. m.—For Flemington.
6.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown.
Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.
Leave Plainfield at 2.27, 5.06, 11.03 a. m., 4.04 p. m. Sundays at 8.10 a. m. Ocean Grove 8.07 a. m.
For Perth Amboy, 2.27, 5.43, 9.21, 5.06, 11.03 a. m., 12.33, 2.51, 4.05, 6.05 p. m. Sundays 8.07 a. m.
For Matawan, 2.27, 5.43, 9.03, 11.03, a. m., 12.33, 4.05, 6.05 p. m. Sundays 8.07 a. m.
Plainfield & Philadelphia via Trenton.
Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 5.10, 6.03, 9.43, 11.46 a. m., 4.16 p. m. Sundays at 11.46 a. m.
Sunday at 1.09, 3.39 a. m. 4.24 p. m. 1.22 night.
RETURNING.
Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green streets, at 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.35, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m.; 5.00, 12.00 p. m.
Leave Third and Market Streets at 8.30, 9.05 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a.m.; 4.30 p. m.
Leave Trenton, Market and Turber Streets, at 1.20, 6.00, 9.10, 10.10, 11.35 a. m., 2.40, 4.40, 7.40, 10.20 p. m. Sunday at 1.35, 9.10, 9.40 a. m. 6.15 p. m.
Plainfield passengers by trains marked change cars at Bound Brook.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Timerson & Coyne,
have opened a store at
16 East Front St.
where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as Merchant Tailors,
to examine their fine line of samples which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the
BEST Quality
that can be procured in this market. Per ticular pains taken to have it well screened and delivered promptly.
All orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
Office 61 Front street, P. O. Box 1128.
Yard's Yard.

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G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL PAPER.
WINDOW SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
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Carpenters & Builders
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W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
H. M. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

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38 NORTH AVENUE.
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WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

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Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.
Groups a specialty with Children's Portraits.
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ALL SIZES AND PRICES. [HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone
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and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.
Cannel Coal
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ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
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SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.
Sixteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
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SEAL SKIN CAPS from $1 to $15.
Gents' Muffers, from $1.50 to $8.50
Silk Umbrellas from $1 to $6.
Fine Gloves, Canes and Neckwear.
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AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

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SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
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Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equally the climatic and Turkish Baths. Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Blood, Nervousness, Female Delicacy, Piles and Skin Diseases and all other diseases.
It cures the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism in from one to three treatments.
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Consultation and treatment free.

M'DONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 19 Somerset Street,

All work done well and others desiring to use the above name will please take notice that we will prosecute to the full extent of the law. Please leave their orders for same at our shop on Somerset street, in order to give us a chance to supply the call. Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, we hope to merit a continuance of the same. Persons desiring to see them will please call at our shop. We have no shop in order that we may be able to get the attendance of their feet.

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FURNITURE
EXPRESS
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Promptness to Patrons. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.
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RICHARD DAY,
(successor to Frank Day)
LIVERY STABLE,
NORTH AVENUE, Opp. Depot, Plainfield.
Carriages sent all hours. Family Rigs quickly.

A LIZ-TOWN HUMORIST.

Skids' round the store last night.
Down at Wess' store, was we
And Mart Scrooges, Tunk and White
And Doc Bills and two or three
Fellers of the Kentucky tribe
No use to describe,
And says Doc, he says, says he,
"Skids' found gold mines in Georgia
Says he's made a heap o' money
Says he's made a heap o' money
Says he's made a heap o' money

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT VERY MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want columns daily furnishes a quantity of desired information, and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertising rates pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all this it makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—The Borough Council will meet to-night.

—Forty-four years ago to-day telegraphy was first utilized.

—It is reported that a prize fight took place at Scotch Plains, Tuesday night, between a man from this city and one from that place.

—A North Plainfielder requests us to ask why all the Borough lamps were not lighted last evening. There were so many not lighted that it attracted attention.

—District Deputy Grand Chancellor Hossinger and staff, of Goodwill Lodge, No., 101 K. of P., will install the officers of Perseverance Lodge, No. 74, K. of P., to-night. A full attendance is requested.

—A special service appropriate to the week of prayer will be held in the chapel of the First Presbyterian church at 7:45 this evening, under the auspices of the Young People's Society for Christian Endeavor. Subject, "Watchwords for the coming year."

—The ever-popular operetta, "The Little Tycoon," will be presented at the Stillman Music Hall Jan. 9th by Spencer's company, under the personal supervision of the author. This promises to be the most elaborate production of "The Little Tycoon" ever given in this city.

—The officers of Franklin Council, No. 41, J. O. U. A. M., were installed at a regular meeting last night by State Organizer J. R. Rollinson of Rahway, who found the reports of the treasurer and financial secretary correct. He complimented the Council on its flourishing condition

—It is rumored that trouble is expected at the oil cloth factory, growing out the fact that the Central Oil Cloth Company is about to introduce a different system of payment of wages due the men. It is claimed that under the proposed change, in the method of payment the men will not receive wages equal to those that they have been earning in the past. We are informed that Mr. Graham, the foreman of the works, has been at Providence, R. I., during the past two or three days, in conference with the members of the firm.

Self-Convicted.

A NEWS reporter was the only newspaper man present at the Board of Education meeting a few evenings ago, and he made notes of all that transpired, and faithfully reported it. The members of the Board defeated the attempt to impose upon them that was made by the Press Printing Company for an appeal (inserted as news) in their publication. It was stated at the meeting that Judge Harper had been ordered to furnish the appeal to the newspapers. For reasons best known to himself he failed to send a copy to THE NEWS, but he has, we presume, with a circulation probably double all the other local publications combined, reaching almost every one possible to reach here, and virtually the sole advertising medium of our local merchants, might be considered entitled to the odium of having suppressed it.

Judge Harper, however, seemed to have overlooked this fact, but the other members of the Board of Education declined to have that body placed in such a false light. The Board took occasion to say so at the meeting referred to. It was also stated by the Board that, discovering the failure of Mr. Harper to carry out the Board's instructions, he himself had a copy furnished THE NEWS which it was known would gladly do for the Plainfield Public Schools any favor which we could fairly do.

Judge Harper aided in starting the Constitutionalist, some years ago, and has since constantly aided it in season and out. That's all right. He may deem that necessary to retain his position as by-judge, but the Board of Education having no such selfish motive, declined to be made the tool of our venerable friend, who, in this instance, seems to have followed his partisan zeal to lead him a step too far. Hence the rebuke of the Board as published by us Wednesday. Of course many this and other acts the people have overwhelmingly defeated him and elected in his stead a big narrow-minded citizen, as we presume all will admit. In trying to relieve himself of the contempt resulting from its duplicity, our cotemporary in a half column of abuse of that awful NEWS for simply reporting the Board's condemnation, says, among other things:

"It was understood that if the appeal was endorsed by a vote of the people, the Board would consider the subject of proper compensation."

That is, it appears, that it was necessary to offer to bribe our cotemporary to have it publish an appeal from the Board of Education to the people to aid in securing additional school accommodations. That is about the size of it, for our cotemporary's own admission, and its price is $15. The Board evidently thought the service dear at any price, and were not in the bribing business anyway, so they sat down on the whole scheme. Our cotemporary may pride itself on being a cunning fox, but we don't think it will try any more of its cunning on the Plainfield Board of Education.

Irenie Leslie, soubrette of a traveling company known as the Seventh Theatre Company, playing at Library Hall, and stopping at the Grand Central Hotel, Newark, was awakened early yesterday morning by a choking sensation, and found the room filled with smoke and her bed in flames. She sprang upon the floor and flushed the contents of a water-pitcher over the bed, but without much effect. Her cries attracted a boarder to the room, and he smothered the fire before much damage was done.

THE REFORM CLUB.

PUBLIC INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS FOR THE FIFTH YEAR.

President John H. French and Others Make Speeches—Miss Alice Smith, the Organist, Presented with $50 in Gold—A Gift of New Books for the Choir—A Feast the Wind-up.

The Plainfield Reform Club held what is aptly expressed as a "big time," in four rooms last night. It was the beginning of their fifth year of prosperity, and there was a feeling of general good-nature and congratulation among the members and friends who assembled together and nearly filled the main floor of the hall on West Second street.

In the course of the regular routine business Treasurer Ethan Lamphear read his annual report, which showed a balance of $401.52 on hand, with an outstanding indebtedness of less than $100. Financial Secretary J. W. A. Banersachs reported that during the year 225 had signed the pledge. It was asserted that within the last eight weeks 100 had affixed their signatures to the pledge-roll. The statement of Dr. H. H. Lowrie, Chairman of the Executive Committee, made mention, among other things, of the fact that the insurance on the hall has been raised $2,000 and that the total is now $7,500.

When the time came for the installation of the officers elect Dec. 3d, John H. French left the Chair, and Vice President Nathan Harper assumed his place. Then Dr. Lowrie and Capt. Ostrom formally conducted Mr. French again to the platform, and the president began his fifth year of office by making a brief speech. He referred to the recent alleged separation of the Women's Christian Temperance Union from the Reform Club, and said that he had been officially authorized to state publicly that the Union and the Club are still working harmoniously together.

"The damaging reports," he continued, "have been started by irresponsible parties. The W. C. T. U. still rent our hall, and promise to do so as long as their funds hold out—and I guess they'll never lack money in Plainfield. This emblem over the arch-way is just as true to-day as it was when first painted by Col. Julian Scott."

The First Vice President, Judge Nathan Harper, was conducted to the platform by Dr. Utter and Capt. Hand. He pledged his continued fidelity to the organic purposes of the Club.

The Second Vice President, the venerable Capt. Wm. B. Ostrom, when brought forward by Dr. Utter and Dr. Lowrie, said that he didn't know why he was there, as he wasn't any speechmaker. He did, however, make a brief speech, giving

MERITED TRIBUTE TO THE WORTHY WOMEN

of the Temperance Union, which he was glad, he said, had not severed its connections with the Club.

"When I first heard the evil reports," he continued, "I was grieved. But to-night I am happy to know that the women are still working with us. They are our mainstay. Without them we would be nothing. A man who will voluntarily shun woman is weak in his mind. I have no sympathy for an old bachelor. Women know more than we men do. My wife knows more than I. She has better wisdom, better judgment, better everything. She's capable on our ship at home; I often tell her so; and I'm glad she is. Yes; I am glad the rest of the Club would be sorry to lose the women. I'm glad that the story about the W. C. T. U. is all hypothine. I'm glad to see so many of them here to-night. And"—to the woman—"for pity's sake don't leave us, or we'll surely swamp.

"There are those who think I am a crank. Yes: a crank. That's what they call me. Call me so because I stand up every where deadly opposed to the alcoholic curse. I have a perfect horror of the stuff. I detest its smell, its taste, its looks. It is fearful poison. So long as God spares my life I will stand up boldly and firmly in the name of my Master, and will do all in my power to put an end to the traffic that is causing such fearful havoc.

"Yes: I didn't intend to say so much. Now I'd better stop. I only wish to add that I hope I'll never have to occupy the Chair. I want to see either Mr. French or Mr. Harper there, every time."

The President announced that the Third Vice President, Mr. T. Bowne, had given in his resignation. The Recording Secretary, Geo. W. F. Randolph, was consequently the next officer installed. Messrs. Spencer and Lamphear led Mr. Randolph forward, and he pledged himself to do his work well, hoping that the new year just beginning would be a happy one.

The Financial Secretary, Mr. Banersachs, was conducted to the platform by Messrs. Spencer and Hand. He thanked the Club for the honor conferred and promised to do his work as faithfully as he knew how.

Mr. French requested Dr. Utter and Capt. Ostrom to bring "our very worthy and very correct Treasurer, Ethan Lamphear," to the platform. Mr. Lamphear, too, referred to the W. C. T. U., stating that the Reform Club owed its birth to them. "And," said he, "I hope that they will continue to be our mothers in Israel."

SOME NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

Then, with fitting words, he produced a purse of $50 in gold, contributed by members and friends of the Club to Miss Alice Smith, who a long time has generously acted as organist without pecuniary remuneration. He said that Miss Smith was modest about accepting this expression of good-will, and was thankful about public display. Thereupon a motion was carried requesting Mr. Lamphear to make the presentation at Miss Smith's residence.

"I have here," concluded Mr. Lamphear, tugging at a heavy package, "two new sets of singing books that the Club and its friends desire to give to the choir. Take 'em, Mr. Vanderbeek, and may you sing boomans as long as you live. And may you receive a diadem when the songs for the drunkard are not needed any more."

"Then gifts of to-night," happily responded Precentor Vanderbeek, "are the best that the earth can bestow. When the wise men traveled from the East they brought gold; and the heavenly messengers of that night brought music. We don't claim the wisdom of those wise men, nor does this choir claim the perfection of those angelic songsters, but we're better organized than they were. The sacred benediction to the earth was 'peace and good-will': our expressions are those of thanks, and peace and good wishes to the Club and all its friends."

The First Marshal, Capt. Wm. C. Smith, was absent, and the second Marshal, Capt. Wm. Hand, was next installed. Messrs. Banersachs and Harper conducted him to the front, and he said that if the Club ever decided to have any parades—which were where they would be officially of service—Capt. Smith and he would be on hand.

The Sergeant-at-Arms, Mark Lees, was led forward by Mr. Lamphear. He pledged himself earnestly to his work, and said that the four years he has been identified with the Club have been the best of his life.

President French appointed his committees, which were approved as follows:

Executive Committee—Dr. H. H. Lowrie, Andrew Vanderbeek, H. Newton Spencer, Jas. McGee, Geo. F. Brown.

Finance Committee—W. R. Codington, L. A. Hummer, S. P. Hoffman.

Speaking Committee—Rev. W. E. Honeyman, Col. Julian Scott, Dr. Albert A. Utter.

Printing Committee—John Limberger, Wm. Sharkey, John H. Carney.

When the time came for the President, in conclusion, "we'll have another song by

MR. VANDERBEEK'S HEAVENLY CHOIR,

and then we'll go to the parlors below, where the ladies have provided ample refreshments for all. Everyone present is invited."

After the meeting a merry gathering assembled in the parlors beneath the main room, and the night was spent in mild feasting and social intercourse. There was some good singing, and a few delivered pleasing recitations. President French was on all sides congratulated because of such a flattering outlook for the fifth year.

The instrumental music was furnished by Mr. H. N. Spencer, violin, Mr. Jos. Newman, banjo, and Miss Crossley, piano.

Mr. Banersachs was quietly presented with a gold locket by ladies, as a testimonial for his efficient work.

Among those whose melodious voices have made the Reform Club choir locally famous are: Mrs. King, Miss Wakefield, Miss Hawley, Mrs. Wakefield, Miss Hawkins and Messrs. Vanderbeek and Long. These come in for a share of the new singing-books.

Union County Courts.

The Circuit Court convened yesterday morning at the usual hour, Judge Van Syckel presiding. The first case called for trial was that of Benjamin Squire against Alexander Kelley. It is an action to recover for the defendant damages for a breach of contract. It was alleged that in April Kelly submitted to Squire a patent, and an arrangement was made for the manufacture of the article, Squire to have the selling of the goods. Terms were agreed upon, but there was a subsequent breach of the contract on part of Kelly. Surrogate Parrot and Judge Alward appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Garret Berry for the defendant.

A Dunellen Church Debt Paid.

The mortgage of $4,000 on the Dunellen Presbyterian church was cancelled last night. The congregation has been endeavoring for some time past to hump together enough to settle the debt, but did not succeed until yesterday. Among the generous contributors were: John Taylor Johnston, $500; G. W. Churchill, $250; John Handren, $200; Thos. L. Thomas, $300; Mr. Schepflein, $200; Rev. M. Skellinger, $300; Mr. Bodine, $100; John Dayton, $50; R. J. Swackhammer, $50; W. Hamilton, $50. The balance was raised by smaller subscriptions among the congregation and by the concert of Dec. 30th. These facts show the falsity of the statements of our contemporary.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for the week ending Jan. 5th, 1887:

Anderson, Arthur
Baird, Cathsanna
Brown, Fin. B.
Cross, Mary
Clickner, C. J.
Dwyer, Wm. M.
Dowies, D. J.
Duvall, Rachel
Dorsey, Mrs. T.
Eagan, Mrs. H. T.
Eagan, Louis (2)
Flaco, D.
Flynn, Fanny (2)
Flynn, Sarah
Lewis, Maggie W.
Lowe, Fred.
Lisk, Daniel
Morrison, R. E.
Miller, Alex.
McGreaner, Josie
Nicholson, D. B.
Norwood, Mrs. James
Rogers, Miss May
Robinson, Mrs. Jessie
Squires, Miss Kate
Storch, Miss Kate
Thomas Miss Penelope
Thompson Mrs. Pauline
Weldon, Miss Pauline
Wilson, Chas. L.
Walker, Henry

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

New Officers for the W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. at their business meeting on Jan. 3d, having accepted the resignation of their faithful and efficient president, Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson (who at the urgent and unanimous request of the Union held the office over another year), elected as her successor Mrs. Geo. F. Optyke, thus leaving vacant the office of treasurer, which was subsequently filled by the election of Mrs. Wm. B. Maxson.

WESTFIELD.

The Citizens' Association will hold their annual meeting next Tuesday evening, Jan. 10th, at the Town rooms.

The Fire Department will hold their regular meeting next Thursday evening, Jan. 12th, no quorum being present last night to transact business.

Dr. Gale's new bowling alley has been kept in constant use since it first opened last month.

The Town Committee will hold a meeting at the Town rooms next Saturday night.

There is some talk of a factory coming to town to manufacture boots and shoes. Parties desire to give to the choir. Take 'em, Mr. Vanderbeek, and may you sing boomans as long as you live. And may you receive a diadem when the songs for the drunkard are not needed any more."

"Then gifts of to-night," happily responded Precentor Vanderbeek, "are the best that the earth can bestow. When the wise men

PLAINFIELD'S NEW COUNCILMEN.

Biographical Sketches of Men Recently Elected.

THE NEWS has already published sketches of the lives of Plainfield's Councilmen, except those recently elected for the first time. Brief biographies of those are given below:

ERIC N. ERICKSON,

Republican Councilman-at-large, was born in Norway, May 29th, 1843. When about six years of age, he came to this country with his parents, and was educated in the South. In 1863 he entered the employ of Pusies & Co., the advertising agents, and in 1877 he succeeded to that firm's business. In 1868 he was married to Miss Davidson, a sister of Mrs. John W. Murray. He has resided in Plainfield since 1874, and at his present residence since 1876. He has four children, one daughter and three boys. He served nine years in the 22d Regt. N. Y., N. G., and is a life member of the Veterans' Association of that regiment, as well as a member of the Veterans' Uniform Battalion. He has been a member of the Board of Governors of the Muhlenberg Hospital since its organization, and for ten years has been a vestryman in Grace church, having been treasurer of its vestry eight years. Since 1875 he has been a member of Alert Hose Company, of the Plainfield Fire Department. Councilman Erickson's father was Captain, and his brother was Lieutenant in the 22d N. Y. Volunteers during the war through the war. Mr. Erickson's father died at Washington, D. C., in 1867; his mother is living in Brooklyn.

HENRY C. SQUIRES,

Republican Councilman-at-large, was born in Binghampton, N. Y., in 1838. He came to Plainfield in 1876 and is now engaged in the gun business in New York City. He was married in 1864 to Miss Matilda Evelyn Bush of New York City, and has five children, all boys, one of them, Harry G., being employed in his father's business. Robert Squires, eq one time president of the Third avenue surface road, is a cousin of the Councilman, and is well-known to many Plainfielders. Councilman Squires occupies a handsome residence on Broadway, purchased from Mayor Job Male. The Councilman has never held any other public office save that of Supervisor in Kirkwood, a New York town. He is superintendent of the new Hope Mission.

O. WARREN WATSON,

the Democratic Councilman from the First Ward, is a native of New York, where he was born Dec. 3, 1858. He is married, and is the father of two children. About five years ago he removed with his family to Plainfield, and has resided here ever since, occupying the old Longjohn homestead on East Front street. Mr. Watson is in the real estate business in New York. He is a license Councilman.

WILTON RANDOLPH,

Democratic Councilman from the Second Ward, is a descendant of the well known Virginia family of that name. From the date of the settlement of Virginia his family lived at "Wilton," their estate a few miles below Richmond, on the James river. On the election of President Harrison, who was an uncle of Councilman Randolph's father, the family removed to Washington, which was the birthplace of Plainfield's Councilman. At the outset of the civil war Mr. Randolph moved to Richmond, and in the latter part of 1863 he entered Gen'l Custis Lee's old U. S. Engineer Corps, the Confederate service. At the close of the war he came to New York, where, since 1868, he has been connected with the Mutual Life Insurance Company. He has been a resident of Netherwood since 1883. The recent terrible bereavement of his wife in their home in happy home, and his motherless children have been taken to the residence of their grandfather, Col. Thos. I. Evans of Richmond, Va.

ELMORE D. MOFFETT,

Democratic Councilman from the Fourth Ward, was born in Somerville, N. J., Nov. 10th, 1840, and has been a resident of Plainfield twenty-five years. His father was Wm. Moffett, a hatter by trade. Up to within six years the Councilman was in the grocery business at the corner of Madison avenue and Second street, which he sold out to accept a position in the County Clerk's office. He served under Clerk Vousller over five years, and was retained under Clerk Crowell. Councilman Moffett has been married twenty-four years, his wife having been Miss Hannah Darling, a sister to John Darling. He has a charming family.

PERSONAL.

Dr. F. E. Hendrickson has returned home from his Christmas vacation, which he spent at New Egypt.

City Judge Ulrich's genial face may once more be seen at his office. It shows traces, however, of the illness from which he is slowly recovering.

The Rev. W. E. Honeyman of Somerset street ventured out doors yesterday after a confinement with illness that, though it was brief, was far too long for the friends who are accustomed to meet his cheery self about the streets.

Mr. F. X. Schoonmaker gives a great deal of attention to the Art Gallery exhibit, and personally explains to visitors his treasures of porcelain and cloisonne enamel ware, so that one finds the visit doubly pleasant. But it's only Mr. Schoonmaker's usual courtesy.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bachman of West Front street celebrated the 25th anniversary of their marriage last evening by a variety wedding. A large number of invited guests from this city, New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City were present and spent a very pleasant evening. The presents were numerous and costly.

In the Newark courts yesterday Asaa Reed, a colored boy of Plainfield, sued Adam Wagner, age fifty-two, for $10,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage. Wagner's wife was also named as co-defendant in the plaintiff and defendant, and the case was adjourned to Saturday.

The congregation of the new Presbyterian church in Green Brook Valley has selected a site and taken the preliminary steps toward erecting a church building. The church will be known as the Hillside Presbyterian church of Orange. The Rev. Stanley White has accepted a call to the pastorate and will be installed on the 18th inst.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the service of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

$12,000 for a Broken Wrist.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan.—Last May Mme. Janauschek, the actress, fell down a stairway in the Ferry House, Newport. Yesterday she got $12,000 damages against the proprietor.

The Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—It is believed today that influences at work to effect a settlement of the differences between the Reading Company and the miners will be successful.

A Bad Railroad Collision.

MONTREAL, Jan. 6.—News reached this city last night that owing to a telegrapher's neglect to deliver an order, two freight trains on the Canadian Pacific collided on a trestle 90 feet high a few miles West of White River yesterday. The shock threw both trains off the trestle, and a terrible smash-up resulted. Both engineers, both firemen, and two brakemen were killed, and others of the train hands were seriously injured. Particulars are lacking. Superintendent VanHorne, has gone to the scene.

Brooklyn Wants Pentecost.

NEW YORK, Jan 6.—Rev. Hugh O. Pentecost of Newark is to come to Brooklyn. A number of admirers of the independent preacher have clubbed together and guarantee him his salary.

Mr. Pentecost will commence his sermons next Sunday afternoon at the Criterion Theatre.

The Labor party, it is understood, will build for him a church. For the present he will preach in Navarro Flats in the morning, Brooklyn in the afternoon and in New York City in the evening.

Big Fire in the Navy Yard.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—There was great excitement at the Navy Yard in Brooklyn this morning. Many of the officers and mechanics, upon the cry of fire being raised. They rallied out in undress uniforms and, with buckets, pails, and short ladders, went to work to put it out. It had started in the Navigation Building, on Warrington avenue, in the second story of the north end, and had originated in some offices where the plans for the new war vessels to be built in the Navy Yard are kept. Admiral Gherardi turned out and thought the fire could be soon suppressed by his own men. The wind that blew over the yard caught the flames and whirled them up in the air merrily, however, and soon Admiral and the other officers in the yard saw that they could not check its progress, and an alarm was sent out for the fire department. District Engineer Orr arriving did not to daily with it, but sent out a third alarm call.

The whole southern end of the building blazed up in sheets of flame and made a fine spectacle. Crowds gathered around the walls outside, but marines guarded the gates and would not allow spectators in. They did not want to let the firemen in, even.

The building was used for the Construction, Navigation, Ordinance and Equipment departments. The officers of those departments were in the two lower stories, and above them is some storage room. The building was 250 long by 75 feet wide, and was chopped into small rooms on the inside.

The loss consists of Navigators' instruments, valuable drawings and designs, and various articles used in the Construction department. In figures it is from $250,000 to $500,000.

STATE NOTES.

Union Hill taxpayers are asking for authority to build a new town hall to cost $15,000.

The New Brunswick Common Council, at Wednesday night's meeting, refused to grant a franchise to the gas company to place an electric light plant in the streets.

Ex-Governor George C. Ludlow and Judge Charles T. Cowenhoven of New Brunswick are mentioned in connection with the vacancy on the Supreme Court bench. In New Brunswick, however, it is thought that Judge John H. Stewart will be chosen.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this date for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Hiede's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue:

1887			1887	
7 a. m.	25	31	Sun rises	7 35
2 p. m.	27	39	Sun sets	4 49
9 p. m.	27	33	Moon rises	9 35
9 p. m.	32	34	Moon sets	

Special Notices.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned wishes to inform the people of Plainfield that he has patronized during her previous visit here, that she has returned in response to a generously expressed desire and will remain for a short time at the City Hotel, where she may be seen for consultation each day between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. MRS. DR. ADELE E. CUTTER.

THE THIRD PRIVATE TOUR

under the auspices of The United Gentlemen, Somerville to Washington and Mount Vernon, will leave Bound Brook Route Monday, Jan. 9th, returning Jan. 14. Fifteen persons may secure all this and more by addressing A. V. D. Honeyman, Somerville, N. J.

NOTICE

IS hereby given of the intention of the subscribers to apply for the license of an act at the next session of the Legislature of New Jersey, to repeal the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Plainfield Fire Department," approved March 31, 1884, and the various acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto.

Dated December 12, 1887.

D. R. WEAVER,
JAS. K. ARNOLD.
13-12-4t

$2,500

to loan on first mortgage security, each day between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. Apply to or address, Mrs. DR. ADELE E. CUTTER, Maitland, broker, opposite depot. 1-5-4t

Y DO U

pay $2.00 to the DOCTOR, for the prescription; about as much to the Druggist for filling it, when for 50c

YOU CAN BUY

a bottle of CARL KAERTHS

Nerve Food Tonic

for Dyspepsia, Nervous and Blood Disorders; All druggists.

THE SEASON

is now at hand when housekeepers begin to look after their Rooms and and cotton house keeping goods.

THE BARGAINS

We offer below are something that are not often to be found in the market, and doubtless will interest all in need of such goods.

The quantities we have of such are not large, and we would suggest, if you intend to take advantage of the extraordinary Low Prices, it will be necessary to be prompt as we expect a rapid sale on them.

Crochet Quilts at 75c, worth $1.
Crochet Quilts at 98c, worth $1.25.
Crochet Quilts at $1.05, worth $1.50.
Linen Towels 18x36 inches at 8c worth 15c.
Linen Towels, larger, at 12c, worth 20c.
Linen Towels for glass at 10c, worth 14c.
Linen Crashes from 4c up.
Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, 58in wide at 39c, worth 50c.
Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, 60in wide at 45c, worth 60c.
Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, 62in wide at 59c worth 75c.
Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, 72in wide, at 69c worth 85c.
Bleached Sheeting, 4-4 yards wide at 45c, worth 60c.
We will offer other Bargains in Bleached Goods also which are not advertised here. There will be bargains in Linen Napkins and bargains in Canton Flannel.

We have just received a lot of the Best Calicos, new fresh goods, will sell them as long as they last at 6c per yard. They are the regular 8c quality.

If you wish to get genuine Bargains in real good goods you can depend on finding them all

EDSALL'S, EDSALL'S,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

Sham, the Great Tycoon of Japan would be Pleased to see you at

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Monday Evening, January 9, 1888,

An Ideal and Refined Production of the

LITTLE TYCOON

Under the personal supervision of the author. An ideal cast and chorus. The finest costumes ever seen on the American stage. Special scenery, magnificent. The first production in elegance. Everything new. Company consists of 50 people. On this occasion the author will personally superintend rehearsals of 12 pieces.

From the Philadelphia Record, January 1, 1888.

William Spencer's contract with George C. Brotherton for the production for two years of "The Little Tycoon" expired at 12 o'clock last night. The author has organized a new company, with which he will open in Plainfield, N. J., on Monday evening, and has practically completed the cast of Mr. Spencer's new company now stands as follows: Fred Lennox; Alvin Berry, Eugene Harvey; Rufus Reedy, R. S. Dunbar; Lord Dolphin, Howard Everett; Wells Mann, Mr. Woodward; Hamilton Hall, Mr. Sanford; Mrs. Hamilton Hall, Miss Holland and Richard Sweet; Miss Hurricane, Hattie Arnold; Dolly Dimple, Laura C. Wilder; Violet, Ada Gilmore. The remaining members of the Tycoon company will include G. F. Blackhouse, Treasurer; Daniel Wolf, Stage Machinist; W. H. Thomas, Property Man. Mr. Spencer is business manager. The chorus of twenty four voices is probably the best collection of vocal talent ever gathered for a production, and the lyric attainments of the principals, among whom Miss Gilmore, have been highly spoken of by leaders. Charles Fox, the scenic artist, who painted the previous sets for this opera says that his new work is the most elaborate and effective he has ever done, and the costumes are from many charming creations. The orchestra will be under the leadership of Herr Hess, of the Grand Opera House orchestra, Philadelphia. The Tycoon is an exceedingly costly and elegant production. The embellishing on the Tycoon's robe alone, represents ten weeks' work by eight Japanese artists. The production will be given at Plainfield for a week, and at the close of the engagement the company will be given at Plainfield, N. J. A carload of Plainfielders will be on hand to witness the introduction of Mr. Spencer's operetta to the public. Reserved seats are booked up to June 1, upon favorable terms, and Mr. Spencer anticipates a prosperous season.

Reserved seats for sale at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's drug stores, Friday, January 6th. Prices as usual.

Cents-Word-Column

APARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 22 West Third street. 30-4tf

BOARD—Good Board in Private family at $3.50 per week. Inquire at Printers' Press Office. Inquire Wm. Westphal, grocer. 5-3

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 94 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 5-3t

FOR SALE—A neat, seven room house on West Front street, near Pond Tool works. Lot, 25x250 feet, price $2,800. Address P. O. Box 144. 4-3

GIRL wanted for general housework. Address H. M., care of Evening News. 5-4t

HELP WANTED—A colored girl who can do general housework. Can obtain a situation by addressing John Lockwood, P. O. Box 440, Plainfield, N. J.

SWEDE GIRL—Wants situation as upstairs girl, in the city, until February 1st. Good recommendation. Address, D. A. G., care Evening News. 5-2

TWO young men can be accommodated with good board in private family. Address Z, care of EVENING NEWS. 6-2

WANTED to purchase house about $3,000 value; convenient to depot. State lowest price, terms and location. Lot 50x150. Address P. O. Box 372. 6-2

SPECIAL MUSLIN SALE.

for the next few days we will sell all the standard brands of Bleached and Unbleached Muslins very much below market prices.

Ladies' White Aprons

We have just received another one of those Ladies' White Aprons, trimmed with lace and Insertion which we are still selling at 25c

REMNANTS OF RIBBON,

in Black, Brown and Cardinal, all widths, we are closing them out at 5c per yard.

Cloaks ! Cloaks !

We have decided to make a deduction of 20 per cent on every cloak sold by us until further notice. We still present such purchaser to the amount of $5 or more, an elegant morocco-covered game of Lotto.

I. H. BOEHM,

7 W. FRONT STREET.

Ladies' and Misses SKATING BOOTS

Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Youth's

DANCING SHOES.

Doane & VanArsdale

One-price Boot and Shoe House,

22 West Front street.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. ROBBINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
And delivered to them and City and Borough residents at their central office, or to subscribers at their residences, at 25 cents per week.
All papers payable in advance.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1888.

HE TOOK TO HIS HEELS.

How a Handsome Young Woman Punished Her Persecutor.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 6.—John E. Clark, a prominent young grocer, was severely cowhided in his store Wednesday night by Mrs. Annie Tallaferro, of New York. Clark's wife is a sister of Mrs. Tallaferro's husband. According to Mrs. Tallaferro's story, Clark visited them in New York, and during her husband's absence, insulted her, and she ordered him out of the house.

His afterward inveigled her husband into houses of ill repute, and finally persuaded him to desert her, giving him employment in this city. Mrs. Tallaferro followed her husband to Jacksonville, only to find that he had left the city. After her arrival she endeavored to get employment in order to sustain herself and child. She succeeded, but Clark did not cease his persecution. He wrote a letter to her employer and attempted to blacken her character.

"He continued his endeavor to injure me," said Mrs. Tallaferro, "until patience ceased to be a virtue, and having no other means of redress I went to his store and told him I had come to demand satisfaction. He made a mocking reply, and I drew the cowhide and laid it across his face and shoulders until he took to his heels." Mrs. Tallaferro is 19 years old, and very handsome.

Young Gladstone Will not Visit Ireland.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Mr. Herbert Gladstone writes that a previous engagement will prevent his visiting Ireland at present. Consequently the proposed series of speeches he was to make in Ireland will fall through, and the people will not have the supreme satisfaction of imprisoning the son of the ex-premier for speaking at the Dromore meeting, in County Tyrone, which was proclaimed. It was also known that Mr. Herbert Gladstone was to speak there.

The Orleanists are Innocent.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Reliable information from Brussels states that the authors of the forged letters which were sent to the czar have been ascertained to be a clique of Orleanists who were bent on facilitating the Bulgarian loan. The Brussels authority for this statement says that the Orleanists are innocent of any participation in the forgeries.

Ex-Empress Eugenie's Dead.

LOSPON, Jan. 6.—Ex-Empress Eugenie has decided that the ceremony of removing the remains of Napoleon III and the prince imperial from Carisbruct to Farnboro shall take place next Monday. The ceremony will be private. Queen Victoria will send some floral wreaths for the occasion.

He Denies the Allegation.

LEWISTON, Me., Jan. 6.—State Liquor Commissioner Howard's attention was called to the statement of The Portland Argus that he was selling liquor illegally. Mr. Howard pronounced the statement false.

The Prince's Silver Wedding.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—It is proposed that the celebration of the silver wedding of the Prince and Princess of Wales, which will take place on March 10 next, include a holiday.

Contesting Mrs. Stewart's Will.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—On motion of counsel for Mrs. Rosalie Butler, who is contesting the will of her late aunt, Mrs. A. T. Stewart, the case has been set down for argument on Jan. 16.

Princes to be Censured.

ROME, Jan. 6.—The government has resolved to censure Princes Massino, Doblenago and Malatesta, army officers, who attended the pope's reception.

CONDENSED NEWS.

A dispatch from Dublin states that the crisis in Mr. Sexton's condition has been passed, and he will soon be convalescent.

It is thought that a fight will shortly be arranged in England between Kilrain and Burke, the Australian.

At meetings of the National league held throughout Ireland, resolutions have been adopted declaring the reduction in the judicial rents insufficient.

Four persons who were arrested charged with causing the death of William J. Hanna, of New York, were exonerated by a coroner's jury. Hanna's mother dropped dead from grief.

A Conservative was elected to parliament in Winchester, England, succeeding a member of the same party, with a considerably increase in the majority.

Dr. Eady, an Englishman, bought a ranch near Durango, Mexico. It was claimed by one Baggot, an American, who shot and killed Dr. Eady. Baggot was arrested at Durango. He escaped, and was followed by a posse. Baggot killed one of the officers and wounded others, but was captured and will be shot.

Miss Harper, while walking in one of the most fashionable sections of Pittsburg, was set upon by two ruffians, who knocked her down and seized her wallet and ran. They were pursued, but drew pistols, cowed the crowd and escaped.

A freight train on the Norfolk and West ran head into a rock slide near Ripplemead, Va. The engine jumped into New river, drowning the engineer at his post and killing a fireman.

William P. Howells, mine boss, was killed by falling rock in Murray shaft, Wilkesbarre, Pa., while trying to save a miner.

William C. Dear, an Ingoma man, resident of Accomac county, Va., killed his wife near Ballhaven by cutting her throat while riding with her in a wagon with two small children.

Indiana's coal mines produced last year 5,817,711 tons of coal, an increase over the previous year of 217,711 tons. Capital invested was $2,132,000; miners employed, 7,804.

Wrecked While Entering the Harbor.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 6.—The fishing schooner Warren J. Crosby, one of the best vessels owned here, was totally wrecked yesterday by being driven on the ledge at the entrance of the harbor, C. B. The crew narrowly escaped.

Big Blaze in Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 6.—The workshop of the Los Angeles furniture company burned Tuesday. Loss, $200,000; insurance, about $100,000.

Weather Indications.

For Saturday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, warmer, partly cloudy weather, with southerly winds.

MR. REAGAN'S OPPOSITION.

HE SPEAKS AGAINST THE BLAIR EDUCATIONAL BILL.

He Declares It a Blow at State Sovereignty—Mr. Blair Introduces Arguments from the Texas Senator's Constituents in Support of His Measure.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—In the senate yesterday Mr. Platt presented a number of petitions in favor of prohibition in the District of Columbia, and urged the importance of the same.

Mr. Hoar introduced a bill making provisions for the permanent international centennial, world's fair and permanent exposition in Washington.

Mr. Sherman made an unsuccessful attempt to secure consideration of a bill to exempt the District of Columbia from the provisions of a bill preventing aliens from owning land in the territories.

Mr. Mitchell (Ore.) then, at 1 o'clock, took the floor, and made a strong speech in favor of a naval station on the Pacific coast. He was followed by his colleague, Mr. Dolph, on the same subject.

Mr. Blair then called up the educational bill as the regular order, and had it read preparatory to debate.

Mr. Reagan being recognized proceeded to oppose the educational bill. His opposition, he said, was based upon the absence of the power to enact such a law. Mr. Reagan predicted that the passage of such a bill would be the adoption of a policy of centralization which would establish the doctrine of a popular majority overthrow the constitution and endanger the liberties of the people. It offered a bribe of money to the people to induce them to abandon their self-reliance and their state governments. It would be the surrender by the people of their birthright for a mess of pottage. The southern states were not in need of federal aid for school purposes. The Texas school fund this year was $3,100,000.

Mr. Blair read letters from educational authorities in that state complaining of the lack of school funds and urging the passage of the bill.

Mr. Plumb proposed an amendment providing that the money shall be distributed among the several states and territories in proportion to their populations, according to the census of 1880. Pending further discussion of the bill the senate, at 4:50, went into secret session, and at 5:30 adjourned until 12 today next.

In the house, the chaplain made extended reference in his prayer to the death of the late Secretary Manning.

Mr. Stewart, of Georgia, introduced a bill authorizing national banks to take loans on real estate for loans of money. (The bill prohibits national banks *from taking real estate on loans made for more than one-half* of the assessed value of the real estate.)

Mr. Cox was announced as a member of the board of regents of the Smithsonian institution.

The standing committee were then announced by the speaker. The partial list of chairmen published two days ago in these columns is correct, with the exception that Norwood (Ga.) takes the chairmanship of the committee on coinage, weights and measure, and Hiscock (N. Y.) that on the committee on manufactures. Mr. Cox takes the chairmanship of the census committee. Among the other chairmanships are: Territories, Springer; rivers and harbors, Payson, N. J.; navy department expenditures, Scott, Pa.; *expenditures on public buildings*, T. Campbell, N. Y.; election of president and vice-president, Hemphill, S. C.; mining, O'Ferrall, Va.; patents Weaver, Ia.; postal business, Matson, Ind.; pensions, Dunn, Ark.; alcoholic liquor traffic, J. E. Campbell, O.

The distribution of chairmen by states is as follows: Alabama, 3; Arkansas, 2; California, 2; Colorado, 1; Connecticut, 0; Delaware, 0; Florida, 1; Georgia, 3; Illinois, 3; Indiana, 2; Iowa, 1; Kansas, 0; Kentucky, 3; Louisiana, 1; Maine, 0; Maryland, 1; Massachusetts, 1; Michigan, 1; Minnesota, 0; Mississippi, 1; Missouri, 5; Nebraska, 0; New Hampshire, 0; New Jersey, 1; New York, 6; North Carolina, 1; Ohio, 3; Oregon, 0; Pennsylvania, 3; Rhode Island, 0; South Carolina, 2; Tennessee, 2; Texas, 3; Vermont, 0; Virginia, 1; West Virginia, 0; Wisconsin, 1.

Mr. Grout, of Vermont, introduced a bill to reduce postage on fourth class matter; also, a bill to enable the people to name their assessors.

Mr. Randall moved that the house adjourn until Monday, stating that he did so to enable the committees to organize and prepare business from the first of the week. The house then, at 1:10 p. m., adjourned until Monday.

Speaker Carlisle's committees give very general satisfaction. There are some disappointments. This is usual. Even the politicians opponents of Mr. Carlisle praise him for the care he has exercised and recognize his most earnest endeavors to not only satisfy those directly interested, but render the best possible satisfaction to the country. There were many conflicting interests to be considered in the formation of the committees, and many members not only begged to be placed upon certain committees, but refused in advance to serve if given assignments they did not like, and which they named. It is in proof that Mr. Carlisle has acted very wisely in view of the policies of his party respecting tariff reform, appropriations, pensions, financial matters, territorial interests, railroad, educational, labor and other problems which are pressing congress for action. The speaker said last night that he was never more completely exhausted than in his work, and that he felt greatly relieved now that it was finished. Most of the committees will meet to-day and organize by the selection of subcommittees, arrangements of business which has already been referred, and will appoint clerks, etc. Members of the committee on ways and means say they have their hands full and will be granted on tariff matters, and that those most interested will be given an opportunity to present arguments verbally and written.

Six Railroad Men Killed.

MONTREAL, Jan. 6.—Intelligence has been received in the city of a disastrous railway accident on the Can Atlantic railway, a few miles west of White river. It is said that the telegraph agent at one of the stations on the line failed to cancel a freight train as he had been ordered to do, and that it collided with another freight train on a trestle work 90 feet high. Both trains fell from the trestle. Six men, employes, two firemen, and two brakemen were instantly killed. Other hands were seriously injured.

An Ungrateful Vagabond.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 6.—Constantin Seibert, who assaulted Mr. and Mrs. Korber with an iron bar on Sunday they were sleeping early yesterday morning, inflicting serious injuries, is a half brother of Mrs. Korber's first husband, and had been supported by Mrs. Korber for a long time in the country. He is a lazy and vicious fellow, and Mrs. Korber finally refused to give him more money. This enraged him, and led to his attempt to kill the couple who had so often befriended him. The wounds, however, are not fatal.

UNDER TONS OF IRON.

Two Men Killed and Four Fatally Injured by Falling Girders.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 6.—Shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the new centre viaduct over Central Way gave way and fell to the ground, over sixty feet below, with all the iron it bridges sloped which is used on top of the viaduct went down with the wreck, burying fourteen workmen beneath the ruins. The accident came without a second's warning. Suddenly the two spans over Central Way fell as if sawed off from the structure.

Two men were crushed to death instantly, and while their mutilated bodies could be seen they could not be taken from the ruins by reason of the vast weight piled on them. One of the spans was 180 feet and the other 90 feet in length.

Assistance was at once on hand and the work of recovering the dead and wounded began. Capt. C. H. Hanford, a police man named Hardy were taken out dead, while R. D. Hamlin, Charlie Ord, John Borden and Alexander Stewart were severely injured. Hardy, the first man taken from the wreck, was an awful sight. He was placed beneath a mass of twisted beams and girders, and never got over his head, covered from the body, rolled into the gutter.

The wounded were all taken to Huron Street hospital, where an examination of their wounds was made. It is believed they all are fatally hurt. Several men were at work below the bridge, but all escaped.

The cause of the accident is thus explained: The "traveler" is a huge machine-like affair that runs along the top of the structure, and by it the iron work is carried out in advance of the structure proper. It is operated by the "traveler" is a smaller car, which holds water for the engine in the "traveler," and is also used by workmen as a tool box. The accident occurred from an overweight in admitting the water carrier to run too far out on the end of the wooden trestle work, which is erected in advance of the iron work. The southern span went over first, and, as it went, plunged down, carrying the wooden supports, and those in turn crashed against the yet insecure iron work, carrying down with it the next two spans.

SEEKING A DIVORCE.

The Proceedings Hastened by a Street Encounter in Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Papers were served yesterday on Robert McCarthy, of this city, in behalf of his wife, who seeks a divorce for principal cause. This course on the part of Mrs. McCarthy was undoubtedly hastened by an encounter which her husband had on Christmas eve with a young man of this city, who thrashed him for an alleged insult to a lady of their mutual acquaintance. Mr. McCarthy, who is a nephew of the late Senator Dennis McCarthy, and son of State Charity Commissioner Robert McCarthy, is about 30 years of age, and his position in society in Syracuse is not disputed. His wife is one of the most beautiful women in the city, and was married to Mr. McCarthy in New York city about five years ago. She is an heiress in her own right, and, it is said, paid for her husband's interest in the firm of Robert McCarthy & Son, wholesale dealers in hardware. The prosecution of the suit will develope a startling sensation.

Suppressing Christianity in Turkey.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—Intelligence received at the rooms of the American board here says that the Turkish government is revising its school laws, with the aim of suppressing American and other foreign schools. The new law provides that no foreigner can open a school without a special firman given by the sultan himself, and such documents he is very slow to give. The law forbids any Ottoman subject from attending such a school, and he shall have taken a course of religious training in his own schools, while foreign schools are to be run entirely from religious instructions. The schools now existing are to be suppressed unless they conform to these regulations within six months. As a large amount of capital is invested in educational institutions in Turkey, our minister has protested against this law, and urges other embassies to j in him.

Where is the Murderer?

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 6.—Chief of Police William Lloyd, of Long Branch, has procured a full description of "Pete" Marcoming, the man suspected of being the murderer of Robert Hamilton, Banker Drexel's confidential servant, who is now supposed to be hiding in Philadelphia. "Pete" is about five feet six inches tall, weighs 200 pounds and has lost the first joints of the index finger on the right hand. There is a peculiar scar behind his right ear, received in a fight some years ago. When last seen in Long Branch he wore a thin dark mustache. It is known that he was through that part of Long Branch known as Limerick, on the night when Hamilton received his fatal injuries. Rewards aggregating $1,500 for the capture of the criminal, are offered.

The Oil Company Protests.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Before the jury in the naphtha explosion inquest assembled last evening, Mr. Buckley, of counsel for the Vacuum Oil company, presented to Coroner Sharp with a letter in which he charges that official with conducting the inquest in such a way as to prejudice the public. Mr. Buckley says that he was invited to participate in the proceedings, and also given a list of witnesses the company would like to call. The letter says that the counsel employed by the company is not desirous to prejudice actions for damages against the company, and has acted more in the interests of his clients than to get at the truth of the matter. Eight witnesses were submitted, principally referring to the break in the pipe at the Atkinson street sewer.

Accused of Stealing Public Money.

EASTON, Pa., Jan. 6.—The Northampton Democrat makes the charge that the commissioners of Northampton county who have just retired have been guilty of stealing money from the county; pronounces the commissioners and their allies unmitigated scoundrels, justified by public plunder, and accuses them of unlawfully exterting money from many connected with the county improvements, and demanding and accepting money from others. The accused men are Edward Gerch, David Wolfe and Reuben Fehnel.

Killed by an Explosion.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The boiler of the sewer pipe works of Lee, Hopkins & Lee, Emmond's station, on the Metropolitan branch of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, six miles from this city, exploded yesterday. The boiler house was completely destroyed and Henry Gorman, a colored fireman, was instantly killed. The boiler was carried about seventy feet in the air, finally lodging in the second floor of a frame building, ripping and twisting the joists of the structure.

Another of the Wolves.

NASHUA, N. H., Jan. 6.—John R. Stokes, of Manchester, was yesterday convicted of enticing child Lizzie Brown, aged 12 years, and was sentenced to three years' imprisonment. He is the third man tried in the Manchester scandal cases. Stokes has been married twenty years. His wife was present and was prostrated with grief.

THE COAL MINERS STRIKE.

THE PRICE OF FUEL GOING UP IN THE COAL DISTRICTS.

Not Enough Coal Mined Yesterday to Supply the Demand to the Vicinity of New York—The General Executive Board Will Take a Hand.

READING, Pa., Jan. 6.—The situation among the striking miners of the Schuylkill regions is getting more serious. Yesterday nearly every colliery was idle, and the shipping of coal was very much curtailed. To-day several of these are idle, the men having struck. Yesterday the Reading company had 75 of its many trains, but only gathered together enough to run 50 of them. To-day but 30 of these trains are idle, and only two were going with a few cars. Everywhere the men are quiet, but determined. Two men were killed in the Schuylkill coal fields to last New York and Boston a single day. Not more than two cars of coal were shipped yesterday from the region to points in the east, and 5,000 and 6,000 cars.

The impression throughout the coal region is that the company has adopted the following plan of campaign:

They will treat with the miners individually, and will pay the 6 per cent. advance to all who are willing to go to work, but will not treat with the miners as an association under any circumstances. They are to be given a limited time to consider this, and if they do not accept the men will be replaced by new miners put forward for the purpose.

Chairman John L. Lee, who practically has this strike in charge, brings the most unfavorable reports from the collieries where he went to see Mr. Powderly; He says that Mr. Powderly is a very sick man, and will never again take charge of the Knights of Labor. Mr. Lee says that the Reading workman's malady of such a nature as to cause his death shortly.

The news from Shamokin that the 600 miners in the Enterprise collieries Nos. 1 and 2 have gone on strike brings more encouragement to the strikers at Ashland. Coal is so scarce that it is bringing $5 a ton, an unusual price for the region.

The most determined of all the striking miners in the coal regions are those in the Mahanoy region. The Reading Coal company collieries is usually sent over the Mahanoy plane, and they are all idle excepting several small ones operated by individuals.

Master Workman Turner, of Lehman Lee, of the railroad employes' executive committee, and Secretary Joseph Cahill issued a circular addressed to all the assemblies in the United States, in which they appeal for financial aid to carry on the strike. The circular says that this is a determined struggle by the operators to defeat the onward march of organized labor, to crush out *the spirit of organization among the wage* workers of the anthracite coal fields, and appeals to all workingmen everywhere to arise in their majesty and organize a combination against hard hearted, cruel and tyrannical men.

The strike having been referred to the general executive board of the Knights, it will take several days to bring all members together and until then the strike will be pursued by both parties with the intensest vigor. The strikers are undoubtedly gaining ground fast. The latest is that to-day a private order will be issued to all the men at the individual collieries now working will go out.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—In coal circles many large operators now hold the belief *that arbitration is not distant, but nothing* official can be learned on this point. The Reading company is silent, if minus any apparent change. There is to be a conference next Monday between committees representing the strikers and the general executive board of the Knights of Labor. The railroad company is apparently becoming each day better able to conquer difficulties which the strike has caused. The running of trains is accomplished with regularity, and the company regards itself in a better position, as far as the train hands are concerned, than at any time previous to the strike.

General Manager McLeod appears confident that the miners' strike cannot cause a real famine. The supply of coal at Port Richmond is decreasing, and unless the company receives fresh coal in large quantities from the mines it will have difficulty in filling its orders. About 20,000 tons of coal are now lying in the cars and on the wharves at Port Richmond. The strikers claim that there is only half that quantity. This will last for some time, but unless the supply is increased by shipments from the mines, the company may be temporarily embarrassed. There is a great demand for coal at this time, and the shippers and dealers are taxed to their utmost capacity.

Dining with the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The first of the series of dinners to be given by the president this winter took place last night. It was given to the cabinet. Those present were the president, Mrs. Fairchild, Secretary Whitney, Mrs. Whitney, Secretary Lamar, Mrs. Cleaden, Admiral Porter, Senator Hawley, Miss Nelson, Mrs. Berry, Governor Jackson, General Sheridan, Mrs. Sheridan, Secretary Whitney, Mrs. Ingalls, Secretary Bayard, Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary Fairchild, Mrs. Endicott, Mr. Ingalls, Miss Endicott, Miss Berry, Mr. Cleveland, Mrs. Jackson, Senator Hearst, Mrs. Hawley, Speaker Carlisle, Mrs. Whitney, Postmaster General Vilas and Miss Bayard.

He Objects to Investigations.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., Jan. 6.—Lovi S. Fuller, superintendent of the New York State Inebriate asylum, has written to Governor Hill resignation of that position, which he has held since 1870, to take effect April 1. From the time of the investigation into the affairs of the institution, two years ago, there, he says, has been more or less friction between superintendent Fuller and some of the managers. Some of the managers have made charges reflecting on Mr. Fuller's work, and a report that have another investigation, the superintendent resigned. There is no imputation on Mr. Fuller's character, and it is said the board did not seem to get along well with him.

An Expensive Hose.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Sherburne G. Hopkins, who some time ago sent a bogus in formal machine to Chief Justice Waite, yesterday pleaded guilty in the police court, and was fined $100. Hopkins distinctly and emphatically disavowed conceiving and executing the underhanded scheme with any motive toward the chief justice or with any purpose of profit or gain. He deeply regretted his thoughtless act, and because of this fasting pleaded for mercy. His understanding that a fine would be imposed. The fine was paid.

Death Quashed the Indictment.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 6.—Ammi Baldwin, late cashier of the Fidelity National bank, died of paralysis yesterday at his residence on Walnut Hills. With him go to the grave three great secrets, the death of his son, the suicide of his brother and the affairs of the Fidelity bank. For several years the defendant has been in poor health. He was indicted with Harper, but was released on $10,000 bail.

A PREMATURE BLAST.

Mr. Stephen A. Fleming Blown Sky High.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 6.—A terrible accident occurred at noon to-day at the Empire colliery, in the Wyoming valley, near Pittston. A heavy blast had been prepared in a deep cut, under the direction of Morris Rosenbaum, fire boss. The workmen, about 100 in number, were standing within one hundred feet of the blast, when they were working at the foot of a chute. Rosenbaum, it is said, lighted the fuse and started to run. In a moment a shock like an earthquake was felt. Rumbling and noise to give the warning signal and prepare for the explosion followed. Then came the terrific blast. Rocks, coal and timber were hurled in the air and many of the men were struck. Fragments of rock were blown fifty feet away, and some were carried much further. The force of the blast was terrific. The men at the foot of the heading were instantly killed and mangled. The other eleven workmen were hurt by concussion or by coal and rock thrown on them. The following are the list of the killed and wounded:

KILLED—Stanley Ferrell, aged 25; George Pursley, aged 30; Lawrence Hughes, aged 30.

Injured—Rosenbaum, Frankenberg, aged 37, cut on the face, hands, head, and right knee joint broken; Andrew Pawlowicz, aged 31, cut on the face and hands, internal injuries, severe, and external table of skull fractured in several places—will die; Michael Yantzick, aged 31, cut on the scalp and left hand broken; Peter Yantzick, aged 29, cut on the head, on the face and eyes injured; Vasil Vielock, aged 28, both eyes injured and cut about the body—will die; George Pawlovick, cut on the face and hands; Michael Kosack, aged 18, face cut, head bruised and both eyes injured; Michael Chorowitch aged 17, right arm broken and scalp wounds; Michael Kosack, Thomas Hughes, 15 and 20, lacerated, bruised by being blown several feet away; Morris Dodshue, slightly injured, was blown twenty feet in the air.

KILLED WHILE COASTING.

A Young Lady of Brooklyn Meets Death on a Double Runner.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Jan. 6.—In a coasting accident last evening Miss Augusta Pentland, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was killed. The street through which the slide runs is fully a mile long and crosses at least twenty streets on the way to the end. The double runner contained the unlucky number thirteen when the start was made from the top of the hill. The boys and girls on the sleds were all aged from 15 to 25. The boy who steered was about 11. When about half a mile down the hill he saw a team coming against him. He endeavored to avoid the team and ran right into a telegraph pole. He jumped off and escaped with a broken leg. The second seat on the sled was occupied by Miss Pentland. She was instantly killed. The occupants of the next six seats were bruised and scratched more or less, but it is thought now that all will recover.

Nominated by the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The president yesterday sent a long list of nominations for postmasterships to the senate for confirmation, among them the following: Pennsylvania—James P. Smith, Lehighton; David Maxwell, Wilkinsburg; H. W. Sneer, Hunsmelstown; Patrick Bracken, Parker's Landing; Jeremiah Mohler, Ephrahah; Sidney Hayden, Bayer; John Wilson, Mount Carbon ville. New York—Peter A. Albert, Holley; W. H. O'Donnell, Jordan; Hanson C. Phelps, Norwood; James M. Swift, North Tarrytown. New Jersey—Thomas Hagaman, Somerville; John F. Kelly, Jersey City. Connecticut—C. O. Holcomb, New Hartford.

Where is Young Mackey?

SACO, Me., Jan. 6.—Harry McNeally took another trip to the provinces yesterday, presumably to visit his brother, Frank C. McNeally, the young bank defaulter. The bank officers and the sureties have come with the defaulter since his release at Halifax, and they say that they do not know where he now is, and the rumored trip to Surry has also lost track of the defaulter's whereabouts, and that this was the object of his departure.

Fire in the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 6.—Fire broke out at 12:30 this morning in the equipment building of the navy yard, and though the entire fire department of Brooklyn was soon on the scene, assisting the employes of the yard, the flames could not be controlled, and the entire building was soon destroyed. At 2 a. m. the fire was under control, having been confined to the equipment building. The loss is about $200,000.

Mr. Gladstone and the Pope.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—Reports from Rome say that Mr. Gladstone has intimated that he would like to see the pope. It is said that from the pope's bearing this fact is reciprocal the desire. The same authority states that the interview between the Anglican statesman and the Roman pontiff will be arranged *for soon.*

ATTENTION!

Right about Face!

MARCH!

to the Shoe Store of

J. J. KENNEY,

20 NORTH AVENUE,

where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

Stephen A. Fleming,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of full kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete with any market in the

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

Don't forget a call that we may convince that we DO IT.

CHEAPER

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PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

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Park avenue, W. S. SLITER, Manager.

AN ORDINANCE

To amend an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to License Inns and Taverns and to regulate and prevent the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors," passed February 21, 1882, and approved February 22, 1882, and the supplement thereto, passed December 11, 1882, and approved December 12, 1882.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 2. That all licenses granted under said ordinance during the year 1888 shall be and remain in force, shall be governed by said ordinance as amended by section 1 hereof, and shall expire on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1888.

Section 3. No person licensed under said ordinance shall keep open or cause or permit to be kept open his bar room, or room in which spirituous or fermented liquors are customarily sold, or suffer any person to be therein between the hours or twelve o'clock at night and six o'clock of the following morning, and any person violating this section in any particular shall be liable to a fine of one hundred dollars to imprisonment in the county jail for sixty days, or both.

Section 4. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are to the extent of such inconsistency hereby repealed.

Adopted December 31, 1887.

Approved December 31, 1887.

JOB HALE, Mayor.

Attest: O. B. LEONARD, City Clerk.

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VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Department Store,

18 West Front street

Every effort will be made to make this store one of the most attractive in this city. Our Bazaar Department is to be one of interest to every householder and to all who are looking up novelties. Our Dry and and Fancy Goods Department is being rapidly replenished and as the seasons open new and attractive goods will be placed on sale.

THE BEE HIVE.

Gents' Kid Gloves Tans or Brown Embroidered back every pair warranted

$1 a Pair

Full line of Gents' Silk Mufflers, Silk Hemstitched Pocket Handkerchiefs, white and colored border.

"The Pride" Buy, The Pride, the best Shirt in the world 69 cents.

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28 WEST FRONT ST.

CITY PHARMACY,

21 West Front street.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.

Toilet Requisites;

City Pharmacy Dentine, cleanses and preserves the teeth.

Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.

Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.

City Pharmacy opened Sunday for the sale of medicines only.

Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.

Telephone call 138.

Field & Randolph.

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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1y

DR. F. K. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Successor to Dr. R. W. Anderson, Nos. 13 East Front street. Gas administered.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 36 Broadway, New York, and Smith's Block, Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours in Plainfield, Mondays and Tuesdays.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. E. THERIEN, DENTIST,
Office, No. 5 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth without pain.

DR. ERIC BERG,
Physician and Surgeon, has removed to corner of Second and Watchung avenues, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Notaries in Chancery, Conveyancers, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

J. H. PRESTON,
Physician and Surgeon. Office in Laing's old stand, corner of Main street and Watchung avenue. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m. Night calls promptly attended. Residence, Second Mt. Ida. Residence of Washington avenue, Dunellen. Specialty, Chronic and Constitutional diseases. Residence 72 East Fifth avenue.

OSCAR S. TRAIL,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city. Supervising Architect for Dr. Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Successor to Dr. E. W. Smith, 31 Front St. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Educational.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE.
Mrs. Leland Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence, Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Thoroughly qualified to prepare pupils for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will permit pupils to practice daily at her residence. Terms, $10 per quarter. Can refer to distinguished professors, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 982.

MISS NETTIE MATTESON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1052.

ELOCUTION,
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberta F. O. Box 1099.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls at No. 5 Park place, corner of Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 80, Plainfield.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 880.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance,

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 25 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

P. O. Box 528

THE

Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY, [illegible]

Accident Policies

for

$10,000

[illegible]

In event of death $10,000
For loss of two hands 10,000
For loss of two feet 10,000
For loss of one hand and one foot 10,000
For loss of both eyes 5,000
For loss of one hand or one foot $5,000
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For disabling injury lasting through the whole time of same, but not exceeding 200

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.

For circular, etc., call on

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ATTENTION

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FINEST BUILDING PROPERTY

in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is situated on the line of the Plainfield and Dunellen, N. J., and is in close proximity to the

POND TOOL MANUFACTORY,

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POTTER PRESS WORKS.

It is situated in the

Healthiest,

most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To the one desiring to purchase a home, or to any one wishing to secure small lots, or to any one desiring to speculate in real estate, this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly, No. 36 Park avenue or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be had at Dr. Fritts' office.

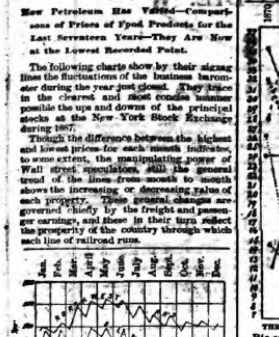
A YEAR'S BUSINESS.

CHARTS SHOWING THE FLUCTUATIONS OF STOCKS IN 1887.

How Petroleum Has Varied—Comparison of Prices of Food Products for the Last Seventeen Years—They Are Now at the Lowest Recorded Point.

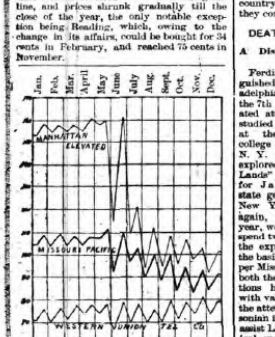
The following charts show by their zigzag lines the fluctuations of the business barometer during the year just closed. They trace in the closest and most comprehensible the ups and downs of the principal stocks at the New York Stock Exchange during 1887.

Though the difference between the highest and lowest prices for each month indicates, to some extent, the manipulating power of Wall street speculators, still the general trend of the lines from month to month shows the increasing or decreasing value of each property. These general changes are governed chiefly by the freight and passenger earnings, and these in their turn reflect the prosperity of the country through which each line of railroad runs.



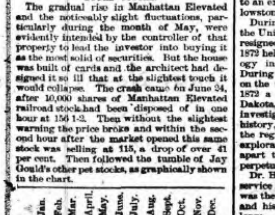
RAILROAD STOCKS.

The general tendency of stocks, which, for the years 1885 and 1886, was upward, continued so for the first six months of 1887 until the alarming drop of Manhattan Elevated railroad stock in June. Then a sympathetic chill seemed to strike stocks all along the line, and prices shrank gradually till the close of the year, the only notable exception being Reading, which, owing to the change in its affairs, could be bought for 34 cents in February, and reached 75 cents in November.



GOULD STOCKS.

The gradual rise in Manhattan Elevated and the noticeably slight fluctuations, particularly during the month of May, were evidently intended by the controller of that property to lead the investor into buying it as the most solid of securities. But the house was built of cards and the architect had designed it so ill that at the slightest touch it would collapse. The crash came on June 24, after 10,000 shares of Manhattan Elevated railroad stock had been disposed of in one hour at 150 1-2. Then without the slightest warning the price broke and within the second hour after the market opened this same stock was selling at 115, a drop of over 41 per cent. Then followed the tumble of Jay Gould's other pet stocks, as graphically shown in the chart.

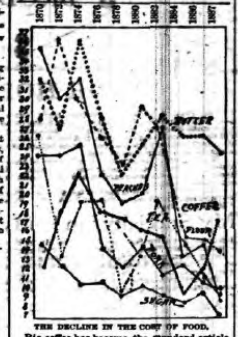


PETROLEUM.

Petroleum continues to be one of the chief speculative features of the markets. From 72 cents a barrel in January it dropped to 54 cents in July, which was the lowest it ever reached on the New York Exchange. From the upward tendency which it showed during the last half of the year it may be considered probable that it will reach a higher figure in the spring than it has for many years.

The following chart shows the changes in the prices of the principal articles of food during the last seventeen years, at intervals of two years. As there is no standard article among the different food products, the endeavor has been to show the wholesale price of the same quality of the same article during the different years. The pound prices of butter, tea, sugar and coffee are given and the can prices of peaches. Western creamery butter has averaged 24 cents a pound; owing to the prohibitory law on oleomargarine more milk has been turned into the creameries to be made into butter than has been forwarded to the factories for the manufacture of cheese, consequently the price of the latter has been higher than it will be next year, when the factories will likely get more than their proportion of milk. The relations of milk, butter and cheese to one another are fixed as follows: 100 pounds of milk equal 4 pounds of butter, or 10 pounds of cheese. As a consequence of the enforcement of the Federal legislation against oleomargarine, the manufacturers have found a market outside, over 2,000,000 pounds being shipped to Europe alone during 1887.

In less Americans seem to demand a better grade than formerly, consequently the importers are endeavoring to cater to the taste which has greatly reduced article.' One of their choicest brands, which in 1886 sold at $1.50 a pound, has fallen this year to 90 cents. The lower grades of tea have dropped 2 or 3 cents a pound. A curious fact in relation to tea is that Oolong or black teas are used chiefly east, while the Japan or green teas are consumed in the west.



THE DECLINE IN THE COST OF FOOD.

Rio coffee has become the standard article in the trade, and has averaged 17 1-4 cents a pound for the year. Pork has averaged $14.50 a barrel. Flour has averaged $4.25 a barrel for Minnesota straight winter wheat, which is the lowest price known. The average wholesale price of peaches by the can has been 8 1-2 cents during 1887, as against 14 cents in 1886. Sugar has also declined, the average price for granulated being about 7 cents a pound.

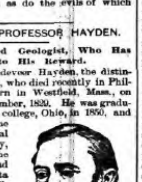
On the whole, as can be seen by a glance at the chart, the tendency has been downward to lower and lower prices for food, until now it is scarcely possible to go lower without the danger of adulteration, which has already accompanied the decline in prices to an alarming degree.

To combat this evil of adulteration the National Board of Trade has drafted "a bill to prevent the adulteration of food and drugs." To aid in the pushing of this bill through congress a National Pure Food convention will assemble in Willard's hall, Washington, on Jan. 19, when it is expected all the health authorities of the country, as well as the honest producers of food and drugs, will be represented. It is claimed that the object of legislation upon this subject is not only to prevent deception, but to furnish authentic information to the public so as to nullify the operations of ignorant and sensational alarmists, who damage the business interests of the country as much as do the evils of which they complain.

DEATH OF PROFESSOR HAYDEN.

A Distinguished Geologist, Who Has Gone to His Reward.

Ferdinand Vandeveer Hayden, the distinguished geologist, who died recently in Philadelphia, was born in Westfield, Mass., on the 7th of September, 1820. He was graduated at Oberlin college, Ohio, in 1850, and studied medicine at the medical college at Albany, N. Y. In 1853 he explored the "Bad Lands" of Dakota for James Hall, state geologist for New York, and again, the next year, went west to spend two years in the exploration of the basin of the upper Missouri. From both these explorations he returned with valuable fossils. His specimens attracted the attention of the authorities of the Smithsonian institution, and he was appointed to assist Lieut. G. K. Warren, of the topographical engineers, then in the northwest. In 1859 he was appointed naturalist and surgeon to an expedition sent out to explore the Yellowstone.



PROF. F. V. HAYDEN.

During the civil war Dr. Hayden entered the United States army as surgeon. He resigned when peace came, and from 1865 to 1872 held the chair of mineralogy and geology in the University of Pennsylvania. During his professorship he was engaged on the upper Missouri, making from 1869 to 1872 a series of geological explorations in Dakota, Wyoming, Utah and Colorado, his investigations extending into the natural history, climate, resources and ethnology of the region. It was largely on account of his explorations and reports that congress set apart the Yellowstone National park as a perpetual reservation.

Dr. Hayden resigned from the government service in 1886, on account of ill health. He was the author of numerous scientific papers, and his government publications are very large. His name appears on the rolls of many scientific societies in the United States and abroad.

The Mexican Woman's Life.

The Mexican woman who is obliged to earn her own living has a hard time of it. Sometimes candle stars store than fifty cents per day, cigarette makers from thirty-two to thirty-eight cents, and matchmakers thirty to forty cents, and these are the only employments that are open to women in the City of Mexico.—Boston Budget.

A Famous Business Woman.

Mme. Boucicaut, the recently deceased owner of the celebrated "Bon Marche," of Paris, was a remarkable business woman. Her wealth was enormous, being estimated at $10,000,000 when she died. Of this vast sum she bequeathed $4,000,000 to charitable institutions, while to her children she left $3,400,000. Two hundred thousand dollars of this sum is to be devoted to the founding of a hospital for employes of the "Bon Marche," while the rest was left to individual employes in sums ranging from $500 to $2,000, according to the length of time passed in her service. Four hundred and fifty thousand dollars of her property went to educational institutions, $250,000 to hospitals and homes for the poor, $60,000 was left to the archbishop of Paris, $45,000 to other Paris clergymen without regard to sect, and $30,000 to Pasteur. The museums of Paris receive her paintings; her linen and silver service go to the educational institutions of the Legion of Honor, and what is left of the residue, after distributing numerous legacies to relations and friends, is bequeathed to the municipality of Paris for the erection and maintenance of a new hospital

MME. BOUCICAUT.

SNAKES IN INDIA.

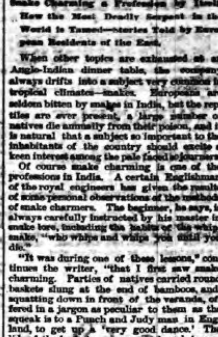
THE COBRA DI CAPELLO IN HIS NATIVE LAIR.

Snake Charming a Profession by Itself. How the Most Deadly Serpent in the World is Tamed—Stories Told by European Residents of the East.

When other topics are exhausted an Anglo-Indian dinner table, the company always drifts into a subject very common in tropical climates—snakes. Europeans are seldom bitten by snakes in India, but the reptiles are ever present, a large number of natives die intensely from their poison, and it is natural that a topic so important to the inhabitants of the country should excite a keen interest among the pale faced sojourners.

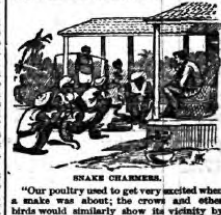
Of course snake charming is one of the professions in India. A certain Englishman of the royal engineers has given the results of some personal observations of the methods of snake charmers. The beginner, he says, is always carefully instructed by his master in snake lore, including the habits of the whip-snake, "who whips and whips you until you die."

"It was during one of these lessons," continues the writer, "that I first saw snake charming. Parties of natives carried round baskets slung at the end of bamboos, and, squatting down in front of the varanda, offered in a jargon as peculiar to them as the squeak is to a Punch and Judy show in England, to get up a 'very good dance.' The lids of the baskets were opened and two or three cobras were lazily and unconsciously pulled out. Then, while a piper played, the snakes raised their heads, spread their hoods and assumed the well pictured attitude. As the musician moved about with his head, they ducked their heads up and down, and this was the 'very good dance.' Then another of the party produced an unhappy, ragged looking specimen between



A FULL GROWN COBRA.

mon), the traditional enemy of snakes, and a so-called fight was shown by alternately throwing him on to the snakes and jerking him back again by the string round his neck. There was not much 'charming' in the treatment of the cobras, who probably had had their fangs extracted. There are, I believe, however, authenticated accounts of men who handle unmutilated cobras. The first real cobra I saw was while walking along a road. On a bank beyond the ditch a little naked boy was sitting, so black as evidently to belong to one of the aboriginal or outcast races. At his feet in the dry ditch a large snake was moving along, and the child quietly watching it. Thinking from his appearance that he might be the son of a snake charmer, and the snake a tame one, I asked in Hindostani: 'Is it yours?' The child in the most innocent way replied, 'Why mine!' The snake meanwhile began to move faster, so picking up a big stone I threw it, and struck the snake, upon which he reared up, expanding his hood. Before I could find another stone, however, the child had found a hole in the bank, and had disappeared. The occasion of a river being in flood is usually a time of snake harvest for the naturalist, as the snakes are either washed up, drowned, or else driven from their holes to take refuge on high ground. During one flood I found two cobras up in the branches of a thorny acacia tree. The largest of the two we attacked and killed with long bamboos. He was over five feet long, and the biggest cobra I have ever seen.



SNAKE CHARMERS.

"Our poultry used to get very excited when a snake was about; the crows and other birds would similarly show its vicinity by flocking together near him in a state of much perturbation. On one occasion my wife was irritated by the continuous scolding croak of a crow. When she went out to drive him away, she saw a large cobra striking angrily at him. The crow danced about just out of his reach. My wife and the servants, taking the snake in the rear, decided the contest much to the cobra's disadvantage. On one of our police sepoys being bitten, I found, on examining his foot, the unmistakable mark of the two fangs of a poisonous snake. I gave him some brandy, extemporized a rough tourniquet, and was proceeding to carry out the government instructions for snake bite. The man himself, however, and his numerous friends thought he ought to go to the representation of a Musselman saint at a neighboring mosque, and while I was finding a razor they carried him off. Next morning, on making inquiries, I found the man was alive, though very sick—the holy saint had repeated prayers over him, had bound a pebble on his right arm, which was only to be removed by the holy man himself, after eight days, with appropriate prayers; if taken off by any one in the interval the spell would die. In a few days the sepoy was well, the saint removed the bandage and pebble, and I was appealed to as a witness to a veritable miracle. Had I not seen the bite and testified that it had been caused by a venomous snake? It is seldom one hears of a European being bitten. I only know of two authenticated cases while in India. In one case while a cobra belonging to some snake charmers, whose fangs he thought had been extracted. The other case was that of a boy who had looked like a whip lash, but which was in reality one of the little Indian vipers (Echis carinata); both cases recovered. The immunity enjoyed by Europeans is doubtless due to the fact that they wear boots in place of the native sandal; but even so, one wonders that there are not more cases when it is kicked. Our first cobra was found in a bungalow—a recollection which confirms us the excitement caused at a dinner party by

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SOLID GOLD and ROLL PLATE

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CENTRAL R. R OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-tables to affect Dec. 6, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.46, 6.39, 6.59 a. m., 1.55, 3.15, 4.50, 5.50, 8.22, 10.51, 11.59 a. m.; 12.14, 1.11, 2.35, 2.57, 3.51, 5.35, 8.22, 9.15, 11.35, 12.55, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 11.35 p. m. Sunday 3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.35, 11.32, a. m.; 1.07, 3.34, 5.15, 7.20, 9.08, p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 4.00, 8.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.05, 10.15, 11.05, a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.15, 11.30, 12.05, p. m. Sunday 4.00, 9.45, 9.00, a. m.; 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.42, 6.28, 6.59, 7.19, 8.05, 8.44, 9.38, 10.37, 11.05, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.53, 8.39, 9.18, 11.35, p. m. Sunday, 8.37, 10.13, 11.32, a. m.; 1.17, 3.34, 5.15, 7.20, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.00, 7.00, 7.35, 8.05, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30, p. m. Sunday at 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 4.30, 6.30, 9.30, p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.46, 6.59, 9.11 a. m., 12.44, p. m.; 3.04, 5.36, 6.34, 7.16 p. m. Sunday, 8.37, 10.13, 11.32 a. m., 12.45 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 10.14 a. m., 3.45, 8.0.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.40, 8.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.35, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.05, 3.05, 3.50, 5.00, 6.15, 8.40, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 7.00, 9.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 6.59, 8.57 a. m.; 12.44, 5.36, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain. Sundays for Easton.

8.03 a. m.—For Flemington Easton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

9.41 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Sunbury, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, Troy

STORIES ABOUT MEN.

How Judge Gary Revenged Himself on a Friend.

One day while the Anarchist trial was going on in Judge Gary's court, Mr. William King, who is upward of 80 years old, sought admission, but was told he could not go in. Going to the state attorney's office, Mr. King explained that he was an old friend of Judge Gary, and he was sure the judge would let him in if he knew he was there. Mr. Furthman told him the court room was full, but that he would try to find a place within the bar. In a few moments the two entered the court room, and started to walk down the aisle.

"Sit down," said Judge Gary, sternly.

"Your honor," exclaimed Mr. Furthmann, "this is an old friend of Judge Gary's."

"Sit down," said Judge Gary, louder and more sternly.

Mr. King looked as if he would like to have a big hole come up through the floor and swallow him. There was no place for him to sit down, and still the judge kept calling for him to do so. He looked appealingly at his old friend, but the old friend only glared on him savagely and repeated the awful command, "Sit down."

When the old gentleman had succeeded in reaching the bar Mr. Grinnell got up and gave him his seat. When court was adjourned Judge Gary came down from the bench, rubbing his hands together gleefully and laughing clear to his feet.

"I made him sit down, didn't I?" said he to Mr. Grinnell in Mr. King's presence. "I'll teach him not to lent me at whist as he did last night. I wish I had half a chance, I would have put him out," and grabbing Mr. King by the arm he took his old crony out to lunch with him.—Chicago News.

Then Butler's Big Appetite.

The gratuitousness and peculiarities of great men are frequently made a subject of comment. Of all the public characters who visit Washington, I am told that "Ben" Butler stands the list as far as his ability for stowing away food is concerned. He literally "takes the cake," for the steaming pancake is his weakness, and it is the testimony here that the most ogle cook in the district cannot turn the farinaceous flapjack fast enough to meet the demands of "Ben's" appetite. In the lower part of Pennsylvania avenue there stands a little hotel, an unpretentious little caravansary, noted for the correctness of its cuisine and its excellent service. It is a quiet resort, with all the comforts of an old English tavern and the seclusion so dear to the average gormandizer. "Ben" Butler frequently comes to this place to order his favorite dish.

"I have heard of appetites," said an attendant to me the other day, "but I never knew exactly what a real appetite was before I saw Mr. Butler. I remember the first time he came here he ordered two porterhouse steaks, a dozen fried eggs, with fried onions, raw fried potatoes and pancakes to suit. I thought it was for a party of four, and I fixed plates, napkins, knives and forks accordingly.

"'What the —— are you bringing all these dishes in here for? Do you suppose I've invited a regiment to dine with me?' Take them away,' shouted Mr. Butler.

"While I cleared away the deck Mr. Butler sat there impatiently with a fork in one hand and a knife in the other, waiting for me to set the orders on the table. There were twelve pancakes on a plate. These he sliced through at one blow, cut out a section and apparently swallowed it pretty much as the average man does an oyster after giving it one bite. Another section followed in the same way, and before I could turn around he thundered out:

"'Bring in some more pancakes.'

"I rushed back to the kitchen and detailed the situation to the head cook.

"'Why, dat must be Mr. Butler,' said the cook, lavishly, and, calling to an assistant, he told him to make up a big panful of pancake batter and to be mighty quick about it, for the g a man in de dinin' room wid an appetite like a mill hoss. When I got back to the dining room one of the porterhouse steaks was missing. It had disappeared so quickly that I began to think I had dreamed it. It did not, when my mind was settled by Mr. Butler, who said, as he wiped his mouth and shins:

"'That steak was just right, but this one is not quite rare enough.'

"But he fell to it all the same and destroyed it in large order, supplemented by a mouthful of two potatoes, a onions, and an occasional half cup of coffee.'

"'Where the —— are those pancakes?' he shouted, while glaring at me with one good eye, and then he turned as if to the cook:

"'Bring in those —— pancakes!'

"Well, sir, you may believe me or not, but Mr. Butler went away with four dozen pancakes, and as for the steak, eggs and potatoes, there wasn't enough left to feed a cat. Then he got up, rubbed his stomach affectionately, walked down the avenue as briskly as if he had only lunched on half a dozen raw oysters."—New York Tribune.

Not Likely to Forget It.

Maj. Thaxter, of Portland, Me., is one of the few survivors who knew that Virginia was the only Confederate state that sent twelve cavalry regiments into the war. He got his information this way: He went out with his regiment from Warrenton, Va., as a raid. When he returned at night he rode to the place where he had set out and came upon a cavalry camp asleep.

"What regiment is this?" he shouted.

"The Twelfth," was the answer.

"The Twelfth what?" he asked.

"The Twelfth Virginia, you fool!" was the answer from one who was surprised that any one shouldn't know that there was but one Twelfth cavalry regiment in the service.

Maj. Thaxter didn't wait for further information, but got away. He afterward learned that the Union troops had fallen back and the Confederates taken their place.—New York Sun.

THE Evolution of a Pen.

We are always glad to note the result of close application, determination to succeed, and true American grit. Peter Peaks Seamman, of Orono, sent us a

poem about a year ago, which, while bristling with gems of literary acumen, was not exactly suited to the requirements of this paper. We returned it with the advice that by perseverence in his efforts, and that he has done so, with splendid success, and at the same time not allowing his brain to run away with the practical affairs of life, is evidenced by his coming in today with a forty-four page pamphlet, in which is pinned the following beautiful sentiment exquisitely engrossed in purple ink:

When this you see,
Remember Pete.
—Saskatchewan (Minn.) Exposer.

Bold Western Hyperbole.

"Did it rain?" exclaimed the western editor, in the course of a thrilling recital of border life; "why, it rained so hard this afternoon that the water stood three feet on a stud post."—Buffalo Courier.

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GROCER,
CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY
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The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the article was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

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From every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice by the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES
Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package. 36 colors. They have no equal for strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or stain. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-17-1y.

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors,
and Practical Embalmers.
Office, Warerooms and residence No. 7 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 44.

SLEIGHS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Repairing in all its branches at
L. M. FRENCH'S
CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Emba lmers
28 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call 60. Residence 61 Watson avenue. Telephone Call 57. Office, Hillside cemetery

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,
Successor to Emmons Bros.,
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place, P. O. Box 92.

BUILDER.
C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 260.
Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,
Established 1857
Carpenter & Builder,
38 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

R. A. Ross,
11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,
Car ente and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans P. O. Box, 1256. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Evona, P. O. Box 250.
arpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street.
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,
ENGINEER
AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by hot water or steam. Agent for the Dunning & Boyle Improved Feeding Boiler. Send for illustrated catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
OFFICE
80 Somerset Street.
My Reference my work.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.
Try the Brunswick Rum recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

L. HEYNIGER,
63, 65 and 67 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.
WOODENWARE
etc., at LESS than New York Prices.
TELEPHONE CALL 13.
Branch Store No 9 North avenue.

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all Kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
at New York Prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Smith & Cahill,
REAL ESTATE,
Insurance,
STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION
BROKERS,
25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.
Agents for the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.
J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

George D. Morrison,
dealer in
FLOUR AND FEED,
NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

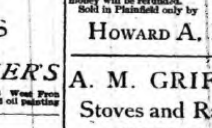
Sanderson's
XXXX
BEST FLOUR.
This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.
GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High
But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are
WAY DOWN
Note of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Black walls fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.
KENNEY BROS.

Christmas Goods
at
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET.
A large line of useful
Holiday Presents
at prices that will please everybody.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
TO LET UNFURNISHED.
Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
FIRE INSURANCE.
Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London, Queen of Liverpool, Royal. Money to Loan on First Mortgages.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 36 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
Telephone No. 63.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP
corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1865. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, bridges building columns, fronts, sacor and door covers grate bars, furnace pots, stove grates, tailor's slugs, weights, railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. New machinery built by the day or on contract Jobbing in machinery repairs.
J. H. KENYON

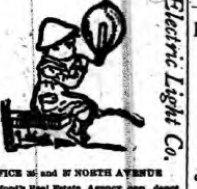
PLAINFIELD ODOMETER EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less room than others. No work half done. Our apparatus approved by the Board of Health Orders left with B. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 5 North avenue, P. O. Box 1416 Telephone call 28. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELLS
BLACK HOSIERY
GUARANTEED
for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crack, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If found as represented the money will be refunded.
Sold in Plainfield only by
HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
Stoves and Ranges,
CUTLERY
SLEIGH BELLS AND
SKATES
13 E. Front street.
Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

WE HAVE
Sold Nearly
all of our good bargains which we have advertised so largely, but have a few left which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of before now and the New Year, when we will withdraw all left over, to make room for our large spring stock.
A Reduction of 25 per cent. to overstock.
WERNER'S
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.



OFFICE 36 and 37 NORTH AVENUE
(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.
The company will at once extend their incandescent light into all residence portions of Plainfield and North Plainfield and are prepared for a staff of wiremen at that CONTRACTING
MADE AT ONCE
may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at once and without soldering ceilings and walls unless the owner's existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the lights
W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Ranges & Stoves
with all the latest improvements together with a well assorted stock of
HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES
will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Special attention called to the "Rockaah" range, which cannot be excelled. H. ANDERSON.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.
The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and succeeded to the trade of Mr. H. Buchman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.
P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER.
Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also now hold a number of that body of practical plumbers' certificates, I offer my services to the citizens of city or town, 8 North avenue Plainfield N. J. 5-15

DONT FAIL TO CALL AT
MRS. STEPHENSON'S
49 WEST FRONT STREET,
and examine her new and large assortment of
HOLIDAY GOODS.
Prices all reasonable. No charge for showing goods.

PARK HOUSE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Newly furnished and renovated. First-class accommodations. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special rates to commercial men. Best livery, boarding table board, and in attendance to and from the House. Terms reasonable.
EVAN JONES,
PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,
18 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
—Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market
GEO. A. MOORE,
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole Proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
Cuts of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

F
BRODIE.
S
They Unite Beauty, Refinement and Luxurious Comfort. Every woman wants them, and particularly wants them.
"FOR HOLIDAYS."
Seal, Hudson, Sable, Fur, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear—all are fine, but Seal holds first rank; it is the representative Fur. Fine Alaska Skins of best London Dye, solid shade and color for years and lifetime wear. Don't put the cheap Seal in the mail but one season will tumble and roughen them, and begin to show that ugly "rust" which tells of poor dye. Don't be bought and experience it. Much better take a handsomer material, which will prove what it is supposed to be, from a reputable house.
Women love "luxuries." But beware of them in furs, especially in seal. Fine Skins are costly. The seal marked never can be plucked. The supply of good Alaska Skins is limited, and likely to become scarcer; and as not one woman in a hundred who wants seal can buy it how can prices decline?
They can't. But it is easy to tell stories. The poor skins are plenty, and they furnish the 365 stories. Advertised as "worth" $100, etc. Furs are like diamonds in one thing—take care OF WHOM you buy.
My Specialty and My Pride, are My Seal.
But come to me for Sacques, Circulars, Muffs, Boas, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small, in any furs. Holiday gifts for all ages and for any direction as to sex and relationship. Plenty of ranges for choice here. Prices are right, by material and quality, and as low as can be. Always glad to show goods. Don't pay more than you should, but make them up I know what I know, what I keep, and you'll be told exactly what your getting, too.
The only guarantee in buying Furs is the dealer's reputation. Reputation requires age. I have both. My store has been established right here 18 FORTY-SEVEN years. 12-13-1m-eod
JAMES A. BRODIE, 39 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

FOR BARGAINS
in new and second-hand
House Furnishing
GOODS
and for
FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK
and
UPHOLSTERING
call at the store of
F. S. POWLISON
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes screened and delivered $5.50 per ton. Small Further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Office No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

GREAT REDUCTION
in
WALL PAPERS
Fine assortment of the Celebrated French
ILLUMINATED PAPERS
Handsome paper, 5c a roll and upward.
ADAMS,
10 PARK AVENUE

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker or Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Potted Plants for sale at Mrs. A. Lindsay.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 3-25-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Dunscomb's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Front, and Somerset sts. store No. 3 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 92, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 5 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 28 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Teas, Coffees and Spices. Fresh Eggs, Tea, Soft fruit, etc. Canned apples, pears cider vinegar 12 cents old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Grass Seed, New Stock, Onion Sets, Gladiolus, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer
No. 12 East Third street, P. O. Box H. Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, very cheap. Paperhanging, Graining, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting rooms is now prepared for the new fall and winter trade. Will be glad to see the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Julius Boston.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description. All New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, combs and brushes. Ladies' patronage solicited. Entrance to hall, 14 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road,
Dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
70 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 14.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield.

L. L. McVoy,
Driven Wells.
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work over. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of success in all work intrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop at 9 Front.

F. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.
On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls, and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.
SANTA CLAUS.
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

City National Bank.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of nine directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10th, 1888, from one to two o'clock p. m.
F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.
Plainfield, Dec. 7, 1887.

BANK ELECTION.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Plainfield, N. J., Dec 7, 1887.
The annual election of nine (9) directors of this bank, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10, 1888, from 1 to 2 o'clock p. m.
C. PARSE, Cashier.

Still open for a few days, Christmas Wonderland at
ALLEN'S
The Stationer,
22 EAST FRONT STREET.
With breaks in stock filled up and all ready for a
Happy New Year
A line of fresh and unhandled New Year Cards, Diaries for 1888, etc. Prices on all Holiday Goods remaining are cut clear off their feet. Come and see them.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Staats, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

TRY
B. T. BARNES'
Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Cream, Broadway Molasses Candy.
ALL OUR OWN MAKE.
OPPOSITE P. O.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't loosen the bread, but four clean material which makes a unequaled loaf of bread.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of pure material only. Thankful for past favors and a continuance of the same.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 21 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its ward columns daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the source of help. Rooms, Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its great circulation commands pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Business at the Potter Press Works was never better than at present, we are informed. Good.

—Mrs. S. J. C. Downs, State President of the W. C. T. U. will speak at Reform Hall tomorrow evening at 7:30.

—A free entertainment will be given at Hope Mission chapel, Fourth street near Plainfield avenue, this evening.

—Miss Emma Porter, post-mistress at Somerville, has been succeeded by James T. Vanderveer, a Democrat, who was appointed Thursday.

—The semi-annual election of officers for the Y. M. C. A. "Seniors" will be held, next Tuesday evening at eight o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

—The Union County Bar at Elizabeth yesterday passed resolutions of respect to the memory of ex-Gov. Joel Parker, and after the ceremony all of them attended the funeral in a body.

—"An ideal production, both musically and artistically, surpassing all prior presentations," what is said of "The Little Tycoon" company which will appear in Stillman Music Hall Jan. 9th.

—A rumor was prevalent at Elizabeth last night that William P. Jones will be appointed General Manager of the Central Railroad Feb. 1. Other important changes, it is reported, will also be made.

—The young men's meeting of the Y. M. C. A. will be held as usual Monday evening the eighth o'clock. The topic will be, "Christ Our Deliverer" Rom. VII: 24,25. Every young man is cordially invited to be present.

—"Please don't put it in the paper that I fell down," said a young lady to a reporter who had gallantly assisted her to arise. "Certainly not, miss," was the response, as the reporter wiped the mud down to rest.

—The Plainfield Browning Club will meet Monday, Jan. 9th, at 8 p. m., in the rooms of the Y. W. C. T. U. on Front street. Prof. W. D. McClintock will talk upon "Browning and His Poetry." All persons interested in the subject are invited to be present.

—There is more trouble at the post office. persons receive letters that are due for instance, three times, notwithstanding that the bill had been paid, and the receipt shown. Under such bungling management people should be particular to keep their receipt to avoid being called on to pay the same bill one or three times.

—Services will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church at the usual hours, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. In the evening an evangelistic service will be held, and the pastor's subject will be: "Faith Surmounting Failure." At seven o'clock, in the lecture room, there will be a service for men only. Men young and old are invited.

—Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, will have charge of the exercises of the four o'clock meeting held in Reform Hall to morrow aftern on under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. and make a brief address, which will be followed by short volunteer testimonial addresses by Christian workers of various denominations. Everybody is welcome to these meetings.

—The new naptha street-lights in North Plainfield will be lighted for the first time under contract to-night. The Borough Council in another column requests the Borough residents to report whenever a lamp is not lighted. Last night most of the lamps were burning, and they did good service. The streets of both Plainfield and North Plainfield are now well-lighted, and present a pretty appearance at night as well as during the day.

—Search was being made this morning for a woman' servant who is believed to be of unsound mind. She disappeared from her home in the First Ward during last night, and her friends are greatly alarmed lest any harm may have come to her, but request us not to give her name at present, so that if she is simply stopping at the house of some friend her disappearance will not cause her unpleasant notoriety. We comply. An advertisement describing her is elsewhere published.

—Plainfield Knights of Labor offer $100 reward to any one that can prove that the brutal assailants of John Nolan, who were sent to State Prison from New Brunswick a few days ago, are members of the order. The Plainfield Knights display the right kind of spirit, and if they can help Knight Nolan it is their duty to make the fact known. But at the same time they should content themselves with the knowledge that bad men creep into every society.—Newark Press-Register.

—Mrs. Dr. Abbie E. Cutter, who made such a strong impression among our most intelligent people, last Spring, by her remarkable power of diagnosing and her method of teaching by which she aided them in promoting health, has returned to Plainfield. The number of patients she relieved when last here gives her now a better opportunity than then, to inspire confidence, and she refers to former patients as to the results of her treatment. Her advertisement in another column tells her story.

The Pond Tool Works.

The engines at the new Pond Tool Works were put in motion for the first time, Thursday, and worked satisfactorily.

Two men, one foreman and one subordinate workman, have arrived. The Works may be had in operation in six weeks, but no definite date can be stated.

THE BOROUGH COUNCIL.

STREET LIGHTING THE MAIN SUBJECT CONSIDERED.

A Once-Year Contract for Naptha Lights to Begin Jan. 14th—A Special Contract for Lighting from 10-Night till the 14th—Unused Electric Light Poles to Come Down by May 1st—Borrowing $2,500 to Pay for Lights.

The Borough Council of North Plainfield held its regular meeting last night in the Warren engine house. Present—Mayor Cooley, Councilman McCutchen, McGee, Milne, Riker, Slater and Weaver. Corporation Counsel Jackson and Clerk Arnold. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A petition from residents on Madison avenue asking for action to secure the enforcement of the law relative to keeping sidewalks in safe condition for walking, with especial reference to the northeast side of Madison avenue, was referred to the Committee on Streets.

A petition from residents on Manning avenue asking for a street at the junction of Manning avenue and Warren street was referred to the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps.

A communication from W. H. Moore, manager of the Plainfield Electric Light Company, stating that the company will within ten days from date, Jan. 6th, remove all iron arms supporting arc lights, and will agree to remove by May 1st, all poles, barring such poles as have wires strung thereon for private use, provided that Council takes no steps to remove such poles before May 1st, was laid on the table till later in the evening.

A communication from ex-Clerk Wm. E. Mattison, insisting on the payment of a bill for $6.50 which had been refused was laid on the table.

The bills of the Times Printing and Publishing Company for $6 and Marshal Geo. Becker for $42.25 were referred to the Finance Committee, who, later on, reported on them favorably, and the bills were subsequently paid.

Clerk Arnold's report showing a balance on hand of $30.48 was filed.

Tax Collector H. Newton Spencer's report showing the collection of $1,920.70 for 1887, was filed.

Mayor Cooley reported that Messrs. Jones and Livingston of the Plainfield Fire Board desired that the Borough Council appoint a committee to confer with them regarding the matter of setting up the affairs of the fire department. Messrs. Slater and Milne were appointed such committee.

Mr. McGee for the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps reported that in pursuance with the resolution of Council a contract had been established by the mayor and clerk with the New York and New Jersey Globe Gas Light Company for the lighting of the streets of North Plainfield, and that already 173 lamps have been placed in position, located as follows: Brook avenue, 3; Chatham street, 6; Craig Place, 3; Crescent avenue, 2, Duer Street, 9; Emily place, 1; Grove street, 14; Green Brook road, 7; Grandview avenue, 6; Harmony street, 1; Jackson avenue, 6; Linden avenue, 3; Magnolia avenue, 1; Manning avenue, 7; Mountain avenue, 3; Mercer avenue 3; Madison avenue, 3; Orchard Place, 1; Park Place, 2; Pearl street, 3; Park Place, 3; Rockview avenue, 15; Somerset street, 26; Somerset Place, 1; Sycamore avenue, 5; Steiner Place, 1; Regent street, 1; Summit avenue, 3; Vine street, 1; Washington avenue, 10; Warren street, 2; Willow avenue, 10; Woodland avenue, 7; in front of Mr. Tallman's premises, 1.

The Committee's report further stated that the contract calls for the lighting of the lamps beginning Jan. 14th, but that the Company is ready to begin lighting at once if desired.

The Committee asked that a resolution be passed authorizing the publication in THE NEWS of a notice calling for the co-operation of the people in the matter of street lighting

The report was received and filed. The last recommendation was adopted.

A communication was read from E. A. Benman, jr., secr tary of the N. Y. & N. J. G. L. Co., stating that the 173 lamps now erected may be put into service at once and that the service will be in absolutely perfect order within a few days. The communication was filed.

A resolution was passed authorizing the execution of either an oral or a written contract by the Mayor and Clerk with the N. Y., and N. J. G. L. Co., for the lighting of the street-lamps begining Jan 7th and ending at the beginning of the yearly contract, Jan. 14th.

As the contract calls for 175 lights and only 173 are now ready, the Committee in Fire, Water and Lamps were directed to locate the two remaining lamps.

The Committee on Streets and Public Health reported that they had paid, during the month $34.34 and had met a note of $600. They had concluded cleaning the gutters on Somerset street at a cost of $28.25, and had finished repairs on Washington avenue between Prospect Place and the bridge at a cost of $13.75. They recommended the granting of Mr. Elliott's petition to enclose with glass the front steps of his store on Somerset street during the Winter months

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. NORMOYLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
And delivered within the City and Borough, limits at ten cents per week. By mail, payable in advance, at the rate of one dollar per month, or $3 per year.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1888.

SPEAKER CARLISLE'S SEAT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—There was a full meeting of the house committee on elections yesterday to agree upon a line of procedure in the Thoate-Carlisle contested election case. The contestant, Mr. Thoate, was present with his counsel, Messrs. Bynner and Stoever, of this city. No one formally represented the speaker.

Mr. Bynner said that on the night of the election it became apparent to the judges of election at Covington that Mr. Carlisle had been defeated by more than 2,000 votes.

At 1 o'clock next day Mr. Carlisle and brought him in a carriage to the house of a friend. He (Bynner) could give the name of the friend and the location of the house, but he would not do so unless the committee urged him, as he did not wish to state all he knew at this stage of the case. After consulting with Mr. Carlisle, they were induced to have the returns of the outside counties withheld.

Continuing, he said that it was a fact that the returns of the six outlying counties were withheld for five days, and Mr. Carlisle had publicly confessed that he was defeated.

The contestant (Thoate) was next allowed to make a brief statement to the committee. He said he was born in the same county as the speaker forty-three years ago. After the election he had told Wood that if he had lost a hundred thirty-five votes, but in a few days, when Wood went down there, he was informed that no votes had been cast for him.

Mr. Carlisle was in the committee room during part of the proceedings and wore his wonted imperturbable look. His lawyer and friends say they are not in the least disturbed by Bynner's declarations and that everything will be explained when their side is heard.

Without an attempt to come to an agreement upon the propositions submitted by Mr. Thoate's counsel, the committee adjourned until to-day, when some action is likely to be taken.

Executioner Parker's Funeral.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Jan. 7.—The funeral of ex-Governor Parker took place yesterday from the Presbyterian church. The pall bearers were Chief Justice Beasley and Judges Depue, Dixon, Knapp, Reed and Scudder, of the supreme court. Many civic and political bodies were present from different parts of the state. There was a large number of distinguished citizens of the state and nation. Public and private buildings were draped in mourning, and business was generally suspended during the service.

A Bomb Exploded in a Public Square.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., Jan. 7.—At Harmony, on the Pittsburg and Western railroad, yesterday some one as yet unknown, exploded a dynamite bomb in the middle of the public square. The concussion attending the explosion staggered pedestrians in the vicinity, and houses are said to have swayed slightly, while a large amount of window glass was broken. It is supposed to have been somebody's joke, but the authorities offer a liberal reward for the arrest of the guilty party.

Young Dodge's Punishment.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 7.—Young Parke Dodge, who became notorious by publishing an announcement of marriage with his cousin, has left Yale college. He was conditioned at the Christmas examinations and failed to work it off when he returned this week. His classmates avoided him, and he preferred to leave voluntarily rather than risk probable suspension and certain ostracism.

Found Drowned in a Cistern.

JAMESTOWN, Jan. 7.—Mrs. Lee, who lived on Price street, was found drowned in a cistern in her home yesterday. She occupied a room with her sister, and had evidently got out of a second story window in the night and threw herself into the cistern. Her mind had been impaired for some time, and she had once before attempted suicide by taking poison.

Looks Like a Lime Kiln.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Jan. 7.—It is officially announced that the Vanderbilt-Jewett deal is completed. As viewed from the Hudson the structure looks more like a lime kiln than anything else, and people here are not as enthusiastic as they might be over the completion of the tower.

CONDENSED NEWS.

There was a surplus of $2,250,000 in the Dominion treasury Jan. 1.

The Retail Coal Dealers exchange, of New York, has decided not to advance the price of coal for the present.

The report of Receiver Kennedy and Harris, showing that the affairs of the Jersey Central were in such condition as to warrant the termination of the receivership on Jan. 1, was issued yesterday.

Prof. Hoskow's new work, which will shortly be published, treats exhaustively of cancer and declares the disease to be curable.

Ice cutting was begun on the Hudson at Troy, with a thickness of six inches.

Burglars robbed the postoffice at Millville, Mass., Thursday night, stealing several registered letters.

Frank M. Sherman, 35 years old, was locked up in Newport, R. I., on a charge of having three wives.

Arthur H. Ball, a clerk of the Hopedale Machine company, Milford, Mass., is accused of embezzling $2,000 of his employers' money.

Joseph D. Hart is in jail at Springfield Mo., charged by a Wichita, Kan., officer with peddling diamonds worth $4,000 April 3, 1886.

Frank Van Horn and a telegrapher named Conner quarreled at Oneida, N. Y. Morris Kenyon interfered and was stabbed by Van Horn, probably fatally.

R. H. Wilbar, a well known merchant of Buffalo, N. Y., left that city last Monday for Canada. It is charged that he has victimized several dealers by crooked transactions in grain.

Mrs. Stone was assaulted by burglars in her house near Portland, Me., Thursday night, and so severely wounded that she died yesterday noon. Her husband fired at the burglars. It is reported that in their flight they left a bloody trail.

A coroner's jury at Lyons, N. Y., in the case of Johnson, who died after being shot by Pudgeon, a beliggerent whom Johnson's party was surrounding with horns, finds that death occurred as stated, but that the shot was fired without criminal intent.

SULLIVAN'S TWO SONS.

One of Them Didn't Know It Until the Will Was Opened.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—John Sullivan died for many years a wholesale cloth merchant in this city. He was a man of little education, but of a shrewd turn of mind and extremely economical in his expenditures. He made no display and lived in a modest way. They lived frugally, occupying only one floor, and living on the plainest and most substantial food. They had only one child, a son, and when Mr. Sullivan died, on Feb. 23, 1886, this son had been twice married. He had been rather wild, and his father made a will, leaving the property in trust.

It has transpired that the contents caused great surprise in the Sullivan family and acquaintance. In the document and statement he stated that he had an illegitimate son whom he had brought up and who had been for some time a clerk in his store. Even the young man himself was unaware of the relationship, and the widow knew nothing of it.

The estate, it was found, consisted of thirteen houses, which were worth, above the value of the mortgage upon them, some $300,000.

The will provided that $1,500 a year should be paid in equal monthly payments to the late wife, and a comfortable residence should be provided for her use. To his son James he gave $25 a week, and to such of his five grandchildren as were under the age of 21 years $5 a week, to be increased to $7 a week when the children reached the age of 10. To his illegitimate son he left $10 a week. The will provided that upon the death of his wife Honora and his son James, the entire estate should be equally divided between his five grandchildren and his illegitimate son.

The illegitimate son is now a lad of 19 years of age, and is highly spoken of by all those who have come in contact with him. Since the death of his father he has obtained employment elsewhere, and as far as possible has drawn away from his old acquaintances. He does not bear his father's name.

CANADIAN ANNEXATION.

Sir Charles Tupper Says There is No Party in the Dominion Favoring It.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—Sir Charles Tupper and Lady Tupper passed through here yesterday en route for Washington, the wife of Canadian minister. Sir Charles said:

"There is no party in Canada in favor of annexation to the United States. There may be a few individuals here and there, but no person has ever been elected to the house of commons who declared himself previously in favor of that measure. We believe that there is room enough in North America for the Dominion of Canada as well as the United States of America, and that while it is very desirable that there should be the freest possible intercourse between the two countries, we think it is rather an advantage to both of them to illustrate to the other the republican government as shown by the states, and the British system as practiced in Canada."

The Canadian Railroad Accident.

WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 7.—The passengers who passed the scene of the accident on the Canadian Pacific at Middleton, 168 miles east of Port Arthur, arrived here yesterday. C. A. Milligan, a young Englishman, who witnessed the accident says that two freight trains came into collision on a high trestle. Seven engineers, one fireman and one brakeman were killed outright. One man, wedged in under the wreck, was noticed to be alive after the accident, and one of his comrades undertook to remove him by grasping his head, which was sticking out. The rescuer was horrified when he broke the man's fingers, which had been pressed while he was in the deplorable condition. The man was rescued from the ruins in a few minutes, but expired in less than an hour afterward. He proved to be one of the engineers. The boilers exploded when the trains struck and this caused the damage to the bridge. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

A Murderer's Remarkable Statement.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7.—Nathan B. Sutton, who murdered a Chinaman named Alexander Martin last September, was hanged by the sheriff in Oakland. There has been a strong effort to get Governor Waterman's pardon or commutation of Sutton's sentence, but without avail. There have been six executions during Governor Waterman's four months of office, and he has positively refused to accede to urgent appeals for clemency. In a speech which Sutton made on the scaffold he said: "I admire the firm stand the governor has taken in the matter of granting commutations and pardons. If he holds his grip the community will have but little to complain of as regards the showing of executive clemency."

Second Time They Met They Married.

BEAVER, Pa., Jan. 7.—The wedding of Miss Maud Young, of this place, and L. L. Mosher, a lawyer, of Indianola, Ia., took place here. It was Mr. Mosher's second marriage, and was the second time in his life that he met and won Miss Young. Their meeting took place three years ago in the presence of his first wife. She died in April, 1886, and through a newspaper a correspondence was kept up between Mosher and Miss Young, which correspondence gradually led to the wedding. The parental consent and all other incidents were arranged by letter. Mr. Mosher was snow bound on his way here, but he succeeded in arriving soon enough to have the ceremony performed.

Delia Williams Going Insane.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 7.—Delia Williams, the blind and sick woman who was taken from her father's house by her husband and carried four miles on a sled only to be brought back to her father's by a mob, was very sick yesterday as a result of her treatment. There has been a strong reaction against the ringleaders of the mob, but the sympathy of the community is still with her father's family. It is hardly probable that she can survive the ordeal of the eight miles' drive in her bed through the snow. She is reported to be going insane and is having but a few days to live, and the indictments against her husband and others will be dropped.

The Cigarmakers' Strike.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—The looked for strike of the cigar makers has begun. Advices have been received from the cigar makers' international union to order a strike in the shop of D. Hirsch & Co., of this city, and twenty-seven men were ordered out yesterday. The firm employed a Hirsch grade over the reduction in wages of $1 per 1,000 on cigars. It is probable that a strike will be ordered in other shops.

A Fortune of $500,000.

MCKEESPORT, Pa., Jan. 7.—Miss Jane Hoey, of Twelfth avenue, has fallen heir to a fortune of $500,000 through the death in her grandfather in Ireland, John Shovelin, by name. He died in 1875. His estate, it is said, will reach the enormous sum of $1,000,000 and Miss Hoey notes that through the death a fortune of £100,000 that would have been inherited by his daughter, the late Mrs. McVay, reverts to the heirless, who will receive proceed to look after it.

THE MINERS DETERMINED.

THE COAL SUPPLY IS NEARLY EXHAUSTED.

Business Men Will Insist that President Corbin Shall Cause His Brother to the Knights of Labor—The Railroad Strike Practically Unchanged.

READING, Pa., Jan. 7.—The Reading company have let off about 2,000 railroad hands within the past day or two. These men were employed as engineers, firemen, conductors, brakemen and coal handlers. Only a few of the men employed in handling freight have been retained. At some of the stations, however, the crews will work alternately every week. There is hardly 100 new men in active service between the falls of Schuylkill and Williamsport.

The strike in the coal regions is as solid as it can well be made, and the feeling on both sides is becoming intense. The public who are the sufferers, are getting angry, and there is no mistaking the temper of those who have grown fat during the past year. The supply is nearly exhausted, and there is a quiet but determined spirit being manifested everywhere in eastern Pennsylvania that President Corbin must end the warfare on the Knights of Labor, for the present at least. A well known business man said yesterday that if this trouble is not speedily settled it will paralyze labor so and stop the mills and factories all over the state where they are depending upon anthracite coal for fuel.

Matters are growing more complicated daily, and it is going to be the proprietors of all the leading industries will call a meeting within a few days with a view of urging the railroad officials to adopt a more conciliatory policy. The feeling throughout the coal regions is that the miners were never more determined than they are to-day, and while the obstruction of their organization continues, they say that it will be impossible to get a settlement. They say that it will be a fight to the death, and there is no telling when it will be impossible for the coal companies to operate their collieries. The miners are not pleased at individual companies increasing the advance and going back on them.

Yesterday the Merchant's exchange has decided to refuse selling on credit to any customer on and of employments in consequence of the strike. This will be a terrible blow to the strikers, and is the only salvation the merchants have. They have gone through strikes before, and know that bankruptcy awaits those who continue the credit system. One merchant said at the meeting: "Fifteen thousand of 1887 strike accounts for $30."

Most of the individuals continue working. The company worked but three collieries yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—The leaders of the freight handlers strike are making desperate efforts to bring up the flagging spirits of the men they encouraged to leave the company's service. At one of the meeting places of the strikers, encouraging reports were made to the effect that many of the men awakened to the struggle. These messages announced that no freight was being moved this way or that way; that the men were determined to stand by the service, and many other things which pictured the company in a state of paralyzing perplexity. But there are no signs that the public can discover that confirm these reports by the leaders of the strike.

The only utterance that could be gotten directly from General Manager McLeod yesterday was that "there is no change in the situation," that he knew of. A Walnut street coal operator who had seen him, however, made a strong statement to the effect that the thought of arbitrating the miners' troubles had never been discussed by the company. He thought, as many others do, that the only way to deal with the miners' uncompromising and may, therefore, be protracted. "The miners and the public generally ought to know," continued the speaker, "that the company cannot be wiped out of existence in a week or a month, as the miners threaten, but that it is amply able to sustain its position. It has $5,000,000 of cash and $15,000,000 of available securities in its treasury, and, having taken its stand, it will adhere to it."

The scarcity of coal in the city yards has already had an influence on the prices of that commodity, and just at present high figures are ruling. As high as $7.50 has been received for the best hard ash coal, but quotations ranging from $6.50 to $7 are common, and only short supplies are available at that.

The situation at Port Richmond is practically unchanged, and the end of the great labor strike appears to be as far off as ever.

Would Not Accept a Pardon.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 7.—It has just been made public that there is at least one person in Minnesota who prefers that the prison should be his home. The person referred to is Samuel Wilson who was sentenced for life, and has now been an inmate of the penitentiary about eleven years. Recently an effort was made on the part of some of the prisoners to get Father Keller, a priest, to secure his pardon, and their endeavors would undoubtedly have resulted favorably but for the interposition of Wilson, who, on learning of the effort to secure his release, wrote a letter to the priest, saying that he was an old man, that what little property he had was gone, and that if he was released the only thing he could do would be to hunt up an almshouse, and that, under the circumstances, he preferred to pass the remainder of his days where he is.

Assisted to Suspender.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—There was lively scrambling inside the Turkish bath establishment at No. 121 West Twenty-third street yesterday afternoon, and considerable excitement in the busy neighborhood outside. About 2 o'clock smoke came pouring out the basement windows, and five engines dashed up from all directions. A few minutes after the fire was out and the crowd dispersed. Two well known men had just been becomingly lathered when the alarm of fire pulled "Pop." Both scrambled up frantically. One shouted for a sheet, the other for a bucket of water. Neither stopped to get what he wanted, but ran for the street clothed in nature's garb and soapsuds. They were taken in hand by the attendants.

Who Will Succeed Judge Repallo?

ALBANY, Jan. 7.—A strong pressure has been brought upon Governor Hill to nominate John Clinton Gray for the judgeship of the court appeals, made vacant by Judge Repallo's death. A petition for Mr. Gray's appointment has been sent to him, signed by the leading judges of the principal courts in New York city, by Senator Evarts, ex-Secretary Bristow, and a large number of other leading lawyers of both parties in this city and Brooklyn. Mr. Gray has sent a telegram to the governor, saying that his appointment would be very agreeable to it. The governor is in a quandary, for the truth is he has half a dozen private candidates for the place, and he does not live in New York.

THE ROCHESTER EXPLOSION.

The Coroner's Jury Holds the Tonawanda Oil Company Responsible.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 7.—The jury in the case of the inquest upon the victims of the explosion at 10:30 had a quiet, having been in session from 7:30 p. m. Following is the verdict in full:

"We find that the said Frederick J. Wilson and others came to their deaths from injuries resulting from an explosion of naphtha, in the public sewers of the city of Rochester, on Dec. 31, 1887, and that the said explosion was caused by the act of the Vacuum Oil company, and on that day was pumped from their works and by some means, as yet unknown to the jury, found its way into the public sewer of the city of Rochester, causing several explosions, which resulted in the death of the said Frederick J. Wilson and others, and we further find that the owning of several people and the destruction of much valuable property. We, the jury, find that the Vacuum Oil company is responsible."

The verdict is not nearly as strong as was expected, considering the strenuous efforts of special counsel and the coroner to have it cut a case against the Vacuum Oil company.

Sub-Treasurer Conde's Place.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—Sub-Treasurer Conde's wife has resigned his position as subtreasurer, preserved his silence yesterday about his resignation and his prospective election as he vice-president of the Nassau National bank. The election will occur next Tuesday. There was a rumor in Wall street yesterday that Mr. C. C. Baldwin had been offered the position of assistant treasurer and was taking time to consider it. Mr. Baldwin is an aqueduct commissioner and treasurer of the County Democracy. He was a member of the staff of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company, his railroad career ending in May, 1884.

Driven to Suicide by Poverty.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—George Parkinson, an old soldier, who fought for the Union during the rebellion, committed suicide yesterday morning by hanging himself to a rafter in the woodshed at his home at Nicetown. Extreme poverty was the cause. He leaves a wife and several children, who are destitute. Parkinson formerly lived at Camden, N. J., and was a member of the Ulric Dahlgren post, G. A. R., of that city. He is a painter and wood carver by trade, and those who knew him well say he was a good industrious workingman, and for several months had been out of employment, and feared starvation.

A Boy Blown from a Train and Killed.

ERIE, Pa., Jan. 7.—A week bound Lake Shore and Michigan railway train yesterday, at Westfield, N. Y., east of this city. Dr. James M. Gassoway, of Portland, Me., a surgeon in the United States Marine hospital service, and his son James, a boy 11 years old, were passing from the drawing room car to the dining car while the train was running at the high speed of 40 miles. The lad was lifted off the car platform by the wind and landed on the ground. His skull was crushed and he was picked up dead.

Cheering News for Pittsburg Men.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 7.—A general resumption of work in the river coal mines will probably take place next week at the advance in wages decided upon by the miners. The men have been closed for several months on account of the long drought, which prevented the shipment of coal to the southern ports, and the present rate of 5 cents per bushel is per cent. per bushel in the mining rate has occasioned general rejoicing among the Monongahela valley miners. The resumption will give employment to nearly 5,000 men.

A Well Known Patriot Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—Cephas G. Thompson, father of the late Robert G. Thompson, died, aged 78 years. In early life he was intimately associated with many of the literary men of the day. He was an intimate friend of William Cullen Bryant and Nathaniel Hawthorne. The latter alludes to Thompson in the "Dolide Faun" and other works. Thompson's portraits of Bryant, Hawthorne, Longfellow, Fitz-Greene Halleck and other celebrities of his day, were greatly admired.

The Prize Fight Squelched.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 7.—A ten round fight had been arranged to take place in a building in the center of this city last night between James Eustis and William Kelser for $200. The ring was put up just before the ring-time the police enter of the building and captured the two fighters and eighteen spectators. The arrested men belong to families of high social standing, and their arrest has caused great excitement in the city.

Indicted for Rum Selling.

BELVIDERE, N. J., Jan. 7.—The Warren county grand jury broke up Thursday night after a session of a week. During that time the complaints against a number of persons for illegal liquor selling were heard, resulting in the finding of seventeen true bills. The matter has excited universal interest throughout the county, as the persons most deeply interested are mostly prominent politicians.

Furnacemen Strike Against a Reduction.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Jan. 7.—Between 300 and 400 men at Powell's Valley, Stanton, Pa., were thrown out of work Thursday because of a 10 per cent. reduction in wages on the 1st. The furnaces has been banked up, and the men have been ordered to call for their wages next Monday. The strike, if not settled, will affect the work at the company's ore and coal mines, near Tyrone, and at other places.

An Insane Husband's Act.

ORANCOCK, Va., Jan. 7.—William C. Daer killed his wife Thursday while riding across the public road with her and their two children, by cutting her throat with a knife. He then drove on to Bellhaven with the children and his wife's dead body, and surrendered himself to an officer. He expressed sorrow for the deed, but said he could not help it. He is insane.

The Nashua Horror.

NASHUA, N. H., Jan. 7.—After taking testimony in the case of Janitor Dame, one of the defendants in the Manchester scandal cases, yesterday, the court adjourned until Monday. The excitement over the startling developments in these cases continues. Lizzie Plympton, aged 18, one of the girls connected with the affair, and who is held as a witness, is dying.

Powderly's Condition Critical.

SCRANTON, Jan. 7.—General Master Workman Powderly is very weak—he may live for days, may die at any moment. An other hemorrhage, in the opinion of his physicians, would prove fatal. An effort will be made as soon as possible to take the master workman to Florida.

Asking for $200,000 Damages.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—Five dressed beef houses, in a petition to the interstate commerce commission, asked that the assessment of $200,000 against railroad lines, for losses in rebates on east bound shipments since the interstate commerce law went into effect.

ENGLAND AND THE POPE.

THE DUKE OF NORFOLK'S SECOND VISIT TO ROME.

Contradictory Statements as to the Object of His Mission—Mgr. Persico's Recent Tour Through Ireland, and His Alleged Revolt—Other Foreign Notes.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The Duke of Norfolk, accompanied by Lord Carey, took his departure for Rome yesterday, bound for the papal court on a special mission to the pope. Simultaneously with the departure, prompt official notice is given that the Duke of Norfolk's mission has no political object. He returns to London, bringing with him the pope's letter of thanks to her majesty for the latter's jubilee gift and the accompanying letter expressing the pope's wish that it be forwarded to the queen. Dublin Castle governments, and in support of this assertion quotes a letter written by a bishop to a priest advising him to punish a man because the signature of the latter is withheld, but The Gazette guarantees the genuineness of the document and intimates that similar letters are forthcoming.

ROME, Jan. 7.—The pope will give a reception to the presidents of the English and American colleges in Rome and to British pilgrims, on May 10.

The exhibition of the papal jubilee presents was opened in the vatican yesterday, a distinguished assemblage being present. The pope, attended by forty prelates, and all the entire pontifical court, participated in the opening ceremonies, and in reply to an address expressed himself as deeply moved by the evidences of love and veneration tendered from all parts of the world. These tokens, he dec ared, testified to the power of the papacy, which its enemies had in vain attempted to destroy.

A telegram from the German frontier of Russia states that eight Nihilists, including the Count de Keroert, were attempted to take the life of the czar during the emperor's visit to the Don Cossack country, will be hanged at St. Petersburg on Feb. 1.

COMO, Jan. 7.—Mgr. Persico, Pianlisat has informed the police magistrate having charge of the case that Canon O'Mahoney had refused the police access to the three girls in the Convent of the Good Shepherd, whom, it is alleged, Maj. Roberts assaulted. The official investigation into the case has, therefore, been suspended, and Mgr. Roberts is alarmed to prosecute Canon O'Mahoney for malicious libel.

The Irish Land Commission.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The Irish land commission has submitted its report to the viceroy of Ireland, on the subject of the rent after reducing the judicial rents. The report states that the commission appointed sixteen gentlemen to scrutinize the petitions and interrogate for rents, and the commission itself tried to ascertain the staple product of each union, as a basis of reduction. The report states that Judge O'Hagan differed from the rules, but considered that the land act gave the commission greater powers than the other commissioners conceived to be open to them.

Exchanging Compliments.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 7.—The Journal de St. Petersburg expresses high satisfaction at the distinction bestowed by Emperor William upon Gen. Von Schweinitz, the German ambassador, in decorating him with the order of the black eagle. The political life of Gen. Von Schweinitz, says The Journal, has been devoted to perpetuating a close friendship between Russia and Prussia.

Always Distrusting Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 7.—It is stated that the surplus of 34,000,000 roubles demanded by the budget is to be used in the construction of railways and the opening of new ports. The budget is distrusted, however, and the consensus of opinion is that it will not bear serious criticism.

Bad for Policy Holders.

HARTFORD, Jan. 7.—The receivers of the Charter Oak Insurance company, of this city, I. W. Brooks and E. A. Stevens, have been allowed $10,000 as salary for their first year's services. Legal expenses have amounted to $6,000, and office expenditures will run up the total amount to $20,000 for the first year of the receivership. It is now believed that the company's property in this city, which cost $800,000, will not net the policy holders a dollar, the whole being swept away by the mortgage of $200,000 and interest held by the Ætna Life.

Convicted of Murder.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., Jan. 7.—The jury in the case of John W. Wright, on trial for the murder of Isaac Colby and his wife, at Cherry Run, last August, yesterday returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. Wright is a Catholic priest, and the news of his conviction will be flashed on Monday. Johnson was indicted with Luther Shaffer, Henry Kline and Rob-Kline.

ATTENTION!
Right about Face!
MARCH!
to the Shoe Store of
J. J. KENNEY,
20 NORTH AVENUE.
where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

CITY PHARMACY,
21 West Front street.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.
Toilet Requisites:
City Pharmacy Dentine, cleanses and preserves the teeth.
Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Clothes Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.
Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.
City Pharmacy opened Sunday for the sale of medicines only.
Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.
Telephone connection.
Field & Randolph.

SPECIAL
MUSLIN SALE.
for the next few days we will sell all the remnants of Muslins left over. Unbleached Muslins very much below market price.
Ladies' White Aprons
We have just received another case of those Ladies' White Aprons, trimmed with Lace and Insertion which we are still selling at 25c.
REMNANTS OF RIBBON.
In Black, Brown and Cardinal, all widths, we are closing them out at 4c per yard.
Cloaks! Cloaks!
We have decided to make a deduction of 20 per cent on every cloak sold by us, until further notice. We have a large stock to select from, to the amount of $6 or over, an elegant notion-counter and a polite salesman.
I. H. BOEHM,
7 W. FRONT STREET.

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SKATING
BOOTS
Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Youth's
DANCING SHOES.
Doane & VanArsdale
One-price Boot and Shoe House,
22 West Front street.

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& WHITE
Department Store,
18 West Front street
Every effort will be made to make this store one of the most attractive in this city. Our Bazaar Department is to be one of interest to every household and to all who are looking up novelties. Our Dry and Fancy Goods Department is being rapidly replenished and as the seasons open new and attractive goods will be placed on sale.

THE BEE HIVE.
Gents' Kid Gloves
Tans or Brown Embroidered back every pair warranted
$1 a Pair
Full line of Gents' Silk Mufflers, Silk Hemstitched Pocket Handkerchiefs, white and colored border.
"The Pride." Buy, The Pride, the best Shirt in the world 69 cents.
LOUIS CALLMAN,
236 WEST FRONT ST.

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pay $2.00 to the DOCTOR, for the prescription; about as much to the Druggist for the stuff it, when for 100
YOU CAN BUY
a bottle of CARL KARSTH'S
Nerve Food Tonic
for Dyspepsia, Nervous and Blood Disorders! All druggists.
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PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

A Peculiar Form of Intoxication—Evil Effects of Carbonated Waters.

Essence of ginger is popularly regarded as an innocent and harmless preparation—as it is called sometimes a remedy" or family medicine—to be dealt out for the small boy's pain and the pale landlady, for the grandmother under a "touch of cold." The following statements are therefore surprising: A druggist is said to affirm that there exists a peculiar kind of dissipation, known as ginger drinking, of the extent of which few people are aware. The article used is the essence of ginger, or the alcoholic extract ordinarily sold by druggists.

Having once acquired a liking for it, the victim becomes as much a slave to his appetite as the opium eater or the votary of cocaine. In his effect it is much the most pernicious of all such practices, for in the course of time it destroys the coating of the stomach and dooms its victim to a slow and agonizing death. The druggist says that as ginger essence contains about 100 per cent. alcohol, and whisky less than 50 per cent., the former is three ore twice as intoxicating. In fact, this is the reason why it is used by hardened old topers whose stomachs are no longer capable of intoxicating stimulation from whisky. They need the more powerful agency of the pure alcohol in the ginger extract.

The authority mentioned relates the instance of a woman who contracted the habit through employing the ginger on several occasions for stomachic pains. The relief it afforded her was so grateful that she took to it upon any recurrence of her trouble. She found, in the slight exhilaration of the alcohol banished mental depression. In this way she got to using it regularly, and finally to such an excess that she was often grossly intoxicated.

Another case was that of a man who bought a four ounce bottle every morning and drank its contents by noon. He carried the stuff so ardently that he was unable to go about his business until he had set the machinery of his stomach in operation and started the circulation of the blood with this fiery draught.

Large doses are described as producing a quiet stupor and additional ones a profound lethargic state which lasts in some cases twenty-four hours.

Careful Nursing.

When a sick person is obliged to lie constantly in one position, as is the case with a broken leg, bed sores must be guarded against. The lower part of the back is most frequently attacked, says Good Housekeeping, and the nurse should pass her hand under it at least twice a day to see that the draw sheet is free from wrinkles, and creases. Morning and night she must bathe it with a small sponge dipped in alcohol or a solution of tannic acid, and when it is dry rub it with corn starch or buckwheat flour. It may seem impossible to her to get her hand underneath, but most beds will yield a little to pressure, and by working in a roll of old linen under the back above the place to be bathed, she will obtain a little space to work in. If in spite of precautions the back becomes sore, an air cushion with a hole in the middle must be used to protect the sore from coming in contact with any surface, or it cannot heal.

Carbonated Waters.

Dr. Herzog, a German physician, calls attention to the evil results of a continuous use of carbonated waters. *A daily use of such* beverages will in consequence of the illeffects of the digestive organs, caused by the carbonic acid gas, produce nervousness, numbness, irritation, and even rupture of a vessel. These, like powerful medicines, should only be employed under the advice of a physician.

Treatment of Burns.

For simple burns oil or the white of an egg can be used. One part of carbolic acid to six parts of sweet oil will be found *valuable in most cases of burns, slight or severe,* and the first layer of lint should not be removed till the burn is complete, but saturated from time to time by the application of fresh outside layers.

Cleaning the Hair and Scalp.

For cleaning and softening the hair a popular means is a beaten egg rubbed well into the hair and on the scalp, and then roughly rinsed in several warm waters. It does not leave the skin harsh and dry, as soap, ammonia, etc., sometimes do.

Ice for Sick Stomach.

When a person is "sick at the stomach," ice taken into the mouth in small pieces, and allowed to melt before swallowing, will in very many instances relieve the discomfort.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Manners and Customs Practiced in Polite Society.

An authority on etiquette, objecting strongly to the terms "lady friend" and "gentleman friend," gives through *The* World the following reasons for so doing:

The terms lady and gentleman have been and are so misused as to have grown almost meaningless, and their constant application to all individuals is almost vulgar. Hence the term lady friend does not convey any impression, as a rule, beyond that the friend is a feminine one. If intended to qualify, it can only bear the inference that the person speaking of "my lady friend" has others he or she does not consider ladies. Every respectable woman or girl is presumed to be a lady, and every reputable man a gentleman, until he or she proves himself or herself to be otherwise. Among refined and cultivated people, where the use of words has the best test of its correctness, the moment a word or term becomes misused and meaningless it is dropped. Hence the reaction of late years among refined people in favor of the old Saxon terms, man and woman. Lady and gentleman in other days carried an idea of persons of good breeding and position. The desire of many people to have these terms applied to them is due to the impression that their assumption of them, or resentment when they are not applied, will give to them qualities and position they do not possess. Disreputable persons of either sex are often vehement in their claims to be called "lady" or "gentleman."

Avoid a Fussy Manner.

It is in the worst possible taste, according to Harper's Bazar, for a lady to concern herself about a gentleman's hat, the seat he has chosen, the length of a call, or anything about him. She should smile, bow, give him her hand when he comes in to make a call, and puts him at his ease by her tactful conversation, as he makes an effort to be agreeable to her. She does not urge him to come again or to prolong his call; her manner must do all that.

Young men are especially annoyed at any exhibition of fussiness on the part of their entertainers. "I wish Mrs. Brown would let me sit on an uncomfortable chair if I wish to," is the remark of more than one young man when he comes out of some fussy presence. Young men can take care of themselves in a parlor, and it is not an uncommon fault of American women that they are too anxious to take care of men.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The Calendar—Pope Gregory Reckons Ten Days Aboard.

About forty-five years before Christ, Julius Cæsar decreed that every fourth year should be held to consist of 366 days, for the purpose of using up the odd hours. Seeing that a day every fourth year was too much, it followed that the beginning of the year moved onward. From the time of the council of Nicea, in 325, when the vernal equinox fell correctly on the 21st of March, Pope Gregory learned that every fourth year should be held to consist of 366 days, for the purpose of using up the odd hours. Seeing that a day every fourth year was too much, it followed that the beginning of the year moved onward. From the time of the council of Nicea, in 325, when the vernal equinox fell correctly on the 21st of March, Pope Gregory learned that every fourth year should be reckoned 366 days, and that at that time the vernal equinox fell on the 11th of March. To remedy this he decreed that the 5th of October of that year should be reckoned as the 15th, and to keep the years right in the future, the ecclesiastical calendar was changed, twenty-seven minutes and ten seconds in a century, he ordered that every centurial year that could not be divided by 400 should not be bissextile, as it otherwise would be. The Gregorian calendar was decreed by Pope Gregory in 1582 on this basis, and was readily adopted by Catholic, though not by Protestant, countries. It did not obtain in Great Britain until 1752, by which time the difference between the Julian and Gregorian periods amounted to eleven days. An act of parliament was passed, dictating that the 3d of September that year should be reckoned the 14th, and that three out of every four of the centurial years should, as in Pope Gregory's arrangement, not be bissextile or leap years. The Gregorian calendar is in use in all civilized countries except Russia.

The Language of Stamps.

*It is understood that when a stamp is in*verted on the right hand upper corner it means that the person writing is to write no more. If the stamp is placed on the left hand upper corner and inverted, then the writer declares his affection for the receiver to be constant. The stamp *in the center* at the top it signifies an affirmative answer to a question, or the question, as the case may be, and when it is at the bottom, or opposite this, it is a negative. To fold the stamp be on the right hand corner, at a right angle, it asks the question if the receiver of the letter is married or not. If on the left hand corner it means that the writer hates the other. The stamp at the upper corner of the right expresses a desire to be acquainted, and when placed on the lower left hand corner means a desire for friendship. It is said that those who are expert in this mode of indication, when a correspondent requests the person to whom he writes to accept his fate, the stamp is placed on a line with the surname, and is carried from the centre to the stamp placed at the same spot, but when his best fortune is wished he will probably suffice for a foundation.

Indorsement of Bank Checks.

A check drawn upon a bank payable to bearer is in a different position from a check drawn to order, although the latter may be indorsed by the person to whom it is payable before it is presented, or by the maker himself. Banks are justified in taking all proper means to avoid questions upon items drawn on or customers. A check drawn to order and subsequently indorsed, is not, in our opinion, in the same position as a check drawn to bearer. The latter is, by the act of the drawer, made payable to anybody, and the bank is thereby notified, in effect that caution must not be made in ascertaining the right of the person who claims the payment. But a check drawn to order, even although it may be the order of the maker of the check, when duly indorsed, can only legally be the property of the person *entitled under the indorsement. The fact* of the indorsement may be taken to be a notification to the bank to be careful in ascertaining the right of the person who claims the money. Under such circumstances, it seems to us that the officers of the bank would be justified in requiring proof or satisfaction as to the right of the person presenting the check to claim the amount.

The Earliest American Artist.

The first artist born to fame in the United States was John Watson. This was born in Perth Amboy, New Jersey, in 1685. "History of the Arts of Design," which stated that Watson is the first painter born in the colonies to rank in the annals of American art." John Watson came from Scotland to Perth Amboy in 1714, and died there in 1768, at the age of 83 years. He brought over a large number of paintings, and with these and many that he executed himself, for the first art gallery in the country. As he advanced in years he became extremely penurious and was totally blind for some time before his death. He carved two famous heads at Perth Amboy, one of which he used exclusively for his paintings, occupying the other as his residence. It is stated on somewhat of a conjecture that this house, which stood on the site of the present seminary, was subsequently occupied by another artist, William Dunlap, with whom originated the idea of the National Academy of Design.

Gilderoy's Kite.

The phrase "As High as Gilderoy's Kite" is supposed to have the following origin: Gilderoy, whom Bishop Percy calls "the Robin Hood of Scotland," was a noted freebooter who infested the Highlands of Perthshire with his gang, and upon seven of his men being captured by the Stewarts of Athol, was executed on the 3d February, 1638, *while Gilderoy burned several houses belonging to them* out of revenge. A reward of £1,000 was then offered for his apprehension, and he was closely pursued, and eventually, with five of his companions, suffered for his crimes at Gallows, near Edinburgh, in July, 1638. There is no reference concerning any kite, but we presume that the phrase originated from the fact that Gilderoy was suspended at an unusual height, for, as the ballad says, he was "hung high above the rest."

Can't Open Each Other's Letters.

According to the United States Postal Laws and the United States Revised Statutes, neither a husband nor a wife has any right to open the other's letters, and the one that does it may be prosecuted under section 3892 of the revised statutes for so doing.

What is a Nonconformist?

For a time the Puritans during the reign of Elizabeth reunited themselves with the Church of England, but as they subsequently refused to be bound by the act of supremacy and of uniformity they became known as nonconformists.

East and West Points.

The most western point of the United States is Atton island, in the Behring sea, about 3,250 miles from the most easterly point, which is Quoddy Head on the east coast of Maine.

Gladstone's Age.

William E. Gladstone was born in Liverpool in 1809, and entered parliament in 1833.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

A CURIOUS ILLUSTRATION WITH AN APPLE AND A SWORD.

Electric Heat Indicators as Means of Preventing Spontaneous Combustion at Sea.

A Simple Apparatus for Showing the Expansion of Metals by Heat.

The simple piece of apparatus illustrated in Fig. 1 will show the expansion of metals by heat as well as the more expensive pyrometers. It is made by cutting a piece of cork into the shape represented, and placing a needle, AB, across the opening, the pointed end being firmly fixed in the cork, while the eye end is free to move.

EXPANSION OF METALS BY HEAT.

A second needle, D, somewhat smaller, is passed through the eye of the first—just far *enough into the cork to enable it to stand up*right. A third needle, C, is placed beside it to make the movement more evident.

When the needle AB is heated in the flame of a candle its expansion will push D from its upright position, to which it will return upon the flame's cooling and contraction. Care should be taken not to place the upright needle too far into the cork, as this might prevent its movement by the expanding metal.

Fastest Speed by Railroad Train.

The fastest rate of speed attained by a railroad train has been a matter of considerable dispute. A few trains, both in this country and in England, make regular runs for a short distance at the rate of sixty miles an hour, although the number of trains that average forty miles an hour is very small. It has been doubted if it were possible to attain a speed of much over sixty-five or seventy miles an hour, even under the most favorable conditions. A correspondent of The English Mechanic, however, writes that during a recent journey on one of the regular express trains of the Great Northern railway seven miles were covered in 5 minutes 29 seconds, twelve miles in 9 minutes 57 seconds, and fifteen miles in 12 minutes and 14 seconds. Seventy miles of the journey only occupied 1 hour and 39 seconds, and for a short distance a measured speed of eighty miles an hour was attained.

Fire Prevention.

Electric heat indicators are valuable means of preventing spontaneous combustion at sea. These consist of thermometers inclosed and protected by iron tubes, provided in a well known manner with platinum wires and connected to a system of electric bells and indicators on deck. These thermometers are distributed among such dangerous cargoes as coal, cotton, etc., liable to spontaneous combustion. Should any undue heat arise in any part of the cargo, the mercury in the thermometers will rise, make contact with the platinum wires and give an instantaneous alarm on deck, at the same time indicating the exact spot where such dangerous heat does exist.

Excavating in Frozen Ground.

It is often necessary to make excavations for pipes in very cold weather, under which conditions the operation is difficult. The trouble due to frost can only be remedied by thawing out the surface. The Electricia says that quicklime has been tried with success. The surface where the excavation is to begin is covered with alternate layers of lime and snow. The lime becomes slaked and heats the soil so effectually that after ten or fifteen hours it can be dug up with the greatest ease, even where the cold is excessive. Where there is no snow, water can be used.

A Curious Illustration.

A curious illustration of the principle of inertia can be shown, explains Lie Nature, by enveloping an apple in a piece of cotton cloth, and suspending it in the air. Then take a sword or sharp knife, and strike the apple a quick, quiet blow from below, being careful to give a direct and not a drawing cut, and the apple will be cut in two without injury to the cloth.

THE APPLE AND THE SWORD.

The figure on the upper corner shows the section of the blade best adapted to this purpose; but any moderately sharp and brightly polished blade will answer, although several trials will probably have to be made before the experiment succeeds.

Lead Water Pipes.

The action of lead pipe on water has again been tested, and, according to The Sanitary News, this time with a negative result. The director of the public works department of Berlin was lately compelled to line a portion of the Vanne aqueduct, owing to the infiltration of matters from the pores around the tube. Sheet lead was used for this purpose. Fearing the lead would be dangerous, Professor Gautier made an analysis of fifty litres of the water before it had reached the lead, and of fifty litres after having passed through the lead lined portion. No trace of lead was found.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Fashionable Table Linen—How to Carve a Fine Fat Goose—Two Dishes.

Fresh table linen appears to be the most fashionable just now, though Scotch, Irish and German cloths are all found in fine band goods. Two favorite patterns are the Tree of Life and the pole Bamboo. The center of the first is filled in with large square blocks, and the border surrounding it is of triangles. The second is composed of two rows of oval balls and a border of finger laids, around which are twined myrtle leaves. Another much used pattern is the Caprice, which has a perfectly plain center and is surrounded by large flowers. One of the most expensive patterns is the Hirondelles. This linen is beautifully marked. The border is a design of cobwebs of which are hanging catsails, while in the center are small swallows. The birds are exquisitely wrought. The feathers on their wings are so true to nature as to stand out in a fluffy manner. The cost of a set of these, including a tablecloth and a dozen napkins, reaches $100.

Almost all the cloths have large center pieces. In some instances the linen is embroidered. A late craze is for cipher monograms, and much linen is embroidered in that way. French cloths differ from the other sorts in being of much lighter texture and more elaborate decoration.

What to Do With Cold Plum Pudding.

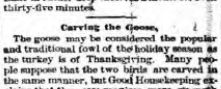
*The remains of plum pudding are some*times broiled in slices, sometimes converted into fritters. A more elegant way of serving them is the following, sent by Mrs. H. Anderson. Line a charlotte mold or basin with slices of cold plum pudding cut to fit closely together. Fill the inside with a sufficient quantity of palatine pudding made as follows: Separate the whites and yolks of four eggs; with the yolks make a boiled custard (with a pint of milk and sugar to taste); set a third of a box of gelatine to soak a few minutes in a little cold water, then dissolve it with three-quarters of a cupful of boiling water. When the custard has cooled, add the gelatine water and the whites of the eggs beaten to a stiff froth; flavor with vanilla, stir all together and put it into the mold. It will settle into three layers and is a very pretty pudding.

New Year's Cake.

An excellent New Year's cake may be made by the following nut cake recipe of Miss Parlon: One cupful of sugar, half a cupful of butter, half a cupful of milk, two cupfuls of pastry flour, two eggs, one coffee cupful of chopped English walnut meats, one teaspoonful English walnuts, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, half a teaspoonful of soda. Beat the butter to a cream, add the sugar, gradually, and, when light, the eggs well beaten, then the milk and *the flour in which the soda and cream of tar*tar or a teaspoonful and a half of baking powder instead, has been thoroughly mixed. Mix quickly and add the raisins and nuts. Bake in rather deep sheets in a moderate oven thirty-five minutes.

Carving the Goose.

The goose may be considered the popular and traditional fowl of the holiday season as the turkey is of Thanksgiving. Many people suppose that the two birds are carved in the same manner, but Good Housekeeping explains that the goose requires more strength and skill and a different method of carving, from any other fowl.



TO CARVE A GOOSE.

The approved plan is to place the goose on the platter with the head at the left and insert the fork directly across the ridge of the breast bone. Cut through the flesh where the wing joins the body, work the point of the knife into the joint and with the side of the knife press the wing over from the body and cut until the joint separates. Then cut *through the flesh* and separate it from the body. Cut between the leg and the body, press the leg back and cut through the joint till you see the joint. Then cut through the flesh close to the body. If the bird be old and tough you will have to feel with the knife for the joint.

In carving the breast begin at the wing and cut straight down through the meat to the bone the whole length of the breast as indicated by the long lines of the cut. Cut down in thin parallel slices until you come to the ridge of the breast bone. Cut down between the ribs close to the side of the wing, then slip the knife under the slices at the lower end of the breast, and separate them from the bones. Lay them aside and cut in the same manner on the other side of the breast. Make several cuts at right angles with the breast bone through *the skin and* stuffing between breast and tail, and remove the stuffing.

With the fork still in the breast bone tip the bird over slightly and with the point of the knife remove the delicate portion in the hollow of the inside bone; a little may be shaved off the lower edge of the side bone. The little meat these may be on wishbone, shoulder blade and side bone can be cut without disjointing the bones. So, as soon as the breast is carved, remove the fork, disjoint the legs and wings and begin to serve.

Cake for Children.

A kneaded plum cake is much liked by children, and is included by many books in the list of holiday good things. The ingredients are two and one-half cups of sugar, half a cup of butter, half a cup of sour milk, two spoonfuls of saleratus, one teaspoonful of saleratus, half a spoonful of cinnamon and of nutmeg, a cupful of chopped raisins, and about six cupfuls of flour, or sufficient to knead. Divide into loaves, roll into cakes or long pieces, and bake in a quick oven.

Home Made Candies.

Home candy making, though not confined to the holiday season, is generally carried on then with the most vigor. Recipes for a few of the most popular plain candies are therefore given:

Butter Taffy.—Two cups sugar, one cup water, two tablespoons of molasses, four tablespoons of vinegar, and about a half tablespoons of butter. Boil twenty or thirty minutes and pour in buttered tins.

Vinegar Candy.—Three cups of sugar, half a cup of vinegar, half a cup of vinegar. Boil without stirring till brittle.

Lemon Drops.—Dissolve half a pound of pulverized sugar in lemon juice and boil to a thin syrup. Drop on plates and harden in a warm place.

Ice Cream Candy.—Two cups sugar, half a cup of water. Boil until it candies in a teacup of cream of tartar dissolved in a little water. Boil ten minutes without stirring, then add a small piece of butter and boil till it will harden in water as soft as fudge and pull.

Butter Scotch.—Three tablespoons of molasses, two tablespoons of sugar, two tablespoons of water, one tablespoon of butter, a little soda before taking from stove.

Nut Candy.—Five cups sugar, six tablespoons of water, four tablespoonfuls vinegar, one tablespoonful butter. Boil without stirring till it crisps in cold water. Line buttered tins with nut meats and pour the candy over them. When nearly cold mark off into strips.

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Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.47, 5.45, 6.29, 6.59 a. m., 1.05, 3.00, 5.19, 8.15, 9.40, 11.00 p. m. Sundays, 3.47, 7.25, 8.25, 9.55, 11.00 a. m., 12.34, 4.01, 7.35, 9.37, 11.32 p. m.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street at 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.29, 6.59, 7.19, 8.00, 8.44, 9.52, 10.37, 11.05, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 3.57, 5.51, 7.25, 8.05, 9.56, 7.05, 8.29, 9.18, 11.05, p. m. Sundays, 8.07, 10.38, 11.32, a. m., 1.43 p. m. Sunday 5.40, 7.25, 9.25, p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.30, 7.05, 7.35, 8.15, 8.45, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, at 9.00 a. m., 12.30, 1.45, 4.00, 5.45, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 6.00, 7.40, 9.05, 11.20, 11.40 a. m., 2.02, 3.20, 4.20, 5.10, 6.05, 6.45, 8.25, 10.15, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 9.17, 10.40 a. m., 2.45 p. m. Sunday 5.30, 8.40, 10.15 p. m.

Leave Somerville, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.35, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 3.05, 3.40, 5.05, 5.35, 6.15, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 4.50, 7.00, 9.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 5.19, 5.58, 9.21 a. m., 2.05, 3.34, 5.05, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sundays, 5.19, 9.21 a. m., 5.05 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.55, 8.57 a. m., 12.01, 4.15, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.35 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain. Sundays for Easton.

6.05 a. m.—For Flemington Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, Binghamton, Oswego, Ithaca, Geneva, Canandaigua, Corning, Bath, Hornellsville, Dunkirk, Salamanca, Jamestown, Meadville, Oil City, Titusville, Erie, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Portland, Oregon, Tacoma, Seattle, Spokane Falls, Helena, Butte City, Los Angeles, San Diego, Sacramento, Ogden, Cheyenne, Pueblo, Colorado Springs, Manitou, Leadville, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

6.05 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc. Sundays, 6.05 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dutton Hill, Hazleton, Scranton, etc.

8.05, and 4.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

6.09 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc. 4.34 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dutton Hill, Hazleton, Scranton, etc.

5.05, and 5.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

6.09 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

6.32 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 7.00, 11.08 a. m., 3.34, 5.05 p. m. Sunday 11.08 a. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove 5.05 p. m.

For Perth Amboy, 3.27, 5.45, 6.45, 11.08 a. m., 3.34, 5.05 p. m. Sunday 11.08 a. m., 12.35, 3.51, 5.22, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 5.05 p. m.

For Matawan, 3.27, 5.45, 8.05, 11.08, a. m., 12.35 5.05, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 5.05 p. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 5.10, 8.05, 9.45, 11.46 a. m., 2.15, 4.35, 5.55, 6.05 p. m. Sunday at 5.10*, 9.39 a. m., 6.34 p. m. *Ex sing.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 5.30,* 8.30,* 9.30 11.00 a. m., 1.15 2.45, 4.45, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.30 a. m.; 5.30, 12.40 p. m.

Third and Market Streets at 5.35,* 8.05 10.30 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 5.05, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 5.30 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker Streets, at 1.25, 8.00, 9.10,* 10.15, 11.35 a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.30, 7.35 p. m. Sunday at 1.35,* 8.40 a. m., 5.15, 10.30 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Fimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services at first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

COAL and WOOD

C. H. RUGG,

Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the

BEST Quality

that can be procured in this market. Prompt delivery taken to leave it well screened and delivered promptly.

All orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

Office 81 Park avenue, P. O. Box 1122. Yard First.

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G.F. & C.E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

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WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

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Great Success with Children's Portraits.

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Opp. Post Office.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at A. VANDERBEEK, 39 PARK AVE. PIANOS TUNED.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES for Boys, Girls and Everybody ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone

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Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

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REAL ESTATE

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QUALITY COAL

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We Respectfully

Invite Everybody

to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. King's specialties, the best and cheapest in the end.

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A. D. Cook & Bro.

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and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

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CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue. P. O. BOX 1287.

W also supply all kinds of seasoning wood as from the forest vs. direct from the factory.

JUST THE THING

for Holiday Presents

REAL SKIN CAPS from $1 to $15.
Gents' Mufflers $1.50
Silk Undershirts from $1 to $8.
Fine Gloves, Canes and Neckwear.

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AND FURNISHER,

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next to Walker's Bakery.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

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Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

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SULPHUR AND MEDICATED

VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases; equalizes the circulation of the blood, purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Catarrh, Throat Diseases, Nervous and General Debility, Paralysis, Sciatica and all skin diseases.

It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever; and all malarial disorders.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Consultation and treatment free.

MCDONOUGH & MARTIN,

Horseshoers, 19 Somerset Street.

All customers and others desiring to use the above shop can depend on having their horses treated in their usual careful manner. Shop will be open before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to get in our coal and wood for the coming winter. Thanking our friends for their liberal patronage in the past, we hope to merit a continuance of the same in the future. Prompt attention to the shoeing of horses and the adjustments of thirty feet.

Stephen A. Fleming,

18 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY. VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to sell at prices to suit the times.

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

Give us a call and we may convince that we DO sell

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than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

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(successor to Frank Day)

LIVERY STABLE,

NORTH AVENUE, Opp. Depot, Plainfield.

Carriages meet all trains. Family Riding specialty.

SHE MARRIED A SCHOLAR.

Oh, she said she'd never marry any Tom and Dick and Harry,
She'd wed some famous scientist of learning and of fame;
But her Tom was quite commercial, and of Ages six and Seventeen
He was so ignorant, she said, as any clown.

So she gave poor Tom the mitten, and as meek as any kitten
He went to making money and forgot his wild despair;
Forgot, I say, at any rate he hastened to devote
Into a sordid business man, a trifling million-aire.

But she wed a scientist, and his tastes were quite terrific
For various kinds of insects and for toads and other game;
A splendid set of plagues and pictures, rattlesnakes and boa constrictors
He'd take into his sitting room to ornament the same.

As a jealous decorator he preferred an alligator
To a statue of Minerva or a bust of Henry Clay;
And you ought to hear him talk awhile of his long tailed beast
That he played with in his parlor just to while the time away;

And his colors di capello, a very charming fellow,
Through his dressing rooms and bedroom used to nonchalantly drift;
And an elephant's proboscis and two young chimpanzees
He presented to his children as a fitting Christmas gift.

But he sold his wife's piano to buy Ipecacuanha
To feed his hippopotamus to ease his stomach aches;
And a shark ate up his baby, for you know how lunacy there be,
And he went and pawned his overcoat to feed his rattlesnakes. —Yankee Blade.

Latter Day Tyrants.

Customer—This steak is raw on one side and burnt on the other.

Unfed Waiter—Yes, sah.

"And it's greased all over with oleo or something worse; tastes as if flavored with kerosene and garlic."

Waiter—Yes, sah.

"Take it back, tell the cook what the matter is and see if he can't give me something fit to eat."

Waiter (entering kitchen)—Steak for one. —Omaha World.

Well Qualified:

Plumber (to applicant for work)—Where were you employed last?

Applicant—I was making out bills for an ironman all summer, and—

Plumber—That's enough. You may consider yourself engaged for the winter.—New York Sun.

Met His Waterloo.

"Jes' a minute, if you please," said a man in western Nebraska as he came out of a saloon and held up as we were going past. "Did you happen to notice the school house much when you come past it down here a while?"

"Yes, we saw it."

"School wasn't called yet, I reckon?"

"No."

"We, as the boys say, having a ring rastle an' whoopin' a good deal like Injuns?"

"No; everything was very quiet."

"School house broke up any—winders gone or dodge stove in?"

"Guess not."

"See anything of the teacher?"

"Yes; saw him through the door, sitting with his feet on the desk reading a book."

"Was, hey? Seemed calm?"

"Reappeared that way."

"See anything of a big, raw boned boy, with long arms an' big hands, wearin' a high felt hat painted red, white 'n' blue?"

"Yes, we noticed him."

"Was he makin' himself talkin' loud with his thumb under one gallus an' a chip on his shoulder?"

"No. He was sitting on the ground near the school house, with his back against a tree. His nose was all bloody, his arms were hanging down, and he looked sick. His clothes were about torn off of him, and one of the small boys was carrying his striped hat full of water to him from the creek."

"Well, I swow if that don't beat me! Didn't holler no slang at you or offer to fight you?"

"I don't think he saw us at all—one eye was closed up."

"I expect—nothing 's gittin' me now! I reckon the plan didn't work."

"What was it?"

"Why, that feller's my boy, you see, an' he jawed he lick the teacher this mornin', but I reckon from what you say something went wrong somewhere. The teacher gave him a longer 'rithmetic lesson than he totter, an' says I to him, 'Hop onto the little dood an' whale him—jes' show him that you understand what's the matter of Hanover!' Bill said that he'd do it an' that I'd better see the other two school officers an' git another teacher somewhere, 'cause there wouldn't be enough of this un left to wed a gun when he got done with him. Says he, 'Pap, don't be scart if you notice small pieces of a school teacher fallin' 'round here long durin' the forenoon.' One wheel of his wagon blocked! An' Bill allays claimed he was a fighter, too! I'll be tarstally chawed if he ain't been trottin' in the wrong class for two years. When he gits home if I don't bring out the old strap an' jarrup him myself then you can shoot me. A black eye — does all bloody! Say, watt will stuck on! You'll see a big, lazy, double fisted fraud of a boy git pounded all to pieces by his old father!"—Chicago Tribune.

The Holiday Absentee.

Johnson—Your brother is spending his winter in Florida, I believe; health bad?

Jackson—He's there for economy; not health.

Johnson—Economy?

Jackson—Yes. He calculated that the saving in coal and Christmas presents would pay railroad fare both ways and put money in his pocket.—Lowell Citizen.

The Irrepressible Tourist.

Lady—Your clothes are very ragged. can't I do some sewing for you?"

Tramp—Yes, madam; you may sew an overcoat on this button, if you please. It seems to feel the need of society.—Drift.

HENRY HANCHETT,
GROCER,
CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY
dealer in
Staple and Fancy
GROCERIES
Fruits and Vegetables
IN SEASON.
Ferris & Co's. celebrated
HAMS, BACON
and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at
SCHWED BROS.
7 East Front St.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laine's Hotel

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.
The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Ven-a-Mo is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE
And furnished rooms. South-East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.
MRS. M. YERGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Perster, Veterinary Surgeon, 72 East Fifth street, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE
The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? The mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the balsam were not a perfect cure for colds and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle today to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

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Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles. Store with E. S. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES
Do your own dyeing at home, with Peerless Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10 c. a package, 24 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 3-27-1y

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Telephone Call 60. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 27. Office: Hillside cemetery

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Mason and Builder.
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Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

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Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
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Successor to
Carpenter & Builder,
26 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

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63 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Sash and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

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Fine Groceries,
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Try the Brunswick Ham, recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

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BALED HAY, etc,
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of all kinds at
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at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

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Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
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STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION
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dealer in
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NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

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BEST FLOUR.
This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.
GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High
But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 3 North avenue are
WAY DOWN
Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, oranges, lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.
KENNEY BROS.

Christmas Goods
at
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET.
A large line of useful
Holiday Presents
at prices that will please everybody.

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Edward C. Mulford,
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FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP
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J. H. KENYON

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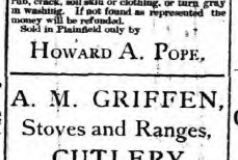

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BLACK HOSIERY
GUARANTEED
for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crack, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.
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Stoves and Ranges,
CUTLERY,
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WE HAVE
Sold Nearly
all of our great bargains which we have advertised so largely, but have a few left, which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of between now and the New Year, when we will make room for new goods. Private wire to New York and Chicago.
A Reduction of 25 per cent. in overcoats.
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A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

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The company will at once extend their investment line into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS
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may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases the gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the lights
W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Ranges & Stoves
with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of
HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES
will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Special attention called to the "Dockash" ranges which cannot be excelled. R. ANDERSON.

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People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. H. H. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.
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Fruits of all kinds.
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GEO. A. MOORE,
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
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where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
fish of all kinds, Oysters, Cheese, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

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They Unite Beauty, Refinement and Luxurious Comfort. Every woman wants them, and particularly wants them

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Seal, Ermine, Sable, Fox, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear—all are fine, but Seal holds first rank; it is the representative Fur. Fine Alaska Skins of best London Dyes, hold shape and color for years until literally "worn" out; the Finest and Copper Island Skins do to sell but one season, will not hold shape, fade, crock, moth and begin to shed. That tells their owner she has bought and experience too. Much better take a humbler material, which will prove what it pretends to be, than a cheap seal.
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Fine Furs are not cheap. But it is easy to tell stories. The poor skins are plenty, and they furnish the cheapness Advertised as "worth" $100, etc. Furs are like diamonds in one thing—take care OF WHOM you buy.
My Specialty and My Pride, are My Seal.
But come to me for Sacques, Circulars, Muffs, Rugs, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small, in any furs. Holiday gifts for all ages and for any direction as to sex and relationship—Plenty of range for choice here. Prices are right, by material and quality, and as low as can be, as I manufacture AND SELECT, my own skins, and make them up. I know what I know, what I keep, and you'll be told exactly what your getting, too.
The safe guarantee in buying Fur's is the dealer's reputation. Reputation requires age. I have been in the business and been established right here FORTY and years. 12-16-1m-eod
JAMES A. BRODIE, 39 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

FOR BARGAINS
in new and second-hand
House Furnishing
GOODS
and for
FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK
and
UPHOLSTERING
call at the store of
F. S. POWLISON
36 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties in any in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

GREAT REDUCTION
in
WALL PAPERS
Fine assortment of the Celebrated French
ILLUMINATED PAPERS
Handsome paper, 5c a roll and upward.
ADAMS,
19 PARK AVENUE

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,
No. 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive it three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinth Bulbs and Cocoa Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants on hand.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Children' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 8 W. Front street. 8-25-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Demeza's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Cady's, Tyrrel & Co's grocery store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 85, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American Watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 67 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Granite Country Rasher, Bine Rasher, Tea, Coffees, etc. Canned Goods, pure cider Vinegar 15 cents gold, fruit jars, jelly glass. White Grains, Yellow Rock, Stone, Bantam and Glass eyed. Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer
No. 13 East Third street, P. O. Box 81, Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and work guaranteed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Hair Dressing and Shampooing. Prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(from Paris, successor to Jules Boutet.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser.
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, fashionable hair ornaments and theatrical costumes to hire, 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road.
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 14.

Tunis Ryck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. L. McVoy,
Driven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident my execution of work entrusted to my care will satisfaction. Shop 48 S Front street.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.
On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls, and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.
SANTA CLAUS.
34 WEST FRONT STREET.

City National Bank.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of nine directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10th, 1888, from one to two o'clock p. m.
E. H. GARDNER, Cashier.
Plainfield, Dec. 7, 1887.

BANK ELECTION.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Plainfield, Dec 7, 1887.
The annual election of nine directors of this bank, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10, 1888, from 1 to 2 o'clock p. m.
C. PARKER, Cashier.

Still open for a few days, Christmas Wonderland at
ALLEN'S
The Stationer,
23 EAST FRONT STREET.
With breaks in stock filled up and all ready for a
Happy New Year
A line of fresh and unhandled New Year Cards, Diaries for 1888, etc. Prices on all Holiday Goods remaining are cut clear off their feet. Come and see them.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL,
CORNER of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Staats, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

TRY
B. T. BARNES'
Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.
ALL OUR OWN MAKE.
OPPOSITE P. O.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it incomparable to anything.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand. Made of first class material only. Thanking for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 37 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—East Second street is being macadamized from Washington to Peace streets.

—We publish to-day on our third page an interesting illustrated history of the battle of New Orleans, which occured 73 years ago yesterday.

—The servant-woman who was missing and for whose recovery a reward was offered has been found. She is safe with friends in New York City.

—The scenery of the "Little Tycoon" Company arrived in this city in a special car, Saturday night, and was put in position on the Music Hall stage to-day.

—Chas. E. Bose will teach the class in English branches at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. For information apply at the rooms.

—The entire new circuit of incandescent electric lamps lately placed in the Plainfield streets were first completely lighted Friday night. They render good service.

—In the case of Geo. H. Lyon, who was killed by the cars Saturday, County Physician Coriell to-day gave a burial permit, deeming an inquest unnecessary.

—The extra service will be continued every night this week in the lecture room of the Trinity Reformed church. The meetings begin at 8:00 o'clock. All are welcome.

—The next lecture in the Reform Club's free course will be given Thursday evening, January 19, by Dean Rodman. The musical entertainment will be given on the 26th.

—A cordial welcome awaits every young man at the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. Topic: "Christ Our Deliverer." Rom. VII: 24-25.

—Business of importance is to be transacted at the next meeting of the Exempt Firemen's Association which will take place in Gamble house on the first Monday evening in February, at eight o'clock.

—"Subscriber" who calls our attention to the error in our date is respectfully informed that this world is full of windbabs, that our Job-baby is stuffed with wadsnat, and that we are weary.—New Brunswick Home News.

—A number of witnesses were summoned to appear before the Grand Jury at Elizabeth to-day to give testimony in the case of Policeman McCue vs. John Bowman and Henry Gordon, who are charged with assaulting the officer.

—The address at the meeting of the Reform Club last evening was delivered by Mrs. R. J. C. Downs. President John French made a stirring appeal for pledge-signers, and twenty-five responded. It was an overflowing meeting.

—The new and special scenery for to-night's presentation of "The Little Tycoon" at the Stillman Music Hall arrived this morning. It is beautiful and effective, but is said to be only one of the many excellencies of the Spencer re-production.

—The Plainfield Browning Club will meet on Monday evening, Jan. 16, in the rooms of the Y. W. C. T. U. on Front street. Prof. W. D. McClintock will talk upon "Browning and His Poetry." All persons interested in the subject are invited to be present.

Trying to Befriend His Doctor.

Some eight or ten years ago ex-Mayor Rockefeller and Mr. D. O. Kilbourn were partners, as grocers, continuing until about five years ago, when Mr. Kilbourn withdrew, selling out his interest to Mr. Rockefellow, who still continues the business. Dr. J. T. Fritts had several of his bills for medical service, but was unable to collect his bill amounting to $93. He had sent the bill regularly as is usual but it was utterly ignored. One day, meeting Mr. Kilbourn on the street, he asked him for the amount of the bill, and in reply received the vilest abuse. Mr. Kilbourn finally said he would pay the bill, if the doctor would not dun him. That was nearly six years ago. Then the doctor waited nearly four years longer, and happening again to meet Mr. Kilbourn on the street, he reminded him that he had not kept his promise, when the doctor was again subjected to the vilest outrage. It was bad enough to be compelled to wait nearly six years for the payment of a bill, which the debtor was abundantly able to pay at various periods during the time, without, in addition being shamefully abused. If the doctor waited any longer the claim would be outlawed, and Mr. Kilbourn was secure. Kilbourn's abuse and being satisfied that the doctor could pay but wouldn't, the doctor resolved never to redress his wrongs. Since his retirement from the grocery business, is said to have speculated in Wall street, and lost all his money, but he earns a good living as a traveling salesman. The doctor supposing that Kilbourn was having nearly all his favor, paid on a writ of attachment Constable Smith seized Kilbourn's coat at the City Hotel, a few days ago, and sold it at auction for $2.50 to Backman James Mc-Cormick, the assistant going towards paying the cost of the suit. The doctor was interviewed by a News reporter, who pleased the shorts. He said he would condescend to notice the abuse heaped upon him in a local sheet, notorious for its sensationalism, and which is said to gratify malice, nourished him, trying to make it appear that he was persecuting a former patient who had become unfortunate. The case of Kilbourn says he is weak in the head, being subject to fits, but one who has known him nearly twenty years regards him entitled to no sharp practices. New York business houses are not in the habit of trusting out on time sharp men as traveling salesmen. The doctor considers that Kilbourn has been trying to defraud him, and he is satisfied in protecting himself as any other business man would.

The Sheriff says the News' reporter that he is the last person to procure sale any one without just cause or provocation. That the report was making a false sales in the publication referred to are his words. He is indifferent and care only for one side of the question. He says, however, that he has nothing to do, but to retract and declines to condescend to make any further explanation at this time.

Westfield Whispers.

Clark's lake has been well patronized, the past two weeks, both day and evening. The ice was in good condition.

Dr. Sherman Cooper has removed from his old residence on Cedar avenue into Wm. Hart's house on Broad street, opposite Tamahaka avenue.

Mr. W. A. Day returned from his trip to Virginia last Tuesday.

Adolph Gunzel has been confined to his room once more since New Year's Day.

E. Miller & Sons have greatly improved the appearance of their dry goods store by putting up a fresco and gate alongside of the vacant lot, thus closing in their own yard.

THE LEGISLATURE.

To be Organized To-Morrow Afternoon.

The Legislature will organize at the State House to-morrow afternoon and will enter on a session that some say will not extend over ten weeks. One of the features of the session, it is thought, will be the effort to abolish still more the appointing power of the Governor. The important question will be another of the live issues during the session.

The contest that has been in progress for the Presidency of the Senate and Speakership of the Assembly seems, according to general consent, to be settled in favor of Senator Large of Hunterdon for the former office and Col. Samuel D. Dickinson of Hudson for the latter office. The struggle over the smaller offices continues. It is likely that the platform wire-pulling will be witnessed about the hotels to-night, on the eve of the Legislature's organization.

The Senate will contain six lawyers, three Republicans and three Democrats, the former being Messrs. Griggs, Large and Newell, and the latter Messrs. Edwards, Wurts and Wyckoff. There are four farmers, three real estate dealers, two merchants, a manufacturer, a clerk, a contractor and a broker. Senator Sooter is a native of the United States, not even one of foreign birth being among the number. New York produced four, Pennsylvania two, Delaware one and the others are native-born Jerseymen. Camden, Salem and Hunterdon counties claim two each, while Atlantic, Bergen, Essex, Mercer, Monmouth, Warren, Ocean, Sussex and Somerset claim one each. The New Yorkers are Messrs. Edwards, Chase, McBride and Miller. Mercer is from Delaware and Mr. Baker from Pennsylvania. Mr. Newell of Salem is the oldest Senator in years, he being 58. Senator Rue is 54, and Senator's Carter and Wyckoff are each 53. Senator Roe is 52, and Senator Miller 50. Pfeiffer of Camden is the youngest Senator, not being 32 until next March.

Of the sixty Assemblymen twenty-two were born outside the State, and thirty-eight are native Jerseymen. Messrs. Brown and Jones are natives of England; Messrs. Fay, McGowan and Gallagher of Ireland; Mr. Law of Scotland, and Mr. Schmeltz of Germany. Seven are natives of New York, four of Pennsylvania, two of New Hampshire, one of Massachusetts and one Virginia. The native Jerseymen are from the following counties: Essex, 6; Cumberland, 3; Mercer, 3; Burlington, 3; Warren, 3; Hunterdon, 3; Middlesex, 3; Monmouth, 3; Morris, 3; Hudson, 2; and Bergen, Cape May, Passaic, Salem, Somerset and Sussex, one each. There are seventeen lawyers and nine farmers. The former are Messrs. Alden, Herbert, Rogers, Ensley, Voorhees, Ulrich, Nixon, Hutchinson, Harris, Riker, Hill and Fuller, Republicans, and Messrs. Matthews, McDermit, Hoppenheimer, Farrel and Cutler, Democrats—12 to 5. There are 6 manufacturers, five are engineers, two physicians, and each of the following occupations: Dentist, druggist, accountant, fruit grower, saloon keeper, builder, produce dealer, journalist, city comptroller, painter, detective, ice dealer, constable, potter, liquor dealer, school teacher, miller, hotel keeper and contractor. Thirty-nine members are entering on the first year of service, sixteen are in their second year, one in his third year, and three in their fourth year.

Is Your Money Here?

Saturday night's Newark Journal contains a list of 3,706 unclaimed dividends on an old savings bank and life insurance fund. Many of the amounts are small, but the aggregate is $17,755.91, and in list of those who have money awaiting them are a few whose address is given as Plainfield or vicinity. Here are a few extracts:

Plainfield—Jane A. Brokaw, $.07; Prospect Coursen, $2.50; Peter S. Good, $40.88; Chas. H. Griffen, $.35; Amanda T. Maxson, $.40; Harriet Mullison, $47.51; Rachel Neal, $1.27; Lucia M. Vail, $.27.

Westfield—Henry Baker, (in trust) $69.00; Matthias Clark, $1.25; Abby Darby, $1.16; Maggie DeSilvia, $1.19; John D. Mills, $2.41; Chas. B. Peddie, $.53; Owen Pierson, $.12; James Roll, $.87; John Scenckelton, $1; Isaac Scudder (two accounts), $5.02; Sarah H. Seering, $5.87; Theo. C. Starr, $2.80; Nancy Wilson, $10.83.

Bound Brook—Susan L. Carhuff, $7.58; Susan L. Carhuff, (for Lizzie Rowley), $.65; Susan L. Carhuff, (for Addie Rowley), $.41; Sarah Davenport, $.75; John Hubert, jr., $.87; Henry Pfeiffer, (for Peter), $1.88; Pfeiffer, $2.28; David Phillips, $12.65.

Metuchen—Hannah A. Mundy, $40.25; Annie B. Pierson, $.10; Wm. Toy, $4.50.

Fanwood—Sarah A. Drake, $2.15; Isaac Lambert, $29.43; Cornelius W. L. Maxfield, $8.

Union—Peter Machest, $6.13.98; Fanny Rodin, $.58.

Scotch Plains—Geo. J. Lakey, $10.

Somerville—John M. Prass, $5.39.

New Brunswick—Chas. W. Cox, $.13; Mary L. Dougherty, $.30; Hanora Lennon, $1.09.

Clinton—Henrietta Castner, $35.88.

Clinton Station—Margaret Bosman, $6.40.

Just why Plainfielders who have money to invest do not always prefer it with Plainfield's own excellent banking and savings institutions is far from clear. Why should money be taken to Newark instead of kept at home? Plainfield's business boom can not be surpassed for integrity, and the people of this city and neighborhood knows that here no banks of the Plainfield homes reliable in every respect.

—That enterprising Front street firm, Van Emburgh & White, are right at the front offering special inducements for the month of January. They call particular attention to a new feature that they have just added—a special bargain table on which may be found new and desirable goods at cut prices.

—The presentation by the author's company of "The Little Tycoon" at the Music Hall to-night is considered such an important event in the musical circles that New York and Philadelphia managers have sent their representatives instructions to make photographic reports of this, the first appearance of this company.

PERSONAL.

Miss Mamie Laughton of Somerville is visiting Mrs. G. V. Tunison of Dorr street, North Plainfield.

An evening recitals will be held at the residence of George Denike on Somerset street Thursday night.

Frederick Wheatcroft resumed work at Potter's Press Works this morning after a week's sickness from quinsy sore throat.

Mrs. Joseph Brown of West Fourth street, is recovering from her injuries received from a fall down the stoop of her dwelling, Friday night.

Arthur Hyde returned from England, Saturday morning, and after visiting friends in this city, leaves for Nevada, Council Bluffs, to-night.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Thomas Day took place from St. Mary's church at two o'clock Saturday afternoon. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

The funeral services over the remains of Geo. H. Lyons, who was killed by the cars Saturday afternoon, will be held to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock in the Episcopal church at Fanwood.

Mr. Fred. Andrews is a valuable assistant to Superintendent Squires at the new Hope Mission, and Mr. Munger, who has charge of the Bible class, is another of the efficient volunteer teachers.

Mrs. W. J. Robinson, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Geo. Goodwin of New street, left this morning for New York, where they will spend several days, after which Mrs. Robinson will go to Albany, where they will meet Mr. Robinson and spend the Winter.

About two weeks ago Mr. N. T. Martin of 56 Somerset street was taking a barrel of wood down the cellar stairs of his house when he struck his thumb against a sharp-pointed stick of wood, causing a painful wound under the nail. The thumb swelled to great size, and proud flesh that caused no end of trouble was the result. Under the care of Mr. Randolph, of the firm of Field & Randolph—who has, by the way, attended to some minor cases among his friends with a skill that would do credit to a surgeon—the thumb is gradually regaining its normal condition.

The annual dinner of the descendents of Mr. and Mrs. I. D. Titsworth was eaten yesterday afternoon at the house of Prof. A. A. Titsworth on East Fifth street. The annual gatherings include all the family of the aged couple living in this vicinity. There were present one of three daughters, with her husband, two of three sons, and with their wives, besides 14 grandchildren and two great-grandchildren, also two grandchildren by marriage: Jacob R. Titsworth, the youngest brother of the venerable grandfather, and Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Alberti, father of Prof. Titsworth's wife, living in Plainfield. The afternoon of the time was spent in conversation, games, music, and, not least important, the dinner, which was of sufficient quantity and excellence in quality to satisfy the most exact ing. The array of rubber overshoes which adorned the entry gave rise to an object of evident interest to many of the passers-by, some of whom retraced their steps to count the goloshes. This annual dinner and "The Budget," or collection of family letters, are interesting features which bind in closer bonds of love those who are so nearly related by natural family ties.

A Happy New Year's Festival.

There was an enjoyable festival at the Hope Mission chapel Saturday night. The superintendent, Councilman Henry C. Squires, opened the evening with pleasant remarks, and during the evening the Rev. W. R. Richards told also something appropriate to say. There was a funny Punch and Judy show given by Wm. D. Murray, a humorous recitation by Mr. W. H. Hillman, and many amusant of good music, both instrumental and vocal, by members of the Crescent avenue church choir. Among those whose voices were heard in the various pretty glees were Miss Alice Holmes, Miss Gussie Holmes, Miss Jennie Demarest, Miss Eleanor Demarest, Miss Clara Dunn, Miss Gilbert, Mrs. S. R. Struthers, Mr. R. B. Struthers, Mr. Demarest, Mr. Ryder and Mr. C. A. Baynon. Miss Eleanor Demarest wrought music at the piano, and Miss Jennie Demarest made the xylophone surrender its jingling notes.

Refreshments were served in the midst of the entertainment, and many over one dozen got all the ice cream and cake he wanted it was his own fault. At the close each one present was given a barrel a candy.

The present condition of the chapel is a complete transformation from what it was when used by the Bethel Mission. It has been neatly papered and furnished, and presents a handsome interior.

Among the especially invited visitors Saturday night, were Mr. S. A. Glass, superintendent of the Bethel Mission, Mr. M. M. Dunham of the Warren Mission.

Mr. C. E. Tyler, now of New York and formerly teacher of the Berean class at Warren Mission, will speak at the chapel Sunday evening.

"The Little Tycoon" To-Night.

The diagrams of seats for "Little Tycoon" in Music Hall to-night at the box office show the marks of seats engaged, but good reserved seats may still be had by securing them early. At Mr. Stillman's request Mr. W. F. Hires, business manager of Mr. Spencer's company, a Hires' root beer sign was placed in front of Music Hall to-day. The individual parts are excellently filled, and the chorus is a strong one. Probably never before has so elaborate a company been seen in Plainfield audience, and the costumes, rich in texture, fashion and color, will be a delight to the eye. The full orchestra, and the calcium lights will add brilliancy, are costly and beautiful. This is the first appearance of the company, and it has been heralded in advance from Plainfield a verdict that shall result in drawing crowded houses for the company everywhere.

—Those who had to wade through the mud on lower West Second and West Fourth streets, Saturday night in going to the Hope Mission chapel can testify to the need of street lights in that neighborhood. The mud there is "awful," even in the day time, but in the darkness it is doubly so.

Their Latest "Fake."

On the 12th of last November a woman then living on West Second street called at the News office and left a notice that she received many answers—as is customary with News advertisers—and probably secured immediate employment, perhaps out of town, as the offers made her were by no means all from this city. The woman told a pitiful tale of how her husband had deserted her and their little girl, but urged that nothing be published concerning her trouble. Her request was granted.

Four days later, Nov. 16th, Mrs. Mary G. Kreeling departed in the company of her little girl from her house, No. 123 West Second street (formerly numbered 4th. Since that date neither the woman nor the child have been seen or heard of by 123ward DeKlime, the owner of the house where Mrs. Kreeling resided apartments.

Some think that the woman who advertised in The News on the 12th of November and the Mrs. Kreeling who disappeared Nov. 16th are the same person. Our contemporary, rather inclined to sensationalism for advertising purposes, would prefer something heard than Mrs. Kreeling has been "run away with" by her husband, and that a man named "Hardy" or "Harding" inveigled the woman away from Plainfield to help the husband to pay.

A News reporter interviewed Mr. DeKlime on the matter. Mr. DeKlime occupies the lower part of the dwelling in which Mrs. Kreeling rented rooms, and was surprised when told of the yarn published in the sensational sheet. Mr. DeKlime is an intelligent man, and will probably swear "mad" before The News. His story is best told in his own language:

"Mrs. Kreeling occupied two rooms upstairs. She has little girl six years old who lived with her. The woman came to me from Dunellen, where she lived next door to Capt. Hyde, and told me that she had left that she had been turned out of doors for non-payment of rent, but said that she had been unfortunate, and that her husband had deserted her and gone to live with another woman, and that if I would give her home-room she would pay me in advance.

"She moved into my house and paid me $6 for the first month. She seemed quite a decent sort of a woman, and managed to keep her rent paid up until about the first of October. Then I began to dun her for rent about six weeks, though in the meantime her promises to pay had been frequent. I had had several offers for the renting of my rooms, and could hardly afford to lose the income of the rooms; so on the 11th I served a notice to quit on her, and on the following day sued the papers. That night—the 11th—she had a visitor. She seldom had any callers, though one day I saw a woman go up with friends, leaving her child at neighbors. This man she welcomed as Mr. Hardy or Harding. He appeared to be an old friend, and it appeared from her conversation that she had asked him to bring her money, for to hear so-rest for deserting she had had a warrant issued by Justice Nash, when she was still living at Dunellen. The man said he had a good news for her, and that her husband had been found in New York city, where he was willing to make it up and build up home.

"The next day Mrs. Kreeling dressed herself and child in their best, and went away with the man. She told the girls who lived in the house who were playing in the yard to tell us to take care of her goods, as she would come back in a few days. 118th.

"Time passed, and as I heard nothing of her I made inquiries. At the post-office I found that a letter had been received Nov. 16th postmarked Albany, N. Y. Her mother, Mrs. Hyde, lives in this city. She read my story at the post office, and they kept the letter. I suppose that the published story came from the woman herself.

"Since Mrs. Kreeling went away, I secured a writ of dispossession and removed her goods to a storeroom. Among them I found out what owes other debts. One man came the other day with quite a large coal bill against her. He thinks she owes him about $50. Another, Her most valuable piece of property is a sewing machine, and on that the local agent has a mortgage. There is a large child's bed accumulating for storage.

"I believe that she has fled from accumulating debts, and has gone to live with her husband or has left to work in some other city. The goods which she left are worthless, and I will not pay 'pooh!' to the statement that she has been done away with."

Died of Softening of the Brain.

Jennie Johnson, a young colored woman, died at the Muhlenberg Hospital at four o'clock Saturday afternoon. Her case is one that is said to have puzzled the physicians, who with all their skill, it is reported, baffled by the woman was shattering disease to shirk work. Those who knew Miss Johnson, however, say that she was afflicted with this ailment, and the matron of the hospital testified that Jennie was an acute sufferer. Jennie was one of the colored girls in the school Mission, and the Misses paid for her necessaries while ill. The alleged fraud of the girl at the hospital was in refusing to take nourishment, but she was well cared for to the last. Dr. Hodgkins, Dr. Hodgkins and Dr. W. H. Murray held a post-mortem examination and decided that death was caused by softening of the brain.

Jennie Johnson's home is on East Fourth street, near the gas works. When taken ill finally she was in the employ of Mr. Lyons, of the corner of Park avenue and Ninth street. She was about 17 years of age. She never was married.

Jennie was confined to the hospital about six weeks. At the post-mortem the head was cut open, but no other examination was held.

The funeral services will be held at the Hope Mission chapel to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Resisting to Mr. Lyon's Death.

To the Editor of The News—On passing down the railroad track Saturday afternoon, while the remains of the unfortunate man who was killed were being placed on a siding, surprise was expressed by several bystanders that the engineer of the locomotive that struck him never sounded a warning whistle, or even stopped the train. The writer was standing near the Grant avenue depot, two hours later, when a west bound train of empty coal cars came thundering along with two grade flags on the front of the engine. In looking up at the cab, neither the engineer nor fireman could be seen, but both were engaged doing something in front of the boiler. Now, Mr. Editor, when a train is under full headway such as this, is it surely the place of a man one of the men to be sitting, about, and is required to see that the engine is in order? If one of the locomotive men stood upon the footboards and had just left their place a minute, that would account for no blast of the whistle nor stoppage of the train. An Observer.

—The City Common Council will meet to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

No Aqueduct Flood.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 9.—There is no truth whatever in the reported disastrous flood at the new aqueduct.

Is it Murder?

POUGHTON, N. J., Jan. 9.—A coroner's jury in the case of Robt. S. Stewart, who was found frozen at his woodpile, recently, is holding an inquest over his body, on which the final matrix of foul play. Testimony is being taken. It has been ascertained that he had a large sum of money in his possession which is now missing.

The Borough Lights.

The new naptha gas lights in the Borough streets give good light—each of them as burn well. But the service by no means is satisfactory working order. Some lights go out at twelve o'clock. Street Commissioner Conover has the contract for lighting at $90 per month. He sub-lets the work to Messrs. Taynor and Compton, who get $25 each, monthly—$9 cents for filling and 20 cents for lighting each lamp under his control. On Wednesday Mr. Taynor was ill, and hired Harry Wood to fill the lamps. Wood took Mr. Southard four or five hours to fill his lamps, and others can't do the work much more quickly. It takes a long time to do the lighting, too. The lighter carries a patent hand-lamp that blows forth a fierce flame when pumped. With such a lamp on each street-lamp has to be heated, and the vent at it then turned on. The heat generates the naptha gas, which is then lighted. On account of the number of lamps, the work of lighting has to be begun as early as 2 p. m., and few of the lamps are burning through the contract hours, from 6 p. m. to 6 a. m.

There is some danger from the hand-lamps or torches. They have been known to blaze up suddenly on the heads of the lighters, and cause an explosion likely. In New Brunswick, about two years ago, such an accident happened while the lighter stood on his ladder. He hurled the torch from him, and it fell in the midst of a group of playing children. One girl was burned fatally from the blazing oil, one girl almost fatally.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for the 24 hours ending at 8:00 o'clock this morning, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue:

6 a. m.	38	13	Sun rises	7 24
9 a. m.	32	15	Sun sets	4 51
12 m.	32	22	Moon rises	2 19
3 p. m.	35	22	Moon sets	

Special Notices.

CALL. DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION of North Plainfield will meet at French's Hall, Wednesday evening, Jan. 11th, at 8:00 o'clock; every Democratic voter is earnestly requested to be present, as business of great importance will be transacted.

SAMUEL TOWNSEND, President.

NOTICE. The citizens of the Borough of North Plainfield are respectfully asked to inform the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps when any of the street lamps are not burning and burned are not lighted or burning.

7 2t R. A. McGee, Chairman.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the undersigned, composing the firm of M. H. French's Sons, dealers in flour, feed, grain, etc., have this day dissolved partnership. By mutual consent. All accounts due the said firm will be paid to C. Frank French, who will continue the business at No. 69 Somerset street.

C. FRANK FRENCH, for M. H. FRENCH'S SONS.

NOTICE Is hereby given of the intention of the subscribers to apply for Charters of act and supplements thereto, to the Legislature of New Jersey, to repeal the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Plainfield Fire Department," approved March 27, 1885, and the various amendments and supplements thereto.

Dated December 12, 1887.

D. B. WEAVER, JAS. K. ARNOLD. 12-12-4t

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 51 W. FRONT ST.

P. O. Box 229.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered Trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

The Plainfield Electric Light Company.

Office and Lighting Station Madison Ave.

Incandescent Lighting for

STORES, CHURCHES, DWELLINGS, Public Buildings, etc.

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Sham, the Great Tycoon of Japan would be Pleased to see you at

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Monday Evening, January 9, 1888,

An Ideal and Refined Production of the

LITTLE TYCOON

Under the personal supervision of the author. An ideal cast and chorus. The finest costumes ever seen on the American stage. Special scenery, surpassing the first production in elegance. Everything new. Company, consists of 50 people. On this occasion the author will personally direct the company. Connect the entrances of 12 pieces.

From the Philadelphia Record, January 8, 1888:

William Spencer's contract with Messrs. C. Brotherton for the production for two years of "Little Tycoon" expired at 12 o'clock last night. Thereupon Spencer organized a new company, fitted it out with new costumes and scenery, and opened with the same piece here for several weeks past. The principal parts have all been filled and the full cast is: Mr. Spencer's new company are strong. Miss Virginia Fitch, Miss Fred Leaman, Alvin Barry, Benjamin Harvey, Rufus Brady, H. W. Bunter, Lord Dolphin, Edward Evans, Dodo Davis, Miss Harrison, Master Arnold, Miss Hall, Miss Bolland and Richard Stone;

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
T. W. HOSKINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
And delivered within the City and Suburbs, Single at ten cents per week. Subscriptions are payable in all parts of the City of Plainfield for one dollar per month.

MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1888.

ARBITRATION HOPED FOR.

READING, Pa., Jan. 9.—Sunday was a fine day throughout the coal regions, but nearly all the local committee held meetings and reviewed their position as viewed from the strikers' demands. The Reading company made another effort to start up several of its collieries this morning, but they were not able to secure a sufficient number to make a respectable show. The only two collieries at work Saturday were the Brookside and Suffolk, at St. Nicholas, and the latter was compelled to shut down at noon, the men having refused to enter the mines. At Brookside the company had thirteen miners at work out of a possible twenty cars of coal. This colliery is the largest owned by the Reading company, and has an annual capacity of 750,000 tons.

The strike on the railroad has collapsed, and it is a doubtful question whether the miners will continue to champion the cause of the discharged train hands much longer, especially if Mr. Corbin shows a disposition to pay the 'advance asked by the miners. The meeting of business men at Shenandoah on Saturday, where similar action was taken looking to the settlement of the miners' grievances by arbitration, is very favorably regarded by all classes. It would not be surprising if the committee appointed at that meeting to interview Mr. Corbin would induce the railroad magnate to meet his mining employes and assuage a treaty. This plan appears to be the only way out of a serious disaster to business interests generally. It is universally acknowledged, and it is hoped and believed that a spirit of conservatism on the part of employers and employed will soon result in a resumption of work.

A considerable quantity of the coal now being mined at the individual collieries is being sent to the various furnaces and rolling mills in the Schuylkill valley.

The district assembly Knights of Labor, including all Philadelphia and Reading railroad employes, as well as miners, will be permanently organized in this city on Sunday next.

The run of coal down the road yesterday was but 500 cars, while three weeks ago there was shipped through this city the enormous number of 6,800 cars, drawn by sixty-one engines. When these figures are compared the terrible stagnation in the coal trade can be fully appreciated. At the car shops in this city the books show that the number of coal cars in active service on the road is about 40,000. Nearly all of these are now lying on the sidings in the coal regions.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 9.—A report was circulated here yesterday that the company will make a proposition to the miners to-day, with a view of settling the strike. The rumor was very indefinite, and not even the members of the strikers' committee could tell where it originated, except that it was supposed to have arisen from some kind of a conference of the company's officials. The company's representatives here professed to know nothing about the rumored proposition. Secretary Cahill said he had heard the report, but he knew nothing to say what there was in it. As he had heard it, the report did not indicate whether the proposition was to be made to the miners only, or to the miners and the railroad men.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 9.—Rumors current in this city among financial people point to a difference of opinion among the members of the Drexel syndicate, which is said to be still the mainspring of Reading's affairs, over the advisability of adopting compromise measures to settle the strike. Mr. Drexel is in New York, and it is believed that the purpose of his visit is to consult other members of the syndicate, as well as representatives of other interests, to urge the necessity of an end of the strike in the mines. Mr. Drexel is often expressed sympathy with labor organizations, as well as his well known views favoring arbitration in this matter, leads to this belief.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Thomas B. Barry, of the general executive board of the Knights of Labor, left here suddenly for the east yesterday afternoon, presumably to assume leadership in the Reading strike and attempt a settlement. Mr. Barry said he had received a telegram from Philadelphia directing him to proceed at once to Reading. He departed without waiting to reach a decision in the matter which brought him to Chicago, the dispute between the packers and the hard wood finishers.

Young Dodge Has it Bad.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 9.—Walter Phelps Dodge, the youngster of bogus marriage advertisements, seems to have been in just such scrapes before. A gentleman who is in a position to know, and has known of Dodge's doings for some years, says that while he was abroad studying under his tutor, William L. Cushing, he fell deeply in love with a young lady, and when he found he could get her he determined upon suicide. He, however, changed his mind, and only shot himself in the leg, inflicting a flesh wound. He did this in the hope that the young lady's mother would nurse him, and that in this way the sympathy and love of the girl he loved might be gained.

It May Cost Him His Life.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 9.—Frank Fallon, a prominent citizen and a large holder of real estate, was arrested yesterday on a charge of setting fire to a dwelling in the night, an offence which in one of the three is punishable under the statutes of this state with death. The prisoner owns a large block of real estate, including several store rooms. Yesterday the store of R. B. Burt & Co. was discovered to be in flames. The son of Fallon owns a rival drug store, and there has been considerable bitterness between the two houses. It is believed the prisoner set fire to the building in a spirit of revenge. The case against him is very strong.

The Case of Thomas C. Platt.

ALBANY, Jan. 9.—Thomas C. Platt, with his son, Frank H. Platt, and his counsel, W. W. McFarland, came up from New York at 10 o'clock last night, and went immediately to the Delavan house. The suit is here at the request of the state of New York to stand trial in the case to oust him from the office of quarantine commissioner. The case is being tried before Justice Mayham, of the supreme court, and began this afternoon at 1 o'clock. The people are represented by ex-Attorney General O'Brien and Attorney General Tabor. Mr. Platt's counsel are Mr. McFarland, Hamilton Harris and H. C. Most, of Albany.

Caused by a Misplaced Switch.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 9.—As a passenger train on the North Pacific branch of the Omaha road, bound for Duluth, was standing at Hawthorne Station, Wis., yesterday morning, a north bound freight train ran into the rear of the passenger train, telescoping the sleeper. A porter, James Andarson, of St. Paul, who was sleeping in the rear end of the car, was killed. No one else was injured. The accident was due to an open switch.

MR. LAMAR'S RESIGNATION

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR FORMALLY RETIRES.

His Resignation Accepted by the President—The Large Number of Bills Introduced in the Present Congress—Mr. Blair and His Educational Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Mr. Lamar formally tendered his resignation as secretary of the interior on Saturday, and the president accepted it. Although no particular date is mentioned in the correspondence, yet it is understood that the secretary will remain in office until the next cabinet meeting, which occurs on Thursday. The correspondence between the president and his cabinet officer is as follows:

The President:

When, some months ago, you invited me to accept the vacant judgeship in the supreme court, I declined the honor, for the reason that as congress in session I should postpone the resignation of my present office until the meeting of congress and the completion of the work of the session; and that there were certain matters before the department which I desired to complete. It was therefore, desirable that I should close before leaving. As I would have been very reluctant to make the change except for the reason then indicated, and been confirmed by the senate, I cheerfully consented to your request. My nomination was not sent to the senate, however, and, resigning both their right and duty to subject it to fitness to the most critical examination. I would still wait in my judicial duty for action by the senate. But I think I am warranted in assuming that the final decision may be delayed some time.

I can not leave the department associated both my successor in this department and his successor in the postoffice department, this delay may be considerable, without serious detriment to the administration of the public business in the departments mentioned. To avoid such embarrassment, which is by my duty to you and to the country, and to leave before the senate in its final judgment upon my nomination such a question of my fitness for the position, disassociated from any other nomination and unaffected by any other consideration, I now tender to you my resignation as secretary of the interior, which I hereby tender.

I am, sir, very respectfully yours,
L. Q. C. LAMAR, Secretary.

My dear Mr. Lamar:

When I determined to nominate you to a position upon the bench of the supreme court, the personal gratification afforded by the tender to you of so honorable and suitable a place, and the satisfactory conviction that an important executive duty would be performed well, led me almost to forget that my action involved the loss of your consistencies and valuable aid and advice in cabinet councils, which for nearly three years had been so constant and appreciated.

Your note of to-day forces me to contemplate this contingency with the most profound and painful regret. But since you desire the separation you now insist upon arises from that conception of public duty which has always so obtrusively guided your conduct in official relation, I am constrained to accept the resignation you tender, hoping that it only anticipates your assumption of the supreme judicial office and more congenial functions than those now relinquished.

What I have thus far written seems very formal indeed, but I cannot bring myself to say that the close confidence and the cordial personal affection which have grown up between us need no expression or interpretation. And yet I find it utterly impossible for me to finish this note without saying that your action in the past has characterized your conduct and bearing in the position from which you now retire—all your devotion to the interests of the people, your self sacrificing care and solicitation for public interests; all the benefit which your official services and your counsels have conferred upon me, and all the affection and kindness so often exhibited toward me personally—I shall constantly remember with tenderness and gratitude.

Yours very sincerely, GROVER CLEVELAND.

To the Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar, Secretary of the Interior, Washington.

THE NATIONAL LEGISLATORS.

A Session Marked by Many New Projects for Reform.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—There will be a great deal of committee work, but very few flashing lights in congress this week. The house is already flooded with bills. The bill clerks were at work all of yesterday putting them in order. In the house alone there have been introduced in this session 9,958 bills, against 11,536 during the life of the last congress. According to the average percentage of the work done at different times of a session, there will be about 15,000 bills introduced in the lower branch of this congress, while the senate will swell the grand total to the neighborhood of 18,000 or 20,000.

In the house of the Forty-seventh congress, only six years ago, the total number of bills was about 6,000, and both houses of that congress there were scarcely 9,000 measures proposed. Now the number promises to be doubled. In the last house there were nearly 4,000 bills referred to each of the committees on war claims and invalid pensions. The number for the former committee is estimated, will in this house be brought up to about 6,000, while those for the latter committee may reach 5,000, notwithstanding the impression that there is to be a great deal of pension legislation.

In the house to-day there will be another call of the states and territories for the introduction of bills. The committee on rules may submit a report which will occupy considerable time in debate.

Friday will be private bill day and the congress are that, with the increasing time for committee work, there will be an abundance of matter reported for final consideration. The committee on accounts is expected to report favorably in favor of the passage of a resolution to place Thomas Conkley, of New York, on the doorkeeper's roll, he having been dropped in the reorganization. The principle this involves will likely bring about a sharp debate.

Mr. Blair says he intends to push the consideration of his educational bill in the senate this week, and expects to do nothing else most of the time each day after the morning hour. Mr. Brown, of Georgia, wants to speak on the Mississippi river system. He wants the internal tax abolished.

The committee on territories will probably report with favorable recommendation the bill to divide Dakota on an east and west line, admit the southern half to statehood and name the northern half Dakota and the southern half South Dakota. The committee on Indian affairs will also probably report the bill to open the Sioux Indian reservation in Dakota.

Senators are divided in their opinions as to whether caucuses will be held on the nomination of Mr. Lamar and as to the time a report will be made from the committee on judiciary. It is not generally expected that a report will be made this week or that a caucus will be held by either party.

Fast Skating Times.

VIENNA, Jan. 9.—A mile contest for the skating championship of Europe took place here yesterday, and was won by Alexander von Panschin, a young Russian, who easily outstripped his competitors, and covered the distance in 3.22.

DR. WOLFRUM RESIGNS.

His Decision on the Position Has Caused a Sensation.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The announcement that Dr. Wolfrum has resigned the pastorate of the Church of the Holy Redeemer, on Second avenue, has caused a sensation among his people and the Catholic community generally. Dr. Wolfrum is a native of Germany, and has been pastor of the church for about eight years. He is a man of great learning, and is highly esteemed by his people. He has been in poor health for some time, and has been under the care of physicians. He has been advised to take a rest, and has decided to do so. He will go to Europe, and will not return to his pastorate for a year. He will be succeeded by Father Lasance, who has been assistant pastor of the church for the past two years. Father Lasance is a native of Belgium, and is a graduate of the Catholic university at Louvain. He is a man of great learning, and is highly esteemed by his people. He has been in poor health for some time, and has been under the care of physicians. He has been advised to take a rest, and has decided to do so. He will go to Europe, and will not return to his pastorate for a year. He will be succeeded by Father Lasance, who has been assistant pastor of the church for the past two years. Father Lasance is a native of Belgium, and is a graduate of the Catholic university at Louvain. He is a man of great learning, and is highly esteemed by his people.

FILLING BRITISH PRISONS.

MR. WILFRED BLUNT THE LATEST VICTIM OF COERCION.

He Outlines Minister Lefevre Vigorously Denounces the Act of the Government and Was Himself Sentenced a Candidate for Prison Honors.

DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—The confirmation of the sentence on Mr. Wilfred Blunt was the chief topic of conversation throughout the country to-day. Many leading Liberals declared that they had changed their opinions of Mr. Blunt's course, and that the sentence was a just one. Others, however, declared that the sentence was unjustifiable, and that Mr. Blunt's course, which he was carefully considered on his own active sympathy he had exhibited for Mr. Blunt.

In reply, Mr. Lefevre delivered a telling speech, in which he warmly condemned the action of the government in sending Mr. Blunt to prison, and declared it had been for the time by would-be lawyers to send Mr. Blunt to prison. Mr. Lefevre asserted that the action of the government was in the interest of Lord Clanricarde, whose property Mr. Blunt had unjustly criticised. It is believed by many that Mr. Lefevre himself may before long be a victim of the coercion act.

Before going to the court in the morning Mr. Blunt himself was presented with an address by the people of Portumna, and delivered a manly reply.

The Times' special of to-day inaugurates a Blunt defense fund, which will aid in a practical form the feelings of the people of England and Scotland as well as Ireland, and perhaps also in even a more widespread fashion.

Mr. Blunt, on being taken to jail, donned the prison garb under protest.

Hoping to End the Lockout.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 9.—President Smith, of the Flint Glass Workers' union, returned yesterday from the conference of the strikers in the east. He says the manufacturers were induced by their competitors in Pittsburg to present a scale reducing wages, resulting in a cut down. The Pittsburg manufacturers feared that with the eastern factories in operation they would lose their trade. President Smith does not think that the eastern strike will last long.

The President's Gift to the Pope.

BUFFALO, Jan. 9.—During the sermon of Bishop Coxe in the cathedral he referred to the president's gift to the pope of an embossed copy of the constitution of the United States. He said: "All American, all Italy, all the enlightened universe will applaud the gift of

C. Frank French,
FLOUR MERCHANT,
Best brands of
Flour, Feed, Grain,
Baled Hay and Straw. Sole by the Sack. Oyster Shells. Ground Wheat. Cut Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.
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WALL PAPERS.
G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL PAPER.
WINDOW SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
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H. B. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

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Woolston & Buckle
20 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES
Brushes, etc.

FOTOGKAFS,
Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome and
Cheapest.
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post Office.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. Box 1467.

CENTRAL R. R

Stations in New York, East of Echoing avenue. Timetable in effect Dec. 5, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.32, 5.55, 6.39, 9.18 7.35, 7.55, 8.05, 8.19, 9.23, 9.55, 10.32, 11.4, 11.55, 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30

NEW ORLEANS.

Old Hickory's Brilliant Movement on the Crescent City.

SUBDUING THE INDIANS.

Driving the Forces of the British Before Him to the Sea.

Rallying the Soldiers and Charming all the People—Terrible Fighting on the Sugar Plains—A Famous Victory Won in Twenty-five Minutes—How Louisiana Was Saved to the United States—The Last Big Land Fight of the War of 1812.

[Copyrighted by the American Press Association.]

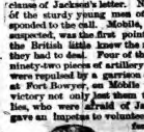
The story of the defense of New Orleans in our last war with Great Britain, throws into clear light that remarkable figure in American history, Gen. Andrew Jackson. The brief campaign, fought by Jackson between Dec. 23, 1814, and Jan. 8, 1815, secured to the republic forever the state of Louisiana, the key to the mighty empire of the valley of the Mississippi.

MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR.

During the summer of 1813 the Indians of Georgia and Alabama, incited by the British and Spanish authorities, and roused into action by the eloquence of Tekwatawa, "the loud voice," and that of his brother, Tecumseh, "the panther springing on his prey," took up arms. On the 18th of September the news reached Jackson in Nashville, 400 miles distant, and, though disabled by sickness, he began the drill and preparation of a force for the advance into a wilderness where no supplies were to be had. This is "the Hungry Campaign." His own private stores, bought and forwarded at his own expense, were exhausted to relieve his men, until he himself, as well as his officers, were compelled to subsist on parched corn, and he was reduced to a few acorns, which he took from his pocket with the words, "my best and only food." His victories at Talladega and Tohopeka, the first with only fifteen killed and eighty-five wounded, the other with fifty-five killed and thrice that number wounded, show the power of the man under adverse circumstances. The Indian dead were counted by hundreds; their brave chief, Weatherford, surrendered, and Fort Jackson was established at the confluence of the Coosa and Tallapoosa rivers to cut off communication with the Indians, the English and Spanish on the seaboard.

Jackson, a major general of the United States army and commander of the Seventh military district, was on the way to Mobile still intent on a movement which would drive him to the gulf. Through friendly Indians he learned that the Spanish authorities at Pensacola, with their usual duplicity, were in practical alliance with the British and Indians. Col. Edward Nichols, the commander of nine British ships of war which lay at anchor in the harbor, was a welcome guest of the Spanish governor. Jackson now determined to take matters into his own hand, and not wait for instructions from Washington.

Furnished with documentary evidence by Governor William C. C. Claiborne, of Louisiana, sent by the notorious smuggler Lafitte, and consisting of friendly overtures to himself, Lafitte and his band of Baritarians to join the British in their projected invasion, Jackson sparedly accused Governor Manrique, the Spanish governor of Pensacola, of bad faith, and wrote: "In future I beg you to withhold your insulting charges against my government, for no more notice will be taken to them than I am; nor consider me any more a diplomatic character unless so proclaimed from the mouth of my cannon." Col. Robert Butler was then sent by land to Pensacola to beat up volunteers, with a view of giving tangible shape to the last clause of Jackson's letter. No less than 2,000 of the sturdy young men of that state responded to the call. Mobile, as Jackson had suspected, was the first point of attack; but the British little knew the man with whom they had to deal. Their land forces, with ninety-two pieces of artillery and 1,900 men, were repulsed by a garrison of 130 stationed at Fort Bowyer, on Mobile point; and this victory not only lost them their Indian allies, who were afraid of Jackson, but also gave an impetus to volunteering for the de-



GEN. COFFEE.

fense of New Orleans, another threatened point, where 10,000 bales of cotton and sugar were stored, and were already looked upon by the British as their own.

At the beginning of November Jackson moved on Pensacola, and on the morning of the 7th demanded the surrender of the town. The frightened governor met him with a white flag, promising him anything if he would only spare the town, while the British abandoned their principal fort, Fort Barancas, and sailed away, leaving Jackson once more master of the situation.

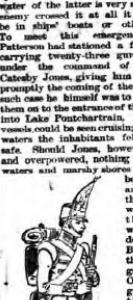
By the middle light of the British, Jackson was left to suspect that Mobile might be again attacked, so he retraced his steps, and on the 11th of November we find him once more in that city, organizing the most stringent letters of Governor Claiborne to hasten to the help of his defenseless capital.

Neither the government officials nor the generality of the people believed the pirate Lafitte's statement with regard to the movements of the British on New Orleans, but Claiborne and Edward Livingston, the Livingston, the legal adviser of the smuggler, put implicit confidence in them, and so did Jackson, who knew that the British force which had been beaten off at Fort Bowyer, could easily have seized the city. If they had known exactly where to land and by what road to march.

BRITISH SHIP OF WAR OF 1815.

enemy at whose feet the mighty Napoleon lay a prostrate victim; an enemy at whom five disposed the recent treaty of Paris had left thousands of the best trained troops in the world, and who looked upon New Orleans as an easy prey. So easy did the game appear to the invaders that many of the battalions of the British army had come with their bandmasts, prepared to have a gay winter among the fascinating Spanish and French creoles of the city. But the cry went up:

"Jackson has come!" and there was magic in the news. It was enough. The unavoidable formalities of his reception over, eating a few mouthfuls of hominy—he could bear no stronger food—he lost not a minute before he remounted his horse and rode out to review the uniformed companies, consisting of a few hundred men, the elite of New Orleans—merchants, lawyers, the sons of planters, a few clerks and others—well equipped and not a little proud of their appearance and discipline. The next morning Jackson started early to examine with his own eyes the condition of the river below, and, visiting Lake Pontchartrain and Lake Borgne, returned well satisfied with the condition of things. Lake Pontchartrain itself is land locked, connected by a narrow strait with Lake Borgne. The water of the latter is very shallow, so if the enemy crossed it at all it would have to be in ships' boats or other small craft. To meet this emergency Commodore Patterson had stationed a fleet of gunboats, carrying twenty-three guns and 182 men, under the command of Lieut. Thomas Catesby Jones, giving him orders to report promptly the coming of the British, while in such case he himself was to retire and draw them on to the entrance of the strait that led into Lake Pontchartrain. So long as these vessels could be seen cruising around on these waters the inhabitants felt comparatively safe. Should Jones, however, be attacked and overpowered, nothing but the shallow waters and marshy shores of the lake stood



BRITISH INFANTRY, 1812-15.

between the people and a foe more than death. Meanwhile where were the British and what were they doing? At Negril Bay, Jamaica, lay the Tonnant, eighty guns; the Royal Oak, seventy-four guns; the Norge, the Bedford, the Asia, the Ramilies, all seventy-fours, with many others, all crowded with the finest troops that England could raise, and on the morning of the 26th of November, 1814, fifty vessels, carrying 1,000 guns, and nearly 20,000 men, set sail for New Orleans, expecting to find it wholly undefended. But they had reckoned without their host, though the odds were in their favor. Two half filled, newly raised regiments of regular troops, numbering about 800; Major Planche's high spirited battalion of uniformed volunteers, 500; two regiments of state militia, badly equipped, armed with fowling pieces, others with muskets, others again with rifles, and some without arms at all; a battalion of free men of color, 350 strong, amounting to about 3,000 men—this, Parton, the historian, declares was the whole available force in the city of New Orleans. Two companies of war lay in the Lakes, Borgne and the Louisiana, neither of them manned, and Gen. Coffee, with 300 men of the army of Pensacola, was doing all he could to reach the city with his command. But swollen streams and impassable roads, with scant forage, rendered his progress necessarily slow. Gen. Carroll, of Tennessee, had raised a volunteer regiment, but the state had been so stripped of arms that there was but one weapon to every ten men. Providentially he overtook a boatload of muskets in his passage down the river, which did good service afterward.

Two thousand Kentuckians under Gen. Thomas and Adair were also on their way down the Mississippi, but their movements were slow, or clothing, only a few rifles and one cooking kettle for every eighty men. No wonder Gen. Keane and Admiral Cochrane expected, not to conquer New Orleans, but to occupy it without a struggle. On the 10th the British fleet anchored opposite the Chandeleur islands, near the entrance of New Orleans lake, and toward this lake was the plan agreed upon. As yet they knew nothing of the preparations made to receive them. And it was not until the 12th that Lieut. Thomas Jones with his gunboats. A fleet of sixty barges, each thoroughly armed and manned, were put in motion to the mouth of Bayou Bienvenue, and the forces of overwhelming numbers, after a combat of almost an hour, at the cost of 300 of their men, the British gained a complete victory.

That Jackson never faltered, instantly proclaiming martial law, he proceeded to fortify and strengthen every pass, ordered a grand review of the entire force on the 16th of December, accepted the Baritarians on the urgent solicitation of their chief, Lafitte, as volunteers, and New Orleans was ready to meet the enemy. Supported by faithful and efficient aids, dispatching orders, receiving reports, Jackson worked, never resting and scarcely eating.

On the afternoon of the 23d word was brought to his headquarters in Royal street that three gentlemen wished to see him.

"Show them in."

They were stained with mud and breathless with excitement and rapid riding.

"What is the news, gentlemen?"

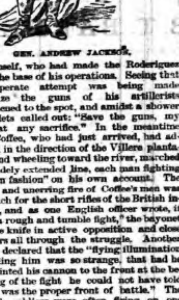
"The British have landed nine miles below the city, and are encamped there. Here is Maj. Villere, who was captured by them, but has escaped."

"By the Eternal! they shall not sleep on our soil." Then to his aides: "Gentlemen, the British are below; we must fight them to-night."

The troops were widely scattered, but all received the same simple orders—to advance as far as the Rodriguez canal, the nearest to the city, and two miles below the Villere plantation, there to halt and wait for orders to close with the enemy. The gunboats of Carolina were to give the signal for the attack. Following for the present the fortunes of a few spontaneous at river, we come to the house of Jean Jacques Villere, on a bend of the river, at 8 o'clock rode to the lower part of the city, where he stood Fort St. Charles, and withdrawn from there the battalions of the Carolina. Half past 7, and the guns of the Carolina were heard. Coffee, who followed by seven others, and a hundred British soldiers to the ground. For ten minutes the little echo was left to fight with the enemy alone. Then came the command: "Forward! March!" and the right, under Jackson, consisted of Georgians, Tennessee and D'Aquin's brigades, McRae's artillery and Hinds' dragoons, descended down the road along the levee, while the left, under the brave officer who had just arrived, composed of the brigade, Hinds' 200 mounted rifles, skirted the edge of the cypress swamp for the purpose of cutting off communications of the invaders with Lake Borgne. The flotes of the invaders with the Baritarians, crossed by the attack of the Carolina, had already been checked when the enemy were startled by the crash of musketry in the direction of their outposts. The Eighty-fifth and Ninety-fifth regiments, British, hastened to the support of the pickets, and the Fourth, 800 strong, under Col. Villeré, a nephew of the near Gen. Keane's headquarters. The first were met by a resolute column under Jack-

GEN. ANDREW JACKSON.

son himself, who had made the Rodriguez canal the base of his operations. Seeing that a desperate attempt was being made to seize the guns of his artillerists he hastened to the spot, and amidst a shower of bullets called out: "Save the guns, my boys, at any sacrifice." In the meantime Gen. Coffee, who had just arrived, had advanced in the direction of the Villere plantation, and wheeling toward the river, marched in a widely extended line, each man fighting "Indian fashion" on his own account. The deadly and unerring fire of Coffee's men was too much for the short rifles of the British infantry, and as one English officer wrote, it was "a rough and tumble fight," the beyonets not the knife in active opposition and close quarters all through the struggle. Another Briton declared that the "flying illumination encircling him was so strange, that had he not pointed his cannon to the front at the beginning of the fight he could not have told which was the proper front of battle." The English soldiers were often firing on one another, being frequently misled by the fact that friend and foe both spoke the same language, a new experience for men so lately the victors on French, German and Spanish battle fields. At last the British fell back and took shelter behind the levee, more ready to face the shots of the Americans than the bullets and knives of the Tennesseans. The loss of the latter in this night affair was 213. The killed numbered 24, wounded 115 and 74 prisoners, 1,800 being engaged against 2,500 British. The latter lost about 400 in all. That Gen. Keane had been surprised by Jackson there can be no doubt, and the false statements of the Creole



AMERICAN VOLUNTEER, 1812-15.

prisoners led the British commander to suppose that no less than 12,000 men were in front of him and more in reserve. Overcaution prevented his advancing when he had the advantage. Jackson, as usual, displayed in this bold game of bluff, by which he gained what was more valuable to him than that which he gained—time—the highest order of military genius. Keane, losing his head, and time to form the troops that were on hand and approaching. At 9:30, a heavy fog coming on, the conflict ceased, the British lines within hailing range of Gen. Coffee on Villere's plantation, Jackson leading his right division back to the main entrance of that owned by De la Ronde, the Carolina accompanied with the Louisiana, to the Rodriguez canal, and Coffee to the next De la Ronde's garden. Four miles below the city the Rodriguez canal, an old mill race partly filled up and overgrown with cypress, ran from the river's edge at right angles to its narrowest part, and the dawn of the 28th found the British and Americans facing each other in the same position that the right wing had occupied at the beginning of the previous night's attack, the main body of the former in the rear, with Packenham and the proud Ninety-third Highlanders, fierce Scots eager to avenge Bunker Hill, still in light marching order, and the Americans, leaving many a brave fellow behind them.

There was it with the left of the army; but the right, under Gen. Gibbs, fared no better. Their opponents, Coffee, Carroll and Hinds, had constructed a breastwork of logs, and after a severe struggle, lasting for nearly an hour, the British, who had succeeded in driving the Americans from the levee, were driven back with terrible effect. The day was won, and the whole battle had taken but twenty-five minutes, and the forty-five minutes to secure that position so thickly with the dead that for a quarter of a mile to the front one could have walked on the bodies of the killed and disabled.

On Jackson's return to New Orleans he was met in the suburbs by almost the entire population, and while passing under a triumphal arch a civic crown of laurel was placed upon

NEW ORLEANS BATTLE FIELD.

The Carolina had remained at her anchorage ground in the river opposite the British front, and, with the Louisiana, the latter in charge of Lieut. Commander Spotts, had come up the river, by a well directed fire, kept the enemy at bay, for no column could be formed upon ground constantly torn up by cannon balls. Yellow fever had already begun to completely paralyzed, or the purposes of its general defeated. Keane found himself defeated, and, with his usual English coolness, said, "All things had turned out diametrically opposite to what we expected." Keane was afterward much censured by some of his officers for not forcing Jackson, time to throw up his breastworks; but, believing as he did, that the latter had a large body of men at his command, while his own could be counted, he sullenly but skulk behind huts or lie low in ditches to avoid the balls of Jackson's vessels, he could not be honestly blamed.

"The whole of the 28th was passed in much the same way, the Americans working at their defenses, deepening the trenches in front of them, throwing up new ones in the rear, and bringing their guns to bear on the British camp, as he rode up and down the line, giving a word of encouragement here and of caution there; while the British, stopped in their advance, expected triumph, anxiously awaited Maj. Gen. Sir Edward Packenham, brother-in-law of the Duke of Wellington, hero of Salamanca and the idol of the English army. With him, at length, came Maj. Gen. Samuel Gibbs, beside several staff officers of experience and distinction.

To blow the Carolina out of the water was Packenham's first resolve, and two field pieces, two howitzers, one mortar, a furnace for heating balls with all the requisite ammunition had been brought from the ships into the British camp.

One half hour's cannonade the next morning, amid the alternate cheers of both armies, as a well directed shot was heard by one and the other, would have settled the fate of the vessel. Capt. Healy, her commander, finding that red hot shot were passing through her cabin and filling the decks with fire, ran her aground, and the battle in active opposition and close quarters all through the struggle. Another Briton declared that the "flying illumination encircling him was so strange, that had he not pointed his cannon to the front at the beginning of the fight he could not have told which was the proper front of battle." The English soldiers were often firing on one another, being frequently misled by the fact that friend and foe both spoke the same language, a new experience for men so lately the victors on French, German and Spanish battle fields. At last the British fell back and took shelter behind the levee, more ready to face the shots of the Americans than the bullets and knives of the Tennesseans. The loss of the latter in this night affair was 213. The killed numbered 24, wounded 115 and 74 prisoners, 1,800 being engaged against 2,500 British. The latter lost about 400 in all. That Gen. Keane had been surprised by Jackson there can be no doubt, and the false statements of the Creole prisoners led the British commander to suppose that no less than 12,000 men were in front of him and more in reserve. Overcaution prevented his advancing when he had the advantage. Jackson, as usual, displayed in this bold game of bluff, by which he gained what was more valuable to him than that which he gained—time—the highest order of military genius. Keane, losing his head, and time to form the troops that were on hand and approaching. At 9:30, a heavy fog coming on, the conflict ceased, the British lines within hailing range of Gen. Coffee on Villere's plantation, Jackson leading his right division back to the main entrance of that owned by De la Ronde, the Carolina accompanied with the Louisiana, to the Rodriguez canal, and Coffee to the next De la Ronde's garden. Four miles below the city the Rodriguez canal, an old mill race partly filled up and overgrown with cypress, ran from the river's edge at right angles to its narrowest part, and the dawn of the 28th found the British and Americans facing each other in the same position that the right wing had occupied at the beginning of the previous night's attack, the main body of the former in the rear, with Packenham and the proud Ninety-third Highlanders, fierce Scots eager to avenge Bunker Hill, still in light marching order, and the Americans, leaving many a brave fellow behind them.

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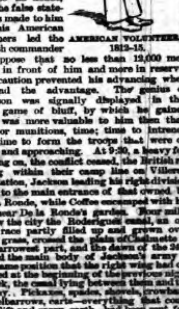


JACKSON BEFORE THE COURT.

his head. Every one, and justice turned their shafts toward Livingston, the friends of every one, and justice, his marked guns, the charge of treachery. He was guilty of contempt of court through the publication of a memorial after proceedings declared that the court had no power to punish for contempt. Found guilty by a court and paid a $1,000 fine with the greatest pleasure.

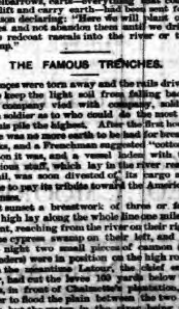
GEORGE L. KILMER.

THE FAMOUS TRENCHES.

Fences were torn away and the rails driven in to keep the light soil from falling back and company vied with company, soldier with soldier as to who could do the most in the shortest time. After three hours' labor there was no more earth to be had for breastworks, and a Frenchman suggested "cotton." Cotton it was, and a vessel laden with the fleecy staple was sent for, which, lay in the river ready to sail, was soon divested of its cargo and made to pay its tribute toward the American defenses.

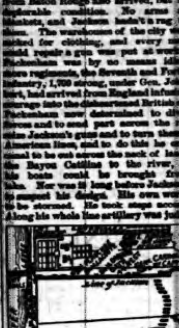
As it formed a breastwork of three or four feet high lay along the whole line one mile in extent, reaching from the river on their right to the cypress swamp on their left, and on the top were two small pieces of cannon six pounders were in position on the high road.

In the meantime Lafitte, the pirate, had run his boat, the Pandora, up the river below the lines, in front of Chalmette's plantation, in order to flood the plain between the two armies, but the weather was cold, and the water, instead of rising, fell, so the only service rendered by the enemy, filling the almost dry canals and bayous



THE BRITISH BREAK.

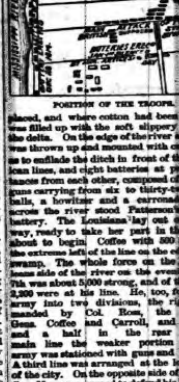
Packenham strove to restore them to order, spurring his horse to the very front amid a torrent of rifle balls. In a moment his right hand was shattered and fell powerless to his side, and the next his horse fell dead upon the field. Mounting another, apparently unconscious of his daughter, he followed the wavering men, commanding and entreating them to halt and reform. Some few threw themselves into the ditch, plunged across it, and scrambled up the sides of the slippery parapet. About midway between the two columns stood that magnificent regiment, the Ninety-third Highlanders, 1,362 men, led by Col. Dale. And now for a telling blow. With Packenham on the left, Gibbs on the right, the Highlanders came marching up with the phalanx in their support. Their impetuous glittering in the sun like glistening diamonds made only too conspicuous a mark for Lieut. Crawley, of battery No. 3, and the guns were pounded. Loaded to the muzzle with musket balls he poured its charge at point blank range right into the head of the column, and fell dead. One of them



POSITION OF THE TROOPS.

placed, and where cotton had been its place was filled up with the soft slippery mud of the delta. On the edge of the river a redoubt was thrown up and mounted with seven guns, so as to enfilade the ditch in front of the American lines, and eight batteries at proper distances from each other, composed of thirteen guns carrying from six to thirty-two pounders. Two howitzers and a carronade, while across the river stood Patterson's marine battery. The Louisiana lay out of harm's way, ready to take her part when the time came to begin. Coffee with 500 men held the extreme left of the line on the edge of the swamp. The whole force on the New Orleans side of the river on the morning of the 7th was about 5,000 strong, and of these only 2,200 were at his line. He, too, formed his army into two divisions, the right being headed by Col. Ross, the left by Gens. Coffee and Carroll, and a mile and a half in the rear of his main line the weaker portion of the army was stationed with guns and pickaxes. A third line was arranged at the lower edge of the city. On the opposite side of the river Gen. Morgan with 1,200 held his lines with only 800 men, all militia, poorly armed. On his left were two six pounders in charge of Adjt. Nixon, of the 44th regiment, and a twelve pounder under Lieut. Pfiffiert, of the navy. Patterson's battery could render Morgan no service, its guns being so turned as to command the plain of Chalmette, in front of Jackson's line.

Packenham resolved to send over on the other side of the river 1,500 infantry, with Col. Thornton in command, and that night would attack Morgan, carry and occupy the works, and from there enfilade Jackson's line while the main army would engage him in front. The force consisted of 10,000 of the finest soldiers anywhere to be found, under the command of Gens. Lambert, Gibbs and Keane. Only enough vessels had arrived to carry one-half of Thornton's division over the



AMERICAN INFANTRY, 1812-15.

river when the hour came for sailing. Upsilling to wait longer lest delay might imperil the whole enterprise he dismounted his cavalry and embarked with a flotilla composed of Col. Roberts' of the royal navy. Another transported to the Mississippi was flowing with a quiet but powerful current. Every effort was made no provision for covering this movement. Thus stands the troops landed at least a mile and a half below the point designed for the debarkation. Before all but the least of day dawned, and the road of cannon was heard on the plain of Chalmette. While Thornton was battling with the enemy, Jackson, with the rest of his army, within 400 yards of Jackson's lines, anxiously awaiting the booming of Thornton's guns in his attack on Morgan. Finally the sound came. Then, with a shout, forward Gen. Gibbs, with the Forty-fourth, Twenty-first and Ninety-eighth, led to storm Jackson's lines on the left, where it was supposed he might be weakest, while Gen. Keane, with the Ninety-third, Ninety-fifth and two light companies of the Seventh and Forty-fifth, should threaten the American right and center, that the Americans might be inclined to draw their fire and then rush upon them with the bayonet. At the same time the two pieces of artillery on the road, still mounted and employed in aiding Keane on the right. As the morning of the eventful morning of the 8th of January, 1815, dawned, the British had to be content with the dead and wounded of the previous night. Packenham, Gibbs and Lieut. Spotts, in command of battery No. 3, opened fire of his heavy guns on it. "It did well its work," wrote Spotts, "for it blew high into the air; the British line broke into columns; the battle had come on."

Steadily and swiftly the column of Gen. Gibbs advanced toward batteries six, seven and eight, which sent their balls sometimes with telling effect. As fast as gaps were made they were filled, and the column pressed on through the rank. On and still on until they were within range of Carroll's and Hinds' rifles. Then a storm of fire from the lines of entrenchments behind the other. Carroll held his men quiet till the enemy were only 200 yards distant, then gave the command "Fire!"

The enemy of the embankment was now a

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THE LITTLE PEOPLE.

A 5-year-old Who Wanted to Retain Her Health.

A Dexter 5-year-old was put to bed the other night a little earlier than she herself thought desirable. Soon after she called for some bread and milk, and got it. After eating a few spoonfuls she looked up to her father with a most unconcerned air and remarked: "Papa, I believe I've heard you say it wasn't a good plan to retire immediately after eating. I guess I'll get up."—Dexter (Me.) Gazette.

"The Thermometer to His Last."

A specimen of Katie's faith in the efficacy of prayer shows that she believes in faith with works. She cried little companion had got locked into the bathroom, and after long and fruitless efforts to unlock the door, Katie prepared a prayer for deliverance, which she immediately began, but after first directing her little brother to "turn the key while the prayer was under way, a vigorous and industrious use of a screw driver, which they had got hold of, "the door came with open," and Mark's "What's the matter?" was met by the screw driver and let Mary do the praying." "Can she ever pray so well as I can—and she can are screw drivers."—Hartford Times.

Wanted It Changed.

Ethel and Maud were taken in by the nurse for their first visit to the baby brother, whom each was impressed by Louie. Ethel did not seem at all pleased, and in answer to a question she replied, with no little disdain: "Oh, I don't like it. I wouldn't have such a one. Good baby. If I were mother I would send it back and change it." She knew that her mother, when dissatisfied with some purchase, frequently returned it to the store and exchanged it for something more to her taste. —New York World.

A Comforting Reflection.

One day Gracie and auntie were speaking of an uncle who had died before Gracie was born. "Uncle John loved little children dearly," said auntie, "if he were alive he would be very kind to you. He would give you ever so many playthings." "Well, never mind, auntie, if he is dead I shall see him when I get to heaven. We've got him saved up down in the cemetery, haven't we?"—Boston Globe.

The Artless Child.

Mamie (6 years old, to lady caller)—Mamma said to say you to sit down a few moments, and she would be right in. It isn't raining, is it?

Lady Caller—Why, no, Mamie. Why did you think it was?

Mamie—Because, when mamma saw you coming, she said, "it never rains but it pours."—Texas Siftings.

Just Before Christmas.

Little Gertrude, a fat, grave personage of two years and a half, had given her mother a look of unusual fervor. Said the latter: "What makes you love mamma so today, Gertrude?" "Well, mamma, I must make myself agreeable."—Beatrice (Neb.) Woman's Journal.

He Got Away With Too Many.

A shed was many in rather rusty attire, with a long gray beard yellow in streaks and an armful of Christmas bundles, wandered through Fulton market on Thursday afternoon and stopped at a stall where baskets of grapes were displayed for sale.

"Here you are!" yelled the proprietor, pointing to specimens of fruit; "best Concords, Catawbas and Delawares in the market, for half the price you pay inside."

The small man stepped up, and shifting his bundles so as to free his right hand and then a Catawba, and began on the Concords again.

The fruit vender, who had been engaged with a customer, now began to regard the short man's actions with suspicion.

"How much for those?" said the latter, ironically, eating a Delaware.

"Forty cents a pound."

"Too much," said the short man, stowing away two more Concords.

"Are you a wholesaler?" inquired the vendor.

"No."

"Own a vineyard, perhaps, and make wine?"

"No."

"Where did you learn to eat grapes?"

"Over's Jersey."

"Well, see here, old man, I reckon you've eat about a pound, and you fork over nine cents, or I'll to that board of yourn into a box kind, and then you caper back to Jersey, and don't want no more insect ravagin' around here."—New York Tribune.

To Set the Ball A-Rolling.

"Somebody (her Most Intimate), won't you sing something for me? I'm afraid people are finding things fearfully dull.

Miss Howler—Really, Mrs. Brown, I'm afraid my voice cannot be. I'm awfully hoarse to-night.

Boston—Oh, my dear, that won't make the slightest difference. Only we will listen, for they'll all begin to talk directly you begin to sing, and I just want something to start the conversation.—Boston Beacon.

The Return of Piety.

"You were once a member of our church, I believe."

"Yes."

"Why do you never attend?"

"Oh, I have a number of reasons."

"By the way, I don't hear the choir any more. I've lost my voice completely."

"Is that so? Well, I think I'll renew my attendance at the church at once."—Lincoln Journal.

How to Get a Crowded House.

First Actor—I am going to have my benefit next Saturday night.

Second Actor—You are?

"Yes, but I'm puzzled to know how I'm going to fill the house."

"That's easy enough done."

"But how?"

"Invite your creditors."—Texas Siftings.

Getting Her Right.

Miss Waldo (of Boston)—Have you ever read Kant, Mr. Wabash?

Mr. Wabash (of Chicago)—Er—excuse me, Miss Waldo, but do you mean "Dan'l?"—New York Sun.

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WOULD YOU BELIEVE
The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? The mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle. Delay to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at H. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, balls and parties made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES
Do your own dyeing at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package. Colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or Fast ness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or spot. For sale by E. J. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 8-11-tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors,
and Practical Embalmers.
Office, Warerooms and residence No. 7 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 61.

SLEIGHS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Repairing done with its branches at
L. M. FRENCH'S
CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertake it and Embalmer
28 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call 20. Residence 42 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 22. Office at Middle cemetery

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John P. Emmons,
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Plains, P. O. Box 282.

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C. F. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY.
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 289.
Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

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Contractor and
Carpenter & Builder,
38 EAST THIRD STREET,
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

K. A. ROSS,
13 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Sq'd and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Orders received.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
80 Mercer Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronx. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Bronx, P. O. Box 320.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 Years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

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Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 813.

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ENGINEER
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Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam. Agent for the Dowling and Knowlton Steel Pressing Boiler. Send for illustrated catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Satisfaction cheerfully furnished.
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80 Somerset street.
My References my work.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

We the Brunswick Man, recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

L. HEYNIGER,
63, 65 and 67 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.
WOODENWARE
etc., at LESS than New York Prices.
TELEPHONE CALL 18.
Hecker's Goods in great variety.

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FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWERS
at New York Prices, Studio 36 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

LAING'S HOTEL
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Smith & Cahill,
REAL ESTATE,
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STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION
BROKERS.
25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.
Agents for the Connecticut Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.
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dealer in
FLOUR AND FEED,
SOUTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's
XXXX
BEST FLOUR.
This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.
GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High
But the price of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are
WAY DOWN
Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crystallized flowers, fresh fruit juice, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.
KENNEY BROS.

Christmas Goods
at
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET.
A large line of useful
Holiday Presents
at prices that will please everybody.

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Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
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Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgages.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 South avenue opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
Telephone No. 90.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP
corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1865. We are prepared to furnish all sheet iron, Castings for machinery, Iron building columns, girders, sewer and well covers, grate bars, furnace pots, stove grates, tailor's irons, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. New machinery built by the day or by contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs a specialty.
J. H. SUTTON

PLAINFIELD, ODDFELLOWS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore low assessments. Two years half done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health (system 1887) with D. Atwell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue. P. O. Box 1456. Telephone call 23. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELLS
BLACK
HOSIERY
GUARANTEED
for Men, Women and Children. Will not run, crock, soil skin or clothing, or shrink, even in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.
Sold in Plainfield only by
HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
Stoves and Ranges,
CUTLERY
SLEIGH BELLS AND
SKATES
13 E. Front street.
Next to Post Office. Telephone No. 9.

WE HAVE
Sold Nearly
all of our ground hog coats which we have offered during the past week, but have a few left which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of between now and the New Year, when they will be withdrawn and the price of the same for our large spring stock.
A Reduction of 25 per cent. to overcoats.
WERNER'S
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gent's furnishings including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw.
REAL ESTATE
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Fire Insurance.
22 DUNELLEN STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York; Hanover of New York; Jersey City, of Jersey City, N. J.
Also agent for all kinds of property. Household furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.
Money to Loan on first mortgages. Interests in Real Estate, also rents routed and collections made. Prompt returns.
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B. T. BARNES'
Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.
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OWN
MAKE.
OPPOSITE P. O.

BUILDER.
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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N. J.
Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

Ranges & Stoves
with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of
HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES
will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Special attention called to the "Dockash" range, which cannot be excelled.
R. ANDERSON.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.
The same hand having purchased the People's Market, and will continue it, of Mr. H. H. Bushman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.
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D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER.
Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also of Brooklyn, I am prepared to do plumbing in any part of the city or [illegible] North avenue. Telephone call 23.

PARK HOUSE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Rates reasonable. Free omnibus to and from depot. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties of families. Horses and carriages for hire. Stables to be transferred to and from the House.
EVAN JONES,
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COOK'S FRUIT STORE.
28 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market
GEO. A. MOORE.
Of the late firm of Moore Bros.
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.
where he will continue to supply patrons with the best grades of
MEATS

F
BRODIE
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S
They Unite Beauty, Refinement and Luxurious Comfort. Every woman wants them, and particularly wants them
"FOR HOLIDAYS."
Seal, Bruine, Sable, Fox, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear—all are fine, but Seal holds first rank; it is the representative Fur. Fine Alaska Sable of most Lustrous Dye, both shape and color the very most Handsome Fur. Fine Mink, Lynx, Otter, Bear, &c., &c., but one season, will tumble and roughen them, and bring to shop-worn looks that no Furrier likes to acknowledge and experience has taught. Much better take a humbler material, which will prove what it seems to be.
Women love "Sensation." But because of them in furs, especially in seal. Fine Skins are costly. The most correct appearance can be obtained in Alaska Sable, the supply of good Alaskas being so limited, also likely to become scarcer; and as not one woman in a hundred who wants seal can buy it how many seals.
But it is easy to tell choices. The poor skins are plenty, and they furnish the [illegible] Furriers to buy.
My Specialty and My Pride, are My Seal.
But come to me for Shawls, Cravats, Muffs, Rugs, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small, in any Furs. Holiday gifts for all members of the family, for any degree of sex and relationship in Plenty of ranges for choice here. Prices are right, by material and quality, and as low as can be. As I import, ALL SELECT, my own skins, and make them up. I know what I buy, what I keep, and you'll be told exactly what your getting, too.
The only Furrier in buying Fur's in the dealer's magazine. Reputation requires age. I have both. My store has been established right here FOR FORTY-two years. 12-19-1m-sod
JAMES A. BRODIE, 39 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

FOR BARGAINS
in new and second-hand
House Furnishing
GOODS
and for
FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK
and
UPHOLSTERING
call at the store of
F. S. POWLISON
16 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Kindling promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Office No. 18 Park avenue and South side railroad. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

GREAT REDUCTION
in
WALL PAPERS
Fine assortment of the Celebrated French
ILLUMINATED PAPERS
Handsome paper, 5c a roll and upward.
ADAMS,
10 PARK AVENUE

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Bracelets, Pins and Crosses Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsay.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Solvay Paving Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard Boston Second street.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Children' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-22-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Dennis's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 7 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 28, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 67 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Minhig Dodge Flour. Orange County Butter, Limburger, Am. Cheese, Eggs, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar by the gallon. Lard, Lemon Syrup, Wine Orleans, Yellow Stock, Sugar, Sardines and Glassware.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsomier
No. 12 East Third street, P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings kalsomined, tinted and colored to order. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting rooms at her residence for the winter over millinery store, will be done in the latest and latest styles. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(Successor to John Brooks.)
Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description at New York prices. Also a full line of Fronts and Switches, Curls and Crimpers. Shampooing, Dyeing and Bleaching a specialty. 18 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road,
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At Wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
22 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call 37.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 32 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,
Driven Well,
Gun Maker and Well Driver. Old wells made to supply with water. Pumps repaired and put in. Fine assortment of ammunition all kinds constantly on hand. Orders left at my residence, Sleigh No. 1 Front street, will receive prompt attention.

T. K. Morgans
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery, and Music, 31 1-2 West Front street.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.
On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls, and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.
SANTA CLAUS.
34 WEST FRONT STREET.

City National Bank.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of nine directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10th, 1888, from one to two o'clock p. m.
F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.
Plainfield, Dec. 7, 1887.

BANK ELECTION.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Plainfield, N. J., December 30, 1887.
The annual election of nine directors of this bank, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10, 1888, from 12 to 2 o'clock p. m.
C. PAGE, Cashier.

SKATES, for BOYS, GIRLS AND EVERYBODY
ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone
J. P. LAIRE & CO.
Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Staats, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and "CREAM TOP"
BREAD
No heavy loaves, sweet as it don't become the bread. Not made with potato flour, which makes it unwholesome in quality.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy orders made to order and a full assortment of cakes always on hand. Orders left at my residence will receive prompt attention. Telephone call 37.
Yours respectfully,
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 32 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 45.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens, its want columns offering a wide variety of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best of help. For Boarding and Rooms, and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertising rates pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns fully testifies. In all, that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—The City Common Council will meet tonight.

—The Somerset County Freeholders meet to-day in Somerville.

—The evening is the date of the regular meeting of the Fire Board.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders are in session at Elizabeth this afternoon.

—Mrs. Dr. Abbie Cutter will deliver one of her interesting private lectures in the hall over the City National Bank to-morrow afternoon.

—The large smoke-stack which has for some time past been lying in front of the electric light plant on Madison avenue has recently been put in position.

—A weather observer reports that there were just 100 wholly clear days last year. This is a dark record for '87, but there are hopes for a brighter one for '88.

—The Y. M. C. A. "Seniors" will hold their semi-annual election this evening at eight o'clock. There will be singing by soloists and chorus at the close of the business session.

—The committee appointed to make arrangements for a grand bazaar to be given under the auspices of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society have decided to hold it the first week in February.

—The newly elected officers of the Royal Arcanum, Council No. 711, were to have been installed last night, but owing to the absence of the installing officer the installation was postponed to Monday, Jan. 23d.

—John Powers was arrested by Marshal Becker for drunkenness in North Plainfield, Saturday night. Judge Dodge yesterday committed Powers to thirty days' confinement in the Somerset county jail. Marshal Becker took the prisoner to Somerville last night.

—The North Plainfield Democratic Association will meet in French's Hall on Somerset street to-morrow evening at eight o'clock, when business of importance will be transacted. A call signed by the President, Samuel Townsend, is published in another column.

—St. Mary's T. A. B. Society held its regular January meeting in St. Mary's Hall at eight o'clock last evening. After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting and the transaction of routine business, the committee on the coming bazaar reported progress. One candidate for membership was elected.

—The Plainfield Medical Association held its quarterly meeting at the City Hotel last evening. Those present were Drs. Carman, Bartlett, Wright, Gridley, Dodge, Jenkins, Long, Murray, Rushmore and Tomlinson. Medical essays were read, learned discussions followed, and the night was concluded with an enjoyable banquet.

—The Circuit Court resumed its sessions at Elizabeth yesterday morning, Judge Van Syckel presiding. All the petit jurors were present. The suit of Benjamin Squire vs. Kelly, begun last Thursday, was continued by the counsel summing up, after which Judge Van Syckel delivered the charge, and the jurors retired for deliberation.

—Paymaster Hess' car, which was badly damaged by being thrown from the track and rolled down an embankment on a branch of the Central Railroad, some weeks ago, has been thoroughly repaired, and came out of the shop at Elizabethport yesterday morning. Paymaster Hess, who was badly injured by the accident, is recovering, and will be at his post this month.

—The last rites over the remains of the late George H. Lyon, whose death on the rail, Saturday, caused such sadness, were performed in the Episcopal Church of the Holy Cross afternoon. Concerning Mr. Lyon's death the Central Railroad Company sent a Mr. Large to Plainfield to investigate the case, as is the custom. Mr. Large visited the bereaved widow of Mr. Lyon, and extended to her the condolences of the Company.

—Those who believe in predicting what sort of weather is forthcoming by a system of comparisons, are confident that the present winter will be a very mild one. This conclusion is arrived at by comparing previous winters of years ending with 7-8. All those who have investigated the matter, accuse Hermann Stumfz, a fellow-workman of assaulting him. Last Saturday Burbridge went before Justice Austin and swore out a warrant against Stumpfz. Stumpfz was arrested, but was subsequently released, Mr. Paren becoming his bondsman. The case will be heard by Justice Austin next Saturday morning at ten o'clock.

—The sentence of the Plainfield conspirators for assaulting E. Nolan has led the Jersey City Journal to allude to their conduct as follows: "The men who resorted to personal violence in their attempts to coerce another man into taking their views and adopting their course of action in regard to a labor strike have come to a very solid grief. It is sorry business for any man to get into State Prison, but it is exactly the place to which any man should be sent who by personal violence interferes to prevent another from working honestly for honest wages."

ODD FELLOWS HAVE A TIME.

Plainfield Lodge Has an Installation and a Hop.

Odd Fellows' Hall was the scene of a large gathering, last night, the Odd ones themselves being supplemented with a number of friends who had been invited to the public installation of officers of Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F. The officers installed were: Noble Grand, C. W. Tallman; Vice Grand, John Morton; R. S., E. C. Morse; P. S., D. R. Weaver; Treasurer, T. J. Young. District Deputy Grand Master E. C. Morse of this district, which includes Plainfield, Rahway and Somerville, was installing officer, assisted by Grand Marshal Walter Redfield, Grand Inside Guardian W. H. Brokaw, Grand Warden John Case, and Grand Secretary John Bodine, all of this city.

The installing services were conducted strictly according to the Odd Fellows' ritual. An interesting feature of the evening was an address by the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector of the church of the Holy Cross.

"Odd Fellowship in the United States," he said, "owes its introduction to Thos. Wildy, an Englishman, who with four others instituted at Baltimore, April 26, 1819, Washington Lodge, No. 1, which soon afterwards procured a charter from the Manchester Unity as the Grand Lodge of Maryland and of the United States."

Here followed a description of the order and its system of degrees and benefits. Then Mr. Murphy continued: "This Lodge has not been unmindful of its duty during the past two years. The sum of $1,750 has been expended. Two of the brethren have died, and three widows and orphans have been disturbed for benefits to the sick the sum of $1,443, and $141 in donations to brothers in distress, with $175 in other charitable ways. This is an excellent showing, and speaks well for the fraternity."

In concluding, Mr. Murphy said: "Your fraternity has well secured the hearts of thousands. May the principles inculcated by it never lose their lustre, nor grow dim and feeble by age. But may they grow and expand and continue to cast sunshine and happiness—prospering and increasing as the years roll around."

After the installation a sociable and hop was held in French's Hall, Somerset street, North Plainfield. The place was tastefully decorated, and with the throng of dancers and onlookers presented a gay appearance. To the sweet strains of a violin the Odd Fellows and their fair friends tripped "the light fantastic" until an early morning hour. The men who glided about with badges on their breasts were: Floor Manager, John Morton; Floor Committee, Wm. S. Tier; Wm. T. Banks, Ed. R. Vail; Committee of Arrangements, John Bodine, C. W. Tallman, P. Doeringer, J. T. Case, T. J. Young. There were twenty-four numbers on the programme, and then came "Home, Sweet Home."

A quartette consisting of Misses Stewart, Mrs. Birch and Messrs. Elmer and Frank Runyon rendered melodious selections during the evening.

Concerning the Odd Fellows THE NEWS of Sept. 17th, 1887, said:

"People passing the building at No. 7 Park avenue have often wondered what was the significance of the three golden links which send such a gleam from the wall. They are the symbol for the motto, "Friendship, Love and Truth," the watch-word of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, who have a powerful membership in this city.

"Plainfield Lodge No 44 received its charter August 6, 1846. Its officers then were:

"Clark Johnson, N. G; Tunis G. Tunison, V. G; John Marsh, Rec. Sec.; Elias Kilpatrick, Treasurer.

"With the war came disruption and the charter was surrendered Oct. 1, 1863.

"It was shortly after this that there was a successful re-organization, but on August 5, 1872, a firm union was made with the following active men in office: Wm. Addis, N. G.; David R. Weaver, V. G.; John A. Clare, Treasurer; Henry C. Dietz, Secretary.

"Since that date the Lodge has continually gathered strength and is now in a flourishing condition with 125 members. The present officers, all of whom are earnest, zealous workers, are as follows: Lewis R. Blackford, N. G.; Charles Tallman, V. G.; E. C. Morse, R. S.; J. F. Ryno, F. S.; T. J. Young, Treasurer.

"At the summit of their list of degrees stand the members who have been initiated in No. 38. Their charter was first granted at Elizabeth Dec. 2, 1852. Their officers were: Gilbert Perce, C. P.; Joseph Dixon, H. P.; Clement Grimstead, S. W.; John D. Clifford, Scribe; Harry J. Ward, Treas.; Wm. G. Jones, I. W.

"The Encampment moved to Plainfield Jan. 1, 1870. It stands on a solid basis, and its officers to-day are: G. W. Townley, C. P.; John T. Adams, H. P.; Lewis R. Blackford, S. W.; Edward Farnsworth, J. W.; P. M. Whitely, F. S.; A. J. Woodruff, Treas.; E. Fluck, J. W. Its membership is 58."

Strikes in New Jersey.

Various newspapers have been quoting statistics from the annual report of the State Commissioner of Labor and Industries, relative to labor strikes in New Jersey, and as these statistics have been misquoted in the published statements, the following official communication on the subject has been obtained from Chief Bishop of the State Labor Bureau:

"For six years ending December 31, 1887, 625 strikes occurred in New Jersey, of which 177 were in the building trades, 156 in the manufacture of food preparations and 56 in metal and metallic goods. Of the 625 strikes 404 were ordered by labor organizations and 71 were not ordered. There were 347 establishments involved in the strikes, with an aggregate of 4,388 days, although the average days closed were on 12.7.

"Of the strikes 434 were successful, 15 met with partial success, and 186 failed. The loss to the 17,082 strikers was $138,709 with $64,-311 assisted by employers' loss was $211,199. There were 3,065 new employees brought into the establishments, of which 102 were from other States."—Trenton True Emblem.

—Nine hundred and ninety-nine of the good resolutions made at the beginning of the new year—have already been twisted out of shape.

—The Browning Club held a meeting last evening, and listened to an address on "Browning and His Poetry," by Prof. Mc. Clintock.

—The Electrical Review says that the uselessness of the lightning rod is becoming so generally understood that the agents find their vocation a trying one. "Fewer and fewer rods are manufactured each year, and the day will come when lightning rod on a house will be regarded in the same light as a horseshoe over a man's door."

PERSONAL.

Miss Carrie Butler of Lawrence, Mass., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Truell of Central avenue.

Detective Edwin S. Worster has the sympathy of his friends in the death of his father, which occurred at Paterson last Saturday.

Jacob Krimey of Evona, who met with such a painful accident to one of his arms by a fall on the ice on Christmas Day, is slowly recovering.

Union County's Senator, James L. Miller of Westfield, will occupy room 17 and 18 at the Trenton House, Trenton, while the Senate is in session.

The Flemington Democrat says: "Mr. Wesley Servis, who recently removed his family from this town to Plainfield, has had a severe tussle with diptheria. Mr. Servis is not only down with the disease, but also all his children—one of which—a child three years of age—died from it a couple of weeks ago. At last accounts it was thought that Mr. Servis and the remaining children had passed the critical point and that all would recover."

Jehus, Halt!

There are few men who really enjoy being run over, and still more few is the number of those who are delighted to be abused by the driver whose carelessness caused the "accident."

Some time ago Freeholder Vanderbeek was knocked down by a horse on Park avenue, and thereby parted with some valuable cents which at that time he could but ill afford. His knuckles, besides being compelled to witness the destruction of a pair of eyeglasses that had an appreciable commercial value. Did the driver whose hurly-burly recklessness brought on the Freeholder's misfortune descend from his perch, pour soothing balm into Mr. Vanderbeek's ears and put balm upon the wounded hand? Did he deal out sympathy and sorrow? Not exactly. He insolently shouted, "What in Hunterdon county d'ye wanter git in the way fur, yo blind-eyed sardine?" and dashed on his way.

A man passing down West Front street, a few days ago, was run over by a horse and wagon that came speeding from a narrow alley. The driver was spurring the horse on, and had no time to stop and listen to the protestations of the injured one. He merely threw back a sort of verbal free pass to the museum of Mephistopheles, and drove rapidly off.

A driver scurrying down Second street, yesterday, purposely ran over a dog, and laughed to see the misery and to hear the whines of the animal.

A lady crossing Somerset street, one late muddy day, had a great rent torn in her dress by one of the mile-a-minute vehicles, and narrowly escaped being trodden beneath the horses' hoofs. Another woman threw back a grin and was soon out of sight.

These are samples of cases that are far too frequent. Singularly enough no victims of this evil of fast driving have seen fit to put the law on the track of the reckless drivers. Some day one of these "accidents" may result in the death of one of the injured ones. Then a reform may be begun. But the reform would far better be begun now.

Jehus, halt! Pedestrians have the right of way.

STATE NOTES.

William Mahoney, a laborer who lived at No. 583 Grove street, Newark, was run over by a West End horse car at a late hour Saturday night, and died from his injuries yesterday. Daniel Cooney, the driver of the car, was arrested, but it was shown before Judge Stilling, yesterday morning that he was not to blame and he was discharged.

It is expected that the next meeting of the Hunterdon County Historical Society will be held in Clinton, or somewhere in that neighborhood. The members in the lower portion of the county recommend this, hoping thereby to interest and engage the attention of many in the northern part of the county who have thus far shown little concern.

Eugene Schaowecker was arrested at his home, No. 65 Willow avenue, Hoboken, yesterday, accused of assaulting and robbing Mrs. Elizabeth Herbold, the wife of Lewis Herbold, who keeps a bar-room at No. 310 Washington street, of a satchel containing a check for $600 and some small change Schaowecker denies the charge. He is held.

Buckwheat cakes were served for breakfast in the boarding-house, No. 109 Eighth avenue, Newark, yesterday. The supply on the table not being equal to the demand, Henry Williams and John Welton reached for the last cake. Welton got the cake, whereupon Williams knocked him from his chair. Williams subsequently gave bail to appear before the Grand Jury.

The pastors of various New Brunswick churches have adopted resolutions commending the local newspapers for keeping their columns free of demoralizing topics. The ministers say, "The local newspaper is read in the home, and reporters furnish, the year round, the subjects of conversation in almost all homes and social circles. The good newspaper has therefore molding influences; the corrupt sheet has evil influences."

Ledyard S. Haskell, of Orange, started for Bloomfield on a bicycle last Fourth of July. When near Montclair he was arrested by Constable James Foster, for riding through the street. He was taken before Justice Hall and allowed to go on paying the officer $2 for arresting him. Haskell brought suit before Judge Depue in the Circuit Court for $14,000 against the officer, and yesterday recovered a verdict of $25.

National Bank Directors.

Directors were elected at the First National Bank this afternoon, as follows: J. R. Van Deventer, Manning Stelle, I. D. Titsworth, P. M. French, D. F. Randolph, John Simpson, Charles Potter, Wm. McD. Corsell, George F. Baydam.

At the City National Bank an election was held this p. m., with the following result: Chas. Hyde, E. R. Pope, Jas. T. Clarkson, J. F. Hubbard, L. Myers, R. Macdonald, J. K. Myers, J. B. Coward, F. H. Gardiner.

—Constable Bauersche yesterday levied on a horse, wagon and cow owned by Jacob Seidler of Warrenville. The levy was to satisfy a chattel mortgage given by Mr. Seidler to Andrew S. Ruff of Chatham street, North Plainfield. Mr. Seidler bought the home of Mr. Ruff and gave a three months' note, which he met with the mortgage. The property will be sold at auction.

Spenser's Ideal "Tycoon."

"The Little Tycoon" has been before the American public over two years, and has yielded Willard Spenser, its author, nearly $50,000, under the copyright which he terminated Jan. 1, 1888. For seven weeks before the partnership ended, Mr. Spenser had a new company rehearsing the opera in the city of Philadelphia. A New York firm of Japanese merchants prepared entirely new and elaborate costumes, and the oldest scenic artists in the country produced the scenes to enable Mr. Spenser to make his "ideal" eclipse all former productions and astonish and delight even those who had seen the opera before. The outlay was nearly $10,000. The first production was given in Stillman Music Hall last night. The author was unable to be present because of a sudden chill from over work in preparing the new production. In one of the front seats sat his mother, who had come all the way from Philadelphia, and among the enthusiastic audience was a company of Japanese merchants from New York and Japanese students from Rutgers college, New Brunswick, who seemed to enjoy the burlesque hugely, one of the Japanese, very gentlemanly individual, going behind the scenes to see that the fine effects of the elegant Japanese garden party were properly brought out. Lime lights and several other new features were introduced with good effect. Mr. Spenser wanted the judgment of a Plainfield audience, to start on his career, and the applause which was showered last night ought to be gratifying to him. It certainly was so to his gentlemanly and capable manager, Mr. W. J. Reeves, who will point with pride in the future to the point reached by the United States in the year and a half he intended to the verdict of the people of the queen city of New Jersey, the Colorado of the East, the healthiest, wealthiest and altogether loveliest of cities. Good wishes were extended on all sides to Mr. Spenser, who is but thirty-three years old, and who has probably a plenty of chance yet to produce other and even more taking operas to amuse and instruct pleasure-seekers from one end of the land to the other.

Water and Drainage.

A NEWS reporter interviewed Mayor Male regarding the matter of water and drainage mentioned by "A Property Holder" in Saturday's NEWS. The Mayor referred to the concluding part of his message, which, he says, relates to measures to remedy the evils referred to as they may be found to exist, and which we re-publish from THE NEWS of last Tuesday:

"FRANCHISES.

"If there is any one power of your honorable body, the exercise of which more than of any other requires vigilance, mature deliberation and extreme caution, that power is the granting of franchises to railroad corporations or companies for public or quasi-public purposes. Franchise hunters have caused financial ruin to more than one fair city. On the other hand, reputable corporations also conquest public franchises, and often prove important factors in a city's increased prosperity. To distinguish thegenuine from the specious and plausible, and to provide checks and safe-guards sufficient to protect the rights and interests of the public, both for the present and future, are tasks that impose upon every member of your body a very great responsibility. Ill-considered or hasty action might entail irreparable injury. The fullest investigation, both as to the needs of the city and the standing and character of the applicant, should precede the adoption of any measure by which the city may be bound or committed in any way."

Mayor Male says that it was with the understanding that applications for franchises for water works, sewerage and street railways would be made that he touched upon the subject, and hoping that Common Council fully understood the city's needs and would act in the premises for its vast interests.

In concluding Mr. Male said:

"I invite at all times the free expression of views on public questions by the members of your honorable body severally and collectively, and tender myself ready, to the utmost of my ability, to conform to the same custom to the end that the public, whose servants we are, may have the benefit of the best service."

Westfield Whispers.

Citizen Heinecke was in town this week and called on many of his old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. LeCook of Central avenue lost their little son yesterday morning, age 10 months.

Kaylor & Moffett are hard at work on the new Presbyterian parsonage, so as to have it ready by Spring.

The family of Mr. A. Stamm has met with another loss. Josie, his little four-year-old daughter, died from scarlet fever.

Mr. Wm. H. Moore of Clark street, who has been confined to the house a year past, is failing rapidly, and is not expected to recover.

There is talk of another bowling alley being erected soon. The sport seems to have secured quite a hold on our people. Dr. Gale is going to have no less than two more alleys. Billiard and pool rooms are deserted for the fascinating ten-pins.

Dennis Regan of South avenue met with an accident, Thursday evening. While going to his barn his foot slipped and he fell heavily on the icy walk, dislocating the ankle and breaking the fibula. Dr. Gale set his left leg, above the ankle. Dr. Cooper was called and soon set the bones. Mr. Egan expected to be confined to the house for a time, as he has an interest in an Orange grove.

Chauncey B. Ripley has applied to the U. S. Commission of Fish and Fisheries on behalf of the Rahway River Fish Protective Association. Addison S. Clark for German carp to stock four ponds in Westfield; three ponds on Central avenue, Park street and Boulevard; the fourth, on Broad street, known as the Clark ice pond. Two hundred are bounded by Central avenue, Park street and Boulevard; the fourth, on Broad street, known as the Clark ice pond. Two hundred are bounded by Chauncey Clark. These German carp grow fast, feed on the bottom of the ponds, are good eating, will not feed from the tables, and will weigh four or five pounds in a few years. The United States Fish Commission supplies them for purposes of stocking ponds, and takes at a small expense to the applicants. Congressman Salmon has endorsed both the applications for the carp, and has forwarded them to the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries. The carp are expected to arrive in Westfield within a day or two.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

GONE TO JOIN THE "FIRE-BUGS."

Plainfielders go to Prison for Assaulting E. J. Nolan.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 10.—John Hogan, Thos. Conway and Wm. McNamara, three of the assailants of E. J. Nolan of Plainfield, were taken to State Prison by Sheriff Fick on the 9:38 train this morning.

"Bunnie" Gets $45,000.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Miss "Bunnie" Campbell was this morning awarded $45,000 damages in her breach of promise suit against "Baby Bunting" Arbuckle, the wealthy coffee merchant.

The Disabled Tonawanda.

LEWES, Del., 10.—The *Captain of the* disabled steamer Tonawanda told the pilot who sighted the steamer yesterday that all were well on board. He said he had been drifting about with wind and tide ever since being blown off the Jersey Coast. The pilot boat came in and sent a tug out, which is supposed to be towing the steamer to New York now.

A P. R. R. Victory.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 10.—Vice Chancellor Fleet yesterday refused an injunction asked for by property owners, to restrain the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from elevating its tracks through this city. This is an important victory for the company, which contemplates running a system of double-deck ferry boats, connecting directly with the elevated railroad system of New York.

Is the Hanged Man Alive?

GAINESVILLE, Ga., Jan. 10.—It is alleged here that Tillman C. Justice, the moonshiner who was hanged in November for the murder of an informer, was cut down while still breathing, and allowed to escape, and that he is now alive and well. The execution took place at Cleveland, White county, where moonshiners are very strong, and where there is much collusion between them and local officials. The story is believed to be true.

A Pistol and a Coffin.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 10.—Rev. W. D. McKinney, the pastor of the First Baptist church in Ansonia, who delivered an address before the Baptist ministers in New York, six weeks ago, on "Home Rule in Ireland," and whose criticism of Gladstone created such comment, has received many letters threatening to take his life. The last one bore a picture of the skull and bones with a pistol crossed, and was signed "One who is after you." The letter stated that the writer was after him with a pistol and coffin.

"Faust" Drove Her Mad.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The Herald says that Mrs. Margaret Lydon of 282 Third avenue became violently insane while seeing the play of "Faust." She had been much interested in Miss Terry's acting. On returning home she declared that she was Marguerite, and had been ruined by Mephisto. She became *hysterical and violent*, and grew worse, until it became necessary to remove her to the Bloomingdale Asylum. The unfortunate woman is over 40 years of age.

"The Wolves are on Us."

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the cigarmakers' union last night an appeal was adopted which will be sent throughout the country. It begins:

"Fellow workmen: The wolves are on us, and we are compelled to call on you for support. The United Cigar Association, a conspiracy of eighteen of the most relentless grinders in the trade, are, in midwinter, trying to force all the cigarmakers of this city down to the tenement house level. They propose to do this by reducing wages in the shops, and by reviewing the tenement house system, wherever that system has been driven out. The plea of the manufacturers that the trade is overdone in this city is false, and that it can be brought back by bunch machines and tenement houses only."

Possibly Mr. Cauda's Successor

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—President O. D. Baldwin, of the Fourth National Bank, at No. 23 Nassau street, tendered his resignation to the directors two weeks ago, but the fact only became public yesterday.

Mr. Baldwin declined to say why he resigned. It was at this bank that Mr. Gould's check for $4,000,000 was once cashed without causing perturbation to the cashier. The check was part purchase of the Missouri Pacific's feeders, and is probably the largest check ever cashed in America. The bank was established just after the war. Mr. Baldwin has been its president nearly eight years. Cornelius N. Bliss, of Bliss, Fabyan & Co., is the vice president.

Mr. Baldwin's name has been prominently mentioned in connection with the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Assistant Treasurer Cauda. His reputation in the Treasury Department and in private banking circles in this city and Washington as a safe, conservative business man of superior judgment in financial matters is excellent.

Courtesy in the Post Office.

Enter mechanic at noon hour. Mechanic: "Two-cent stamp, please." Post office clerk disappears. Mechanic waits some time.

Rat-tat-tat.

Post office clerk suddenly re-appearing): "Hya! What yer knockin' for? Think we're deaf in here? Wot yer want?"

Mechanic (meekly): "Two-cent stamp, please."

Clerk: "Why don't yer say so, then?"

Fact.

A mortgage for $1,000,000 has been recorded in the Register's Office at Jersey City. It is given by the Electrical Accumulator Company.

Some of the oldest inhabitants in Middletown, Monmouth county, claim that they will attempt to celebrate in a becoming manner the centennial anniversary of the formation of the old Federal party, which gave birth to the Republican party, in 1788. Rev. E. T. Corwin, of Millstone, is so enthusiastic about the matter that he is said to be strongly favor the writing of a history of that old party, for general distribution during the year 1888. The suggestion of Mr. Corwin seems to meet with the approval of some of the college professors in New Brunswick, and there is no doubt that the old Federal party will be the subject of considerable newspaper talk during the present year.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue:

	1888	1887		
6 a. m.	30	19	Sun rises	7 21
12 m.	34	30	Sun sets	4 32
12 p. m.	38	30	Moon rises	4 26
3 p. m.	40	27	Moon sets.	

Cut-a-Word-Column

A GIRL to do general housework wanted. Address H. J., care of EVENING NEWS. Will pay well for good girl. One not afraid of children preferred. 7-3tf

A PARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 22 West Third street. 30-6tf

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wished for situation in private family. Address E. S. care of Evening News. 9-2

FOR SALE CHEAP—Three second-hand sleighs, also carriages, buggies and harness, at McDonnell's Livery, West Sixth street. 10-3

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 94 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 3-3tf

GIRL wanted for general housework. Address H. M., care of Evening News. 7-3tf

MRS. JEANNETTE POUND, Fashionable Dress-Maker, 51 West Second street, between Madison and Central avenues, Plainfield, N. J. 10 6

WORK wanted by a seamstress by the day or week. Address "Seamstress," care EVENING NEWS. 9-3

$2,500 to loan on first mortgage security. Apply to E. C. Mulford, broker, opposite depot. 1-3-tf-4

Special Notices.

CALL. DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION of North Plainfield will meet at French's Hall, Wednesday evening Jan. 11th, at 8:00 o'clock. Every Democrat in the district is earnestly requested to be present, as business of great importance will be transacted.

SAMUEL TOWNSEND, President.

NOTICE. The citizens of the Borough of North Plainfield are respectfully asked to inform the undersigned, Poor Master, of any cases of destitution over the street lamps in their immediate neighborhood are not lighted or burning.

7-2tf H. A. McGEE, Chairman.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the undersigned, composing the firm of M. H. French & Sons, dealers in flour, feed, grain, etc., have this day dissolved partnership. By mutual consent. All accounts due the said firm will be paid to C. Frank French, who will continue the business at No. 60 Somerset street.

C. FRANK FRENCH, for M. H. FRENCH'S SONS.

NOTICE Is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned to apply for the passage of an act at the next session of the Legislature of New Jersey, to repeal the act entitled "An act to incorporate the North Plainfield fire Department," approved March 31, 1854, and the various amendments and supplements thereto.

Dated December 13, 1887.

J. R. WEAVER, JAS. K. ARNOLD. 12-13-tf

Private Lecture.

Dr. Abbie E. Cutter,

In response to personal invitations from her patrons on a former visit to this city has returned and will be pleased to meet her friends and all ladies, who are interested in their own or their children's health, at the hall over the City National Bank, Front St., Wednesday Jan. 11, inst., at 2.30 p. m. Dr. Cutter can be consulted from 9 a. m. to 12 m. daily for a short time at the City Hotel. Can locate disease and describe all conditions of mind or body without asking a question, Admission 25c.

Some Rare Bargains are being offered at

EDSALL'S

20 West Front street, St. Barnaby's Linen Table Damask, Table Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Canton Flannels, Calicos, Dress Goods, etc.

We will open a line of Spring Dress Fabrics White Goods, and Hamburg Embroideries to-day. Look at them. Mrs. Edsall's department is well supplied with a full line of Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Mattings Rugs, Portieres, etc.

If you wish to get genuine Bargains in real good goods you can depend on finding them at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street,

The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

The Plainfield Electric Light Company.

Office and Lighting Station Madison Ave.

Incandescent Lighting for *STORES, CHURCHES, DWELLINGS, Public Buildings, etc.*

W. H. Moore, Mgr.

N. W. FRENCH,

dealer in

Flour, Meal, Feed, Hay, Oats,

Chicken Wheat, etc.

FOURTH STREET,

near Park Avenue, P. O. Box 1467, Plainfield, N. J.

Having had long experience as miller, I can ensure customers good goods in any line, delivered to any part of the city or borough.

JOHN JOHNSTON, dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

P. O. Box 1467,

January Bargain

SALE

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Commencing To-morrow and continuing throughout the month

Throughout every department prices will be made so low that it will be to everyone's interest to buy. Our stock for fall well filled that every one is looking for the place where they can obtain the most for their money. We cannot quality low and do not push off poor, trashy stuff and call it a bargain. We don't keep that kind. Every article we offer at cut prices are first class reliable goods that are wanted every day in the year. We commence this sale Tuesday and will offer new goods each week. Look for fall and find our new special bargain tables interesting. We want every one to come to this sale. You will find special prices on Flannels and underwear, Cambrics, Ginghams, Bleached and Brown Domestic, Dress Goods, Table Linens, Towels and Napkins, Red, White and Blue Flannels and in our Crockery, Glass and Tinware Department you will find goods that are always needed, but can't always buy at the prices we are offering them at now.

VanEmburgh & White,

GO TO

ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

for Rubber Stamps for marking Linen, for Printing Cards, Bill Heads, Wrapping Paper, Blankets, etc., at

Lowest Prices.

Also for Music, Toys, Games, etc.

EAST FRONT STREET.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and suburban limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1888.

THE MINERS CONFIDENT.

READING, Pa., Jan. 10.—At 7 o'clock this evening the Reading officers had no account of any trains in this city that left down the road. It looks as though matters were becoming more serious every day.

The business men in Schuylkill county and throughout eastern Pennsylvania will call on President Corbin this week with a view of urging a compromise with the striking miners. A prominent Reading official intimated yesterday that if the men showed a proper disposition, and did not expect too much, the trouble would be settled within the next week. There is little doubt that the trouble would have been adjusted by this time were it not that the miners have become united with the demands of the various railroaders. There can be no settlement on any terms unless they recede from that position.

Chairman John L. Lee and William T. Lewis, master workman of the Miners' National assembly, held a conference with prominent Knights of Labor Sunday night in relation to the strike. The session lasted until nearly midnight. Chairman Lee stated yesterday before leaving the city: "I feel that we have this strike in our own hands. All of the Reading Railroad company's collieries are closed. The Reading officials

THE GREAT EASTERN.

THE LARGEST SHIP THAT EVER FLOATED TO BE DESTROYED.

Built to Monopolize the Ocean Passenger Trade, She Proved a Failure. Was Made Useful in Nothing but Cable Laying, and Is to Be Broken Up.

The news comes from London that the steamship Great Eastern has been bought by a metal firm for £16,000, or about $77,000, that she may be broken up for old metal.

What a melancholy end of hopes that were bright two score years ago. If those people subject to sea sickness, whose hearts were then gladdened by the announcement that Mr. J. Scott Russell would build a mammoth ship that no wave could roll, could have seen this notice of the final dissolution of the experiment, they would have been quite cast down. It was predicted at the time that the ship would prove a failure, but that the noble vessel would at least be sold for old iron, reduced to the rank of broken stoves and general junk shop ware, the mere hardy croaker would not have ventured to predict.

When the ship was first built and was lying on the ways ready to be launched at Millwell, on the Thames, in the summer of 1857, Robert Stephenson and Brunel, the designer of the ship, invited W. S. Lindsay, then a prominent ship broker and ship owner, to inspect the monster. When they had gone all over her, from the upper deck to the inner skin and back to the deck again, Mr. Brunel said to Mr. Lindsay:

"Well, what do you think of her?"

Lindsay replied that she was the strongest and best ship he had ever seen.

"Oh, I did not want your opinion about her build," said Brunel. "I should think I know rather more how an iron ship should be built than you do. How will she pay?"

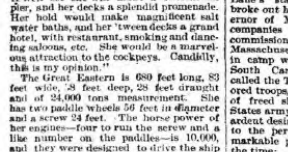
"Ah, that's quite a different matter."

"If she will not pay, to you, in what trade would you place her?"

"Turn her into a show; something attractive to the people. She will never pay as a ship. Send her to Brighton, dig a hole in the beach, and bed her stern in it. If well set she will make a substantial pier, and be a splendid promenade."

Her hold would make magnificent salt water baths, and her 'tween decks a grand hotel, with restaurant, smoking and dancing saloons, etc. She would be a marvelous attraction to the cockneys. Candidly, this is my opinion."

The Great Eastern is 680 feet long, 83 feet wide, 28 feet deep, 28 feet draught and of 24,000 tons measurement. She has two paddle wheels 56 feet in diameter and a screw 34 feet 6 in. The horse power of her engines—four to run the screw and a like number on the paddles—is 10,000, and they were designed to drive the ship at the rate of 16 1-2 statute miles an hour. She was originally intended to do a part of the carrying trade between England and Australia. At this she proved a failure. She was too long; she burned too much coal; the rates of expense to income did not show a profit.



THE GREAT EASTERN.

Then she was used to lay Atlantic cables. At this she proved a success, but unfortunately for the big ship, cables could not be laid every summer and when the first job was finished she was again useless.

Twenty-seven years ago, when she was in American shores, she was thus described in the Editor's Drawer of Harper's Magazine:

"It was an epoch when one saw her, specially in motion. She glided so calmly among the eager, lesser craft—so silently, while they sputtered and whizzed and wriggled while they strained to keep up with her. At the wharf there was something touching in the huge, useless hulk of iron. She was simple and strong and spacious. Her chief cabin was like a palace hall. Her machinery seemed fast enough to whirl a planet. Indeed, why was she not intended to fall in one of some grander planet, where harbors were deeper and passengers more and larger than on our little poky earth? It seemed as if the population of a city would not crowd her, and as if she might carry coal mine in her hold to feed her voracious fires, and form herself a planet, with hidden telluric heats."

Again, after speaking of the disappointment usually expressed on seeing long heard of great objects, the same writer says:

"Even travelers can tell no foolish tales of the Great Eastern. It is quite as large as they say and have said—quite as large as the pictures made her to be. Perhaps he will have sailed away, when you read his line, in the September sun. But only out of the harbor, not out of memory. There she is anchored forever with her mighty masts towering together. And while we smile and shrug we must still honor the conception and the execution. We must still grant that 'twas a famous victory.'

And now all this grandiuer is to be used for old iron. She will no longer move majestically among the lesser craft which "sputtered and whizzed" about her. It seems a mercy that the noble old hulk is not to be degraded to do show duty at some seaside resort, like an elephant in a circus. There she would be a ever present reminder of the failure of one of the grandest conceptions of human intellect. Better break her up.

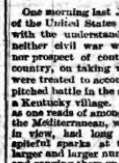
The Most Popular Cigar Clerk.

"I don't know as I want any clerks that ring trade," said a cigar dealer the other day, "for I have tried it to my heart's content, and I think it a rank failure. He man who has so much time as he has to be social and talks when he ought to be arranging stock. The trade that every cigar dealer wants is that of the man who buys good cigars and pays when he gets them. That man will trade with me because he knows he can get the worth of his money, and for no other reason. He seldom asks credit and is never a store stinger. On the contrary those who foll ow the popular cigar clerk buy little but talk much. The man with the social clerk is always treating, and that must come out of he dealer. It took me several years to learn that I did not want a salesman who could 'draw trade.' My cigars will do hat. What I want is a man to sell them and see that the store is kept neat. Such man is worth a dozen of the others."—Philadelphia Record.

COL. T. W. HIGGINSON.

He Has Passed His 64th Birthday and is Still Vigorous.

Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson has just passed his 64th birthday. His face is still red with health, his form is still yet unbent by the burden of years, and he daily rides the bicycle along the streets of Cambridge, Mass., the seat of Harvard university, where he has been a resident continuously since 1878. He is a native of Cambridge, and was graduated at Harvard in 1841, and at the Divinity school in 1847. Then he was made pastor of a Congregational church in Newburyport, Mass., but soon resigned because his congregation was displeased with his strong anti-slavery doctrines. This was in 1850, and in that year he unsuccessfully ran for congress on the Free Soil ticket. In 1852 he assumed the pastorate of a free church at Worcester, where he remained for six years. The slavery question was uppermost then in New England, and Mr. Higginson entered the contest with all the earnestness of young and vigorous manhood. In fact, he was so energetic in his championship of the negro's cause that



COL. T. W. HIGGINSON.

when Anthony Burns, a fugitive slave resident in Boston, was arrested and locked up in the Boston court house he did not hesitate to lead an attempt to rescue the negro by force. Col. Higginson and one or two others were wounded in the melee, and one of the defending deputies was killed. Higginson was indicted for murder because of this affair, but in his case Wendell Phillips, Theodore Parker and others. They were never tried, however, a flaw in that instrument leading to the quashing of the indictment. In 1856 he passed some time in Kansas with the free state emigrants, having helped to form several parties who took up their residence there. A personal acquaintance with John Brown he aided in a plan to rescue him after sentence had been passed upon him, and failed only on the ground of force as brigadier general on James H. Lane's staff. When the civil war broke out he offered himself to the governor of Massachusetts, mustered two companies near Worcester, received a commission as captain in the Fifty-first regiment of volunteers, and while still in camp was made colonel of the First South Carolina volunteers, afterward called the Thirty-third United States Colored troops. This was the first regiment of freed slaves enrolled in the United States army, and it was Col. Higginson's ardent desire to command them that led to the perpetration of the only flaw in a remarkable production by a rhymester of the time:

There was a young curate of Worcester,
Who could have a command if he'd choose her;
But he said each recruit
Must be circumcised,
Or else he'd go preach where he used to.

After capturing and holding Jacksonville, Fla., Col. Higginson was wounded at Milliken's Bend, La., in May, 1863, and resigned in October, 1864, on account of disability.

Upon his return to civil life Col. Higginson turned his attention largely to literature, residing at Newport, R. I., for a number of years. Early in life he had developed a taste for the cause of woman suffrage, and now that the negro's emancipation was an accomplished fact he devoted much of his time to the idea of enfranchising the gentler sex. He often spoke from the lecture platform in the palmy days of the lyceum, and he has written much and well, his earliest work being a compilation with Longfellow of poetry for the seaside, published under the title "Thalatta" in 1853, and his latest, so far, "Hints on Writing and Speaking," published in 1887. In 1880 and 1881 he was a member of the Massachusetts legislature, serving as chief of staff to the governor during the latter time, and in 1881-83 he was a member of the Massachusetts state board of education.

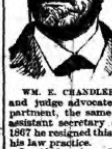
Col. Higginson's wife, who is a niece of Longfellow's first wife, is a woman of literary tastes, and their home on Observatory hill, Cambridge, is a favorite resort for many men and women of culture.

HON. WILLIAM E. CHANDLER.

Senator from the State of New Hampshire.

Mr. William E. Chandler, elected to the United States senate from New Hampshire in place of Austin F. Pike, deceased, was born in Concord, N. H., Dec. 28, 1835. He studied law in Concord, completing the course at the Harvard law school, where he was graduated in 1855. He then commenced the practice of his profession in Concord, and in 1859 was appointed reporter of the New Hampshire supreme court.

From the time of his graduation Mr. Chandler was identified with state politics as large



WM. E. CHANDLER.

a republican, serving as secretary and afterward as chairman of the state committee. In 1863 he was elected to the New Hampshire house of representatives, and was made speaker for two successive terms. In 1864 he was employed as special counsel for the navy department, and in 1865 was appointed solicitor and judge advocate general for that department, subsequently becoming first assistant secretary of the treasury. In 1867 he resigned this position and resumed his law practice.

In 1876, when President Hayes was elected, he was secretary of the Republican national committee and advocated the claims of the Hayes electors for Florida before the canvassing board of that state. But after the election of Mr. Hayes Mr. Chandler became an opponent of the president's southern policy, and was again elected to the New Hampshire legislature.

In 1882 he became secretary of the navy, in which department he carried out a number of reforms, and organized the Greely relief expedition. Since leaving the navy department he has become proprietor of The Monitor and Statesman, a daily and its weekly edition) newspaper in Concord.

He was elected to the United States senate on June 14, 1887.

Mr. Gladstone says he is in favor of great simplicity, but not gayety, as funerals.

MOREHEAD'S NEW ERA.

PROSPERITY FOLLOWS THE DESTRUCTION OF TOLLIVER'S GANG.

A Picturesque Chapter of Crime in the History of a Kentucky Hamlet—Rowan County's Desperate Men and the Pitched Battle They Fought.

One morning last June the inhabitants of the United States who had gone to bed with the understanding that there was neither civil war within their borders, nor prospect of contest with any foreign country, on taking up their newspapers were treated to accounts of a picturesque pitched battle in the streets of Morehead, a Kentucky village. There a feud, such as one reads of among those who live on the Mediterranean, with Vesuvius always belching loud, long smoulder, emitting spiteful sparks at times, drawing in a larger and larger number of the villagers, and ranging them on either side, until at last the eruption came and the town suddenly resounded with the din of arms.

TOLLIVER'S RESIDENCE.

MARTIN'S RESIDENCE.

MAIN STREET, MOREHEAD.

For months before the fall of June the people of Morehead had lived in dread. Craig Tolliver, the leader of one faction, and certain of his associates had terrorized the place completely. Business was gradually abandoned, and instead of the clink of the grocer's scales, and the sound of the merchants' yardstick on the counter, there was heard only the drawing of corks and the gurgle of whisky, with an occasional shot for variety. Real estate depreciated, people began to leave, and the town bade fair to become another deserted village.

It was at this time that D. B. Logan returned from a trip to Cincinnati with 100 Winchester rifles, which he distributed among a determined band of men who had grown tired of the reign of the Tolliver gang by serving as a self appointed posse for their arrest. Then took place the "Battle of Morehead." Craig Tolliver and three of the lieutenants, Bud and Joy Tolliver and Hiram Cooper, fell. Victory came to the attacking party, and the place was saved.

Six months have rolled round. That which seemed last spring about to become a deserted town has experienced a change. Its peaceful citizens have returned, real estate has regained its former value, a newspaper—the first ever published in Rowan county—has been started, four hotels are doing a thriving trade, business booms, school houses are being built, and there is general confidence and comfort.

A number of changes for the better are here described by a correspondent of The New York Sun writing from Morehead:

ROWAN COUNTY COURT HOUSE, MOREHEAD.

See Martin, who was armed with her sister Annie, by the Tolliverz, and suffered such hardships at their hands, has been married to James M. Trumbo, of Yeamen, Ky., where she is living happily. The Martin family, which now consists of the father and mother, Ben and Vina Martin, and Annie, aged 16, and Sherman, 8; Della, 10, and Ramey, 14, are going to Kansas, where they will make their future home, and Mr. Martin realized nearly $3,000 from the sale of his land and personal property, and having several thousand dollars besides, he goes west with every prospect of success.

Howard Logan, Mat Carey, James Carey and nearly all the valiant Craig Tolliver and his force forced to leave here have returned.

Mrs. Tolliver has sent her two boys back to Ohio, of which state she is a native, where she expects to follow them the first of next May, that being the time her lease on the American house expires. Hal Day, the owner of the building, was run out by the Tolliverz. He is now living in Covington, Ky. The little Walters boy that was shot in the head by Craig Tolliver's oldest boy, a few months ago, is living with his parents at Olive Hill, Ky. His mind is badly impaired from the effects of the ball from young Tolliver's pistol. The little fellow is going to school, but, on account of his injury, is making little progress.

Some of the Tolliver gang remain, and it is said that they occasionally show their teeth, but with the defeat of their party they always fresh ill memory, it is to be hoped that they will leave the citizens in peace, through discretion if not from inclination.

Curious Marriage Customs.

In an old church in Gothland, in Sweden, a pile of lances is preserved. Each of the lances is fitted to hold a torch, and it is said the weapons were used at one time to give light and protection to marriage parties on the way to church, the ceremony taking place at night, as a precaution against the bride being carried away by some Lochinvar who claimed a better right to her than the duly recognized suitor. A recent writer, describing a marriage in Khamtistan, says he saw a young man carrying off his bride, surrounded by a body guard of some twenty or thirty men. These men were supposed to be protecting the happy couple from a party of young women, who hurled pieces of earth and tamboos at the procession, and made show of rescuing the bride. As soon, however, as the bridegroom reached his own village with his charge the assailants ran home screaming and laughing. Among ourselves the term "best man" is said to be a survival of the time when the bridegroom had to get strong hands to aid him in securing the object of his affections. There is probably also a survival of the assaults that were then made on marriage parties in the showers of rice and old slippers bestowed by friends on the newly wedded.—Cleveland Leader.

LEARNING THE VIOLIN.

How Some Very Good Fiddlers Have Got the Way to Draw Bows.

In a city the size of Brooklyn one may find almost any sort of school he may fancy—from a school of vice to a school of divinity. There are schools for every sort of needle work and draw making, schools for various kinds of writing and talking, schools in all the principal languages and for every science

VIOLIN CLASS BOOK.

and art. But the most delightful this writer has visited in the City of Churches is the free violin school for little folks. For $1 and the right to select the most skillful for their annual concert, the conductors of this institution supply the little pupils with music book, and give him or her the privilege of a free class every Saturday; the result is, that class succeeds class, and on any of the days each class containing from thirty to sixty boys and girls, ranging from the beginners to those who can play very complicated tunes. On a recent occasion, in the presence of forty-five players, led by Professor Benjamin on the piano—gave "Father's Hornpipe," "Sweet-ness," "Johnny, Get Your Gun," and other lively airs. And to a non expert in music it was a marvel to see how quick professor and pupils would note a discord. If one violin gave forth a false note, it was distinguished from all the others, and the offender promptly corrected.

But the most interesting fact developed was that there is so much natural talent for instrumental music never suspected by parents and friends till it is developed in these classes. Every class has at least one, and often several, who develop remarkable

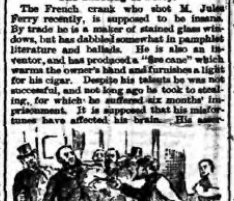
AN 8-YEAR-OLD.

capacity. Out of one of the advanced classes the professor selected an 8-year-old girl, and standing upon a chair with a boy almost as long as herself, she played the "Sailors' Hornpipe" with absolute correctness. Then out of the youngest class a 6-year-old boy, small for his age, was lifted upon a chair and gave a sweet melody in slow time with most pleasing effect. It was wonderful to see the little fellow drawing the long bow and fingering the little violin, the very smallest manufactured, yet one could easily see that he had the correct idea of playing. When we consider that the violin is the most difficult of instruments to master, it is all the more surprising that such progress should be made. Nineteen thousand girls and boys are being taught in this school, which is now among the most popular institutions in Brooklyn—a fact attested by the crowded condition of the Academy of Music whenever the annual concert is given. At the last concerts, May 19 and 20, 1887, 1,000 children sang the national airsand 240 young violinists played in perfect harmony a number of selections from "Ermine." The prices were two elegant violin outfits worth $60 each.

A 6-YEAR-OLD.

The Shooting of Ferry.

The French crank who shot M. Jules Ferry recently, is supposed to be insane. By trade he is a maker of stained glass windows, but has dabbled somewhat in pamphlet literature and ballads. He is also an inventor, and has produced a "fire cane" which warms the owner's hand and furnishes a light for his cigar. Despite his talents he was not successful, and not long ago he took to stealing, for which he suffered six months' imprisonment. It is supposed that his misfortunes have affected his brain. His associates expect to follow them the first of next May, that being the time her lease on the American house expires. Hal Day, the owner of the building, was run out by the Tolliverz. He is now living in Covington, Ky. The little Walters boy that was shot in the head by the Tolliver's oldest boy, a few months ago, is living with his parents at Olive Hill, Ky. His mind is badly impaired from the effects of the ball from young Tolliver's pistol. The little fellow is going to school, but, on account of his injury, is making little progress.



M. FERRY SHOT.

Some of the Tolliver gang remain, and it is said that they occasionally show their teeth, but with the defeat of their party they always fresh ill memory, it is to be hoped that they will leave the citizens in peace, through discretion if not from inclination.

tions when arrested that he belonged to a secret society, twenty members of which had sworn to take M. Ferry's life, do not appear to be true. Papers found in his lodgings help to establish his insanity, among which are some especially insulting against M. Ferry and other of the French politics. The cut given with this shows M. Ferry and the crowd at the moment of the shooting.

How Miss Kellogg Was Won.

Speaking of actors and the craft generally reminds one of the romance of Miss Kellogg's marriage to her manager. It seems that it is an old affair, and that the lady would have consented long before, but that she is like St. Theresa, of Spain, in that she hates to be asked "Why?" To avoid the queries of friends she therefore put the question to the public that no one could question her. It seems that her mind was made up one evening last summer when rowing on a lake in western New York. A storm came up and the boat overturned, but the bold Strakosch was not, leaped into the water and rescued her, he to Canapi, as she was sinking down for the third time. He is of German extraction, and said to be about 25 or 26.—Hartford Courant.

CENTRAL R. R OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street, Time-tables to eff ct Dec. 5, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.45, 8.30, 9.30 †2.30, *3.30, *4.30, 5.35 *6.05, 8.10, 10.47, †11.40 a.m., 12.15, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.55 p. m. Sunday 3.37, 8.01, 8.37, 10.37, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 4.30, 5.16, 7.30, 7.36, 8.30, p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty street at 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 10.00, 12.00, p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 6.30, 8.00, 7.50, 8.09, 9.30, 10.30, 11.27, 11.40, a. m., 12.15, 1.30, 2.30, 3.27, 3.51, 5.22, 6.05, 6.50, 7.05, 8.30, 9.15, 11.05, p. m. Sunday, 8.37, 10.13, 11.30, a. m., 1.37, 4.30, 5.16, 7.30, 8.30, 11.30, p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.30, 7.05, 8.35, 9.45, 10.35, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.40, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40, p. m. Sunday, 8.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 1.40, 5.40, 6.40, 8.40, p. m.

*Passengers for Elizabeth only.
†Passengers for Rahway only.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.05, 9.31 a. m., 2.02, 4.54, 5.05, 6.10, 6.30, p. m.

Sunday 8.10 a. m., 4.54, 6.30 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 6.40, 7.35, 8.30, 9.25, 10.20 a. m., 12.40, 1.35, 2.30, 3.25, 4.20, 5.02, and 5.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Lebanon, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

6.02 p. m.—For Flemington.

6.30 p. m.—For East m, Allentown,

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 2.23, 8.09, 11.08 p. m., 12.33, 3.53, 6.05 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove at 8.09 p. m.

For Perth Amboy, 2.23, 8.09, 8.51 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m Sunday 8.57 a. m.

For Matawan, 2.23, 8.09, 11.08, p. m., 12.33 3.53, 6.05 p. m. but day 8.57 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 5.16, 8.05, 9.45 11.44 a. m., 2.16, 5.00, 6.05, 8.17 p. m. 1.0 night Sunday 8.57 a. m., 5.00, 6.54 p. m. 1.22 night.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 7.30, 8.45, 11.00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45 12.00 p. m., Sunday at 8.0 m.; 5.30, 12.0 p. m. 1.0 night.

Leave Broad and Becks Streets at 8.30, 9.05 10.30 a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Market Streets, at 1.25, 8.00, 9.10, 10.15, 11.35 a. m., 1.55, 4.30, 5.50, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.25, 9.18 9.40, a. m. 6.15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Sup't.

COAL and WOOD

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30 NORTH AVENUE.

where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

CITY PHARMACY,

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Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.

Toilet Requisites.

Only Reliable Dentine, cleanses and preserves the teeth.

Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.

Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.

City Pharmacy opened Sunday for the sale of medicines only.

Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.

Telephone call 22.

Field & Randolph.

SPECIAL MUSLIN SALE.

for the next few days we will sell all the standard brands of Bleached and Unbleached Muslins very much below market prices.

Ladies' White Aprons

We have just received another case of those Ladies' White Aprons, trimmed with Lace and Insertion which we are still selling at 25c

REMNANTS OF RIBBON.

In Black, Brown and Cardinal, all widths, we are closing them out at 6c per yard.

Cloaks! Cloaks!

We have decided to make a deduction of 20 per cent on every cloak sold by us until further notice. We still present each purchaser to the amount of $5 or over, an elegant tortoise-covered Opera Glass.

I. H. BOEHM,

7 W. FRONT STREET.

Ladies' and Misses

SKATING BOOTS

Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Youth's

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Tans or Brown Embroidered back every pair warranted

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Full line of Gents' Silk Mufflers, Silk Hemstitched Pocket Handkerchiefs, white and colored border.

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LOUIS CALLMAN,

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pay $2.00 to the DOCTOR, for this prescription; about as much to the Druggist for filling it, when for 50c

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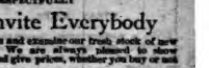

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Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS,

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,

Stone Yards' Experience,

M. POWERS,

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REAL SKIN CAPS from $1 to $15.

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Silk Umbrellas from $1 to $5.

Fine Gloves, Canes and Neckwear.

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Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung and Throat troubles, Nervousness, Debility, Dizziness and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.

Ladies troubled with irregularities of their system will find this treatment a sure remedy.

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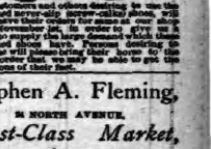

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If all customers and others who desire to buy, sell or exchange horses and carriages, or horseshoeing done, will call at the above place they will find it to their interest to do so. Horses kept for sale at our stable. Horses left with us will be cared for at reasonable charges. Our aim is to please customers and to merit their patronage. We have the largest assortment of horses and carriages to be found in this section of the country. Horses suitable for all purposes. Horses adapted to the wants of their owners. Horses suitable for all kinds of work. Horses suitable for all kinds of roads. Horses suitable for all kinds of weather. Horses suitable for all kinds of people. Horses suitable for all kinds of purposes. Horses suitable for all kinds of everything.

Stephen A. Fleming,

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First-Class Market,

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Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to sell as low as any one in town.

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

The smallest favor or the most extensive trade will be appreciated.

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RICHARD DAY,

(Successor to Frank Day)

LIVERY STABLE,

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Carriages and Cutters for Sale. Family Riding speedily.

STRAY JOKES.

When a washerwoman charges her place of residence one may ask her "where she hangs out now" without using slang.—Boston Courier.

A firm of New York plumbers was fined $750 for imperfect plumbing and violating the plans and specifications of the inspector of buildings. Since the fine was imposed persons hesitate about employing the firm, for fear the $750 will be included in the first bill presented.—Norristown Herald.

Smith and Edwin fought a fight,
And went to fight another;
They broke the handle half and half
And thus they $ each other.
—Washington Critic.

Fuel is so scarce and dear in the west that newspaper editors there are urging their correspondents and practical contributors to write their "copy" on shingles. If they accept his advice he ought to make his board out of the shingles received.—Norristown Herald.

A Consoling Barber.

"I dunno what's got into me today," said the Dakota barber, as he stropped his razor. "My hand is so unsteady I can't hardly do nothing."

"Is that so?" anxiously inquired the customer from the chair, as he peered over his lower eyelids.

"Yes, all of a tremble. Cut the last gentleman in the throat," he continued, as he swept the steel down on one of the victim's jaws. "Slashed consid'able instead of lose him, too."

"You didn't kill him, I hope?" asked the subject.

"Don't know yet—friends took him home. Very uncomfortable, though, to turn to reach for the ladies' brush an' have the blood squirt out of a customer's jugular vein into a feller's head, eh?" went on the operator as he rounded the chin and took a swath down the throat. "I hate to go 'round with my best full o' blood—liable to catch cold when it cools off."

The human sacrifice only gasped, but could not speak. The executioner continued:

"It looks bad, too, for a first class shop like this 'un to see blood a-squirting all over everything. Apt to discourage other customers, too," he continued, as he stepped around behind, pulled the victim a little higher up on the rack, and executed some rapid up strokes on his throat. "You probably wouldn't a got in the chair if you'd a seen how that man's neck looked. Besides, I hate to have my towels and chairs all got bloody, an' it makes the floor slopp'y," he went on as he rolled the sufferer's head this way and that and laid the cold flat side of the razor on his throat. "An' it allays gives me such a start when the stream strikes me to turn 'round an' find the customer a-laying in the chair tryin' to holler an' his windpipe cut off short. It allays makes me more trembly than I was afore—I ain't what I was 'fore I cut that last man; if I don't steady down pretty quick I'm going to lay off. You don't know how it breaks me up to see a man rollin' 'round in the chair scatterin' blood all over the other customers as are layin' at it. Close shave, sir! Not All right, sir. No tonic for the bald place, sir? You're bald as a lump shade, sir —same like it that way, though. There you are, sir—fifteen cents, please—don't stop where that other gentleman rolled out of the chair an' laid an' bled!"—Fred Carruthers in Chicago Tribune.

The Way of the World.

At the Club.—Ah, there is Gribble, the great humorist. Did you ever hear him recite?

"Yes."

"Wonderful, isn't he?"

"Very."

"Greatest humorist, I suppose, this country ever produced."

"Why is that fellow sitting over there alone?"

"I've forgotten his name. He doesn't amount to much. Some of the stories that Gribble recited last night. Look at Gribble. Look at that expression of countenance. Charmingly ridiculous."—Arkansaw Traveler.

A Heartless, Heartless Man.

"I can never be anything more to you than a sister, Mr. Nevins," said Miss Kajones, with a moonlight smile.

"Indeed," said the young man bitterly, as he took his hat, walked to the door with a slow, despairing, Henry George movement, and stood on the threshold a moment, "you will live to regret this. I am going to open a large candy store next week."

"O, Leonidas! Leonidas! I am yours!" she exclaimed. But she spoke to the empty air. It was already too late. He had gone. —Chicago Tribune.

A Thankless Job.

Omaha Man (coming out of a funeral)—Well, well! A hearse, but no carriages and no mourners! Who can it be?

Editor—That must be the funeral of Jinks who worked on our staff.

"I should think the whole editorial, reportorial and typographical force would have turned out if the deceased had been a comrade. That funeral which just passed had no mourners."

"Jinks was proof reader."—Omaha World.

Art in Chicago.

Chicago Dame (in Chicago art store)—That is just the sort of picture I want. Ask the proprietor to show it to me.

New Boy—The boss is out just now, but I seed him sell that picture to another lady only half an hour ago. He's gone to get a man to haul it away, I guess. It's a Raphael.

"Too bad. Well, tell Mr. Raphael to paint me one like it."

"Yes ma'am." He and his men is awful busy at the factory now, but I guess he can fill your order."—Omaha World.

Easy Work at Home.

"I see the papers advertising easy work at home," said Mrs. Brown, as her husband settled himself in his easy chair to read the evening news.

"Yes," he replied, "I have noticed advertisements of that kind."

"Well," she said, as she prepared to wash a sinkful of dirty dishes, "it ain't housework, you bet!"—Boston Courier.

A Heavy Old Time Server.

"Ma," said Bobby, after a thoughtful silence, "do you know that I don't believe Santa Claus is really as good as he is cracked up to be?"

"Why, Bobby, what makes you think that?"

"Because he gives the nicest presents to little boys and girls that have rich pas."—New York Sun.

Able to Hold His Own.

Mrs. Rosner (the landlady)—Mr. De Smith has just had his breakfast, Mr. Simpson, and he made no complaints about the butter.

Mr. Simpson—No, I s'pose not. De Smith, you know, is something of an athlete.—Texas Siftings.

A Sure Sign.

First Member—Has Senator Edmunds come in yet?

Second Member—I think so. I just saw the janitor opening all the registers.—Drift.

HENRY HANCHETT,
GROCER,
CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY
dealer in
Staple and Fancy GROCERIES
Fruits and Vegetables
IN SEASON.
Ferris & Co's. celebrated
HAMS, BACON
and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at
SCHWED BROS.
7 East Front St.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.
The leading druggist of Miss Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE
And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.
Mrs. M YAEGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.
Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of
J. H. Ferster, Veterinary Surgeon,
72 East Fifth street,
Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE
The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your house or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. H. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. B. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES
Do your own dyeing, at home, with Peerless Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—all colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 5-17-1y

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors,
and Practical Embalmers.
Office, Warerooms and residence No. 7 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 44.

SLEIGHS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Repairing in Fall in all its branches at
L. M. FRENCH'S
CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

A. W. RUNYON & SON
Undertake in and Embalme
38 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call 33. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office on Rehoboth cemetery

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,
Su cessor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 92.

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C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 350.
Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,
Established 1850
Carpenter & Builder,
36 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

K. A. Ross,
Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mou dings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Sc ll and Turned work at reasonable rates. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums.
Car ente and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Evens, P. O. Box 350.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard.
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212.

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AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of public Buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam. Agent for the Dunning and Kronmier Self Feeding Boiler. Send for illustrated catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
OFFICE
80 Somerset Street.
My References my work.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.
Try the Brunswick Ham, recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

L. HEYNIGER,
63, 65 and 67 Somerset street,
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.
WOODENWARE
etc., at LESS than New York Prices.
TELEPHONE CALL 113.
Hecker's Goods in great variety.

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWERS
at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strangers for drawing and oil painting

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Smith & Cahill,
REAL ESTATE,
Insurance,
STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION
BROKERS,
25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grains and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.
Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.
J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

George D. Morrison,
dealer in
FLOUR AND FEED,
NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's
XXXX
BEST FLOUR.
This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.
GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High
But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are
WAY DOWN
Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh. table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.
KENNEY BROS.

Christmas Goods
at
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET.
A large line of useful
Holiday Presents
at prices that will please everybody.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
TO LET UNFURNISHED.
Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
FIRE INSURANCE.
Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
Telephone No. 90.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP
corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1865. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, bridges building columns, girders, sewer and well covers, grate bars, flower pots, stove grates, tailor's irons, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. New machinery built to order or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc.
J. H. KENYON

PLAINFIELD, ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less room than others. No work half done. Our apparatus is approved by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 1491, Telephone call 25, Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELLS
BLACK HOSIERY
GUARANTEED
for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crack, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.
Sold in Plainfield only by
HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
Stoves and Ranges,
CUTLERY
SLEIGH BELLS AND
SKATES
13 E. Front street.
Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

WE HAVE
Sold Nearly
all of our great bargains which we have advertised so largely, but have a few left which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of between now and the New Year, when we will withdraw any left over, to make room for our large spring stock.
A Reduction of 25 per cent. in overcoats.
WERNER'S
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.
A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

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Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
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Fire Insurance,
18 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York, Hanover of New York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J.
Insurance effected on all kinds of property furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.
Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargain in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

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B. T. BARNES'
Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.
ALL OUR OWN MAKE.
OPPOSITE P. O.

BUILDER
James H. Pope,
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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,
P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.
Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience

Ranges & Stoves
with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of
HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES
will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Special attention called to the "Docksail" range, which cannot be excelled.
H. ANDERSON.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.
The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. H. H. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.
P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER.
Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elec tricians of the city of Brooklyn, I am now prepared to do plumbing in any building, 5-17 or over, 3 North avenue Plainfield. 5-17

PARK HOUSE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel.
Terms reasonable.
EVAN JONES,
PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,
19 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market
GEO. A. MOORE.
(Of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
Fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season, at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

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G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL PAPER.
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INTERIOR DECORATIONS
321 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE,
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W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
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All Work Promptly Attended to.

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Woolston & Buckle
28 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

GREAT REDUCTION
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WALL PAPERS
Fine assortment of the Celebrated French ILLUMINATED PAPERS
Handsome paper, 5c a roll and upward.
ADAMS,
19 PARK AVENUE

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 40 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus in Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by Electricity. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-25-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Demeza's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street, addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine sugars, Teas, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar Spices old, fruit, jellies and jams. White Grave Hill Yellow Rock, Stone, Earthen and Glassware. Flower Pots. Sporting Goods Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
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No. 13 East Third street, P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets measured and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

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Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 18 West Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Bonnes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Manicuring and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
72 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 14.

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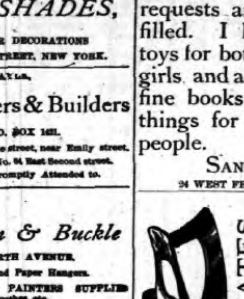
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,
Driven Wells,
Gas Fixture and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easily. Over 20 years experience. Fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 32 E Front.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 3 & 5 West Front street.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.
On and after date I will be at Rand's to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.
SANTA CLAUS.
34 WEST FRONT STREET.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Boys, Girls and Everybody
ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone 72
J. P. LAIRE & CO.
Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

FOR BARGAINS
in new and second-hand
House Furnishing
GOODS
and for
FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK
and
UPHOLSTERING
call at the store of
J. S. POWLISON
35 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to buy in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Staats, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,
FLOUR MERCHANT,
Best brands of
Flour, Feed, Grain,
Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack. Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 32. P. O. Box 1021.

FOTOGRAFS,
Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post office.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't hender the bread, but first class flour is used which makes it unequaled in quality.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continuance of the same.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 37 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE ALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—The Borough naptha gas lights burned somewhat better last night.

—The McNish, Johnson & Slavin Minstrel troupe will appear at Music Hall Tuesday, Jan. 17th.

—Prayer meetings are held at the First Baptist church every evening this week, excepting Saturday, at 8 o'clock.

—Kenney Bros., the North avenue fruiters, have added a choice assortment of teas and coffees to their stock of delicacies.

—The unused electric light wires and iron arms in the Borough streets are being removed by the Electric Light Company.

—The North Plainfield Democratic Association will hold an important meeting in French's Hall, on Somerset street at eight o'clock this evening.

—For the better accomodation of her patients Mrs. Dr. Abbie Cutter will deliver her remaining lectures this week at 11 a. m., Friday and Saturday, Jan. 13th and 14th.

—At their meeting last night the Winfield Scott Post, No. 75, tendered the services of the Post, the use of arms and equipments and drum corps for Mr. Hagar's Allegory, which will be presented at the Stillman Music Hall Jan. 31st and 28th.

—A German class having been organized under the instruction of Rev. F. Koechli, an opportunity is offered to members of the Y. M. C. A. to join the class without charges. The class will meet at the rooms Thursday evening of this week at eight o'clock. Applications for membership in the Association filed at the rooms will admit to the class.

—At the semi-annual election of the Senior Society of the Young Men's Christian Association held last evening the following officers were elected: President, John Lewis; Vice President, Alvan Hedrick; Secretary, David Boe; Treasurer, Nelson VanWinkle. After the election the Seniors and visitors at the rooms were favored with the solos by Messrs. Bowyer of Syracuse and Gilbert, recently of Worcester, Mass. The Crescent Club, of whom John Clark, jr., is president, and C. H. Farley, leader, also rendered several appropriate selections, which were heartily applauded.

PERSONAL.

Edward Meader, the Evona station agent, is lying in a precarious condition from a stroke of paralysis.

Theodore O. Doane, the new Dover keeper of the Gentleman's Gallery of the New Jersey Legislature, is a Plainfield boy.

Assemblyman John Ulrich of this city had the honor of swearing in the members of the House of Assembly at Trenton yesterday.

Yesterday Assemblyman Ulrich was on the committee to notify the Governor that the Legislature was ready to receive the message.

George Fairchild of 16 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, rejoices in the possession of a junior whose arrival occurred last Saturday. The boy's weight is ten pounds.

Miss Nellie Carey and Miss Kate Mahoney will be the contestants for the ladies' gold watch at the coming bazaar of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society.

After the adjournment of the Fire Board, on Senator Rudolph Lavington took a seat in the Council Chamber, and interestedly watched the course of the license ordinance.

Mrs. Margaret Anglemun died at her residence at No. 50 West Front street, Jan. 30, 1888. Mrs. Anglemun became a Christian in her early womanhood, when she joined the Methodist church at 431 street, New York. She moved from New York to Washington Valley in 1842, and was married Dec. 28th, 1844. She lived in Plainfield from 1844 until 1869, when she moved to Dunellen, remaining there until 1878, when she returned to Plainfield.

Mangled His Hand at the Saw.

Oscar Zelbaum, whose residence is at Short Hills, mangled his hand with the circular saw at the Pond Tool Works yesterday. He is a carpenter employed at the saw and planer outside of the works. Just after starting up the engine he struck his hand against the revolving sharp-toothed steel, and his fore-finger was cut off at the lowest joint, while his middle finger was badly torn. He was removed to the Muhlenberg Hospital, where Dr. Probasco dressed his wounds. Dr. Field has charge of the patient, who passed a comfortable night. Mr. Zelbaum has a wife and five children.

The Driver Thrown but Unhurt

A horse attached to a close cab, belonging to Dr. C. M. Field, became frightened in the vicinity of the Park avenue railroad bridge at about nine o'clock this morning, and ran away, throwing the colored driver out. The doctor, who was inside the cab, being unable to obtain possession of the reins opened the door and jumped out. The frightened animal was caught in front of the Post-office by Policeman Lynch. No one was injured.

Round Brook's Budget.

Among the passengers to change cars for Philadelphia this morning on the 8:20 train were Messrs. Lewis E. Darbaker and Wm. H. Shotwell, with their wives, en route to Washington, D. C. We can not say at present which one expects an appointment or some foreign mission, or which wants the P. M. of the North Plainfield Borough.

Christopher Hoagland of Bloomington, who is in the employ of L. A. Dunn as a news boy, had three fingers mashed by a passenger car door which blew shut on his hand as he attempted to pass from one car to another at Dunellen yesterday. Two fingers were so badly injured as to require amputation. Chris. is a son of Calvin Hoagland.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

SECOND MEETING—CUTTING MAYOR MALE'S LICENSE ORDINANCE.

The $1,000 Scheme not Licensed—Fees for Hotels Raised $250—Now $500 for All—The Hour for Closing Bars Remains 12 Midnight—Geo. P. Suydam Made City Judge—Other Business.

The lobby in the City Council Chamber was well filled, last evening, with persons anxious to see what would be done with Mayor Male's liquor license ordinance. There was considerable talking, among both lobby and Councilmen, and the meeting was not called to order until 8:25, when President Marsh took the chair. Those present were: Messrs. Carey, Dumont, Dunham, Erickson, Marsh, Moffett, Randolph, Taylor, Watson, Wilbur, Absent, Mr. Squires. The minutes of the last meeting were read by City Clerk Leonard: in them the "late Fire Board" was spoken of. The word "late," it was suggested by Mr. Taylor, would be better left out, inasmuch as the Fire Board was still in existence and was at that moment in session in the Court-room at the rear of the Council Chamber. The word was ordered stricken out, and with that amendment the minutes were approved.

At the beginning of the session Corporation Counsel Marsh was present but, he soon withdrew to meet an important business engagement. The venerable Mayor, Job Male, sat in his accustomed place throughout.

A communication was received from Justice V. W. Nash, with a check of $25 for fines collected. Referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication was received from Eugene V. Lorton, Grand Keeper of Records and Seals of Knights of Pythias, requesting the use of the Council Chamber on the occasion of the meeting of the Grand Lodge, Feb. 16th and 17th. Mr. Dunham moved that the request be granted. Mr. Dumont said it would be establishing a bad precedent. Mr. Dunham amended his motion, which had been duly seconded, by moving that the terms for renting be referred to the Finance Committee. The motion as amended was adopted. Messrs. Dumont and Erickson voting no.

A communication from Wm. McD. Corbell, L. Randolph and others, calling attention to the bad condition of Clinton avenue from the Evona station to the county line at Green Brook and especially to recent washouts that have been caused by the heavy rains, was referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Health.

A communication from Chas. Graves, H. A. Wheeler, R. R. Corbell and others, again calling attention to the inadequacy of the sewer pipe at the junction of the railroad and Liberty street, and stating that the accumulating water in the cellars was damaging to property and hurtful to health, was referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Health.

A communication from Jeremiah Manning, Clark, Potter, Hatfield Bros. and others, requesting electric lights for South Second street from Plainfield avenue to Muhlenberg place, and on South avenue to Clinton avenue, was referred to the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps.

The $15,000 bond of City Treasurer Alexander Titsworth, with the names of E. R. Pope, A. Vanderbeek, Jos. S. Cutter, J. F. Buckle and John Chandler as sureties, was referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances.

A communication from John Ulrich, stating that inasmuch as he had just qualified as Assemblyman he desired to tender his resignation as City Judge. Mr. Taylor moved that the resignation be accepted. Adopted.

The 825 o'clock of Justice Nash was reported correct and was ordered transferred to the City Treasurer.

The bond of City Treasurer Titsworth was reported correct and ordered recorded.

Mr. Wilbur moved to elect a City Judge, and nominated Geo. P. Suydam. Mr. Dunham nominated Wm. R. Codington. Messrs. Wilbur and Dunham were appointed tellers. Mr. Suydam received six votes. Mr. Codington four. President Marsh declared Mr. Suydam elected. Mr. Dunham moved that the election be made unanimous. Carried.

Mr. Taylor introduced the liquor license ordinance which the Corporation Counsel had been ordered to prepare, embodying the suggestions made in Mayor Male's message.

The ordinance provided: 1—That the license for the year be fixed at $1,000 for all, instead of $300 for hotels and $500 for saloons. 2—That the ten signers of license applications must be duly qualified voters. 3—That no person may, within one year, sign two applications. 4—That all bars must be closed from 10 p. m. to 6 a. m. instead of from 12 p. m. to 6 a. m. 5—That each person granted a license must sign an agreement that he will conform to all the ordinances under which the license is granted, under penalty of forfeiting his license.

Mr. Randolph moved that the ordinance be laid on the table.

"I think," he said, "that we can't improve on our present license laws. There would be no end trouble in the licensing of the city's revenue, the increasing of illegal selling, and the benefiting of one or two. This ordinance is the work of our eminently respectable temperance people. It ought to be laid on the table, and ought to stay there."

Mr. Wilbur seconded Mr. Randolph's motion.

Mr. Dumont asked if the motion were debatable. Mr. Marsh said no: it was merely thought courtesy he had allowed Mr. Randolph to speak.

The motion was lost.

Ayes—Moffett, Watson, Wilbur, Randolph —4

Noes—Carey, Dumont, Dunham, Erickson, Taylor—5.

DISCUSSING THE ORDINANCE.

Mr. Dupont moved to amend Section 1 by substituting $500 for $1,000, thus making all license fees $500, for both hotels and saloons. The motion was carried.

Ayes—Dumont, Erickson, Randolph, Watson, Wilbur—5.

Nays—Carey, Dunham, Taylor—3.

Not voting—Marsh, Moffett—2.

Mr. Dumont moved to adopt the amended section on the second reading. The motion was carried by a vote viva voce.

Section 2 was then taken up. Mr. Dumont said that most license applications were already made out, and that if the section were adopted a great deal of trouble would ensue. The section was lost by a vote viva voce.

Section 3 was made Section 2. It was carried unanimously.

Section 4 became Section 3. Mr. Dumont moved to amend by making 11 o'clock the hour for closing. Mr. Randolph suggested that the old hour, 12, ought to remain unchanged. Mr. Dumont's amendment was lost.

Ayes—Carey, Dumont, Erickson—3.

Noes—Moffett, Randolph, Taylor, Watson, Wilbur—5.

Section 5 was made section 4. This was carried. Mr. Dunham, upon the agreement to comply with all ordinances. Adopted unanimously.

"Now," said Mr. Taylor, "I move that the ordinance as adopted be read, so that we see what there is left of it."

After the reading the ordinance was ordered engrossed and advertised in THE NEWS, Times and Constitutionalist.

The auditing committee reported correct the following bills, which were ordered paid: S. R. Pope, $302.40; James Clark, $100; John Ulrich, $33.33; Times Printing and Publishing Co., $10.75; W. R. Mattox, $4; Chas Giess, $4.25; J. R. Noel, $5.25. Poor bills—Ladies Relief Association, $103.25; J. McGinley, $3; F. Consia, $13.50; M. Farlee, $4; Knights of Pythias, $4; Jas. Cannon, 4; John Darby, $26.75; N. Y. and N. J. G. G. J. Co., $170.66.

On motion of Mr. Taylor, applications for street lights were called from the table and referred to the Committee on Streets.

Adjourned at 9:20.

When the Council began to tear Mayor Male's ordinance to pieces the Mayor grew violently red and compressed his lips tightly together, and there was a murmur apparently of satisfaction, from the lobby, and smiles were freely interchanged.

What the Hotel Men Say.

The saloon-keepers are jubilant over the result, but the hotel proprietors are not so joyful.

"I don't think that the new plan is a just one," said H. H. Stanle, proprietor of the City Hotel, when interviewed by a NEWS reporter to-day. "If Council had raised on the saloons as well as on the hotels I would have nothing to say, but I don't think it just that the hotels should be put at the same level with the saloons. Council could hardly have considered that it takes a pile of money to run a hotel, while but little is needed to carry on a saloon business; and that a good hotel is a benefit a necessity to the community. I think that the result of the raise on hotels may be to close the hotels altogether. The proprietors talk of applying for only saloon licenses, and may shut up their houses, all but the barrooms. In a hotel it costs at least $7,000 for furnishing, in the first place, and expensive help has to be always hired, whether there are many guests or few. Many can hardly afford and ought to pay more than hotels. As regards the ten-o'clock movement, I have always been in favor of that."

Mr. J. B. Miller, proprietor of Laing's Hotel, said: "I think that if the matter had been left to a vote of the people the hotel license fee would not have been raised. Under the new license fee it would be better to run a first class saloon than a hotel. There's no money in the hotel business, anyway. I don't see how the 10 o'clock business could be made to work. Why, we don't generally get in until 1.15, and I guess that Plainfield wouldn't want its visitors to walk the streets all night."

A YEAR'S RECORD.

Report of the P. R. C. Executive Committee for 1887.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. Jan. 5, '88.

Mr. President and members of Reform Club.

GENTLEMEN:—Again it becomes the duty of your Executive Committee to report to you the condition of the property of the Club and the transactions of the Committee for the year ending to-day.

The Club building is in excellent repair in all respects. A storm vestibule has been placed on the Central avenue entrance, at a slight cost, as all the labor and much of the material used was donated by the members of the Club.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee held December 9th, '87, the chairman appointed a committee of one to see an architect and builder, and find out the expense of putting a sliding door partition across the basement of the building. This would enable the Club to utilize both lower parts, and in fact make two beautiful rooms, which could be used separately when desired, or thrown into one large room, as now, when needed for large entertainments.

It would also render the basement of far greater value both to the Club and the ladies who might wish at any time to assist the Club in its work. The chairman has been partially about the matter, but not sufficiently to report anything definitely as to cost.

The general repairs upon the property have been attended to as they presented themselves; but no great amount of expenditure has been needed.

The Committee deemed the insurance insufficient, and have had $2,500 added to our other insurance, which now makes our whole amount on building, furniture and the picture on platform, seven thousand five hundred dollars—$7,500.

Under instructions from the Corporation Counsel of Plainfield, Mr. Hubbard assumed our building and lot, and we had the tax bills sent to us. The chairman together with Mr. Coddington, chairman of Finance Committee, and Mr. Lanphear, treasurer, went before the Court of Appeals in taxation, and there demurred at being assessed and taxed, and after considerable discussion the Commissioners unanimously removed the tax, and the assessor to strike the property from the tax list.

The ball has been rented as usual to various respectable parties for lectures, shows, concerts, etc., during the year. Some times the renting has been against the judgment of the committee, but we felt that the general running expense of the Club must be for the coming, and as the dues were not sufficient to meet them, we felt constrained to rent the hall.

A proposition was made to us early last Spring, namely—"That if we refused to rent the hall for theatrical, dramatic and such entertainments, a subscription of five hundred dollars ($500) would be raised to assist in defraying the expenses of the Club." The proposition was most cheerfully accepted, and we have not rented it for such purpose since. We have not yet received the subscription list, but hear that it is nearing completion, and have faith to believe that when needed it will be forthcoming.

At a joint meeting of a committee of ladies from the W. C. T. U. and Executive Committee, held May 1st, last, the ladies expressed themselves crippled in their numerous departments for want of room.

The Executive Committee suggested the idea of building an annex, such as they might require, on the rear of the lot, which would accommodate all of their work, and keep both Club and Union banded together for the great cause, and enable both more effectually to perform their work either separately or together. To this the ladies objected, and have since rented rooms in another part of the city, which they rent at the high monthly until further notice, and continue to hold regular meetings in the upper room every Sunday morning and afternoon.

We trust they may to prosperous in all their undertakings, and whether the work is done here or elsewhere, it may be done to the building up of temperance and general welfare of mankind.

As no provision had been made, as heretofore, for a course of entertainment for the season, some kind friends came to our aid and offered to get up a course of free lectures and musical entertainments, which was gladly accepted by us. These lectures have been given as frequently as possible, and they have been exceedingly well attended, and we trust the reaming ones will be, also.

The membership of the Club has increased during the year; no member has been expelled for either violation of pledge or non-payment of dues.

The usual weekly Thursday evening meetings have been held without an intermission, and the interest felt is wonderful, especially recently. Within the past eight weeks over a hundred have signed the pledge, mostly men.

Our Sunday night meetings have continued, and with the same old-time enthusiasm, as has been shown by the large audiences present.

The Club is on a firmer foundation to-day than it ever has been, and it is our hope and prayer that it may not only live, but grow, and with its growth become one of the great powers for the permanent establishment of temperance and happiness in our city.

H. H. LOWE and Chairman,
H. N. SPENCER,
JOHN H. FRENCH,
A. VANDERBEEK.

THE FIRE BOARD MEETS.

Discussing the Matter of Fuel Supply.

Last night was the date and eight o'clock the hour set for the regular January meeting of the Plainfield Fire Board. When President Jones called the meeting to order Commissioners Livingston, McClure and Rogers answered to the roll call. Commissioners Brower and Knowland were absent.

Mr. Rogers was elected secretary protem.

On motion of Mr Livingston the regular order of business was suspended for the evening.

President Jones stated that as Mr. McClure was ill, the Commissioners would be obliged to adjourn the meeting over until some future date suitable to the other members of the Board.

Before adjourning Mr. McClure said he wished to make a statement. He then said: "On Saturday I gave the order for coal to Nos. 1 and No. 2 Engine Co. To-day I received notice from the chief engineer that the supply was exhausted and that the companies were in need of more coal. I want to know whether the Board intend supplying coal. If you say supply it I will do it, but I am not going to lay myself personally liable. I told the chief not to run any heaters at all."

Mr. Rogers—"But the steamers have to be kept warm, or the water will freeze up."

Mr. Livingston was of the same opinion as Mr. Rogers.

Mr. McClure—"On Nov. 9th I also gave No. 2 an order for one load of wood, to be used in case of fire. To-day I was requested to furnish more wood, and there has not been one fire."

Mr. Rogers—"If we do not keep the apparatus in good working order, the city will hold us responsible."

Mr. McClure—"They cannot do it. What has the city got to say when the Supreme Court says we don't keep it?"

Mr. Rogers moved that the treasurer be authorized to furnish two tons of coal per month to each company. The motion occasioned considerable debate.

Mr. Livingston—"Does the Supreme Court decision lead us the right to assess and collect taxes, I am done and won't lay myself liable for $1. We don't propose to heat places for people to sit in."

Mr. Rogers—"Suppose we don't heat the steamers be authorized to furnish one ton of coal to No. 1 and No. 2 each, for the heaters, perfect."

President Jones then notified the firemen against when charges had been preferred, to appear before the regular meeting.

A communication from David J. Carney, stating that he had been illegally expelled from Warren Engine Co. No. 1, was filed.

Benjamin A. Mansfield stated that he had been illegally expelled from Hook and Ladder Co., but that he was reinstated, had been reelected and had been refunded.

He further requested the Fire Board to grant him his exemption certificate.

The motion to adjourn over until next Tuesday night was carried and carried.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Union County's Third District and Plainfield Honored.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 11.—Joint meeting this morning. John J. Toffey re-elected State Treasurer, Major Anderson Comptroller, Samuel Dudley Stelting and Peter Wamser of Jersey City were made Police Justices. Ex-Speaker Armstrong was chosen Judge of District Court in Camden County. The committees were all appointed this p. m. Assemblyman Ulrich of Plainfield is Chairman of Committee on Ways and Means, is second on Committee on Corporations, and is also on joint Committee of Industrial School for Girls. Matthews is on the Committee for Bills Revision. Voorhees is on the Committee on Education. Senator Miller is on the Finance Committee. Adjourned until Monday night.

THE STRIKE GROWS.

The Executive Board Indorses the Reading Revolt.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—The strike now assumes large and definite proportions. It has been practically sustained by the Executive Board of the Knights of Labor, and will be maintained in order. A full statement of the miners' grievances was made and the members of the Executive Board agreed there could be no question of the justice of that strike.

The strike of the railroaders, ordered by the Reading Convention, was then considered. A manifesto signed by Hayes, Aylesworth and Barry, approves that strike, also. President Corbin is now alive to the situation.

The Fire Fiend's Sweep.

GOSHEN, Ind., Jan. 11.—The Julian House burned at midnight. Incendiarism suspected. Several guests perished. Loss, $7,000; insurance, $2,000.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 11.—Four story building at 280 East Madison street destroyed at 1 a. m. to-day. The Nonantum, Nonatuck, Florence and Corticelli silk companies lose $300,000.

MERIDEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—Eighty horses and 11 cars burned in stables of horse railroad company late last night.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—A fire broke out this morning in Gainey's Carpet Cleaning Works, at No. 347 West Forty-Seventh street. At twenty minutes past eleven the fire was still burning.

—A horse driven by Mr. Fitzpatrick, foreman of the gang in charge of the erection of the incandescent lights, ran away this morning. No one was hurt.

Westfield Wisps.

John VanBunkirk started Tuesday for a few weeks' stay at St. Augustine, Florida. He took advantage of the new excursion train which will run from Westfield.

Wm. H. Moore of Clark street, who has been sick so long, died Tuesday morning. Mr. Moore was a resident of Westfield for about twenty years. Until last year he was active in the harness business.

The Fairview Country Association held their annual meeting last Monday night and elected the following trustees: W. W. Conolly, C. B. Ripley, A. F. Grant, James T. Brower and Thomas Speedy. The treasurer reported $1,500, and a cash balance of $689 in the treasury. Twenty lots were sold during the past year. The improvements begun last Fall will be continued as soon as possible.

Alexander Richardson, a colored man, took a chance in a raffle for a hog, and drew the lucky number. The hog weighed 485 pounds, dressed, and may be seen at H. H. Woodruff's meat market.

Geo. W. Tice has removed for a short time with his family to board at Mrs. Manning's, preparatory to moving into his large mansion on Dudley avenue.

STATE NOTES.

Patrick Neville of Bloomfield has brought suit for $10,000 damages against the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad for injuries received at the Grove street crossing. He is now on crutches. He refused an offer of $1,000 in settlement.

A balance of $8,558.49 has been ordered by the Orange Common Council to be paid to the Overseer of the Poor by John L. Blake, attorney for the city, being the residue of the estate of George Mills and wife, who died ten years ago leaving no heirs.

Frederick Ritzy, the Jersey City boy who was arrested for throwing a powder bomb and a hot stove in the house of the Sisters of Peace, was arraigned in Court yesterday and pleaded guilty to an indictment for atrocious assault and battery. He was bailed to appear Friday for sentence.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding days of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

	1888	1887		
7 a. m.	18	7	Sun rises	7 26
2 p. m.	36	17	Sun sets	4 55
12 to	25	22	Moon rises	5 23
9 p. m.	25	25	Moon sets	

MUSIC HALL.

Tuesday, January 17,

The one Small Troupe of the World!

McNISH, JOHNSON and SLAVIN'S

Refined Minstrels

McNish, Johnson and Slavin, Sole Owners.
L. P. Phelps, Sole Manager.

Positively the Smallest Singers, Greatest Dancers, Funniest Comedians, Finest Dressers, Highest Salaried, Handsomest, Unique, Best Looking, Thoroughly Equipped, Refined Minstrel Troupe Ever Organized. The Only Refined Minstrel Troupe Ever Allowed Most Artistic and Refined Minstrel Show in the whole world. Seats now on sale at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's drug stores.

Canton-Wood-Columns.

A RESPECTABLE American girl wants a situation at light housework in a small family. Address C. S. care of EVENING NEWS. 9

APARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 32 West Third street. 30-4tr

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wishes situation in private family. Address E. S. care of Evening News. 13-2

FOR SALE CHEAP—Three second-hand bedsteads, a lady's pocket-book containing three dollars and eleven cents. Reward will be given to finder if returned to 118 Jackson avenue.

MRS. JEANNETTE POUND, Fashionable Dress-Maker, 51 West Second street, between Madison and Central avenues, Plainfield, N. J. 10-6

RICHARD SCWERER of Hillside avenue, Nodonough Station, has for sale stray chicken. Owner pay expenses and secure.

$2,500 to loan on first mortgage security. Apply to E. C. Maltbied, broker, opposite depot. 1-3 tf-s

Special Notices.

REPUBLICAN RALLY

The U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield will hold their regular meeting at Spencer's Hall, Thursday, Jan. 12th at 8 o'clock p. m. Important business will be presented and all Republicans are respectfully urged to attend. ALEX. MILNE, Pres.
H. N. SPENCER, Sec. Pro Tem. 11-3

CALL—DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the Democratic Association at French's Hall, Wednesday evening Jan. 11th, at 8:00 o'clock; every Democratic voter is earnestly requested to be present as business of great importance will be transacted.
SAMUEL TOWNSEND, President.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the undersigned, composing the firm of M. H. FRENCH'S SONS, dealers in flour, feed, grain, etc., have this day dissolved partnership. Partial consent. All accounts due the said firm will be paid to C. Frank French, who will continue the business at No. 60 Somerset street.
C. FRANK FRENCH,
for M. H. FRENCH'S SONS.

Private Lecture.

Dr. Abbie E. Cutter,

In response to personal invitations from her patrons on a former visit to this city has returned and will be pleased to meet her friends and all ladies, who are interested in their own or their children's health, at the hall over the City National Bank, Front St., Friday and Saturday, January 13 and 14 inst., at 2.30 p. m. Dr. Cutter can be consulted from 9 a. m. to 12 m. daily for a short time at the City Hotel. Can locate disease and describe all conditions of mind or body without asking a question. Admission 25c.

Some Rare Bargains

are being offered at

EDSALL'S

January Bargain SALE

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Commencing To-morrow and continuing throughout the month

Throughout every department prices will be made so low that it will be to everyone's interest to visit our store, knowing full well that every one of the bargains for this month they can obtain the most for their money. We don't keep poor goods and do not push out poor, trashy stuff and call it a bargain. We don't keep that kind. Every article we offer at cut prices will be good seasonable goods that are wanted every day in the year. We commence this sale Tuesday and will offer new fresh goods every day. You will find our new special bargain tables interesting. We want every one to come to this sale. You will find special prices on Hosiery and underwear, Cambrics, Ginghams, Bleached and Brown Domestic Dress Goods, Prints, Ticks, Towels and Napkins, Red, White and Blue Flannels and in our Crockery, Glass and Tinware Department you will find goods that are always needed, but can't always buy at the prices we are offering them at now.

VanEmburgh & White.

HENRY HANCHETT,

GROCER,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

dealer in

Staple and Fancy GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN SEASON.

Parrie & Co's. celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

GO TO

ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

for Rubber Stamps for marking Linen, for Printing Cards, Bill Heads, Wrapping Paper, Envelopes, etc., at

Lowest Prices.

Also for Music, Toys, Games, etc.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. Box 1467,

Some Rare Bargains

are being offered at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street,

for The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

The Plainfield Electric Light Company.

Office and Lighting Station Madison Ave.

Incandescent Lighting for

STORES, CHURCHES, DWELLINGS, Public Buildings, etc.

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

N. W. FRENCH,

dealer in

Flour, Meal, Feed, Hay, Oats,

Chicken Wheat, etc.

FOURTH STREET,

near Park Avenue. P. O. Box 1447, Plainfield, N. J.

Having had long experience as seller, I can serve customers good goods in any lots, delivered to any part of the city or borough.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. Box 1467,

:28 EAST FRONT STREET. 24 tf

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
W. HOMERSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
And delivered within the City and Borough, Dunellen and Grant Park, for Ten Cents per week, payable to the carrier of the United States mail in your paper in advance.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1888.

GOV. GREEN'S MESSAGE.

OPENING OF NEW JERSEY'S 112TH LEGISLATURE.

The State Executive's Annual Recommendations Read and Ordered Printed. The Commercial and Industrial Condition—Monopolies Condemned.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 11.—The 112th session of the New Jersey legislature was opened at 3 o'clock yesterday. In the senate George H. Large, from Hunterdon, was chosen president, and Richard B. Reading, of Hunterdon, was made secretary. The other officers of that body were those chosen by the Republican caucus.

President Large retired briefly to the labor difficulties, and favored biennial sessions of the legislature. A resolution was passed by the senate and concurred in by the house in a joint meeting held this afternoon for the election of a comptroller and state treasurer. Comptroller Anderson and State Treasurer Toffey will each be re-elected.

In the house the organization was effected in accordance with the Republican caucus action. After the organization had been effected Governor Green in person delivered and presented his first annual message, which was read and ordered printed. Governor Green, in his message, treats in detail of nearly all matters of importance to the people. He says there is just complaint of the unequal operation of the general tax laws of the state, and suggests that the proper action allowing a deduction for debts from taxable property is one which is open to serious abuse, the practical result of which is that a large proportion of indebtedness is never reported for the purpose of the creditor, unless he is mortgagee residing in the state. The total amount of the income of the school fund for the fiscal year was $782,429. From this income of the fund $76,828.06 was expended under various acts, and $100,000 was appropriated for public schools, leaving $605,601.94 to be applied to teachers' salaries and fuel, leaving a balance of income of $20,344.23 to be added to the principal of the fund. The governor renews the recommendation of his predecessor that the annual appropriation of $100,000 be increased by adding each year the unexpended balance of the income, and recommends that the free library law be extended to townships.

The expenditures in the state prisons for the fiscal year amounted to $92,241.66 more than the earnings of the convicts. The supervisor's report indicates that, in his opinion, the piece price plan is not successful, "whether from lack of experience or a preventive of undue competition with honest labor," and that, in his opinion, the contract system is definitely superior. The system has been in operation only since the expiration of the old contracts in June, 1885. It can, therefore, hardly be claimed that it has had a fair trial. The chief objection to it seems to be on the ground of its unproductiveness. The governor recommends the passage of a law by which the duties of railroad commissioners shall be imposed on the state board of assessors. The powers to be conferred on such a body should be confined to those which relate to the protection of the people and the public interest, and Governor Green intimits the law of Massachusetts as in his judgment, the best to which his attention has been directed. He deplores the formation of "trusts," which are becoming so common throughout the country.

"The right of individuals and of corporations authorized so to do to combine for lawful purposes," he says, "is not to be questioned. When, however, the effect, if not the object, of combination is to control and the market and regulate the price of articles which are useful or necessary to the people in their every day or legitimate pursuits, then their formation is against public policy, which in the interest of the public demands that competition shall not be restricted. The almost general formation of these combinations at the present day should receive the attention of the legislature, and be regulated within proper and harmless bounds, or prevented altogether."

President Large appointed Charles H. Schenck, of Monmouth, as private secretary, and Speaker Dickinson gave Harry M. Barnett, of Essex, the same position in the house.

Killed on the Elevated.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Martin Sheehan, address unknown, 38 years old, was instantly killed last night on the Ninth Avenue Elevated railroad near the Ninety-third street station. He had just stepped out on the platform of the car when the train started with a jerk and she caught hold of the roof of the car and hung there a moment. When she let go of the stanchions of the roof she fell between the cars to the track, the wheels of the car crushing her chest and legs. A jack was procured after an hour and a half's hard work the car was lifted off her body.

Eighty Horses Burned to Death.

MERIDEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—The Meriden horse car stables, on Pratt street, were entirely destroyed by fire early this morning, together with the cars from one and eighty horses. The fire started in the old office from a stove, and when discovered at 12:30 a. m. had completely enveloped the room. An alarm was sounded, but the fire department was now in responding, and the whole stable was consumed.

Fatal Quarrel Between Merchants.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 11.—What will prove to be a fatal shooting affray occurred in this city yesterday at J. D. Barry, late of the firm of Barnes & Nix, shot Leo Owens, a large capitalist and leading business man, three times, one ball entering his neck and two entering his body. The wounds will prove fatal. Owens cut Barnes during a quarrel which occurred between the two men.

Rochester's Chamber of Commerce.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 11.—The first banquet in connection with the recently formed chamber of commerce in this city, was held last evening at the Powers hotel, in this city. It was tendered to the invited guests by Dr. H. Warner, the president, and was attended by 300 gentlemen, including many from out of the city. President Cleveland and others sent regrets.

A Tax Collector $10,000 Short.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., Jan. 11.—There is trouble over the accounts of Henry Fenn Stem, who has been collector of taxes for nine or ten years. The matter was brought to the notice of the council yesterday in a communication from Assessor Beam. Yesterday Mr. Beam said that he had documents to prove that there were shortages amounting to $10,000.

CRASHED INTO THE TANK.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT ON THE BOSTON AND MAINE ROAD.

Cars Jump the Track Into a Water Tank House, Which in Turn Breaks Through the Coaches—Nine Killed and Many Injured.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 11.—A frightful accident occurred to the Portland express, which left Boston at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The scene of the disaster was near the Haverhill bridge, which spans the Merrimac river between Haverhill and Bradford. The train consisted of eight cars in charge of Conductor Weymouth and Engineer French.

The train does not stop at Bradford, and was going at great speed. The Georgetown branch train was standing on the track near the water tank house, at the Bradford end of the bridge, waiting for the express train to pass over to Haverhill. As the express rounded the curve two cars left the rails and went crashing into and through the water tank house. In this house a number of section hands were eating dinner. Mr. J. O'Brien, a retired merchant of Bradford, was talking in the section house, and was killed, together with Mr. Taylor, one of the laborers.

The car that crashed into the tank house knocked the foundations out, letting the heavy tank down upon the car, crushing through the top and doing fearful work with the roof. The next car behind telescoped the car ahead of it, hitting the tank also. The killed and wounded were mostly in these two cars. The cars behind these two ran down alongside the wrecked train, barely escaping a collision with the engine of that train.

The people in the smoker had a thrilling experience. One of the wheels on the front truck broke, and the car bumped against the end of the bridge, causing it to careen, and the car ran upon the bridge for some distance upon the trestle work surrounding the draw way, and leaned against the iron work of the side of the bridge. The passengers, on whom there were about forty, found themselves piled up in the end of the car. It seemed to those who had sufficient presence of mind to think, that the car was tumbling off the bridge to the river below. The passengers gathered up their grips and escaped being seriously injured. As soon as they reached solid ground, such as were able rushed back and helped those who were imprisoned in the wrecked cars.

The entire force of physicians in the city were summoned by telephone, and were quickly on hand, and the wounded were cared for as soon as released. The list of killed foots up nine, as follows:

Clarence Hazlewood, residence unknown; John O'Brien, Bradford; Mr. Goodwin, wife and child, Kennebunk, Me.; William Taylor, section hand; A. S. Walker, Harrison, Me.; Charles Thurlow, Newton Junction, N. H., and Joseph Josslyn, of Boston.

The following is a list of the wounded, some of whom are at private houses, some at the hospital: Mrs. Cary, Bradford; George B. Wentworth, Dover, N. H., scalp wound and shoulder blade broken; Rebecca McKay, Somerville, N. B., leg fractured; Fred McKeon, newsboy, Somerville, Mass., severe contusions on head; Niles Bolin, Brockton, head and arm injured; Hugh Steelengreen, Haverhill, leg injured; Mrs. E. Kimball, of Kimball Brothers, Boston, leg fractured; John Maddon, of Bradford, compound fracture of right leg; Mr. Hall, Haverhill, leg injured and bad scalp wounds; Dennis Shannon, of Bradford, feet and leg badly crushed and scalp wounds, probably fatally injured; an unknown man, apparently about 35 years old, with dark hair, breastpin marked "J," injured on the head and internally, probably fatally; Mrs. Hall, of Waltham, injured, not seriously injured; Miss Etta Owen, right leg and hand badly bruised; John Kelley, of Boston, slight scalp wounds; Bertie Keyes, head cut; Mrs. Charles L. Clark, New York, bruised about chest and face; George Gardner, badly bruised; Ernest Hall, Boston, bruised by falling timber; Frank Litchfield, Virginia, face cut; Calvin McKenna, Auburn, Me., head cut and other injuries; George H. Odell, Boston, face cut; Frank A. Rowe, Lowell, slight injuries; Zenas Thompson, Portland, Me., arm broken and other injuries; Frank Williams, Boston, head cut.

A large number of the slightly wounded continued to their destination, and their names cannot be learned.

Conductor Weymouth escaped injury. Ernest Hatch, of Haverhill, fireman, was hurt by a portion of the building falling on him.

The train was one of the finest equipped on the road, and consisted of one of the company's largest locomotives, which was attached to cars arranged in the following order: Mail car, baggage car, smoker and four new monitor top passenger cars, with the Westinghouse automatic air brake. The train was running according to the company's story, at about eighteen miles an hour, and after the smoking car had broken apart from the rear portion of the train and been thrown beside it on the bridge, the air brake on the car was automatically applied and the car was thrown on its side. It is probable that but for this brake the car would have been thrown into the bound Merrimac river, 100 feet below.

The hard pine stringers of the bridge were badly splintered, but the bridge, which is of iron, withstood the severe strain, and was in no way injured.

There were about forty passengers in the smoking car, as nearly as can be ascertained, but they all escaped without severe injuries, although nearly all of them were badly shaken up. The

OUR FRIEND COLUMBUS.

BARCELONA AND THE DISCOVERER OF AMERICA.

The City is Building a Monument to the Man—How Will the 400th Anniversary of the Discovery be Celebrated?—Some Ancient History Retold.

On a certain night, the 400th anniversary of which will roll around Oct. 11, 1892, a little fleet of vessels, under command of Christopher Columbus, was approaching the coast of America. That day one of the vessels had sighted a bird, a branch of shore, with red berries on it. At 10 p. m. Columbus, while seated on the deck of his vessel, thought he saw a light. He called to Pedro Gutierrez, who also saw it; but Rodriguez Sanchez, who looked for it, saw it not. No one slept that night. At 2 o'clock in the morning—Oct. 12—the sound of a gun was heard on the face of the waters. It came from the Pinta, and was a signal that land had been found. It was more. It was the signal for the beginning of centuries of struggle with races of people whose types were a novelty to Europeans. It was the death signal to Peruvians, Aztecs, and the savages of North America. It announced new governments. Oceans covered with sails, and after-ward with steamers. It was the signal for the beginning of many new nations, one of which is second in wealth and power to none in the world today.

Already the matter of celebrating the coming quadro-centennial side of Columbus' landing is beginning to attract attention. Nearly five years remain in which to make arrangements for it. But as the whole world is interested—at least all Europe and America—perhaps the time is not too long. As seems fitting, the first voice in the matter comes from that people whose ancestors fitted out the expedition which resulted in the discovery, and from the legislative halls of the most numerous and powerful nation of the new continent.

Don Emelio Castalar, a distinguished Spanish statesman, proposes that all the nations of the earth unite—that the initiative take place in Genoa, the birth place of Columbus—Spain, Portugal, Italy, France, England and the United States participating; that each of these nations send a fleet to Palos in Granada, where, after celebrating the anniversary of the sailing of the Spanish expedition on the 1st of August, the international fleet shall sail for the Island of San Salvador, stopping at the Canary islands. By this plan a series of celebrations, at the different points of Columbus' journey may be inaugurated, which can be supplemented by local observances all over the world.

In the halls of congress a committee of five senators and five representatives has already been suggested to take action, with a view to commemorate the event by an international exhibition of the industries and products of all nations. The committee on library, to which the question of this committee of senators and representatives was referred, has reported favorably, and whatever other methods of celebrating the United States may take part in with other nations, it is probable that the matter of this international exhibition will be pushed forward by the government.

While the world is about commencing preparations to commemorate the discovery of America by Columbus, a new statue has been set up in Boston to one of the alleged discoverers of a period dating back more than four centuries before Columbus was born. Leif Ericsson it is claimed, following up the report of one who had been blown near the coast of Greenland, but who had not landed, sailed with a crew of thirty-five men and reached the country soon after, about the year A. D. 1000. These earlier discoveries, however, are involved in obscurity; and while it is improbable that vessels of the various times had been blown so far westward as to have seen the land before Columbus, no advantage was ever taken of the discovery, and the records, if any, are extremely doubtful.

COLUMBUS MONUMENT, BARCELONA.

The work of the Spaniard, at any rate, differed from any former discoverer, real or traditionary. He reported what he had found to a powerful court. Expedition after expedition, settlement after settlement and conquest after conquest took place. Numerous Spanish colonies sprang up in South and Central America, now independent republics. At St. Augustine the Spaniards, at Jamestown the English, and at New York the Dutch planted themselves, the latter to found the great metropolis of the new world.

The cut given with this shows the progress that has already been made on the monument to Columbus that is being erected at Barcelona, Spain. It is expected to finish this monument by next spring, and it will be one of the features of the big exposition to open next year.

Bait for Catching Codfish.

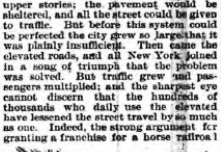
Codfish are now taken at all seasons of the year. The "gear" used is the same as that used in "haddocking," though a few vessels out of Provincetown fish with single lines, one man to a dory. These are called "hand liners." But a peculiarity of cod fishing is that the codfish will only be taken with "seasonable" bait. During the winter many vessels are engaged in the purchase of frozen fresh herring in Canadian ports for the supply of cod fishermen both here, or the Boston, New York and Philadelphia markets. But in summer all codfishers must put into New Foundland ports for fresh bait. The herring can be used until they turn to the caplin, a fish about the size of the smelt, begins "running," and this must be used. Then follows the squid, of the cuttlefish family, which provides bait along the coast in the fall, until herring are again available. The cod are all dressed and salted aboard ship, brought to port, taken off by gangs of men with the single tined "pews," weighed in 600 pound lots, pickled for thirty days, dried upon "flakes" in the open air, with frequent turnings, skinned with marvelous dexterity, packed in bulk, or boned and sent to market in the handsome "pound bricks" now seen in the groceries.—Edgar L. Wakeman in New York Mail and Express.

PROPOSED ARCADE RAILWAY.

A Revived Scheme for Rapid Transit in New York.

The western visitor to New York city who approaches lower Broadway—say about the Astor house or Trinity church side—is startled by the apparent and apparent danger of the crossing. All that section of the city appears congested, if such word be allowable; all the streets are close set with vehicles, and if one team balks or "gives out" there is a jam for many blocks. The other day the writer saw a team attached to an overloaded truck balk at the crossing of Fulton and Broadway; in three minutes there was a jam of wagons, carts and trucks extending westward to Fulton ferry square, and as far up and down Broadway as one could see. It was forty minutes before the jam was broken, and the two great currents in motion up and down the opposite sides of each street. Then it became plain, as never before, how very awkwardly lower New York was laid out. Each longitudinal strip was designed to be only the outskirts, first, of a fort and camp; second, of a trading town; then of a Dutch burg, and then of a small city. When the border of the growing town got up to the present Park row, the city dads concluded it was big enough, and abandoned for a while what little system they had, allowing the side streets to take the fanciful course and names of Park and Bowery. And on top of this irregular Dutch burg has grown the mighty city of New York—a giant in the trundle bed of a boy. So all the cry for twenty-five years has been for "improved transit," "rapid transit."

The first proposition was that the pavements on each side of Broadway should be moved back into the adjoining buildings! In other words, an arched way was to be cut out of the first story of each building on part of the wall when it and the street would remain to support the upper stories; the pavement would be sheltered, and all the street could be given to traffic. But before this system could be perfected the city grew so large that it was plainly insufficient. Then came the elevated roads, and all New York joined in the song of triumph that the problem was solved. But traffic grew and passengers multiplied; and the sharpest eye cannot discover that the hundreds of thousands who daily use the elevated have lessened the street travel by so much as one. Indeed, the strong argument for granting a franchise for a horse railroad



PROPOSED ARCADE RAILWAY.

on Broadway was that the travel had outgrown the cars there. The Brooklyn bridge was looked to for some relief; but the approaches to the bridge cars are jammed with humanity for three hours late every morning, and still the street traffic increases. So New York has taken up the last alternative, an underground railway.

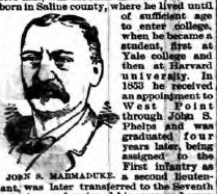
The proposed road is to run from City Hall park over the post office through Elm street, to the Grand Central depot on Forty-second street—a distance of three miles. They call it the "Arcade Road," it sounds better; and the intention is to make all the approaches to its stations very attractive above ground. The road is to be with stations, with a cost but $1,800,000 a mile; but the terminal facilities and rolling stock are expected to cost at least half as much more, and the city authorities insist that tunnels must be provided under the tracks, for all the gas pipes, water pipes and other connecting works. The motive power is to be electricity or the newly adopted fireless steam engine with stored and superheated steam. Two years are allowed for the completion of the three mile section, and thereafter the line is to be extended gradually up to Kingsbridge, at the extreme northern limit of the city. So the reader who does not visit New York till 1894-95 may expect to go down into a beautifully railed basin near the postoffice, take his seat in a pleasant car and be nine miles away in half an hour; for there will be two tracks for express trains and two for way trains.

It should be added that there are those who hold that this project will never be carried out—and of course the influence of the elevated roads will be against it. The scheme was supposed to be near fruition some three or four years ago, but it fell through.

ANOTHER GOVERNOR DEAD.

The Late John S. Marmaduke, of Missouri—His Life Record.

John S. Marmaduke, the bachelor governor of the state of Missouri, is dead at the age of 54. He was a native of the state of which he, as was his father before him, was the chief executive, and was born in Saline county, where he lived until



JOHN S. MARMADUKE.

of sufficient age to enter college, when he became a student, first at Yale college and then at Harvard university. In 1853 he received an appointment to West Point through John B. Phelps and was graduated four years later, being assigned to the First infantry as second lieutenant, was later transferred to the Seventh infantry, and resigned his command upon the breaking out of the civil war to enlist in the Missouri State guard as captain. Being made colonel of infantry he served in Missouri till after the battle of Boonville, when he resigned and went to Richmond, Va., where he was commissioned as first lieutenant in the Confederate army. From this position he rose through all grades successively to that of major general. In 1864 he was captured and held a prisoner till August, 1865. Then he went to Europe, where he remained for some years. When he returned to America he entered business life in Missouri, was appointed state railroad commissioner and served till 1880-82. He was elected governor in 1885. In 1887 Marmaduke and Gen. Marsh Walker fought a duel at Little Rock, Ark., to decide the right to command. Walker was killed but Marmaduke was not hurt.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

A JOLLY RIDE TO THE TUNE OF A MERRY NURSERY JINGLE.

A Story Showing that Mysterious Sights and Sounds May be Explained by Common Sense—Over a Wild Dog Rescues His Companion from Drowning.

One day two days terriers were walking with their owner by the side of a river, and while indulging in their usual frolics, the younger dog fell into the river.

A WISE DOG RESCUES ITS COMPANION.

Tony gave a piteous whine and ran to the foot of the embankment. There he found Polly trying with her forefeet to scramble up a low wall which protected the banks at the water's edge. Tony seized his companion's ear, but finding that he was losing his footing and likely to be pulled into the water, let his hold go, and poor Polly in consequence, was forced to undergo a second ducking. Tony had by no means deserted the unfortunate Polly; he planted his feet more securely, and with his breast resting on the bank, waited until Polly rose to the surface, when he seized her again by the ear, and with a strong determined pull brought her out on to dry land. It need hardly be told that the master of the dogs gave them both an unusually good supper. It ought also be added for the credit of little Polly that she insisted on taking the smaller portion of the ration.

Cunning Crows.

The shrewdness of crows is proverbial, as indeed is that of the entire family to which they belong. Including as it does ravens and rooks, magpies and jays.

The following amusing anecdote was recently told in Youth's Companion: A gentleman saw a dog holding a piece of meat in his mouth, in the presence of three crows. These birds all vainly tried to tear it from him by force. This they could not do, so had recourse to strategy. After a consultation in crow language they separated, two going as near as they dared to the meat, while the third gave the dog's tail a bite sharp enough to make him turn quickly with a squeak, on which the other villains seized the meat, and the three feasted triumphantly upon it on the top of a wall.

An Old Nursery Song.

Pace, pace, pace—
That's the way the ladies ride.
Foot hung down the pony's side.
Pace, pace, pace.
Pacing gently into town,
To buy a bonnet and a gown;
Pacing up the narrow street,
Smiling at the folks they meet—
That's the way the ladies ride.
Foot hung down the pony's side—
Pace, pace, pace.

THAT'S THE WAY THE GENTLEMEN RIDE.

Trot, trot, trot—
That's the way the gentlemen ride,
Over the horse's back astride—
Trot, trot, trot.
Racing after fox and hound,
Leaping o'er the meadow's bound,
Trotting through the woods in spring,
Where the little wild birds sing—
That's the way the gentlemen ride,
Over the horse's back astride—
Trot, trot, trot.

A Mysterious Knock.

Some years ago a gentleman moved into a new house with his family. Shortly after he was aroused in the middle of the night by a distinct knocking at his bedroom door. He called out, "Who is there?" but there was no reply. After a few minutes the knock was repeated as distinctly as before. Again the question was asked, "Who is there?" and again no reply. The gentleman became very loud, and the irritated gentleman sprang out of bed and rushed to the door, determined to catch the knocker. But there was no one outside!

It did seem rather mysterious, and the bewildered man returned to bed with a beating heart and ears painfully awake. Again came the knocking, louder and distinct as before. Although feeling rather uneasy, the gentleman crept silently to the door, and lay down, with his head on the boards, a few feet from the door, to find out if possible from what part of the door the knocking proceeded. When it came again he could distinctly refer it to the lowest panel. Suddenly he opened the door, but again with no result. He discovered, however, the knuckle bone of a leg of lamb, and fixing his eyes on this, he saw that it was pushed repeatedly against the skirting of the boards.

The mystery was now revealed. A mouse had dragged this bone to the entrance of its hole, but could not pull it through. It was holding on by the tough bit of sinew attached to the end of the bone, and was jerking it back and forward, thus producing the knocking sound which had seemed so mysterious.

This story shows that many sights and sounds which seem mysterious may be explained by a little perseverance and common sense.

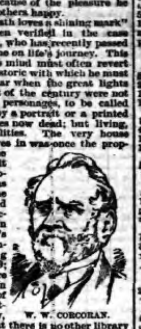
CORCORAN, THE PHILANTHROPIST.

He Has Just Passed His Eighty-Ninth Birthday.

"It seems to be selfish about my money," said W. W. Corcoran, the Washington philanthropist many years ago, "I shall give and enjoy the happiness of those to whom I give. I shall not leave much behind me."

There is a noble modesty about this speech and its humor, that reminds one of some of the sayings of Abraham Lincoln. He may not have given away $7,000,000, regards his gifts as the results of selfishness, because the pleasure he took in making others happy.

The saying "death loves a shining mark" has not yet been verified in the case of Mr. Corcoran, who has recently passed the 89th milestone on life's journey. The venerable giver's mind must often revert to scenes now historic with which he must have been familiar when the great lights of the early part of the century were not mere historical personages, to be called out of the past by a portrait or a printed speech upon linen or the dead; but living, moving personalities. The very home Mr. Corcoran lives in was once the property—at least the central part of it—of Daniel Webster; and it was here that the statesman lived while he was secretary of state in President Tyler's cabinet. This central building dates back to 1819; the two wings were added in 1849. In front of one of these wings is situated the library,



W. W. CORCORAN.

and it is said that there is no other library in Washington housed in so uncommon a room. It is twenty-eight feet from the floor to the skylight in the central part of the vaulted dome which forms the ceiling.

A short time ago Corcoran began to tell who come to see him and to ask his assistance; and it is said that his private charities are not less important than those which are made more public. At 11 o'clock he goes to his office, attending to his affairs during several hours in the middle of the day, though he long ago retired from active business. In his library are many valuable portraits, and letters which would delight the eye of an autograph collector, from Peter Parley, Webster, Calhoun, Fillmore, Tyler and many others.

There was a romance attached to Mr. Corcoran's marriage. He is a self made man, his father having been a shoemaker. The son, however, even when social lines were more tightly drawn in Washington in ante-bellum days, was admitted to a set wherein he met the daughter of Commodore Morris. An attachment followed which was bitterly opposed by the aristocratic commodore, who informed the young man that he looked higher for his daughter. The lady, however, became the wife of Mr. Corcoran, and after-ward, when her family were reduced to straitened circumstances, Mr. Corcoran, with characteristic magnanimity and heart, supported them all comfortably.

Mr. Corcoran has had but one child, a daughter, who married a South Carolinian named Eustis. Both Mr. and Mrs. Eustis are now dead, leaving two sons and a daughter. Mr. Corcoran is said to have been very much attached to his child, and treasures her memory very hear his heart. He and his wife have a crypt at Arlington in which her name and that of Gen. Lee, with whom he was always very intimate, came up: "I have left a letter he ever wrote. It was upon the occasion of my child's death." The Louise Home for Impoverished Gentlewomen is named for the daughter.

The most famous of the establishments that have sprung into being by Mr. Corcoran's liberality is the Corcoran Art gallery. It contains many works of art, both American and foreign. It is very valuable to those pursuing the study of art, every facility being afforded them. His gifts to the Washington and Lee university are said to be very large. This probably sprung from his friendship for Gen. Lee.

Mr. Corcoran is an ardent Democrat.

THE MONTEFIORE HOME.

A New York Hebrew Institution of Great Merit.

At a meeting held in February, 1884, in New York, "for the purpose of taking steps to becomingly mark the approaching 100th anniversary of the birthday of Sir Moses Montefiore" (since deceased), a committee was appointed to report a plan at a future meeting. A month later the committee recommended a "home for chronic invalids" as the best and noblest monument to perpetuate the memory of the man whose virtues were to be honored.

THE MONTEFIORE HOME.

The proposition was adopted, and, with the liberality which characterizes the Hebrew race in such matters, $10,000 was soon subscribed and a temporary home established in New York capable of accommodating fifty patients. This was dedicated on Oct. 10 of the same year, and applications for admission were at once received. The house was soon filled, and three times the number admitted were refused for lack of room. The necessity and the usefulness of such an institution having been demonstrated, it was determined to raise a fund large enough to erect a suitable building. As for the purpose was held in December, 1886, and $160,000 was added to the treasury of the institution.

The directors purchased a suitable plot of ground, taking up a whole block, upon which a new building will be erected at a cost of $150,000. The land is paid for, and sufficient means are on hand to erect a building and buy furniture, there being in addition a regular income from patrons of $25,000.

The style of architecture selected for the building is the French renaissance. The main front will be 200 feet 4 inches, to be constructed of buff colored brick and terra cotta.

Hospitals are usually erected for supposed curable patients. Those who are known to be incurable are not admitted, and if such secure admittance as soon as their true condition is discovered they are turned out of doors. This naturally results in many instances of heart rending distress. The Montefiore Home is intended especially for this class of patients, and it will undoubtedly serve a most excellent purpose.

CENTRAL R. R OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street, Jersey City, and 155th St., Harlem.

Time table in effect Nov. 6, 1892.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 2.37, 5.42, 6.39, 6.39 (7.56 a. m. Sunday), 7.42, 8.42, 9.42, 10.42, 11.42 a. m., 12.42, 1.42, 2.42, 3.42, 4.42, 5.42, 6.42, 7.42, 8.42, 9.42, 10.42, 11.42 p. m., 12.42 night. Sunday at 2.37, 5.42, 6.39, 7.56, 8.42, 9.42, 10.42, 11.42 a. m., 12.42, 1.42, 2.42, 3.42, 4.42, 5.42, 6.42, 7.42, 8.42, 9.42, 10.42, 11.42 p. m., 12.42 night.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 6.43, 6.59, 7.59, 8.43, 9.43, 9.59, 10.59, 11.43, a. m., 12.43, 1.43, 1.59, 2.59, 3.43, 4.43, 4.59, 5.59, 6.43, 7.43, 8.43, 9.43, 10.43, 11.43 p. m., 12.43 night. Sunday at 8.10, 9.59, 9.43, 10.43, 11.43 a. m., 12.43, 1.43, 2.43, 3.43, 4.43, 5.43, 6.43, 7.43, 8.43, 9.43, 10.43, 11.43 p. m., 12.43 night.

Leave Newark at 6.43, 7.05, 8.05, 8.43, 9.05, 10.05, 10.43, 11.43 a. m., 12.05, 12.43, 1.05, 1.43, 2.05, 2.43, 3.05, 3.43, 4.05, 4.43, 5.05, 5.43, 6.05, 6.43, 7.05, 7.43, 8.05, 8.43, 9.05, 9.43, 10.05, 10.43, 11.43 p. m., 12.43 night. Sunday at 8.50 a. m., 12.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05 p. m. Connect for Newark change at Waverly.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.05, 9.45, 11.45 a. m., 1.45, 3.05, 5.05, 6.45, 9.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.05, 11.45 a. m., 5.05, 6.45, 9.45 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.30, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 8.05, 9.25 a. m., 3.05, 4.55, 6.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m., 6.05 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.35, 8.37 a. m., 12.40, 4.35, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Lehigh Canal, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Sundays for Easton.

9.05 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Winona, Manch Chunk.

9.45 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Bethlehem, Reading, Harrisburg etc.

11.45 a. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Nazareth, Bethlehem, Allentown, Hokendauqua, Hellertown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.05, and 6.45 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Bethlehem, Reading, Harrisburg etc.

8.05 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

9.05 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Nazareth, Bethlehem, Allentown, Hokendauqua, Hellertown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 8.37, 8.00, 11.03 a. m., 12.33, 3.56, 4.55 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove 8.00 a. m.

For Perth Amboy, 5.37, 8.00, 8.01 11.03 a. m., 12.33, 3.56, 4.55, 8.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.39 a. m. 6.24 p. m. 1.22 night.

RETURNING.

From Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 7.30, 9.30, 11.00 a. m.; 1.15, 3.05, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.00 a. m.; 8.30, 11.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

From Third and Berks Streets at 8.00, 9.05 (10.40 a. m. Sundays), 11.10, 12.35 p. m.; 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25 p. m. Sunday at 1.35, 9.15, 9.40, a. m., 6.15 p. m.

From Kensington, at 8.10, 10.10, 11.35 a. m.; 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25 p. m. Sunday at 1.35, 9.15, 9.40, a. m., 6.15 p. m.

Parlor cars for passengers by trains marked ● change cars at Bound Brook.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the
BEST Quality
that can be procured in this market. Partizular pains taken to have it well screened and delivered promptly.
All orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
Office 61 Park avenue. P. O. Box 1192. Bird's Yard.

PLAINFIELD, DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.'S
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

ATTENTION!
Right about Face!
MARCH!
to the Shoe Store of
J. J. KENNEY,
20 NORTH AVENUE,
where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

CITY PHARMACY,
21 West Front street.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.
Toilet Requisites, Sponges and preparations of the teeth.
City Pharmacy Position, cleanses and preserves the teeth.
Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.
Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.
City Pharmacy opened Sunday for the sale of Drugs only.
Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.
Telephone call 168.
Field & Randolph.

SPECIAL
MUSLIN SALE.
for the next few days we will sell all the finished brands of Bleached and Unbleached Muslins very much below market prices.
Ladies' White Aprons
We have just received another case of those Ladies' White Aprons, trimmed with Lace and Insertion which we are still selling at 25c
REMNANTS OF RIBBON.
in Black, Brown and Cardinal, all widths, we are closing them out at 4c per yard.
Cloaks! Cloaks!
We have decided to make a deduction of 20 per cent on every cloak sold by us until further notice. We still present each purchaser to the amount of $5 of goods, as an elegant rococo-covered game of Loto.
I. H. BOEHM,
7 W. FRONT STREET.

Ladies' and Misses
SKATING
BOOTS
Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Youth's
DANCING SHOES.
Doane & VanArsdale
One-price Boot and Shoe House,
22 West Front street.

ARTISTIC DESIGNS
in jewelry for the
HOLIDAYS
SOLID GOLD and ROLL PLATE
Prices Low at
J. Hervey Doane's
9 Park avenue.

INSURANCE
Wm. A. Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class Insurance companies;
Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union Fire Ins. Co. North British and Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen, of Philadelphia; The Merchants of Newark; The Home, of Columbus; Live-o New York and other equally good companies, and procures insurance at best rates.
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Berr's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor 2d second st

THE BEE HIVE.
Gents' Kid Gloves
Tans or Brown Embroidered back every pair warranted
$1 a Pair
Full line of Gents' Silk Mufflers, Silk Hemstitched Pocket Handkerchiefs, white and colored border.
"The Pride." Buy, The Pride, the best Shirt in the world 69 cents.
LOUIS CALLMAN,
38 WEST FRONT ST.

Y DO U
pay $2.00 to the DOCTOR, for the prescription; about as much to the Druggist for filling it, when for 50c
YOU CAN BUY
a bottle of CARL KAERTH'S
Nerve Food Tonic
for Dyspepsia, Nervous and Blood Disorders! All druggists.
Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 51 W. FRONT ST.
P. O. Box 239.

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EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered Trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

WE RESPECTFULLY
Invite Everybody
to call and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not
Sole Agents for Dr. King's spectacles, the best and cheapest in the end.
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
13 Park avenue.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER
and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 26.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.
Thirteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 122.
W also supply R. R. ties, telegraph poles, kindling wood as formerly, street from the factory.

JUST THE THING
for Holiday Presents
SEAL SKIN CAPS from $7 to $15.
Genuine Seal Sacks, $15.00
Silk Umbrellas from $1 to $8.
Fine Gloves, Canes and Neckwear.
U. B. CRANE,
THE HATTER
AND FURNISHER,
12 Park Avenue,
next to Walker's Bakery.

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone, Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

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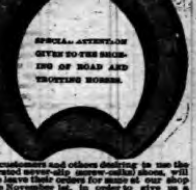
SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.
Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases of organisms of circulation, acute and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung and Throat diseases, Insomnia, Debility, Fever and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.
It cures the most malignant cases of chills and fever and all malarial diseases.
Hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleansing 11 days.

MCDONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 39 Somerset Street,



All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip shoe can be supplied. All horses leave their orders for same at our shop before 10 o'clock a. m. will have the same put on before 5 o'clock p. m. Those desiring to have horses shod while they wait can do so by calling between 8 a. m. and 4 p. m. Those who have horses to use these will please bring their horses to the shop and have the same fitted so as to get the dimensions of their feet.
Stephen A. Fleming,
36 NORTH AVENUE,
First-Class Market,
where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.
Special attention given to
POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.
Having the largest refrigerator in the city, we intend to keep
NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.
and guarantee a cash trade or may convince that we DO sell
CHEAPER
than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.
RICHARD DAY,
(successor to Frank Day)
LIVERY STABLE,
NORTH AVENUE, Opp. Depot, Plainfield.
Carriages and Coal Grates. Family Riding specialty.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

An Unfriendly Thought.

Thought on the snow the moonlight lies,
A lovelier light in Fanny's eyes
Her Edward sees,
And, as she nestles close beside
Him, fondly gives me future bride
Another squeeze.

The music of the jingling bells,
Unheard by them, their rapture tells,
And when their steed—
May I be hung for lovers talk—
Drops down into a lazy walk,
They take no heed.

They jingle on, in perfect bliss,
Exchanging now endless a kiss,
As lovers will.
Till Edward starts in mad dismay,
And exclaims how he'll ever pay
The stable bill.—Journal of Education.

The Moral Side of the Case.

"I have always held that prize fights are brutal and a disgrace to our civilization. The man who becomes interested in them and encourages them is also of a low, brutal nature."

"I guess you're right. By the way, some of the English papers contend that in another round Smith would have knocked Kilrain out."

"They do, eh? That's what I call gall. In five minutes more Kilrain could have made soup bones of Smith. I don't see why those duffers stuffed the fight on account of darkness."—Lincoln Journal.

The Happiest Hours.

The happiest hours ere he stood knew
Were not the hours it spent in work;
But those spent when the line we threw
Into the glassy lake,
Or in the ripe brook a trip,
Or when the season found
Us fighting for the championship
Upon the baseball ground.

"The happy hours of schools" ye powers
Make known, what hours were they?
The hours at school are always hours
As every schoolboy knows.
The hours at school? Oh, such no more
That they have gone for me,
Or sigh for those that come at five
O'clock p. m. each day.—Boston Courier.

Truth Must Be Told.

News Editor, Daily Grub-ax: How is a four or five column report of a prize fight coming along. What shall I do with it?

Conscientious Editor—Well, it is the duty of a newspaper to print the news, whether what it is. It would be almost criminal to suppress it. We can't help it if prize fights do happen. It isn't our fault. Put it all in.

"But if we print all this there will be no room for the report of the Christian Endeavor society."

"Well, leave that out."—Omaha World.

Passing Out.

Deacon Julius C. Snowball, who takes a religious paper, asked Rev Amhandah Bledso the other day:

"What is de meanin' ob de terms pan-Episcopals and pan-Presbyterians?" Why hadn't we ought to call 'em pan-Baptists?"

"Look heah, niggah, it pains me to see you 'splay such ignorance. Don't yer know dat de pan-Pisscopals, pan-Methodists, pan-Baptises is dem whah yams cum de most when de hat is being passed."—Texas Siftings.

The Rose Father.

What is your father, Nellie Bedloe?
My father's a furrier, sir, to you.
And what is your father, Bessy McQuade?
My father's a shoemaker, sir, she said.
And yours, little girl, with the golden hair?
He fodder makes chocolate candles, sare.
What is your father, Mary O'Neill?
He deals in the marble, sir, in real.
Now, Sarah Bridget, what is you're?
You're the gentlest girl in the institute.
What does your father? Surely, dear,
He must be a banker or a broker.
He fadder's at home in his little bed,
He's a middle weight champion, Sarah said.
—New York Morning Journal.

Equal to the Occasion.

Faithful Servant—Please, mum, some of the boarders is talkin' about the butter.

Boarding House Keeper—Impossible! The butter is the very best we have ever—

"They say it's too good, mum, and they're afraid it's oleo."

"Oh! Well, before putting it on the table stretch a few hairs through it."—Omaha World.

An Idyl.

She stood by the carriage waiting
In the sunshine's gentle caresses,
And the wind, fairy sprite that he was,
Was warming his head in her tresses.
—Washington Critic.

Why She Detained Him.

Brother Claude—Waiting to see Ethel? Young Somerby—Yes; I sent up my card some time ago.

"Well, she ain't in."

"Why am I kept waiting then?"

"I heard mamma say she expected the new minister every minute, and you looked so well with the rest of the things in the parlor she wanted to keep you."—Boston Transcript.

An Affliction Turned to Account.

Omaha Man—How are you getting along with Volapuk, the new universal language?

Old Bachelor—I have given it up.

"Why, haven't you heard your friend Blinks was making wonderful progress. The professor says his pronunciation is perfect."

"Yes, Blinks has the catarrh."—Omaha World.

The Difference You See.

God made the country, man the town,
We often hear it said,
But God the country painted green, and
Man the town painted red.—Boston Courier.

Business Is Business.

Kansas City Physician (to upper window)—Who's that? I can't go out in the middle of a night like this, even to save life!

Upper—I say, doctor, you've got a corner lot for sale, and I want to see it.

Physician (say right where you are. I'll be down in a minute.—New York Sun.

A Concise Reason.

Inquiring Father—What I'm like to know, you cheery child, is how you's able ter smoke cigahs when yo' ole fadder kin only smoak his pipe?

Forward Son—I'se ain't got no chil'n to support.—Judge.

True.

More drummers than ever are out on the road
This season, the papers inform us;
And we rise to remark, in a mild sort of way,
That the choicest crop is enormous.
—Hotel Mail.

How to Do It.

Smith—What would you do, Brown, to make a long story short?

Brown—Why, show it to the night editor.—New York Sun.

Habit Rules the World.

We would simply rise to fall
The year over in '88,
But if awhile 10 out of 11
Folks will swim in W. [illegible]—Drake's Sun.

F
U BRODIE. R
S

They Unite Beauty, Refinement and Luxurious Comfort. Every woman wants them, and particularly wants them now.

"FOR HOLIDAYS."

Seal, Ermine, Sable, Fox, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear—all are fine, but Seal holds first rank; it is the representative Fur. The Alaska Skins of best London Dyes, hold shape and color for years until literally "worn out;" the China and Copper Island Skins do to sell but one season will tumble and roughen them and begin to show that ugly "red" which tells their owner she has bought and experience too. Much better take a lumber mare seal, which will prove what it pretends to be, then a cheap seal.

Women love "bargains." But beware of them in furs, especially in seal. Fine Skins are costly. The seal market never can be glutted. The supply of good Alaska Skins is limited, and likely to become scarcer; and as not one woman in a hundred who wants seal can buy it how can prices decline.

They can't. But it is easy to tell stories. The poor skins are plenty, and they furnish the best bargains. Advertised as "worth" $100, etc. Furs are like diamonds in one thing—take care OF WHOM you buy.

My Specialty and My Pride, are My Seal.

But come to me for Sacques, Circulars, Muffs, Rugs, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small, in any furs. Holiday gifts for all ages and for any direction as to sex and relationship —Plenty of range for choice here. Prices are right, by matter of quality, and as low as can be. As I import AND SELECT, my own skins, and make them up, I know what I pay, what I keep, and you'd be bold exactly what your getting, too.

The only guarantee in buying Furs is in the dealer's reputation. Reputation requires age. I have both. My store has been established right here for FORTY years. 2-18-1m-sod

JAMES A. BRODIE, 39 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.
7 East Front St.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.
The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., J. W. Steward, writes: "I am sure that Von Wort's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE
And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.
—Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Ferster, Veterinary Surgeon, 22 East Fifth street, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE
The Proprietors of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away? The goods of advertising would prove ominous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles, so will use the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate. Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES
Do your own dyeing at home, with Peerless Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—15 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or Non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 8-17-1y

L. HEYNIGER,
66, 68 and 67 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.
WOODENWARE
etc, for LESS than New York Prices.
TELEPHONE CALL 113.
Hecker's Goods in great variety.

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OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Repairing on Short Notice, Branches &c.
L. M. FRENCH'S
CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

A. W. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
28 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call 26. Residence 28 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 32. Office of Hillside cemetery.

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John P. Emmons,
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 982.

BUILDER.
C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED, TO.
P. O. Box 950.
Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER.
Established 1849
Carpenter & Builder,
38 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty Fine Hard Wood Work.

R. A. Ross,
11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
SASH, DOORS,
Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Suydam,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronx. P. O. Box 1238. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Evona, P. O. Box 33.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street.
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 813.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
37 New York Price, Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

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REAL ESTATE,
Insurance,
STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION
BROKERS,
25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.
Agents for the Continents Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.
J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

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dealer in
FLOUR AND FEED,
NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's
XXXX
BEST FLOUR.
This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.
GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High
But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are
WAY DOWN
Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh. table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.
KENNEY BROS.

Seasonable Goods
at
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET.
A large line of Useful
Holiday Presents
at prices that will please everybody.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
TO LET UNFURNISHED.
Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
FIRE INSURANCE.
Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
Telephone No. 93.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP
corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1883. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, bridge building columns, girders, mowing and reel powers, grate bars, furnace pots, stove grates, tailor's sings, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Material the also to be carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. New machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc
J. H. KENYON

PLAINFIELD, DODGELESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less most than others. No work half-done. Our appar ratus is approved of by the Board of Health Orders left with C. Laird, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 1410. Telephone call 32. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELS
BLACK HOSIERY
GUARANTEED
for Men, Women and Children; will not rub, crack, soil skin or clothing, or burn, gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.
Sold in Plainfield only by
HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
Stoves and Ranges,
CUTLERY
SLEIGH BELLS AND
SKATES
13 E. Front street.
Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

We have
Sold Nearly
all of our great bargains which we have advertised advisedly, but have a few left which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of between now and the New Year, when we will withdraw any left over, to make room for our large spring stock.
A Reduction of 25 per cent. in overcoats.
WERNER'S
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.
A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

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Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
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12 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York. Hanover of New York. Jersey City, of Jersey City, N. J. Insurance effected on all kinds of property. Furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.
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COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

TRY
B. T. BARNES'
Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.
ALL OUR OWN MAKE.
OPPOSITE P. O.

BUILDER
James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builder
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,
P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.
Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience

Ranges & Stoves
with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of
HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES
will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Special attention called to the "Bookaway" range, which cannot be excelled.
R. ANDERSON.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.
The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. B. H. Beckman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.
P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1869.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER,
Having passed the examining board of New York for plumbers of New York (21) and also one and a member of the society of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any of the towns, North avenue junction. 8-31-1y

PARK HOUSE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.
EVAN JONES,
PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,
38 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market
GEO. A. MOORE,
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
Also all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest prices. Fish and Vegetables usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

WALL PAPERS.
G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL
PAPER.
WINDOW
SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
221 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1421.
W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
H. E. Gayle, No. 36 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
25 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

GREAT REDUCTION
in
WALL PAPERS
Fine assortment of the Celebrated French ILLUMINATED PAPERS
Handsome paper, 5c a roll and upward.
ADAMS,
10 PARK AVENUE.

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Other Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Children's' hair cutting a specialty. Shampooing by ticket $2—for only $1.50. Has just removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 8 W. Front street. 8-23-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Demarest's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 26, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 22 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour. Orange County Buttter, fine Hams, Teas, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar 15 cents. Fruit jars, only 75 cents. White Grave Rio, Yellow Rock, Stone, Bartless and Glassware. Flower Pots, etc. Sweet Apple Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer
No. 12 East Third street, P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings kalsomined, any color and 2 coats of white. Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest styles. 24 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Julius Bouna.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. A full line of Perfumes, Fine toilet soaps and powders, Pompadours and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road,
Dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures.
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
29 Somerset street,
Meat Market.
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 14.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,
Diven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work new. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 42 E. Front.

I. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 21 1-2 West Front street.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.
On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls, and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.
SANTA CLAUS.
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

SKATES, SKATES for BOYS, GIRLS AND EVERYBODY
ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone 77
J. P. LAIRE & CO.
Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

FOR BARGAINS
in new and second-hand
House Furnishing GOODS
and for
FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK
and
UPHOLSTERING
call at the store of
F. S. POWLISON,
35 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Office No. 29 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL
Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Staats, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,
FLOUR MERCHANT,
Best brands of
Flour, Feed, Grain,
Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack. Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 32. P. O. Box 1022.

FOTOGRAFS,
Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post Office.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't belong the loaf, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand made of first-class material only. Orders left at store will receive prompt attention.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 32 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE ALL NO. 62.

The NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading, and in the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Twenty-seven years ago to-day Florida seceded.

—Assemblyman Gallagher has been appointed Chairman of the Committee on Stationery. Letter now go.

—The U. S. Grant Republican Club will meet in Spencer's Hall, North Plainfield, tonight at eight o'clock.

—The Union County Grand Jury presented 22 indictments this a. m., and was discharged with the thanks of the Court.

—An effort is being made to establish a telephonic communication between Bonnieville and Plainfield, New Brunswick, Trenton and other places.

—The Plainfield Bicycle Club will hold a "smoker" Jan. 24th. Each member may invite one outsider. There will be music, recitations and refreshments.

—One of the large belts at the Potter Print Works broke, this morning, causing the stopping down of the machinery for about an hour. No one was injured.

—It is asserted by those who ought to know that the Lehigh Valley will hereafter carry its coal, grain, etc., over the Central Road to Communipaw instead of by the Pennsylvania as formerly.

—The New York Sun of to-day gives an extended account of a cock-fight which took place at Newark Tuesday night in which it says "Plainfield Bob was an interested spectator." It further says that "Plainfield Bob's" bird was whipped.

—There was great rejoicing among the Republicans of Elizabeth, yesterday, on receipt of the news that ex-Councilman Nicholas C. T. English, one of the Republican leaders of the City Council during the past four years, had been appointed by the Legislature as Judge of the Elizabeth District Court in place of Judge Gilhooly.

—Horse-thieves are at work again in Somerset County. Last night they broke into the stables of Gibson Bros., well-known farmers at Two Mile Run, near Rock Hill, and stole a bay mare, a carriage and harness, valued at $300, and escaped. Within a radius of five miles, in the past fifteen months, seven valuable horses have been stolen in that part of the country, and to-day the farmers are up in arms.

—Michael Wunderlich, a machinist at Scott's Press Works, has at his house on North avenue, near Hill street, a lot of chickens, one of which a neighbor, Richard Schwerer, had got possession of. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Wunderlich recovered the chicken by a search warrant issued by Justice Wadsworth and served by Constable Smith. He had previously demanded possession of the chicken, and, Mr. Schwerer refusing, charged him with stealing it, which Mr. Schwerer denied. Mr. Schwerer advertised in The Press that he had lost a speckled chicken, which he would return on the owner's paying expenses.

Westfield Whispers.

The members of the Citizens' Association are not showing much enthusiasm, nowadays. They could not hold their annual meeting and election last night for the want of a quorum.

D. Everett, N. G.; C. Westergard, V. G.; W. R. Starkman, P. S.; Gustav Kuester, C. S.; and D. Brewster, treasurer; are the newly elected officers of I. O. O. F. Lodge No. 109. They were installed last evening, by R. C. Morse.

That there is room for improvement in Westfield every one knows, but the latest proposed enterprise, that the town is going to have a two-cent weekly paper, causes considerable surprise.

The funeral of Wm. H. Moore took place to-day. The remains were followed to the receiving vault of Fairview Cemetery, for the present. Mr. Moore's former home was New-York.

B. & C. Co. No. 1 have completed their new rooms on North avenue, and the next now claim the best looking room in town.

Webster's Latest.

In the new Websters, published by G. & C. Merriam & Co., State street, Springfield Mass., there is a supplement which sensationalists might read with profit. It says:

"SENSATIONAL—Melodramatic; done for effect; showy; trashy;—applied to that kind of literature or drama whose only object is to interest, or furnishing a temporary excitement to the feelings."

STATE NOTES.

The parents of Katie Kelley, who clandestinely married John Patterson, the son of the New York millionaire, and whose wife Patterson have refused to receive, the girl, and she is still at Patterson's house, ill in bed, on account of the injuries she received in jumping from the window.

The Railway Common Council on Tuesday authorized the Committee on City Property to accept $1,775, the amount paid by the insurance companies for loss by the fire which occurred in the police station and engine company's house in Main street.

Washington Russell, one of the jurors trying a case yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, Jersey City, accidentally swallowed a piece of glass while taking a drink of water from a broken tumbler, and is now in a precarious condition, the glass being still in his throat.

Thomas S. Smith, an old Rarid hero, was buried at Elizabeth, yesterday, with military honors. He was a prominent member of Dahlgren Post, G. A. R., and served fourteen years in the navy. When the war broke out he was one of the 300 men on the vessel that was sent to relieve Fort Sumter. He was present when Fort Sumter was fired on, and was also present at Farragut's fight at Mobile Bay. He was engaged in most of the great naval battles of the war.

PLAINFIELD'S FINANCES.

A Compilation Giving the Annual Outlay in 1887.

Inasmuch as the official financial statements of the city are made up to before all the bills of the current year are paid, the statements always lap over from one year to another. Hence the actual expenditures for the year do not appear in those statements. It is the custom of City Clerk Leonard to prepare yearly, in behalf of the mayor, a report of the finances of the city for the state authorities, which has to embody the actual cost of running the city from January 1 to December 31 of each year. The one compiled for 1887 is as follows:

The total ratables or valuation of real estate and personal property in the city of Plainfield, as reported in the Assessor's Tax Duplicate for 1887, amounted to $6,158,378.60.

The tax levy of Plainfield for 1887 was $87,704.99, being the sum obtained by quota fixed at $1.50 on every $100, valuation of above ratables (not including an additional legal percentage of about 5 per cent. allowed to meet necessary contingencies).

Of this amount of taxes to be raised, the state has been paid out of the first moneys collected (Dec. 22, 1887).

The appropriation for city expenses of 1887 was $30,000, of which $19,032.70 of taxes have been collected.

The poor fund to be raised was $3,000.00, of which $2,982.00 have been collected.

The library tax amounted to $2,577.84, of which $2,132.25 have been paid.

The public school fund tax was $19,200.04, and as fast as collected was paid over to the Board of Education. Besides this, the school fund received $9,989.99 from the state school fund, being Plainfield's proportion of the state tax raised ($15,426.71) and included in the amount above paid out of the first moneys collected, and now paid back for school use.

GENERAL CITY EXPENDITURES.

Street lights	$ 3,930 09
Street labor	7,196 83
Street car eys	406 50
Street crosswalks	39 75
Street labor and repairs	107 12
Street receiving basins cleaned	180 00
Cracked stone, manufacturing	1,977 00
" for repairs	502 00
($202 to pay)	
Eighth street, macadamizing	369 08
Police, regular and special	3,340 65
Assessor's salary	600 00
Collector's fees	1,369 17
Delinquent tax collector	688 55
Registry and election and bal-	
lot boxes	718 00
Printing and stationery	608 73
Rents and repairs	719 07
Water and sewer report	672 00
Incendiary detective	1,102 50
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Dog pound	101 00
Central Park ave	100 00
Small nox	70 00
Memorial Day	50 00
Court costs	57 44
Vital statistics	45 10
Winding clock	50 00
Sundries	176 53
	$37,735 85
Paid sundries of 1886	2,611 56
Total	$40,347 41

CITY POOR EXPENSE.

A statement of the cost of caring for the poor of Plainfield during 1887:

Board and care	$ 1,328 81
Provisions	1,651 50
Coal	796 50
Wearing apparel	164 36
Salary	397 00
Small pox	177 85
Burials	175 00
Sundries	68 00
	$ 4,959 84
Miscellaneous for 1886	357 18
Total	$ 5,356 02

It appears that the poor expenses for 1887 amounted to $4,698 84. The members of the present Committee on Alms, Messrs. Ballard, Moffett and Sparks, will, it is understood, show that the city may save all this expense by the establishment of a local poor-farm, which, it is asserted, may be made self-sustaining.

Somerset's Freeholders.

The Somerset County Board of Freeholders met in the Court House Tuesday, with all the members present. Mr. Wyckoff asked that Mr. Hardgrove's bill, refused at last meeting, be reconsidered. Carried. A statement was made by Mr. Hardgrove respecting the bill, and a receipt from A. A. Clark was presented. On motion of Mr. Skillman the bill, for $42.20, was passed. Bill of Wm. A. Schomp, for $14.38, was referred to Auditing Committee. Bill of Wm. Hardgrove, for $25, was taken up and referred.

Mr. Taggart of Franklin township urged the propriety of offering a reward for the apprehension of horse thieves. A resolution to that effect was introduced, authorizing the payment of $100 for such purpose, and on motion of Mr. Vreeland the motion was adopted, and the resolution was ordered to be published in the county papers for three months.

The Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds were authorized to set the broken stone at the tramp yard.

Union County Courts.

The time of the Union County Circuit Court, at Elizabeth, was taken up yesterday with the suit of Henry Dill, a boss bottler of Elizabeth, against the executors of the Central Railroad Company and Frank Hayes, a former conductor for said company. These were jointly sued for $5,000 damages for a beating which Dill claimed Conductor Hayes had given him while a passenger on a train from Roselle to Elizabeth on the night of the April 14th, 1887, and from the effects of which thrashing the plaintiff stated he had suffered for some time afterwards. The railroad officials were represented by ex-Councilor Joseph Wilkinson and Hon. Jos. Holmes, while Joseph Beecher of Newark and ex-Speaker Dunn of Elizabeth appeared for the plaintiff. A number of witnesses testified for both sides. The plaintiff's side of the case was finished at noon. The defense did not get through with all the witnesses. The case may be finished late to-day.

A North Avenue Blaze.

In the lighting of a match in the apartments of Mr. Dunn, over Barkalow & Dunn's store on North avenue, at five o'clock Wednesday evening, the lamp-wicks hanging from the mantel-piece caught fire and was destroyed, with a few articles on the mantel. The fire was extinguished before it could spread farther.

PERSONAL.

Mr. S. G. A. Morjay of Rockland county, N. Y., is visiting at the rectory of St. Mary's church.

A quiet pleasure-party was held at the residence of Mrs. Lizzie Parker, 37 East Third street, last evening.

Station Agent Meeker of Evona is still in a low condition. There is little hope of his recovery. He passed a very bad night.

Mr. W. A. Coddington, formerly in Assemblyman Ulrich's law office, is continuing his law studies with Messrs. Saydam & Stillman.

The residence of ex-Mayor L. V. F. Randolph on East Front street is the present stopping-place of Miss Huntsman, of Providence, R. I.

Miss Alice Fairbairn gave a leap-year German, Tuesday evening. There were forty-eight present, and that all had a delightful time goes without saying.

Charles Smith of West Front street won a handsome gold medal at the shooting contest on the grounds of the Middlesex County Gun Club, yesterday. He succeeded in killing seven out of ten pigeons.

C. A. Leveridge, the historian, a resident of Cranford, was in town recently, and bought a house and lot of Lemuel Hart, located at 143 West Front street. He bought the place as an investment, and not with the view of occupying it himself.

Editor T. T. Kinney, proprietor of the Newark Daily Advertiser, has kindly consented to allow the paintings owned by him and loaned to the Art Gallery to stay on exhibition until next week. Others also have consented to let their exhibits remain.

Among the families recently settled in Plainfield is that of Milton Harley of the corner of East Fifth and Washington streets. Mr. Harley has resided in Plainfield only since last June, when he came here with his wife, a most charming woman, from Norristown, Pa. Mr. Harley is a native of New York town's office of his business, which is that of carpet jobbing. The firm is McClain, Harley & Talbot, and has an office in Philadelphia, also.

Rev. L. E. Livermore, who was pastor of the Seventh-Day Baptist church at New Market for several years, has returned to that charge. He was induced, much against the wishes of his people, to resign himself with Alfred Centre University, located in Chautauqua county, N. Y., about four years ago. He succeeded in greatly improving the scope and usefulness of that institution, and now leaves it in a flourishing condition. The kindest associations of pastor and a united people are again renewed. Hearty welcomes are generously expressed by all.

From 1836 to 1873, David Thickstun, who died in 1880, was a builder here, and put up many of the best buildings erected during that time. In 1873, at the age of sixty-five, he changed his business, and went to dealing in bluestone. He had two sons and a daughter. Ex-Councilman John A. Thickstun, who was born on Somerset street, half a century ago, is the oldest son, and succeeded to his father's business, which he still follows. Dr. D. H. Thickstun, the dentist, is the other son, and Miss Mary J. Thickstun is the daughter. The family are members of the First Baptist church, where Miss Thickstun is a prominent and useful member of the various societies for doing good.

Somerset County Courts.

On Thursday, before Judges Barrine, Thompson and Jameson of the Quarter Sessions, in case of State vs. George Sloyden, the defendant was discharged on his own recognizance, in the sum of $500, to appear at next term of Court. In State vs. S. Burke, Jan order for a serix facias was granted. In State vs. John Daniels, John Coack, Jacob Uhouse and others, bail was renewed by those named. Charles Schrod going on bond for first two, and A. Dixon, esq., for the last. David Hantz, convicted of attempt at rape, was sentenced to six years at hard labor in State Prison.

In the Court of Common Pleas the appeal list was disposed of as follows: F. C. Pack vs. T. V. Huff, submitted to arbitration; L. Christy vs. R. F. N. Chase, off for term; J. H. and Catherine A. Covely vs. Mary Krusen, non-suit; P. G. Bush vs. J. G. Kenser and C. Lovering, non-suit; F. A. Dunster vs. J. M. Picker, reported settled; Alonzo De Camp vs. Lorenzi Christi, off for term; John A. Frech vs. Oliver Dunster, tried by Court and decision reserved; John B. Dunster vs. A. Wasserman, reported settled; A. D. Thompson vs. W. W. Schenck and Samuel Bensley, reported settled; Andrew N. Drake vs. Oliver Dunster, reported settled; Patrick McGarry vs. John Flagg, tried before a jury. Verdict of $98 for plaintiff.

The case of Woolston & Buckle vs. W. W. Schenck, tried last week before Judge Maple and a jury, was for amount alleged for painting defendant's house. It was dispatched on the ground that a contract for $100 and $25 for extras had been made. The jury found for plaintiff, in the sum of $250.

The grand jurors were charged for the term, and Court adjourned to Jan. 31.

The City Court.

Cornelius TenEyck Hall, age 28, of White House, cringed before Judge Sydam at the police station, this morning. He sobbed and choked and begged and implored the Court to be lenient, as it was his first offense. Policeman Lynch said that he had arrested the man for drunkenness and for using profane language before women on the street. Chief Sykes was represented by ex-Councilor Joseph Wilkinson and Hon. Jos. Holmes, while Joseph Beecher of Newark and ex-Speaker Dunn of Elizabeth appeared for the plaintiff. A number of witnesses testified for both sides. The plaintiff's side of the case was finished at noon. The defense did not get through with all the witnesses. The case may be finished late to-day.

PLAINFIELD'S CITY JUDGE.

George P. Sydam, Successor to Hon. John Ulrich.

CITY JUDGE GEORGE P. SUYDAM.

We give above a portrait, made some time ago, but still a good likeness of George P. Suydam, the newly-elected City Judge of Plainfield, who succeeds Assemblyman Ulrich. Judge Suydam is a native of Raycefield, Somerset Co., N. J., his birth occurring July 30, 1847. He is the youngest son of Peter J. Suydam, whose death, at the age of eighty years, occurred last Summer (1887). Deceased was a farmer by occupation, the farm having been in the family for over one hundred years. He had three children, a son and two sons now New York judge, and a daughter-youngest. The elder son, Cornelius Van Nuis Suydam, became a farmer, succeeding to the old homestead. The sister has become the wife of Abram Voorhees, whose farm adjoins her brother's.

Judge Suydam, after finishing his education in the country school of the neighborhood, took a special course in Rutgers College Grammar School and Rutgers College, New Brunswick. He studied law with Ferdinand Wilson, of Millstone, later with Hon. Garret B. Adrain of New Brunswick, and still later with Garret Berry of Rahway. He began practice in Plainfield in 1872, and continued about six months, when he took in Borough Counsel John H. Jackson as a partner, the firm-name being Suydam & Jackson, which continued for about ten years, when the partnership was dissolved some time later, each forming new partnerships.

In 1872 Judge Suydam was elected the first City Judge of Plainfield, and continued in the office nearly two years, when he was chosen Corporation Counsel, serving in that capacity for one year, when he was succeeded by the late ex-Mayor Mazoo, whom he in turn succeeded in 1877, being re-elected four years in succession, making five years in all. He served under ex-Mayor Stillman, deceased the father of his present partner) Mayor Male, and Mayor Harper.

In 1876 he was married to Miss Alfreda Dunn, daughter of James M. Dunn, the grocer on Park avenue, who has been in business here for nearly forty years. Both M., eight years old, is the only child of Judge Suydam. The new Judge brings to the City Hall ripe experience, and it is not likely that the interests of the city will suffer in his hands.

North Plainfield Democrats.

Pursuant to a call published in THE NEWS, the North Plainfield Democratic Association held a meeting in French's Hall last evening. President Townsend called the meeting to order at 8:30 o'clock. After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting the president appointed the following committees: Executive Committee—John Becker, jr., Charles Wann, Thomas Kesma, John Bodine and E. C. Morse. Canvassing Committee—John Vetterlein, John H. Jackson, William H. Ludlow and Edward Ryan. The Secretary was empowered to procure stationery and printed postals to be used in calling meetings. It was further moved that the Executive Committee be empowered to hire a hall for the use of the organization. So ordered. It was decided that when the Association adjourned it would be to meet again on the first Wednesday in February. Adjournment.

Bound Brook Briefs.

Marcus Toman shot a wolfe on his premises, New Year's Day. Where it came from is not known.

The Water Company has changed its proposed route, on account of difficulty in securing right of way, and will run its mains down the Martinsville road.

Wm. Hastie has been getting signatures to a petition for a new road from near Calmmer Rock to the corner of Talbot and Vandeventer avenues.

There will be an Indian exhibition and concert at Bound Brook Hall for the benefit of the Athletic association of that town, March 26th and 26th. Thomas Marsh, jr., of New Brunswick, will be pianist.

Bound Brook has two cases of scarlet fever, the first being that of daughter of Mrs. Peter Agner, the other the case of Pabble, the teenage child of Mr. V. R. Pabble. The latter disease was brought by a married daughter of Mr. Agner, who visited her parents over New-day. While here her little child was taken sick with the fever and died a few days ago. She took the disease to Bayonne, a few days ago, and the child died there. It is thought probable the latter caught the case, as supposed to have contracted the disease with which he had previously buried in his bed.

The Iron Pole Collapsed.

While engaged in taking the fixtures from the boulevard lamps at the intersection of La Grande avenue and Franklin Place, yesterday afternoon, two of the employees of the Electric Light Company had a narrow escape from serious injury. One of the poles was being lowered to the ground, when it broke loose from the fastenings and suddenly toppled over. The climber felt the pole falling, and jumped, fortunately escaping injury. Another employee standing near the base had just time to leap out of the way. The pole was broken to pieces by the fall.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS extends the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

THE NEW RARITAN RIVER ROAD

Organization To-Day To Connect Flemington and Wilson with South Amboy.

New Brunswick, N. J., Jan. 12.—The Raritan River Railroad Company was organized at Jersey City this morning. The new road will run from South Amboy through Sayreville, South River, Milltown and New Brunswick to Bound Brook. It will be 17 miles long, and will be finished by July 1st. The directors are: Senator B. C. Chase of South Amboy; W. D. Edwards, W. G. Brunstead, P. T. Day and H. W. Harrison, of Jersey City; W. an. Taylor, P. Dorsey, Otto H. Kendall of Newark; S. P. Knapp of New Brunswick; G. A. J. Miller of Rahway; and J. B. Conklin, of Catskill, N. Y. The money is all ready, and work will be at once begun.

The temporary officers are: W. H. Taylor, President; W. J. Earl, Secretary; W. G. Brunstead, Treasurer.

THE BIG STRIKE.

Reports of Alarm.—Miners Ready for a Long Fight.

Shenandoah, Pa., Jan. 12.—There are now nearly 16,000 coal miners on strike in the West Mahanoy District. The business interests here are likely to go altogether to smash if this state of things is long continued. The largest dry goods concern in town has closed up, and others are doing the same.

Shenandoah is almost wholly dependent on the trade of the miners for its prosperity.

What is true of this place is true all mining towns and settlements in this district. Reports of alarm come from every part of the neighborhood.

The strike leaders say the miners can keep up the fight to Spring, or later, if necessary, and that they are nearly all prepared for it.

Monongowna, Pa., Jan. 12.—The Cambria Iron Tube Works, operated by A. L. Murphy, have suspended operations on account of inability to obtain coal. Two hundred hands were employed and were working on large orders. Several manufactories are able to continue running for some time by bituminous coal, admitted for gas coal.

Several of the coal yards in this town have been exhausted, and the proprietors have no hope of replenishing their stock this week. Many families are using coke in place of coal. It is the sentiment here that the Reading Railroad Co. is not wholly blameless for the present alarming condition of things.

"If rather burn wood all Winter than have the miners fail in their purpose," said a prominent business man yesterday.

Philadelphia, Jan. 12.—The substance of Mr. Corbin's statement to the committee of coal region business men yesterday is that the Reading will not arbitrate nor make any compromise with the railroad strikers; but if the miners will go to work unconditionally the Company will consider any grievances they may have.

Killed on the Erie Road.

Passaic, N. J., Jan. 12.—Engineer Payne, of the milk train which leaves Jersey City at five o'clock a. m., was struck on the head by one of the new block signal posts while leaning from the window and was instantly killed this morning, a short distance west of the Borgen tunnel, at the point where the New York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad bridge crosses the Erie.

He was well liked on the road and leaves a wife and two children at Rutherford, N. J., to mourn his untimely end.

TELEGRAPHIC TWINKLES.

East Hampton, L. I., Jan. 12.—The first white swan on the Long Island coast this season was captured last evening off Amagansett. It will yield probably sixty dozens of oil.

New York, Jan 12.—John S. Staples died of heart disease in Dover, N. J., last evening. He acted as a substitute for President Lincoln's the late war.

Somerville Squibs.

John O'Sullivan, who jumped his bail at Somerville, some time ago, was arrested Sunday morning at Rutherford, N. J., by Sheriff Thompson, and brought to the jail. The prisoner will have a hearing before the Court this morning and will offer new bail. The bail will be fixed at $1,000, and new special bargain tables interesting. We want every one to come to this sale. You will find it to your interest to attend. Rubber Boots, Overshoes, Rubber Coats, Hats and Caps, Brown Duck and Drab Canvas Coats, Blankets, Woolen Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Rubber Belting and Packing, Hose and Steam Fittings, Lamps and Chimneys, Glass and Tin Ware, Groceries, Glass and Tin.

The Fire Department was out with the hose at about midnight, but no fire was found. Supposed to have been a false alarm.

The Board of Chosen Freeholders met yesterday and transacted the usual routine business. Bills were audited and ordered paid, and the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds were authorized to have the stone broken on the tramp yard.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for the day and night, kept by Peter A. Agner, the corner of Park avenue and Front street, and Park avenue and Second street:

6 a. m.	10	Noon	28
9 a. m.	17	10	Sun set	4 54
12 m.	22	12	Moon set	7 35
3 p. m.	26	7	Moon rise	

MUSIC HALL.

Tuesday, January 17,

The one Real Troupe of the World!

McGIBE, JOHNSON and SLAVIN'S

Refined Minstrels

McGibe, Johnson and Slavin, Sole Owners.
L. P. Phelps, Sole Manager.

Positively the Greatest, Largest, Finest, Best Organized and Most Complete Company ever Organized. Highest Salaried Troupe ever Assembled. Direct from their Long and Successful Engagement of Ten Weeks at the Grand Opera House, Chicago, and a Short Engagement at Haverly's Academy of Music, Brooklyn.

PLAINFIELD:

What has it to be Proud of?

What has Made it What it is?

What Warrants Further Development?

What is Indispensible?

(Whose portrait is given above)

Cent-a-Word Columns.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE having a nicely furnished house of eight rooms in Plainfield, desire a small family of adults to board and let them board with them. Reference exchanged. Address Furnished House, care of Evening News. 12-2

APARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 24 West Third street. 30-tf

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wishes a situation in private family. Address E. S. care of Evening News. 11-2

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Three second-hand sleighs, also carriages, buggies and harness, at McDonnell's Livery, West Sixth street. 10-3

FOR SALE.—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 94 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 5-3-7

GIRL wanted for general housework. Address H. M., care of Evening News. 5-tf

MRS. JEANNETTE POUND, Fashionable Dress-Maker, 81 West Second street, between Madison and Central avenues, Plainfield, N. J. 10-6

REDUCTION in the price of paper-hanging, 25 cents a double roll. $1.00 a room for kalsomining. C. Dunham, 95 South Second street.

WANTED a situation as book keeper, or to work in the office of a business firm. Address, B., Lock Box 28, Bound Brook, N. J.

$2,500 to loan on first mortgage security. Apply to E. C. Halsted, broker, opposite depot. 1-3 tf.

Special Notices.

REPUBLICAN RALLY

The North Plainfield Republican Club of North Plainfield will hold their regular meeting at Spencer's Hall, Thursday, Jan. 12th at 8 o'clock p. m. Important business will be presented all Republicans are respectfully urged to attend. ALEX. MILNE, Pres.

H. B. BREWSTER, Sec. 11-2

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

—Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the undersigned, composing the firm of M. H. French's Sons, dealers in flour, feed, grain, etc., have this day dissolved partnership. By mutual consent. All accounts due the said firm will be paid to C. Frank French, who will continue the business at No. 69 Somerset street.

C. FRANK FRENCH,
for M. H. FRENCH'S SONS.

January Bargain SALE

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Commencing To-morrow and continuing throughout the month

Throughout every department prices will be made so low that it will be to everyone's interest to visit our store. Knowing full well that every one is looking for the place where they can obtain the most for their money. We consider quality first and do not push our prices, trusty stuff and fair dealing. We don't keep that kind. Every article we offer at cut prices are good and reliable goods that can be depended upon at all times. We announce this sale Tuesday and will offer new bargains each day. You will find that our new special bargain tables interesting. We want every one to come to this sale. You will find it to your interest to attend. Rubber Goods, Overshoes, Rubber Coats, Hats and Caps, Brown Duck and Drab Canvas Coats, Blankets, Woolen Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Rubber Belting and Packing, Hose and Steam Fittings, Lamps and Chimneys, Glass and Tin Ware, Groceries, Glass and Tin.

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VanEmburgh & White.

N. W. FRENCH,

Dealer in

Flour, Meal, Feed, Hay, Oats,

Chicken Wheat, etc.

FOURTH STREET,

near Park Avenue, P. O. Box 1407, Plainfield, N. J.

Having had long experience as miller, I am now ready to grind feed to order, and delivered to any part of the city on short notice.

Private Lecture.

Dr. Abbie E. Cutter,

In response to personal invitations from her patrons on a former visit to this city has returned and will be pleased to meet her friends and all ladies, who are interested in their own or their children's health, at the hall over the City National Bank, Front St., Friday and Saturday, January 13 and 14 inst., at 3 p. m. Dr. Cutter can be consulted from 9 a. m. to 12 m. daily for a short time at the City Hotel. Can locate disease and describe all conditions of mind or body without asking a question. Admission 25c.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time, and ordered engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

OLIVER B. LEONARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., January 10, 1888.

AN ORDINANCE

To amend an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to regulate and prohibit the exhibition of shows and traveling theatrical companies in the City of Plainfield," passed May 20th, 1873, and amended June 3d, 1879, December 7th, 1881, December 20th, 1882, December 5th, 1883, December 16th, 1884, and December 8th, 1887.

The Common Council of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That section 1 of the ordinance aforesaid be and the same hereby is amended by striking out the words and figures "Three hundred dollars" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "five hundred dollars ($500)."

Section 2. That section 2 of said ordinance be and the same hereby is amended by striking out the words and figures "Two hundred dollars" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "three hundred dollars ($300)."

Section 3. That this ordinance shall take effect immediately after the passage of the same, and the City Clerk is hereby directed to publish the same in all the newspapers of the city of Plainfield, according to law, and this ordinance is passed under penalty of forfeiture of this license.

FOR SALE,

to close the Estate,

The House and Lot,

situated corner Front and Liberty streets; also 10 shares Stock First National Bank of Plainfield; 5 shares Stock First National Bank of Somerville; 20 shares Stock Somerville Water Co. Apply to

EUGENE RUNYON, Executor.
1-4

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in COAL

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. Box 1407

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. Mosmon, Editor and Proprietor.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.
And delivered within the City and Borough, at Ten cents per week, payable to the Carrier, or to any party of an Order left at the office or by your paperboy in advance.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1888.

WOES OF THE WEALTHY.

New York, Jan. 12.—Mrs. Catherine G. Valentine died at her home, No. 19 East Sixty-first street, on Monday night. On Tuesday Dr. Herman T. Richards informed the coroner's office, and the case being turned over to Coroner Messemore, Deputy Coroner O'Meagher examined the body superficially and certified that the wound had died from lockjaw, caused by the lunge. Since then the brother of Mrs. Valentine, John H. Schoonmaker, Jr., demanded that an autopsy be made, on the ground that the supposed cause was not right about the death. Accordingly Deputies O'Meagher and Jenkins last evening made a careful examination of the body, and after an hour and a half arrived at the result obtained before.

Mrs. Valentine was the daughter of John H. Schoonmaker, Sr. She married to a Mr. Clarkson, of Flatbush, who died, leaving her some property. About thirteen years ago she married Brewster Valentine, and a son, Ludlow Valentine, was born. Brewster Valentine had had a son by a former marriage, William E. Valentine, and a grandson, William B. Valentine. William B. Valentine died before his father.

When Brewster Valentine died, about nine years ago, he left his grandson, William B. Valentine, $200,000, his son, Ludlow Valentine, $15,000, and his wife $100,000 in trust. A clause of her husband's will provided that in the case of her death $50,000 of the trust fund should go to the boy Ludlow and the other $50,000 to William B. Valentine.

With her income, Mrs. Valentine supported not only herself, but her parents and her younger brother. About seven years ago Dr. Richardt, then practising in Brooklyn, became physician to the family, and about two and a half years after trouble began. It was then claimed that Mrs. Valentine showed too much interest in the doctor, and the latter had Mrs. Valentine banished her parents from Brooklyn, and threatened to cut off their allowance if they should return. Mrs. Schoonmaker did return, and the support was cut off. The mother then sued for support, and secured it, and received $12 a week by order of Judge Moore, of Brooklyn.

In 1884 application was made before Surrogate Jacob I. Bergen, of Brooklyn, by Horace Secor, Jr., counsel for the trustees, for the appointment of a guardian for Ludlow Valentine. The grounds given for the petition were that Mrs. Valentine was infatuated with Dr. Richardt, had transferred to the latter her Brooklyn house, and was therefore unfit to care for the child. The surrogate granted the petition and placed the boy under the charge of the trustees. Since then she has made repeated legal attempts to regain the custody of her son, and it is said that grief over her long separation hastened her death.

Soon after Mrs. Valentine moved to No. 19 East Sixty-first street, and gradually declined, until she died without the presence of a relative, having overtaken by the fatal hemorrhage while lying on a lounge in her room. When Dr. Richard arrived the patient was unconscious. The physician called in Drs. V. Peterson, William Meyer, George Alexander and Schoonmaker in consultation, but the aid was too late.

Shocking the Canadians.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 12.—A heavy shock of earthquake occurred here yesterday morning at 5 o'clock, awakening the people from their slumbers. The shock was quite a severe one. It was the heaviest shock felt for years. Citizens rushed out of their houses in their night clothes, under the impression that the shock lasted about thirty seconds and passed northward. Houses were shaken and dishes knocked from their places.

United Press Officers.

New York, Jan. 12.—The annual meeting of The United Press was held at the 24 James building, in this city, yesterday. The following named officers were unanimously elected for the ensuing year: President, James W. Scott; vice president, John H. Farrell; treasurer, C. R. Baldwin; secretary, Walter P. Phillips.

"Records of the Rebellion."

Washington, Jan. 12.—The twenty-first volume of the "Records of the Rebellion" is now in the hands of the public printer, and will soon be complete. It will consist of two parts, and will complete the history up to and including the Stone river campaign, or to Dec. 31, 1863.

Nowlin to be Hanged.

Boston, Jan. 12.—The governor and council, by a vote of 7 to 3, have refused to commute the sentence of James E. Nowlin. Nowlin, who murdered Milkman Codman in Somerville, will therefore be hanged on Friday, Jan. 20.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The senate committee on interstate commerce unanimously ordered a favorable report to be made on the confirmation of the interstate commerce commissioners.

Hamilton Fish has been elected president of the committee of New York citizens to arrange for the centennial celebration of Washington's inauguration.

In the suit for divorce of Mrs. Annie Chapman, known on the stage as Annie Somerville, the jury gave a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, giving her the custody of her child.

The Mitchell school for boys, at Lowell, Mass., was destroyed by fire last night. Forty boys escaped unharmed.

Stanford E. Potter, in jail at Long Branch for alleged complicity in the murder of Mr. Hamilton, made a statement to the effect that he was killed with a bottle by the negro Dowling, who is still at large.

A young man named Burton, of Atlanta, Ga., went to Cuthbert and married twenty-five women before he was 25 years old, and succeeded in marrying five of them.

The trial of Carl Lee for the murder of Sarah Graham will begin at Springfield, Mo., on Saturday.

At Hallock, Minn., yesterday morning the mercury touched the bottom of the register —54 degs. below zero.

A man named Albergate, living in Beaufort county, S. C., quarreling with his wife on Monday, threw her upon a large fire. She was fatally burned.

Lord Salisbury made a speech in Liverpool urging the union plan for Ireland and stating that free trade caused him some anxiety.

Professor Maria Mitchell has resigned the chair of astronomy which she has held at Vassar college for twenty-five years.

Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, is in Europe, endeavoring to hasten the canonization of the late Bishop Neumann.

Emperor William, of Germany, is considered critically ill.

LEGISLATORS IN SESSION.

NEW JERSEY REPRESENTATIVES IN JOINT CONVENTION.

List of Chairmen of the Senate and House Committees—The Leader of the Democrats on the Floor of the House—Portraits of the Leaders.

Trenton, Jan. 12.—Mr. Speaker Dickinson, shortly after 10 o'clock yesterday morning, gave a little tap with his gavel, and said in a tone which showed that it was not meant to be a colonel's broomstick: "The house will come to order." The house did.

Mr. Hill, of Essex, the defeated candidate for speaker, sat down hard in his seat and named 11 as his vote for speaker, but I am a power."

GEORGE H. HILL.

In three minutes every member was in his seat, and ranged in a quiet and respectful manner from the deep behind them stood the more influential of the constituents of the newly elected members.

When the house had settled down and a little routine business had been transacted a recess was taken until 12:30, at which time the house and senate were to meet in joint session. At 11 o'clock, chairs having been placed in the aisles, the usual ceremony of swearing in the senators was followed.

The president of the senate presided. The business of the joint session was soon transacted.

State Comptroller Anderson and State Treasurer Tofley were re-elected, ex-Assemblyman E. A. Armstrong was made district judge of Camden and Justice Stilling did the same for Cape May, and were elected.

After the senators had withdrawn the speaker announced his committees, the chairmen of which were as follows:

Ways and means, Upson; bill revision, Nixon; judiciary, Hill; agricultural, Doran; education, Fuller; elections, Brown; engrossed bills, Lufburrow; municipal corporations, Law; militia, Smith; claims and pensions, Hansell; corporations, Peck; insurance, Martin; state hospitals, Bunker; Cookling; incidental expenses, Leaming; stationery, Gallagher; riparian rights, Lutz; revision of laws, Hutchinson; fisheries, West; railroads and canals, Goble; miscellaneous business, Christie; labor and industries, Jones; joint committees, treasurer's accounts, Harrington; state prison, Leavitt; lunatic asylums, Meeker; state library, Voorhees; public grounds and buildings, Echel; printing, McGowan; passed bills, Rogers; county and city navigation, Lyon; federal relations, Riker; soldiers' home, Lester; reform school for boys, Herbert; state farm, Harris; industrial school for girls, Olden; New Jersey school for deaf mutes, Dunenbery.

The senate in joint session yesterday was very brief. After the prayer several bills were introduced, and the president announced the appointment of Charles W. Schanck, of Matawan, Monmouth county, as private secretary. This closed the business of the senate until after the joint meeting, when President Large announced his committees as follows:

SAMUEL D. DICKINSON.

Thompson; agriculture and agricultural colleges, Rue; banks and dividends, Bergen; insurance, Gardner; miscellaneous business, Nevius; elections, Hance; unfinished business, Hance; claims and pensions, Carter; riparian rights, Griggs; engrossed bills, Carter; labor and industries, Miller.

Joint Committees—Treasurer's accounts, Thompson; state prison, Carter; lunatic asylum, Crabmer; public grounds and buildings, Rue; state library, Miller; sinking fund, Gardner; federal relations, Griggs; commerce and navigation, Lyon; printing, Thompson; passed bills, Rue; soldiers' home, Nevius; reform school for boys, Martin; industrial school for girls, Hance; deaf and dumb school, Martin.

The joint session adjourned for one week, and after announcing of the committees the senate adjourned, to meet again on Monday.

Fell Through a Trestle.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 12.—A special despatch states that a serious accident occurred on the Chester and Lenoir railroad. On the Chester and Lenoir railroad. An entire train consisting of an engine and three cars fell through a trestle. The engine and cars fell and were all burned. The engineer, Hendrix, and his fireman were caught in the wreck and both are badly burned. One of the passengers is reported to be severely injured, and several others more or less bruised.

Iron Molders Elect Officers.

Utica, N. Y., Jan. 12.—At the annual convention of the Iron Molders' Union of the United States held in this city yesterday, the following officers were elected: President, J. C. Whiting, Rochester; vice-president, John O'Connor, Brooklyn; secretary, Thomas Lynch, Troy; treasurer, Carl Heads, Troy; executive committee: George R. Brown, Troy; Hiram Blanchard, Peekskill; Charles Gorman, Williamsport; Edward Wright, Buffalo. The convention adjourned to-day.

The Air Brakes Failed.

Denver, Jan. 12.—Through the failure of the air brakes yesterday a train loaded with ore from the Mary Murphy mine, near St. Elmo, ran down the mountain with frightful velocity into the town of St. Elmo. The engineer, Frank Hall, was killed, and the instantly killing Engineer Connors and Fireman Whaley.

Nominations by the President.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations: Joseph Black, of Cleveland, O., to be consul at Sonle-Tenth; George Osgood Prince, to be consul at Moscow; Henry Lefferson, of Pennsylvania, to be colonel of the ordnance; Philip Sidney Post, of Illinois, to be minister to China.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

The Issue Will Be Fought Out on the Floor of the House.

Albany, Jan. 12.—In the senate yesterday Senator Jacobs introduced a joint resolution amending the constitution by providing for the appointment of a commission of five persons, three democrats, one republican and one labor representative, to revise the constitution. Passed. Senator Pierce, from judiciary, reported railroad bill, providing for the appointment of a railroad commissioner. Passed. Senator Langdon, from judiciary, reported bill relative to the powers of boards of supervisors. Passed. Senator Coggeshall, general laws, Arnold; engrossed bills, O'Connor; canals, Langdon; internal affairs, Jacobs; cities, Lexow; villages, Pierce; agriculture, Lexow; rules, Sloan; joint library, Yaunit; privileges and elections, Coggeshall; public printing, Langdon.

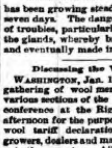
The chairmen of the committees announced by Speaker Cole are as follows:

Ways and means, Russell; appropriations, Ainsworth; judiciary, Bartlett; general laws, Hamilton; canals, Gallagher; affairs of cities, Crosby; railroads, Youngman; commerce and navigation, Hedges; banks, Hendrix; manufactures, Hedges; agriculture, Brundage; public health, Hedges; internal affairs, Johnson; excise, Kimball; affairs of villages, Tisdale; roads and bridges, White; public printing, Lattimer; public lands, Mateer; charitable and religious societies, Hedges; public education, Talmadge; military affairs, Savary; claims, Whalen; federal relations, F. W. Cole; grades, Lowe; privileges and prisons, Hadley; state charitable institutions, De Witt; privileges and elections, Emery; civil divisions, Moody; trades and manufactures, Hedges; Indian affairs, Lewis; on Genesee, public lands, Lewis; agriculture, Cottrell; Indian affairs, H. Cooney; petitions of aliens, Reitz; two-thirds and three-fifths bills, Cole; engrossed bills, Nixon; grievance, Morgan; expenditures of the house, Dinehart; expenditures of the executive department, Coon; revision, Merritt; fees, Hall; select library, Cromwell; sub-committee of the whole, Davis.

The minor clerks and other house officials were also announced. Speaker Cole retained Apgar, Halsted's old clerk.

John Swinton Dangerously Ill.

New York, Jan. 12.—John Swinton is lying seriously ill at his home, No. 151 East Forty-eighth street, and the doctors say whether he will survive the present prostration is very doubtful. The attendances will yesterday. Mr. Swinton has been growing steadily worse for the last seven days. The danger is the complication of troubles, particularly in the weakening of the glands, whereby breathing is obstructed and eventually made impossible.



JOHN SWINTON.

Discussing the Wool Industry.

Washington, Jan. 12.—There was a large gathering of wool growers here yesterday from various sections of the country, who met in conference at the Riggs house during the afternoon for the purpose of uniting upon a wool tariff declaration acceptable to the wool growers, dealers and manufacturers throughout the country. All three interests are well represented. Hon. John McDowell, of Pennsylvania; G. L. Converse, of Ohio, and others represent the growers; H. C. Dwight, of Boston; H. T. Thompson, of Chicago, and John Glenmalie, of Troy, N. Y., represent the dealers, and William Whitman, of Boston, president of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, and a number of eastern and middle state men compose the manufacturers' delegation. The delegates are very reticent as to the outcome of their conference, which was held with closed doors.

In a Blaze of Glory.

Toledo, O., Jan. 12.—Maumee, Toledo's most beautiful suburb, historically and romantically situated on the river below the city, was in a blaze of glory last night. A score of huge gas gushers were lighted, and their blaze was distinctly visible for miles. The little town was crowded with the celebration of the advent of natural gas was the largest ever known. Special trains from Chicago, Detroit, Cincinnati and other cities brought large crowds of excursionists. Maumee to witness the display. Chief Justice M. R. Waite, Hon. Frank Hurd and Sir John Peter Grant, a noted capitalist of London, were present and delivered addresses. The celebration surpassed anything of the kind ever given anywhere. The fete closed with a grand banquet.

New York's Railroad Commissioners.

Albany, Jan. 12.—The annual report of the New York state railroad commissioners to the legislature states that the year ending Sept. 30, 1887, was one of continued prosperity to the railroads of the state. The commissioners say the act has caused no friction other than was expected. The decisions of the interstate commerce commission are cited, and the commissioners say that the general tenor of these decisions is to sustain the principles and recommendations as to abolishing discrimination as to rates, discriminating as to grades, introducing steam, heat and air brakes, etc. The report suggests legislation on the subject of fast trains, and would reduce these reforms as rapidly as possible. The report is brief and contains upon railroad matters almost entirely.

Jubilant Glass Blowers.

Brooklyn, Jan. 12.—The flint glass blowers are jubilant over the settlement of the Murray's glass factory, at New Bedford, Mass., has withdrawn from the combination. The manufacturers say that Murray has informed his men that they could return to work at the old terms. Mr. Murray has written to all the eastern firms that he will not join the combination, and many by Saturday, and under no conditions will he join the Manufacturers' association again. This, the strikers say, breaks the combination, and will compel the other manufacturers to give in.

Death of a Prominent Citizen.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Jan. 12.—Frederick Mercur, general superintendent of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Coal company's coal mines, died at Philadelphia at 2:30 o'clock this morning, after a short illness. He was taken sick on the night of typhoid fever, aged 51. He was a prominent man in coal circles in this and other states.

Resolutions of Respect.

Paterson, Jan. 12.—The jury in the action case of William Mellon, as trial for firing business buildings last spring near Kinkerbank, N. J., rendered a verdict of guilty and recommended him to the penitentiary and to pay a $50 fine. His brother was acquitted.

A VERY GLOOMY OUTLOOK.

ECHOES OF THE GREAT CONTEST IN THE NINE REGIONS.

The Shoes of Wyoming Valley Supplying Nearly All the Coal Transported—The Busy Hamlets of Industry Crowded by Idle But Determined Men.

Reading, Pa., Jan. 12.—There is another stormy hour over an expected to be heard to-day. President Corbin that the coal strike is now a question of mines' supply. Mr. Corbin says that the Knights of Labor were warned against the strike, and that the company would not recognize the order. They were told that they could work or not as they chose, but that they would not be allowed to work and belong to the Knights of Labor. They were also told that they would be discharged if they struck. They struck, and the company stood by its word. Mr. Corbin says that the Knights of Labor did not do anything to help them. They were left entirely to themselves. The company has now in its employ a force of 10,000 men, and it is receiving applications for work every day. Over 1,000 men have been employed during the past week. The company has now in its employ a force of 10,000 men, and it is receiving applications for work every day. Over 1,000 men have been employed during the past week. The company has now in its employ a force of 10,000 men, and it is receiving applications for work every day. Over 1,000 men have been employed during the past week.

The Reading company has a total of 28,000 miners employed, with a corresponding number of laborers. Of this number 18,000 are members of the Knights of Labor. Of the 18,000 Knights of Labor 10,000 are in the Schuylkill region, 3,000 in the Lehigh region, 3,000 in the Wyoming region, 1,000 in the Shamokin region, and 1,000 in the Mahanoy region. The Knights of Labor have a total membership of over 17,000. The number of men who are out on strike is 15,000. The number of men who are out on strike is 15,000. The number of men who are out on strike is 15

THE CANARY BIRD.

THE GRAY, THE YELLOW, THE WHITE, BLACKISH AND CHESTNUT.

How to Choose a Sweet Singer of the Fortunate Isles—Home Breeding and Feeding of the Brilliant—Hints for Young by Hand.

Among the different tribes of song birds the canary has long been established as the favorite, its melodious song, beautiful plumage and docile disposition having won for it a place in every household, and gained for it the name of its "universal parlor bird." The Canary Islands are the most frequented haunts of this species, consequently the different varieties of Adamson, Lizard-Gentle and others, the prevailing color of the bird in its wild state is gray or brown, mixed with yellowish colors, but never rivaling the brilliancy of plumage exhibited by the bird in captivity. The introduction of the canary into Europe is stated by some writers to have taken place in Fourteenth century, but Bechstein sets it down as the beginning of the Sixteenth.

The principal varieties are the gray, the yellow, the white, the blackish and the chestnut, and it is from their combination that we derive the numerous varieties known to breeders. Those canaries that have the upper part of the body of dusky green or liver brown and the under part the yellowish green of the green bird, with dark forehead, are the strongest, and most valuable for the purpose of breeding. The yellowish and white ones have red eyes, and are the most tender. The chestnuts are the most common, and hold a middle rank for strength and length of song between the two extremes. The brightness of the intermediate varieties is a reflection of the principal colors combined, their value depends on the pretty and regular manner in which they are marked. It cannot be admitted by competent authorities that the canary most admired among fanciers is the one which is entirely white or entirely yellow—particularly if crested—whose last tail yellowish dun. The second in degree is of a golden yellow, with the head, wings and tail black, or of a very dark green. Those called *the gray or blackish, with a yellow head and* collar, and the yellow, with a blackish or green tuft, which is very rare, the tufts of the intermediate varieties are a mixture of the principal colors combined.

STRAY BITS.

The *State Line Coal Company*, of East Palestine, O., has received a wire rope two miles long from Liverpool, England, to be used in its mines.

Two citizens of Red Oak, Ia., spent nearly a week digging for $ treasure of $90,000, which a fortune teller had told them was buried near the city.

The people of St. Paul are much elated over the fact that there are now $30,885 of them. This is an increase of almost 100 per cent. in seven years.

The City of Mexico levies a tax on bull fights of 15 per cent. of the gross receipts, and since far this season the city treasury has been enriched $10,000 from this source.

A new train put on the Alton road between Chicago and Kansas City to rival the "Eli" of the Burlington line, is called the "Hummer." It reduces the regular time between the two cities by five hours.

An Italian at Mansfield, O., wore a pair of very tight shoes two days. The result was injuries to his feet that were followed by gangrene, so that he has had his toes and other parts of her h feet amputated in order to save his life.

One Taliferro—not the Confederate general, however, is the latest inventor of perpetual motion. He lives in Augusta, and has already applied for the rewards offered by the European governments to the discoverer of this principle of mechanics.

Two gentlemen of Norwich, Conn., have had a match at cribbage together nearly every day since Jan. 1, 1883, playing in that time nearly 11,000 games. One of them is nonetwenty games ahead of the other, and at no time has either had the advantage by more than fifty games.

In Paris there are numerous little trunk shops to which you go to hire a trunk packer at two francs, or forty cents, an hour to pack your trunk scientifically. These packers are artists. They fold up expensive dresses neatly in tissue paper, and pack as by the most delicate legic—line with the utmost care.

A driving wheel of a locomotive that was drawing a passenger train burst recently near Milford, Ill. One piece whizzed past the fireman's head and passed, screaming like a shell from a cannon, through the baggage car, the smoking car and a passenger coach without doing injury, to any person on the train. The train was running at the rate of forty miles an hour when the accident occurred.

Two little fellows, Sammy and Willie Baldwin, aged 14 and 12, respectively, walked from Kearney, Mo., recently, to St. Joseph, Mo., to see their mother in the insane asylum, not having seen her for six years. They were afraid to ask their father to let them go, and walked the entire 100 miles. A constable went after them and found them willing to return, as they had been successful in their mission.

TO SAVE DOCTORS' BILLS.

Never go to bed with cold or damp feet.

Never lean with the back upon anything that is cold.

Never begin a journey until the breakfast has been eaten.

Never take warm drinks and then immediately go out into the cold.

Never omit regular bathing, for unless the skin is in regular condition the cold will close the pores and favor congestion or other diseases.

After exercise of any kind never ride in an open carriage or near the window of a car for a moment; it is dangerous to health or even life.

When hoarse, speak as little as possible until the hoarseness is recovered from, else the voice may be permanently lost or difficulties of the throat be produced.

Merely warm the back by the fire, and never continue keeping the back exposed to the heat after you become comfortably warm. To do otherwise is debilitating.

When going from a warm atmosphere into a cooler one keep the mouth closed, so that the air may be warmed by its passage through the nose before it reaches the lungs.

Never stand still in cold weather, especially after having taken a slight degree of exercise, and always avoid standing on ice or snow, since the person is exposed to the cold wind.

Keep the back, especially between the shoulder blades, well covered; also the chest and stomach. In sleeping in a cold room establish the habit of breathing through the nose, and never with the open mouth.—New York Mail and Express.

SAID BY BRIGHT MEN.

The hypocrite would not put on the appearance of virtue if vice were the most proper means to gain love.—Addison.

The characters of men placed in lower stations of life are more useful as being imitable by more numbers.—Atterbury.

To secure a contented spirit, measure your desires by your fortune, not your fortune by your desires.—Jeremy Taylor.

God overrules all malicious accidents, brings them under the laws of free, and subjects them all serviceable to His purposes.—Hamilton.

Humility in man consists not in denying what is real in him, but in not valuing it as if it were not given him by God.—Jeremy Taylor.

I dislike an eye that twinkles like a star. Those only are beautiful which, like planets, have steady, luminous light—are luminous, but not shining.—Longfellow.

Let not your recreations be lavish spenders of your time, but choose such as are healthful, recreative and apt to refresh you; but at no hand dead you.—Jeremy Taylor.

The righteous passion of joy was not that which now usurps the name; that trivial, vanishing, unsanctified thing that only glides on the surface and plays upon the surface of the soul.—South.

Irresolution is a worse vice than rashness. He that shoots but two sacatiques miss the mark, but he that shoots six at all can never hit it. Irresolution is as the joints of a snake; like an ague, it shakes not this nor that limb, but all the body is at once in a fit. The irresolute man is tied from one place to another, so hatcheth nothing, but addles all his actions.—Feltham.

OUR DUMB ANIMALS.

Two East Jordan, Mich., hunters followed a deer track for six miles a few days ago, and then found that it had been made by a pig.

A passenger train ran through a flock of 4,000 sheep near Jakima, W. T., recently, and killed 100 of them without derailing the engine.

A young heifer, owned by Robert Oliver, of Jefferson county, Ind., crawled into a hollow log where the rope could not be reached, and so much that she was unable to extricate herself. The owner found the animal after a three days' search, and was obliged to put the log to pieces to release her.

HENRY HANCHETT,

GROCER,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY.

and dealer in

Staple and Fancy GROCERIES.

Fruits and Vegetables IN SEASON.

Ferris & Co's. celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the Best Packer's in the country.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front St.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.

The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., J. W. Steward, writes: "I am sure that Van Werth Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE

And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

MRS. M YARGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them Particulars of J. H. Fender, Veterinary Surgeon, 22 East Fifth street, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

That a portion of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles as my words? This most advertising would prove untrue if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. R. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J. Large size 50c and $1.00.

FLOWER CUT FLOWERS.

Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Edmeds, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES!

Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will give everything. They are sold everywhere. Send for free book of colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount or Fastness. Beware of Poisons of Color, or non-fixable quantities. Then do not crock or smut. For sale by R. R. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-21-tf

L. HEYNIGER,

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Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.

and

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 113.

Hecker's Goods in great variety.

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OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

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CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

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Undertakers and Embalmers

No. 10 W. Front Street.

Telephone Call 28. Orders by Mail, or Telegraph, promptly attended to. Residence, Telephone Call 37. Office in Hillside cemetery.

The Plainfield Electric Light Company.

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CHURCHES,

DWELLINGS,

Public Buildings, etc.

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

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Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

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Established 1869

Carpenter & Builder,

38 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

R. A. Koss,

21 Roosevelt street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Smith,

Car enter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box, 1258. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Evens, P. O. Box 22.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 218.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

16 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWERS'

37 West Front Street, Studio in West Park street. Steamers for drawing and oil painting

LAING'S HOTEL.

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PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders, Tables of Reasonable Rates.

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REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

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Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wires to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

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BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunenelle and everything pertaining to our business.

KENNEY BROS.

Seasonable Goods at

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A large line of useful

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at prices that will please everybody.

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TO LET FURNISHED.

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Desirable Bargains in

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Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phoenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgages.

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Real Estate Broker, 25 and 27 North avenue (Opposite R. R. Station), Plainfield.

Telephone No. 81.

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FOUNDRY

and

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1886. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, building building columns, fenders, newel and wall covers, grate bars, furnace and stove grates, ballroad cars, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever may be called for. New machinery built by Sunday or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairing, etc.

J. H. KENYON

PLAINFIELD BOULDER EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two steam quick work, therefore can move them for less money than any other firm in this section. Estimates given on the Board of Health Plumbing. Sixteen years' experience as Practical Plumber. No. 8 North avenue. P. O. Box 1442. Telephone call 28. Residence of Manager, Third door, West Park, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

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BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crock, nor stain or clothing, or turn gray as we warrant it. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

CUTLERY

SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

13 E. Front street.

Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

We have

Sold Nearly

all of our great lot of fine whisks we have advertised for sargent, but have a few left which we would pay you to examine and take advantage of between now and the New Year, when we will withdraw any left over, to make room for our spring goods.

A Reduction of 25 per cent. in overcoats.

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Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

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18 DUNE STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

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Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargain in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

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B. T. BARNES'

Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.

ALL OUR OWN MAKE.

OPPOSITE P. O.

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RESIDENCE, 19 SUMMIT AVENUE.

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Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Dunne streets. Special attention called to the "Dockash" range, which cannot be excelled.

H. ANDERSON.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and goods will thereof, of S. B. H. Bookman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

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PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC,

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Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also received a number of first class of practical plumbing, is prepared to do plumbing in any of the towns of Union county. Residence on Second street, between Watchung and Grant avenues. Shop on Front street, between Second and Third streets, 2 North avenue. P. O. Box 1442.

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Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable. Free coach to and from the depot. Special arrangements will be made for parties desiring to remain for the winter. Horses to be transferred to and from the Hotel.

Terms moderate.

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COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

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Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

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GEO. A. MOORE,

(Of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

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No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to furnish his customers with the choicest grades of fresh and salt

MEATS

Of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Fowls in season, and all the delicacies of the market. Orders promptly filled. Telephone Call No. 4.

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INTERIOR DECORATIONS

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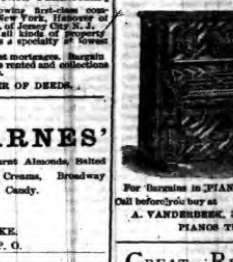

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Fine assortment of the Celebrated French ILLUMINATED PAPERS

Handsome paper, 5c a roll and upward.

ADAMS,

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6c, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be obtained at Chase's Crusher on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

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Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsays, store No. 1 South Second street.

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Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12—have $1.00. Dandruff removed with the Electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 2-23-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Demorest's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. Price's, Train & Thurston's stores No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 86, promptly attended to.

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Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

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Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Onions, Country Butter, fine hams, Teas, Canned goods, fruit jars, jelly glasses, White Grape, Yellow Rock, stone, Earthen and Glass Jars, Flower Pots, etc. Floral pieces a specialty.

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No. 32 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white washed. Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

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Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Hemstitching, Tucking and Pleating for the Trade done neatly, while you wait at the lowest prices. 19 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

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Ladies' Hair Dresser and Wigmaker.

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mattings, Curtains to hire. 19 West Front street.

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Smalley Brothers,

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Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 81.

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Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,

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Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work freely. Also, all kinds of repairing done on short notice. Orders left at my residence, corner of Second and Watchung avenues, will be promptly attended to. Shop at 9 Somerset street.

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TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.

On and after date I will be at Rand's to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.

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SKATES, for BOYS, GIRLS AND EVERYBODY

ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone 73

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

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House Furnishing GOODS

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FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

35 WEST FRONT STREET.

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COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to buy in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

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CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of

Flour, Feed, Grain,

Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack. Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.

FRENCH'S BUILDING,

69 Somerset street. Telephone No 32. P. O. Box 1082.

FOTOGRAFS,

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

No flavoring extracts used as it does'nt require the Yeast Foam to cover up bad flavors. Every loaf makes it unnecessary to quarrel.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand. Parties and weddings supplied with cakes, ice cream and confectionery at short notice.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 8 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 67.

THE News receives all issues of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better medium of communication and is distributed through all parts of the suburbs, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers, and, as the circulation is increasing, rates will be advanced in the near future. In all that goes to make a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper, the News stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Field & Randolph, 21 West Front street.

—Allen, the stationer, has received a full line of tissue paper that is having such a "run" now.

—John P. Wolfe has something to say interesting to the public among the miscellaneous cards to-day.

—The Plainfield Electric Light Company shipped one of their large dynamos to Lynn, Mass., to-day.

—The extra services are still in progress in the lecture room of the Trinity Reformed church. Meeting this evening at 8 o'clock. All are welcome.

—Ass nably Bill No. 3 would have covered the Plainfield "fire-bug" cases nicely, and would have enabled Judge McCormick to sentence Horace and Louis VanNest for arson, as he desired.

—The Rev. Mr. Taylor is to be installed as rector of the Episcopal church at Westfield, next Sunday morning. Some one or twelve from Christ Church, *New Brunswick, will attend* in a body.

—There was a fine audience at Reform Hall last evening, at the regular Thursday night meeting. President French presided. Miss Smith was organist. A number of prominent Plainfield Christian women made interesting remarks, and several men and women signed the pledge.

—A week ago the consistory of the German Reformed church here extended a call to their pastor, the Rev. F. Koechli. This would have been done years ago, but for the peculiar circumstances under which the congregation was placed. The pastor was willing to have charge over the church only in the character of stated supply. Dr. D. Wator, president of the Classis of Newark, acted as moderator for the call.

—Concerning the minstrel troupe which is to appear at the Stillman Music Hall, Jan. 17th, the Brooklyn Standard Union says: "McNish, Johnston & Slavin's minstrel troupe received a hearty welcome at the Park Theatre, last evening, where they appeared for the second time this season. The company is one of the best on the road, and contains more music and more novelties than the great majority of similar organizations. Altogether the entertainment is one that gives nearly three hours of solid laugh, and that's something worth enjoying."

The Chautauqua Circle.

The seventy-fifth meeting of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle will be held Saturday evening, Jan. 21st, at the "Y" rooms, 55 East Front street. The following is the

PROGRAMME:

1. Song ..... Hail Columbia
2. American History—Review and Remarks.
3. Song ..... Hiawatha
4. Reading—The Flag's Birthday. ..... Bally 'round the Flag
5. Whittier ..... Mrs. L. B. McClintock
6. Reading—Battle Hymn of the Republic. ..... Miss Osamberlin
7. Reading—The Evolution of the American Flag. ..... Miss Addie Lewis
8. Song ..... Mrs. Cahoone
9. Reading—The American Flag. ..... Miss Kimball
10. Song—"My Country 'tis of Thee." ..... Miss Hewitt

N. B.—The members are requested as far as possible to learn the words of the national songs on the programme and, if possible, to bring copies.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for the week ending Jan. 13th, 1888:

Burbank, Mrs Geo A. Lallue, John
Brinkman, Fred. Moore, Oscar
Bassett, Mrs Elwin P Munday, Mary
Bailey, Mrs Lizzie P Mencill, Mrs Mame
Barnes, Geo Marsh, Mrs Elizabeth
Boston, Mrs A J May, Miss Annie
Brown, Joseph Mott, John A
Baldwin, J Miles, Mrs Christina
Clark, Helen O'Sullivan, Rev Dan
Clark, Mrs E Marsh Randolph, Mrs Rina G
Cox, Hamilton Searing, Miss Esther L
Fuller, J H Scoonmaker, Mrs Edith
Hall, Frederick Taylor, Mrs Nellie
Harris, J P Thompson, Miss Geo A
Hollins, Miss Mary VanPelt, A B
Kisling, Mrs Mary G Wyckoff, Mrs E A
Joglos, Miss Isabella

Persons calling for above please say advertised. W. L. PONCE, Postmaster.

Chief Carey Says O. K.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In a recent issue of your valuable paper, I noticed a short—but decidedly-to-the-point—letter, concerning persons who expectorate in the post-office.

Now, another bothersome thing is the way drivers of carriages obstruct the walk in front of the post office.

Time and again I have been compelled to walk around the hitching-posts to get by a vehicle placed directly across the walk. Once in awhile they are compelled to move along, by the policeman.

If you will call attention to this and have it remedied you will greatly oblige,

E PLURIBUS UNUM.

In the Courts.

This morning the suit of Henry Dills against Conductor Frank Harris and the Receiver of the Central Railroad was continued in the Circuit Court. The testimony was finished yesterday afternoon and counsel summed up this morning. Hon. John T. Dunn and Mr. Joseph A. Brocker, of Newark, speaking for the plaintiff and Hon. Benjamin Williamson and Mr. Holmes for the defendants.

The plaintiff asks $15,000 damages for an assault which he alleges was committed upon him by the conductor.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Bills Introduced by New Jersey's Law-Makers in Joint.

THE SENATE.

No. 1. By Mr. Cramer. Extending the time for the completion of railroads whose charters shall expire by limitation during the year 1888, to December 31st, 1889. (Railroads.)

No. 2. By Mr. Chase. An act to provide for the funeral of paupers in the quarantine waters of the State.

No. 3. By Mr. Rogers. Changes the boundaries and number of road districts in Englewood township.

No. 4. By Mr. Hanes. Act for preservation of fish.

No. 5. By Mr. Edwards. Provides for new rules to govern the Court of Errors.

No. 6. By Mr. Griggs. Act to secure to creditors an equal and just division of the estate of debtors, by way of mortgages for the benefit of creditors.

THE ASSEMBLY.

No. 1. By Mr. Hill. Gives Common Councils or other legislative bodies in cities power to divide the wards once in five years, by two-thirds vote therefor. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 2. By Mr. Pitney. Making legal rate of interest five per cent. (Judiciary.)

No. 3. By Mr. Gregg

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. Hoagland, Editor and Proprietor.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 Somerset Street, Plainfield, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough, at 12 cents per week; or, sent by mail, postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $3 per year payable in advance.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1890.

TWO FAMILIES SENT ON MURDER.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., Jan. 13.—The war of extermination goes bravely on between the McCoys, of Pike county, Ky., and the Hatfields, of Logan county, W. Va. As soon as the burial of Mrs. McCoy and her two sons, murdered by the Hatfields, was over the men of the McCoys organized a posse and visited the Hatfield settlements in West Virginia for the purpose of annihilating the gang. The posse went to the Hatfield home, and finding no one at home they repaired to the woods to meditate for a few moments. Their secrecy was of short duration, for the Hatfield gang was soon upon them, and a regular war ensued.

After the smoke of the battle had cleared away it was found that the Hatfield party was badly scarred, three of their number being killed, while none of the McCoy posse were hurt. Those known to be killed were Johnson Hatfield, Thomas Chambers and James Vance. Satisfied with their day's work, the McCoy posse returned to their settlement to await developments. Vance had filibustered several times in the McCoy neighborhood, and had to leave in consequence. He had been a bold, daring, desperate fellow. The authorities are powerless, and the war will doubtless be waged until one side or the other is completely exterminated, as no one in authority seems to care. This was the case in the Jones-Hall war in Knott county, and all are satisfied at its termination after scores had been killed.

The greatest excitement prevails in the neighborhood, and the end is not yet, as there is bad blood on both sides. The scene is on the Blackberry fork of Pond creek, in Pike county. The crime is the outcome of an old feud, and is laid at the door of the notorious Hatfields and their gang. About five years ago there was an election held on that creek, and one of the Hatfields came over from the State of West Virginia, and during the day engaged in an altercation with one of the McCoys. Two of the McCoy brothers came to the rescue and fatally stabbed Hatfield. Hatfield was taken home, and his relatives swooped down on the McCoy boys, took them captives and held them prisoners until Hilton, Hatfield's partisan, they had stabbed, died, when the Hatfield's conveyed the three McCoy boys to the scene of the altercation, stripped them, tied them to a pawpaw bush, shot them to death, and left their bodies in that position.

Since that time a regular war has been waged between the Hatfields and the McCoys. A short time ago the Hatfield party visited the residence of Randall McCoy and set fire to the house. Alafare, his eldest daughter, was the first to open the door and make her escape, followed by the burning light she was shot dead by the gang outside, who were concealed. The son Calvin next appeared, and he was shot dead. Mrs. McCoy made her appearance in escaping from the burning building, and was shot in the head and dangerously wounded. Randall McCoy next appeared, armed with a double-barrel shotgun, and although a volley was discharged at him he escaped unhurt and opened fire on the party outside, killing one known to have killed one of the gang by the name of Chambers, and, it is said, shot Capt. Hatfield in the shoulder and put him hors de combat for the time being this chapter. There are rewards aggregating $2,500 offered by the state of Kentucky for the arrest of the Hatfields and their delivery to the jailer of Pike county for the murder of the three McCoy boys, but no one seems anxious to make the attempt to take them, as they are a desperate gang in the wilds of West Virginia. One of the number constantly stands guard, and they defy the authorities, but retributive justice is now following close on their foolish acts have stirred up that whole section. This gang of outlaws has killed Mr. McCoy's wife, four of his sons and one daughter, besides burning his house, leaving him only three daughters; but if the Hatfields are ever taken, dead or alive, the men who undertake the job will experience some of the antipathy of West Virginia tought is a determined and desperate band.

Connecticut's Masons.

HARTFORD, Jan. 13.—The Connecticut Grand Lodge of Masons will hold its annual session on Wednesday, Jan. 15. There are 100 worshipful lodges in the state. Hiram of New Haven not being included in the list. The past year has been one of the most prosperous in the history of the order in Connecticut, with a notable increase in membership. The Grand lodge will not recede from the position taken last spring in the case of Hiram lodge of New Haven. The controversy will be discussed at length in Grand Master Green's address. The determination is fixed that Hiram must submit or remain without affiliation with the lodges of the state.

One of Henry George's Theories.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Ashbel P. Fitch, member of his assembly, who is attorney for a number of large manufacturing companies, has written Mayor Hewitt, approving the mayor's recommendation to abolish taxation on personal property, and correspondingly increase the tax on real estate. Mr. Fitch says that he knows personally of several important concerns which have been obliged to locate in New Jersey and Long Island on account of the personal property tax in this city. They would come to the city if the mayor's recommendation were carried out, and he believes that many other concerns with large capital would follow their example.

A Setback for Gen. Butler.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—Gen. Butler's motion in arrest of judgment in the case of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers against him was overruled yesterday by Judge Colt in the United States circuit court. The verdict against Gen. Butler was for about $17,000. Gen. Butler's motion was based upon the alleged illegality of the assignment of Judge Carpenter to preside at the trial. Judge Colt is inclined to think that the appointment should have been filed in the clerk's office in the district court, but rules that the failure so to do does not invalidate the appointment.

His Friend's Efforts No Avail.

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 13.—Edward Mooney, a well known citizen, cut his throat with a razor, severing the windpipe and died. Mooney was attended by a friend in the act of cutting his throat, and on his friend endeavoring to prevent the deed a terrible struggle ensued. Business troubles are supposed to have unsettled his mind.

Minister to Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The president has sent the following nomination to the Senate:—Edward C. Bragg, of Wisconsin, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Mexico.

CAN THE VETERAN VOTE?

GOVERNOR HILL'S COMMUNICATION TO THE LEGISLATURE.

He Says the Inmates of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, at Bath, Have Been Deprived of Their Right of Franchise—Is the Old Soldier a Pauper?

ALBANY, Jan. 13.—Governor Hill yesterday sent the following message to the legislature:

STATE OF NEW YORK, EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, ALBANY, Jan. 13, 1890.

To the legislature: The New York Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, at Bath, was established by the state for the purpose, as its name so implies, of providing a home for honorably discharged soldiers and sailors of the state who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late war. The home is a state institution, and must therefore be supported by the state. Such support is provided for by section 1 of chapter 364 of the laws of 1889, which reads as follows: "Every member of said home shall receive from the state the same pay, subsistence, transportation and allowances of every kind and nature now provided by law for enlisted men of the United States army, and all money paid to the state for the support of said home shall be paid into the treasury of the state and credited to the general fund thereof." The money has not been paid to the inmates of the home, as required by the above section, and the question arises whether the inmates of this state, their right so to do being entirely unquestioned—the officers having refused to receive the money when tendered for such expend purpose by the town of Bath. But about two years ago a majority of the inmates of the home were induced, by representations made to the wishes of certain politicians of much power, to believe that they could by a certain "statement of facts" was agreed upon between those two parties, and upon such statement the question of the right of the boys to vote at the said election was submitted, under the provisions of the Code of Procedure, to the court of appeals, the highest court of the State, judicial department of this state. It was to all intents and purposes an ex parte proceeding.

It is perceived that the "statement of facts" was partial, unfair, artfully worded and cunningly devised, and by its concessions and concealments was framed to present a case absolutely requiring a decision adverse to the veterans. Even against its intention, the court several times unexpectedly, and to the disappointment of those engaged in the plot, sustained the rights of those to vote at the Bath election. Mad at the failure of the scheme, an appeal was taken to the court of appeals, which court, acting solely upon the facts as they had been stated and agreed upon by parties, and being wholly bound thereby, was constrained to decide against Silvey.

It is now claimed that the decision in reference to Silvey's voting necessarily determines the right of every other soldier at the Home, although the other soldiers were not parties to the controversy, their counsel was not heard in relation thereto, and the facts were "agreed upon" by parties to vote were all adverse to the rights claimed by the veterans. The manifest injustice of the whole one-sided proceeding was to procure a decision against the veterans' and it seems the plan was successful.

The facts "agreed upon," which were presented to the court, were designedly so shaped and colored as to make it appear that the "Home" was a tavern, hotel or other resort within the meaning of section 3 of article 2 of the constitution, which prohibits inmates of such institutions from voting. The fact is that the place where they are located. It is submitted that the people of the state intended by the permanent "Home" for their veteran soldiers, did not intend to place them upon a par with paupers, idiots or lunatics, but intended that they should receive and enjoy thereat all the privileges of citizenship.

It is believed that it is within the province of the legislature of this state to determine the character of its own institutions, which it creates, and by legislative act to declare the nature of the state's "Home," so that it may or may not be deemed an almshouse or other asylum within the meaning of the constitution. It is submitted that the "Home" at Bath as a Soldiers' Home was not contemplated when the constitution was framed, and that it is competent for the legislature should, by declaratory or other appropriate legislation, proceed to protect and maintain the veterans in the exercise of their rightful prerogatives as citizens of our state.

It is understood that about one of these veterans voted at the Home at the election in November last, and have been recently indicted therefor by a local grand jury at the instance of the same parties who instituted the Silvey suit.

Prompt attention to this subject seems to be demanded, and I cannot believe the legislature will refuse to exercise its proper functions to prevent the consummation of the outrage intended and that the veterans had a right, under existing laws, to vote at such Home.

Additional legislation, however, is to be required, or at least desirable, to the end that the right of such veterans to vote at the "Home" may be clearly established by an unmistakable statute. There can be little doubt of the power of the legislature to declare what shall constitute a residence in such cases, and the propriety of its exercise in favor of these veteran soldiers is too clear for argument. At least there ought not to be any reasonable question on the part of any one to their voting at the "Home" for all national, state and other offices not strictly local in their character.

The whole subject is commended to the consideration of the legislature.

DAVID B. HILL.

Damaged by a Blast.

NORWALK, Conn., Jan. 13.—A destructive blast occurred in the deep water trench at the corner of Main and Wall streets at 8:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The Wilson building, at the southeast corner of the two streets, was seriously damaged. Most of the windows were shattered by the flying stones, and a portion of the wall was driven in. The gas main was broken in places, and could not be repaired in less than twenty-four hours, so that all the tenants of the block will depend on kerosene and the electric lights for its illumination last night. The rock at the time of the blast was covered with many heavy timbers, which were thrown in every direction. The sewer trench at this point tunneled twenty feet deep under the south side of the horse railway, which resulted in the caving in of the blast was away from the tracks. Contractor Cain had taken precautions to have himself covered, and the damages he will now have to pay will leave him the loser of a large amount of money.

A Canine Holocaust.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 13.—Yesterday the Fourteenth regiment armory building, its civil-drug arms, ammunition, horses, and other property, together with the stock of the Ohio Poultry and Pet Animal association, which were on exhibition, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss includes 100 dogs and a number of valuable horses. Lost night a number of officials were busy trying to find out how the fire started but will be unsuccessful. It is an old and it will be difficult for him to get far away.

A Strange Case of Suicide.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Theodore Stanton, formerly the president of the New York, Chicago and St. Louis railroad, and lately head receiver of the West Shore railroad, committed suicide at his residence, 30 Madison avenue, this morning by shooting himself in the head. He was found dead some time after the shooting, but refused to make any statement. His wife and family say they know of no reason for the deplorable act. Mr. Stanton was 70 years old. He was a native of Middletown, N. Y., where his body will be taken for interment.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

The National Power to be Invoked—Governor Pattison Firm.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.—The great struggle which is already begun is, it is believed, by many persons, to be fought out to a finish. If the question of arbitration is not settled soon it will involve all coal mining men in the state of Pennsylvania, and then they will then prepare for a long and stubborn fight.

The situation remains unchanged up to the middle of the afternoon. Several hundred more are at work at Port Richmond, and the coal is handled without opposition.

READING, Pa., Jan. 13.—The scarcity of coal in this city and in towns along the road, one branches of the Reading railroad is beginning to be very seriously felt. Many dealers in this city have from 50 cents to $2.00 per ton and as many people do not like to pay the advance the Reading company is selling coal with the greatest economy. Many families are burning soft coal instead of stove. The next few days will tell a tale.

General Manager McLeod, of the Reading company, had a conference with Superintendent Gable in this city yesterday on the situation. It is said that it is to be determined at the Harrisburg conference to-day to yield to the wishes of certain politicians of much influence and refuse to operate the right of way to vote at the said election was submitted, under the provisions of the Code of Procedure, to the court of appeals, the highest court of the State, judicial department of this state. It was to all intents and purposes an ex parte proceeding.

It is perceived that the "statement of facts" was partial, unfair, artfully worded and cunningly devised, and by its concessions and concealments was framed to present a case absolutely requiring a decision adverse to the veterans. Even against its intention, the court several times unexpectedly, and to the disappointment of those engaged in the plot, sustained the rights of those to vote at the Bath election. Mad at the failure of the scheme, an appeal was taken to the court of appeals, which court, acting solely upon the facts as they had been stated and agreed upon by parties, and being wholly bound thereby, was constrained to decide against Silvey.

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DAVID B. HILL.

A Drunkard's Gallery Wrecked.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 13.—This city, under an old ordinance passed by the Prohibition commission council is repealed, will soon possess a gallery of portraits—rivaling in its variety the famous Rogues' Gallery or Police Gallery of New York. The ordinance inflicts a severe penalty on every saloon or barkeeper who sells liquor to any person whose picture is in the public gallery of drunkards. The Board doubts if anybody cared to be compelled to sit for a picture of the sort. The ordinance for the repeal passed until to-morrow evening. The same programme mapped out for last night will then be carried out.

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Frozen in His Sash.

WESTFORD, Mass., Jan. 13.—The coldest snap for years has been prevailing for the past few days. The thermometer has ranged below zero. A man named Wilbur McDonald, one of a wealthy family, was found to death in his bed. He was a brother of Dr. McDonald, M. P. for East Huron.

Eight Persons Killed in a Church Panic.

GRATZ, Jan. 13.—In a panic which occurred in a church in Southern Tyrol yesterday eight persons were crushed to death and many injured.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The Pell wood ornament factory at Hallowell burned; loss $60,000.

Miss Burton will abandon the stage to Isabel Ill health is stated to be the reason for the recall from Ireland.

Dennis Mahoney, who shot Mary Maguire, died in Boston to avoid the pay of her injuries.

The Associated press committee of Chicago has raised $6,000 among the members of the board of trade for the Johnstown sufferers.

Paul Tenney, a well-known man, was held in $5,000 bail at Grand Rapids, Mich., for forging Dun's Directory of Grand Rapids.

Mrs. Mary Ann Hoag, Mrs. Hoag has been escaped from jail at Hudson, N. Y., by digging through two heavy walls.

The big four mails from Minneapolis by way of Duluth, Marie belong and through Canada reached Montreal, P. Q., yesterday, two days late.

There were only a few new cases of smallpox reported in Chicago yesterday, and the disease is now under control. Only two deaths occurred during the day.

Jacques Sweet, a well-known citizen of the city of Wheeling, Va., committed suicide yesterday.

At Hoosick Falls Junction a lady named Manley, from Rutland, Vt., was crushed to death between the depot platform and a car.

SALISBURY'S CONFIDENCE.

SATISFIED THAT HIS GOVERNMENT IS A BIG SUCCESS.

He Says the Government Is Ready for Arbitration—Great Preparations to Meet the Boers—Portugal Is Losing Her Power.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Lord Salisbury, in a speech at the Lord Mayor's banquet last night, said: "We are satisfied that our government is a big success. We have been subjected to many attacks, but we have been able to show that the country is with us. We have been able to show that the country is with us. We have been able to show that the country is with us. We

WOMAN AND HOME.

HOW OLD ARTICLES OF FURNITURE MAY BE RE-FASHIONED.

The Children's Forty-sitting Fantasie of Infants—A Philosophical View—Marriage as a Partnership—Man's Downfall. For the Baby.

It is very fortunate for people in medium circumstances that old furniture is now in vogue, for many articles that would in former years be relegated to the attic, as unfitted for sight or use, may, with a little ingenuity and taste, be converted into handsome and artistic articles of furniture. No matter how old fashioned a chair or table may be, if the frame is sound, and the joints are as long as it holds together, it can be used in some way to help furnish the home.

An old-fashioned sideboard can be converted into a beautiful table for the parlor, and, if it is put together carefully, will never give a hint of home manufacture. Remove the back and rungs used for towels, and over the hole in the top, intended for the bowl, fasten a thin pine board so as to cover the whole top. With soap and water and a brush, scour off the old varnish and paint. Wipe, and when thoroughly dry go over the whole with sandpaper until it is as smooth as you can get it. Then it is ready for the finish, which must be showy. To the cupboards get at the druggist's a small piece of asphaltum gum and break it up fine into an old pint tin half filled with turpentine, put two heaping tablespoonfuls of the asphaltum. Set it where it will be warm, never hot, let it stand four days, stirring it frequently, and it will be ready for use. With a brush an inch wide spread the shiny varnish every part of the stand and set to dry. In half an hour, when it is dry, give it another coat. Three coats are sufficient to make it a jet black with a beautiful lustre. Now, take some pressed ferns and with mucilage paste them neatly on the stand. Arrange two groups of large ferns, two or three in each group, and place in the center of the top and bottom shelf. Around these paste small ferns in any design liked. Two or three small ones, grouped in the corner of the shelves, look pretty with tiny single ones scattered carelessly about the sides and legs of the stand.

When the mucilage is thoroughly dry gild the fern with gold paint, using a fine camel's hair brush, and going over each fern very carefully, so as to get as little as possible of the gilding outside of the fern. Use the finest grade of ferns you can possibly get, for, although it is more troublesome to gild them, yet they look so much nicer that they repay fully the labor spent on them. When the ferns are dry give the whole stand a coat of copal varnish, let dry, and it is done. To be sure, it will take time to make a table of this kind, but it need not all be done at once. The arrangement and gilding of the ferns is the most tedious part of the work, and how many of these shall be used depends wholly upon the maker. A group of large gilded ferns in the centre of each shelf and the rest of the stand left plain is a simple and artistic way of ornamenting. This is a good imitation of Japanese ware, and can be used for cabinets, plaques, panels, etc., and answer the purpose quite as well as the imported article but as well as the real, more expensive article. A simpler and easier way of doing the work, which may be liked by some, as it does away with the labor of stand papering the article to be decorated, is to paint it black, instead of staining it, and proceed as though stained. To be sure, it will not in any way look like ebony, but it looks all done in the first way, but where time is scarce it will in most cases do as well.

A pretty and inexpensive and easily made table is one made of the cover of a small butter firkin and three brass handles or round sticks as thick as brass handles. Cut the sticks in eight inch lengths, dressing them in the center get the exact angle wanted, then with a long screw attach them firmly together; fasten the top securely to the sticks, and gild the legs. Then cover the top with garnet plush or felt, and around the edge attach garnet and gold chenille ball fringe. Tie a bow of wood garnet satin ribbon around where the sticks are fastened together, to conceal the screw. Another way is to take off the rim of the cover, after gluing firmly a narrow piece of wood across the inside of the cover to keep it together, and fasten the cover to the top of the crossed sticks. Ebonize the whole, and tie a bright scarlet satin bow ribbon around the center of the sticks, or paint the table white, with a narrow stripe of gold running around the edge and down the outside of each leg; varnish with white varnish, and tie around the sticks cross a bright gold bow of broad satin ribbon.

White furniture is so much sought after that, to be up to the times, some one article, at the very least, of white and gold should be found in all homes. White paint, white varnish and gold paint are all that are required to transform any article of furniture into the fashionable shade. An old mirror that has been set aside on account of its frame being worn and old may, with white paint, varnish, and one or two stripes of gold, be converted into a handsome piece of furniture, for of all the furnishings of the home, the mirror stands at the head as the most beautiful when framed in white and gold. An old fashioned light stand painted white, with bands of gold, with a white fall scarf thrown over it, the ends embroidered with golden rods or daisies, is a pretty addition to any room. A willow chair or rocker that has grown dark may be made beautiful by painting in white and gold, upholstering the seat and arms in myrtle green plush, running myrtle green satin ribbon through the spaces around or across the back, and fastening at the right hand corner in a broad bow. The back may have a round or square cushion of the same shade of plush, or need not have any. A common cane seat chair, painted in white and gold, upholstered in peacock blue, with a bow of the same shade of ribbon tied at the upper right hand corner of the back, is very pretty. It does not matter what color the article may be in by it to be decorated, it can be painted white. It is advisable to have but a few articles of white in a room, for one or two give a much better appearance to the room, where it is in a small, than a large number. Too many are apt to give it a monotonous look.—Boston Budget.

Marriage Is a Partnership.

Marriage is still only too often a bargain, but, at least, it is no longer an entirely one-sided bargain. It is tending toward the only true ideal of life's companionship—a partnership on equal terms, with equal give and take on both sides. Women no longer feel bound to render that implicit obedience which was considered as rigorous in our great-grandmother's days, and men no longer universally demand it.

Husbands, however, are beginning to learn that their prime duty is not "to look after" their wives. The very existence is indicative of the most ghastly unhappiness. Manhood of the whole kind or matrimony. The general feeling of society condemns a man who lives to rule his wife on the same principles as a pasha rules his harem. And, the whole tone of modern life and modern fashion is practically impossible for him to do so. A married woman enjoys as a rule, complete liberty during the livelong day, and even at night it is frequently only after a long round of gayety that she sleeps. The everything turns on the relations between the husband and wife.

If a girl is really in love with the man she marries she may be trusted with any amount of subsequent freedom. If not, not; and therefore we say to the young lady who is thinking of marriage, you are responsible for the great majority of ill assorted unions are also responsible for the misery evil results which are to be seen in society at this day.

For it is a fact that parents of English girls are as much fenced into marriage as the French girl, whose husband is selected while she is yet in the convent. Not by the same force, no; but by the whole tone of her education; by the exaggerated fear of being an old maid; by the obvious necessity of making a good match; by the absence of single, and the closer intimacy of married life reveals the fact that they are simply human after all, having faults and failings that fall in a measure to the lot of all men. While this discovery may cause surprise and regret, it need not result in unhappiness, particularly if one is of the philosophical turn of mind of the old lady mentioned in the following incident:

"When my Josiah and me was first married," she said, "I'd an idee that he hadn't a fault in the world, and I wouldn't hear to anything but that he was perfect; and he thought the same of me.

"In the first night, Josiah did, that he'd drawn one of them impossible prizes in the lottery of matrimony—a woman without a fault.

"Well, by the time we'd gone through two or three housekeeping scrapes, a-baking up and putting down carpets and settling up and tearing down stoves and all that sort of thing, to say nothing of 'the Monday,' wash day and toothaches that lasted three days at a time—time we'd gone through all that, Josiah had found out that I wa'n't quite an angel, and I'd discovered that he could do and say things the saints would cheerely do and say.

"And one day, in one of my penitent spells, I says to Josiah, says I: 'I'ain't the person you thought I was, am I, Josiah? I ain't half as good and sweet as I thought I'd be.'

"We was at the dinner table when I said it, and there was a big dish of beautiful honey in the comb on the table. Josiah picked it up, and he says, says he: 'Miranady, I like honey as well as any man living likes it, and you like it, too, but if we had to eat it three times a day for even six months we'd get so deepritly sick of it we'd never want to her the word "honey" again. Variety,' says he, 'is the spice of life, sure enough.'

"And most married folks, I take notice, don't eat honey three times a day, and they're variety enough to make life interestin'."—Youth's Companion.

The Fall of Man.

Mercifully for the world, very few women can in the least understand that side of men's nature in which the senses predominate over or are perpetually fighting with the soul, so that an originally noble human being can sink down to the level of Calypso's swine. I question if even an ordinary woman—being a good woman—can realise the state of mind which results in a man's making some wretched sensualism, or sinking under the unlawful thraldom of a Cleopatra, an Aspasia, or a Phryne. Such things are, but most of women can hardly comprehend them. We may, under some extraordinary self delusion, fall in love with a bad man and cling to him from duty or tenderness long after love has departed, but we seldom plunge as a man does, open eyed, into the nets spread by a bad woman, whom he knows to be a bad woman, and yet cannot help himself.

The story of Samson and Delilah, repeated age after age among men, is not often told of us women. Nor is this common in lower forms of folly or guilt. If we sin it is generally through self deception; but men do it with their eyes open. I remember once at a dinner party hearing my friend piously lamenting over his gout, because of which his doctor had prohibited wine. Immediately afterward I saw him toss off a bumper of champagne. "Why do you do that?" I asked. "Oh, because," he hesitated, "because I can't help it." He is dead now, but before his death his splendid fortune had all melted away, and his wife and children were earning their daily bread. And why? Because of that miserable, contemptible "can't help it." Now, if there is one thing in which the average woman is superior to the average man it is because she generally can "help it."—Cornhill Magazine.

Food for the Young.

After a child's first teeth come, try him with bread and milk, then cautiously, oatmeal, rice, wheat and similar grain foods, one at a time as you find them able to digest them. There should be no great change of food attempted in July or August. What agrees with a year old child in June should be continued the following two or three months. A lady who believed this, or rather who plumed herself on bringing her through the second summer in a city boarding house on three meals a day, of bread and milk alone, without an ide day. But her child barely survived a constant topic to her fellow boarders.

It is, possible, in winter, to feed a child who is more than a year old, some fruit, but this should be eaten after the hot meals. In case of an older child, a little of one kind of fruit, when eaten in the morning, rarely sickens. But fresh fruit should be given after 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Many a sick night follows a too hearty or too varied supper, and the painter the last meal of the day, the better.

This diet may seem needlessly plain, but we must remember that little babies have not our cultivated appetites, and do not crave variety as much as we do. No child needs the stimulus of meats until he is 3 or 4 years old, unless in the form of veal broths.

Vegetables, except potatoes, are not too much of that and never fried, are wholly unsuited to a young child's stomach. So are pastry, sherbets, cakes and rich cooking.

If a trace seems children do live through all kinds of meals, as all hours, but in regular hours and plain diet is the only safety for many. That the few live only proves how long suffering is nature.—Hall's Journal of Health.

The Children's Party Obedient.

Do you know it is really a sad verity that the children's party, with games and supper, is an almost extinguished institution? That native and interesting event in childhood has completely gone out. I was talking to some youngsters on the subject last week, when, to my horror, one of them, a little boy of 10, said that she "hated parties!" And her brother, who is three years her senior, boldly declared, "It wasn't any use to go to a party, for you didn't get half enough to eat." Now, which half-starved parent could resist the blase sentiment? It conveyed pained mockery.

"Why," said I, "you used to like parties, and you liked to go to the subscription, and to dancing school, and to Miss Pratt's. What is the matter with you?" "Oh, they ain't parties," in a contemptuous tone. "Why, what do you do?" "Oh, we just go to your parties!" I queried.

THE LITTLE PEOPLE.

He Was Somewhat Mixed on the Multiplication Tables.

The other day a small boy appeared at school after a day's absence, and without an excuse.

"Why were you absent yesterday?" the teacher asked.

"My sister has the ammonia in the left leg," said he, "so I couldn't come yesterday, an' they couldn't 'tend to my sister this morning."

"Ammonia in the left leg?" exclaimed the teacher! "What do you mean?"

"That's what she has got, ma'am," the boy insisted.

The teacher was in doubt whether the boy was simply getting up a smart answer or whether he had made a mistake. She sent him home with a note of inquiry, therefore, and learned from the reply that his sister had been ill with pneumonia in the left lung! —Boston Transcript.

Equal Rights Demanded.

Harry's father is a railroad man, and at dinner one night announced that he was soon to have a vacation. "For such reason, continued the children, Harry does not always like to say his prayers, having asked his mother once if she shouldn't "think God would get tired of hearing the same prayers over and over." On the night in question, after being prepared for bed and told as usual to say his prayers, Harry turned to his mother and, in an earnest, argumentative tone, said: "Mother, don't you think I ought to have a vacation, too?—New York World.

An Exact Statement.

"Johnny, I find three mistakes on the first page of your letter," said a mother to her 9-year-old son one day. "You have spelled 'until' with two l's, 'very' with two r's, and left out the word 'brother' in the last line."

"I don't call that three mistakes, mamma," replied the boy, calmly; "I call it two mistakes and one forget."—Harper's Bazar.

Startling Transformation.

A very small boy, who had hitherto only seen his little baby cousin crawling about the floor, on entering her house, very unexpectedly found her moving around on her feet. "Oh, mother!" he exclaimed, "she's walking on her hind legs."—New York World.

Nothing If Not Fashionable.

New York Tailor (dubiously)—You say you want a cross on each trousers leg?

Young man—Certainly; it's all the go.

New York Tailor (resignedly)—Well, you are the one that's to wear 'em. Where do you want 'em set?

Young Man—Last St. Louis.—New York Sun.

Remarkable Presence of Mind.

Pat Houlihan, while slating the roof of one of our highest buildings, missed his footing and fell.

Over and over he went until within twenty-five feet of the pavement, when he struck a telegraph wire and managed to grasp it, first with one hand, then with both.

"Hang on for your life, Pat!" shouted his fellow workmen, and the bystanders rushed to the nearest dwelling for a mattress.

Pat held on for a few seconds, when suddenly, with a cry of "Shtand from undher!" he dropped and lay senseless on the street.

Whisky was used and Pat finally came to. When asked why he did not hold out longer, he feebly replied:

"Oi was afraid the wire'd break."

He recovered.—Life.

Reducing the Surplus.

—Life.

Close Hands.

Two old sports accustomed to catch the gaming at poker are playing against one another.

"I call you. What ye got?"

"Four ones."

"What's yer outside card? I've got four aces myself."—San Francisco Chronicle.

Compliments of the Season in Chicago.

Miss Later—I should think, after the decided jilt I gave him, that Mr. Armor would have too much self-respect to send me a present. Its a pretty little toboggan, though, isn't it, papa?

Papa—Toboggan? It looks to me more like a shoe horn.—Judge.

Pretty Well Fixed.

Omaha Dame—So your daughter is engaged!

Council Bluffs Dame—Yes; she is to marry a Council Bluffs gentleman.

"Is he well off?"

"I should say. He owns half a share of gas stock."—Omaha World.

The Right Size.

Matter of Fact Mother (to fashionable daughter, who is going out)—Clara, I think your bustle is altogether too large to look well.

Fashionable Daughter—I know, mamma, but you have no idea how slippery the sidewalks are.—New York Sun.

Cold and Distant.

De Smith—Don't you think Miss Treyle is very cold and distant.

Popinjay—She ought to be; she has gone to Toronto to spend the winter.—Burlington Free Press.

BRODIE.

They Unite Beauty, Refinement and Luxurious Comfort. Every woman wants them, and particularly wants them

"FOR HOLIDAYS."

Seal, Ermine, Sable, Fur, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Rats—all are finished and holds that mink is the most sensation Fur. The Alaska Skins of Seal Lion Dye, lead mink, and other has years until literally "worn" out; the Skins and Opera Jacket Skins are the same as Mink. Will tumble and misshape them, and begin to show that ugly "rat" which is the dread of every fashionable and experience too. Nothing better take a humbler material, which will never wheat is pretends to be, than a cheap seal, or

Women love "imitation." But beware of them in furs, especially seal. Fine skins are costly. The seal market never can be glutted. The annual of good Alaska Skins is limited, and likely to become scarcer; and as not one woman in a hundred can tell what is what and how can person dealings.

They can't. Isn't it easy to tell stories. The poor skins are plenty, and they furnish the but Sunday's Advertised as "worth" $150, etc. Furs are like diamonds in one thing—take care of WHOM you buy.

My Specialty and My Pride, are My Seal.

But come to me for Sleeves, Circulars, Muffs, Boas, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small, in any fur. Holiday gifts for all ages and for any direction as to size and relationship—Plenty of range for choice here. Prices are right, by material and quality, as low as can be. As I import A NO SELECT, my own skins, and make them up, I know what I keep, what I keep, and you'll be told exactly what your getting, too.

The only guarantee in buying furs is the dealer's reputation. Reputation requires age. I have been 23 years. 13-19-1mond

JAMES A. BRODIE, 39 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

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Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of
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Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—8 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount of package or for Fastness of Color, or all-leading qualities. They do not crock or spot. For sale by R. A. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-11-1y

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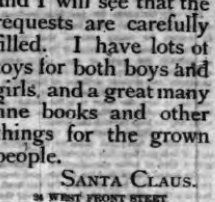

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Everlasting,
Hands—e,
Cheapest,
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits
THORN'S,
OPP. Post Office.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
as many admit once or it don't benefit the first time. Our other material which is flawless in composition is quality.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of Cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand. Parties, Weddings and Receptions supplied. Families supplied with Bread daily. Telephone No. 27.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 8 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. Telephone call No. 42.

The News reaches all classes of our citizens. It is mailed column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand for its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

SOTTINGS.

—Mr. F. X. Schoenmaker will speak at Reform Hall Sunday night.

—Mr. C. E. Tyler will conduct the service at Hope chapel Sunday evening, beginning at 8 p. m.

—It is only a matter of a few short months when another Front street merchant will become a Benedict.

—The one year street lighting contract between the N. Y. and N. J. G. & L. Co. and the Borough goes into effect to-night.

—Read the Bee Hive advertisement. Mr. Callman says you can save money by following the advice therein given.

—Services will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church at the usual hours, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor's subject in the evening will be "The Three B's."

—Justice Austin presided at a hearing of the case of Peter Stumpe, accused by Thomas Burbridge of assault and battery, this morning. Fined Stumpe in $50 bail for the next Grand Jury.

—It was not the custom of ex-Postmaster Pope to spend half his time toasting his shins in the saloons, drinking at somebody else's expense, utterly ignoring the wishes of the people for better mail service.

—Meetings for prayer were held at the Park avenue Baptist church, Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. A good deal of interest has been manifested, and the meetings will be continued the coming week on the same evenings.

—Marshal Becker in reply to a communication in yesterday's NEWS, signed "*Boroughite*," requests us to say that he has good reasons for his actions complained of, which he is ready to explain to the proper authorities if called upon.

—At the meeting of Branch No. 8, Emerald Beneficial Association of this city, held Thursday evening, an invitation from Branch No. 2 of Lambertville to be present at the installation of officers on the 16th inst., was read and accepted.

—At the Park avenue church the pastor, Rev. Asa R. Dills, will preach to-morrow morning at 10:30, and in the evening at 7:45. All are welcome. The morning theme will be, "Christians Strengthening Each Other's Hands in God."

—John P. Emmons, the builder, has *purchased from Wm. H. Voorhees the property* on Front street and Orchard Place, at the head of Washington avenue. Contracts have been given out for two cottages to be built thereon, one on each street. The buildings are to be completed by April 1st.

—The Rev. J. L. Hurlbut will conduct the evangelistic services under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. in the Reform Hall to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock, and will deliver a short address, which will be followed by brief volunteer testimonial addresses by Christian workers of various denominations. All are welcome, and are cordially invited.

—The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company want to cross the farms of William and Reuben Potter on the new line from South Plainfield to Roselle. The Potters, William and Reuben, respectively demand $6,000 and $8,000 for prospective damages. The company offer $1,200 and $2,500. A commission will hear the claims of both sides next Monday at Metuchen.

—The officers of the W. R. C., No. 10, Auxiliary to the G. A. R., were installed last evening in the order already published in THE NEWS. After the installation an open meeting was held, to which Winfield Scott Post was invited. Past Commander Capt. Hand and Dr. Mattsen, Present Commander Attwood and Comrade Bray of Hoboken made speeches, and Mrs. Sturtevant of Plainfield gave a pleasing recitation entitled "A Colored Sergeant." A collation followed.

—A special evangelistic meeting conducted by Mr. A. C. LaBoyteaux will be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday evening at 8 o'clock. The Crescent Glee Club, consisting of C. H. Furloe, John Clark, jr., C. J. Ackerman, Wm. Hardy, R. R. Vail, Wm. Martin, H. Williams, C. Denham, J. Barrett, C. Remsan and J. Williams, will be present to lead the singing. Orchestral music are brief remarks by young men will be interesting features of the meeting. Every young man is welcome.

—There was a rehearsal of the Allegory, "The Great Republic," at the Bellcast Music Hall, this morning. The pupils are doing well under their instructor. The solo "Mount Vernon's the Mecca of the Free," by Miss Alice Holmes, and a solo by Miss Laura Bishop are two of the best rendered selections in the Allegory. Mr. Hagar says that he never had more apt pupils, and that the Allegory will be rendered more grandly than ever. Of course Miss Maude Bowers as the Goddess of Liberty is superb.

—A correspondent writes that he won't vote for Justice H. Thomas, as his nose is too big. He won't vote for Cleveland because he is too fat. He would vote for neither of them in preference to John Most, the Anarchist, and hopes that neither Blaine nor Cleveland will be nominated. He calls THE NEWS a duck of a paper, and says he is a regular reader of it. He certainly has not learned from it such notions, however, and we hope he will become enlightened before the campaign is opened. It he don't it won't be our fault.

A GREAT PLACE FOR BABIES.

Many Births in Union County, and in Plainfield Especially.

Almost every day THE NEWS has to record the advent of a new Plainfielder into the healthful climate of the Colorado of the East; and as a general thing the babies born in Jersey's queen city are extraordinary robust "boomers." It is probably due to the truthfulness of Plainfield in that line—as in other lines—that enables the New Jersey Bureau of Vital Statistics to put Union county next to the top of the list in this summary of births. The Railway Advocate says:

"The New Jersey Bureau of Vital Statistics has issued its interesting annual report, and in its figures we find data which should make every citizen of Union county hold up his head in pride. There are few counties that can claim the palm over Union county for bringing into market more wheat, more corn, more peaches and more applejack than we, but there is only one county in this fair state that can plume itself in comparison superior over Union county in births. Last year there were 440 marriages in Union county, and 1,390 children were born in the limits. This makes an average of three children and seventeen one-hundredths of a child to each marriage; by the rules of Mr. Babcock's celebrated arithmetic. Bergen county alone is ahead (?) in this marvelous and important industry, and she is only eleven one-hundredths of a child ahead, and even this seeming gain may well be doubted by unbiased minds when it is considered what an odor of fraud and general untruth always hangs around the election returns from Bergen county. Union county is the least fertile of any of the counties in the production of children, her average being but 3.17 children to each family. Passaic, however, with 3.27 children to each family, is partially accountable to the fact that those unfortunates who come over to Camden to be married and then go back to the Quaker State to have their children. Warren county, with only eight one-hundredths of a birth to every marriage, may account for her non-productiveness in the same way.

"The following shows the relative values of the climates and soil of the respective counties for what we are pleased to call production:

"Bergen 3.29, Union 3.17, Cumberland 3.05, Gloucester 3.02, Essex 3.00, Middlesex 2.96, Hudson 2.95, Morris 2.89, Burlington 2.88, Passaic 2.87, Cape May 2.86, Somerset 2.85, Hunterdon 2.83, Monmouth 2.78, Ocean 2.18, Atlantic 2.03, Sussex 1.40, Mercer 1.30, Warren .0?, and Camden .0?.

"Leaving out of the question Bergen county, whose vital statistics are presumably so loudly doctored at her election returns, we can offer greater inducements to childless couples to settle in Union county than can be had in any other county in New Jersey. Other counties offer free land to manufacturers, corner lots at a discount and cheap rates of transportation, but Union county *is out of population*, but Union county citizens intend that her reputation in this respect shall always remain good. Come one, come all!"

Round Brook Briefs.

The Misses Sara and Hattie Manning of Plainfield were guests of Mrs. W. R. R. Mason, this week.

Round Brook citizens have appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions to the amount to be used in starting a proposed national bank.

Dr. Taylor of this place and Miss Maggie B. Blaine, daughter of Charles Wesley Blaine of Dunellen, were married at Newark, Wednesday evening. Mrs. Taylor are now enjoying a wedding tour.

The wolf reported last week as having been shot in Middlebrook turns out to have been Farmer James Long's dog Jack. The dog was old and feeble, hence the "tired" look ascribed to the wolf. He bore a close resemblance to a wolf, but Mr. Roman's mistake can thus easily be accounted for. The dog in his age was growing savage, and it is probably a good thing that he was killed.

Twenty-two members of the Round Brook Vigilance Company met in annual session at Bound Brook on Saturday evening and were called to order by their President, T. R. Hodge. Treasurer F. H. Bedfield reported that the amount of the company being $209.62 the expenses of the past year having been $15.67. The Directors elected for the ensuing year are Messrs. Theo R. Hodge, N. V. Staats, Jno D. Voorhees, Field G. Garretson and John A. Hageman. A dividend of 97 per cent was declared payable on and after the 16th inst. At the meeting of the Directors, held subsequently, T. R. Hodge was re-elected President, and E. H. Bedfield, secretary and Treasurer. The Pursuers drawn for the ensuing year are Messrs. D. D. Cook, Burr Tucker, J. P. Bush, John A. Hageman, E. H. Bedfield and Jacob Field.

And Still We Live.

The postmaster, from motives best understood by the community, endeavored to have the editor of THE NEWS indicted by the Grand Jury last July, on two complaints charging libel. His efforts were persistent, his motives characteristic. Democrats and Republicans on the Grand Jury seemed to vie with each other in complimentary remarks of THE NEWS editor, and the contrary of his accuser, whom one influential Democrat said had, in his paper, got himself into a hornet's nest by attacking THE NEWS, and then, like a big ass, kicking and braying as he deserved to be, wanted the Grand Jury help him try to harm THE NEWS. The vote was 21 for THE NEWS man, one for the postman, the one being an office holder. A few weeks ago we understood through a prominent Democrat that the postmaster was again trying to his little game, and was quietly chuckling over the idea that THE NEWS man was to be indicted by the new Grand Jury; that he was slyly working to spring a trap, that would accomplish his despicable ends. Our friend is again outwitted, as cunning a fox as he thinks he is. Evidently the approval of the Grand Jury and of the people, who seem to understand that we at least try to be guided by proper motives, did not satisfy him. Charity, however, bid us refer to the wonder of the first Grand Jury, but the second effort makes charity or such a vindictive object wasted. The second Grand Jury adjourned Thursday, and but concurred in the action of the previous one.

Forty men employed in the Universal Rubber Works at Washington and Forty streets, Hoboken, quit work yesterday. They object to the foreman, a young man named Osgood, on the ground that he is incompetent and "green." The only declare that they will not return to work unless the obnoxious foreman is discharged.

Merry Knights at Scotch Plains.

The new officers of Goodwill Lodge, No. 163, Knights of Pythias, at Scotch Plains, were installed last night by D. D. G. C. Sampson. The officers are: C. C., Geo. H. Polhemus; V. C., Geo. Kyte; Prelate, Chas. Haberle; M. of E., John Flannery; M. of F., A. Klemser; J. G., John McNair; and O. G., John Wassen; all of whom were installed in knightly form. There were pleasant remarks by C. C. Polhemus; P. G. C., Moses F. Badgley; G. C., Henry C. Howell; G. K. R. and S., F. V. Lorton; G. O. G., Kilbourn; Editor "Jersey Knights," D. R. Mosher; and a complete history of the Lodge by D. G. Hosinger. During the installation ceremonies a Past Commander's jewel was presented to J. P. C., John Sheppard. Delegates were present from Volunteer, Olive Branch and Harmony Lodges, Elizabeth; and Perseverance and Unity Lodges, Plainfield. Among the ladies present from Plainfield were Mrs. E. W. Lovell, Mrs. Polhemus, Mrs. Sheppard and Miss Force. After the installation there was a generous supper and a merry dance, besides recitations by Miss Domick and John R. Carney, Mr. Carney took among other things a humorous take of an imaginary great peach basket air line between Panwood and Scotch Plains. Mr. J. E. Flannery was master of ceremonies, and a royal one he made. Violin solos by a member of Olive Branch Lodge were heartily applauded. Conductor Harry Bergen officiated and six string instruments made music for the gay whirl of dancers. The ball broke up at four o'clock this morning.

Give the Moon a Rest.

The Rahway Democrat discourages its female readers by saying:

"There are several young men who have promised their best girls from one to several long years of courtship. Now, girls, mind your P's and Q's, and don't be in a hurry. Weather wise says that the new moon was just threedays old when the first snow came, and that the moon controls the ancient prophets, only three snows for the Winter; and as we have had the three snows, we can not under any circumstances have any more. Hence, if we can not have any snow, young man, you cannot sleigh-ride. Go tell you gal!"

Don't believe it, girls. Men of science will inform you that the moon has no influence whatever on the weather of the Earth. And, by the way, people have been thinking of retiring the moon on a pension, since the incandescent electric lights have been put into service in the Plainfield streets. This scheme will not, however, be consummated until the Borough naptha gas lights settle down to a good, steady work.

As regards that promised sleigh-ride, if your Algernon Montague *can afford to hire* the rig you may have it yet; and if, when the snow has come, he seems dilatory about keeping his word just tell him that, that bob-tailed nag that his uncle Zeke sold he might use the time he wanted to is plenty good enough. *No use in being too particular, you know*, when there's snow—an'i Algernon. It's leap year, too.

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. E. Raymond of the corner of Central avenue and Ninth street is spending the Winter at the elegant hotel "The Antlers," Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Firman Walker, age 80, lies very low at his residence on Emily street, North Plainfield. About a year ago he was stricken with paralysis, and has been very feeble ever since.

A present arrived at the residence of Mr. J. F. Casey, of Third and New streets Wednesday, in the shape of a baby. It's a boy, and John is happy. Mother and child are doing well.

Mr. E. J. Cooley, who has been connected with Edsall's dry and fancy goods store for the past five years' has accepted a position with Stillman Bros.' at Broadway and Franklyn streets, New York. He entered upon his new duties last Monday.

Miss Emma Donckin was surprised at her home on East Second street, last evening. There were twenty couples present, and the time was passed very happily until an early hour this morning. Guests were present from New York, Bound Brook and Potham. Music was furnished by Emily's orchestra.

Mr. and Mrs. Seely Edsall will attend the funeral of Mrs. C. H. Yatman in Newark, to-morrow afternoon. Mrs. Yatman was the mother of Mr. Yatman, the evangelist, who recently labored in this city, and was an old co-worker of Mr. and Mrs. Edsall in the Spiritual meetings in Steward's Hall.

Counsellor Craig A. Marsh has been appointed counsel for the Hamilton Loan and Trust Company, composed of such men as President Seeley of Amherst College, Brown Bros. & Co. of New York, and others equally prominent. Attention is called to the Company's advertisement in another column.

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Fanwood Flakes.

Mr. Bates's new house has just been roofed in.

Post master Ritchie takes great pride in his new office.

It is said that the Land Improvement Company contemplate making some important changes next spring.

A day or two ago one of the workmen employed on Dr. Oliver's house, slipped from the scaffolding and fell. No bones were broken.

One of the editors of Henry George's paper, The Standard, is Mr. Creedy who lives at Nelson place. He is a brother-in-law of the Rev. Mr. Sykes of the Episcopal church of this place.

Fanwood Council No. 744, R. A., held their regular meeting Thursday evening, when the A. F. Grant was present and installed the officers for the ensuing year. There was a full representation of the officers and a pleasant time was had. The auditing committee reported the books correct and the finances correct, and balance on hand showed the Council to be in a sound financial condition. D. D. J. Hosinger made some very appropriate remarks, as did most of the newly installed and retiring officers.

The highest Reliance arrived at the wharves of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company at Hoboken, yesterday morning, with a heavy consignment of heavy machinery from Reading. The cargo declare that they will not return to work unless the obnoxious foreman is discharged.

THE JERSEY CENTRAL ASTIR.

Increasing Its Efficiency and Developing Its Resources.

The new managers of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, have taken hold of the work before them with energy, and such an appearance of determination to do things in a manner which will add to the efficiency of the road, and develop its resources, the last that one thinking of the Central's future can now represented by the Lehigh Valley Railroad and Coal Company, which is under the handy of President Maxwell and Edward P. Baker, of the First National Bank, and such syndicate of others they are the controlling element, make the company's progressive movement almost sure to succeed.

PLANS FOR IMPROVEMENT

One of the first improvements has undertaken by the new management is the erection of a fine new station at Jersey City. It will be built wholly of brick, and will be one of the thoroughly fire-proof. Its size will be 230 by 100 feet, and it will be supplied with all the modern railroad appliances and appointments. It is understood that the Lehigh Valley, Mr. Fallenstein, Mrs. Sheppard and Miss Force. After the installation there was a generous supper and a merry dance, besides recitations by Miss Domick and John R. Carney, Mr. Carney took among other things a humorous take of an imaginary great peach basket air line between Panwood and Scotch Plains. Mr. J. E. Flannery was master of ceremonies, and a royal one he made. Violin solos by a member of Olive Branch Lodge were heartily applauded. Conductor Harry Bergen officiated and six string instruments made music for the gay whirl of dancers. The ball broke up at four o'clock this morning.

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LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the service of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Petroleum Stock Goes Down.

New York, Jan. 14.—The oil pit on the Consolidated Exchange was the scene of wild excitement to-day. After opening at 94 cents the price of Pipe Line certificates suddenly dropped to 91 1-2 cents.

The bulls were so completely taken by surprise that they seemed for the time being paralyzed.

It was terrible for the speculators who were on the wrong side of the market. To add to the excitement all sorts of wild rumors were circulated. It was reported that the Standard Oil Company had decided to let the market sag off in order to buy outstanding certificates at a low price; also that a disagreement between the Standard people and the producers had arisen, and the combination to limit the supply was likely to be broken.

Later there was a further decline, and before eleven a. m. the price of certificates touched 90. After the price touched this suppositious order, a reaction set in, the market, and a sharp rally occurred, which carried the price up to 91 7-8. There is still a feeling of anxiety in the market.

Jersey Vigilantes Rout Tramps

BELVIDERE, N. J., Jan. 14.—A number of tramps have been annoying the residents of Broadway, a small village near this place, and last night a party, with gun, pistol and club on Wednesday night they stole a quantity of valuables from the residence of L. E. Chadwick. Thursday morning 30 citizens organized themselves into a vigilance committee, and, arming themselves with shot guns and dividing into two parties, they started in pursuit of the robbers. One party took the mountain road, and after traveling from early morning until dusk they overtook the thieves, who were discovered encamped in the woods with bundles of their plunder scattered around. Seizing the bundles the tramps started to run, when the vigilants opened fire. One of the tramps fell at the first volley, and the others dropped the bundles and returned the fire with revolvers, but owing to the darkness and their inexperience no further execution was done, although 300 shots were exchanged. Four of the tramps escaped, and the wounded man was carried to a house near by, where it was found that his face was full of birdshot and that his injuries were serious. All of the stolen property was recovered.

Westfield Whitelings.

L. H. Pierson of Chester was in town this week.

F. H. Day has returned from a hunting trip to Virginia.

Adolph Gamal is again confined to his room by sickness.

Rev. J. N. Folwell, father of Rev. J. K. Folwell, is visiting his son.

John Pratt will return home from his western business trip in a week or two.

Rev. Mr. Taylor, the new rector of Grace P. E. church, is residing at Mr. John T. Lawrence's.

Joseph Williams of Connecticut, lost formerly a resident of Westfield, was in town this week.

Mrs. Marston has returned from the West, and Mr. Marston has resided in Westfield about one year.

Dr. F. A. Kinch, jr., entered this week on his third consecutive term as president of the Union County Wheelmen.

Clara Kooster recited "Grand Mother's Letter" very creditably at the recent entertainment of the Presbyterian Sunday school.

E. P. Townley has been elected a member of Winfield Scott Post, No. 71, G. A. R., of Plainfield. He will probably be mustered in next Tuesday.

Isaac Wagner, who was severely cut on the head by falling from the hay window of his residence, is about again, though still suffering somewhat from the effects.

Pinnacle Council, Royal Arcanum, installed its officers Thursday night. After the installation the lady guests of the Council entertained a pleasant half hour with how their husbands, brothers and lovers ride the goat.

The farmers of Westfield are again urging the establishment of a creamery. One farmer says he will subscribe $300 for stock, another $400, and another $200. The whole amount of stock thus far spoken for is about $3,000, and one-third of that is already volunteered.

STATE NOTES.

Annie Horodesh, age three years, living at Rahway, was burned to death. She was badly burned yesterday by her clothing taking fire at the kitchen stove. She will probably die.

Boys who are starting out in life should remember that the success of Robert Bonner, of The New York Ledger, who has done so much to establish a paper that is a household word in millions, began with his first success by getting work as a journeyman printer, and Stanley Matthews, who was recently made a judge of the United States Supreme Court, was a boy once, and that was on the great New Jersey Central railroad, where he began his career as a newsboy, and worked on finishers. He went to work on The Ledger, which was then a struggling advertising sheet, and by his push and energy soon had dollars, purchased it, changed it into a literary weekly, and by his first success by getting a $100 for an article he had written, started a good many times that much in advertising it. He made a lot which enabled him to buy a paper mill, and as a paper manufacturer was one of the few who realized the value of printing paper, and by his push and energy soon had a fortune known any life but that. And this leads us to the point we started to make, namelyship, in any one for success any profession and advertising.—Trenton Emporium.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Sleight's drug store, Corner Park avenue and Front street:

1888.		1887.	
7 a. m.	34	7 a. m.	7
12 m.	36	12 m.	10
3 p. m.	39	3 p. m.	12
7 p. m.	37	7 p. m.	6
10 p. m.	41	10 p. m.	6

Mean temperature for 1888, 37 1-3.
Mean temperature for 1887, 7 1-3.
Mean temperature for 1886, 6 3-4.
Mean temperature for 1885, 32.

PLAINFIELD:

What has it to be Proud of?

What has Made it What it is?

What Warrants Further Development?

What is Indispensible?

Take Notice!

Take NOTICE!

All persons wishing to consult Dr. Abbie E. Cutter, or learn her original methods of applying electricity as a curative agent in all diseases must apply at once, as she will remain but a few days longer at Room 2 City Hotel. Will give her last lectures Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 16 and 17th at 3 p. m. in hall over City National Bank. Admission 25c.

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
Paying 7 per cent
annually, negotiated by the Hamilton Loan and Trust Co., incorporated, semi-annual coupon interest, running from 2 to 5 years, and principal payable at the office of Brown Bros. & Co., Bankers, N. Y.
DIRECTORS.
Henry A. Barry, President Hamilton L. & T. Co.; Hill Burgwin, Vice President Plainfield National Bank; Wm. Brown, Vice President Hamilton L. & T. Co., Kearney, Nebraska; Charles H. Wheeler, Vice President Fourth National Bank, New York city; Gen. John M. Thayer, Governor State of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska; Wm. Aldrich, Cashier Fourth National Bank, New York city; J. L. Hoey, Cashier Arkansas City bank, Arkansas City, Kansas; Charles H. Phillips, Printing and Print Works, Passaic, N. J.; F. W. Popper, Vice President Hamilton L. & T. Co.; Chas. F. Robertson, Cashier First National Bank; Kearney, Nebraska; John T. Dorrance, Trustee Fort Worth and Denver City R. R., 1 Broadway, N. Y. city. Pamphlets showing list of stockholders and giving full information send to or call on CRAIG & MARSH, Attorneys, corner Front and Somerset streets, Plainfield, N. J.

$2.00 Will Buy

A man's shoe, with
STYLE AND DURABILITY COMBINED
Nothing better for the money. Large assortment of
RUBBER GOODS
Doane & VanArsdale
One-price Boot and Shoe House,
22 West Front street.

THE BEE HIVE
JERSEYS.
Children's all wool jerseys, sizes 22-30 in black, navy, seal and cardinal, regular price 85 cents, reduced to 39 cents.
Ladies' coal black jerseys, 50 cents.
Plaited front jerseys, regular price $1.25, reduced to 75 cents.
Childrens' all wool regular made cashmere hose, size 5 to 8 1-2, 25 cents.
100 gross pearl buttons, all sizes, at 5 cents per dozen.
LOUIS CALLMAN,
28 WEST FRONT ST.

FOR SALE,
to close the Estate,
The House and Lot,
on Second avenue, Front and Liberty streets, also the adjoining vacant lot on Second avenue. Apply for terms enquire of the subscriber at Plainfield, N. J., or of P. S. Runyon at First National Bank.
12-4 EUGENE RUNYON, Executor.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
dealer in GREAT
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. Box 1467.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
C. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough, limits at ten cents per week. Mailed to subscribers at $5.00 per annum. Terms cash, and must be paid to all agents of the Publication. All bills due and payable in advance.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1888.

THEY WILL NOT ARBITRATE.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 14.—The Record to-day says that the situation of the Reading strike remains unchanged, although at one time yesterday it was thought that arrangements for a settlement of the inharmony difficulty were being effected, and that the preliminaries would be arranged before midnight. This report emanated from the fact that W. T. Lewis, master workman of Miners' D. A. No. 135, was in close conference with General Manager McLeod in the latter's private room at the company's office. This meeting was brought about by the letter which had been sent on Wednesday last to Messrs. Corbin and Keim by the representatives of the miners, in which was stated the willingness of the miners' delegates to meet the officials of the company for the purpose of arbitration. A messenger was dispatched to Mr. Lewis at the Windsor hotel shortly after noon yesterday. His card was sent in to the general manager, and soon after the two were closeted for over one hour. At the conclusion of the interview Mr. Lewis went directly to his rooms at the hotel, and declined to state the purpose of the interview or the result, merely saying that no change had been effected, and the condition of the question remained as before.

It was stated last night by an authority in the Philadelphia & Reading "War Department" that the action of General Manager McLeod in sending for Mr. Lewis was to appease the miners because the communication from their representatives had been ignored, and to counteract the adverse public opinion that had been formed by the company's neglect. We do not think that the company either intended to discuss or arbitrate, and that it is not now the intention of the officials to do so. The company has ever conceded in this strike all that is possible and feasible for the two strikes to be merged into one. This, of course, will make arbitration all the more difficult and distant. We must await for the result."

READING, Pa., Jan. 14.—Two important Knights of Labor meetings will close this week's efforts to induce the Reading company's men in this city to stop work in support of the strikers in the coal regions. At a meeting last night the situation was discussed at length, and the entire matter was referred to the district executive of the Knights of Labor of the Reading railroad employes in this city. Worst has been passed that is to win the coal region strike it is absolutely necessary to get the Reading men out, and stop the immense workshops of the company here. It is expected that the meeting will be a lengthy and stormy one, but it is doubted whether a majority vote can be had to order the men out on strike.

The Reading company, from all appearances, anticipate quite a struggle, as it is reported that all their locomotive firebozes are to be changed to soft coal burners, the company's men refusing to move coal here having been sent to Philadelphia points.

Trying to Wreck Trains.

ASHLAND, Pa., Jan. 14.—The mules in the mines at Big Mine Run colliery were hoisted and sent to the colliery stables. This is the only colliery that has been single at the collieries about here. The railroad company continues to have trouble between Gordon and Locust Gap. Large rocks have been removed from the road by track walkers, which had been placed there to wreck trains. Bolts have also been removed from switch rails, but have been discovered in time to avoid an accident.

A New York Broker's Suicide.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Jan. 14.—A gentleman registering as "W. H. Johnson, of New York" shot himself in his room at the Rathbone House last night. The bullet passed into his heart and he died almost instantly. From letters found on his person, it was learned that he was a broker, doing business in New York city; letters from New York and Hornellsville parties were also found on his person. It is said that he was at one time the partner of A. M. Palmer, of New York

The Flint Glass Workers.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 14.—Secretary Dillon, of the Flint Glass Workers' association, yesterday sent the union's reply to the list for-warded by the manufacturers. It politely but firmly declined to accept the list or the rules. The secretary reports that on Jan. 1 there were 85 furnaces in blast and 75 out, the latter all employing labor, having 2,915, and of unemployed 2,782. Of the latter 2,334 are locked out by the strike, and the remaining 448 are idle for other reasons.

A Train Goes Down an Embankment.

ASHLAND, Jan. 14.—The last express from the west on the Pittsburg & Western was thrown from the track yesterday near Jonesville, while running at a rate of thirty miles per hour, by the spreading of the rails. The entire train, consisting of a baggage, express cars, a sleeper and two coaches, left the track and went down a low embankment. No one was seriously hurt, save the baggageman, who sustained a dislocated shoulder and badly bruised hands.

A Prominent Manufacturer Dead.

DETROIT, Jan. 14.—Milton Frost, one of the most extensive woodenware manufacturers of the United States, died yesterday at the residence of his son, ex-Alderman Robert M. Frost, aged 64 years.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The committee on legislation of the G. A. R. is to appear before the pensions committee of the national house of representatives to urge further legislation with regard to pensions.

Eight business houses were burned out or badly damaged yesterday by an explosion of nitro-glycerine in Radcliffe's restaurant at Youngstown, O.

A motion of want of confidence in the Manitoba government will be moved in the legislature on Monday next. The government candidate was defeated in the St. Francis Xavier election.

Mary Maguire, the domestic in F. I. Amesbury, in Boston, who was shot by her lover, Denis Mulhearn, Wednesday evening, is dead.

Elmer Gent, lately a clerk in the post office at St. Xenia, O., was arrested on a charge of robbing the mails.

Mrs. Garfield, the aged mother of the late President Garfield, who is ill at her residence in Mentor, Ohio, says she wants "to see Jimmy."

Manuel Lopez, alias "Colorado," a noted Arizona horse thief, has just been captured in the Dragoon mountains, with three companions.

John Van Thiel, cashier for Prine & Koch, Chicago land dealers, has been missing some days, and was indicted for embezzlement.

Jakey King was shot and instantly killed at Chicago by Isidor Vehon, a saloon keeper, whose goods he had stolen and upon whom he drew a pistol.

A BLIZZARD IN THE WEST.

SEVERAL LIVES LOST, AND MANY PEOPLE MISSING.

Trains Abandoned and Railroads Blockaded—Great Damage to Property—A Stage Supposed to be Lost in the Storm. Schools Closed at Minneapolis.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 14.—Thursday's storm was without exception the worst that has been ever experienced in the northwest. Snow two feet on the level, drifted by the fierce winds, irregularly, many miles on railroads. Efforts are being made to get passenger trains through on the main lines, but all branch trains have been abandoned, and it is thought that some of them may not get through for six weeks. But it is feared the worst is yet to come. The wind was blowing almost a gale all that yesterday, and the cuts were being filled in as fast as they could be dug out. The storm is now raging in Iowa. Besides that another storm, or the continuation of the present one, is expected to strike Minnesota to-morrow, in which case there is no telling what the result will be.

The Manitoba reports indicate a cold wave with high wind coming from that direction.

Railway men will not venture an opinion when traffic will again be resumed. Each line is putting forth every effort to keep their Chicago line open, but even that is al most an impossibility.

All the roads over the western division have been abandoned, and no effort will be made to clear the tracks until the storm ceases and the wind falls. The Omaha limited train from Chicago was due Thursday morning, with the snow plough stuck in a drift.

On the Northern Pacific the storm is the most severe that has ever been felt. The last eastward bound train which reached St. Paul came in Wednesday afternoon, and the officials will not offer an opinion as to when the next one will reach here.

The storm cleared up here yesterday morning, but up to last evening the only trains arriving or departing were suburban, with the exception of the Wisconsin Central from Chicago. The same is shortly after noon behind four engines. Neither the Milwaukee nor Minnesota and Northwestern have received their Chicago trains last night. The Milwaukee express from Chicago, due here at 9 yesterday morning, had not yet arrived at 9 last night. The Hastings and Dakota, which runs between here and Minneapolis and those over a level strip of prairie from Barnesville, Minn., north to Neche, Dakota. The Northern Pacific has made a manful struggle to keep its main track open, and its through trains are advancing slowly, though some of them are days late, but on the whole are clear to the mountains, only one train was moving yesterday. Neither the Manitoba nor the Northern Pacific started any trains from here. The storm has cleared up all over the northwest, for the time being at least, and to-day an effort is being made to open the main lines.

DETROIT, Jan. 14.—All trains sent out Thursday from this city were from fifteen to thirty hours late, and yesterday all trains were abandoned until evening, when the St. Paul and Duluth sent out the limited with two engines.

HURON, D. T., Jan. 14.—The worst blizzard ever visited this section of the country came sweeping down from the north about Thursday. In less than fifteen minutes after its commencement the air was so thick with the flying snow that it was impossible to see a rod in any direction. The wind, which was very heavy at the first, soon increased to a terrific gale, which picked up snow from the ground and mingled it with the snow that was falling, dashing it through the air with almost irresistible fury, and by 12 o'clock the full force of the gale was upon the town. All business had to be suspended.

BISMARCK, Jan. 14.—A stage left Washburn, a place fifty miles to the west of here, Thursday morning for this city, and should have arrived here in the evening, but nothing has yet been heard of it. It is supposed that it is lost in the blizzard. Farmers in town dare not venture out to their homes. The section gangs are working at snowdrifts on the Northern Pacific. The snow is very hardly packed, and the snow plows will not go through. The workmen have to cut and shovel the snow away. It is thought many cases of hardship and suffering will come in when the storm clears. Twenty schools are closed for several days.

OMAHA, Jan. 14.—Fred Eiler, a cigar maker, was found early yesterday morning frozen to death within a block of his boarding house. Two school children, Wixell and Hutchinson, were frozen to death going home about 3 o'clock and have not been heard of since.

FARGO FALLS, Jan. 14.—The blizzard has subsided and is succeeded by intense cold. The roads are drifted full and business is at a standstill. There has been no train from Grand Forks since Monday. The Duluth road since Wednesday night, the first time in six years that the road has not been open. No reports of suffering have been received. No trains are expected for at least twenty-four hours.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 14.—It was 20 degs. below zero last night, and advices from other parts of the state are to the effect that it is even colder in some sections. The railroads have had a bad time of it. Nearly every train from the west and north was several hours late, and on the Prairie du Chien division of the St. Paul road passenger as well as freight trains were suspended on account of the big drifts in the cuts. Engines that crawled in from the north resembled huge cakes of ice.

AUBURN, Jan. 14.—All travel on the Auburn branch of the New York Central road was blocked yesterday by heavy drifts between Seneca Falls and Waterloo. No trains have arrived here from the west. All trains for Auburn are annulled at Seneca Falls. There were five trains stalled between Seneca Falls and Waterloo. Two hundred men were employed in shoveling them out.

TROY, N. Y., Jan. 14.—A dispatch received by Superintendent Crandall, of the Fitchburg railroad, from Jonesville yesterday afternoon, says: "The loader and the tracks of engine 96 on train 143 are off the track, the baggage car on its side, ten feet from the track, and a coach and a sleeper are half buried in the snow, fifteen feet from the track. The last sleeper is off the track. The passengers have been transferred. Baggage-Master Bosch's hand is injured." The train is from the New England express and was due at North Adams at 7:15 o'clock yesterday morning.

Died Full of Years.

SALEM, Ohio, Jan. 14.—Frederick Gustave Schwaiks, father of Lieut. Schwaiks, of Arctic fame, died Thursday evening, aged 92. He was born in Baltimore, Md., in 1790, and was one of the founders of Odd Fellowship in the United States. He came to Ohio in 1826.

THOMAS C. PLATT DUSTED.

The Queen's Bench Decision Not Fully Appreciated in His Office.

ALBANY, Jan. 14.—The following judgment was entered yesterday in the case of Hon. Thomas C. Platt:

The people of the state of New York vs. Thomas C. Platt. This action having been brought by the attorney general in the name of the people of the state of New York, for the purpose of prosecuting a judgment declaring and adjudging the defendant to be guilty of usurping, intruding into and unlawfully holding and exercising a public office within this state, viz.: The office of quarantine commissioner, as will appear more fully by the pleadings in this action now filed, and the issue joined in the action having been brought on for trial at a circuit court appointed to be held in and for the county of Albany on the 9th day of January, 1888, before Hon. Stephen Cullen, presiding justice, and a jury, and the jury having found by their verdict that the defendant, at the time of his appointment was not a resident of the metropolitan police district, as required by law, and having found, generally, a verdict for the plaintiff on all the issues in the case.

Now, on motion of Charles F. Tabor, attorney general of the state of New York, it is hereby ordered, adjudged and determined that the defendant never was legally appointed and elected and is not quarantine commissioner, and never had any legal title thereto or right to hold the same, and that the defendant is guilty of usurping, intruding into and unlawfully holding and exercising a public office within this state. And it is hereby adjudged and determined that the defendant be, and is hereby, ousted and excluded from said office; and that the plaintiff recover, against the defendant, the sum of —— as and for the costs of this action, to be hereafter taxed and allowed by the clerk of the county of Albany.

Mr. Monk moved to set aside the verdict, and moved for a new trial, because the verdict was contrary to the evidence. Judge Mayham said the case must take the general course, and judgment could not be suspended. The case will therefore go to the court of appeals, and thirty days' suspension was allowed. Costs for plaintiff were denied.

THE FISHERIES DISPUTE.

An Interview with Canada's Premier. Secretary Bayard's Protest.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Sir John Macdonald, the premier, in an interview here yesterday, says that the Canadian parliament will reject the project of a commercial union with the United States soon after its next meeting by over 200 votes. He adds: "I think a commercial union would be disastrous at present to what we call our national policy. Our quasi-protective system has only existed since 1879, and, of course, the protection offered to certain manufactures did not create them at once. They are growing steadily, but still no great capital has been invested or generated, and they would be at once swamped by the wealth and long trained skill of American. We are in a state of gristle yet, and the Americans understand that so well that they would make any just sacrifice for a market at first, simply to kill off ultimately all our manufacturers. The time will come when we can meet them on even terms. But that time is not yet. We have to grow to fight the Americans; in fact, only a very small minority."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The indications are that the fisheries troubles will become more complicated before they are settled. Representative Chipman, of Michigan, has called on Secretary Bayard and complaints showing that annoyances are put upon American fishermen on the great lakes by the Canadian government similar to those complained of by the fishermen in the maritime provinces. The specific complaint is of the seizure by Canadian Superintendent of Lake Fisheries Marr of nets valued at $2,000, which belonged to one Tehan, a citizen of Michigan. It is complained that the Canadian authorities are annoying the American fishermen in every way possible, and interfering with the fishing industry.

Secretary Bayard has taken prompt action in the matter, telegraphing at once to the British government a protest against the seizure of the nets.

Made a Clean Sweep.

MONTREAL, Jan. 14.—The offices of the Canada Industrial company were completely cleaned out by burglars Thursday night. They carried away with them large safe worth $1,500, a smaller safe valued at $200, and an iron chest of the value of $50. They took out all the books, the bookcase, desk, chairs, letter presses, a vast amount of papers, counters, and even went so far as to saw out the floor beams and joists and carry them off. Not even the curtains on the windows escaped their notice, nor was there a picture or fixture left on the premises when the manager came to his office yesterday morning. Two of the thieves were arrested while attempting to sell 450 pounds of the paper they carried off, and the safe and furniture were found in an empty building.

Accident to a Sleighing Party.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 14.—A sleighing party of eight young ladies left Jackson's Patch, near Mahanoy City, for Sonaylkill Haven, Thursday night, on their way home. The swingle tree broke in going through the place and the horse ran away. The sleigh struck a large stone and the occupants were thrown out. Miss Annie Walsh was thrown violently against a telegraph pole. She was badly cut about the head, and also received a severe concussion of the brain, and is dangerously injured. Miss Maggie Keating had one arm broken in two places. Miss Josephine Bradley had her ankle sprained. The remaining two ladies were not hurt.

The Warning Was Sufficient.

GREENVILLE, Pa., Jan. 14.—Thursday night the house of a woman named Collier, Harrison, a half reputation, was visited by a party of Pinkertons, who surrounded the house, about a dozen men armed with a tar pole and a sack of feathers, and when the woman responded to their summons to open the door, they forced in and tarred and feathered the woman and her paramour, with these same honored materials. The men then gave her twenty-four hours to leave the county. If she did not leave in that time they threatened to ride her out on a rail. She left.

One Way of Stopping a Patent.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—La Lanterne asserts that the military authorities have suppressed information of the recent successful trial of Chalons, in which a French combined war attacked by three presumably German soldiers, who failed the contest to the ground with a blow on the head, and carried off his Lebel rifle. The assailed, it is said, was unconscious when found by his relief next morning.

A CONNECTICUT MYSTERY.

HATTIE ALLEN'S BODY CAST UP BY THE SEA.

It Looks Like Suicide, but Foul Play is Suspected—A Prominent Citizen Connected with Her Downfall—A Startling Implication—The Coroner Investigating.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 14.—The people of Guilford are greatly excited over the body of Miss Hattie Ann Allen, a young woman of 23 years, whose body was found on the beach at Grass Island Thursday afternoon.

Miss Allen was well known in Guilford, and had lived in the family of Ralph Stark, a well known and prosperous farmer. Her home was in Durham, where her father died some years ago and nobody knows anything about her father, who is supposed to live in Middlesex or in that vicinity. Yesterday, at 11 o'clock, the young woman left the house on the pretense of going to see her employer's people, to which she told of her intention. Thursday morning she went away from the Stark residence for the last time. Her trunk, with her clothes and the family wash was at the time. Where she went of course is a matter of conjecture. It is generally supposed that she took the main gate back to the main road of the town, which leads to a point opposite or nearly opposite Grass Island, and that, after getting into the city limits, she left the city at that point is called, she jumped overboard. This must have been as early as six o'clock, and at that time the tide was rising.

The body lodged at Jones Point, who found that there was foul play, say that the girl jumped off the wharf the body would have gone to the bottom and have remained there for several days, instead of which it was found decomposition had floated it, and that even then the body would either have floated out to sea or have gone east along the shore, and that the body, found by Jim Hardy, came up on the beach at Grass Island. Others who hold to the suicide theory say that the strong current would have set in from Grass Island and the shore would have dragged the body along the shore a considerable distance west, and that when the tide turned the body would have been carried back inland it on to the beach, which is of a sloping nature.

Coroner Mix was notified. He at once went to Guilford and began an investigation. Frank Abbey, one of the clam diggers who found the body, said that Dennis Benton and Frank Hunt were in the vicinity, and that they assisted in getting the body. The face was covered with mud and looked horrible. The nose was twisted to one side and the upper lip was twisted up, as if her face had been pressed against a window pane. This position of the features might have been caused by a hand being placed across her mouth and nose to stop the cries for help. Abbey afterward made a search for footprints, but he found no traces.

It was learned that Miss Allen had been receiving notes from an unknown source, probably from her betrayer, and was generally despondent after receiving them. It is also stated that the suicide was done in a fit of despondency caused by the receipt of a disheartening missive.

Hattie's ruin is charged to Elisha B. Howell, a prominent citizen of Guilford. He is a married man, about 55 years of age, and has one child. He is an usher in the Third Congregational church of Guilford, and is a well known and popular man. It is said that he paid Stark, the foster father of Hattie, $150 to hush up the matter. He agreed to pay $200, and paid $150 in cash, and $70 yet remains unpaid. Guilford is in a terrible stir over the case, and some startling developments are expected.

Chief Hynes, a barber in Guilford for the past few months, is also said to have been improperly intimate with Hattie Allen, and it is believed by some that he was the father of the unborn child. Although she was first betrayed by Howell, Hynes a few days ago left Guilford, and is now somewhere in New York city. He was often claimed by the girl under whose care he are now considered very suspicious circumstances. It is thought he went away because Mrs. Stark would compel him to marry the girl. It is now thought the girl committed suicide rather than endure the disgrace, as she was seen walking very rapidly from the new wharf when she left Stark's house.

The Prosecution of Gould and Sage.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—W. H. De Lamar, counsel for the Kansas Pacific bondholders who are suing Gould and Sage to recover several millions of alleged misappropriated securities, has written President Cleveland calling his attention to the fact that, as shown by the report of the Pacific railway commission, the interest of the government is identical with that of the bondholders referred to in regard to the security furnished by the Kansas Pacific bonds. Mr. De Lamar says that the suits now pending against Gould and Sage to impound on the Kansas Pacific property should leave a sufficient amount to pay the interest on the Junior securities held by his clients.

The Braidford Railroad Horror.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 14.—George B. Wentworth, of Dover, N. H., died last night, making thirteen victims of the Braidford railroad horror. W. A. Hoyt, of Newton, will probably die. The other injured persons are doing well. The judicial investigation of the disaster will open before Judge Doe at Exeter, N. H., next Monday. Eminent counsel will be employed, and the investigation will be searching and thorough. It is now believed that the cause of the accident was caused by a flaw in the iron of the broken wheel, which no human foresight could have remedied. The investigation will probably consume the entire week.

Commander-in-Chief Rea's Tour.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 14.—Commander-in-Chief Rea leaves this city to-night to visit the encampments of the G. A. R. posts and New England encampments. Judge Fish, adjutant general, will accompany him. He will be at Pittsburg Jan. 16; Lancaster, Pa., Jan. 17; Washington, D. C., the 18th and 19th; New York, the 20th; Philadelphia, the 24th, 25th and 26th. On Feb. 1 and 2 he will be at Concord, N. H., and on the 3d in Boston. From Feb. 4 to 8 he will be in New York island, Me. After these visits he will spend some time in Kansas, Michigan, Illinois and other western states.

Arsenic to Help the Whisky.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Yesterday Frederick Dudenhoff, a retired blacksmith at home, No. 406 Best street. He took a large dose of arsenic, which he washed down with whisky. He leaves a widow and six children. The family physician says that he was intemperate and had several times attempted suicide.

One Killed and Two Wounded.

SOUTHBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 14.—In a premeditated duel with revolvers this morning Joseph H. Dickens and G. S. Garland, in Southbridge, Garland was instantly killed and Dickens probably mortally wounded. A young man named Jason Hall was accidentally shot through the shoulder.

CITY TREASURER'S REPORT.

Of the City Finances for the year 1887, to January 2, 1888.

RECEIPTS.

Received from J. VanWinkle, city treasurer for 1886 ..... $16,216 93

General Fund	$10,497 24	
Water Fund	3,969 24	
Library "	1,750 45	
	$16,216 93	

Loan—Notes unpaid, due:
January 15, 1887 ..... $1000 00
January 15, 1887 ..... 1000 00
February 10, 1887 ..... 3000 00
$5,000 00

GENERAL FUND.

Balance January 1, 1887		$10,497 24
City Taxes, 1876	$ 11 79	
do 1877	3 84	
do 1878	3 84	
do 1879	3 69	
do 1880	30 10	
do 1881	36 16	
do 1882	47 62	
do 1883	67 05	
do 1884	154 44	
do 1885	1,180 35	
do 1886	2,256 70	
do 1887	4,280 57	
Interest	51 28	8,035 84
State and County Taxes—Central Railroad, '85, '86 and '87		2,699 74
Licenses—		
Hotels and Saloons	3,500 00	
Manufactures, peddlers and auctioneers	900 00	
Advertising	1,000 00	5,400 75
Fines—Notes 1886	1,000 00	
do do 1887	2,000 00	3,000 00
Rents		1,000 00
North avenue cemetery		250 00
Board of Education—Collector and Assessor		600 00
Burial Permits		75 00
Sundries—Laundry license		5 00
sale of old iron and pumps		9 21
School Board of Education—		
R. W. Pope, collector's report	4,000 97	
do do	300 36	
do do	847 22	5,148 55
		$44,617 32

POOR FUND.

Balance January 1, 1887		$5,988 93
Taxes, 1876	$ 6 92	
do 1877	2 30	
do 1878	2 30	
do 1879	2 21	
do 1880	18 06	
do 1881	21 69	
do 1882	28 57	
do 1883	40 23	
do 1884	92 66	
do 1885	708 02	
do 1886	1,353 56	
do 1887	2,568 02	4,726 50
		$10,715 43

LIBRARY FUND.

Balance, January 1, 1887		$1,750 45
Taxes, 1881	2 16	
do 1882	2 86	
do 1883	4 02	
do 1884	9 26	
do 1885	70 84	
do 1886	135 36	
do 1887	256 84	481 34
		$2,231 79

DISBURSEMENTS.

	1886.	1887.	
Police—Salaries	$ 2,700 00	$ 2,700 00	$5,400 00
do Special	201 00	201 00	402 00
Streets—			
Labor	3,726 54		
Hire to	100 00		
Repairs to	1,000 00		
Sprinkling & Weigh	300 00		
Scales	24 00		
Tools	6 00		
Stone	2,000 00		
Gravel	2,000 00		
	9,156 54		
Warrants pd. by Comptroller Cantrell for			9,156 54
Fire Department—			
Salaries	2,700 00		
Horses	1,264 65		
Hose	1,000 00		
Harnessing	30 00		
Repairing	30 00		
Engineering	30 00		
Incidentals	1,000 00		
Rent	1,000 00		
Fuel	1,000 00		
Water	1,000 00		
Repairs	1,000 00		
Printing	0 25		
	$16,215 90		$16,215 90

Station House—		
Material and labor	72 25	
Fuel	100 00	
Water	20 00	
Gas	200 00	
Repairs	14 00	
Printing	0 25	
	$406 50	$406 50

Gas Lamps—		
Gas	$ 2,500 00	
Lighting	1,200 00	
W. V. & S. Co.	3,737 91	
Globe	2,000 00	
Fredrick Coal Co.	181 65	
	9,619 56	9,619 56
Fuel and Coal—		
Coal and Wood	7 00	
Fuel	49 20	
Coal	49 20	
	105 40	105 40
Salaries and Commissioners—		
Taxes, 1886	$ 900 00	
do 1887	1,800 00	
Collector	1,000 00	
Clerk	1,000 00	
Commissioners	150 00	
	4,850 00	4,850 00
Street Commissioner	1,440 00	
City Clerk	1,000 00	
Assessor's Clerk	1,000 00	
Treasurer's Clerk	1,000 00	
Engineer	1,200 00	
Printing	1,000 00	
Stationery	1,000 00	
Postage	1,000 00	
Telephone	1,000 00	
Gas	1,000 00	
Water	1,000 00	
Treasurer	400 00	
Judge	400 00	
	13,440 00	13,440 00
Interest—		
Notes of 1886	6,000 00	
do 1887	2,500 00	7,000 00
Fire Wardens—		
Plainfield	1,000 00	
Fire Wardens of Plainfield and Allegheny	1,000 00	
Fire Wardens of

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Talk and Lecture by Surgeon of the Twenty-Fifth Connecticut.

Antiseptics have rendered even grave surgical operations almost painless and comparatively safe. Before the introduction of modern hygiene there was a terrible mortality among the wounded in every battle. Changes in surgical methods within a single decade account almost to a revolution, and it is important that this should be known to the public, for there is fear that was once very reasonable, are little to put off operations until too late.

There used to be a great and ever present danger of suppuration and of more fatal poisoning. Suppuration was looked on as inevitable. But science now shows that no suppuration is possible unless the germs of it are introduced from without. These germs were formerly introduced with the hand of the operator, or those of his assistants, or by his instruments, his threads, his sponges, his *pieces of lint*, bandages or the dressings to fit with the infected air, with which every hospital was specially charged.

Now it is known that various solutions destroy all such germs. The operating room is therefore kept disinfected. So are the surgeons and attendants, especially their hands and nails. All instruments and sponges are taken at using, directly from the carbolic solution. Plasters and bandages, and all ligatures for tying blood vessels or sewing up wounds, are rendered aseptic. The skin of the patient is scrubbed with soap and *water, and the parts adjacent to the wound* covered with disinfecting cloths.

According to medical authority, the world is now dressed with no expectation that fever will arise, or that suppuration will occur, or that the dressing will require renewal. The patient eats and sleeps well from the first, and the surgeon removes the dressing only to find the wound united, and this, too, though the largest wounds may be fully sewed up, and without drainage tubes.

Wholesomeness of Canned Fruits.

According to Popular Science, Mr. T. P. White of Lynn, in a communication to the Chemical society, a decidedly negative answer to the question whether the acids of canned fruits may not form poisonous salts with the tin. He reports, as the result of his experiment, that "tin is entirely devoid of danger, when taken internally, in any form that might arise from being in contact with fruit or vegetables." He believes that the cases of accidental poisoning were due to solder or other impurities—arsenic, copper or lead. Professor W. Mattieson Williams says that there need be no lead in the solder; that it is only put in for cheapness' sake, and that tin makes a superior solder for any metal. Therefore, all danger may be obviated by prohibiting the use of any other solder than pure tin.

Chewing Gum Condemned.

A St. Louis physician denounces the idea that chewing gum is an aid to digestion. Any well informed physiologist, he says, will deny this at once. Chewing gum produces a flow of saliva into the stomach at a time when it is not needed by that organ. The saliva hinders the stomach, and forces it to abnormal action to get rid of it, and at the same time the salivary glands are robbed of the secretion, and obliged to do double work to produce the saliva necessary for mastication and digestion. So far as the stomach is concerned, *chewing gum is as injurious as chewing* tobacco.

To Soften and Whiten the Hands.

To overcome the roughening effect of keeping the hands much in water, especially where the water is hard, dogskin or prepared French gloves are worn at night, glycerine and rosewater, cold cream and washing with almond powder, are also resorted to for beautifying the hands.

Mental Overwork.

If a student, young or old, *dreams to* talks of his studies in his or her sleep it is time to call a halt. Rest, recreation, anything else and diminish the hours of mental application. If you don't an enervated system and a weakened intellect will be the inevitable result.

A Safe Mustard Plaster.

It is claimed that if mustard be mixed with the white of an egg, instead of water, a plaster may be made which will draw thoroughly without blistering.

One Thing and Another.

Take cod liver oil in tomato catsup.

Snuff powdered borax or alum to clear the head in catarrh or catarrhal cold.

To ease warts rub with lemon juice several times a day.

When you have occasion to use cloths wet in hot water about an invalid, try steaming them and thus avoid the difficult task of wringing them out in hot water.

When the purity of water is suspected, and no other can be obtained, it should be boiled before using it.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Manners and Customs Practiced in Polite Society.

The toothpick, when used with discretion, at proper times and in proper places, is an unobjectionable little instrument. Its occasional employment is necessary, as a rule, to cleanliness and the preservation of the teeth. So also is the tooth brush. This adjunct of the toilet is, however, never used in public. The person who, after partaking of a meal, should proceed to publicly use his tooth brush, would speedily find himself banished from decent society. Yet such action would be less objectionable to witness than the service to which some people who pretend to refinement and culture, put the toothpick. Shameful and disgusting as this is, it may be rightly used—the dressing room—and no person who has the slightest consideration for the feelings of others will handle it anywhere else.

It would seem unnecessary to make such statements as the foregoing, and yet the use of the toothpick has reached proportions that within the last few years have attracted considerable attention, and make the lives of many of our citizens anything but agreeable.

In no other country, it is said, are toothpicks been published and in private business or in the presence of women. An English woman or a French woman of the better class not only never dreams of using a toothpick before people, but she considers it something that it is more pleasant not even to mention.

Points in Social Usages.

Never whisper in company. Never talk to one person across another, nor allow a servant to pass things in front of a person at table.

Send your visiting card in an envelope to the hostess at the time of a reception, but do not send regrets.

It is customary to take leave of your hostess at an afternoon reception unless the crowd is too great.

The gentlemen's family call upon his fiancee as soon as an engagement is made known.

A Prince Albert frock represents a dress coat by daytime. The swallow tail is never worn by day; it is exclusively the evening dress coat.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The Irish Kings—A Number of Sovereigns Who Reigned Before the Christian Era.

The Irish kings existed prior to the Christian era, as is the case of Greece and Rome, and the Romans conquered—without, however, ever occupying—Ireland. There is also a chronicle of any kind and history of Ireland previous to the fifth century. Irish writers, however, have invented a number of stories, crediting them to "tradition," which only carry us back to the time of Christ. Ireland the original theories of Ussher and the writer from which all learned and civilized nations derive their knowledge of the destruction and down to Strongbow. According to the most careful and diligent research there is nothing to show that one king ever reigned and governed, except Tara, in Ireland, or that the people were sufficiently organized for such a government. Four and perhaps seven kings preceding the Christian era are recognized hitherto or claimed as title, but the sovereignty was such as the sultan exercises over Morocco or Bulgaria or the pope over Europe—a mere shadow of form, a shadow without much substance.

Facts About the Bible.

The smallest book in the Bible is 3 John, 299 words, 779 letters, 14 verses, 319 chapters, 1,169; books, 66. The longest book in the Old Testament is Psalms, it having 150 chapters; the shortest is Obadiah, it having but one chapter of only twenty-one verses. The longest books in the New Testament are Matthew and the Acts, each of which consists of twenty-eight chapters, although Luke contains more verses and words. Third John is the shortest, containing one chapter of fourteen verses and 299 words. The largest chapter in the Old Testament is the 119th Psalm, which contains 176 verses. The shortest chapter is the 117th Psalm, it contains but two verses. The longest chapter in the New Testament is the first chapter of Luke, it contains eighty verses; the shortest is I John, first chapter, it contains ten verses. The middle verse in the Bible is Psalms 103, the ninth verse of the eighth chapter of Esther, it contains ninety words composed of 423 letters; the shortest verse is the twenty-fifth verse of the first chapter of I Chronicles, consisting of twelve letters and three words. The middle verse in the eighth verse of the 118th Psalm. The nineteenth chapter of II Kings and the thirty-seventh chapter of Isaiah read alike. The 9th, 15th, 21st and 31st verses of the 107th Psalm are alike. The book of Job is the oldest book in the Bible, and the 33rd verse of the 7th chapter of Ezra contains all the letters of the alphabet with the exception of "j." The 35th verse, 11th chapter, of St. John, is the shortest in the Bible.

Rag, Tag and Bobtail.

This is probably an old hunting expression to signify a herd of deer. In Prescott's "Philip the Second," quoted by Strype and Hollingshead, is the following: "They hunted the deer, and were so greedy of their destruction that they killed them with all sorts of hands and swords." The word tegg, or tag, signifies, according to *Bailey*, "a doe in the second year of her age." Rag is defined by the same writer as "a herd of young colts," but older authors have reag to signify a herd of deer at rutting time. Bobtail means a fawn just after it has been weaned. Tag and bobtail are also in the same sense when speaking of sheep, but rag does not seem to be known in this connection. The complete original of the phrase "tag, rag and bobtail" seems to have been a collection of sheep or deer, of all sorts mixed indiscriminately.

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Up to 1828 all presidential electors were appointed. From 1824 to 1832, some were appointed and others chosen by the people. Omitting the election of 1864, when electors were not chosen in eleven states, the first election at which all the electors were voted for by the people was in 1872. In 1876 the old rule obtained, and the election of 1880 was the second time. The last election (1884) was the third time. The Colorado electors were not voted for by the people in 1876, nor the Florida electors in 1868.

The Weight of Hearts.

The average weight of men's hearts is eleven ounces each, and of women's only nine ounces. Therefore they give and take, or exchange hearts, man is the loser, quality being equal. Many average brain weight 60½ ounces, and women 49½. The average weight of both lungs is for men 40 ounces and for women 32 ounces. Gladish's right lung weighed 22 and the left 27 ounces, making 49 ounces in all, or 14 ounces in excess of the average.

Chinese Population.

The only census ever taken in China was in 1812. According to the Almanach de Gotha for 1880 the population of China, properly so called, was estimated at 405,000,000, and of the rest of the empire—Corea, Thibet, Mongolia, Thibet and Cores, 59,000,000—in all 432,000,000. It is a matter of guesswork. We understand that an official census is being taken now.

Last Words.

A signature to a last *pencil* is perfectly valid and no man can cheat his creditor by pleading that he has signed his name with a lead pencil. But no creditor is compelled to receive a note signed with a lead pencil. A bank may make any rules in this matter that it pleases.

Old Coaches.

Coaches were introduced into England about 1550, and for a century after there were but three in use in London. They having been introduced into the French capital in 1550.

Length of Atlantic Cables.

The Atlantic cables vary in length from 2,000 to over 3,000 miles, according to the distance between connecting stations.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

A SELF WORKING SAFETY GATE FOR ELEVATED RAILROADS.

The Destructive Influence of Sea Spray on Eight and Money Wedges.

Take a sharp pointed knife with a heavy handle and press it lightly into the smooth back of the frame of a door. By striking the end of the heavy blow with the fist the jar will release the knife, which will fall perpendicularly to the floor; and if a walnut shell or other soft body is placed directly under it, it will be crushed by the force of the fall.

An Entertaining Experiment.

Previous to placing the nutshell in position the handle of the knife should be inserted in a piece of water less cork, when the falling drop, on reaching the floor, will indicate the exact spot where the nutshell should be placed.

This experiment, explains Nature, also illustrates the principle of inertia, as the force upon the framework of the door simply dislodges the knife before any motion is transmitted to it, as is proved by the fact that the knife falls perpendicularly in the same line as the *drop of water falling from the handle.* It also shows that light and heavy bodies both move in the same direction when acted upon by gravity.

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To find (approximately) the amount of water a pump will move per minute, multiplying a hundred feet piston speed as the standard, says Popular Science News, square the diameter of the water cylinders, and divide by four; and inversely, to find the size of a pump to perform a required duty in gallons, divide the number of gallons by four, and extract the square root of the quotient. The result is the diameter of water cylinder required.

Black on Green.

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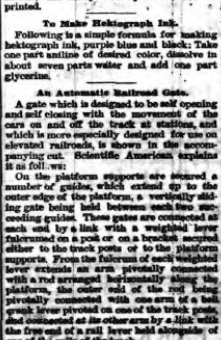
To Make Heliotgraph Ink.

Following is a simple formula for making heliotgraph ink, purple blue and black: Take one part aniline of desired color, dissolve in about seven parts water and add one part glycerine.

An Automatic Railroad Gate.

A gate which is designed to be self opening and self closing for the passage between the cars on and off the track at stations, and which is more especially designed for use on elevated railroads, is shown in the accompanying cut. Scientific American explains it as follows:

On the platform supports are secured a number of guides, which are arched up to the outer edge of the platform, a vertically sliding gate being held between each two succeeding guides. These gates are connected at each side by a link with a rocking shaft, journaled on a post or on a bracket secured either to the track posts or to the platform supports. From the fulcrum of each weighted lever extends an arm pivotally connected with a rod arranged horizontally along the platform, the outer end of the rod being pivotally connected with one arm of a bell crank lever, the other arm of which is bent and connected at its other arm by a link with the free end of a rail lever held alongside of one of the rails of the track.



AN AUTOMATIC RAILROAD GATE.

This rail lever is arranged in position covering the usual locomotive-stopping places, and is so formed as to be acted upon only by the larger flanges of the wheels of the cars, the side flat may be connected to a separate weighted lever, or the link of two adjoining gate ends may both be connected to one lever. The weights of the levers are so arranged that the levers hold the gates in a closed position and also hold the rail lever slightly extending above the rail of the track. When the cars come up to the station, the trucks of the front locomotive wheels press the rail lever downward, swinging the bell crank lever, and thereby raising the gates and forward, so that the weighted levers are swung to draw down the gates until the top edge of each is flush with the top of the platform, their perpendicular openings to pass from the platform into the cars, or vice versa, in the usual manner. As soon as the train starts to leave the station, and the trucks of the locomotive wheels pass off the rail lever, the gates move upward gradually again by the action of the weights of the levers, and the station platform is closed on its track side.

ALL AROUND THE HOME.

Directions in Every Department for Making Everything Pertaining to Household Comfort Easy.

Sticking Knife Handles in Place.—If a knife stand for the use of the holder loosens, it can be tightened by heating the blade and a little sulphur; the latter will melt, and, when cool, will hold the handle as well as ever. In repairing a fairly handle, if the blade is loose, heating it will melt the cement, and allow the blade to be removed readily, when, being in contact with the heated blade, it will allow the blade to be removed readily, when, being in contact with the heated blade, it will allow the blade to be removed readily, when, being in contact with the heated blade, it will

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Safe and Painless Surgery of the Present, Palliative Combinations.

Anæsthetics have rendered even grave surgical operations painless, and the skill of modern improvements have rendered them comparatively safe. Changes in surgical methods with a single exception, amount to a modification, and it is important that this should be understood, for patients, from a fear that was once very reasonable, are liable to put off operations until too late.

There used to be a great and even present danger of suppuration and consequent blood poisoning. Suppuration was looked on as inevitable. Now it is known that almost all suppuration is possible unless the germs of it are introduced from without. The germs were formerly introduced with the hand of the operator, or those of assistants, or with his instruments, his threads, his sponges, his plasters or his bandages; or they floated in with the infected air, with which every hospital was specially charged.

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According to medical authority, the wound is now dressed with no expectation that fever will arise, or that suppuration will occur, or that the dressing will require renewal. The patient eats and sleeps well from the first, and the surgeon removes the dressing only to find the wound healed and skin, too, though the largest wounds are fully sewed up, and without drainage tubes.

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THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The Irish Kingdom, Number of Sovereigns Beheaded—Odd Colored Deer.

The history of Ireland, prior to the Saxon conquest, is like that of Great Britain before the Roman conquest—a jumble of fact and fable, with the latter predominating. The Irish annals or chronicles of any kind are largely a tradition. Writings for several daily have invented a standard mode of spelling and phonetic fairy stories, crediting them to "tradition," not to carrying the list of letters. Then we come across back to the land, but reading the island the original Gaelic of Ireland is the richest tongue of all law and civilization spread throughout the world after the deluge and down to Strongbow. According to the most careful and diligent research there is nothing in the Irish annals of kings recorded of twenty-eight chapters, although Luke contains more verses and words. Third John is the shortest, containing one chapter of fourteen verses in the New Testament. The longest chapter in the Old Testament is the 119th Psalm, which contains 176 verses. The shortest chapter is the 117th Psalm, it contains but two verses. The middle chapter in the New Testament is the first chapter of Luke, it contains eighty verses; the shortest is I John, first chapter, the fifth verse. The middle verse in the Old Testament is the eighth verse of the eighth chapter of Esther, it contains ninety words composed of 423 letters. The shortest verse is the twenty-fifth verse of the first chapter of I Chronicles, consisting of twelve letters and three words. The middle verse in the eighth verse of the 118th Psalm. The 78th book of Job is the oldest book in the Bible, and the 21st verse of the 7th chapter of Ezra contains all the letters of the alphabet with the exception of "j." The 86th verse, 11th chapter, of St. John, is the shortest in the Bible.

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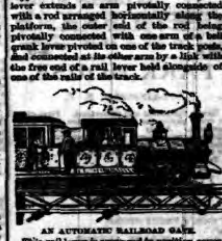
An Automatic Railroad Gate.

A gate which is designed to be self opening and self closing with the movement of the cars on and off the track at stations, and which is more especially designed for use on elevated railroads, is the object of the accompanying cut. Scientific American explains it as follows:

On the platform supports are secured a number of guides, which extend up to the outer edge of the platform, a vertically sliding gate being held between each two succeeding guides. These gates are connected at each end by a link with a weighted lever fulcrumed on a post or on a bracket secured either to the track posts or to the platform supports, the weighted end of each weighted lever extends an arm pivotally connected with a rod arranged horizontally along the platform, the outer end of the rod being pivotally connected to an arm of a bell crank lever pivoted on one of the track posts, and connected at its other arm by a link with the free end of a rail lever held alongside of one of the rails of the track.



AN AUTOMATIC RAILROAD GATE.

This rail lever is arranged in position covering the usual locomotive stopping places, and as its free end is struck by the flange of the large, broad tire of the locomotive wheels. Each gate link may be connected to a separate weighted lever, or the link of two adjoining gates may be connected to a single weighted lever. The weights of the levers are so arranged that the levers hold the gates in a closed position and also hold the rail lever slightly extending above the rails of the track. When a train moves up to the station, the tread of the front locomotive wheels press the rail lever downward, and thus the bell crank lever, and drawing the horizontal rod forward, so that the weighted levers are swung to the down the gates will be raised to a height even with the top of the platform, thus permitting passengers to pass from the platform into the cars, or vice versa, in safety. As soon as the locomotive wheels pass to leave the inclination of the levers of the locomotive wheels move off the rail lever, the gates move upward, partially again by the action of the weights of the levers, and the gates are held closed on the track side.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Receipts for Every Department of Household Economy.

Stocking yarn dyed in gold & dyed shawl for the center of the table. Blue stocking yarn dyed in gold & dyed shawl for the center of the table. Brown stocking yarn dyed in gold & dyed shawl for the center of a round tea pole. Scarlet, red of the center of which springs a cedar, supporting a fairy dish. Brown stocking yarn dyed in gold & dyed shawl for the center of a fairy dish. Your single fair dishes, finely, such supporting a four lamp, with plain shade, leaning to the east.

Invariably full glossary dessert sauce of flour and dust, moderately thousand cut ring, such dish set in a frosted work of silver, and richly wrought. Your single fair dishes, of a tasteful shape, for which the banana of the dish rests, elegantly four grillos' feet, with bands carving out wood to the upper edge of the dish, and cooling them in gridiron shape. The open work the band silver dishes of exquisite workmanship, which hang in festoon from one band to the other.

Two Genuine New England Dishes.

A New England housewife pronounces Mrs. Cleveland's brown bread recipe to be undoubtedly very fine, but she objects to the following genuine New England recipes:

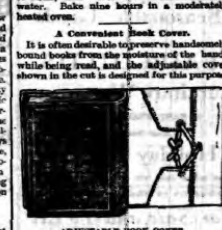
In the first place, brown bread, like cake, is never made over night. Indian meal and rye flour are used instead of wheat flour when stirred with a fork. Instead of raisins a brand bladed knife is the better. And to be thoroughly enjoyed, brown bread must be accompanied with brown baked beans.

Brown bread—Stir together one cup meal, one pint of rye meal, one quart of sweet milk, one teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of salt, one cup full of molasses. Mix the corn and rye meal together thoroughly while the milk and salt, and the soda into the molasses, and then stir all together with a knife. Put the mixture into a pail or other brown bread dish, being careful to grease the dish well. Steam at least nine hours, then bake in a moderately heated oven one hour.

Baked Beans—Soak one quart of medium sized white beans in lukewarm water over night. In the morning boil them until the skins will crack open. Drain the beans and rinse thoroughly in cold water. Put them in a regular bean pot; wash and scrape one pound of salt pork; cut the rind into squares, leaving some of the bacon. Add one teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of soda, and cover the whole with cold water. Bake nine hours in a moderately heated oven.

A Convenient Book Cover.

It is often desirable to preserve handsomely bound books from the moisture of the hands while being read, and the adjustable cover shown in the cut is designed for this purpose.



ADJUSTABLE BOOK COVER.

A piece of velvet or satin is cut the required size. The edges are neatly and tightly turned and cut, and are fastened stitched or sewed by machine, as suits the fancy; small brass rings are made, a ribbon passed through and tied to hold the cover in position. On the outside of the cover may be worked imitation of hinges and lock, placed in the middle of the upper side a monogram. A cover made after this design is adjustable to many sizes of books. Gray linen covers of the same style will be found very suitable for children's books.

To Keep a Glossy Oilcloth.

Never use soap in the water when washing oilcloth. It fades the colors and breaks up the paint. Ammonia also gives the cloth a dull, sad look. Mrs. Rorer's cleaning fluids are as follows: Take a clean flannel cloth and apply clean, warm water; which is finally to be removed by soaking up into two or three folds of cloth; after it has been wrung out. The oilcloth is then wiped dry with another piece of clean flannel or coarse crash. After the oilcloth is dry, rub it lightly in the middle of the upper side a monogram. A cover made after this design is adjustable to many sizes of books. Gray linen covers of the same style will be found very suitable for children's books.

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CENTRAL R. R OF NEW JERSEY.

Trains in New York, foot of Liberty street, Philadelphia, Reading Terminal.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 5.42, 6.45, 8.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.02, 1.25, 2.30, 3.35, 4.15, 5.00, 6.15, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night. Sunday, 5.42, 8.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.02, 1.25, 2.30, 4.15, 5.00, 6.15, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 6.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.02, 1.25, 2.30, 3.35, 4.15, 5.00, 6.15, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.02, 1.25, 2.30, 4.15, 5.00, 6.15, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Dunellen.

Leave Plainfield at 6.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.02, 1.25, 2.30, 3.35, 4.15, 5.00, 6.15, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.02, 1.25, 2.30, 4.15, 5.00, 6.15, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Dunellen at 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Branch Canal, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Asbury Park, etc.

8.00 a. m.—For Flemington Junction, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk.

9.35 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Branch Canal, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Mauch Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

5.05 p. m.—For Flemington.

6.55 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 2.27, 5.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.02, 2.55, 6.05 p. m. Sunday prompt at Ocean Grove 6.55 a. m.

For Perth Amboy 2.27, 5.05, 6.05 11.05 a. m., 12.02, 2.55, 6.05 p. m. Sunday at 5.10 a. m.

For Long Branch 2.27, 5.05, 6.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.02 2.55, 6.05 p. m. Sunday, 6.05 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Round Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 8.10, 8.05, 9.45 10.44 a. m., 2.15, 3.50, 5.02, 8.17 p. m., 1.15 night. Sunday at 5.10*, 8.10 a. m. 6.54 p. m. 1.22 night.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets at 5.30, 6.40, 8.30 10.00 a. m.; 1.10, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45 (5.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m.; 5.30, 12.10 p. m.

Leave Broad and Berks at 5.35,* 8.05 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 5.30 a.m.; 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton and Tuber Streets at 1.20, 5.00, 8.10,* 10.35, 11.25 a. m.; 1.55, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25 p. m. Sunday at 1.35, 8.15 a. m., 8.15 p. m. 2.10 night.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at Round Brook.

H. P. BALLARD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMACHER, Gen. Supt.

COAL and WOOD

C. H. RUGG,

Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the

BEST Quality

that can be procured in this market. For prompt delivery, leave it with servant and delivered promptly.

All orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

Office 61 Park avenue, P. O. Box 1122. Yard, Ninth Yard.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. S. CO.'S

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

ATTENTION!

Right about Face!

MARCH!

to the Shoe Store of

J. J. KENNEY,

36 NORTH AVENUE.

where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

CITY PHARMACY,

21 West Front street.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.

Toilet Requisites.

City Pharmacy Receipts, chemists and physicians.

Choice Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

City Pharmacy opened Sunday for the sale of cigars only.

Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.

Telephone call 102.

Field & Randolph.

SPECIAL MUSLIN SALE.

for the next few days we will sell all the standard brands of Lonsdale and Cabot Muslins very much below market prices.

Ladies' White Aprons

We have just received another case of those Ladies' White Aprons, trimmed with Lace and Insertion which we are still selling at 75c

REMNANTS OF RIBBON.

In Black, Brown and Cardinal, all widths, we are closing them out at 5c per yard.

Cloaks! Cloaks!

We have decided to make a deduction of 20 per cent on our entire stock of Cloaks on and after this notice. We will present each purchaser to the amount of $5 or over, an elegant mounted-covered game of Lotto.

I. H. BOEHM,

7 W. FRONT STREET.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue, P. O. Box 288.

Also supply all orders for grading work in Union Co., Somerset Prince St. Cemetery.

The Plainfield Electric Light Company.

Office and Lighting Station Madison Ave.

Incandescent Lighting for

STORES,

CHURCHES,

DWELLINGS,

Public Buildings, etc.

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

January Bargain SALE

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Commencing To-morrow and continuing throughout the month

Throughout every department prices will be made so low that it will be to everyone's interest to buy. We have determined that all that every one is looking for the place where they can get it cheapest, and we are the place. We consider quality first and do not push cheap goods, but find quality at a bargain. We have kept that in mind and will continue to do so. Our sales of Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets and Cloaks have been unprecedented, and we have opened up new goods every day in the year. We have always been known as the place to get the best goods every day. We have also added to our new special department, Millinery, Infants' Dresses, Merveilleux Colored Velvets, Fancy Brown Domestic Dress Goods, Table Linens, Towels and Napkins, Bed Blankets, Comforts, Flannels and Underwear. In the Cloak and Suit Department you will find goods that are always wanted, but can't be found elsewhere, and prices we are offering them at are—

VanEmburgh & White.

WE RESPECTFULLY

Invite Everybody

to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. Kisig's opticians, the best that can be obtained in the world.

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

12 Park avenue.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 91.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue, P. O. Box 288.

Also supply all orders for grading work in Union Co., Somerset Prince St. Cemetery.

JUST THE THING

for Holiday Presents

REAL SKIN CAPS from $1 to $3.50.

Gents' Mufflers, from $2 to $5.50

Silk Cushions from 25c to $6.

Fine Gloves, Canes and Neckwear.

U. B. CRANE,

THE HATTER AND FURNISHER,

142 Park Avenue,

next to Walter's Bakery.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH and SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

MRS. QUICK'S

SULPHUR AND MEDICATED

VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica and all diseases of the blood, Nervousness, Female Weakness, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, General Debility, Fatty Tumors, Skin Diseases, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Throat and Lung Troubles, Piles, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Diseases of the womb, Ovarian Tumors, Diseases of the Generative Organs, Diseases of children and Baby's sore mouth. Consultation free.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Consultation or examination free.

MCDONOUGH & MARTIN

Manufacturers, 35 North Avenue.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

to Jewelry for the

HOLIDAYS

SOLID GOLD and ROLL PLATE

Prices Low at

J. Hervey Doane's

9 Park avenue.

Y DO U

pay $2.00 to the DOCTOR, for the prescription; when you can buy the Druggist for filling it, when for 50c

YOU CAN BUY

a bottle of CARL KAERTHE'S

Nerve Food Tonic

for Dyspepsia, Nervous and Blood Disorders! All Druggists.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Truda J. Carey.)

NO. 51 W. FRONT ST.

P. O. Box 288.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered Trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

Stephen A. Fleming,

18 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Sporting Goods Store in connection.

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest store in the city, we handle a large stock and can sell cheaper than any other market. Give us a call and be convinced that we can save you money. Store open from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m.

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

RICHARD RAY,

(Successor to Frank Day)

LIVERY STABLE,

NORTH AVENUE, Opp. Depot, Plainfield.

Carriages most all styles. Family Horses especially.

No Market for Cough Drops.

He hurried across the City Hall park and flew into the counting room of a morning newspaper in Park row. He was an old man, with long white hair and a navvy hand, but he wore a pair of large specs. Wandering up to a bookkeeper's window he extracted a small box from his pocket, and began in a high tenor voice:

"I have here, my dear sir, probably the greatest invention of the age. It is a cough drop. The only effective and useful cough drop ever placed before the American public. Upon feeling the well known first symptoms of a cold, you open the mouth, place a drop carefully upon the tongue and permit it to dissolve slowly. The cold then disappears."

"No more consumption is now possible sir," continued the venerable high tenor. "If you find yourself with a hectic flush and a hacking cough, place two of these drops upon the tongue, and immediate cure—"

"Are they good for anything else" inquired the bookkeeper, peering through his window at the cough drop advocate.

"Well I should say so," said the latter, greatly encouraged. "It howls over headache, sore throat and dyspepsia, and I am selling hundreds of boxes as Christmas"—

"See here, old man," interrupted the bookkeeper, "for your sake I deep y regret that I have not the preliminary symptoms of a cold. Moreover, consumption is unheard of in my family. My father died of curiosity and a buzz saw, and my mother still lingers at the age of 99. As for dyspepsia I could digest a carpet tack, and I don't know what Christmas means. You see old man, we don't seem to connect, so put up your pellets and amble along."

The cough drop dealer gathered up his boxes, settled his beaver firmly on his venerable brow, and said sadly, "Very sorry to disturb you sir; I didn't mean to hit the circulation liar."—New York Tribune.

Sometimes the Big Bill Dodge Fails.

The other day, as one of the conductors on a Worcester street car was taking his fares, a man sitting in one corner of the car conspicuously handed out a $20 bill. It was an old game; one that is often tried. The conductors are usually ready for such things, but this time change was short and the man of the pocket-book just sung in a fare on himself when a drummer, standing on the rear platform, said: "I guess I can break that $20 for you." The face of the big bill man fell in a moment as the drummer handed over a lot of small bills to the conductor. His meanness was useless. He had to pay his fare.

"That's a slim game," said the drummer to another passenger, shortly afterward. "I never see it tried but I want to break it up, if possible. A short time ago I was riding on the cars, near Bridgeport, Conn., when I saw the conductor come up to a man who sat in front of me for his fare. The fellow handed him a $100 bill. His fare was thirty-six cents. The conductor was an old friend of mine. He came along to me and said: 'I guess I'm stuck, Frank.' 'Perhaps I can help you out,' I answered. I happened to have with me till silver dollars, and I counted out 100. If you ever saw a pleased man it was conductor. He went back to the sleeper, gave him sixty-four cents change, and then gave him ninety-nine silver bits. The fellow never had thanked, argued and pleaded; it was no use. The conductor had his fare and he had his change. It's a mean trick, and nothing pleases me better than to see it foiled."—Boston Herald.

Appointing a Time.

Creditor—When shall I call for the amount of my bill, Mr. Gimlet?

Debtor—Oh, at any time. What day will best suit your convenience?

Creditor—Well, I have no to do on Thursdays than any other day of the week.

Debtor—Very well. Then you may call for the amounts every Thursday.—New York Sun.

The Full Programme.

Omaha Mamma—Bertie, are you on? What does all this racket mean on Sunday? And you've got all your dolls out, too.

Little Dot—You said we might play church.

"Yes, but call all the gabble and laughter church?"

"No, mamma; church is just over and the bells is gone home."—Omaha World.

A Bachelor's Christmas.

First Bachelor—Did you have a happy Christmas?

Second Bachelor—You bet I did. One of my sisters came back from the laundry with all the buttons off.—Omaha World.

An Embryo Tariff Reformer.

Little Clifton went to bed one night with a new flannel night dress on. By and by he became restless, and finally he cried, "I don't like the sleepers this night gown."—Boston Globe.

A Holiday Threnody.

The snow that the snowbirds sing just at present is—

A little boy, a pair of skates,
A hole in the ice and sudden gates.
—Pittsburg Commercial.

Between Meals.

Woman (who has given a cold bite to a tramp)—You don't look very healthy.

Tramp—No, ma'am, it's dangerous enough by eating between meals—other people's meals.—New York Sun.

HENRY HASCHETT,

GROCER,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

Dealer in

Staple and Fancy GROCERIES

Fruits and Vegetables

IN SEASON.

Ferris & Co's celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front St.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST. The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., W. Simmons, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street. MRS. M. YAEGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Ferster, Veterinary Surgeon, 72 East Fifth street. Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE The proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the medicine was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at H. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS, Floral Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, corner North avenue.

LADIES Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package. Beware of imitations. They have no equal for strength, brightness, Amour to Package or for Pearline of Color, or for sale by dealers, or they will do not crock or smut. For sale by H. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 9-17-1y

L. HEYNIGER,

61, 63 and 65 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc,

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 134.

Hecker's Goods in great variety.

S L E I G H S

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

A. V. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

No. 9 North Avenue.

Telephone, or Call at Residence, 26 Sidell Avenue. Telephone Call 87. Office of Middle Brook.

Some Rare Bargains are being offered at

EDSALL'S

20 West Front street, at Tuesday's Linen Tie the Tailoring, Table Napkins, Linen Towels, Canton Flannels, Calicos, Dress Goods, etc.

We will open a line of Spring Dress Patterns in Wide Goods, Cashmeres, Henriettas, etc., to-day and to morrow. Our Carpet Department is well supplied with a full line of Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Mattings Rugs, Portieres, Curtains, etc.

If you wish to get some Bargains in real good goods you can depend on finding them at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street,

The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place, P. O. Box 246.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder,

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY.

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 250.

Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Establisher 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

28 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

H. A. ROSS,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of fine sizes and Turning, at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SMITH,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Scotch Plains, P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Scotch Plains, P. O. Box 123.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldings, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all sizes.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 312.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Shoes, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

64 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

67 Somerset Street, Plainfield. Wall Paper. Brushes for drawing and oil painting.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders' Table at Reasonable Rates

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company of Norwich, N. Y.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

XXXX

BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour is unsurpassed and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of Teas at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, Imported Blackwells, fresh fruit juice, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunella and everything pertaining to our business.

KENNEY BROS.

Seasonable Goods

at

FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

21 EAST FRONT STREET.

A large line of useful

Holiday Presents

at prices that will please everybody.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

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Desirable Bargains in

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FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on first mortgage.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 36 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. Depot, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 20.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

and

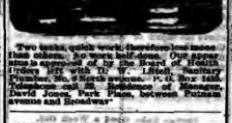
MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1869. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Car Wheel Patterns, Bridges Hitching posts, gratings, sewer and well covers, grate bars, fence posts, store grates, tailor's stags, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for what may not be called for. We machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc.

J. H. KENYON

PLAINFIELD, ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.



Two tanks, quick work, therefore low charges. Office, 113 Somerset street, Plainfield. Our appearance is approved of by the Board of Health. Telephone Call No. 1,464. Residence, Proprietor, No. 6 North avenue. P. O. Box 342. Residence, Superintendent, No. 6 North avenue, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELL,

BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for 3 Months. Women and Children, will not run, crack, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray or fade. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

CUTLERY

SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

13 E. Front street.

Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 4.

WE HAVE

Sold Nearly

all of our goods at bargain prices which we have advertised to be sold, but have a few left which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of before now and the New Year, when we shall have a new stock to offer, to make room for our large spring stock.

A Reduction of 25 per cent. is overcome.

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

INSURANCE,

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

25 DUNELLEN STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York; Security of New York; Jersey City, of Jersey City, N. J. Insurance effected on dwellings, stores, furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.

Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

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B. T. BARNES'

Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Cream, Broadway Molasses Candy.

ALL OUR OWN MAKE.

OPPOSITE P. O.

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James H. Pope,

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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Second streets. Special attention called to the "Dockash" range, which cannot be excelled.

E. ANDERSON.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. B. H. Buchanan, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and the state, and a member of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do all kinds of plumbing and gas fitting, 6 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 10-19

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Choice wines and liquors. Special attention paid to meals for parties and banquets. Horses and carriages for hire. Stabling for horses. Horses to be boarded by the week or month. Horses to be sent to and from the depot.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

28 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE,

(Late from 21st Moore Block)

Is now the sole Proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply customers with the best

MEATS

and all kinds of Meats, Chicken, Game, Fish, &c., usually kept in a first-class market, at reasonable prices.

WALL PAPERS

G. F. & C. E. Brown's

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

38 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 168.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.

H. R. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street.

All Work Promptly Attended to.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

35 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 29 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

GREAT REDUCTION

in

WALL PAPERS

Fine assortment of the Celebrated French

ILLUMINATED PAPERS

Handsome paper, 5c a roll and upward.

ADAMS,

19 PARK AVENUE

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,

50, 70 & 80 Cents.

May now be bought at Cisco's Crackle on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants. Leave orders.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-28-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mr. Demarest's, Water street. Orders left at the P. O. or at Mr. Demarest's store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 1,000, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 17 Front street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold Lead and Stickley Dollar Flour. Genuine Concord Grape Juice. Fruits of all sorts, etc. Canned Goods, pure cider, vinegar, grape juice, jelly cans. White Grave Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 12 East Third street, P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, whitened or colored. Also Paper Hanging. All orders promptly attended to. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having leased rooms in Arlington Hall, I am prepared to do the finest stamping, and have just received the latest and latest styles. 24 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Bordon,)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York prices. Also a full line of Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, etc. Shampooing and manicuring a specialty. Residence, 10 West Front street.

Thomas Kenny,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road.

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

All wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

Proprietors of the

Mont Market.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 14.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street. Telephone Call No. 4.

I. L. McVoy,

Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work over. Also agent for Wilson's Steam Pump. Residence, 10 Grove street. Orders left at Hoagland's, 10 Park avenue, will receive prompt attention. Shop at 9 Front street.

T. F. Morgan,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 27 1-2 West Front street.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.

On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.

SANTA CLAUS.

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

SKATES, for Boys, Girls and Everybody

ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone 23

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

25 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HEYFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton until further notice. Kindlings promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Office No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street, near Potter's Press Works.

COMMODIOUS AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of

Flour, Feed, Grain,

Baled Hay and Straw. Sole by the Sack Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Ayres and Cornell's of all kinds.

FRENCH'S BUILDING,

69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 32. P. O. Box 1062.

FOTOGRAFS!

Enlargements,

Everlasting,

Handsome,

Cheapest,

Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

on paper labels and as it don't benefit the baker it can't benefit you. Ask for it and see that it is manufactured in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment of confectionery always on hand. Fresh bread delivered daily. Leave orders at store or address

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 8 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, JANUARY 16, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 61.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading, and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. Boarding and Rooms For Sale and Rent. It furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other publication, and our advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant increase upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

SPITTINGS.

—The "Fly" will hold a business meeting in their rooms, Tuesday afternoon at 3 p. m.

—The Emerald Benevolent Association will meet at their new rooms, No. 9 Park avenue, to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—At the Warren Mission chapel yesterday afternoon Mr. C. E. Tyler spoke and taught the Berean Class. Mr. LaBoyteaux spoke in the evening.

—The extra services in the lecture room of the Trinity Reformed church will be continued every night this week. A welcome is extended to all to be present.

—Celery cooked or uncooked is a specific against rheumatism, and tomatoes for purifying the blood have no rival. Asparagus helps, and in some cases prevents, kidney trouble.—Ex.

—The Y. M. C. A. "Seniors" are reminded that Mr. A. C. LaBoyteaux, who leads the Young Men's meeting this evening will conduct a Bible study for them to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

—On Thursday, Feb. 2d, Bishop Wigger of this Diocese will dedicate the bell presented by the late Francis R. McIntyre to St. Mary's Roman Catholic church. All of the church societies will be present in a body at vespers.

—The class in English branches will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock. Any young man whose early advantages have been neglected ought to avail himself of the opportunity thus afforded. For particulars apply at the rooms.

—The value of mutilated coins (those with holes punched in them) has been fixed by the United States Treasury Department as follows: Double eagles, $15; silver dollars, 75 cents; half dollars, 35 cents; quarter dollars, 18 cents; dimes, 8 cents. There is also a penalty for mutilating.

—On Thursday, Dec. 22d, THE NEWS said, on the authority of its "devil" "January will be a month of many changes. One day will be cold, the next will be moderate and thaw. The snow will be very light, ending usually in rains." The "devil" struck pretty close to the mark. Ex-devil didn't.

—There were lynched during the year 1887 in these United States no fewer than 123 persons. Of the various States and Territories Texas leads the list, with fifteen lynchings, and Mississippi is entitled to second place with fourteen to her credit. All the victims were males, eighty of them being negroes.

—The colored lad, Clarence Manning, on whom a skillful operation of taking out a diseased portion of a hip-bone was recently performed at the Muhlenberg Hospital, has been discharged cured. There are now twelve patients in the Hospital. A new one was taken there yesterday, a lad of nine years.

—It is hoped that an unusually large number of young men will avail themselves of the opportunity this evening of listening to Mr. A. C. LaBoyteaux, who will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms at this evening. The Crescent Glee Club with the accompaniment of instrumental music will add interest to the occasion. Admission free, and no collection at any of these meetings.

—A crowd of young fellows congregated on Park avenue yesterday were ordered to move on by Policeman Lynch. One was manish and saucy, and gave Mr. Lynch to understand that Scotch cute was more for him than for a piece of stale pie. The young man was arrested, and was fined $3 this morning by Judge Snyder, who was lenient because it was his first offence. The Judge, however, says that he intends to be severe in cases of this kind hereafter. He doesn't purpose to have Plainfield's sidewalks parfed.

—During the early part of the loan exhibition at the Art Gallery, last month, a local sheet noted for its humorous acts of meanness, making it a disgrace instead of a credit, to the place, had some shameful criticisms on the pictures. One of the papers has been shown to Mr. Kreiling, editor and proprietor of the Newark Advertiser, who is said to have remarked that if it were a sample of Plainfield culture, he would regret that he ever used potatoes to criticise pictures loaned for the public good. But that isn't a sample. That News is the paper of Plainfield, and doesn't stoop to such, nor regard the letter that does as of consequence enough to notice.

Westfield Whittlings.

Two more deaths last week of well known persons. Mrs. Susan B. Ball, age 60, and Miss Arabella White, daughter of Morris K. White, age 64 years.

At the last meeting of the Fire Department it was decided to put down a fire well on Broad street near Elm for the use of the department, and a committee on same was appointed, consisting of A. T. Miller, Chas. H. Pound and C. L. Reed. Read and Ludlow of the Newark Advertiser, who is said to have remarked that if it were a sample of Plainfield culture, he would regret that we ever used potatoes to criticise pictures loaned for the public good. But that isn't a sample. That News is the paper of Plainfield, and doesn't stoop to such, nor regard the letter that does as of consequence enough to notice.

Mr. Nicholas Dayton, who has been confined to the house for some time with a severe attack of rheumatism, is able to be out again.

Mr. Wm. Hood, of Elizabeth, has been appointed Conductor on the Westfield branch of the Central Railroad of New Jersey

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. HOWLAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week. By mail, postage prepaid to any part of the U. S., at $5 per year payable in advance.

MONDAY, JANUARY 16, 1888.

STRIKERS IN CONVENTION.

A Meeting at Reading Where Little Else Than Gas was Manufactured.

READING, Pa., Jan. 16.—One hundred and twenty-five delegates, representing nearly all of the local associations of the Reading Territory, met in convention here yesterday. Most of the delegates present are no longer in the employ of the Reading company, having been discharged during the strike. They paid their fare to Reading. Hereafter they were furnished passes.

Bernard J. Hayes, Philadelphia, and Charles Wolf, of Port Clinton, were secretary. After receiving reports from various points, showing the number of men out of employment and the condition of trade, the new Federal association, which will be known as the temporary organization at Elizabethport a month ago, convened.

Pearson W. Howman, temporary master workman, of this city, presided. Beyond the receiving of applications from a number of local associations applying for admittance into the new district, nothing of importance was transacted. The convention finally adjourned without electing permanent officers, to meet in Pottsville in April next. Master Workman W. T. Lewis, of Ohio, was present but did not address the meeting. He said the men should keep cool. There is no time for talk, but for work. The convention is regarded as decidedly tame, considering the enthusiasm of the men and the enthusiasm which has heretofore been manifested at these meetings. The men realize that the Reading officials are in dead earnest and they will not likely desert or never again to re-employ their striking trainmen.

The striking railroaders, however, assert that the miners will stand out solidly until the men have had labor services from the coal regions show the reverse, and it is probable that many of the colleries will start up next week.

JUDGE PARKER'S SUCCESSOR.

A List of Legal Lights from Whom Governor Green May Select.

TRENTON, Jan. 16.—Governor Green, who was quite ill all last week and unable to be present in the executive department in this city, is now convalescing, and expects to be able to attend to his official duties this week.

One of his first acts will be to send in a nomination to the senate for a justice of the supreme court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Joel Parker, of the second judicial circuit, which comprises the counties of Camden, Burlington and Gloucester. There are a number of candidates for the vacancy, but it is believed that it will be left for the selection of a man from the circuit where the vacancy visits. Great pressure is being brought upon the governor to have that done, but it would be inconsistent for any member of the bar of that circuit to have a judge resident among them. The judgeship is worth $8,000 a year, the salary being seven years. It will go to a Democrat.

Well informed politicians predict that the governor will appoint either Charles G. Garretson, of Jersey City, and Judge Kirkpatrick, of Bridgeton, or Charles E. Hendrickson, of Mount Holly. Then there is Judge Stewart, of Trenton, who has an influential backing.

There are three prominent democratic candidates from the upper end of the state—Judge Garretson, of Jersey City, and Judge Kirkpatrick and ex-Judge Stevens, of Newark. The nomination will be made in either to-night or to-morrow morning.

The Jury Failed to Agree.

SANDY HILL, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Just before Saturday midnight the jury in the case of the people against George Clements announced that they were unable to agree, and were discharged. The case was given to the jury at 9 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Clements was tried and convicted on the charge of perjury in swearing to a report of the Fort Edward State bank, of which he was cashier, in 1886, which he knew to be false. He was sentenced to Auburn for five years. After two appeals the case was set down for a new trial, with the above result. In all probability this is the last of the trials. He is 80 years old and in infirm health. He has paid fifty cents on the dollar to depositors, and twenty-five cents additional will be paid.

Fighting Flame and Frost.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 16.—About 8 o'clock yesterday morning fire was discovered in the Church of the Redeemer (Universalist), and the entire department was called out. The church is of stone, was built ten years ago and cost $60,000. The fire was caused by the janitor's son starting a fire in a furnace which was undergoing repairs. Firemen found it almost impossible to reach the flames, and fought them all day long, with the mercury ranging from 22 to 30 below zero. Nothing but the walls are left. The loss is placed at $60,000, with insurance of $40,000. During the day nine firemen were overcome by the dense smoke which poured from the building. Two of the men are said to be in a very critical condition.

"Get the Drop" on a Desperado.

CHURCH'S FERRY, D. T., Jan. 16.—Neal McKeague, the notorious Chicago jailbird, was killed by T. A. Hilterman, a saloon keeper, last night. A quarrel had occurred between the two men over a game of cards, and McKeague finally drew a revolver and tried to shoot Hilterman. The latter seized a shotgun and fired first, blowing the entire top of McKeague's head off and scattering his brains all over the room. McKeague came to Dakota about three years ago from a Canada penitentiary. Four years ago he was charged with the murder of an old couple named Wilson in Chicago, but was acquitted. Hilterman gave himself up, but will doubtless be speedily acquitted.

A Murderer's Mistake.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Jan. 16.—Sherman Lynn, who has been paying attention to Lizzie Berry, that girl fatally wounded by her step-father Saturday night. The parties are well connected and wealthy, but Lizzie was told to choose between Lynn and Frank Berry, and would not live to do so again. Lizzie objecting to a revolver in the hands of her step-father Saturday night took a hoe, a weapon with which she would not live to do so again. Lizzie objecting

BOATING ON THE ICE.

THE EXHILARATING PLEASURES OF THIS WINTER SPORT.

They Are to Be Enjoyed by Those Only Who Live in Northern Localities—How to Make an Ice Yacht—Sailing Faster than the Wind.

ICE boating! The very words are exhilarating to one who has never experienced the delights of this peculiar style of craft called ice sailing with the wind and now skating against it, disappearing as it were behind the bend of a point, then suddenly bursting into view to describe new curves of beauty. Even though the observer be comfortably housed on term firms he cannot help but envy the thrilling of the pulse in the veins of the yachtsman. The ice boat is the poetry of craft. For above all else it possesses the supreme enjoyment that the frozen seas alone in the north, the yacht on which has been maintained its position as king.

The ice boat is a very simple craft. The yacht weighs from one-third to one-half as much as a boat and is built on the same lines. The runner plank is the keel of the boat, and the runners are attached to it in the form of the letter T, the perpendicular of the letter representing the center timber, which runs from the front of the boat to the stern of the boat. The horizontal line of the letter T is the runner plank, on each end of which is a large skate, called a runner. At the junction of the center timber and the runner plank is the mast, which rests in a socket in the deck, which also has a socket for the mast. From the aftermost end of the center timber side rails run diagonally to the point T, the perpendicular of the letter representing the center timber, which runs from the front of the boat to the stern of the boat. The horizontal line of the letter T is the runner plank, on each end of which is a large skate, called a runner. At the junction of the center timber and the runner plank is the mast, which rests in a socket in the deck, which also has a socket for the mast. From the aftermost end of the center timber side rails run diagonally to the point T, the perpendicular of the letter

The Matter of Sleep.

"Miss Hostess," said one of the pupils of an Indiana boarding school for young ladies to the principal, "you wanted to ask you a question before we retire."

"Certainly, my dear; ask as many as you like."

"I'm told one of we girls ever has justified in doing sleep."

"You certainly would not," replied Miss Hostess with quiet firmness.

"We frequently have educated and cultivated people employ it in their conversation," insisted the young lady.

"That may be only too true; but it is no excuse. We cannot fall into all the ways practiced by even the so called educated and cultivated. For my own part," continued the principal, as she sat up very straight on the edge of the chair and glanced at the text book she held in her hand, and again raising her eyes, "for my part I will allow the horrid blasts to whistle through my whiskers a very long time before I will indulge in the vulgar slang."—Chicago Tribune.

Stray Jokes.

When a man becomes firmly convinced that he is a genius it is then that the fringe slowly begins to form on the bottoms of his trousers legs.—Scranton Truth.

The man who imagines that his existence is necessary to the movement of the world is generally buried in a pine coffin without trimmings.—Nebraska State Journal.

Thomas Nast, the caricaturist, was unable to lecture in Bismarck, as it was impossible to get the hall in which the lecture was to be given. Times be a pretty cold day when Nast can't draw a house.—Norristown Herald.

Philadelphia has a parrot that prays. Send him as a missionary among the countless heathen and fellow of his race.—Martha's Vineyard Herald.

"If you saw the man riding your trousers," said the magistrate, to whom a citizen had complained of being robbed, "why didn't you grapple with him?" "Well, you see, your honor," said the citizen, "I was afraid of waking up my wife, an' she's the darndest screamer about burglars you ever see."—The Epoch.

The occasional contributor dropped into the sanctum wearily. Seated at the desk sat Hardy Boyle, a literary printer. "Are you the mule editor?" softly inquired the visiting contributor. "Nay," answered the stranger, reading a proof slip in his delicate, refined way, "I am the calf editor. Do you wish to be edified?"—Washington Critic.

There is a restaurant waiter in Lincoln who deserves to be honored. A patron said to him yesterday: "Waiter, pass me those molasses," and he replied, "How many?"—Lincoln (Neb.) Journal.

Two New York electricians have invented an electric shirt bosom. The inventors are still alive, of course they have not yet practically tested their contrivance.—Norristown Herald.

The train is out at last. The elevated railroad guards call out the stations in Volapuk.—New York Truth.

A Lively Trip.

"What have you been doing for a living lately?" asked a very tough looking citizen of a man who looked as if he might be a tramp typesetter.

"Bicycling."

"What was your last job?"

"Typesetting the residence of a real estate agent last night."

"Bicycling Rocky?"

"Yes, first rate."

"Was you ever thrown?"

"Yes, once, somebody hitting a house and I was the traveler."

Out of the Frying Pan, Etc.

Husband (with a sigh of relief)—Now I can smell Dinah's biscuit! No more pancakes to-day, no dishes to wash, no fuel to buy, no meals to pay. No more fretting over the bills for father, my dear. Wife—John, dear, can you let me have some money, there's lots to buy? Husband (jumping up and down)—I should have believed it. But the crisis has passed, the night is gone, the morn is breaking. Wife—Are you going to stop talking and get out of the room?—John, dear, the cook is gone.—Boston Courier.

The Contents of the Heart.

Husband—Well, my dear, have you opened the Christmas holidays?

Wife—Oh, so much, John, and I feel so grateful to the many friends who so thoughtfully remembered me. Ah, John, it is only a matter then, but the glorious memories of the heart!

Husband—Yes, dear, I feel so too! Wife—Yes, John, I have had to-day's Sun, and I have read every word of it, and I have found it to be the most delightful Christmas gift of New York Sun.

Changed His Mind.

"Don't care if I do."

"Since that my wife gave me for a Christmas present."

"Well, I'll think of it. Yes, I guess I will have the smallest today."—Boston Transcript.

BRODIE.

Fine Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Fur, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear—all are fine but Seal heads first rank; it is the most popular. Fine Alaska Sealskin jacket for $175. Every one sold after 15 years until literally "worn" out; the Clasp and Copper lined Skins do to sell but one season, will crumble and roughen through and begin to show that ugly "rub" which tells them everywhere. Plenty of value for choice here. Prices are right, by material and quality, and as low as can be. As I import $10 SEALSKIN sacques alike, and make them up, I know what I have, what I keep, and you'll be told exactly what your settings, too.

The only guarantee in buying Fur is the dealer's reputation. Reputation requires age. I have been 7 years established right here in FORTY-SECOND STREET. Reliable place TO KNOW from whom you buy.

"FOR HOLIDAYS."

Seal, Electric, Sable, Fox, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear—all are fine but Seal heads first rank; it is the most popular. Fine Alaska Sealskin jacket for $175. Every one sold after 15 years until literally "worn" out; the Clasp and Copper lined Skins do to sell but one season, will crumble and roughen through and begin to show that ugly "rub" which tells them everywhere. Plenty of value for choice here. Prices are right, by material and quality, and as low as can be. As I import $10 SEALSKIN sacques alike, and make them up, I know what I have, what I keep, and you'll be told exactly what your settings, too.

The only guarantee in buying Fur is the dealer's reputation. Reputation requires age. I have been 7 years established right here in FORTY-SECOND STREET. Reliable place TO KNOW from whom you buy.

My Specialty and My Pride, are My Seal.

But come to me for Sacques, Circulars, Muffs, Boas, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small, to any fur. Holiday price for all sizes and for any direction as to size and relationship—Plenty of room for choice here. Prices are right, by material and quality, and as low as can be. As I import $10 SEALSKIN sacques alike, and make them up, I know what I have, what I keep, and you'll be told exactly what your settings, too.

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HENRY HANCHETT,

GROCER,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

Dealer in

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IN SEASON.

Ferris & Co's. celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

Special Notices.

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The leading druggist of Mass Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Ely's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

Just furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

MRS. M. YARGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 72 East Fifth street.

Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

That a receipt of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This more than convincing proof is positive, if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles, you will see the remedies so highly spoken of in these columns. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J.

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The Stationer,

for Rubber Stamps for marking linen, for Printing Cards, Billheads, Wrapping Paper, Envelopes, etc., at

Lowest Prices.

Also for Music, Toys, Games, etc.

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BAGGED HAY, &c.

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

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Hecker's Goods in great variety.

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OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

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CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.

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Carpenter & Builder

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PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

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Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

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Established 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

36 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

R. A. KOSS,

Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Shop Fourth avenue.

R. V. SMITH,

Carpenter and Builder,

In dealer in Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Etc. Residence and office corner Second and Grove streets. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Byrons, P. O. Box 231.

Jobbing will receive prompt attention.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street.

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 312.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

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to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

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16 WEST FRONT ST., next to Leiter's Hotel

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Call and see

S. E. FLOWERS'

at New York Prices, Studio 16 West Front street. Specimens for drawing and oil painting.

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J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street, opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

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Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

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Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Hanover Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

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George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

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BEST FLOUR

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserving the confidence of every housekeeper.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High,

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 9 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Note of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh. Table raisins and Malaga grapes, crosse Blackwells fresh fruit jams, orange lemons, bananas, dates, prunes, peanuts and everything pertaining to our business.

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Represents the following first-class insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Orient Union of England; North British, Mercantile of London; The Northern of England; the Queen, of Philadelphia. The Manufacturers of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and will quickly place risks on dwellings and property insurance at best rates; has

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on approved security and has bargains in

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Office Barr's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor E. Second st.

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For Sale and To Let

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Desirable Bargains in

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Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 25 and 27 North avenue opposite R. R. Depot, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 8.

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FOUNDRY

and

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April, 1886. We are prepared to handle at short notice, Castings for machinery, Bridges, Railroad Chairs, Frogs, Switches, Sewer and Gas covers, grate bars, furnace pots, stage grates, tallow's plates, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. Our machinery boast by the latest and most approved pattern and we guarantee satisfaction in workmanship and prices.

PLAINFIELD GOODRICH EXCAVATING

Co.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Trees, stumps, rocks, stone walls, cellars or any other work, whether few or many, done at short notice and in a workmanlike manner. Orders may be left with Jones & Co., Plainfield, N. J., Box 1027, Dunellen, N. J., Box 27, Bound Brook, N. J., Box 1027, David Goodrich, Port Elizabeth, Pa., Box 1027, Jones & Co., Proprietors, Fourth avenue and Broad way.

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BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

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HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

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SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

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We have

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all of our great bargains which we have offered so largely, but have a few left which is wonderful, how to account for it, with the large stock of winter goods now on hand and the New Year when we will commence new and fill every department over, it must room for the large spring stock.

A Reduction of 25 per cent. in overcoats.

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Clothing House,

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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

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Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Special attention to "Goodrich" Ranges, which cannot be excelled.

E. ANDERSON.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The above named having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. P. H. Bennett, solicits a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC,

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Having complied with the requirements of the examining board of Master Plumbers of Plainfield, and given the bond required of a master plumber, is prepared to do plumbing in any of its branches. Shop and residence, 214 West Front st. P. O. Box 98.

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Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Rates, one dollar per day. Special rates by the week. Every convenience for commercial travelers. Free coach to and from the house.

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COOK'S FRONT STORE,

28 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

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(Suppor to John McMorris Estate.)

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W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Rocky street, N. P. Depts, No. 21 East Second street. All Work Promptly Attended to.

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25 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPER, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

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GREAT REDUCTION

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WALL PAPERS

Fine assortment of the Celebrated French ILLUMINATED PAPERS

Handsome paper, 5c a roll and upward.

ADAMS,

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Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents.

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,

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No. 92 West Front street.

Dressmaking, Waists and Overcoat Cut Flowers and Feather Trimmings Made and Altered.

Don A. Gaylord,

Dealer in Lumber, Masons' Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Solphic Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies and Children's hair cutting a specialty, shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Bandruff removed with the Electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street.

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2.

of Mrs. Demarest's, Water street. Orders left at Hetfield's Coal and Grain Store No. 1 corner of Front and Somerset streets or addressed to P. O. Box No. 98 promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 28 Park avenue.

H. N. Spencer,

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour. Oriental Country Butter. Fancy Groceries, Teas, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar, Sweet Pickles, Mince Meat, Jellies, Preserves, Yellow Rock, Silver Lake and Gilt Edge Creamery Butter, etc. Finest goods always on hand.

Robert Randolph,

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No. 21 East Third street, P. O. Box 91 Plainfield, N. J. Paints and colors for sale. Orders left at Randolph's Paint Store, Park avenue, or at residence, 21 East Third street, will receive prompt attention. All orders with promptness and dispatch. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets and Ladies' Hair Dresser.

Has goods of any description for sale from New York Prices. Also a full line of Fancy Goods. Agent for Dr. Jayne's Medicines at New York Prices. Ladies' Hair Dressing and Shampooing a specialty. Store on Park avenue, opposite Laing's Hotel.

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Thomas Kenna,

Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, Flour and Feed, Oil, Lamps and Fixtures.

At wholesale New York prices. All goods delivered free of charge.

Bradley Brothers,

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Opposite the Depot.

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Corner of Second street and Park avenue.

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Dress Work,

Front street, near Second. Old work made over in the latest styles. Ladies' Hair Dressing a specialty. Shampooing, Manicuring, Facial Massage, Scalp Treatment, Hair Goods, Etc.

L. Montgomery,

Dealer in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, Game in season, Fish, Oysters, Clams, Lobsters, Etc.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.

On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.

SANTA CLAUS.

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

SKATES, SKATES

For Boys, Girls and Everybody

ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Toyland

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

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call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON.

10 WEST FRONT STREET.

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COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Gentlemen promptly furnished in parties to buy in coal. Office, 28 E. Second street. Yard South Second street, near Potter's Press Works.

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CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

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GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of

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Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack. Cement, Lime, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Ayres and Cereals of all kinds.

FRENCH'S BUILDING,

60 Somerset street. Telephone No. 82. P. O. Box 1054.

FOTOGRAFS.

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Pictures

THORN'S,

over Post Office.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND QUEEN and GERMAN

BREAD

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full line of Confectionery always on hand.

HENRY LIEPKE

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its wash column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers together, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—*Forty-five years ago there was not a* postage stamp in the United States.

—Electric light men were engaged to-day wiring the main depot in this city.

—The band connected with the minstrel troupe paraded the streets at noon to-day.

—Yesterday was the anniversary of Daniel Webster; to-day is that of Benjamin Franklin.

—The *McNish, Johnson & Slavin Minstrel* Troupe will appear at the Stillman Music Hall to-night.

—The Electric Light Co. are having their new office on Madison avenue covered with corrugated iron.

—The date of the "smoker" of the "Five" has been changed from Tuesday, Jan. 24th, to Monday, Jan. 23d.

—*Class in English Branches at the* Y. M. C. A. this evening. Young men undecided about joining are invited to be present as visitors.

—Dean Rollson will lecture at Reform Hall Thursday evening. There will be no charge for admission, and no collection will *be taken.*

—The Fire Board will meet to night. The committees from the Board, the City Common Council and the Borough Council held a private meeting last evening.

—The W. C. T. U. prayer meeting will be held as usual Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. *Members will please be present to transact* business. 55 East Front street. By order of the President.

—After being shut down for several weeks, the Oil Cloth Company again started up their machinery yesterday morning. A few of the employes were discharged and the factory will now run on full time.

—It is much better for a boy to find out beforehand that the ice is thin than it is for his relatives to discover the fact after the boy is drowned. It is also more healthful for the boy. Also why go *skating should* make a note of this.

—The "Seniors" of the Y. M. C. A., will meet, as previously advertised, at the rooms this evening at 8 o'clock, and will be instructed and entertained by Mr. A. LaBoyteaux who will give a "Bible Talk" of special interest to them. Let all the "Seniors" and their friends be present.

—An exchange says: A clerk counted out a basket of eggs, took two out at a time and one remained; took them out three at a time and one remained; four at a time and one remained; five at a time and one remained; but when he took out seven at a time none remained. How many eggs were there in the basket?

—All checks sent to this office in payment of subscriptions should now be dated 1888. Several of them sent in dated immediately by the 1st of this printing craft, who grieves to say that some of his *patrons hold back most* inordinately that which they ought to fork over. They have an inordinate propensity for holding on to other people's earnings, somehow.—Flemington Democrat.

—The variation in the period of incubation may be due to the nature of the epidemic or to the susceptibility of the patient. In most cases the sooner the disease is developed after exposure the severer will be the type of the attack; Scarlet fever, 12 hours to 7 days. Measles, 9 to 12 days. Small-pox, 12 to 14 days. Chicken-pox, 8 to 17 days. Diphtheria, 2 to 8 days. Whooping-cough, 4 to 14 days. Mumps, 8 to 23 days. Typhoid fever is one of the longest time here stated, it will, with very few exceptions, escape the disease.—Babyhood.

—The Postmaster's paper says it is the people of Plainfield who are to blame for not *having better postal facilities. That is ad*ding insult to injury. Four years ago the Postmaster's paper said that the people of Plainfield would not support a daily paper, but THE NEWS was started and demonstrated by its unparalleled success, population considered, that it was not the people who were to blame. Evidently the individual who presides over our postal facilities here has not yet learned where the blame lies, though any school-boy might tell him.

—John B. Alden, publisher, of 303 Pearl street, New York City, is issuing a "Cyclopedia of American Contemporary Biography." Including notices of men and women of the United States prominent in the life of to-day. To be issued in ideal volumes of about 550 pages each, brevier type, including numerous portraits, to be issued and re-issued as often as annually. Subscribers to early additions to have the privilege of exchanging for last editions by paying half price in cash. Volumes bound in fine cloth; price, $1.00; postage 15c. Specimen pages free.

—We don't wish to spoil the mystery contained in the advertisement in which a postage stamp app. ared in the upper right hand corner of THE NEWS for some days back, but we would suggest that our readers gratify their curiosity by inquiring at any of the places mentioned in the advertisement, for a copy of "The Excelsis," the union church almanac magazine, got out so beautifully and so full of useful local information. It contains pictures of most of our churches and pastors among other things which will be viewed with interest. It is a unique idea to raise funds for a new organ for Park Avenue church. A picture of the proposed organ is given, and no doubt the book at the price, will have a large sale among the host of friends of the church, so active and enterprising in Christian work.

A Plainfielder on Mineys.

Rev. T. Logan Murphy of North Plainfield served some time in a church in the coal regions, and is familiar with the situation of affairs there. He says that he has seen the most exaggerated accounts sent to the New York papers about strikes, and strikers which made the people there smile. From what he further stated it would appear that the strikes are often the result of a quiet *understanding between the mine owners and* miners to force up the price of coal, when from excess of supply it is liable to come down. The miners and their families, Mr. Murphy says, will compare favorably with *classes at other vocations. The families live* and dress comfortably, and are generally cheerful and happy, and the tales about their misery, as a general thing, is nonsense. To sum the matter up, it would appear that the mine owners and miners look after *No. 1,* though the way in which they do it sometimes increases the burdens particularly of the poor throughout the country. If Mr. Murphy is correct, then the Knights of Labor assemblies in Plainfield and elsewhere are being unjustly taxed to maintain a strike that should not be. The knights should satisfy themselves that they are not being used as tools to keep up the price of coal, through collusion they being even more the victims than the outside public, since they *not only are compelled to pay more for* their coal, but must also contribute to support the strikers.

Mrs. Kissling's Story.

Mrs. Mary E. Kissling, who returned to Plainfield last Saturday after an absence lasting ever since her disappearance, Nov. 16th, 1887, from 132 West Second street, called at THE NEWS office at 4:30 yesterday afternoon and requested that *the following* be published:

Mrs. Kissling says that when she went away, Nov. 16th, she told the housekeeper of her landlord, Mr. DeKline, that she was going to New York on business and that she would be back in a few days and would then pay Mr. DeKline his rent. She told the housekeeper to tell Mr. DeKline to be careful of fire. From New York Mrs. Kissling says she went to Albany, to leave her little girl for the Winter. The child was taken ill with abscesses in the head and neck, and this and the death of a relative, who was killed by the cars, detained her considerably longer than she expected.

Mrs. Kissling indignantly denies the story that she left Plainfield to get rid of any debts, *and gives as evidence the fact* that she left all her household goods unpacked at her lodgings in Mr. DeKline's house. Mrs. Kissling has always been an industrious worker, and was never dependent on charity, as we stated by *another paper. Mrs. Kissling repudiates the* false reports which have been circulated about her. She did not leave town again Sunday, but is still stopping at Mrs. Lyons,' No. 95 West Second street. Mrs. Kissling wishes that people would circulate no more false reports about her, as she thinks that enough untrue stories have already been told *concerning her.*

New Jersey Pensioners.

An interesting statement has just been submitted by Pension Commissioner Black to Congressman Crouse, of the House Committee on Pensions. This statement shows that on September 30, 1887, New Jersey furnished the Union armies during the late rebellion wi h 76,814 men, or an aggregate reduced to the pension rolls Nov. 1st of 57,908. The number of pensioners in each *county of the State, and the amount paid as* current pensions for the first quarter of the last quarter is given as follows: Atlantic *County, 240 pensioners, receiving $6,402; Ber*gen County, 99 pensioners, $1,836; Burlington County, 655 pensioners, $18,907; Camden County, 696 pensioners, $20,166; Cape May County, 110 pensioners, $2,961; Cumberland County, 404 pensioners, $11,859; Essex county, 1,157 pensioners, $34,016; Gloucester County, 261 pensioners, $7,251; Hudson County, 631 pensioners, $21,718; Hunterdon County, 1,257 pensioners, $31,091; Mercer County, 722 pensioners, $22,443; Middlesex County, 821 pensioners, $9,139; Monmouth County, 626 pensioners, $18,910; Morris County, 902 pensioners, $8,733; Ocean County, 232 pensioners, $6,822; Passaic County, 453 pensioners, $12,000; Salem County, 591 pensioners, $6,018; Somerset County, 193 pensioners, $3,804; Sussex county, 154 pensioners, $4,394; Union County, 1,155 pensioners, $31,540; *Warren County, 256 pensioners, $10,709.* Total number of pensioners in the State, 9,459; amount paid in pensions during last quarter, $249,234.

Some Great Things.

The greatest cataract in the world is the falls of Niagara; the largest cavern, the Mammoth cave of Kentucky; the largest river, the Mississippi—4000 miles in extent; the largest valley, that of the Mississippi—its area 5,000,000 square miles; the largest city park, the t of Philadelphia, containing 2700 acres; the greatest grain port, Chicago; the biggest fraud, the Credit Mobilier; the largest *railroad, the Pacific railroad*—over 3000 miles in extent. The most huge mass of solid iron is Pilot Knob of Missouri—built 250 feet, circumference 2 miles; the best specimen of Grecian archite ture, Girard College, Philadelphia; the largest aqueduct, the Croton, of New York—length 40 1-2 miles, cost $12,500,-000; the longest bridge, the elevated railroad in Third avenue, New York—it extends from the Battery to the Harlem river—the whole length of the eastern side of Manhattan Island—7 miles long or nearly 40,000 feet. The longest bridge over water, however, is the one being constructed in Russia over the Volga, at a point where the river is nearly four miles wide. The most extensive deposits of anthracite coal in the world are found in the State of Pennsylvania.

City Court Cases.

Matthew Macham, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, was fined $3 by Judge Dayton this morning.

John Sullivan, of Newark, and James Donahue of Elizabeth were sentenced to the County Jail for 30 days for intoxication and vagrancy. Both said that they came to this city to look for work; that Carey and Policeman Frank testified that the men were intoxicated on the streets, and that Donahue was begging alms.

—Forty-two members of the McNish, Johnson and Slavin minstrel troup arrived in this city this morning and are registered at Laing's Hotel.

—"Anything new this morning?" was asked, Chief of Police Carey, at nine o'clock. "Yes," was the response: "it's going to snow." The storm began shortly after eleven, and the girls who have been promised sleigh rides may thank weather prophet Carey.

PERSONAL.

Louis Walz and A. G. Slevin went to New Market on their bicycles, yesterday, and had a merry skate on the South Plainfield pond.

Ed. Meader, the ticket agent at the Evona *railroad station, died at five o'clock last even*ing. He had been a sufferer with paralysis a long time, and death was a release. He was hopeful to the last, and continually predicted his speedy recovery and his return to his old position of conductor. He leaves a widow, but no children. The funeral services will be held at his late residence in the Evona station Thursday afternoon at 2:15 o'clock. His full name was Edward L. Meader, but he was always called "Ed." He was in the employ of the C. R. about 20 years. He was prostrated with paralysis in 1880, but in June last, recovered sufficiently to do service as ticket-agent, succeeding Mrs. Wheeler.

One of Plainfield's oldest citizens, William M. Jennings, better known as Manning Jennings, *died yesterday*, at the age of 84 years. The funeral services will be held from his late residence, corner Front street and Madison avenue, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Mr. Jennings was a widower, and leaves several sons and daughters. One daughter is the wife of Assessor Isaac Brokaw of North Plainfield. A son Thomas last carried on the blacksmith business of his father. Wm. Rufus Jennings of the Borough is another son, and there is an unmarried daughter, Manning Jennings was one of Plainfield's best known people. His son Henry was rendered locally famous by being killed through patriotism. At the outset of the late war a company of volunteers left Plainfield by rail. At the station stood a *large cannon, with Henry at its side.* The cannon was loaded almost to the muzzle, and Henry was ready to fire the salute. As he touched the fuse he remarked, "Here she goes, boys." However he knew exactly how it all happened, but the explosion blew Henry skyward, and when he fell to the ground he was a corpse. William M. Jennings was born in Princeton, Oct. 8th, 1803. He came to Plainfield when a boy, was a tobacconist and grocer, and was in the blacksmith business, corner of Front and Mechanic streets fifty years, retiring in favor of his sons, who have since given up the business. Another daughter is Mrs. Catherine La-Fountain of Troy, N. Y.

Peter S. Bergen of Somerville is to hold forth in Spencer's Hall to-morrow evening in a lecture, the admission to which is but fifteen cents. Peter was to be introduced by Prof. Green of Rutgers College nearly twenty years ago as The Great American Traveler, who had spent much of his life among the Indians. The Professor occupied a chair on the stage in Green's Hall, while a large audience impatiently awaiting Peter's appearance. When Peter finally did appear, decked out in the most outlandish costume imaginable, the Professor gave him one glance, picked up his hat *and bolted for the door, while the audience* fairly roared with laughter. The President French of our Reform Club then was a prominent citizen of New Brunswick, and had much difficulty next day to mollify the indignant Professor, who felt that he had been made the victim of a cruel joke. Bergen is anxious to have Mr. French introduce him on this occasion for the sake of the sport he afforded in the days gone by.

That New Republican Paper.

Frank Runyon of East Fifth street, the talented Plainfield correspondent of the World, has investigated the story that there was to be another Republican weekly started in Plainfield already so well supplied, and indemands that it originated with that funny North Plainfield Democrat, David J. Carney, who was formerly a compositor in the office of our Democratic neighbor. Mr. Runyon says that is all there is in it. David is a joker from way back, but such a joke might cause pain to the old gentlemen who have done so much good journalism in days gone by, and are now struggling against adversity and old age. There may not be much Republicanism in the paper, if it ever was a Republican paper in anything more than the name, but it serves some good purpose, nevertheless, in that it prevents the Democracy to misrepresent Republican principles. Just now Republicans are committed to protection. This is nothing new for the party. Protection to home industries is one of its fundamental principles, but the Times smiles along for free trade, contrary, and as usual playing to the to the lands of the Democrats. They for political effect quote its sentiments as Republican sentiments. One of the brightest and most robust Republican newspapers in the State is the Elizabeth Journal. In reply to the Elizabeth Herald, which had quoted the Times, it says:

"*Our courteous neighbor up street reads a* long and illogical homily, alleging that the Journal's free trade denunciations strike the Republicans between the eyes. But it only a Republican in his eye, why should the Democratic organ drop so suddenly with such a long, dull thud? And since advice is free may we suggest that when it selects another cut-of-town Republican cushion to fall on it pick out one that has two solid feet in support of it."

The Herald had quoted the Times, whose last sentiments do no harm here, as if the Republicans would not think of attaching so much importance to them as might be implied, if Mr. Carney's story were true.

—Gamble Engine Co. will hold a supper Thursday evening.

—A handsome gold corset with pearl and diamond settings, presented by Prof. M. Myrgnite to Paul F. LaVey, is on exhibition at Field & Randolph's, 21 West Front street.

—If the correspondent who signs himself "Eureka" will send full name and address, not for publication unless desired, his communication will be published. The grievance he complains of is only one of many. The expense is of many others, and M. B. can not be shaded by quiet remonstrance, public complaint seems the only alternative.

—Charles Garrison of Clinton is likely to have a fine day for his capture of Jack Frost upon the last Monday afternoon, a sharp hunt pursuing from which cost the cord of the fleet fox in question.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the service of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

A Big Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A terrible fire broke out at tow o'clock this afternoon at No. 77 Broadway, the building being full of broker's offices and is still burning at four o'clock. The building is opposite the Stock Exchange and the fire stopped business there this afternoon.

A Bill to Abolish Racing.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 17.—A sensation was caused in the House this p. m. by the introduction by Assemblyman McDermott of a bill repealing the pool law.

This bill would close the Guttenberg track, *and would prevent the holding of races at* Monmouth Park next Summer. It stands a good chance of becoming a law.

Suffrage For Women.

TACOMA, W. T., Jan. 17.—A bill passed the lower branch of the Legislature at Olympia, *yesterday, conferring suffrage on women by* a vote of 14 to 9. The same bill passed the upper council last week by a vote of 8 to 5. It now goes to the Governor for his approval.

A law was passed in 1883 giving women the right to vote but was declared invalid by the Territorial Supreme Court last February, on the ground that its title was defective.

The bill excludes women from jury service.

A Mysterious Death in Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 17.—A mysterious death occured at Young's Hotel last Friday night. It was that of a woman from Hartford, Conn., who was accompanied by a merchant of this city. An unconfirmed story says that the husband of the lady found the couple in the room and then proceeded to thrash the Boston merchant in vigorous fashion. Frightened at this turn of affairs, the woman is said to have had a stroke of apoplexy. Drs. Warren, Richardson and Post were called to attend her, but could not save her. They say she died of natural causes. At the hotel, on the other hand, it is stated that the presence of the merchant and the alleged encounter with the outraged husband are myths, but it is admitted that the lady died on the night in question of a stroke of apoplexy, an hour after *her arrival.*

A Big Ship Canal Scheme.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 17.—The following letter was received yesterday from a prominent vessel man and politician of eastern New York:

'*Captain Alexander McDougall.*

"Dear Sir:—You are in the Carriers' Association, I learn. Can you do anything to induce Congress to give us a ship canal around the Niagara Falls? Can you send petitions? Your people as well as ours are suffering for want of it. Our commerce East and West demands it. It can be had for the asking. Shall we ask?"

Commenting on this letter, the Herald of this city says:

"Such a project would be bitterly opposed by the combined interest of the trunk line railroads of Buffalo and Black Rock, Buffalo itself, but it would be of vast importance to a much larger section of the country than Buffalo and its railroads."

The Teachers' Reading Circle.

A meeting of the Board of Control of the New Jersey Teachers' Reading Circle was held at the State House on Saturday. Nearly all the leading teachers belonging to the circle were present. Among those were State Superintendent Chapman, City Superintendents Maloney of Paterson, Barringer of Newark, Bracy of Camden, and Profs. Beckwith of Long Branch, Bean of Plainfield, Demarest of Dover, and others.

The Board decided that the certificate of the circle should be given to those who complete the course of reading on Sept. 3rd and Jan. 1st; also that the course of reading shall be designated hereafter by an extended choice of books under those subjects. The plan of the reading course is something similar to the Chautauquan, but the subjects are nearly all professional.

The year's course will consist of Camperyre's History of Education, Sully's Psychology, Tate or White's Philosophy of Education, Brook's Methods of Teaching. The course will also include the Chautauquan, Barnes' Ancient History, Swinton's Studies in Literature and Harlan's Philosophy of Words. Mrs. Chas. Sells, Bound Brook, will act as secretary for the year.

Acquitted of Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 17.—The first contest in Court over the McDonald family troubles resulted yesterday in the acquittal of Mrs. Clara Sells McDonald of the charge of murder for father-in-law, old Mr. McDonald. The millionaire, who made his money out of cheap butter, and now devotes himself to banking and temperance. The trial lasted two weeks. The prosecution showed that Mrs. McDonald went to Baldwin Hotel, and after trying to get her father-in-law to pay $300,000 to compromise the scandal, she drew a revolver and fired three shots at him. They introduced evidence to show that the woman was not insane; that she had taken opium; that she had squandered $60,000 on an adventurer named Swallenstein, and that she had forged the doctor's name to railroad bonds on which she secured $30,000 from Senator Stanford. The defense introduced witnesses who testified that Mrs. McDonald was insane and was not accountable for her acts. They asserted also that Dr. McDonald had threatened to take her child from her. The arguments were made yesterday. Mrs. McDonald dressed in a pretty walking costume, sat in the Court room. The jurors were ordered to disregard all talk of "fast" people, but, notwithstanding the strong charge of the Judge they acquitted her.

U. S. Court Business.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 17.—The District Court of the United States for the District of New Jersey began its Winter term this afternoon. Judge Nixon, whose illness has prevented him from attending to his official duties for many months, is able to be present, and presided. The Grand Jury summoned from all parts of the State were duly sworn. They were a body of representative men. On request of Craig A. Marsh, Esq., of Philadelphia, the Court instructed the Grand Jury that under no circumstances should they find a bill unless the evidence presented to them *should satisfy them of the probable guilt of* the accused. Offenses under the common law were not within the jurisdiction of the Federal Courts. The State Courts alone were authorized to deal with such matters. Crimes which were the subject of investigation by the United States Grand Jury were those defined by the enactments of Congress, and an indictment should be found only in such cases as were fairly covered by the statutes of the United States.

Congress has again failed to vote the *necessary appropriation for Court expenses,* and the result is that no petit jury was summoned, and all business of the Court, other than proceedings before the grand jury, must be suspended until Congress supplies the *money by an appropriation. This is a great* hardship on prisoners awaiting trial.

TELEGRAPHIC TWINKLES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—There was another semi-panic in the oil market, to-day, and failures are feared. Pipe Line certificates fell from 90 1-4 to 88 1-2. Towards noon the price touched 87.

DOVER, N. H., Jan. 17.—There was a surprise yesterday at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Dover Street Railway Company. Mrs. *Mary E.G.H. Dow*, a wealthy resident and a leading advocate of woman's rights, was elected President of the company and her husband was elected Treasurer. She is the first woman ever chosen to fill such a position.

List of Patents Granted.

To residents of the State of New Jersey, for the week ending Jan. 10, 1888: Amos P. Barber, Rahway, throw-off mechanism for job printing press. Frederick F. Bloves, Newark, cuff button. Charles C. Chamberlain, Passaic, tail file. Charles L. Christman, Vallsburg, milk measure. Wales, Cook & D. Carlough, Paterson, upsetting machine Seth Ely, Trenton, bill file. S. B. Ferris, Lakewood, stocking supporter. Adam H. George, Passaic, hand vice or clamp. Lucius D. Gould, Newark, bevel. Morris Hanover, *Port Lee, compass attachment for pocket-rule.* Hayward A. Harvey, Orange, treating low steel. Henry Hermann, Jersey City, apparatus for filling cans. Joseph Hoffman, Hoboken, rubber holder for pencils. John W. Hyatt, Newark, rotating or oscillating fan. Frederick Leisinger, Newark, harness. James A. Lowe, North Branch, making lat trays. Edward S. VanDuser, Newark, mason's float handle. Henry P. Wayman, Trenton, car starter.

STATE NOTES.

Frank Kennedy, John Jennings and James Kenny were convicted in the General Sessions this morning of highway robbery. On the night of January 2, they attacked Nelson Burroughs, of No. 303 Washington street, while he was walking through a lonely part of Morgan street, robbed him of his watch, chain and money and brutally beat him. The prisoners were remanded for sentence.

The deadlock in the Elizabeth Common Council still continues. Another meeting was held last night with Councilman Smith, Democrat, as President pro tem. The Republicans nominated John O. Hankin, jr., for president. Seven ballots were taken, resulting in a tie vote, 3 ayes, Republican, voting with the Democrats, and 3 nays. The meeting was adjourned until January 24, when it is believed that the deadlock will be broken.

Thermometer Record.

*The following is the record of the thermom*eter for this city, at the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

1888			1887	
6 a. m.	18	38	Sun rises	7 21
2 p. m.	20	40	Sun sets	5 9
12 m	22	41	Moon rises	0 38
2 p. m.	23	43	Moon sets	

Died.

JENNINGS—*In this city January 16th, Wil*liam M. Jennings, aged 84 years, 4 months 3 days.

Funeral services from his late residence at Madison avenue and Madison avenue, Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. 1t*

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, January 17,

The one Real Troupe of the World!

McNISH, JOHNSON and SLAVIN'S

Refined Minstrels

McNish, Johnson and Slavin, Sole Owners.
L. F. Phelps, Sole Manager.

Positively the Sweetest Singers, Greatest Dancers, and most Musical Performers in Existence. Highest Salaried, Handsomest Uniformed, Best Looking, Thoroughly Rehearsed Company in the World. The Only Refined, Most Artistic and Refined Minstrel Show in the World. Reserved seats on sale at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's drug stores.

FOR THE

Next 60 Days

GOODS

Will be Sold at

GREATLY

REDUCED PRICES

to make room for Spring Stock.

FAIRCHILD'S

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COACHMAN, colored, wants a situation. Has best city reference. Address W. R. Holmes, post office. 16-6

A SWEDISH boy 18 wants work at any business. Address B. P. care of Evening News. 16-3

APARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. *J. Broad*, 22 West Third street. 30-4tf

DOG LOST—*Gordon* setter pup, seven months old, answers to the name of Plum, had on a studded collar then with wire. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning to S. A. Hines, Netherwood.

FOR SALE — Desirable building lots. Money loaned for building. Address Box 201, Plainfield. 13-eod-tf

FOR SALE—Three second hand mantels in use. One with grate. Enquire of Wm. Krumm, Park avenue near Front. 16-3

FOR SALE—A seven room house and lot, with barn; No. 94 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 2-3-7

MRS. JEANNETTE FOUND. Fashionable Dress Maker, 51 West Second street, between Madison and Central avenues. Plain sewing done. 10-6

NEATLY furnished room, with or without table board, wanted by young man. Address *P.E.N.*, care of Evening News. 1-13-tf

SITUATION wanted as cook, would assist in general housework. Call or would do general housework, good reference. Address M. H., 16 Hetfield Row, Fourth street.

WANTED—Protestant girl for general housework in small family. Call between 10 and 12 a. m. 30 Washington avenue, near Rockview. 12-2-4-6-8

$2,500 to loan on first mortgage security. Apply to E. C. Mulford, broker, opposite depot. 1-5 tf->

Special Notices.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.

1 phaeton, 3 pungies, 1 road cart, 5 sleighs, 2 spring wagons, 10 farm wagons. Call and look at them on Somerset street, near Linden avenue. John D. Woods. 1-18-1y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given by all whom it may concern that the undersigned, composing the firm of M. H. French's Sons, dealers in flour, feed, grain, etc., have this day dissolved partnership. *By mutual consent.* All accounts due said firm will be paid to C. Frank French, who will continue the business at *No. 69 Somerset street.*

C. FRANK FRENCH,
for M. H. FRENCH'S SONS.

Stillman Music Hall, Thursday and Friday Evenings, Jan. 19 and 20.

The Musical Department of Science of the Plainfield Public Schools will give a Concert and Library with the aid of Miss Julia S. Buckingham.

Under the auspices of the Board of Education and the patronage of a large committee of well known citizens.

Admission 50c. Reserved seats 75c extra. Reserved seats at Wm. Drew's store and after Monday, January 16th.

Doors open at 7. Concert commences at 8 p. m.

MATINEE.

Saturday, January 21st, at 2 p. m. Admission 25c. Reserved seats 50c. Doors open at one o'clock. Concert at 2 o'clock.

PROF. J. M. HAGER'S
Grand Historical Drama, entitled

Great Republic

Allegory and Tableaux, will be given under his direction, by over 60 Characters personated by pupils of the High and Grammar Schools, etc., assisted by graduates and others.

Miss Carrie E. Dewey, Pianist. A Mendelssohn Concert Grand will be used.

THE BEE HIVE.

JERSEYS.

Children's all wool jerseys, sizes 22-30 inches, black, navy, cardinal and natural, regular price 85 cents, reduced to 39 cents.

Ladies' wool black jerseys, 50 cents.

Plaited front jerseys, regular price $1.25, reduced to 75 cents.

Children's all wool regular made cashmere hose, size 5 to 8 1-2, 25 cents.

100 gross pearl buttons, all sizes, at 5 cents per dozen.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
38 WEST FRONT ST.

Some Rare Bargains

are being offered at

EDSALL'S

20 West Front street, it Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, Table Cloths, Towels, Canton Flannels, Calicos, Dress Goods, etc.

We will open a line of Spring Dress Fabrics White Goods and Hamburg Embroideries to-day and to-morrow. Our Corset Department is well supplied with a full line of Corsets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Mattings Rugs, Portieres, Curtains, etc.

If you wish to get genuine Bargains in real good goods you can depend on finding them at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street,

The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

FOR SALE,

to close the Estate,

The House and Lot,

situated on the corner Front and Liberty streets, No. 94 Front street. Lot 25 feet front by 100 feet deep. House contains nine rooms and bath. Will be sold at a bargain. For terms, etc., apply to *P. S. Bonnell* at First National Bank.

12-4 EUGENE RUNYON, Receiver.

ADAMS,

10 Park Avenue,

for

Paints, Oils, Varnishes

Window Glass, etc. Wall Paper Hangings in Stock. Orders taken for Paper Hangings and Decorations. Reference given.

U. B. CRANE,

SPECIAL SALE

in

Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishings

Gloves and all kinds of Mechanics' Goods consigned per day and will be delivered at

12 Park Avenue,

next to Walker's Bakery

EXCELSIS.

Is out and on Sale.

It will contain the answer to the four questions.

What has Plainfield to be Proud of?

What has Made Plainfield What it is?

What Warrants Further Development in Plainfield?

What is Indispensible in Plainfield?

For Sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's Pharmacies and by Mulford Estil, Bookseller.

EXCELSIS EXCELSIS

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front St.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. MOSHIER, BUSINESS AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
and delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or 75 cents a month, payable to the carrier boy of the paper in advance.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 17 1888.

MRS. KEEP'S STRANGE STORY.

She Claims that Her Husband is Alive at Sea.

New York, Jan. 17.—Mrs. Mary T. Keep, the divorced wife of Charles T. Keep, of The Wall Street News, has petitioned the Queens county surrogate to have the body of her husband, who died three years ago, dug up and a post-mortem made by her physician. Mrs. Keep is alive, if dead, was murdered. Mrs. Keep's story is as follows: She was married to Keep in 1872, and after living in comfort for fifteen years, during which time Bridget McMahon, was led to obtain a divorce in 1884. Bridget McMahon then married Keep, who apparently died in June 1885, leaving Bridget his widow. Mrs. McMahon's favor, dated in 1881, was then produced. Mrs. Keep claims that this was null and void, as in 1879 Keep had made a will in her favor, and she had furnished the money to start The Wall Street News. She was about to sue Keep to recover this money, and also about to apply for settlement of alimony from him when Keep was reported to have died at Long Branch. She was prevented from seeing his body or attending the funeral. She has a number of letters, and a notice, the building in which Keep's office was situated in New York, that Keep was seen there the day before his alleged death. The certificate of death, she claims, contains the age and activity of the deceased. Keep had often told her that if cornered in any trouble he would feign death, and escape by the aid of friends. She claims that Dan Rice and others had declared after his estrangement from her had began, that he would prevent her in some and from getting any property. The evidence is carried on now the same as if Keep were alive, and Mrs. Keep alleges that he is alive and in conspiracy with Mills and his second wife to defraud her, or else that he was murdered by them in order that they might get control of the property, which is valued at $500,000. She alleges she would be possible, from the alleged fact that he was seen in New York the day before his reported death.

In order to exhume the body will probably be issued to-day.

BURIED UNDER THE WRECK.

A Mistake of Train Dispatchers Leads to Collision and Death.

Ottumwa, Ia., Jan. 17.—The Wabash passenger train from Des Moines and a water train of the Ottumwa and Kirkville road collided four miles west of here Sunday night. The latter train was backing over the Rock Island track from here to Comstock, eight miles west. The collision occurred on a sharp curve, where the track runs close to the river and a steep bank is built. The night was bitterly cold and the engineers could see only a short distance ahead. The trains were running at full speed when they collided. The engine and tender of the Wabash train, Emma Lamar, Carrie Amman, William C. Gathwaite, W. B. Headley, Henry Paine, Peter Terbune, a young son of Michael Hoff, Mrs. Frank Balibon, A. J. Winter, Joseph Koenig, Mike Hallibarton, fourteen unknown men, five unknown women, eleven school children and eighteen persons whose names and sex cannot be ascertained.

In Minneapolis—John Loy, Mrs. Hammond and son. Palda Walsh. Tom Anderson, Ole A. Eegs, and six school children.

In Monticello—Patrick Hanley, William Overman, and from the Madison Valley there are reports of several cowboys freezing to death.

Mrs. Nettie Sparks, Saul Stevenson, Mrs. Smith, Mr. Mason, Mrs. Chapman, Eddy Faust, Minnie Faust, Mr. Bertrand and son, Mr. Bolliac, a young girl, and a child of farmer named Bolliac; Charles Maxwell, a child of Joseph Maxwell, Mrs. Michael Kliems, F. W. Taylor and Frederick Eller.

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 17.—The storm which set in on Saturday is still raging. Reports from all parts of the state are coming in and a general. Various localities south of this town report the severest weather since the noted cold New Year of 1864. Much suffering is reported but no loss of life is reported. Business is nearly completely suspended.

Ellis Junction, Mich., Jan. 17.—A man named Peter R. Peterson was frozen to death near Sunday Lake, fourteen miles north of this place. He was walking to a lumber camp near the Lake with a companion, who, after falling behind the rest, was not missed for a time. When missed he was searched for and found frozen to death.

Faulkton, D. T., Jan. 17.—Six persons are known to have perished near here, and there are unverified rumors of six or seven other deaths.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 17.—The unprecedented cold of the past forty-eight hours is abating. Men on the prairies and plains have suffered greatly, and stock men have a serious grand losses. Growing oats and fig trees in this vicinity have been destroyed.

Bonham, Tex., Jan. 17.—Persons living north of the city have already found the body of an old farmer named Henry Williams, who froze to death on his way home from town Saturday night.

Ex-Governor Pattison's Denial.

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Meriden, Conn., Jan. 17.—The late Samuel E. Curtis left $750,000 to the Curtis Home for Old Women and Orphans, which he founded and maintained. The remainder of his estate of $1,000,000 goes to relatives and miscellaneous charities. The gift to the home is in excess of what can be used by it, and its scope is enlarged. The trustees are invested with a discretion which they have power to make the deed change.

THE BLIZZARD'S VICTIMS.

THE LIST COMPRISES OVER 195 UNFORTUNATES.

But Many More Persons Are Missing, and Have Doubtless Perished—Business in Many Places Almost Completely Suspended—Names of the Dead.

Minneapolis, Jan. 17.—Special dispatches bringing news of fresh fatalities in the great blizzard are pouring in from Dakota so fast that it is impossible to make up an accurate and complete list of the dead. The record is appalling. Now, fewer than 150 human beings perished in that great storm of the 12th and 13th. Indeed, from present indications, it will be remarkable if the grand total does not pass that figure.

News from Scotland, Bonhomme county, D. T., gives the names of twelve persons who perished, and it is stated that from the number of farmers who left that place hopefully twenty-five are undoubtedly dead in that county. This is but a sample. It was a slaughter of the innocents, very many school children and several school teachers being among the dead. The storm came up without warning. It was so utterly unexpected that even in the populous cities people were temporarily lost in crossing the streets.

The Journal's revised list of blizzard fatalities in Dakota, 97 dead; in Minnesota, 6 in Iowa, 17 in Nebraska and 2 in Montana. Total 125, besides 55 reported missing.

The list of those reported lost, as far as at present obtainable, is as follows:

In Dakota—Mrs. Phillips and son, William Love, Judson Westgage, William Morrill, Israel Cross Brown, Otis Gardner, Harries Brandy, Mrs. James Kennedy and son, Benjamin and Robert Cleveland, Carl Nelson, Charles Stattenberg, Miner Hamilton, George Lees, Jr., Joseph Anderson, Helen Deland, —— Palmer, Sarah Dolan, Cora Curtis, Joseph Hutchinson's two children, Thomas Gallagher, Joseph Geiger, George McDowell, Jacob Schiort, Ortman Coleman, Joseph Kochled and two companions, Annie Schmidt and two children, Lewis Freeman, Hattie Freeman, Emil Gilbertson, Robert Chambers, Thomas Gallagher, Mrs. Sullivan, Jr., Mrs. Anderson, Wilson, Miss Mary Connell, Johnnie Newcomb, J. W. Gosier, Adam Gerner, Mrs. Devine, Jacob Schmidt, Coleman Jacob Kriss, Robert Stansfield, A. Gosley, William Bowman, Mrs. Hammond and son Stanton, Joseph Young, Tisdoff, Joseph Metz, Farmer Clamp, a boy named May, stage driver to Webster, mail driver between Redfield and Stanton, the four children of Peter Wernga, Jerry and Sam Bowman, Hazzen Smoots, Lizzie D. Weer, William Driver's two sons, James Smith and son, Emma Lemmar, Carrie Amman, William C. Gathwaite, W. B. Headley, Henry Paine, Peter Terbune, a young son of Michael Hoff, Mrs. Frank Balibon, A. J. Winter, Joseph Koenig, Mike Hallibarton, fourteen unknown men, five unknown women, eleven school children and eighteen persons whose names and sex cannot be ascertained.

In Minneapolis—John Loy, Mrs. Hammond and son, Palda Walsh, Tom Anderson, Ole A. Eegs, and six school children.

In Monticello—Patrick Hanley, William Overman, and from the Madison Valley there are reports of several cowboys freezing to death.

Mrs. Nettie Sparks, Saul Stevenson, Mrs. Smith, Mr. Mason, Mrs. Chapman, Eddy Faust, Minnie Faust, Mr. Bertrand and son, Mr. Bolliac, a young girl, and a child of farmer named Bolliac; Charles Maxwell, a child of Joseph Maxwell, Mrs. Michael Kliems, F. W. Taylor and Frederick Eller.

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 17.—The storm which set in on Saturday is still raging. Reports from all parts of the state are coming in and a general. Various localities south of this town report the severest weather since the noted cold New Year of 1864. Much suffering is reported but no loss of life is reported. Business is nearly completely suspended.

Ellis Junction, Mich., Jan. 17.—A man named Peter R. Peterson was frozen to death near Sunday Lake, fourteen miles north of this place. He was walking to a lumber camp near the Lake with a companion, who, after falling behind the rest, was not missed for a time. When missed he was searched for and found frozen to death.

Faulkton, D. T., Jan. 17.—Six persons are known to have perished near here, and there are unverified rumors of six or seven other deaths.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 17.—The unprecedented cold of the past forty-eight hours is abating. Men on the prairies and plains have suffered greatly, and stock men have a serious grand losses. Growing oats and fig trees in this vicinity have been destroyed.

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MR. JUSTICE LAMAR.

His Nomination to the Supreme Court of the United States Confirmed by the Senate.

Washington, Jan. 17.—About three hours were consumed by the senate in secret session yesterday afternoon in discussing the nomination of Mr. Lamar to the supreme judgeship of the United States before a vote was taken, which resulted in confirmation. The vote stood 32 for and 28 against confirmation. The president spoke in favor of confirmation were Morgan, Edmunds, Evarts, Sherman, Allison and Hawley, while only Mr. Riddleberger, of the democratic senators, opposed the ex-secretary of the interior. He spoke twice and voiced the friends of the nominee. There was no new power in the arguments used for or against the nomination. The opponents of Mr. Lamar's loyalty, his construction of the constitution, as it relates to states rights, and his general views, were brought up by the republicans and many of the votes cast against the nominee. The full vote on the confirmation of Lamar was as follows:

Yeas—Allison, Blair, Brown, Call, Colquitt, Daniel, Faulkner, George, Gray, Gorman, Harris, Hoar, Ingalls, Jackson (Ark.), Jones (Fla.), Kenna, Middleton, Morgan, Stanford, Swinburne, Vance, Voorhees, Walthall, Wilson (Md.), Wilson (Iowa).

Nays—Ingalls, Aldrich, Allison, Blair, Brown, Chase, Cameron, Colton, Dawes, Edgin, Davis, Edmunds, Evarts, Frye, Gallinger, Hale, Hiscock, Mitchell, Paddock, Palmer, Platt, Sherman, Spooner, Sprague, Stockbridge, Wilson.

The pairs were as follows: Pairs with Wilson (Iowa), Payne with Morrill, Ransom with Chandler, Blackburn with Sawyer, Butler with Hoar, Coke with Sherman (Sewyhat), Gibson with Teller, Eustis with Sawyer.

After Mr. Lamar's nomination was disposed of the nominations of Mr. Vilas, to be postmaster general, and Mr. Dickinson, to be postmaster general, and Gen. Bragg, of Wisconsin, to be minister to Mexico, were quickly confirmed.

TESTING THE BIG GUN.

The Monster Casting Pronounced an Unequivocal Success.

Pittsburg, Jan. 17.—The great steel gun cast last Wednesday was removed from the sand yesterday and its tenderness subjected to cylinder swung clear of the pit Superintendent Hainsworth, after a superficial examination of the monster, exclaimed: "It is as clean as a looking glass." Subsequently, Mr. Hainsworth and other members of the company, together with Lieuts. Fletcher and Rees, of the United States Ordnance Department, began the preliminary tests as are possible in the present stage of the casting, and, after a very close examination, pronounced it an unequivocal success. Inasmuch the heat of the interior strength of the steel will be made. An immense lathe is being constructed for boring and polishing. The gun will be placed in the lathe early next week, after which it will be shipped to Washington, where it will be rifled and mounted at the government navy yard. From Washington the gun will be sent to Annapolis, where the final tests will be made.

The Murderers of Mr. Weeks.

New York, Jan. 17.—Inspector Byrnes' men arrested on Friday three weak thieves who are of the gang that Greenwald and Wilson, the latter being the leader, were also arrested for killing Mr. Weeks in Brooklyn. One of them, also named Miller, has told the inspector that Greenwald and "Butch" are responsible for the murder in Brooklyn. He also says that the prisoners made an agreement, after arrest, by which he who was convicted first should proclaim 'o' on the scaffold, the punishment meant to say that the prisoner was entirely guiltless of the crime. Greenwald has already been convicted of murder in the first degree.

Florida Free from Fever.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 17.—The mayors of Savannah and Tampa, the presidents of the Florida Health Protective association and hundreds of citizens from all parts of the state have telegraphed to the News-Herald since its recent report sent out from this state that yellow fever existed in Tampa and Sanford. There has not been a case of yellow fever in this state for two months. All quarantines and restrictions have long since been abandoned as unnecessary, and business has been resumed in all its details. The state is covered with tourists, who can testify to the facts here stated.

Crushed Into a Stone.

Princeton, N. J., Jan. 17.—The Pennsylvania lightning train from New York, south bound, last night at Princeton junction crushed into a big piece of granite several tons that was lying on the side of the rails, and tore off all the steps on one side of the entire train and badly damaged a Pullman car, which will be laying displaced. The passengers were given a violent shaking up. Trains, passengers and mails were greatly delayed by the accident. The huge stone fell from a stone train a short time previous.

Crazed by the Brooklyn Theatre Fire.

New York, Jan. 17.—Frank Berry, who has been wandering about the country, reappeared in the Bowery house in Brooklyn in rags. He was pronounced insane yesterday and was sent to the County asylum. Berry was the big drug clerk who, several months in 1876 he was with his parents in the building. His father went out between the acts and did not return, and his mother was burned to death. The boy escaped, but does not know how. He has acted strangely ever since.

Another Serious Coasting Accident.

Haverhill, Mass., Jan. 17.—A double runner containing thirteen boys, while coasting a hill last night, dashed into a coal wagon. All the boys were thrown off and hurt, seven being severely injured, namely: Charles Chadwick, a big driver boy, had leg broken; not expected to live. Willie Brindell, leg and arm broken. L. Trembly, knee pan broken. Fred Brown, leg broken. T. Mayo, internal injuries. M. Maloney, leg broken. —— Bowens, internal injuries.

An Actress Burned to Death.

Steubenville, O., Jan. 17.—Fire at 5 o'clock last evening destroyed the Conklin theatre and completely gutted the Conklin hotel adjoining. Annie Hindman, an actress, of Pittsburg, whose stage name was Annie Davey, was burned to death. A number of others were severely injured in jumping from the hotel, some by jumping from the second and third story windows, and others by going down on ropes. There were a few minor casualties.

An Aged Widow Taken.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 17.—The case of the state against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company has been appealed to the United States circuit court, where the question of the right of corporations to condemn rights of way for building the bridge over the Staten Island canal will be considered. The appeal was filed by Attorney General Stockton in behalf of the state.

No Foreign Intrigue Found.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The collector of customs of New York has been instructed to prevent the landing of a number of packages of goods consigned to Consul-General Von Schmidt, of Nicaragua. Dec. 31. The notice is based on information that an epidemic prevails among dogs in portions of Denmark and Sweden.

A FIGHT OF ENDURANCE.

REPORTS OF MINERS WEAKENING FORCIBLY DENIED.

No More Effectual and Complete Lockout Ever Before Suggested—The Outlook Very Discouraging—Public Sympathy Favoring the Miners.

Reading, Pa., Jan. 17.—There was apparently but one weak spot in the coal regions yesterday, and that was at the big Mine Run colliery, at Mount Hoover, before night of the miners in that locality were known to be over, and instead of holding a meeting last night the entire subject was dropped, the men refusing to consider the matter. The Mine Run is the Schuylkill coal region. All the weak points are reported firm and confident, and every chink made by the labor leaders here has been more than repaired. Not one of the collieries that on Saturday expected to go into operation on Monday did work, and not one of the coal has passed down the Reading road since last Saturday. No more effectual and complete lockout was ever before reported, and the public sentiment is deposed in favor of the miners by the action of the railroad officials in the matter of Lee and Leith's coal. They are much dejected and believe that a long and desperate struggle has fairly set in. The Reading railroad company, the labor and the coal company against organized labor, just as President Corbin declared it last week, and which the miners and producers have successfully met. The Reading has the finest coal and strengthening every weak spot in the region. Reports that the miners are beginning to weaken are forcibly denied by the miners themselves.

Yesterday afternoon word was again passed over the wires that General Manager McLeod said the company would not open a single of its own collieries in a few days to mine furnace coal, which is so greatly needed by the trading from east in Pennsylvania and New York. This was denied in Philadelphia by the reply: "If the individual collieries cannot start owing to the disaffection of the company's collieries must certainly cannot. If the company's employes would start traitor while the individual miners remained loyal to us, that would be the worst treason on record. There is no danger of that." The most important point in the Schuylkill coal basin comes the report that everything has settled down for a long and stubborn siege. The still hunt for coal has been completely halted. In reply to the few collieries whose engines were started this morning had no man to put out coal."

The first meeting of the strike was reported yesterday afternoon from Mahonoy plane, where a number of idle men interfered with the extra coal and iron police on duty guarding the company's property. Foul epithets and insulting language were applied, and the police had considerable difficulty in making arrests. Similar disturbances were reported down the road. The outlook is very discouraging, and there are many who look for a repetition of the scenes of the dark days of the long strike of 1875.

Public sympathy seems to be turning in favor of the men, but the company's friends contend that the officials cannot change their policy now, as to do so would be assuming a yoke which would be a heavy burden indeed. The labor leaders say it would be no yoke, but simply a recognition of organized labor and the settlement of all by arbitration to govern all questions of difference.

The supply of company coal is becoming short in and around the coal regions for the first time on the engines in the company's service on the Lehanon Valley and East Pennsylvania branches. The company's new engines are being supplied by the Reading line, as five burned out locomotives have been brought to the shops here within the past few days.

The joint committee of the board of trade and city council, appointed to present a memorial to President Corbin, met here last night and formulated the address. It will be transmitted to Mr. Corbin to-night. Mayor Kenny, who is president of the joint committee, is a Knight of Labor.

The executive committee of the railroad strikers held a meeting at Wilkesbarre last night, and decided to agitate the strike by holding public meetings all along the line of the road.

In the National House.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Mr. Anderson, of Kansas, offered in the house yesterday afternoon a resolution directing the committee on commerce to investigate the extent, cause and effect upon interstate commerce of the continued failure by the Reading Railroad company to transport such interstate traffic, and report to the house by bill or otherwise, for consideration at any time, such legislation as is necessary to secure to the public the regular and complete discharge by a railroad of its obligations and services as a common carrier of interstate commerce.

New Jersey's Legislature.

Trenton, Jan. 17.—Governor Green sent in the nominations to the senate last night of Job E. Lippincott for law judge and Charles H. Winfield for prosecutor of Hudson county. Both are republicans. There is a general impression that the governor will to-day send in the nomination of Charles Grant Garrison, of Camden, for justice of the supreme court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Joel Parker. Mr. Goble, of Ocean county, introduced a local option bill in the house last night, which, if enacted, will be passed by both houses. An unusual debate ensued in legislative circles, and it is an indication of a short session, the opinion prevailing that a free ride will prevail. The senate will adjourn in March, thus making one of the briefest sittings on record.

It Was a Farmer's "Take."

North Adams, Mass., Jan. 17.—The latest reports from the Hancock shooting affair prove that the wounded Brockaway will probably recover. The town where the affair occurred has no telephone, telegraph or railroad connection, and the first report of a farmer was taken regarding the affair.

Stealing the Ballroom.

Tacoma, W. T., Jan. 17.—A bill passed the lower branch of the legislature at Olympia yesterday conferring suffrage on women by a vote of 34 to 2. The vote will be taken by the upper house, and is expected to pass. It now goes to the governor for his approval. A law was passed in 1883 giving women the right to vote, but was declared invalid by the territorial supreme court in February, on the ground that its title was defective. The bill excludes women from jury service.

The First Woman Railroad President.

Dover, N. H., Jan. 17.—There was a corporation meeting held yesterday of the stockholders of the Dover Street Railroad company. Mr. Mary E. G. H. Dow, a resident of Dover, and a leading advocate of women's rights, was elected president of the company and her husband was elected treasurer. Mr. Dow is the first woman ever chosen to fill such a position.

NEW YORK'S PEACEMAKERS.

Another Session of the Board of Mediation and Arbitration.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 17.—The board of mediation and arbitration transmitted their annual report to the legislature and governor. The work of the board has justified the belief that a portion of its powers and duties might be exercised to strike without justifiable cause against employers. The number of applications for the year was 45, involving 1,885 men. The number of labor disputes settled through voluntary arbitration, by the appointment of standing committees representing both the employers and the employes in each branch of industry, the powers and duties of such committees being defined and stated meetings being provided for the consideration of any matters that may have been referred to them. Provision is made that parties may, for what, if in his opinion, looks unfairly like it, go and on to Poland. The district is, however, to get anything like accurate reports of these proceedings. The board has had a very busy year. The number of strikes and abrupt interruptions of travel and the importation of foreign laborers under contract all combined to make a considerable portion of the report is devoted to a discussion of the recent railroad strikes in New York and Brooklyn during 1887. The board has been instrumental in bringing about a satisfactory adjustment of the difficulties.

The Lowry-White Election Case.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Ex-Representative William H. Calkins, of Indianapolis, has arrived here to appear before the house committee on elections in the Lowry-White contested election from the Twenty-Indiana district. Mr. Calkins was chairman of the committee in the Forty-seventh congress. He spoke before the house for an hour in the middle of the week, and that it will come before the house some time next week for final disposition.

Two Cars Full Ninety Feet.

Pittsburg, Jan. 17.—A freight train on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis railroad, running the high bridge at Temperanceville station, just inside the city limits, eight freight cars left the track from a supposed spreading rail and fell a distance of ninety feet below, and were smashed to splinters. One man, a railroad employe, name unknown, in the collision, was instantly killed and another seriously injured.

To Determine the Boundary.

Trenton, Jan. 17.—In the legislature yesterday the senate passed a concurrent resolution relative to the determining the boundary line between New York and New Jersey, and asking the secretary of the navy to appoint Lieut. R. C. Hanus, of the navy department, as commissioner to act with the commissioners in behalf of New Jersey.

Bunnie's Money.

New York, Jan. 17.—Judgment for $66,182 was entered yesterday against Mr. Charles de Bunkle, the celebrated banker, on behalf of the verdict of the jury in the suit for breach of promise brought by Miss Clara Campbell.

"Troy John" Gets Ten Years.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 17.—John L. Lyons, alias "Troy John," an all round crook and forger was yesterday sentenced by Judge Mayham to ten years at Clinton prison for forging a check of a Hudson (N. Y.) firm.

The Striking Girl Spinners.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 17.—The cotton spinners of Clark's thread works was obliged to close yesterday, owing to the strike of the girl spinners. Eight hundred persons are now on strike or shut out.

Safe for Fifteen Years.

Pittsfield, Mass., Jan. 17.—Michael O'Connor, the burglar who escaped from here and was recaptured in New York, was yesterday sentenced on three indictments to fifteen years in the state prison.

Another Victim of the Bradford Horror.

Dover, N. H., Jan. 17.—Mrs. Lizzie A. Rowe, of Portland, Me., who was badly shaken up in the Bradford railroad accident, is critically ill, and probably dying of concussion of the brain.

Middletown's City Election.

Middletown, Conn., Jan. 17.—The Republicans yesterday elected Charles R. Lewis as mayor by seven plurality. They also elected the collector, assessor, and a majority of the common council.

Weather Indications.

For Wednesday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, partly cloudy, warmer weather and easterly to southerly winds, with snow or rain near the coasts.

THE TRADE BULLETIN.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

New York, Jan. 16.—Money closed at 4 per cent. The bank of England rate of discount is 3½. Exchange closed quiet at 4.86½@4.87; actual rates, 4.86½@4.86¾ for sixty days and 4.88½@4.89 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.85½@4.86. Government bonds, 129¾ bid; 4s, coup., 120¾ bid; 4½s, do., 109¾ bid.

Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union Pacific, 1895, 115; Union land grants, 1887, 107; Union sinking funds, 1889, 119; Central, 1895, 110. Stocks opening prices this morning ¼ to ½ per cent. higher than they closed last night, and then declined ¼ to ½ per cent. from the opening prices, and closed generally lower than last night's closing quotations.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Wheat opened dull and lower to sell, but subsequently became active, strong and advanced 1 per cent. Closing, regular, January, 83@83½c; February, 84½@84¾c; March, 86½@86¾c; May, 90@90½c; June, 91@91½c; July, 91½@91¾c; August, 91½@91¾c; September, 91½@91¾c; October, 91½@91¾c; November, 91½@91¾c; December, 91½@91¾c; cash, 83@83½c; No. 2 red, 83@83½c; No. 3 red, 80@80½c; rejected, 70@70½c; No. 2 spring, 83@83½c; No. 3 spring, 80@80½c; rejected, 70@70½c.

Corn—Options were dull and irregular, closing nearly at a slight decline from Saturday's prices. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 45½@45¾c; regular, cash, 45½@45¾c; January, 45½@45¾c; February, 45½@45¾c; March, 46½@46¾c; May, 48½@48¾c; June, 49½@49¾c; July, 49½@49¾c; August, 49½@49¾c; September, 49½@49¾c; October, 49½@49¾c; November, 49½@49¾c; December, 49½@49¾c; cash, 45½@45¾c; No. 2 mixed, 45½@45¾c; No. 3 mixed, 45½@45¾c; No. 2 white, 45½@45¾c; No. 3 white, 45½@45¾c.

Oats—Options were dull, but firm; closing at Saturday's prices. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 30½@30¾c; regular, cash, 30½@30¾c; January, 30½@30¾c; February, 30½@30¾c; March, 31½@31¾c; May, 33½@33¾c; June, 33½@33¾c; July, 33½@33¾c; August, 33½@33¾c; September, 33½@33¾c; October, 33½@33¾c; November, 33½@33¾c; December, 33½@33¾c; cash, 30½@30¾c; No. 2 mixed, 30½@30¾c; No. 3 mixed, 30½@30¾c; No. 2 white, 30½@30¾c; No. 3 white, 30½@30¾c.

Lard—Closed dull and easy; cash, $7.20@7.22½; January, $7.20@7.22½; March, $7.37½@7.40; May, $7.50@7.52½.

Pork—Closed dull and easy; cash, $12.00@12.05; January, $12.00@12.05; March, $12.25@12.30; May, $12.50@12.55.

Cheese—Quiet; factory, 12@12½c; dairy, 11@11½c.

Butter—Quiet; creamery, 28@30c; dairy, 24@26c.

Eggs—Quiet and unsettled. Selected fresh, 30@31c; fair to good, 28@29c; limed, 24@25c.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; shipments, 2,000; market dull and weak; steers, $3.00@4.50; stockers, $2.00@2.75; cows, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $1.50@2.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 18,000; shipments, 6,000; market dull and weak; mixed, $4.60@4.80; heavy, $4.70@4.90; light, $4.60@4.80.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; shipments, 1,000; market dull and weak; natives, $3.00@4.50; western, $3.00@4.50; lambs, $4.00@5.00.

EUROPEAN NEWS GOSSIP.

RUSSIA CONTINUES TO FURNISH RUMORS OF WAR.

The French Chamber of Deputies Votes Confidence in the Government—A New Anti-Socialist Bill for Germany—Other Happenings Over the Ocean.

London, Jan. 17.—The war rumors go on increasing in number. Every day some fresh indication of a general continental struggle is found or duly voted to interest. It would seem that the threatened struggle in the continental fall is his solemn duty to hunt up all the war news possible, or anything that can be twisted into it. Yesterday's dispatches receive startling dispatches one day, only to have them contradicted on the morrow. Now it is stated that preparations for what, if in no way, looks like war are being made on the Russian frontier, and that it is the duty of every Poland. The difficulty is, however, to get anything like accurate reports of these preparations. The Times has a letter from Berlin which says that the military activity in Poland and along the frontier, while great, proceed entirely to Austria. The disposition of troops, the correspondent says, are on a much larger scale than is necessary to oppose an attack against Austria. The correspondent says and that but an outline of what really has been done has been afforded the public. In connection with the Berlin correspondence of the Times, it is stated that if these facts do not a prompt war, they at least give evidence of the fact that Russia is carrying on a gigantic defensive campaign, supported by a powerful military organization.

In regard to the war reports a London firm has received what might be looked upon as a commission of the kind. This is no less than an order for the delivery of a number of tons of asbestos for the construction of a fleet of hot air balloons. They are to be made of asbestos, and will be capable of carrying six men. They will cost £500 each.

In the French Chamber.

Paris, Jan. 17.—In the chamber of deputies yesterday M. Sarrien, minister of the interior, refuted the charges made against the government of the Right. The government, he said, was determined to put down by force any organized a revolt against the government during the recent crisis at the election of President Carnot. He said that the government had decided to impose upon the council the duty of providing a residence at Hotel de Ville for the prefect of the Seine, and instructed the prefect that it would be his duty to prevent the banding of the prefect. Premier Tirard republished the suggestion that the ministry has formed an alliance with the members of the Right. The government, he wished to stand, he said, only by the support of a Republican majority. M. Tirard said that the action of the municipal council might justify the dissolution of that body, but the quieter policy would be to install the prefect to watch over and keep order in Paris. A motion implying confidence in the government was carried by a vote of 365 to 178.

A New Anti-socialist Bill.

Berlin, Jan. 17.—The anti-socialist bill submitted to the reichstag provides that all offenders shall be expatriated or suffer a total loss of citizenship, according to their offense. Hitherto expatriation has been the penalty introduced because it has frequently happened in cases where men have been expelled from one district, they have resumed the agitation of their views in another district or have been unaffected by the propaganda. The bill provides that the punishment of expatriation shall only be enforced when a qualified magistrate decides that it is advisable.

The Wily German Chancellor.

London, Jan. 17.—Private news from Budapest that intense excitement is felt in official circles over a new mistrust of Bismarck. Hungarian statesmen suspect the German chancellor of playing double game, and that while he promises to be working for the common good of the Austro-German alliance he is carefully exercising his diplomatic skill for the exclusive benefit of Germany. We shall probably hear more of this.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Maps of Union county, Somerset county and Plainfield. Lots and farms for sale. Residence, Park avenue, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

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Attorney at Law and Solicitor. Office in Library building, Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended to. Call No. 11 Plainfield. Residence, corner Second and Grove streets.

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Architect, 96 Broadway, New York city. Residence, Plainfield, N. J. Builders' Price Book

HUGH M'CULLOCH.

HIS GOLDEN WEDDING SOON TO BE JOYOUSLY CELEBRATED.

The Home Life of This Hale and Hearty Octogenarian—His Good Wife and Her Pictures—How Mr. McCulloch Twice Became Secretary of the Treasury.

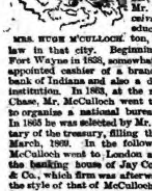
Some time this month the Hon. Hugh and Mrs. McCulloch will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding day. This will be a truly golden wedding, crowned with the reward of lives passed in doing good and noble deeds of love and charity, and the participants will be surrounded and admiringly loved by a large and happy family of children and grandchildren and a multitude of warm friends.

The Hon. Hugh McCulloch, although past his 80th year, with his still vigorous intellect and perfect physical health, is a rare specimen of ripe old age. Tall and broad shouldered, his well rounded figure is surmounted by a large, well shaped head, a finely cut, clean shaven face, scarcely showing a wrinkle or other sign of decay. With his kind, bright, grayish blue eyes, the mirror of a pure soul and mind, he looks more like a typical English country gentleman than the true American that he is. Although free from all care and worry, and practically retired from all active business, Mr. McCulloch's life is by no means one of idleness. As there is no sign of abatement of his mental and physical faculties, so there are few minutes of his days unoccupied. Always an early riser, he lends and always has had a most abstemious and industrious life. During the summer months, which he spends at his country seat, Holly Hills, Md., Mr. McCulloch rises daily at 5 a. m., and in his shirt sleeves, a broad brimmed straw hat covering his head; makes his daily round over the extensive farm connected with his place, devoting a great deal of care to the numerous broods of chickens, which he especially takes a delight in feeding and tending, while Mrs. McCulloch, with equal interest, superintends her model dairy and extensive hot houses, where she cultivates and grows the most delicious grapes, oranges and flowers of all descriptions. There is no professional florist in Washington who can rival her in the production and growing of rare and beautiful roses.

HUGH M'CULLOCH.

Mrs. McCulloch annually sends thousands of the choicest cut flowers as presents to her numerous friends, for the decoration of churches and for the adornment of the sick wards of the hospitals. If Mrs. McCulloch ever neglected any of the many duties of her home it is for the sake of sweet charity, which, with her, has not always begun at home. There is hardly another lady in Washington who works more actively for church and charitable institutions. In fact, her work would soon tire out many of the young ladies and matrons of the present day, though Mrs. McCulloch is only ten years the junior of her octogenarian husband. Having frequently visited and lived several years in Europe for the sake of completing the education of her daughters, both she and they have acquired a perfect command of many languages, and one rarely meets a better informed lady than Mrs. McCulloch. She is also an accomplished amateur artist, and she knows how to delineate her favorites—the flowers—with a life likeness and truth which place her work above the productions of many professional painters.

Holly Hills is an estate of over 400 acres of ground, delightfully situated in Maryland, and bought by Mr. McCulloch mostly on account of its healthful, beautiful location. *His Washington residence is a four-story* brick house, less conspicuous by its elegance than by its home like and comfortable interior, situated in McPherson square, one of the most fashionable quarters in Washington. During the last few years Mr. McCulloch has devoted several hours daily to the writing of his memoirs, containing most interesting reminiscences of the great men and times of his long and useful life. The work is dedicated to his children, but it is to be hoped that these products of a keen observation and a wonderful memory will one day be given to the public.



MRS. HUGH M'CULLOCH.

Born in December, 1808, in Maine, Mr. McCulloch received his *early* education in Bowdoin, later studying law in that city. Beginning practice at Fort Wayne in 1833, somewhat later he was appointed cashier of a branch of the State bank of Indiana, and a director of that institution. In 1863, at the request of Mr. Chase, Mr. McCulloch went to Washington to organize a national bureau of currency. In 1865 he succeeded Mr. Fessenden secretary of the treasury, filling this office until March, 1869. In the following year Mr. McCulloch went to London as a partner in the banking house of Jay Cook, McCulloch & Co., which firm was afterward changed to the style of that of McCulloch & Co. in 1874. He returned to the United States in 1876. On the 5th of December in the fall of 1884, during President Arthur's administration, Mr. McCulloch and family had gathered around a cheerful fire in the large sitting room of his country seat, when a carriage drew up the long winding path leading to the house. It proved to be the president's, and soon Mr. Arthur alighted. Heartily welcomed, he remained for the afternoon and spent of as a delightful evening. Requesting a few minutes of private conversation with Mr. McCulloch before going, the gentlemen retired to an adjoining room, and after the president had gone Mr. McCulloch informed the family that he had been asked by the president to accept the office of secretary of the treasury during the remainder of his administration. A hearty cheer from the sons and grandsons of Mr. McCulloch for the president, almost the delight of the family to see their beloved sire thus honored. No secretary of the treasury has twice held that important office save Mr. McCulloch.

Incongruous Bric-a-Brac.

The figure of a baseball pitcher done in clay, seven novices about to take the black veil, a basket of artificial fruit, a manual of etiquette, courtship, etc., pictures of famous actresses, church books and dramatic plays are mingled together in one of the prominent show windows on Broadway, where taste and the display of good judgment are supposed to govern the establishment.—New York Tribune.

THE TOWN OF SAN REMO.

Description of the Present Residence of Germany's Crown Prince.

During the past year the little town of San Remo, in the province of Porto Maurizio, twenty-five miles northeast of Nice, Italy, has become familiar in name to all the civilized world. The crown prince of Germany, who might be expected to become an emperor in the event of his venerable father's death, stricken by a probably fatal disease, has made the Italian seaport his residence.

SAN REMO.

San Remo is picturesquely situated on a declivity sloping to the Mediterranean sea, the site covered by a dense growth of olive trees. The streets are narrow and steep. The place is considered by medical men to possess great advantages of temperature for invalids. The winters are mild, dry, and though the protecting ranges of the coast near by are here less complete, the olive groves afford a shelter from cold winds, and temper them to healthful breezes, giving them a pleasant freshness, without imparting the lassitude experienced in too well protected spots.

The crown prince occupies the Villa Livia, situated at one end of the town, in the midst of a large garden and overlooking the sea. Here, from the first floor, which is occupied by him and separate from the suite of the German empire, he may look out upon the blue waters of the Mediterranean, its shirting white line of sea foam, its boats dotted with the sails of vessels constantly passing, either near by or so far out that they appear only as a reflected ray of sunlight. He has with him his wife, the Princess Royal (Victoria of England), and his children. It is said that they are all early risers, and soon after 8 o'clock of a morning in that climate, the crown prince is accustomed in June in northern parts of the United States, the crown prince and princess, the princesses and Prince Henry may be seen walking in the streets or on the promenade. The weather during the day is temperate, but cold after sunset, later on becoming again milder. The king of Italy has placed a gunboat, or torpedo vessel, at the disposal of the imperial visitors in his kingdom, in which they make excursions either out to sea or to the points of interest lying on the neighboring coast. This must be gratifying to Prince Henry especially, who is an officer in the German navy.

At his palace in Berlin, the emperor, past 90, himself gradually passing into that dissolution already delayed far beyond the average allotted time to those who reach old age, receives daily dispatches informing him of his son's condition. He has been, for many years, *has been accustomed to regard his successor.* He has seen a young prince grow to manhood, from manhood to a point in life beyond middle age. He has seen him become not only a distinguished general, but a patron of the arts, the sciences, literature, and, above all, idolized by the German people.

RETURNING FROM A SAIL.

And now, while [illegible] ok to one so well fitted to hold his own in royal by their love, an insidious disease suddenly appears, which bids fair to carry off the son before the father. As to this, however, the doctors disagree. Professor Virchow, of Berlin, an emminent physiologist, and Professor Von Bergmann, a scientist of the University of Berlin, have pronounced it cancer. Sir Morell Mackenzie, a distinguished English physician, called in at the instigation of the crown princess, differed in the diagnosis. This has led to a great deal of animosity between the doctors of Germany and England. The question has been discussed in the medical journals of Europe, and perhaps no medical case during this century has attracted a greater interest among the members of the medical profession and in all classes in civilized nations.

The prince has with him in attendance at San Remo several German physicians and Mr. Mark Hovell. Dr. Mackenzie goes now and then from London for consultation. It is said that during his recent visit, about the middle of December last, Dr. Mackenzie was most agreeably surprised at the improvement in voice, and while he has at last admitted that the trouble looks very like cancer, he has not yet given up all hope that it is not. On the other hand, Professor Shrotte, of Vienna, who took part in the recent consultation, maintains that it is cancer.

Thus that apparent ample provision for the succession to the German throne is likely to be soon reduced by the death of the prince apparent. His son, Prince William, is said to have suffered from childhood from the same malady which carried off his grand uncle, the late king of Prussia. This malady, it is claimed, is a suppuration of the ears, and there is danger of the disease attacking the brain. The next in line of succession is Prince William's little son, 3 years of age.

Again the Ingine Belies.

"Here, you fellows, what you doin' here?" shrieked a country woman to a party of railroad surveyors who were driving stakes on a corner of her farm.

"We're surveying for a railroad," replied the chief engineer of the party.

"What, one of them steam ingine things I've been tell on?"

"Yes; that's it."

"Well, you git right off'n this ground."

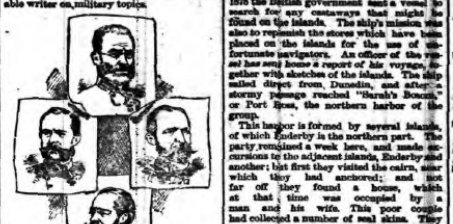
"But you'll be well paid for all damage done to your land."

"Pay? There ain't money enough in top of this yere world to pay me for havin' a steered to death a dozen times a day by a thing like that. I've heern how them ingines blaret out an' blow up which farmer, jest as sure as you live, they's brimstone brar, it'll take the cord from my bedstead an' tie it over the track an' trip your blamed old ingine up every time. You git if I don't."—Tid Bits.

AUSTRIAN FIGHTING MEN.

Men Who Will Be at the Front if There Is a Foreign War.

In view of the strong probability of a European war, in which Austria will play a leading part, it will be of interest to learn something of the men who will lead the Austrian in such a case would place the command of her armies. One of her most famous and efficient soldiers is Duke Albrecht, who has served in a military capacity for more than fifty years, a fact which was not long ago celebrated by a jubilee. Duke Albrecht is the son of the victor of Aspern, and from him he received his first education under the supervision of his renowned father. At the age of 14 he entered the army, in which he rapidly rose in rank, and early as 1845 he was a commanding general. He has taken an important part in many engagements, as, for instance, in the battles of Mortara and Novara, where his services helped gain the victory for the Austrian army. The chief victory of his life, however, was that at Custozza, in 1866, when he signally defeated the Italians. The leader will remember that Austria at that time was compelled to fight two wars at once, the Prussians and Italians attacking her on the south. While victorious over the latter, Austria, owing to the incompetence of her generals, was vanquished by her northern foes. Since then not only has Duke Albrecht acquired renown and distinction; he is also the great reorganizer of the Austrian army, which, through his exertions and vigilance, is now in a perfect state of great efficiency. Duke Albrecht is Austria's field marshal, occupying a position analogous to the one of Von Moltke in the German army. He is also known as an able writer on military topics.



ALBRECHT, VON RHEINLANDER, VON BECK.

STERNECK.

Another soldier who has taken an active part in a number of campaigns is Freiherr Von Beck, who, though born in Breisgau, in Germany, has been an officer in the Austrian army since 1848. He, too, played a conspicuous part in the reorganization of the latter and is a great favorite of emperor Francis Joseph. He is chief of the general staff of the Austrian army.

Freiherr von Rheinlander has won much renown as a writer on military topics, and has also distinguished himself on the battlefield. He is said to be the soul of the general staff.

Another man of importance is Freiherr von Sterneck, under whose superintendence Austria's navy has reached a state of perfection surprising for the short time in which it has been accomplished. It was Sterneck, who, in the memorable naval battle of Lissa, vanquished the Italian fleet, and it was his vessel that sunk the powerful Re d' Italia.

FLEET TOM CONNEFF.

The Champion Distance Runner of Ireland and the North of England.

Now comes to America more bone and muscle in the person of Fleet Tom Conneff, champion distance runner of Ireland and the north of England. He comes to make America his home. Conneff is 19 years of age and was born in County Kildare, Ireland. He won his first race in June, 1885, and since then has met with a continuous succession of victories on the cinder path. In 1886 he beat E. C. Carter in a four mile race, time, 9 minutes 44 3-5 seconds. This race was thus described in an English sporting paper:

"Carter came to Europe some three months ago to win for the land of the Stars and Stripes the four miles and ten miles championships of England. In both these big undertakings he was signally successful. He simply whipped the Saxon at each distance, called in at the instigation of the crown princess, differed in the diagnosis. This has led to a great deal of animosity between the doctors of Germany and England. The question has been discussed in the medical journals of Europe, and perhaps no medical case during this century has attracted a greater interest among the members of the medical profession and in all classes in civilized nations.

TOM CONNEFF.

Thus that apparent ample provision for the succession to the German throne is likely to be soon reduced by the death of the prince apparent. His son, Prince William, is said to have suffered from childhood from the same malady which carried off his grand uncle, the late king of Prussia. This malady, it is claimed, is a suppuration of the ears, and there is danger of the disease attacking the brain. The next in line of succession is Prince William's little son, 3 years of age.

SEEKING CASTAWAYS.

A BRITISH VESSEL'S MISSION TO THE AUCKLAND ISLANDS.

The Fortune Inhabitants Who Occupied the Solitary House and Who Refused to Leave—Provisions Left for Shipwrecked Mariners by the British Government.

One hundred and eighty miles to the south of the most southern point of New Zealand are the Auckland islands. Look on the map and you will find them easily. They are situated between 50 degs. 30 min. south of the equator, and longitude 166 degs. 15 min. east of Greenwich.

People who live inland or of the more civilized parts of the populated districts of the world, and who unless heavily with their fellow beings, can only faintly understand the utter desolateness which surrounds this remote little group of islands. It is always interesting to read the tale of some poor shipwrecked mariner, who has been cast away on some desert isle of the far Pacific, but to the average reader it is only a romance of misery; but when the story comes to us that two people were found by a British vessel, living in one of the islands of this far off group, and absolutely cast away on it, although their stock of provisions was running very low, it seems almost incredible. And yet such is the case.

One of the uncertainest regions in the world lies between the South Pacific and the Antarctic, and so many wrecks were reported that we have taken from an Enderby map, which is one of the Auckland group, that in 1876 the British government sent a vessel to search for any castaways that might be found on the islands. The ship's mission was also to replenish the stores which have been placed on the islands for the use of unfortunate navigators. An officer of the vessel has sent a report of his voyage, together with sketches of the islands. The ship sailed direct from Dunedin, and after a stormy passage reached "Sarah's Bosom," or Port Ross, the northern harbor of the group.

This harbor is formed by several islands, of which Enderby is the northern part. The party remained on the island one week, making excursions to the adjacent islands, Enderby and another; but first they visited the cairn, near which they had landed, and not far off they found a house, which at that time was occupied by a man and his wife. This poor couple had collected a number of seal skins. They had been nine months without being visited and had eaten most of the provisions placed on the island for shipwrecked people. They refused to leave the island, but on a later visit to the island, it was found that they had been removed by a schooner sent to fetch them, being hired by a gentleman living in New Zealand, who had some arrangement with the government about the islands. Their house, of which a sketch is given, was the only habitation on the whole island, which is some eight and twenty or thirty miles in length. The party also saw a hut, which had been built some years ago by a shipwrecked crew, some of whom had landed after a long stay on the island, to get to New Zealand in an open boat; the people who remained were rescued. There was not a tree on Enderby island, only scrub and short grass, with tufts of wild flax. The birds

ONLY HOUSE ON THE AUCKLANDS.

were exceedingly tame on the other islands, where perhaps no man had ever been seen before. Having reprovisioned the cairn on the main island, and provided the two inhabitants with all things needful, and having thoroughly explored this part, the ship sailed for the southern harbor, called Carnley harbor. It has an entrance between magnificent cliffs, over 1,000 feet high, and about a mile apart. It was not till it was close to the shore that it was seen that she could get soundings, and then it was in twenty fathoms; here she anchored in a perfectly land locked harbor. The next day they visited the cairn, which they found by a beacon on it, about a mile and a half from the ships. All the stores deposited in the cairn were quite dry, the biscuits were in small pieces, the cockle pills were in congealed masses, the biscuit, sugar, tea and coffee all spoiled. They repaired the cairn and replenished it with stores and provisions, having finished their work, they started once more to Campbell island, southeast of the Auckland islands. Here, again, they replenished the stores, and left a notice in a bottle to record their visit; this had also been done at the other cairns. The ship then returned to New Zealand, having performed her mission.

The Auckland islands were first discovered in 1806, and were named after Lord Auckland. The islands were granted to the colonists of Enderby, who obtained a charter in 1849, but the company was broken up in 1852. The soil of the islands is very productive, but their remoteness from civilization precludes the possibility of their ever being inhabited.

President Lincoln's Reluctance.

President Lincoln felt very awkward when he first began to receive at the White House. He had no idea how to receive, and when the millions of both north and south were mourning their dead. His wife, however, dressed in the height of fashion, and magnificently at the lowest decollette. President Lincoln went through a rehearsal the evening before the reception and learned where to stand, how to shake hands, when and how he should receive them. He was much oppressed by the diplomats when the reception went off, and the army and navy officers rather embarrassed him. Watt, then the White House gardener, says that he came to his wife before the public were admitted and asked her for a bite of bread and a glass of cider. He took one of these in each hand, and partook of them standing, before he returned to his handshaking. When he went to the Blue room he said:

"Now let the people in, and let this nervousness answer, and we will have a good time."

And the people did come in, for they liked no one better than Lincoln. He could tell of his receptions. It is said that a teamster, driving an army wagon, stopped his mules in front of the White House and rushed in past the guard. He quickly took off his coat and his pantaloons, and he wore a faded blue army coat and carried a whip in his hand. He got to the door of the Blue room and called out: "I want to see Old Abe. Where is he?"

The president heard him and cheerily replied: "Here I am; come right in." And with a hearty shake of the hand he gave a cordial welcome. It had made a journey of over 300 miles, and on reaching Washington found it in excellent condition.—Philadelphia Call.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

On and after Sunday, Dec. 4, 1887, trains will leave Plainfield as follows:

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 2.27, 5.05, 6.37, 8.39 a. m., 12.05, 1.30, 3.25, 4.30, 5.40, 7.10, 9.00, 11.30 p. m. Sundays 2.27, 5.05, 8.37, 10.36, 11.32 a. m., 1.37, 7.10, 8.36, 9.00, 11.30 p. m.

Arrive at New York at 5.00, 7.40, 9.10, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 2.00, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 8.05, 9.05, 11.40 p. m. Sundays 5.00, 8.05, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 2.00, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 8.05, 9.05, 11.40 p. m.

Leave New York at 8.45, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 8.45, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Arrive at Somerville at 9.05, 9.50, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.50, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sundays at 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.50, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.45, 8.00, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.50, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sundays at 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.50, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m.

Arrive at Plainfield at 7.00, 8.15, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 2.05, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sundays at 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 2.05, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Manch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Manch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain.

8.05 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

9.40 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Branchville, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wind Gap, Schooley's Mountain, Summit, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Renovo, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West.

1.30 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

4.30 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Driftonville, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.00, and 11.35 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Schooley's Mountain, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

6.05 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

7.00 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 2.27, 8.05, 11.08 a. m., 12.35, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m.

For Port Jervis, 2.27, 8.05, 11.08 a. m., 12.35, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

Matawan, 2.27, 8.05, 11.08 a. m., 12.35, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Round Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 8.10, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 2.35, 5.25, 8.05, 9.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.30 a. m., 4.54 p. m.

RETURNING.

From Philadelphia, Kensington and Green Streets, at 7.34, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.35, 3.45, 6.25, 10.00 p. m. Sunday 8.30, 9.30 a. m., 5.00, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Berks Streets at 8.34, 8.05, 10.30 a. m., 1.30, 4.00, 6.40, 10.10, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton, West and Taylor Streets, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.10, 11.30 a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25 p. m. Sunday at 7.25, 9.40 a. m., 6.15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked change cars at Round Brook.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Sup't.

COAL and WOOD

C. H. RUGG,

Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the

BEST Quality

that can be procured in this market. Further favors taken to have it well screened and delivered promptly.

All orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

Office 61 Park avenue. P. O. Box 1122. Bird's Yard Shed.

PLAINFIELD, DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue, W. S. SLITER, Manager.

ATTENTION!

Right about Face!

MARCH!

to the Shoe Store of

J. J. KENNEY,

20 NORTH AVENUE.

where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

CITY PHARMACY,

21 West Front street.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.

Toilet Requisites.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Only Pharmacy Dentists' cleansers and preparations kept.

Genuine Wm. Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.

Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.

City Pharmacy open all Sunday for the sale of medicines.

Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.

Telephone No. 28.

Field & Randolph.

SPECIAL MUSLIN SALE.

For the next few days we will sell all the Remnant Counts of Bleaching and Unbleached Muslins very much below market prices.

Ladies' White Aprons

We have just received another case of those Ladies' White Aprons, trimmed with Lace and Insertion which we are selling at 39c.

REMNANTS OF RIBBON.

In Black, Brown and Chestnut, all widths, we are closing them out at 5c per yard.

Cloaks! Cloaks!

We have decided to make a clearance of 20 Ladies' Cloaks, regardless of cost, for the next ten days. We will present each purchaser to the amount of 25 or over, an elegant Moroccobound game of Logic.

I. H. BOEHM,

7 W. FRONT STREET.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson street, or P. O. BOX 1202.

We also supply all orders for kindling wood at factory vs. stores from in factory.

$2.00 Will Buy

A man's shoe, with

STYLE AND DURABILITY COMBINED

Nothing better for the money. Large assortment of

RUBBER GOODS

Doane & VanArsdale

One-price Boot and Shoe House,

22 West Front street.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 1113.

Orders Called For AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

MRS. QUICK'S SULPHUR AND MEDICATED VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACE STREETS.

Physicians help in curing all Chronic diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diseases and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervousness, General Debility, Paralysis, Skin diseases and all other diseases.

It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever; is all sulphur vapor.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Consultation and treatment free.

M'DONOUGH & MARTIN,

Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street

Plainfield, N. J.

Invite Everybody

to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. King's specialties, the best and cheapest in the end.

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

10 Park avenue.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT R. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 61.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson street, or P. O. BOX 1202.

We also supply all orders for kindling wood at factory vs. stores from in factory.

The Plainfield Electric Light Company.

Office and Lighting Station Madison Ave.

Incandescent Lighting for

STORES, CHURCHES, DWELLINGS, Public Buildings, etc.

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

January Bargain SALE

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Commencing To-morrow and continuing throughout the month

Throughout every department prices will be made so low that it will be to everyone's interest to visit our store. Knowing full well that every one is looking for the place where they can obtain the most for their money. We consider quality first and not good cut poor, trashy stuff and call it a bargain. We don't keep that kind. Every article we offer at this price is an up-to-date, desirable and new special bargain besides interesting. We want every one to come to this sale. You will find special prices on Hosiery and underwear, Cambrics, Ginghams, Flannel and Dress Department, Dress Goods, Table Linens, Towels and Napkins, Red, White and Blue Flannels and in our Crockery, Glass and Tin ware Department you will find goods that are always needed, but can't always buy at the prices we are offering them at now.

VanEmburgh & White.

ARTISTIC DESIGNS in Jewelry for the

HOLIDAYS

SOLID GOLD and ROLL PLATE

Prices Low at

J. Hervey Doane's

9 Park avenue.

Y DO U

pay $1.00 to the DOCTOR, for the prescription; about as much to the Druggist for filling it, when for the

YOU CAN BUY

a bottle of CARL KARSTEN'S

Nerve Food Tonic

for Dyspepsia, Nervous and Blood Disorders? All Druggists.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 51 W. FRONT ST.

P. O. Box 388.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

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Furniture moved and packed with care. Large covered trucks. Goods stored in any part of the city or country. Prices moving a specialty.

WE RESPECTFULLY

Invite Everybody

to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. King's specialties, the best and cheapest in the end.

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All carriage and other duckings to use the celebrated carriage oiling, painting and varnishing shop, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield, where all kinds of carriage repairs done and in the best manner. Our shop is fitted up with all the latest improvements for the business, and we guarantee satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage. Horseshoeing a specialty. Our horses are shod by the most skilful workmen in the city. Horses taken to board and shod by the month. Prices reasonable.

Stephen A. Fleming,

20 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Orders called for and delivered free to any part of the city. Telephone No. 1113.

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

RICHARD DAY,

(Successor to Frank Day)

LIVERY STABLE,

NORTH AVENUE, (Opp. Depot, Plainfield.

Carriages and Cab Horses. Finest Rigs in the city. Horses boarded by the month. Prices reasonable.

STORIES ABOUT MEN.

Preferred a Quick Death to Blackburn's Talks.

I heard a rather interesting, though somewhat apocryphal, anecdote the other day in connection with Senator Blackburn's first canvass for congress. Blackburn, so the story goes, happened to be passing through Owenton, the county seat of Owen county, on the occasion of the hanging of a noted criminal. As a hanging is a rather exceptional episode in the state of Kentucky, the candidate for congressional honors concluded he would remain in the place a few hours and witness the "event." The gallows was erected in the public square, so that no citizen, however humble, should lose the opportunity of seeing the unusual spectacle. It was, in fact, a gala day, such as the history of Owenton had seldom revealed. The sheriff, in a spirit of true Kentucky hospitality, invited Blackburn, as one of the distinguished guests present, to occupy a seat on the gallows. Blackburn did so. After the preliminaries had been arranged, the sheriff pulled his watch and discovered that it was not quite 12 o'clock, the hour fixed for the execution. Turning to the prisoner he said:

"You have ten minutes yet to live. Is there anything you desire to say in the meantime?"

The prisoner sullenly replied there was not. At this instant Blackburn sprang from his seat, and, advancing to the edge of the scaffold, said:

"If the gentleman will allow me his remaining ten minutes I will be glad to announce myself a candidate for your suffrages, if elected to congress!"

Here the prisoner impatiently exclaimed: "Say, you! Is your name Joe Blackburn?"

"Yes, sir," replied Blackburn, pointedly.

With an expression of intense disgust on his face the prisoner turned to the sheriff.

"We won't stand on a few minutes more or less," said he, "when the alternative is presented of death on one hand, or listening to one of Joe Blackburn's long winded speeches on the other. Flip the trap and let me go."

The good natured sheriff obligingly flipped the trap," and the next instant the desperado swung into eternity, while Blackburn clambered down the gallows, exclaiming as he went that he had lost the greatest opportunity of his life.—New York Tribune.

Justice Harlan's Penalty for Check.

Justice Harlan tells a story of a man who came to his house one night, an entire stranger, sent in his card, and when the judge came down blandly told him that he proposed to make a fortune for both himself and the judge, if the latter would furnish him information about a certain decision that was pending and was expected to affect stocks. The man proposed to furnish the capital and do the trading. He was willing, moreover, to divide profits equally. The justice was so completely taken aback by the man's cool impudence that he scarcely knew what to say, but the humor of the situation struck him at once, and he asked the caller if he would kindly stand up under the chandelier where he could get a look at his face. The stranger stood the scrutiny without flinching. Then the judge said:

"My friend, you have asked something that is not only improper and impossible, but your proposition ought to tempt me to kick you out of my house. I scarcely know why I do not do it. I need to do it. I do not think that you are aware of the significance of your proposition, and therefore I shall not treat you as I otherwise would. I do not go in speculations myself, and for reason, as that would be wrong; but I will tell you how you can get the information you seek before any one else."

The man's face brightened up, when the justice continued:

"On the day when the opinion is delivered I shall send a messenger to your house with a telegram to the supreme court room and take a seat in the front bench. Then, as it is read, the sound will reach your ears first. Good evening."

And as the man, with a somewhat crestfallen mien, turned toward the door, the justice added, with peculiar emphasis in his voice:

"But a moment, sir; you should thank me for not kicking you down stairs."

But the man with one hand had already opened the door, and without looking down the street when the judge thought rightfully returned to his study.—New York Tribune.

Missouri's Big Canal.

A judicial joke is out and will start the cranks on the United States circuit. Everyone knows how eminent and wise as unerring the present judge of that circuit is when he takes his mind up a strange case, as he writes his name for the first time upon his book before him, and how accurately he fits him and his speech to the occasion. When Judge Elmer was elected to congress, Judge Elmer succeeded the bench of the United States court in Macon. He arrived in the city at night, and, going direct to the Hotel Lanier, registered "Emperor Elmer" in a fine Italian hand. When he had finished his autograph the alert clerk was already stooping his keyboard, evidently a taste perpetrated as to details. But presently he turned and asked: "Mr. Speer, what line do you carry?" "Mr. Speer" looked at him and repeated the question in evident astonishment. "What line do I carry? I don't understand you, sir. Do you allude to my politics?" "No, sir; but I wanted to know whether you required a large or small sample room." Emphatically followed, and that hotel clerk always keeps mighty quiet when he goes into the United States court room.—Savannah News.

A Dan Rice Entrapped.

Dan Rice, the veteran showman, was nicely hooked one day, as he was engaged announcing the wonders of his circus outside the tent. A man standing with a little boy in the crowd hear by cried out: "I'll bet you a dollar you cannot hit me on a lion." "Done" said the showman, eagerly; "put down your money." The man placed a dollar in the hand of a bystander, and Dan did the same. "Now walk this way," said the showman, "and I'll soon convince you. There you are," said he triumphantly; "look in that corner at the Nonsuch Numidian lion." "I don't see any," responded the man. "What's the matter with you?" asked the showman. "I'm blind," was the grimacing reply, and in a few minutes the man pocketed the two dollars and went away.—Exchange.

Daniel Manning's Brief Editorial.

The late Daniel Manning, many years ago, had a spat with a country newspaper of vile typographical appearance. In speaking about it he said: "The Bunker Hill Herald is set up in shingle nails and run off on a cheese press."—The Journalist.

A Fine Man.

Omaha Man—Let me see. Mr. Sarsopp is from your section, isn't he?

Colorado Man—Yes; lived there for years. "He seems to be a remarkably fine man."

"Finest set mules in the world."

"I should suppose not."

"No; they're all dead."—Omaha World.

FURS

BRODIE.

They Unite Beauty, Refinement and Luxurious Comfort. Every woman wants them, and particularly wants them

"FOR HOLIDAYS."

Seal, Fraise, Sable, Fox, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear—all are fine, but Seal holds first rank; it is the representative Fur. Fine Alaska Skins at best London Dye, Gold Shade and color. For years until literally "worn" out; the China and deepest Island Skins do to sell, but one season will tumble and roughen them and begin to show that ugly "red" which tells their owner she has become an experience too. Much better take a humbler material, which will prove what it pretends to be, than a cheap seal.

Women love "bargains." Just beware of them in furs, especially in seal. Fine Skins are always dyed. Common Skins are plenty, and they furnish the "50 Sacques Advertised as" worth" $100, etc. Ages are like diamonds in one thing—take care of WHOM you buy.

My Specialty and My Pride, are My Seal.

Hot come to me for Sacques, Circulars, Muffs, Rugs, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small in any furs. Holiday gifts for all seasons for any direction as to size and relationship —Plenty of range for choice here. Prices are right, for material and quality, and as low as can be, As I import AND SELECT, my own skins, and make them up, I know what I keep, what I keep, and you'll be told exactly what you're getting, too.

The only guarantee in buying Fur's is the dealer's reputation. Reputation requires age. I have been FORTY years.

Furs are like diamonds in one thing—take care OF WHOM you buy.

12-19-1m-eod

JAMES A. BRODIE, 39 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

HENRY HANCHETT,

GROCER,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

Dealer in

Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN SEASON.

Ferris & Co's. celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.

The leading druggist of Mass Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you remain at the present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE

And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street. MRS. VARGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.

Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of

DR. J. H. FORDER, Veterinary Surgeon, 12 East Fifth street,

Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The remedy of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of distribution would prove ruinous if the article was not a perfect cure for coughs and colds and throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your house or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottles free at R. A. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,

Fresh every day.

Designs for weddings, parties and funerals, at short notice at short notice at the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lancaster, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES

Do your own dyeing, at home, with Prentiss Bros. Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10 cents a package. Ask your druggist for them. They have no equal for strength of colors. They have no equal for brightness. Are the cheapest for Fast Brightness. Are the cheapest for quantities. They stand Fast, for fashion months. They do not crock or rust. For sale by R. A. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-17-1y

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ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

for Rubber Stamps for marking Linen, for Printing Cards, Bill Heads, Wrapping Paper, Receipts, etc., at

Lowest Prices.

Also for Music, Toys, Games, etc.

3 EAST FRONT STREET.

L. HEYNIGER,

63, 65 and 67 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.

WOODENWARE

etc, at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 113.

Hecker's Goods in great variety.

SLEIGHS

SLEIGHS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.

18 Somerset street

PLAINFIELD.

A. M. VANYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

56 Park Avenue.

Telephone Call 82. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 82. Office of Middle Cemetery

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash, or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. S. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, DEPT. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

XXXX

BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.

KENNEY BROS.

INSURANCE

Wm. A. Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England, Westchester of New York; Sorwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen, of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates; has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berr's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second 2d

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.

Desirable bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North American Philadelphia, Phenix and Farmers' Fire Insurance, Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Class Mortgages.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 904

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Estimates cheerfully furnished. We are prepared to do all kinds of Repairing at short notice, Castings for machinery, bridges, building work, Iron Fronts, and all work where grade bars, furnace pots, stove grates, cellar doors, iron railing and various other articles are kept in stock. We have large variety of patterns for which we might be called for. Machinery built by the day or contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc.

J. C. NEWTON

PLAINFIELD ORNAMENTAL EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JOSEPH CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our aggregation is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with W. Lund, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 1416. Telephone call 82. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELL'S

BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crock, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented, the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

CUTLERY

SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

13 E. Front street.

Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

WE HAVE

Sold Nearly

all of our great bargains which we have advertised so largely, but have a few left which it would pay you to examine and take advantage of them now and the New Year, when we will withdraw any left over, to make room for large and fresh stock.

A Reduction of 25 per cent. in overcoats.

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

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Isaac Brokaw,

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12 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York. Hanover of New York. Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J. Insurance effected on all kinds of property. Furnitures and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.

Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

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B. T. BARNES'

Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.

ALL OUR OWN MAKE.

OPPOSITE P. O.

BUILDER

James H. Pope,

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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,

P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Special attention paid to the "Decker" stove, which cannot be excelled.

R. ANDERSON.

THE

People's Market,

OPENED 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. S. H. Budd, desires to solicit the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

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Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any part of City of Plainfield. 3 North avenue.

Sold M. J. 2-1y

PARK HOUSE,

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Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board. Carriages and coaches to be transferred to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

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COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

18 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

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GEO. A. MOORE,

(Of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established Market at

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Where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

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Kids of all kinds, Oranges, Lemons, Grapes in season, Nuts, Dates, Figs, Prunes, Apricots, and Raisins, Malaga in clusters, Layer, Loose and Sultana.

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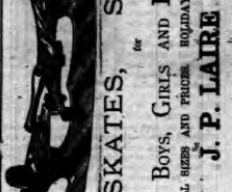

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

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Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker or Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants for sale.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser,

Ladies' and children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves for $1. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-22-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Demens's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Truck and Coal Yards store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 85, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 front street.

H. N. Spencer, 69 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees and Spices. Pamper goods, yours cheerfully. 3 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Ware, Tinner, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 12 East Third street, P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Whitening and tinting kalsomined any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the latest fashions, and would be pleased to see the best and latest style. 18 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser.

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of Perfumery, Hair tonics and powders. Manicuring and theatrical work a specialty. Wall Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road.

dealer in all Kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures.

At wholesale at New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

72 Somerset street.

Meat Market.

Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 14.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 21 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,

Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work over. Pumps repaired. Satisfaction guaranteed. Call and leave orders at residence of Mrs. Hall, 20 Park place, or by card or note addressed to P. O. Box 1163.

T. E. Morgans,

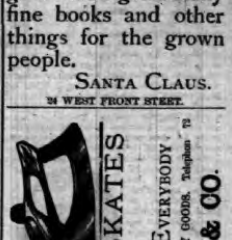
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 17 1-2 West Front street.

TO ALL GOOD CHILDREN AND THEIR FRIENDS.

On and after date I will be at RAND'S to receive requests for Holiday presents and I will see that the requests are carefully filled. I have lots of toys for both boys and girls and a great many fine books and other things for the grown people.

SANTA CLAUS.

24 WEST FRONT STREET.



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ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS. Telephone 73

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

J. S. POWLISON,

55 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of

Flour, Feed, Grain,

Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.

FRENCH'S BUILDING,

69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 23. P. O. Box 1083.

FOTOGRAFS,

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

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Opp. Post Office.

TRY OUR

NEWS ENGLAND'S QUEEN and FARMAN

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't become the bread, but from which it is made, and makes it recognized in quality. 11

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand. Parties or families supplied with bread, pies or cakes at short notice. Orders left at the store or sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 12 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE NEATEST STYLE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want columns daily furnish a quantity of information which is a boon to those of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For business and for the side and front, it is a better class of newspaper than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertising rates pay better than those of all the other papers published in the county. Its reputation, as the conduct of its business, is unsullied by question. In all that goes to make a newspaper a welcome and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this portion of the State.

SPITTINGS.

—Yesterday's snow fall was about four inches.

—Leo Datt, the electrician, is having a new laboratory erected at his residence on Putnam avenue.

—Isaac Brokaw closed the sale of two lots on Summit avenue, North Plainfield, for Bishop Corbell yesterday afternoon. The lots are Nos. 21 and 22, Block I.

—Messrs. James McClure and Rogers were the only members of the Fire Board who appeared at the meeting room last evening, and as there was no quorum there was no meeting.

—The singers of the Church of the Heavenly Rest at Evans will take part in choral services at that church at four o'lock in the afternoon of the first Sunday in each month, beginning Feb. 5th.

—Branch No. 8, Emerald Beneficial Association, of this city, have furnished rooms at No. 18 Park avenue and will hereafter hold forth there. An adjourned meeting was held in the room last evening.

—The public school pupils in Hagar's Allegory, "The Great Republic," hold a final rehearsal this afternoon. All take their parts well, and the exhibition, advertised elsewhere, promises to be a big success.

—A horse attached to a sleigh owned by Hugh O'Donnell of West Front street while tied at a hitching post on Front street, opposite the Post Office, this morning, became frisky and broke the shafts of the sleigh.

—A three thousand pound Herring safe was yesterday placed in the handsome law offices of Messrs. Clark & Reed, in the First National Bank building. That enterprising firm evidently intend that valuable papers left in their charge shall have every possible protection.

—Assemblyman Frank Dermitt, one of the Democratic bullies of the last Legislature which so disgraced the State of New Jersey, appears by our regular dispatches yesterday, to have started in for revenge upon Monmouth Co. for going Republican at the last election. The Democratic Legislature last year legalized pool selling at the Monmouth Park, and the Governor approved the bill for which the next Democratic gambling bill was too much for the people of that Democratic stronghold to endure. Senator Nevius, an ex-soldier, who lost an arm in the war, and has a good reputation, was given a rousing Republican majority. Mr. McDermitt will now try to have his revenge on those interested in the gambling dens for not putting up enough money to elect the Democrats. The people will be benefitted by the failing out.

—About four o'clock yesterday afternoon Edwin S. Worsley, the late deputy detective, was unfortunate enough to go into Force's saloon on North avenue. He spent some time in there and was not in his best condition when he left the place. He says he was not under the influence of liquor; but, an hour or two afterward, on Park avenue, Policeman Lynch was compelled to arrest him, and he was detained in jail over night. He was arraigned before Judge Suydam and pleaded guilty to the charges of drunkenness and of using indecent language. Mr. Worsley pleaded thus, he said, as the cheapest way out of the difficulty, and was fined $10 and severely reprimanded. Several citizens came forward to pay the fine, Randolph Stelle was first, and upon paying it Mr. Worsley was released. For Mr Worsley's sake we regret the occurrence, and that he cannot see that the safest plan we can have to settle with him. The full penalty for the offense is $110 fine and sixty days in jail, but Judge Suydam felt that the ends of justice would be sufficiently served by the $10 fine this morning. Mr. Worsley's enemies will no doubt glout over his mistake.

A Cranford Horse Trade.

George Shindler, of Cranford, was in Orange yesterday making a tremendous effort to regain possession of a horse which Patrick Conway, also of Cranford, borrowed from him Sunday afternoon. Mr. Shindler failed in his efforts and to day he will probably seek the aid of the strong arm of the law.

Mr. Shindler's horse is in the possession of Patrick Coggins, of Cone street, and the latter retains it on the ground that he traded his own horse off for it in good faith and gave 25 cents to boot.

Conway, who borrowed the horse from Shindler, and who traded it for Coggins beast and 25 cents to boot, will probably be taken to Orange to day to explain matters.

"There is nothing in the horse trade," this afternoon he said, he simply wanted to drive a friend to Orange. He did not re-appear in Cranford, however, until Monday, and then it was with a strange horse. In Orange he met Coggins, and in course of conversation the latter referred to the trade he had made. Conway took quite a fancy to the horse which Coggins had obtained, and began to consider what options Mr. Shindler might have in the matter, he agreed on a trade as if the animal were his own.

Detective Conroy aided Shindler in finding Coggins yesterday, but the latter refused to come to terms. Shindler then came down to Cranford, intending to give Conway a piece of his mind and to take him back to Orange for examination and the mixed state of affairs.

John Weiss, of Newark, who fatally shot Thomas Hefferin in South Park on Saturday, July 16, was arraigned for trial in the court of Common Pleas in Newark on Monday, and indicted by Prosecutor Knox, on the ground that the officer charged the prisoner with the crime committed in the Hefferin affair. The court accepted the plea, and Weiss was remanded for future sentence.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Bills Introduced by New Jersey's Law-Makers in 1888.

(Special Correspondence.)

No. 14. By Mr. Rue. An act concerning a certain person to sell and dispose of certain property to sell the lands and tenements where they now or the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate of certain persons in this State, for the payment of their debts. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 15. By Mr. Rue. Establishing Bergen, Hudson, Essex, Passaic, Union, Morris, Warren counties as the northern counties of the State, and the counties of Monmouth, Ocean, Burlington, Camden, Atlantic, Cape May and Cumberland as the southern counties of the State, and the counties of Middlesex, Somerset, Hunterdon and Mercer as the middle counties. Directing the Board for the opening and closing roads for various counties in its respective counties. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 16. By Mr. Rue. Authorizing five persons to form an association for the improving, decorating or dedicating to public use of any cemetery or part thereof in any city or town in the State. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 17. By Mr. Gregory. Providing that railroad companies of whatsoever kind organized to construct a road, may receive from the State a grant of land to be selected with, by, and in such part thereof as is proportionate to the rate of $2,000 a mile to the length of the road constructed. (Railroads and Canals.)

No. 18. By Mr. Griggs. Providing a fine of $100 or three months' imprisonment, or both, for any person or persons who shall, by false pretenses, or by assuming to be officers of the State, obtain or attempt to obtain any money or other property belonging to any public library. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 19 By Mr. Cranmer. Enables safe deposit and trust companies to guarantee the payments of promissory notes, bills of exchange, etc., upon terms established by the board of directors. (Miscellaneous Corporations.)

No. 20. By Mr. Mcferin. Providing that the election for road overseers in townships shall take place on Thursday following the regular annual school meeting. (Miscellaneous Business.)

No. 21. By Mr. Ross. Provides that the Grand Army of the Republic shall be entitled to the free use of the encampment grounds in Monmouth county for an annual encampment of any time they may select in the year, subject to the approval of the Governor; all expenses for the repairs charged to the appropriation for the G. A. R. encampment. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 22. By Mr. Cranmer. Making it lawful for the Governor and Comptroller to deliver papers to publish the laws without regard to their political affiliations, providing the whole number designated shall not exceed 300. (Printing.)

No. 23. By Mr. Mcferin. Providing that the election for road overseers in townships shall take place on Thursday following the regular annual school meeting. (Miscellaneous Business.)

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No. 25. By Mr. Cranmer. Making it lawful for the Governor and Comptroller to deliver papers to publish the laws without regard to their political affiliations, providing the whole number designated shall not exceed 300. (Printing.)

No. 26. By Mr. Mcferin. Giving tax and water commissioners, in first-class cities, power to appoint a clerk and other assistants, subject to the approval of the Judge of the Circuit Court. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 27. By Mr. Gardner. Prohibiting the killing of any hare, doe, fawn or wild deer, for two years, and thereafter only between the 1st day of October and the first day of December of each alternate year, under a penalty of $50 fine and six months' imprisonment, one-half the fine to go to the informer. (Game and Fisheries.)

No. 27. By Mr. Gardner. Providing that the temporary suspension of a newspaper shall not be regarded as an invalidation of its legal age, if its publication is resumed within 12 weeks. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 28. By Mr. Wurts. Regulates the appraisement of taxes on real and personal property. (Municipal according to the wards of the township committee. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 29. By Mr. Wurts. Prohibits the assessment and collection of more than poll tax in cities composed within it portion of the limits of a township. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 34. By Mr. Matthews. Prohibiting the making of agreements within or without the State that would cause the scarcity of any articles of trade under a penalty of fine from $1,000 to $5,000. (Miscellaneous.)

No. 32. By Mr. Gallagher. Provides that a policeman in cities must serve six months before he can be promoted, and that the most promising graduates of the Police Academy in each school, at the expiration of Miss Bulkley's training class, receiving her diploma only last June at the High school, shall be appointed to service in Bellman Music Hall. She was the fourth daughter of Alexander Bell, of Jersey City, and Brooklyn parents, and a sister to Walter Bell, of the firm of Robbins & Bell, bankers, New York. The death notice in another column gives particulars of the funeral.

There is some anxiety over the whereabouts of Mr. W. B. S. Taylor, of Broadway, Plainfield, who has been spending the Winter in Africa to get rid of our cold weather, he having a weak throat, and relatives and many friends here were to be kept posted by letters in THE NEWS giving accounts of his travels. This answered the double purpose of saving him much labor and time in writing individual letters, and proved entertaining to our readers generally. Nothing has been heard of marriages. Mr. Taylor has had a fine time, Mrs. Fish, though in view of the experiences of others it may have got lost in our Post-office, which would be a thing hinted at by Mr. Taylor's friends in painful surprise. We received a letter of inquiry yesterday from Mr. Taylor's brother-in-law, Mr. Montgomery, of the Singer Company, New York, and who appears much alarmed at the failure to hear from the absent one.

The death of Furman Walker occurred at his home on Emily street, North Plainfield, at about four o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mr. Walker was aged 78 years and four months. The deceased was one of the early settlers of the locality, and was one of the most widely known and universally esteemed of Plainfield's citizens. About a year ago he was stricken with paralysis, which confined him to the house. Mr. Walker was a native of Ireland, son of Robert Walker, of Tyrone county, where he was born March 5th, 1809. He came to America in 1832, and settled in the Middle Parish of Plainfield in 1837. Five children resulted from this union, three of whom survive, namely: Mrs. Jane Ann Stevens, of Plainfield; Mrs. Mary Ann Hyde, of Perry ave., Robert, 30 New street; Alfred, of Plainfield, and Mrs. Sarah Ann Hyde, of Plainfield. The lady who died in 1882, according to the family record, was married to Mr. Walker in 1837. Mr. Walker's second wife died in 1872, and he was married to Mrs. Ann Gosbert, of Somerville, N. J., who survives him. The funeral services will be held at the house on Emily street, Friday afternoon, at two o'clock. Rev. Dr. Hall, of the First Presbyterian church, will officiate. Interment will be made in the family plot in the Evergreen cemetery.

G. A. R. Installation.

A public installation of the officers of Gen. Wadsworth Post, No. 25, G. A. R., at Stelton, will take place Tuesday evening, Jan. 31st. Past Post Commander Wm. Adams, of Post 18, has been detailed by the Department Commander to perform the ceremony. Past Post Commander Wm. Adams, of Post 18, has been detailed by the Department Commander to perform the ceremony, and all the members of Post 18 and the "Sons of Veterans of Cedar Creek" will be formally summoned to the Post by a committee of the Post. All Commander and Detailed Officers of G. A. R. of Plainfield and vicinity have cordial invitation to be present.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS

Is always the earliest of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Department.

Harassed to the Water's Edge.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The hardest "chased cat," and for carrying freight, was hauled to the water's edge at the foot of Jackson street on the Hudson river, this morning. Like going out.

Dead by His Wife's Hand.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 18.—Wm. Dodd, age 32, a former Staten Island lumber dealer, was found dead by his wife's side in bed this morning. He was subject to fits.

The Legislature.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 18.—The Legislature met this morning, passed a few bills and went into joint session. No appointments but of a few Commissioners of Deeds were made.

The United States Their Refuge.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—One thing can be surely depended upon as a consequence of the war rumors in Europe, that there will be such an emigration from Germany to the United States in the coming Spring as was never witnessed before.

Driscoll to be Hanged Monday.

ALBANY, Jan. 18.—The Court of Appeals has denied the application for a stay of execution in the case of Dan Driscoll.

In response to an appeal by Lawyer Howe to Governor Hill the latter has granted Driscoll a respite of three days. The murderer will be hanged Monday.

The L'Gascogne Safe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The French steamer *La Gascogne*, from Havre, which should have arrived here on Sunday morning and about which considerable apprehension began to be felt, arrived at the port this morning, and at noon was moored alongside her dock. All are safe.

Engineers Want Higher Wages

PITTSBURG, Jan. 18.—A committee representing the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers of the Pennsylvania company's lines called upon Manager Baldwin yesterday and presented a petition for an advance in wages. This, together with the conductors', brakemen's and yardmen's petitions now in the hands of the officials, shows that the movement is a general one. The officials are giving the matter careful consideration.

Niagara's Grand Ice-Bridge.

LEWISTON, N. Y., Jan. 18.—One of the grandest ice bridges that has ever been seen at Niagara Falls has been forming the past few days over the Niagara river nearly opposite the Prospect House. The jam was made last Saturday, and since then the ice has been piling up. The last ice bridge was in the Winter of 1884 and remained two months. All the guides have crossed this one, and the first woman to do so was Miss Mamie L. Edwards of Bridgeport, Conn., who was followed by Frankie Esmble, the soubrette actress, who was staying at the Falls.

Brother and Sister Killed.

ARKANSAS CITY, Ark., Jan. 18.—A girl and baby, well-known settler and brother, age about 14 and 13 years, were found yesterday morning dead, floating in the Mississippi River, near Huntington, Miss. They were tied by a rope to a floating log, were also fastened together at the hands and feet, and their bodies were divested of clothing. They had been in the water four or five days. The boy's head was crushed in. The girl had long auburn hair. Nothing was found to indicate who they were, where from, or friends are reported. A verdict that they were murdered by unknown persons.

Westfield Whittings.

Another old "settler" has gone. Mrs. Sarah B. Tompkins, widow of Stephen Thompkins, died at her residence on Elm street, Westfield, yesterday morning, age 79 years.

Joseph Perry, one of our ice men, began cutting ice, Tuesday, on Echo Lake, but was stopped by the snow storm. The ice is nine inches thick.

C. B. Ripley is having that part of South avenue running toward Cranford, which was badly washed by the spring freshet, graded, broken and better-shaped here made wooden culverts so that it has been hard work for anyone to drive over it.

Mrs. R. D. Chamberlain is going to remove his residence, the old stone factory to Westfield, adjoining his residence on Westfield avenue.

Mrs. J. S. Burtis has presented the Methodist Free Dispensary with a flag for their room, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

Quarterly Conference will be held next Sunday morning at the Methodist Episcopal church, Westfield. Rev. Dr. Fowler, presiding elder, will come up from Plainfield for a few months for the benefit of the pastor.

The Other Side.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In your issue of the 16th you published the following: "Mr. Ketcham's friends are congratulating him on having fallen completely out of the Republican party, and on having been read out by Politician Lynch. One was satisfied with the first, but the second was too much for him, and he gave way, some few days after, to the pressure brought to bear upon him, and has since been in the fold." Now, Mr. Editor, I am a friend of Mr. Ketcham, and I am not aware that he has ever been out of the Republican party, and I am sure that he has not been read out by Mr. Lynch, or any one else, and I am sure that he has not been in the fold since the 6th of November, 1886, when he was elected to the Assembly. I wish also to state that Mr. Ketcham has never been a candidate for any office, and I am sure that he has no desire to be, and I am sure that he will not be, unless he is the unanimous choice of the Republican party of this county

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS AND DAILY PRESS, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1892.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. NORWOOD, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or forty cents per month. Single copies two cents. Terms of Subscription, $5 per year payable in advance.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1892

SALFOUR'S PREDICAMENT.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Mr. Michael Davitt's confirmation of the story told by Mr. Wilfrid Blunt, affirming that Mr. Balfour had expressed his desire to see the Irish members in a bar of Home Rule leaders who were physically unable to survive their incarceration, fell like a thunderbolt in the midst of the House of Commons. Mr. Balfour seems to have failed to believe in the truth of Mr. Blunt's statement, and in fact distinctly doubt in the minds of others. The Daily Telegraph declares, when it was made public to Mr. Davitt's statement, that the ugly story ought to be told to every Englishman with the utmost circumstantiality of detail, and at the earliest possible moment. Mr. Labouchere, however, has also moved a number of members to efforts to have the Irish secretary arraigned before the bar of commons. It is said that Mr. Balfour will be confronted at the outset of the coming session with a presentment of the case, against which a general denial will be of no avail. A great many Irishmen have already put themselves on record as having condemned Mr. Balfour's indiscretion—not to characterize his utterances in stronger terms—and without the support of these gentlemen it is difficult to see how the chief secretary is to clear himself of the charge of gratuitous vindictiveness.

The comments of the Tory press and the Conservative members of the house of commons upon the new parliamentary tactics of Mr. Parnell indicate that the Irish leader's announcement of his programme has caused his political enemies considerable annoyance, not unmixed with fear. Some of the Conservative organs say that Mr. Parnell's move is the astuteness of Mr. Gladstone, who is credited with having inspired the former determination, but whether he has acted on his own initiative or at the instance of the ex-premier it is certain that the Irish programme of retraining from obstructive methods has removed the chief peg upon which the Tories hoped to hang their arguments favoring the various Irish bills to be introduced in the early part of next session. Should this feeling develop into an official promulgation favoring Parliament's extension of the throne of Bulgaria, active movements of Russian troops on the Galician frontier may be looked for as soon as the state of the weather and the condition of the roads will permit.

The Pacific Railroads.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The president's message to accompany the report of the Pacific railroad commissioners was laid before congress yesterday. The message urges the necessity of the early settlement by the government, concluding with these significant sentences: "The settlement and determination of the questions involved are peculiarly within the province of congress; the subject has been made quite a familiar one by congressional discussion; this is now supplemented by a report of the commission, the conclusions in the reports herewith submitted. The public interest urges prompt and efficient action."

Probable National Republican Delegates.

TRENTON, Jan. 18.—It is said that the Republican leaders have already quietly arranged the slate for the national convention delegates to be chosen at the state election in June. States Senator Sewell and State Senator John W. Griggs shall go as delegates at large. The seven congressional districts will be represented by the following prominent Republicans: First, Editor F. E. Paterson, of Camden; Second, Ex-Congressman J. Hart Brewer, of Salem; Third, John Kean, Jr., Fourth, Senator George H. Large; Fifth, William Walter Phelps; Sixth, George A. Halsey; Seventh, James Vredenburgh.

A Mother's Heroism.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Jan. 18.—Early yesterday morning the house of Daniel Berkstresser, near Shirleysburg, this county, took fire from a defective flue. Before retiring before the sleeping inmates, consisting of Mrs. Berkstresser and her four small children, awoke many of their number. Mrs. Berkstresser twice invaded the flames, carrying two of her children each time, and succeeded in saving them, though the combined efforts of the mother and her four little children, unprotected from the cold, walked through the snow nearly a mile to a neighbor's house.

Prohibitionists Active.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 18.—A conference of delegates from the towns of Onondaga county was held here yesterday afternoon. It was decided to put a Prohibition ticket in every town for the spring elections, and arrangements were made for tent work during the coming summer. The conference was attended by delegates from other counties who were on their way to attend the meeting of the Prohibition state committee at Utica today. Professor Samuel Dickie, of Michigan, the new chairman of the national Prohibition committee, spoke in Music hall here last night.

His Destination Around Suspicion.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 17.—Oliver Gratton was arrested here last night, charged with stealing nearly $50,000 from the Victoria bank, near Breckenridge, Colo. Gratton had been employed to work the property for the owners, but they charged him with stealing gold bullion. He left Victoria with a sleigh and team and took certificates amounting to nearly $20,000. He was on his way to Canada, but declares that he was only going there for the winter, and intended to return in the spring. He claims he is innocent and is being persecuted by the owners of the mine.

The Old Guard Ball.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The Old Guard ball at the Metropolitan Opera house last night was one of the brilliant events of the season. Among the prominent guests were Governor Hill and staff, Gen. Sherman, Governor Green of New Jersey, Rear Admiral Joseph Jewett, Gen. Sheridan, Whitelaw, Reid and Powers, Governor Biggs, of Delaware, Adjt. Gen. Marsh, of Pennsylvania, and the mayors of Syracuse and Brooklyn. Delegations of the Old Guard from Albany, Boston, New Haven, Allentown, Charleston, and London, England, were present.

Crushed to Death in the Wreck.

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OUR SHOPPING INTERESTS.

Urging the Necessity of Government Aid to Ocean Commerce.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The session of the American Shipping League convention was the only topic allowed to address from a number of delegates from different states, who urged congress not to add to our shipping interests to enable them to recover from the depredations done by the civil war. Capt. Charles Webb, ship builder, of Boston, spoke of the difficulty experienced by American shippers in securing foreign shipments in other countries where the government subsidized the ships. Aid from congress, and if not only, then a subsidy to ocean mail steamers. Dr. Faller, president of the board of trade of Bath, Me., ex-Governor Furbush and Capt. Hall, of Portland, urged the importance of the importance to the government in time of peace and especially in time of war, of maintaining our shipping interests.

The next speaker was William H. Webb, of New York, said that the commercial interests of the country needed the restoration of the merchant marine. He favored the proposition to subsidize ocean mail steamers. Mrs. Wilson, of Hunting Water, Ohio, spoke in favor of the government to build a navy that would be fighting in the west. There must be ships on the ocean to protect our commerce, that Mr. Balfour was confronted at the outset of the coming session with a presentment of the case, against which a general denial will be of no avail. A great many Irishmen have already put themselves on record as having condemned Mr. Balfour's indiscretion—not to characterize his utterances in stronger terms—and without the support of these gentlemen it is difficult to see how the chief secretary is to clear himself of the charge of gratuitous vindictiveness.

The comments of the Tory press and the Conservative members of the house of commons upon the new parliamentary tactics of Mr. Parnell indicate that the Irish leader's announcement of his programme has caused his political enemies considerable annoyance, not unmixed with fear. Some of the Conservative organs say that Mr. Parnell's move is the astuteness of Mr. Gladstone, who is credited with having inspired the former determination, but whether he has acted on his own initiative or at the instance of the ex-premier it is certain that the Irish programme of refraining from obstructive methods has removed the chief peg upon which the Tories hoped to hang their arguments favoring the various Irish bills to be introduced in the early part of next session. Should this feeling develop into an official promulgation favoring Parliament's extension of the throne of Bulgaria, active movements of Russian troops on the Galician frontier may be looked for as soon as the state of the weather and the condition of the roads will permit.

The Pacific Railroads.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The president's message to accompany the report of the Pacific railroad commissioners was laid before congress yesterday. The message urges the necessity of the early settlement by the government, concluding with these significant sentences: "The settlement and determination of the questions involved are peculiarly within the province of congress; the subject has been made quite a familiar one by congressional discussion; this is now supplemented by a report of the commission, the conclusions in the reports herewith submitted. The public interest urges prompt and efficient action."

Probable National Republican Delegates.

TRENTON, Jan. 18.—It is said that the Republican leaders have already quietly arranged the slate for the national convention delegates to be chosen at the state election in June. States Senator Sewell and State Senator John W. Griggs shall go as delegates at large. The seven congressional districts will be represented by the following prominent Republicans: First, Editor F. E. Paterson, of Camden; Second, Ex-Congressman J. Hart Brewer, of Salem; Third, John Kean, Jr., Fourth, Senator George H. Large; Fifth, William Walter Phelps; Sixth, George A. Halsey; Seventh, James Vredenburgh.

A Mother's Heroism.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Jan. 18.—Early yesterday morning the house of Daniel Berkstresser, near Shirleysburg, this county, took fire from a defective flue. Before retiring before the sleeping inmates, consisting of Mrs. Berkstresser and her four small children, awoke many of their number. Mrs. Berkstresser twice invaded the flames, carrying two of her children each time, and succeeded in saving them, though the combined efforts of the mother and her four little children, unprotected from the cold, walked through the snow nearly a mile to a neighbor's house.

Prohibitionists Active.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 18.—A conference of delegates from the towns of Onondaga county was held here yesterday afternoon. It was decided to put a Prohibition ticket in every town for the spring elections, and arrangements were made for tent work during the coming summer. The conference was attended by delegates from other counties who were on their way to attend the meeting of the Prohibition state committee at Utica today. Professor Samuel Dickie, of Michigan, the new chairman of the national Prohibition committee, spoke in Music hall here last night.

His Destination Around Suspicion.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 17.—Oliver Gratton was arrested here last night, charged with stealing nearly $50,000 from the Victoria bank, near Breckenridge, Colo. Gratton had been employed to work the property for the owners, but they charged him with stealing gold bullion. He left Victoria with a sleigh and team and took certificates amounting to nearly $20,000. He was on his way to Canada, but declares that he was only going there for the winter, and intended to return in the spring. He claims he is innocent and is being persecuted by the owners of the mine.

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FATALITIES OF THE STORM

MORE DETAILS OF THE BLIZZARD'S FATAL BREATH.

Nine Lives Now Made Known—Numerous Accidents and Shipwrecks Reported from Various Sections.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 18.—Chief Signal Service Officer Lyons has received reports from all parts of the state except the extreme northwest, and the following list of casualties is the result. Dr. Faller, president of the board of trade of Bath, Me., ex-Governor Furbush and Capt. Hall, of Portland, urged the importance to the government in time of peace and especially in time of war, of maintaining our shipping interests.

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SO BREAK IN THE STRIKE.

Mr. Powderly Says Everything Is Quiet at Scranton.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 18.—Mr. Powderly arrived here this morning and says that there are no changes in the situation. He says that everything is quiet and that the strikers are firm in the belief that they will win. He says that the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company has been unable to get a single man to work in the mines, and that the Delaware & Hudson company has been able to get only a few men to work. He says that the Delaware & Hudson company has been able to get only a few men to work. He says that the Delaware & Hudson company has been able to get only a few men to work.

THE STATE CHAIRMANSHIP

PENNSYLVANIA'S DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE IN SESSION.

The Chairmanship Contest Between the Friends and Enemies of Mr. Guffey.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 18.—The Democratic state committee met at the Lochiel hotel this morning to decide the contest for the chairmanship of the committee. The friends of Mr. Guffey, who has been in charge of the party machinery for the past four years, claim that he has a majority of the committee, and will be re-elected. The opposition, however, claim that they have a majority of the committee, and will elect their candidate. The contest is a very close one, and it is impossible to say which side will win. The committee is composed of 100 members, and a majority of 51 is necessary to elect. The opposition claim that they have 51 votes, and the friends of Mr. Guffey claim that they have 51 votes. The contest is a very close one, and it is impossible to say which side will win. The committee is composed of 100 members, and a majority of 51 is necessary to elect. The opposition claim that they have 51 votes, and the friends of Mr. Guffey claim that they have 51 votes. The contest is a very close one, and it is impossible to say which side will win.

SAVED BY THE DEVIL.

Two Men Rescued from Drowning by a Mysterious Stranger.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—Two men were rescued from drowning in the lake at the foot of Chicago avenue this morning by a mysterious stranger, who disappeared as soon as he had performed the act. The men were Thomas Kelly and Thomas Kelly, and they were both employed on the dredge Chicago, which is engaged in deepening the harbor. They were working on the dredge when they fell into the water. They were both rescued by a mysterious stranger, who disappeared as soon as he had performed the act. The men were Thomas Kelly and Thomas Kelly, and they were both employed on the dredge Chicago, which is engaged in deepening the harbor. They were working on the dredge when they fell into the water. They were both rescued by a mysterious stranger, who disappeared as soon as he had performed the act.

THE TRADE BULLETIN.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Money closed at 2@3 per cent. The highest rate was 6 per cent. The lowest rate was 2 per cent. The average rate was 4 per cent. The total sales were 1,000,000 shares. The total sales of bonds were $1,000,000. The total sales of stocks were 1,000,000 shares. The total sales of bonds were $1,000,000. The total sales of stocks were 1,000,000 shares.

CONDENSED NEWS.

At the meeting of the American Baseball association at Cincinnati, Kansas City was refused room on the eighth club of the association.

The Supreme court of Tennessee has decided that the Democratic party may nominate a candidate for governor at a convention to be held on Thursday, 4 September, 1892.

A dispatch from London states that Lord Dunraven has made flight over the Irish channel in his balloon, the Valkyrie.

The organization of the Republican League of Kansas was completed at Topeka, Kansas, on Tuesday, 5 September, 1892.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. CLARK & CRANE, Counsellors at Law, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, Special Masters in Chancery, Commissioners for other States, Office, No. 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

D. E. F. RANDOLPH, DENTIST, Office, No. 11 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

C. E. SMITH, ARCHITECT, Office, No. 11

THE CHINESE LEGATION

Representatives of the Celestial Empire in the United States.

Those who are in position to know declare that Chang Yen Hoon, the Chinese minister to the United States, has more power than is accorded to any other foreign minister who has ever represented his nation in this country. He not only represents the Celestial Empire in the United States, but in all America, north and south, appoints consul generals, has charge and supervision of United States diplomatic affairs in Chili, and superintends the Celestials

CHINESE MINISTER AND RESIDENCE.

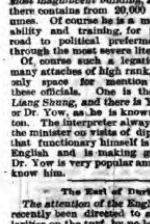
representatives in Spain, his foreign minister to the United States is housed so sumptuously at the Chinese legation that the ambassador from the Court of England, and, in fact, there are finer houses in Washington than the Stewart castle, which Chang Yen Hoon occupies. The Stewart castle has a history of its own hidden behind its brown stone walls, and its recent refitted up in the most gorgeous manner. There are stained glass windows galore, a shed mailow light over the richly upholstered furniture, the few articles of art from his native China, the wood carvings of the western world and the china and crystal of the table services, the smooth mirrors reflecting the elegant antiquebric-a-brac which adorn the receptions and drawing rooms. One would hardly hazard the supposition on entering the house that it was occupied by Chinese unless the dwellers therein were present, for there are very few articles of Chinese make to be seen, in fact, not so many as in most homes occupied by people of means and esthetic tastes. But the minister and all the attaches of the legation dress in Celestial fashion.

Before Chang Yen Hoon was made minister to America he held many important offices in China. Among other high posts were the governorship of the province of Che-Foo and that of Woo-Hoo, inspector of the salt revenue, grand judge of the Ou Whang province and attache of the foreign office at Pekin. He is 50 years old and his home is at Canton, a city larger than New York, for it has 1,600,000 inhabitants. His forefathers were merchants and they bequeathed him great wealth. His Canton palace is a most magnificent building, and his library there contains from 40,000 to 50,000 volumes. Of course he is a man of literary ability and training, for in China the road to political preferment lies only through the most severe literary training.

Of course such a legation as this has many attaches of high rank, but we have only space for mention of two of these officials. One is the interpreter, *Liang Shung*, and there is *Yow Jiar Shee*, or Dr. Yow, as he is known in Washington. The interpreter has a second to the minister on visits of diplomacy. But that functionary himself is now studying English preparatory to passing examined. Dr. Yow is very popular among those who know him.

The Earl of Durham.

The attention of the English people has recently been directed to alleged irregularities on the turf, by no less a personage than the Earl of Durham. Having lost considerable money on his race horses, the noble earl has finally discovered that he never had any chance to win. At a recent dinner at the Gimcrack club at York he openly attacked the present practices of the turf, stating that notwithstanding the fact that the rules prohibiting jockeys from betting on a race in which they ride, they are accustomed to wager not only on, but against their mounts, and that the jockeys and their accomplices almost always arrange beforehand which horse shall win. In his remarks he referred unquestionably to the stables of a celebrated Durham



LORD DURHAM.

Sir George Chetwynd. This led to a challenge to a duel from Sir George, which Lord Durham declined, preferring a suit in the courts.

Lord Durham, though not over 39 years of age, has lived long enough to become a peer of England, to have figured in a divorce case, at the end of which he had raised such a storm of indignation as to oblige him to leave England. He was one of twins, and, having come into the world two minutes before his brother, fell heir to about $200,000 income, while the later arrival was obliged to content himself with a beggarly $30,000. The elder brother with a title and a splendid income was, of course, regarded as a desirable catch for any young English woman who could secure him for a husband. Among the beauties who, at the season of 1883 was a Miss Milner, a member of an old Yorkshire family, and one of the most famous beauties in London. This young lady was pressed by her relatives to accept Lord Durham's title and princely income. Unfortunately for her her own fortunes was plunged by the necessity of taking Lord Durham himself, but she finally married him.

In a short time Lord Durham, who seems to have been very anxious to get rid of his wife as he had been to secure her, brought suit for divorce on the ground that she was mentally imbecile. The trial of this case attracted great attention, and was the cause of great sympathy for the young woman who had been sacrificed by her family for the sake of position and gain. The suit's failure for annulment of the marriage was denied, and he retired with the suit dismissed by the lord chancellor of England.

After a prolonged tour abroad this nobleman returned to England and attempted to win money where he had failed to win respect.

THE LAST BLOW STRUCK.

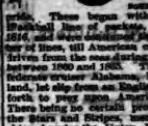
AMERICAN SHIPPING WIPED OFF THE FACE OF THE SEAS.

The Fast Sailing Clipping Ships, and Even Some of Our Best Steamers Driven by Yankee Sailing Craft, to Be Purchased by British Tramp Steamers.

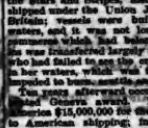
UNDER THE STARS AND STRIPES.

UNDER the stars and stripes the Yankee sailor has been a conqueror. The Stars and Stripes have been the emblem of American supremacy on the seas. And now, after a hundred years of glory, the flag is to be hauled down, and the American sailor is to be driven from the ocean by the British tramp steamer.

Three hundred years ago the Yankee sailor began to win his fame. Then he was a fisherman, and he first made his name famous in the fisheries of Newfoundland, but he soon became a navigator, and in 1620 and 1630 he was sailing his own ships to the West Indies, Madeira, Spain and Portugal. Then he began to build ships for others, and in 1676 and 1686 there were launched upon the waters of Boston, New York and Philadelphia ships of 300 tons burden, which were considered very large. During the French and Indian wars, from 1744 to 1763, the American sailor was in demand, and he was employed in the navies of England and France. In the Revolutionary war he was the terror of the British navy, and he was the first to hoist the flag of the United States over a man-of-war. In 1794 the first frigates were launched, and in 1797 the Constitution, "Old Ironsides," was launched. She was followed by the United States, the Chesapeake, the Constellation, the Congress, the Essex, the Adams, the Boston, the Ganges, the Hornet, the Wasp, the Enterprise, the Argus, the Vixen, the Siren, the Viper, the Scorpion, the Lynx, the Nautilus, the Enterprise, the Hornet, the Wasp, the Frolic, the Peacock, the Epervier, the Reindeer, the Avon, the Syren, the Ontario, the Saratoga, the Erie, the Niagara, the Lawrence, the Java, the Guerriere, the Macedonian, the Chesapeake, the Constitution, the United States, the Constellation, the Congress, the Essex, the Adams, the Boston, the Ganges, the Hornet, the Wasp, the Enterprise, the Argus, the Vixen, the Siren, the Viper, the Scorpion, the Lynx, the Nautilus, the Enterprise, the Hornet, the Wasp, the Frolic, the Peacock, the Epervier, the Reindeer, the Avon, the Syren, the Ontario, the Saratoga, the Erie, the Niagara, the Lawrence, the Java, the Guerriere, the Macedonian.



These began with the famous Blackball line of packets, organized in 1816, and were followed by the Swallow-tail line, till American commerce was driven from the seas during the civil war, between 1860 and 1865. Then the Confederate cruiser Alabama, sailing to England, let slip the dogs of war, which sailed forth to prey upon American shipping. There being no certain protection under the Stars and Stripes, American vessels shipped under the Union Jack of Great Britain; vessels were built in British waters, and it was not long before the American flag was driven from the seas. Its use was transferred largely to the people who had failed to see the sublime building on her waters, which was to go forth unprovided to battle against the commerce of the world. Then, after great controversy, the celebrated Geneva award was paid over to America $15,000,000 for the damage done by American shipping, the other hands paid for the vessels and cargoes actually destroyed by the Alabama. The commissioners met at Geneva in the meantime of the most magnificent of the representatives of the United States. The subject of interest claimed was to be, of course, among other things, the transfer of the American trade. At the same meeting of these interest Prince John Bull turned white with wrath. They were waiters, haughtily, at the ball of the commissioners, pocketing all profit to accrue in the merchant service with its increase, that would have to be given to the people of the United States. The world applauded this remarkable triumph—this peaceful solution of its difficulty between the two great Anglo-American powers. But the mess of pottage, and Englishmen had cause to be delighted with the bargain.

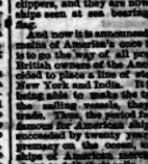


AMERICAN CLIPPER TILLIE E. STARBUCK.

The celebrated Blackball line, the first of the packet lines, was founded after the war of 1812 had secured the rights of American commerce. During the first decade of its existence twenty-three days was the average time between New York and Liverpool, though the Canada one of the Blackball line once made the trip out in fifteen days and eighteen hours. These vessels, though only from 400 to 500 tons burden, were considered very large, and in comparison with the merchantmen of a former period were ocean palaces. The Swallow-tail line started the Red Star line—and when, soon after, it was followed by the Swallow Tail line, New York had the exclusive right of a fast weekly service with Liverpool. The vessels of these lines were added to from time to time, gradually increasing in burden till they reached 1,000 tons, and about the year 1840 Capt. E. K. Collins (afterward the proprietor of a line of steamers) established the Dramatic line, whose vessels were all named for prominent actors.

In 1840 the prominence of packet ships began to decline, but a new service was springing up called the clipper service, which lasted till 1855. The first of these ships was the Rainbow, built about 1843, for the China trade, on an order from William H. Aspinwall. Her speed was greater than the packets, hence she was enabled to secure better freight. This induced others to build clippers until, in the year 1853, there arrived in San Francisco 167 vessels, of which 70 were clippers. Prior to the civil war British ship builders had tried to compete in the construction of vessels, but had not succeeded in wresting the palm for such work from America. But then came the Alabama. Since that time American merchant marine has almost entirely lost its grip on the foreign carrying trade, and the Stars and Stripes disappear from the high seas. But till now the American flag has floated over the vessels in the tea and China trade with the best of them. There have been some fine ships in this trade, three masted schooners and swift iron built clippers, and they are now about the only ships that seen at sea bearing the American flag.

And now it is announced that the last remnants of American commerce is about to be driven from the ocean, and now the last ships of the American merchant marine are about to take their sails.



UNLOADING THE STARBUCK.

The clipper ship Tillie E. Starbuck, 1,200 tons burden, is now in port at Boston, and her arrival in a few days now is expected. She is one of the most famous beauties in American shipping. She has been owned and fostered in American shipping by the pride of all who have been owned and fostered in American shipping. The ones are from stockholders made by the New York merchants, and they are her decks in Brooklyn the other day.

W CUTS A GREAT FIGURE.

Throttler, the Seven Foot Slab Sided Texas Giant.

The Texas giant is one of the attractions of the Hagenbeck-Wallace show, which will be exhibited in this city on the evening of the 20th inst. The giant's name is C. Throttler, of Texas. He is seven feet and four inches in height, and the same in girth around the chest. He is twenty-one years old and will weigh 350 pounds when in fighting trim. He is a native of Texas, and has been with the show for the past two years. He is a very quiet, unassuming young man, and is very much liked by all who have met him. He is a great favorite with the children, and will be pleased to meet all who call on him during his stay in this city. A correspondent for The St. Louis Republic, writing from Sedalia, Mo., says of Throttler's appearance in a matinee there:

"The giant entered the ring at the proper moment, and, leading a pony, began walking back and forth of the hall room, and both

ONE OF NATURE'S CONTRASTS.

the other. The gentleman had no more than taken his seat than he was started up from the rear, passed up from the front, and up from the left. Heads were reversed to avoid necks being strained, and near ones accommodated promptly. At Pittsburg the train stopped for supper, and Mr. Throttler left the car. Before starting on his journey, took a position on the depot platform, where, for the space of thirty minutes, he was looked at, quizzed, gazed, complimented, interrogated, and, by the smallest boy and longest man in the crowd, deeply envied."

Mr. Thruston served in the Confederate army during the war, and surrendered to Gen. Canby at Shreveport, La., at its close. Then he went to Titus county, Tex., where he has since lived.

A HISTORIC INCIDENT RECALLED.

Killing of the Trial Justice Who Tried and Fined on the Star of the West.

Accounts of a tragedy were recently telegraphed from South Carolina, wherein two names are associated which were much spoken together several years ago. They are Haynesworth and Sumter. It is today the same Haynesworth, but a different Sumter. Then it was the *Iowa*, in Charleston harbor; now it is a village in South Carolina.

On Jan. 10, 1861, when Maj. Anderson, with his handful of United States troops, were being reinforced by steamer by South Carolina soldiers, and it was a question as to how soon the little garrison would have to surrender or starve, a ship bearing the American flag was seen coming to sea. It was the Star of the West with provisions for the fort. It had just come daylight. Directly ahead were the guns of Fort Moultrie, on the left Morris island, and on a place called Cummings' point was a fortification over which floated a red Palmetto flag. Suddenly a cloud of smoke appeared, quickly followed by a boom and a shot. The ball plunged into the water and skipped along, falling short of the steamer. This was the first shot of a great war, and, with those which succeeded it on that eventful morning, prevented the Star of the West from provisioning the troops in Fort Sumter. That shot was fired by G. R. Haynesworth, one of the Palmetto army.

And now, nearly a third of a century after the Haynesworth row, Justice Haynesworth, of Sumter court house, South Carolina, sits in the same court house, and disposing justice. A feud, an inheritance of auto-biting times, has long been maintaining. The Haynesworths and the Sumters, of Bishopville, are lawyers. They had represented different parties in a suit. A quarrel arose about the fees to be allowed Knox. First one Sumter pounded him, and then he beat Knox. Then Knox and his father went to Bishopville, and after sundry pistol shots one of the Haynesworth's fell away from the ground with a ball in his hip.

ROBERT GRANT FINED AT THE BAR OF THE HON. DIVINE HAYNESWORTH.

It was on a Friday. The two Knox, father and son, had been warned that the Sumter cause were out gunning for them. The mayor of Bishopville had heard that there was no lie trouble, swore out a peace warrant against all the parties. They were arrested, and brought into court. Not they were not required to give bail, but were ordered to it before Judge a court which combines the school parties to a vendetta. On that Friday morning they came into court in a body. It was from the direction of the jail. They had been arraigned before the court with a view to a hanging of the peace. No sooner had the Knox and Sumter parties been seated than they began firing and cutting at each other. The beginning does not matter. Like all beginnings it is accursed in history. When the smoke of battle cleared away it was discovered that the two Knox, R. Pennington, F. G. Bowman and Walter J. Harty were all desperately wounded. The two Sumters, the presiding Justice Haynesworth. He fell dead, pierced through the brain by a bullet.

A Day Dreamer.

Do day when we fade or shake
And we shall remain in dreamland
Where the dream comes to fall on
Where the dream comes to fall on
Where the dream comes to fall on

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

HOW JAPANESE CHILDREN PLAY AT BLINDMAN'S BUFF.

A Good Boy Gives Experiences on Going Out Concerning the Cat—A Short Story About a Little Girl, a Donkey and a Turkey.

Little girl, 7 years of age, tells the following adventure in St. Nicholas: I went to my parents to a nice farm house to spend Thanksgiving. We arrived two days before Thanksgiving. I had great fun and learned to ride a pretty little donkey. He was named Buffy, and he was so gentle that he would let you pull his ears. The farmer was a kind man, and I asked him if he was going to get a turkey for Thanksgiving dinner. He said: "Now, I'll tell you what I'll do. If you will take Buffy and ride over the bridge to the barn yard, and count the turkeys you see there, I'll give you one for Thanksgiving, but you must count every turkey there is."

"I WOULDN'T LET US PASS HIM AT ALL."

So papa put me on Buffy and I started to count the turkeys in the barn yard. I knew how to count up as high as 100. But when we came to the bridge Buffy and I got such a fright. A monstrous bird, making more noise than he could, came running to meet us. He dropped right on the bridge in a mud as he could be, and his tail and all his feathers stuck out, and he wouldn't let us pass him at all. He was awful. So we had to turn back and gallop as fast as we could. I knew what he was, because his noise sounded like "gobble, gobble, gobble!"

Well, the farmer would have laughed at us for not going so close to the bridge to the barn yard, so I told him I only counted one, and he needn't mind about having turkey for Thanksgiving. But he said he would see about it. And what do you think? We did have one, all the same, when the day came, and doughnuts and mince pie afterward.

I was very sorry for my poor bird to be roasted; but I think that turkeys are a great deal too good when they are not cooked.

Blind Man's Buff in Japan.

Some of the Japanese games are quite original, others are astonishingly like our own. In a recent number of Wide Awake appeared the following description of blind man's buff, as played by some Japanese children.

JAPANESE CHILDREN AT PLAY.

The five Japanese boys playing blind man's buff are named, beginning with the third from the left, Tora, Totan, Kin, Yato, Kita and Mata. Totan is not more than 6 years old, as shown by the cut of his hair, similar to that of Yato and Kata. He is dressed in a nice little silk kosuno, or gown, of checked blue and black, lined with red silk and girded in with a wide sash of red silk. Kin is also 7 years old, for he has two little tufts on his head. His kosuno is either tucked up or his arms laid aside. His silk gown is striped in white, and lined with white. Our hat for a fool are pretty straw specials held on by a soft band passing between the great ears and the next, and across the chin. They are dressing silk robes, checked black and white and lined with crimson, his last boys laid hold upon by the tiny claws of Kata the "gilled man." The other boy's Mother Yato always likes to be over in the spring to divert Kats from Yato by the use of his hands; but probably no one but Yato knows the Kotatsu of Kata's mother. Mata has the finest dress of all; it is black silk with white flowers embroidered on it, lined with striped silk in scarlet and white.

A Composition About a Cat.

Following is the composition written by a small boy on the cats:

The cat is a curious animal; it has four legs and also four legs. Its head is on the end of its body, and its tail is at the other. When it walks its head goes before and its tail follows along behind. Its front feet are behind and its hind feet are in front of it. It has nine holes in its head. Its nose is in the middle with white flowers embroidered on it, lined with striped silk in scarlet and white.

Composition About a Cat.

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A Curious Riddle.

"What is that animal which walks on four legs in the morning, on two legs at noon and on three legs in the evening?"

This famous riddle stood puzzle which the sphinx is said to have propounded in olden times, devouring those who failed to solve the problem. Following is the answer: "In the morning of life the child crawls on all fours; later, he walks erect, and in the evening of age he supports his tottering steps with a staff."

Origin of a Common Superstition.

The common superstition "Mind your p's and q's" had its origin in the ale houses in the time of the Georges. When a score was run up each man's account upon the wall or slate. At the head of the list would be the initials P and Q, which stood for pints and quarts, and when the landlord turned up, he would say to the topers: "Mind your p's and q's," meaning "Take care you're not run up a score," or "Mind your p's and q's."

The latest carriage whips are a grotesque combination of durance and polished silver with the soft fluffy lure of fashion.

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MILE END
SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord for Hand and Machine. For sale at
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CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY
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IN SEASON.
Ferris & Co's. celebrated
HAMS, BACON
and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

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The leading druggist of Mass Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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Thousands of Boston people, even the Editor of the Transcript, would advise you to try Salvation Oil if the human was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. K. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss F. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opp. the North avenue.

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Do your own dyeing at home, with Pearline Dye. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. per package. 4 colors. They are equal for Strength, Brightness, Amour in Package or for Fast Dyes of Color, or any other qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-27-tf

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WOODENWARE
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Fine Groceries,
19 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Try the Bermuda Rose recommended by Prof. A Tolfrey and Andrew Jarrold & Sons.

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All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 810.

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a very large stock of
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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Goods' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
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at New York prices. Glass in West Front street. Remember the drug and oil painting.

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First class appointments. Modern conveniences.
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Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold on Wall or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.
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COAL YARD,
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GOOD Accommodations.

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Best brands of
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Cabinet size, finished in
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TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND GRAHAM and PARISIAN
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for sweet, light, nutritious and delicious bread. Our bread is unsurpassed. All orders promptly filled. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Give Us A Trial
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All kinds of fancy baking made to order and delivered to any part of the city. Orders left at the store will receive prompt attention.
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT ONE HALF REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE ALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its small column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than them of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, reliable and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Allegory to-night.

—Jean Rodman will deliver a free lecture at Reform Hall this evening.

—An account of a heavy cold, Mr. M. M. Dunham will be unable to hold a rehearsal at the Warren Union Mission Friday evening.

—Gazelle Engine Company and their invited friends will partake of a banquet to-night.

—The new safe put into Clark & Reed's law office, Tuesday, was moved by Lewis Coddington, who bought out the trucking business of Tunis Carey.

—A rumor in Plainfield to the effect that several buildings in Scotch Plains were burned this morning was carried to Scotch Plains and surprised the villagers, who had heard of no fire.

—There were at least two sleigh ride parties in town yesterday, one from Round Brook at Laing's Hotel in the afternoon, and one from Perth Amboy at the City Hotel in the evening. Several Plainfielders enjoyed a straw ride to New Brunswick last evening.

—This morning at about ten o'clock two figures of snow fell in front of Schwed Brod', furnishing store. They lay on the walk unable to raise, but, through the able assistance of head Clerk Becker, they were once more placed in position.

—The annual meeting of the State Historical Society will be held next Tuesday, at 11 a. m., in Trenton. A. D. Mellet, jr., of Plainfield will read a paper on "The Hessians in New Jersey—Just a Little in Their Favor." Officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

—We would like to publish the names of all those who worked so zealously at the fire last night and who deserves especial credit because of the present condition of the Fire Department, but the secretaries having the roll calls of the companies could not give them, as most of those who turned out did not bother their heads about the roll call but simply pitched in and fought the flames.

—Peter S. Bergen of Somerville held forth at Spencer's Hall last evening to an audience of about twenty persons, and talked and sang to their apparent satisfaction. He was very much disappointed at the non-appearance of Mr. French, whom he expected to formally introduce him, but Mr. French was detained in New York.

—The number of eggs in the basket referred to in the puzzle published recently in THE NEWS, has been differently arrived at by two persons thus far. One answer, given by A. W. Tuttle of Plainfield, makes the number 301, and one by a young man in this office makes it 721. Either number will count out all right, but 721 eggs seem a large number to get in one basket. Another correspondent sends an egg puzzle: If a hen and a half lay an egg and a half in a day and a half, how many eggs will five hens lay in six days?

PERSONAL.

The wife of J. P. Lafre is low with pneumonia.

W. J. Mattox of Arlington avenue entertained a score of friends at a reception last night. Supper was served at about twelve o'clock.

Mrs. Anna, wife of Dennis J. Daly of New York, died this morning at the residence of her mother, Mrs. William Sullivan on West Third street, in her twenty-fourth year.

Messrs. Franklin, Robert and Oscar Smith with another brother, all of Hoboken but formerly of Plainfield, will act as a male quartette in the "Sherman's Summers" scene in the allegory, "The Great Republic," at Music Hall.

Mrs. Ann Waldron, widow, sister of Mrs. Ellen Carney, of North Plainfield, fell some time ago and dislocated her right arm. Yesterday afternoon, in her own yard on Emily street, she again slipped and fell on the icy walk and dislocated her left arm, which Dr. Fritts later set back.

A surprise party was given last evening to Miss Annie Murphy of No. 33 Washington avenue, North Plainfield. There were between thirty and forty present. The music for the occasion was from Brooklyn, L. I., and was most excellent. Mr. S. Fletcher Tilton, who has many friends in this city and its suburbs, being one of the musicians.

Benjamin LaVere, of Bank Place, the popular cornet player, who has always been so obliging, has a handsome new gold cornet inlaid and engraved, presented to him by the famous cornet soloist, Mr. W. S. Mygrants, of New York City, who is to be one of the leading performers at the Promenade Concert and Ball, at the Crescent Rink, as advertised herein.

A South Plainfield Case.

Reuben C. and William H. Potter of Plainfield recently refused to cross the South Plainfield Railroad Company to cross their land without paying what were considered excessive damages. Appeal was made through the Courts, and Wesley Benner of Metuchen, Harmon Schell of Plainfield and Samuel R. Mamaluke of Piscataway were appointed to appraise the land and to award each of the Potters damages. These Commissioners yesterday awarded Reuben C. Potter $4,000 and Wm. H. Potter the sum of $1,500 for their respective lands. The decision is to be sent to the Common Pleas Court, when Judge C. T. Cornelison represented the interests of the Railroad Company, and C. H. Shafer of Rahway appeared in behalf the Potters.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Doings of New Jersey's Law-Makers for 1888.

BILLS INTRODUCED—SENATE.

No. 30. By Mr. Roe. Prohibits fishing except by hook and line or by trolling in the Rockaway or its tributaries, and imposes a fine of $20 or ten days' imprisonment for violation of the law. (Game and Fisheries.)

No. 31. By Mr. Abbett. Provides that when the general panel of jurors has been obtained, the Court can excuse any portion of them to attend to special cases in county courts. (Judiciary.)

No. 32. By Mr. Wyckoff. Permits the admission into the State of any insurance company doing business on the mutual plan, provided it conforms to the Secretary of State that the company is possessed of assets of $150,000, and a like amount of premiums or deposit notes, and agrees to pay taxes levied on the company in other respects shall comply with State laws. (Banks and Insurance.)

No. 33. By Mr. Nevius. Confirming and validating certain acts of trustees passed by annual bills, homestead and building association, and stock thereon was some question. (Corporations.)

No. 34. By Mr. Burdick. Provides compensation for one John F. Babcock, for loss of any amounting to $198, caused by his transfer from the New Jersey troops to the regular army. (Claims and Pensions.)

No. 35. By Mr. Ross. Providing that there shall be issued to the Secretary of State $150,000, and a like amount of premiums or deposit notes, in order to pay taxes levied on the company in other respects shall comply with State laws. (Banks and Insurance.)

No. 36. By Mr. Nevius. Continuing and validating certain acts of trustees passed by annual bills, homestead and building association, and stock thereon was some question. (Corporations.)

No. 37. By Mr. Griggs. Requires that Judges of City District Courts shall be counsellors-at-law and shall be elected at legislative joint meeting for five year terms. (Judiciary.)

No. 38. By Mr. Martin. An act for the relief of William A. Ripley and James M. Durand, sons of Silas Durand, late collector of land of Josephus Soay, late treasurer of the State. (Finance.)

No. 39. By Mr. Wurts. Provides for a viceordinary or vice surrogate-general, who shall be a counsellor-at-law of at least ten years' standing and shall be appointed by the ordinary or surrogate-general from among the vice chancellors of the State, the appointee shall hold the office as long as he is vice chancellor, shall receive an additional salary of $1,500 a year, and shall have all the duties of the Clerk of the Prerogative Court referred to him by the surrogate-general. (Judiciary.)

No. 40. By Mr. Carter. Provides that no person without a license shall sell malt or spirituous liquor in quantities less than five gallons, except in the form of medicine; the penalty is a $50 fine to be recovered in action for debt. (Revision of Laws.)

BILLS INTRODUCED—HOUSE.

No. 70. By Mr. Voorhees. Provides for vacating dedicated streets, roads and alleys. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 71. By Mr. Voorhees. Authorizes the Freeholders of Union county to build a bridge across the Elizabeth river, at Summes street. (Commerce and Navigation.)

No. 72. By Mr. Hill. Enables cities to borrow money on temporary loans in anticipation of money received from the State. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 73. By Mr. Hill. To exempt municipal bonds from local taxation. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 74. By Mr. Hill. To transfer the bonding power of the Newark Aqueduct Board to Common Council, providing a sinking fund for the Board's debts and bonds and limiting the amount to be expended for extension of mains to $50,000 a year. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 75. By Mr. Hill. Gives Essex and Hudson counties the power to issue $100,000 worth of bonds for the erection of a new free bridge across the Passaic. (Commerce and Navigation.)

No. 76. By Mr McDermitt. To limit the number of chosen freeholders to one from each township. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 77. By Mr. Hill. Requires that all regular excursion tickets on railroads good until used. (Railroads and Canals.)

No. 78. By Mr. Hill. Prevents railroad companies from fixing a time limit on all tickets. (Railroads and Canals.)

No. 79. By Mr. Dennis. Repealer of the pool bill, permitting the sale of pools at the race tracks, passed last year. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 80. By Mr. Dennis. Repealer of the act conferring upon the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Union county to build a bridge across the Elizabeth river, at Summes street. (Commerce and Navigation.)

No. 82. By Mr. Hill. Enables cities to borrow money on temporary loans in anticipation of money received from the State. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 84. By Mr. Hill. To exempt municipal bonds from local taxation. (Municipal Corporations.)

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No. 87. By Mr McDermitt. To limit the number of chosen freeholders to one from each township. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 88. By Mr. Cutler. Provides that prosecutors of the Pleas shall prosecute bonds that are violated when given for support of bastard children. (Judiciary.)

No. 91. By Mr. Lomer. Gives fraternal mesmerist societies privileges of doing business in this State, whether they be incorporated under the laws of this or some other State. (Corporations.)

No. 92. By Mr. Fuller. Provides for retiring officers and men of paid fire departments at 60 years of age on half pay. Any member reaching the age of 50, and having served twenty years, shall receive a pension of $40 per month. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 93. By Mr. Fuller. Abolishes the office of Surveyors of Highways in cities. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 94. By Mr. Fuller. Limits the shooting of quail, pheasants and rabbits to the days between November 15th and December 31st in each year, and provides for shooting woodcock between the same days, with the month of July additional. (Game.)

No. 95. By Mr. Fuller. Provides for the payment of $500 to Thomas Flynn for services in Chase to the Committee on Railroads during the session of 1887. (Claims and Pensions.)

No. 96. By Mr. Lafferty. Authorizes the payment of $300 to Charles W. Schanck for services rendered as Clerk of the Committee on Judiciary, session of 1887. (Claims and Pensions.)

No. 97. By Mr. Brown (for the Speaker). Authorizes the payment of $500 to J. Scudder Mings for services as Assistant Engrossing Clerk, session of 1887. (Claims and Pensions.)

No. 98. By Mr. Brown (for the Speaker). Authorizes the payment to Frank Gulick, Chairman of the Committee of Municipal Corporations, session of 1887, the sum of $500. (Claims and Pensions.)

No. 99. By Mr. Harrington. Makes taxes and assessments in villages and other municipal corporations governed by a board of trustees a lien on a tract of land until taxes sale for the payment of the same.

No. 90. By Mr. Harrington. Provides that township committees of Monmouth county shall have the power to authorize the removal of fire from sidewalks and streets of the borough of lands, in front of which no shade trees have been erected. If the owner refuse, then contractors shall have power to remove the same, and the expense thereof shall be assessed against such lots or lands. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 91. By Mr. Farrell. Makes it illegal for employers to demand written or verbal contracts releasing damages either by railroad companies or employees of their employers. Penalty $100 fine and six months imprisonment. (Railroads and Canals.)

No. 92. By Mr. Farrell. Increases the number of Fotters' Relief Commissioners from three to five, makes the term five years and the salary $1,000 per year. It now gives the Commissioners the power to award damages to the Potters for the land and orchards taken for the purpose of the railroad, and provides for the payment of the money out of the State Treasury. (Labor and Industries.)

No. 93. By Mr. Farrell. Makes it illegal for employers in factories and workshops to demand releases of contracting from damages for injuries to employees. (Labor and Industries.)

No. 94. By Mr. Hoppenheimer. Provides that the State Treasurer shall transfer the favorable severance tax of any shall receive $200 for their services, one half to be paid by each township and the other half by the State. $100. (Judiciary.)

No. 95. By Mr. Voorhees. Appropriates the sum of $200 to the Rahway Valley Railroad Company for the purpose of building a bridge over the Rahway river, at Milton. (Commerce and Navigation.)

No. 96. By Mr. Keye. Authorizes the payment of $150 to Simon Conroy, Assessor of Hackensack township, in 1887. (Claims and Pensions.)

No. 97. By Mr. Keye. Provides that all State, city, county and township laborers employed in any capacity shall receive payment of least two dollars per day for their services. (Railroads and Canals.)

No. 99. By Mr. Hagan. Provides that $2 per week shall be paid by the State Treasurer to the Board of Chosen Freeholders of any county in which patients are confined in said county lunatic asylums. (Judiciary.)

No. 99. By Mr. Hagan. Provides for the formation of new road districts in Ridgefield township, Bergen county. (Judiciary.)

No. 100. By Mr. Hagan. Provides State so purchase lands for public parks or squares, and to improve the same, and to issue bonds for the cost of such purchase and improvements. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 101. By Mr. Fenton. Exempts active volunteer firemen from taxation to the extent of $500. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 102. By Mr. Lomer. Gives corporations whose certificates of corporation have expired and the same has not been renewed, privilege of renewing the same during the next year. (Corporations.)

No. 103. By Mr. Letts. Gives Trustees of Rahway Fire Department power to fix amount of Treasurer's bond. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 104. By Mr Harrington. Provides for a new ballot-box for use at elections. The size shall be one foot in length, breadth and depth, screwed on each corner with brass or iron, and shall have a lid fastened with brass or iron hinges and padlock. The different construction shall be used to fasten the lid. A red shall be so placed under the aperture that when the box or ballot is in the act of being put to put anything through the aperture in which the ballots are dropped. (Elections.)

No. 105. By Mr. Lomer. By request. Mr. Corbin's interstate commerce law of last year. It provides for a commission of three persons to be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate (and unless confirmed at any kind of pay during any season of the year, provided, the same is killed outside of the State. (Railroads.)

No. 107. By Mr. Jones. Gives volunteer firemen who are succeeded by a paid department right to form an exempt firemen's association and shall "save control of all moneys now in their hands. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 108. By Mr. Fuller. Provides amendment to law giving payment to sheep owners who have sustained losses from dogs. (Agriculture.)

No. 109. By Mr. Fuller. Repealer of the act making an appropriation for the Farmers' Protective School at Beverly. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 110. By Mr. Voorhees. Appropriates $1,900 to the State Librarians to be used for paying assistants. (Judiciary.)

No. 111. By Mr. Hill. Repealer of the Jersey City Terminal Bill (passed in 1888.) (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 112. By Mr. Corbett. Fixes compensation of Assistant Sergeants at Arms at $500. (Ways and Means.)

No. 113. By Mr. Feeney. Restores William Burke to citizenship. (Claims and Pensions.)

BILLS PASSED—SENATE.

S. 8. Enables Morristown to levy a tax for Health Board appropriation. (P. L. of '85, p. 14, constitutes a Commission to digest, rate, all fees and salaries of State, county and township officers and to distribute the same when collected, $2 to 0.

S. 1, extending the time of the completion of railroads when any company is not during the present year, 15 to 0; S. 2, an act to prevent the dumping of garbage in the navigable waters of this State, 15 to 0; S. 3, provides for new rules to govern the District Courts, 12 to 0; S. 71, validates the sale of certain lands and which has been published in only one newspaper, 12 to 0.

BILLS PASSED—HOUSE.

H. 24, providing that any person violating the oleomargarine law may have a trial by a jury of twelve men; H. 17, empowering trustees in village districts to borrow money from the public school funds for purposes of building and enlarging school houses and give four per cent. coupon bonds to secure payment of the same.

H. 8, Making it a misdemeanor to cut, deface, injure or destroy books, chart, &c., in any incorporated library punishable by a fine of $100; H. 30, amending the practice act to foreclosure suits.

S. 11, Validating sales of land where the same have not been properly advertised.

STATE NOTES.

John W. Miller, an old-time hotel keeper, and for many years proprietor of the ancient Franklin House, in Main street, Paterson, died yesterday.

The Rahway police received notice yesterday of the discharge of Wm. Wyckoff, who pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing a gold watch from Mr. Bowman, of Linden. Wyckoff was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

The Long Branch express on the Pennsylvania Railroad struck and wrecked Bald Win's express wagon at Market street, Newark, last evening. Albert Bald Win, the driver, was thrown out and slightly injured on the coroner's chest. The horse escaped injury.

Adam Stoner, age thirty-five, a car driver of Union Hill, committed suicide in the afternoon by hanging himself to the door of his bedroom in Kossuth street. Several men in the employ of the Hudson County Railroad Company for thirteen years. He leaves a wife and several children. The coroner says she knows of no reason why he should have committed suicide.

The Grand Jury of Passaic County has indicted John Hopper, a dealer in Market street, Paterson, and his assistant, John B. Collins, for selling goods there on the Union Lodge premises of the Order of Odd Fellows. Collins was arraigned yesterday and gave bail in the sum of $500 for appearance. Hopper, who is sick in bed, was released on his own recognizance as soon as he recovered.

The stockholders' meeting of the State Agricultural Society was held at the State House, Trenton, yesterday. Ex-Governor H. Williams, Jr., of Passaic, was elected President; Wm. H. Corbin, of Hunterdon, Secretary, and Wm. Parry, of Burlington, Treasurer. The following were elected Directors: Ex-Governor Williams, Wm. H. Corbin, Wm. Parry, Wm. Hall, Wm. Hamilton, Wm. Hunt, Wm. Hoffman

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
C. W. MORRISON, Editor and Proprietor.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Suburbs, by carriers at ten cents per week. Or, if paid in advance, at the rate of $5 per year; $2.50 for six months; $1 for one month; or 1 cent per copy.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19th

THE DEATH ROLL OF THE STORM

ST. PAUL, Jan. 19.—More details of death and terrible suffering caused by the blizzard are constantly arriving. In Rock county, N. Y., a farmer who started for a doctor was lost thirty-six hours after with his frozen body found within a few rods of his home. Seven miles west of Millard left his house, telling his wife that if the storm increased he would stay at the barn. He has not yet been found. Highgrove, D. T., a son of Alden Wilcox, of Stephen ranches, was caught by the blizzard on her return from the home of the priest where she had been superintending the school. Her body has been found. Fifteen miles from Highgrove, on the Cheyenne river, which the mission buildings are in found, and when she was found by searchers using a rope to guide them she was found lying up a coulee to her house, where she died. Mrs. Anthony Haley of twenty-five miles north is reported frozen.

Word comes from Waldoy, near Huron, D. T., of two more deaths. A boy of 16, Burdett Schofield, left Waldoy just before the storm for his home with a load of coal. He reached the town from the shed and heard some distance, when the horses got into a snow drift. There he left them. His body was found five miles from the village. The Dean family live six miles from Waldoy south west of Waldoy. Katharine Dean, with a sister, were at the barn sixty rods from the house, when the storm came up. Katharine started to take the team from the shed. The next morning her body was found forty rods from the house.

In Bon Homme county, D. T., nineteen deaths are reported. From south Dakota, 104 deaths are reported. In Bon Homme county, 200 head of frozen cattle were counted in one place. Two men who had started for their cattle with logs may be seen along the road from Yankton to Springfield. The snow drifts are said to be thirty feet deep. Some persons missing are supposed dead by now.

Miss Louis, Royce, a school teacher eight miles from Plainview, Neb., had but three pupils on the day of the storm. She started at 2 p. m. with the children for a house about twenty rods distant, but lost her way. All laid down in the snow, and Miss Royce wrapped the little ones up as best she could. Early in the night one child died, and later a second one, and just as morning broke the third child succumbed to the cold. Miss Royce then managed to reach the house, less than twenty rods away. Both her feet are badly frozen, and they will probably have to be amputated.

A school teacher and eight children, name unknown, are reported from Neligh, Neb., to have perished. Five men named Stickle, brothers, are reported from the same place to have been frozen to death, and also an old man named Glose and a boy named Miller. Mrs. Miller the boy's mother, was also badly frozen, and will lose both legs. She was returning from the funeral of another son when caught in the storm.

The fatalities of the blizzard on the prairie district are coming in, being gradually made public. Syron Cleveland, of Manchester, Delaware county, has received information that his two sons, 15 and 17 years old, went from town to death, together with ninety head of cattle. The boys were driving the cattle to water, about a mile from the house, when the blizzard struck them. Their bodies and cattle have just been found. The cattle were frozen stiff.

John Olney was found in a snow drift near Mandan, frozen dead. Miss Mae Henning and a boy named Julius, 13 years of age, started in a sleigh to attend a party, in company with two young men. When the storm struck them they left their way, and the young men deserted the girl and the boy and rushed home in safety. The deserted girl and boy lost in the storm all night, and in the morning they were found partially covered with snow. The young lady will lose both feet, and the boy's hands and feet were badly frozen. He was saved from death by the brave girl, who wrapped him in the only blanket left them.

The west bound blocked road in Iowa is the St. Louis, Des Moines and Northern, which has not had a train over its line since last Wednesday, and little prospect of having one for another fortnight. The towns along the line are cut off from communication with the outside world.

Ex-Governor Pattison's Denial.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—Ex-Governor Pattison, president of the Chestnut Street National bank, was found at his desk yesterday engrossed with the business of the institution and apparently undisturbed by the statements that he had, while occupying the executive chair of the state, summoned the late Judge J. B. Black to write him a veto message of the South Penn railroad bill, then awaiting disposition by his excellency. The ex-governor promptly scuffed when shown an extract from The Lancaster Intelligencer, printed in a morning paper, which asserts that the statements are true. After reading the article Governor Pattison said: "I am not ready to say any more upon the subject; not for the present, at least." In further conversation Governor Pattison stated that he had in his possession telegrams, letters and papers in connection with the South Penn railroad bills, but these he will not make use of yet. He refused to let statement of Monday last which he did not retain or ask Judge Black or anybody else to prepare any paper for him.

Jealousy, Murder and Suicide.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 19.—Frank Faulkner, aged 31 years, shot his wife Addie, aged 20 years, this morning, inflicting wounds in the head which will doubtless cause her death. He then shot himself in the head and died instantly. The wounded woman was taken to a hospital. It is learned that earlier in the day Mrs. Faulkner and her husband had been before Justice Walsh, on a complaint made by her husband, who wished to compel her support. The justice advised them to try to settle their domestic difficulties between themselves, and they seemed inclined to do so when they left the court. They separated at Mrs. Faulkner's, on her's house, where the shooting occured. No one was present to witness the tragedy. Faulkner was a dissolute man. It is said that he was actually insane from jealousy.

The Transportation of Immigrants.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The interstate commerce commission has ordered an inquiry in the matter of the alleged transportation of immigrants from New York city. There is a rumor current before the commission a copy of which by private parties that the methods adopted by the railroad company in charge of the transporting immigrants from New York to interior western points are illegal, unjust and unfair to the immigrants, the information having come that the immigrants can not be made in New York. The order was issued on inquiry to come before the commission in the U. S. Federal court building in this city on the 25th inst. when there will be public and the immigrants and defendants are expected to produce their proof.

SATISFACTION DEMANDED.

TALK OF EXPELLING ITALIANS FROM FRENCH TERRITORY.

The Consular Incident at Florence Assuming a Serious Aspect—Full Reparation Insisted Upon—Italy Much Dissatisfied—Foreign Intelligence.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—One serious aspect in the unpleasant France-Italian consular incident at Florence has hardly been touched upon by the French press. The real importance of the whole matter arises from the fact that it is connected with the Tunisian question. The consular office, in dealing with the property of the Tunisian general who died at Florence, was transacting business that Count Corti had committed suicide by cutting his throat in bed in the same city.

The Count de Mouy, Georges W. Wurtzel, associated with Admiral MacKenzie, of court for Corti, went to the jail to notify him of the finding of the verdict. After the Count de Mouy's interview, during which Corti was completely alone, Warden Smith showed Mr. Wurtzel to the door and immediately entered the cell of the prisoner. The warden found him in the act of trying to force the door, his throat horribly cut and blood gushing from the wound. The jail physician was summoned and in a few minutes declared that the windpipe was completely severed, but one of it protruded from the gash and through it the respiration was performed. The physician declared that the patient could not recover. The Count de Mouy was then informed, and the consular officials were notified of the suicide. Corti's body was then delivered to the undertaker.

Edmund Corti was a man of considerable prestige. His mother, an aged lady, who has received every worldly attention in her son's behalf, is a Protestant. She is prominent in local religious circles. Edmund is about 32 years of age, and has always been known as a bad character. He had only been out of the penitentiary a few days prior to the shooting of Policeman Evans.

THE CARLISLE-THOSE CASE.

Minority Report of the Committee on Elections Submitted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The views of the minority of the elections committee on the Thobe-Carlisle contested election case were presented to the house yesterday by Mr. Lyon, of Virginia. The minority say that it was refused an opportunity to have the mass of affidavits printed and examined, although the majority endeavored during the last session of congress to have the printing of the papers. The minority feels that a case involving such grave charges of fraud should not be settled in the house without examination by the mere presentation of ex parte affidavits, and it urged a fitting investigation of the case. Failing in this it was unable to vote, as it would on every personal ground have been glad to do, in favor of the sitting member's title to his seat. It believes that a reasonable showing having been made by the contestant, he should, in all justice and fair dealing, be allowed to establish, by competent evidence, if he can, the allegations of fraud, made by him. The minority does not see why, if the charges be untrue, the contestants should so persistently oppose an investigation; and his opposition is, to its mind, so strongly corroborative of the charges made by the contestant as to restrain all minority from supporting the majority resolution without an inquiry. The report is signed by Messrs. Lyon, Lodge, Henk, and Johnson, of Indiana.

Blaine's Name Popular.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 19.—About 300 leading Republicans of the state met here yesterday and organized the Blaine club of the state of National league. The organization will be completed at a meeting Feb. 2. The delegates were entertained at lunch by the Union league of Minneapolis. During the noon interval a correspondent asked half a hundred of the gentlemen a few questions. The prevailing sentiment was in favor of a tariff reform. As to just what reform should be there was no agreement. A remarkably large number of those interviewed were enthusiastic for Blaine, while they admitted that they were not in sympathy with his tariff ideas. Scarcely any other name was mentioned.

Connecticut Masons in Session.

HARTFORD, Jan. 19.—The Grand Masonic lodge of Connecticut held its annual meeting here yesterday. All but two of the 109 subordinate lodges of the state were represented. The centennial celebration will be held in New Haven in July, 1888. John H. Mix, of Naterville, was elected grand master; John H. Swartout, of Stamford, deputy grand master; Clark Buckingham, of New Haven, G. R. W.; Arthur H. Brewer, of Norwich, G. J. W.; John G. Root, of Hartford, grand treasurer; J. K. Wheeler, of Hartford, secretary. Treasurer Fritts, of the expelled Hiram lodge of New Britain, was expelled for not handing over the lodge money to the grand lodge.

Pennsylvania's Editorial Association.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 19.—At a meeting of the Pennsylvania State Editorial association held here yesterday it was decided that Gettysburg was a good place for holding the summer meeting, and the following officers were elected: President, H. Hayes Grier, Columbia. Vice-Presidents, Col. Frank McClure, Philadelphia; H. Mundy, Philadelphia; Benjamin F. Wileman, Erie. Treasurer and secretary, R. H. Thomas, Norristown. Corresponding secretary, F. B. Fisher, Waynesboro. Executive committee, James F. Taylor, Montrose; J. H. Stahley, Mechanicsburg; J. Irwin Shiles, Bellefonte; Col. Frank McClure, Harrisburg; A. A. Smith, Indiana; W. L. Dewart, Sunbury.

Sammelle's Boy Murderer Must Hang.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—The executive council yesterday denied the last appeal in behalf of Sowtle, the boy murderer of Somerville, and nothing can now save him from the gallows on to-morrow. Yesterday's effort was to secure a reprieve in order to give an opportunity for presenting fresh evidence of the insanity of his client. The last appeal was made on the ground of his youth. The petition also set forth that he had been subjected to brutal treatment by his father, and that he was driven to the crime by fear of his father's violence.

Always Preparing for War.

BERLIN, Jan. 19.—The reichstag of the federal council approved the military bill, with an amendment to the effect that men entering active service in the army before attaining the age of 20 may leave the landwehr at or retire from the army on his 20th year, instead of his 21st, as heretofore. The bill as amended was then passed. The federal council, however, decided that the amendment should not apply to the present bill, but to the next one. The bill as passed provides for the increase of the army by 41,000 men, and the addition of 18 battalions of engineers and 12 companies of railroad men. The cost of adding the number of men required by the bill is estimated at from 20,000,000 to 100,000,000 marks.

Killed His Brother's Sweetheart.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 19.—Mr. Charles F. Meyer, formerly of the firm of Meyer, Bro. & Co., liquor dealers, of this city, shot and killed Miss Annie Hoffman at the house of her brother, Joseph Hoffman, in this city, last night. Meyer was a suitor for the hand of Miss Hoffman's sister, Miss Mary Hoffman, who was engaged to be married to him. Miss Annie Hoffman was a visitor at the house of her brother, Joseph Hoffman, and was shot by Meyer in the presence of Miss Mary Hoffman, her brother and sister-in-law. Meyer was arrested and locked up in the police station.

Fire Losses.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—The Philadelphia Trust, Safe Deposit and Insurance company's building, at Broad and Chestnut streets, was damaged by fire to the extent of $10,000 this morning. The fire originated in the basement, and was caused by the explosion of a gas meter.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—The Boston Belting company's building, on Purchase street, was damaged by fire to the extent of $10,000 this morning. The fire originated in the basement, and was caused by the explosion of a gas meter.

Wanted for Forgery.

For Friday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, and southern and western Pennsylvania, rain, followed by snow, and in the northern portion by colder weather, with brisk to high winds, shifting to northwest.

R. P. KISNER TRIUMPHANT.

RANDALL'S CANDIDATE DEFEATED AT HARRISBURG.

By a Vote of 68 to 59—Prominent Democrats Defeated—Scene of the Most Exciting Contest—Election of Pennsylvania's State Treasurer—Other Contests.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 19.—There are currently two members of the state senate named Randall Democrats, but yesterday morning, when the ballots fifty-five Democratic votes. Kisner was one of the two.

All night and all morning the Randall and anti-Randall people worked with a will to corral all the votes they could. It was one of the most exciting contests ever known in Harrisburg. It developed a big majority of the members of the committee, yet neither of them could get two-thirds of the votes. The warden had to keep trying them the door, his throat horribly cut and blood gushing from the wound. The jail physician was summoned and in a few minutes declared that the windpipe was completely severed, but one of it protruded from the gash and through it the respiration was performed. The physician declared that the patient could not recover. The Count de Mouy was then informed, and the consular officials were notified of the suicide. Corti's body was then delivered to the undertaker.

Edmund Corti was a man of considerable prestige. His mother, an aged lady, who has received every worldly attention in her son's behalf, is a Protestant. She is prominent in local religious circles. Edmund is about 32 years of age, and has always been known as a bad character. He had only been out of the penitentiary a few days prior to the shooting of Policeman Evans.

THE CARLISLE-THOSE CASE.

Minority Report of the Committee on Elections Submitted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The views of the minority of the elections committee on the Thobe-Carlisle contested election case were presented to the house yesterday by Mr. Lyon, of Virginia. The minority say that it was refused an opportunity to have the mass of affidavits printed and examined, although the majority endeavored during the last session of congress to have the printing of the papers. The minority feels that a case involving such grave charges of fraud should not be settled in the house without examination by the mere presentation of ex parte affidavits, and it urged a fitting investigation of the case. Failing in this it was unable to vote, as it would on every personal ground have been glad to do, in favor of the sitting member's title to his seat. It believes that a reasonable showing having been made by the contestant, he should, in all justice and fair dealing, be allowed to establish, by competent evidence, if he can, the allegations of fraud, made by him. The minority does not see why, if the charges be untrue, the contestants should so persistently oppose an investigation; and his opposition is, to its mind, so strongly corroborative of the charges made by the contestant as to restrain all minority from supporting the majority resolution without an inquiry. The report is signed by Messrs. Lyon, Lodge, Henk, and Johnson, of Indiana.

Blaine's Name Popular.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 19.—About 300 leading Republicans of the state met here yesterday and organized the Blaine club of the state of National league. The organization will be completed at a meeting Feb. 2. The delegates were entertained at lunch by the Union league of Minneapolis. During the noon interval a correspondent asked half a hundred of the gentlemen a few questions. The prevailing sentiment was in favor of a tariff reform. As to just what reform should be there was no agreement. A remarkably large number of those interviewed were enthusiastic for Blaine, while they admitted that they were not in sympathy with his tariff ideas. Scarcely any other name was mentioned.

Connecticut Masons in Session.

HARTFORD, Jan. 19.—The Grand Masonic lodge of Connecticut held its annual meeting here yesterday. All but two of the 109 subordinate lodges of the state were represented. The centennial celebration will be held in New Haven in July, 1888. John H. Mix, of Naterville, was elected grand master; John H. Swartout, of Stamford, deputy grand master; Clark Buckingham, of New Haven, G. R. W.; Arthur H. Brewer, of Norwich, G. J. W.; John G. Root, of Hartford, grand treasurer; J. K. Wheeler, of Hartford, secretary. Treasurer Fritts, of the expelled Hiram lodge of New Britain, was expelled for not handing over the lodge money to the grand lodge.

Pennsylvania's Editorial Association.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 19.—At a meeting of the Pennsylvania State Editorial association held here yesterday it was decided that Gettysburg was a good place for holding the summer meeting, and the following officers were elected: President, H. Hayes Grier, Columbia. Vice-Presidents, Col. Frank McClure, Philadelphia; H. Mundy, Philadelphia; Benjamin F. Wileman, Erie. Treasurer and secretary, R. H. Thomas, Norristown. Corresponding secretary, F. B. Fisher, Waynesboro. Executive committee, James F. Taylor, Montrose; J. H. Stahley, Mechanicsburg; J. Irwin Shiles, Bellefonte; Col. Frank McClure, Harrisburg; A. A. Smith, Indiana; W. L. Dewart, Sunbury.

Sammelle's Boy Murderer Must Hang.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—The executive council yesterday denied the last appeal in behalf of Sowtle, the boy murderer of Somerville, and nothing can now save him from the gallows on to-morrow. Yesterday's effort was to secure a reprieve in order to give an opportunity for presenting fresh evidence of the insanity of his client. The last appeal was made on the ground of his youth. The petition also set forth that he had been subjected to brutal treatment by his father, and that he was driven to the crime by fear of his father's violence.

Always Preparing for War.

BERLIN, Jan. 19.—The reichstag of the federal council approved the military bill, with an amendment to the effect that men entering active service in the army before attaining the age of 20 may leave the landwehr at or retire from the army on his 20th year, instead of his 21st, as heretofore. The bill as amended was then passed. The federal council, however, decided that the amendment should not apply to the present bill, but to the next one. The bill as passed provides for the increase of the army by 41,000 men, and the addition of 18 battalions of engineers and 12 companies of railroad men. The cost of adding the number of men required by the bill is estimated at from 20,000,000 to 100,000,000 marks.

Killed His Brother's Sweetheart.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 19.—Mr. Charles F. Meyer, formerly of the firm of Meyer, Bro. & Co., liquor dealers, of this city, shot and killed Miss Annie Hoffman at the house of her brother, Joseph Hoffman, in this city, last night. Meyer was a suitor for the hand of Miss Hoffman's sister, Miss Mary Hoffman, who was engaged to be married to him. Miss Annie Hoffman was a visitor at the house of her brother, Joseph Hoffman, and was shot by Meyer in the presence of Miss Mary Hoffman, her brother and sister-in-law. Meyer was arrested and locked up in the police station.

Fire Losses.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—The Philadelphia Trust, Safe Deposit and Insurance company's building, at Broad and Chestnut streets, was damaged by fire to the extent of $10,000 this morning. The fire originated in the basement, and was caused by the explosion of a gas meter.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—The Boston Belting company's building, on Purchase street, was damaged by fire to the extent of $10,000 this morning. The fire originated in the basement, and was caused by the explosion of a gas meter.

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DOES THE JUDGE RIDE?

Interesting Question Raised by Judge Lanier's Absence.

ALBANY, Jan. 19.—Judge Lanier, of the supreme court, who has been absent from the city for the past two weeks, returned to the city last night. He was met by Chief Justice Ruger, Judge Learned, Judge Landon, Judge Parker and Judge Potter, who had been in session all day. Judge Lanier was driven directly from the depot to the court house, where he joined his colleagues in the consultation room. The question of whether Judge Lanier should receive his salary during his absence was discussed. It is understood that a majority of the court decided that he should not receive his salary. Judge Lanier, who had arrived in his city from Florida, was met at the depot by a number of his friends, who had learned of his arrival. As he stepped inside the depot on the platform he was greeted with cheers. He was much run up by the crowd of people who had gathered to welcome him, and he had to shake hands with almost everybody present. Justice Lanier, who looks well after his long journey, remarked that he considered the trip a success, and that he felt much stronger for the rest and relief from the cares of the bench. He said that he would be in his office to-day, and that he would be ready to begin work on Monday. Justice Lanier's friends are glad to welcome him back, and all the pressure, privileges and emoluments of a supreme justice.

LEGISLATORS AT ALBANY.

The Democratic Caucus—Railroads Committee—Other Business.

ALBANY, Jan. 19.—There was quite a little breeze at the meeting of the senate committee on railroads this morning. The committee room under discussion was the bill for forming the quarantine commission. The committee room under discussion was the bill for forming the quarantine commission. The committee room under discussion was the bill for forming the quarantine commission

WOMAN AND HOME.

KEEPING THE CHILDREN BUSY AND HAPPY AT SMALL EXPENSE.

Hints Concerning Etiquette—Courtesy at Home—Parkin's Masterpiece—Engraving Nails—The Quiet Style—The Bumped Child—All Sorts of Useful Hints.

The outdoor life of summer furnishes abundant amusement for little ones. It is the long, rainy days and cold winds of winter which drive them indoors, and crowds them about the mother's skirts, to sorely try her wits and patience. An unlimited purse is a liberal hand can fill the youngsters' drawer to overflowing with an endless variety of ingenious toys. Even then there is a weariful and ferocity at display to have a greater interest. Only the children themselves can tell us why the weather beaten, much abused rag doll of the household is more beloved than the dapple, bisque faced Parisian, or why the rough, irregular blocks from the factory are more highly prized than the brightly painted cubes of the toy shop.

Let us tell you of one mother who, like many of us, possesses only limited time and a limited purse. Last winter, shut in by banks of white drifts and cold, biting winds, she was often called upon to propose some new pastime for her little girls of 3 and 5 years of age. After their small collection of nondescript toys were tired of, and the houses lost their charm, Mrs. Goodhue, upon the expedient of paper cutting for an special afternoon treat. Her mental vision of bright eyes put out by sharply pointed shears suggested the use of the round tipped scissors, and of course the number for two pairs. At first thought this seemed extravagant. If not foolish, but on reflection that their cost would probably be repaid by more fragile and less pleasing toys, and the certainty of long hours of comparatively quiet for both mother and children, won the day.

When not in use, the scissors were hung by Mag Goodhue's button box on the closet shelf. A certain corner of the dining room was given over to the litter, and only in that spot were papers allowed to be cut. At the same time sheets were furnished and the children taught to cut nothing without permission. Patience and constant firmness were necessary to prevent the indiscriminate slashing of fancy work and articles of dress. Fashion plates, illustrated catalogues and picture cards, were laid aside for the selected entertainments. It was amusing to notice how quickly the baby learned to handle the blades, and actually cut out a picture instead of tearing it, as had been her first method. We might suggest that for older children cheap colored papers be provided and the colors taught.

Frequently Mrs. Goodhue took time to fashion dolls and dolls' furniture, cutting an outfit for each child, and two miniature boxes were set up, with tables, chairs and beds, on the window sills. Made of pasteboard, these easily stood erect, and if put by at night answered for another dull day's diversions. If, before the children became tired, each tiny scrap of cuttings was picked up by clubby fingers into pasteboard box or dustpan it was a triumphant, happy mother, as well as children, who greeted the father at the close of the gloomy winter's day.

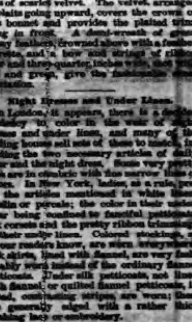
Many times during that winter was the button box raided for the largest and prettiest buttons for string. With a coarse needle and a button tied at the end of a double thread, Eloise and Lottie made long "sparm strings" of four spools, which kept them busy at their mother to tie about their baby wrists. From this they came to sewing buttons on their doll dresses by joining the edge of hem to one of the four eyelet holes. Later they learned the right way. Their mother might have told you that for weeks afterward buttons were swept out of hidden corners, and that her supply ran so low that she was obliged to forbid the box entirely, and to purchase whole cards of cheap buttons for the girls to string and to keep in a box of their own. However, the worst perils was little and the amusement unending.

A little school girl stopped in one day to visit herself. The pleasure of the children over her slate and pencil suggested another purchase, and five cent slates and pencils were ready for the mother's next busy day and the babies' cross one. By far the greatest pleasure was the scrubbing of the slates with a small, wet rag. Neglect to put away the slates at night resulted in their being tried on, and when the broken fragments were carried out, the mother resorted to lead pencils and paper. As these were her first children, Mrs. Goodhue may be pardoned her surprise at the unexpected result. The white walls of the new home proved too tempting, and an unsightly scrawl appeared near the sewing machine, and another near the bottom of the window. Proper punishment the child was never accessible unless the mother was in the room; and even then she was obliged to keep a strict watch to prevent the defacement of wood work, books and forbidden papers. Older girls might be taught to draw; or scrap books and paste on the dining room table would delight and occupy an otherwise troublesome child. If the mother's work can go on with few interruptions, is it not well worth the time taken to clear up?

It passes our comprehension how some women can expect their progeny to be reasonably good tempered, and yet provide nothing whatever to amuse their healthy cheerfulness. They will lay aside for themselves a belt of muslin for a rainy day's occupation, and regret the amount of time spent in children's toys a needless expense. A schoolma'am boarding in a well to do family told us of such a parent the other day. The little girls held dolls, to be sure, but that was all, and these had been purchased during some surprising streak of generosity on the part of the close pursed father. Old and battered, and since a wardrobe, a change of an old shawl were considered fine enough, when the dolls were clothed at all. Anything was good enough for the children to play with, except the parlor cane seat chairs, into which it was regarded a sacrilege to allow a child to scramble, much more to play house with. Before the teacher's term was taught the dolls were dressed in neat calico gowns, made from remnants left from the quilting. And to the children's delight not one garment of the two whole suits provided was sewed on, but made to take on and off, to button and unbutton. It is safe to say that the little Stark girls had never been so nearly wild with joy when some odds and ends of gay ribbons and laces were added for their dollies' further adornment. Clay pipes and a dish of soap suds furnished the little folks wondrous variety of the soap bubble, to the great dismay of the servant over the premises, who always had to wash the dirty, soapy oil cloth spaces moved the ship, appeased the kitchen goddess, and did good service long after the pipes had lost their stems.

Bring in the bag of clothespins some day when the children feel restless, and build pigpens for them. If they take a great fancy to the pigs, buy a few downs to add to their physiology. One exciting evening in Texas some sticklers, quieted the progress of little people with some clothespin dollies, which the dressed in a few moments from scraps of

For the theatre and other evening occasions are graceful affairs of lace, tulle flowers and feathers. To wear with cloth suits are new cloth bonnets or turbans. These are trimmed, as a rule, to correspond with the costume as is fashionable in the dress. The fine, blue cloth dress and polonise are trimmed with Persian lamb or Astrakhan and braid. The cloth hat of exact color of the suit looks form of Astrakhan and an Astrakhan muff completes the stylish costume. Russian sable is much used as a trimming to winter dresses, and is often seen in the whole crown is of fur, though, as a rule, the fur composes the brim only.



WINTER BONNETS.

In the second cut is shown an imported winter bonnet of exceedingly stylish shape. It is of scarlet velvet. The velvet arranged in plaits going upward, covers the crown of the bonnet and provides the plaited trimming in front. A few sprays of glossy feathers, crowned above with a feather aigrette, and a few soft strings of ribbon complete the equipment. The colors of the red and green give the fashionable combination.

Right Dresses and Under Linen.

In London, it appears, there is a settled theory for the proper color of ladies' underdresses and under linen, and many of the leading house sell sets of these to match, including the two necessary articles of daily wear and the night dress. These very pretty sets are in strict accordance with the rules of colors. In New York, ladies, as a rule, prefer the article mentioned in white linen, cambric or percale, but there are those who wear bodices of beautiful petticoats, silk corsets and the pretty ribbon trimmings on their under linen. Colored stockings, as well as colored shoes, are worn with these silk skirts, lined with flannel, are very fashionably worn instead of the ordinary flannel petticoat. Under silk petticoats not lined with flannel, are also fashionable. Drawers, in broad, contrasting stripes, are worn; these are generally edged with a rather thick wadding lace or embroidery.

Bathroom or Health Garments.

The undergarments and health waists introduced to the public a dozen or more years ago, have not met with exceedingly great favor, and they have made some advances. At the present time the ladies are provided in all kinds of materials, above which with the exception of flannel, are worn over with the fashionable garments. The flannel has been adopted by many because of their comfort, convenience and economy; by others they are considered to take away from the idea that one's stays and bodice fit more snugly above them than with the exception under wear.

Fashion Notes the World of Fashion.

From Paris comes the news that the sleeves large humble and the high hat are doomed.

Honor Jerkins are worn for dress ladies.

Among recent novelties in tea gowns is one of green colored China silk ornamented with daisy gray fur and a profusion of yellow ribbon.

WHAT SHALL WE WEARY

BLOW BUT: SURE GROWTH OF THE "UNION" OR "HEALTH" GARMENT.

Fashions and Fashionable Notes—Bathroom or Health Garments—Right Dresses and Under Linen—Fashion Notes the World of Fashion—Honor Jerkins and Its Midwifeson.

Reasons for midwinter intrude not only upon the fashions, but also upon the fabrics of which they are made. Soft, pliable and diversely appearing to be a necessity, good taste of fashion must have a reason for every occasion if not absolutely one for every guess.

Treatment of Ingrowing Nails.

A very common and troublesome affection is that in which a painful inflammation of the ingrowth of the nails," and which most usually occurs by the side of the great toe. There is really no alteration in the nail, as its name would imply; the surrounding soft parts are first swelled and inflamed by constant pressure against the edge of the nail from the use of tight shoes. If this state is permitted to continue, an ulcer is formed in which the edge of the nail is imbedded. Pain is the consequence, sufficiently severe in some instances to prevent walking.

Treatment for this condition often demands the skill of a physician. The sufferer might attempt a cure by the simple remedies, and, if they fail, professional assistance should be sought. The first object is to remove the cause, then to lessen the irritation and reduce the swelling. After soaking in hot water the nail should be trimmed by scraping, and, if very painful, a flaxseed poultice will bring relief. After the irritation has sufficiently subsided, soft cotton should be pressed between the flesh and the nail, and after that is done, it should be saturated with the tincture of iodine, and the application repeated several days, after which the tenderness will disappear. It may be necessary to lift the end of the nail, and this can be done by pressing cotton between it and the toe. The treatment is usually effective, and is attended with as little pain as any which can be suggested.—Boston Journal of Health.

The Quiet Style for the Rest.

The quiet girl never wears high colors on the street. You do not see her flaunting in brilliant plaids when they happen to be the style. When high hats are "in," she does not pile hers so high that it sweeps the cobwebs from the sky. She does not wear an exaggerated bang to show the length in vogue, nor the largest bustle in town, nor the longest train to her tea gown, nor the greatest number of bangles when bangles reign. But because she does not chatter and giggle and make herself conspicuous in horse cars or at matinees, does not announce her convictions on all occasions and unblushingly proclaim her opinion at every turn, it must not be supposed that she has no ideas, convictions or enthusiasms; that she moves along like a star in the heavens, and never shines, in vogue, nor the high

DEACON BURDETTE'S PHILOSOPHY.

IT WAS A COLD DAY.

Great surprise is caused by the announcement that Hon. Sockless Jones, who froze to death near Austin, Tex., Tuesday, was found to be a total abstainer. It has been the fact of the cold weather that creates the surprise, but rather that the man should have come to freeze to death before he got drunk.

TIME WAS SOLVED LONG AGO.

Mr. Taliaferro, of Atlanta, Ga., claims that he has solved the problem of perpetual motion. How long the secret of time has, As though he was the only man in America with a hammer and key.

COMING CLOSER TO HUMANITY.

This must be the missing link. A goat in Berlin has fed with a monkey. Now let the scientists observe closely to see what effect he has upon the goat. Perhaps the monkey may develop horns, and quit chattering, perhaps, but somebody is mistaken.

FAST AND SLOW.

All the trades in town have fast names and slow ones. Notably the ladies the seamstress and the dressmaker. What it really is. And do you have to take a number to wait for a fast female to come to see you. It fairly sickens a man to see a lady at a station and hear her say, "Please, I ordered a retract forward to-day, and—"

"How's the Cotton Loan?"

"Slow here, sir."

"Two hours late out of Decatur."

"Why, the Limited only—"

"Limited nothing. Crabs!"

Just running on the Independent Thunderbolt. Has been twenty hours behind time for years, and never will get any nearer to Cairo. Is full of the Cotton loans, and one more away, bilking the landlord to have my rooms ready at 6 o'clock. The telegram reached the hotel at 5 minutes and I had eaten and digested my supper and had gone to bed. The other one reached Chicago two days and answered that it doesn't know what became of it. Has been lying around for several other times I tried the telegraph, but only to be convinced that I could have the message delivered a few hours earlier by sending a special delivery man on it and riding it along with me.

IT WAS VOLAPUK TO THE NATIVE.

"That foreman of yours is a queer fellow," said Mr. Porkopolis to Mr. Hogwash the packer, "what he lacks very largely in good fundament. He is a native, however, was born here in North Carolina forty-two years ago, and has never been outside of the state. Why do you speak of him?" "Why, I gave him a little volume of North Carolina sketches, written by a talented young friend of mine, to let him read for pastime's sake, and he has just brought it back to me, saying that he could understand a word of it." And as he turned around the room with his finger on his nose, I could see moisture in the tears that could be distinctly heard, parting its speech in the middle.

AN EXTRAVAGANZA.

Publisher to the coldest, windiest corner in all Scotia—Please, sir, can't you give me a little change for a night's lodgings? I had a lucky evening in all day. Author (ingulfing in tears and emptying a handful of gold into the outstretched palm)—God bless you, poor young! Here, go to the best hash house and board there all winter.

P. S.—This is not funny as it stands, but scales of Monsoi. How funny it would be if it were true!—Berdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

A Heathen Sight.

"Countryman, do you hoe?" "Yes, sir, I hoe." "Then come into my office, I want to give me another room, mine."

Clerk—What's the matter with the one you have?

Counselor—Why, the gas smells.

"Don't you cut the gas," sez, brash, I can't see to sell tar light in the room.—New York Sun.

An Ample Apology.

When A Cape Dutchman undertakes to admit that he was in the wrong he does it thoroughly. Here is a really ample apology published from D. Moodamad, a patriot Transvaal newspaper:

The undersigned, A. C. Du Plessis, retracts everything I have said against the person of Mr. G. P. Lombardini, calling myself an infamous liar and striking my mouth with the exclamation 'You mouth, you have spoken ill of the Lord.' I declare further that I have nothing against the character of Mr. G. P. Lombardini. I call myself besides a genuine liar of the first class.

A. C. Du Plessis."

Witnesses:
P. J. Bezuidenhout,
J. C. Bezuidenhout.
—European Cor. New York Sun.

Corrigan's Mistake.

Exchange Editor—Here is an interview in a Chicago paper with Corrigan, the man who knocked down the Kansas City editor.

Editor in Chief—Did you ever see he say? "He says he called at the office and the editor wanted to shoot him, and he (Corrigan) acted only in self defense."

"Well! well! Corrigan had no business to infuriate an editor by calling at the office. Why didn't he send his 'pose by mail?"—Omaha World.

After a Chase for Retention.

"What has given you that look of such serious reflection, my friend Dudley?" asked the minister at the Sunday school picnic, meeting little Johnny sitting silently by the roadside.

"I was thinking," replied the penitent young sinner, "whether I had just eaten a mushroom or a toad stool."—Judge.

Total Depravity.

Young Husband—I caught my wife playing with a piece of that cake you made for her yesterday.

Old Mother—I guess the rats got into it, too.

"Why grandma! I heard her say she didn't like it, but I didn't suppose she was such a liar as that."—Omaha World.

F
U BRODIE. R
S

Have Unsurpassed Beauty, Refinement and Luxurious Comfort. Every woman wants them, and particularly wants them.

"FOR HOLIDAYS."

Seal, Persian, Sable, Fox, Beaver, Lynx, Otter, Bear, all are fine, but Seal holds first rank, it is the representative Fur. Fine Alaska Seal Sacques, Jackets, Muffs, Boas and Caps. Persian Lamb, Hudson Bay Sable, Mink, Chinchilla, Opossum, with the Choice and Deeper Island Sables. As to quality, but one season will tousle and roughen them, and they look as though they had been in use for years. Ours have been worn a hundred times, which will prove that it pretends to be, than a cheap seal.

We claim to carry the largest assortment of these in town, especially in seal. Fine Skins are costly. The seal market never can be glutted. There is only a good supply, and they will only continue to become scarcer; and as none are worn, those who want one buy it now and prevent disgust.

They can't. But it is easy to tell stories. The poor skins are plenty, and they furnish the subject matter. Advertised as "worth" $250, $300, $400. For are like diamonds in one thing—take care of WHOM you buy.

My Specialty and My Pride, are My Seal.

But consider me for Sacques, Circulars, Muffs, Boas, Hats, Gloves and every other article, large or small, in my line. Holiday gifts for all ages and for any direction as to size and relative quality. Plenty of room for choice here. Prices are right, as they must be. As I import AND SELECT, my own skins, and make them up, I know what I buy, what I have, and you'll be told exactly what you are getting, too.

The only guarantee in buying Fur's is the dealer's reputation. Reputation requires age. I have been 20, FORTY and years.

JAMES A. BRODIE, 39 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

HENRY HANCHETT,

GROCER,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

dealer in

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Ferris & Co's. celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packers in the country.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.

The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes, "I am sure that Ven Werth's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always recommend it and advise customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE

And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

Mrs. M. YARGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.

Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 29 East Fifth street, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

That a proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and colds and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day. Sold by your home druggist, for 50 cents and $1.00. Large size $1.00.

LADIES

Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—colors. Their name is equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-Feb-87-y

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The Stationer,

for Rubber Stamps for marking Linen, for Printing Cards, Bill Heads, Wrapping Paper, Receipts, etc., at

Lowest Prices.

Also for Music, Toys, Games, etc.

EAST FRONT STREET.

L. HEYNIGER,

43, 45 and 47 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.

WOODENWARE

etc, at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 113.

Hecker's Goods in great variety.

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Funeral Directors,

and Practical Embalmers.

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OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

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CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

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Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

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Messenger Service

AND

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue, W. S. SLITER, Manager.

JOB CHANDLER,

Establisher and

Carpenter & Builder,

18 EAST THIRD STREET.

A Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

R. A. ROSS,

21 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all kinds of scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Particulars cheerfully furnished. Shop Saturdays.

R. V. Salmon,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Box P. O. Box 1251. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Evans, P. O. Box 30,

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard.

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all sizes.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue, P. O. Box 212.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

24 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWERS'

at New York Prices, Studio 31 Blue Ribbon street. Headquarters for drawing and oil painting

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash, or on margin. Private wire to 30 New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Manhattan Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

XXXX

BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Black wells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunelle and everything pertaining to our business.

KENNEY BROS.

INSURANCE

Wm. A. Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; Home of Brooklyn; Firemen's of Newark; the Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures lowest rates and best policies.

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Barr's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.

Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North American Philadelphia, Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 24.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1886. We are prepared to furnish all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings for building and all kinds of machinery, and will receive prompt attention to repairing of machinery. Also manufacture of Iron fences, iron railing and various other kinds of work. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish new designs and patterns for whatever might be called for. New machinery built by the day or contract. Jobbing in machinery promptly attended to.

J. H. KENYON

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

The tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half done. Our excavations approved of by Board of Health. Orders may be left with D. W. Littell, sanitary Plumber, No. 19 Front st., P. O. Box 1107. Telephone call 28. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELLS

BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children, "will not rub, crock, roll nice or clotting, or turn gray in washing. If found as represented the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

CUTLERY

SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

13 E. Front street.

Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

WE HAVE

Sold Nearly

all of our great bargains which we have advertised so largely, and have a few left which it would pay you to consume and take advantage of between now and the New Year, when we shall withdraw any left over, to make room for our large spring stock.

A Reduction of 25 per cent. to overcoats.

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gent's furnishings, including the latest styles in neckwear, collars, cuffs, silk mufflers, handkerchiefs, shirts, underwear, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

32 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

Agent for the following first-class home companies, of New York, Hanover of New York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J.

Insurance effected on all kinds of property. Furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.

Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Rents collected and collections made. Prompt returns.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

TRY

B. T. BARNES'

Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.

ALL

OUR

OWN

MAKE.

OPPOSITE P. O.

BUILDER

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 903. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 21 years experience.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Special attention called to the "Dockash" Range, which cannot be excelled. M. ANDERSON.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. H. H. Buchman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends, where he ensures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC

AND SANITARY PLUMBER,

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also one and a member of that board of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any part of the city or town. 5 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 5-tf

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special rates to families. Free coach to and from depot. Corner Park place and Watchung avenue.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

19 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, 20 CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE,

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply his old and new customers with the best meats in Plainfield.

MEATS

WALL PAPER.

G. F. & C. E. Brown's

WALL

PAPER.

WINDOW

SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

381 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1421.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Shelly street.

H. E. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street.

All Work Promptly Attended to.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

26 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 18 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. Box 1467)

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents.

May now be bought at Close's Cracker on Johnson's Drive in these sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 09 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants of J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by Jacker 12 shaves $1.00. Jacker has removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-22-tf

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Dennis' Grocery store. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Front st. will be promptly attended to. P. O. Box No. 28, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 29 Somerset street,

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury's Best Flour, Gold Coin Flour, Orange County Butter, fine teas, fine coffees, fine canned goods, every new thing that is good and old. Yellow stone, Grey stone and Glazed Pottery, Flower Pots, etc. Floral supply Association.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 12 East Third street, P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings kalsomined in any color or style desired. Paper hanging, Carpenter and jobbing work done. All orders will receive prompt attention. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which will done in the best and latest styles. 24 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(Successor to Mrs. Dr. Judson Stetson.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser.

Hair goods a specialty. Agent for all New York and Paris fashion sheets. Ladies' hair combings made and put up in the latest fashion. Combings sent to Mrs. B. will Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, Dealer in

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

at wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

29 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 4.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season, 19 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. L. McVoy,

Drums, Wells,

Gas Fixtures and Steam Fitting. Gas and steam fitting done in the best manner and at reasonable prices. Shop in rear of 19 Park avenue. Residence 11 Grove street. Orders left at the shop will receive prompt attention.

T. E. Mergeson,

Merchant Tailor, Studio, Shank-ency st. 4 Studio, 2 1/2 East Front street.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front St.

SKATES, for SKATES

Boys, Girls and Everybody

All sizes and prices. Holiday goods, Toboggans

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

J. S. POWLISON

26 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upland Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $6.00 per ton. Orders left at further north Delaware promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Office No. 18 Park avenue and North Second street, and South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of,

Flour, Feed, Grain,

Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack. Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.

FRENCH'S BUILDING,

40 Somerset street. Telephone No. 28. P. O. Box 1062.

FOTOGRAFS

Panteascope,

Everlasting,

Handsome,

Cheapest,

Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

THORN'S,

Next Post Office.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

HENRY LIEFKE

331 W. FRONT STREET

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE NEATEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE NO. 20.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column will furnish a supply of labouring men, and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and situations to those who advertise in it. For Boarding, Rooms, Help and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and the general interest is always paid more than three times all the cost spent combined, at the present rates. Suppose the columns were twenty times as full as they are, and the circulation was correspondingly increased, would not the advertising be cheaper? Certainly it would. To sell what you have to sell, to find what you want, to make a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism, in this section at least.

SOTTINGS.

—A Gospel service will be held Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock, in the "Y" parlors, 55 East Front street. An invitation to all: Come, if for a few minutes, only.

—The teachers of the public schools attended the funeral of Miss Clara V. Bass this afternoon, and out of respect to the memory of the deceased only one session was held in the schools.

—The Bluff Thorn Society of this city enjoyed a straw ride last evening. Martinville was their objective point, and they returned at about *midnight*. The affair was a most enjoyable one, about twenty members participating.

—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of Trinity Reformed church met at the residence of John Tier last evening. The singing of college glees, with music of piano, violin and cornet, interspersed with games made the time to pass quickly and pleasantly. Refreshments and *bountiful* were served during the evening.

—Mr. B. R. Force had a settlement to-day at noon for the losses he sustained by the fire Thursday night in Mr. Woodruff's office over his shoe store. The settlement, Mr. Force says, was for less than $500. He is very much satisfied with it, having estimated his loss at over $1,000. To get his business going again, he preferred to adjust on the terms offered. He now proposes to give bargains in "wet goods," as elsewhere advertised.

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Hon. A. A. Drake's office at 74 Broadway was partially burned out Tuesday afternoon. His loss is about $300.

Company H is still holding the fort. Its officer believes it will be mustered in all right in a short time.

Arcanum Hall was filled last evening, with friends and members of Pinnacle Council, R. A., to witness the installation of the following new officers: Dr. Fred. A. Kinch, jr., R.; Wm. Bogert, V. R.; Wm. Hart, C.; Chas. F. Grant, P. R.; Chas. H. Day, Sec.; Wm. C. Barton, Col.; R. J. Crosby, Treas.; Rev. C. Crosby, Chaplain; C. S. Pierce, Guide; W. Scipp, W.; Henry Wyckoff, R. After the installation, refreshments were served in the Masonic dining-room by the ladies of the body friends of the order, who were anxious to know what was in store for the candidates. Many, however, had to go through with. The candidate was brought in by the Sergeant-at-Arms, surrounded by the Pinnacle Guards, and after many and varied trials, he was at last landed before the Chaun Tryson and Pyramid, where, after being duly sworn, branded and nearly quartered, he at last was admitted into full membership, received all the signs, grip and password, and was congratulated by all of his friends. A collation was served after the ceremonies, and all were pleased with the entertainment the committee had given them.

A Dime for Charity.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The man at the Pond Tool Works that wouldn't give me a dime subscription for his poor old boss who had his finger cut off may call on me and get a dime. ANGUS SCHERVIER.

OUR WORTHY FIREMEN.

GAZELLE ENGINE COMPANY'S ANNUAL QUIET LAST NIGHT.

Seventy-five Persons at the Banquet Board—Splendid Programme of Recitations, Singing and Songs.

engines, both steam and hand power, have always afforded a vast amount of study to men. Even the street Arab, with his blacking box and cigar stump, can tell you all about the "machine," its men fast run it and the origin and full particulars of all the fires that occur on his habitual route.

The worthy firemen is a man whom we all owe much, and whom to show our gratitude for his sacrifices for us, we, as occasion presents, should delight to honor. An occasion of the kind was last night, when, in honor of the return of their old steamer from the repair shops, where it had been undergoing a thorough overhauling, the members of Gazelle Engine Company, No. 1, tendered their many friends a banquet. At eight o'clock sharp the members of this old and reliable company assembled at their house on North Second street and took the stage out for a "wash." Engineer Gable and Foreman Hoag superintended the stalwart servants during the time it was located on the west at the corner of Park avenue and Fifth street, occupying about two hundred feet. He is very much pleased with it, having estimated his loss at over $1,000. To get his business going again, he preferred to adjust on the terms offered. He now proposes to give bargains in "wet goods," as elsewhere advertised.

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Hon. A. A. Drake's office at 74 Broadway was partially burned out Tuesday afternoon. His loss is about $300.

Company H is still holding the fort. Its officer believes it will be mustered in all right in a short time.

Arcanum Hall was filled last evening, with friends and members of Pinnacle Council, R. A., to witness the installation of the following new officers: Dr. Fred. A. Kinch, jr., R.; Wm. Bogert, V. R.; Wm. Hart, C.; Chas. F. Grant, P. R.; Chas. H. Day, Sec.; Wm. C. Barton, Col.; R. J. Crosby, Treas.; Rev. C. Crosby, Chaplain; C. S. Pierce, Guide; W. Scipp, W.; Henry Wyckoff, R. After the installation, refreshments were served in the Masonic dining-room by the ladies of the body friends of the order, who were anxious to know what was in store for the candidates. Many, however, had to go through with. The candidate was brought in by the Sergeant-at-Arms, surrounded by the Pinnacle Guards, and after many and varied trials, he was at last landed before the Chaun Tryson and Pyramid, where, after being duly sworn, branded and nearly quartered, he at last was admitted into full membership, received all the signs, grip and password, and was congratulated by all of his friends. A collation was served after the ceremonies, and all were pleased with the entertainment the committee had given them.

A Dime for Charity.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The man at the Pond Tool Works that wouldn't give me a dime subscription for his poor old boss who had his finger cut off may call on me and get a dime. ANGUS SCHERVIER.

THE GREAT REPUBLIC.

PRESENTATION OF THE ALLEGORY IN MUSIC HALL.

Four Hundred Plainfield Public School Pupils with a Few Outside Friends Entertain the Audience.

In "The Great Republic" Capt. W. Mills of the "Chatham" (Centennial) has written for J. M. Hager an allegory whose moral is as inspiring one. That allegory—with which Plainfield people become familiar when it was presented here a year ago—was last night presented to a crowded house in the Brilliant Music Hall, with about four hundred characters. The moral was by no means full; but, considering that the presentation was in reality nothing more than a dress rehearsal, the audience was large. To-night it is predicted that the Hall will be crowded. Last night's exhibition was a sample of what the young people of Plainfield can do, and as the affair was one in which the public schools are interested—being to start for their benefit—it should be patronized by the Board of Education THE NEWS to-day furnishes considerable space for its record. The tableaux were all effective, and the individual parts were well filled.

Those who saw Miss Maud Bowers as the Goddess of Liberty last year knew that she would this season be perfect *superbly* as before, and even the veriest cynic didn't attempt to criticise the rising electionist other than favorably.

In the camp scene one of Sherman's grotesquely dressed raiders sang "Marching Through Georgia" to a tune of his own. There were many favorable comments on his fine voice, and some of those in the audience wondered who he was. Few recognized in him a former Plainfielder, Robert G. Smith, now a student at Stevens' Institute of Technology, Hoboken. He with his three brothers, Franklin, Oscar and Stanton, later on sang "On the March," a quartette which was so well rendered that the audience called for another song. The encore brought forth that beautiful selection, "Now All is Hushed in Slumber," the voices chimed together melodiously, without instrumental accompaniment.

The solos by the Misses Alice and Gussie Holmes and Miss Laura Baker and Master Fred. Freeman were all heartily applauded, and deserved every bit of it. Fred Freeman especially pleased, as his voice is new to the public. The Irishman, Dutchman and Negro highly tickled the fancy of the audience, and Sherman's bummers were the cause of much laughter. In the final tableaux the muscular twitchings were few, and every part throughout was so ably taken that the participants deserve to have their names recorded. Through the courtesy of Miss Bulkley THE NEWS gives a complete list below. The pupils reflected credit on the parents who co-operated through their children to make the presentation of the allegory a success. Here is the list:

Indians: Indian Princess, Maude Beuton; Attendants, Carrie Manning, Ethel Boardman, Laura F. Baker; Soothsayer, Edward Perine; Warrior, Fred Newman; Indian Brave, Harold Ann Evans; Indians, Alfred White, Wm. Coriell, Frank Flannery, Wm. Moore, Elden Hazel, Anna Roll, Gertie Eddy, Ella Dunn, May Lunger, Lizzie Smith, Millie Langdon, Mattie Barrett, Lilian Mills, Hattie Garretson, Maggie Borgen, Lulu Jones, Alice Martindale, Mary Curran, Lucretia Stout, Maud Saltsman, Julia Day, Annie Ulrich, Delite Voehl, Margaret Revelle, Etta Krymer, Mary Ryan, Marie Bourgeois, John Lowitz, Harry Roberts, Lizzie Sears, Nellie VanDeventer, Warren Rice, Edwin Cathbert, Gussie Keating, Samuel Dunham.

PENN TABLEAUX.

Wm. Penn, Edward French, Colonel—Master French, Frederic Mallock, Eugene Moore, Annie Bingaman, Arthur Freeman, Mr. Runyon—Master Dayton Frank Martin, Katie Potter, Rose Lowrie, Lucia N. Wood, Nettie G. Thorne, Susie Runyon, Annie Wyckoff, Gussie Baldwin, Lizzie Baldwin, Minnie Carpenter, Mr. Austin Ferguson, R. L. Bills, Van Winkle—Master Sallie Dell, Dora Grant, Maud Mary, Pattie Wilson, Fred. Freeman, Maud Stelle, Ida Cole, Nellie Taylor, Cal. Ella Wightman, Nell, Gussie Wills, Col. Florence Barbey.

Virginia Tableaux.

Spirit, Alice Haynes; Messenger, Louie Bowman; Negro, Edward Perrine; Indians, Wm. Coriell, Harry Kirkbride, Frank Flannery, Sido Singers, Fred Freeman, Gussie Holmes; Miss Holmes, Laura Baker.

Military: Company C—Captain, Fred Sherrill; Company B—Captain, Chester Longdon; Company A—Captain, Theodore Dunham.

Dunham, Harry Alexander, Wm. Burrill, Chas. Angleman, Arthur Sutton, Clarence Mundy, Cyrus Moore, Harry Lee, Wm. Dunham, Harry Wilson, Wm. Rushmore, Harry Roberts, Chalmer Miller, Wm. Scott, Robert Tinley, Ed. Lange, George Rockwell, Horace Moore, Albert Elliott, Fred Taylor, George Fuller, John Plaza, Jessie Wilson, John Cahill, Fred. McCarthy, Frank Richards, Forrest Haynes, Carlos Abora, Everett Styles, Warren Rice, Edwin Lambert, Walter Manning, Grant Boering, Carl Pfeiffer, Samuel Dominick.

Sherman's Bummers: Arthur Mulford, General; Clarence Murphy, Captain; Private Frank Stelle, Wm. Runyon, Private Frank Harper, Ira Runyon, Private Frank Clawson, Ed. French, Harwood Frost, Charles Frost, Andrew Carpenter, Chas. Dunham, Samuel Legge, Ernest Kruse, Andrew Fritts, Alva TenEyck, Mr. Pond, Alfred Howes, Colonel Parkhurst, Mr. Newman, Albert Wright; Smith Quartette, Franklin S. Smith, Rest, G. Smith, Oscar B. Smith, Stanton W. Smith.

GRAND FINAL TABLEAUX.

Indians—Flower Girls—Military—States—North and South with sprays crossed—Goddess of Liberty—Samuel Mulford—Miss Maud Bowers—Shield, kneeling—Messenger, kneeling. Classic Tableaux: Arthur Mulford, Ross Lowrie, Laura Runyon, Stelle Walker, Eva Fisher, Mabel Runyon. Roman Tableaux—Clarence Murphy, Nettie Thorne, Maggie Bebout, Lizzie Baldwin, Gussie Deucklen, Lizzie Rosetta, Columbus, Howard Huntington, Indian Maiden, Ethel Boardman.

The allegory has caused no end of work for Miss Julia E. Bulkley, the energetic principal of the schools, and the pupils and friends who took part. Mr. R. Mattice Brown, manager, has also found in the allegory a big demand on his time. To-night there will be the second presentation, and Saturday afternoon will positively, says Mr. Hager, witness the final matinee.

Miss Bowers is a stanch goddess, and Mr. Pack is a sturdy Washington.

Mr. Hager has been assured of a full house if he will present the allegory again Saturday night.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

The Blizzard Again.

MASON CITY, Iowa, Jan. 20.—The thermometer is 25 degrees below zero, and it is rapidly growing colder. A third severe blizzard is feared. Dakota dispatches say it is on the way.

News From Erin.

DUBLIN, Jan. 20.—Father McFadden of Enniskeen, was arrested at Armagh to-day for participating in oppositions to eviction. Editor O'Brien was released from jail this morning, and was followed by a large crowd to the residence of the parish priest. He was given an enthusiastic reception.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Beer. Recommended by Meek & Tilford and Asher, Merrill & Coates.

MUSIC HALL,

Wednesday, Jan. 25,

the great New York comedy success and triumph,

THE MAIN LINE,

OR HAWKINS "T."

A love story of the Boulevard and Delaware and Lackawanna Railroad, with a realistic train of cars, and a fast express train, with a full equipment of the New York Limited Express. Prices as usual. Seats on sale at the Music Hall box office, Thursday morning, Jan. 26.

ELEVEN POINTS WHY

EXCELSIS

Should be in Every Christian Household in Plainfield.

They are all There.

You will find one in Particular adapted to your religious preferences.

SECURE A COPY.

You can get them at Reynolds', Shaw's and Estil's.

Died.

BASS—At Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday Jan. 17th, 1888, Clara Virginia, daughter of W. and Jennie Bass, aged 17 years.

Funeral on Friday, Jan. 20th at four p. m., Eighth street, Plainfield. Kindly omit flowers.

DALY—In this city on Thursday Jan. 19th, 1888, Anna A. Daly in the 24th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the house, No. 19 Third street, on Saturday, the 21st inst. at 9:30 o'clock, and from thence to St. Mary's church where a high requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of the soul at 10 a. m.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GIRL WANTED for general housework. Good wages and a permanent place to one who is competent and can furnish good references. Address New Yorker, care of EVENING NEWS. 20-4*

A COACHMAN, colored, wants a situation. Has best city reference. Address, W. R. Holmes, post office. 16-6

APARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 23 West Third street. 20-3*

FOR SALE—A pair of light, new bobs. Can be seen at Leire's hardware store. 18-3

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with stable. No. 31 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 3-27

LOST—A valuable dog from his kennel, at Scotch Plains. He is a large sized Mastiff, with some St. Bernard blood in his veins. Color, yellow and white. Has a few brown spots, white, weight one hundred and sixty pounds. Will answer to the name of Scotch Plains. Scotch Plains. 1 19-21*

WANTED—Part of a house for a small family with no children. Address C. H. S., box 17. 19-3

$1,500 TO $2,000 to loan on mortgage. Address Boyd, care EVENING NEWS. 20-6*

$2,500 to loan on first mortgage security. Apply to R. C. Mulford, broker, opposite depot. 1-5 tf*

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, JAN. 26 and 27. Benefit of the Department of Science of the Plainfield Public Schools. Hours Apparatus and Library with the aid of Miss Julia E. Bulkley. Doors open at 7:30. Entertainment to begin at 8 o'clock. Under the auspices of the Board of Education and the patronage of a large committee of well known citizens.

Admission 50c. Reserved seats 75c extra. Reserved seats at this and Evening Matinee on sale at Music Hall box office, Monday, Jan. 23, at 9 a. m.

Doors open at 1, Concert commences at 2 p. m.

MATINEE.

Saturday, January 21st, at 2 p. m. Admission 25c. Reserved Seats 50c. Doors open at one o'clock. Concert commences at 2 o'clock.

PROF J. M. HAGER'S Grand Historical Drama, entitled

Great Republic

Allegory and Tableaux. Will be given under the auspices of the Board of Education and Citizens' Committee, assisted by pupils of the High and Grammar Schools, at Music Hall, Friday and Saturday evenings, January 20th and 21st.

Miss Carrie E. Dewey, Pianist. A Steinway Concert Grand will be used.

WET GOODS

Ho! For Bargains!

Boots and Shoes.

CALL IMMEDIATELY

at

B. R. Force's corner,

No. 1 Park avenue, and Front street.

FOR THE

Next 60 Days

GOODS

Will be Sold at

GREATLY

REDUCED PRICES

to make room for Spring Stock.

FAIRCHILD'S

GRAND PROMENADE

CONCERT

AND BALL.

CONCERT BY

DRAKE'S CELEBRATED

ZOUAVE BAND.

String by Prof. Theodore Ehlbecke, assisted by America's Favorite Cornet Soloist,

W. S. MYGRANTS.

AT THE CRESCENT,

JAN. 26th, '88.

Concert from 8 to 10 p. m., under the management of Benj. LeVere and William S. Field. Tickets on sale at R. S. Sedlak's and Field & Randolph's Drug Store and of Barton Kline at the depot.

We have a Special Line of Rough Writing Paper put up in one quire flat boxes with perfumed blotters These papers are in several different styles and we will sell them for the present at only 35 cents per box.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

TOBOGGAN

SLIDE

(East Front street,)

NOW OPEN

Afternoon

and Evenings.

Special Notices.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.

1 platform, 4 bushel capacity, Fairbanks scale, 1 platform, 2 bushel capacity, Fairbanks scale, 1 platform, 1 bushel capacity, Fairbanks scale, 1 platform, 1 bushel capacity, Fairbanks scale, 1 platform, 1

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
C. W. HOSMER, Proprietor.
Is published every afternoon (except Sunday) at No. 7 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.
Subscription price, 2 cents per copy; 10 cents per week; 40 cents per month; $4.80 per year; payable in advance.
Entered at the Postoffice at Plainfield, N. J., as second class matter.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1888

TRAIN ROBBERS CAUGHT.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20.—Train robbers were foiled Wednesday night in an attempt to rob an express train on the Wabash Western road at Conley's lake, twenty-four miles east of Kansas City. The express left Kansas City for St. Louis over the Wabash at 7:45 p. m. and left Chillicothe at 5:30 p. m. On the platform of the last station was a band of men with shotguns. The conductor was informed that there were under the platform an official of the county who had received word that an attempt would be made to rob the St. Louis express at that point, as there had been two robberies in Missouri City. One of the officers got in the cab of the engine with the engineer and fireman and the others distributed themselves through the train.

Conley's lake, a fishing resort, one of the loneliest points on the road in white men, was the place where the attack was to be made. None of the passengers on the train was notified of the danger. At 9:35, as the point of attack was neared, a red light was seen gleaming ahead. As the train slowed up the engineer saw three men, armed with rifles, standing on the track.

"Get off there!" said the leader of the three men to the engineer. Morsey situated down out of the cab. Just as he reached the ground the officer in the cab pointed his shotgun out of the window and fired. Whether he hit the leader of the band of robbers or not he would not afterward tell, but both he and the engineer were of the opinion that he had. As soon as the shot was fired he and Morsey dropped down out of sight. The officer in the cab was answered with shots from the guns of the three robbers, which rattled about the engine but did no harm. The three men retired in a demoralized manner.

As they moved back a part of the sheriff's posse came up from the woods, where they had been in readiness for some time, and opened fire on them. Those men had been sent out from Missouri City in advance of the train, and had concealed themselves to be in readiness to assist should it be needed.

After twenty shots had been exchanged the men on the train joined in the pursuit.

The sheriff and posse remained in pursuit of the robbers, finally bagging their game. The three men were captured, including their leader, Barney Sweeney, who was found to be seriously injured. He fought desperately before his surrender.

Sweeney was a member of the James gang, and recently served a term of two years in the penitentiary for an attempt to blackmail the late General Manager Talmadge of the Wabash Western. He has been twice under arrest for murder and train robbery. The plot to rob the night train was communicated to the station agent at Missouri City by John King, a resident there, who joined the band for the purpose of betraying the schemes. None of the railroad officials had more than a half hour's notice of the time and place of the proposed robbery.

The Cigarmakers' Strike.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—It is estimated that 1,500 cigarmakers are now on strike in this city, and it is expected that permission will be soon received from the head of the union at Buffalo for all in the city to go out. These are the men on strike for nine days at Newmark's factory, the thirty-five women locked up by the firm to prevent the strike committee from talking to their having quit the place and 200 more. The 800 local branches throughout the country have sent from $10 to $20 each to help the strikers. To-morrow a fifty cent assessment on those at work will begin.

Remarkable Fatality in a Family.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Dec. 20.—A number of singularly sudden deaths have occurred in the family of ex-Sheriff Montgomery, of this city, during the past few months. Mrs. Montgomery was stricken dead with apoplexy. In November Sheriff Montgomery dropped dead. A nephew of his died suddenly a few days ago, and William Montgomery, his son, dropped dead from a chair in a barber shop while waiting to be shaved to go to his cousin's funeral.

An Entire Family Burned to Death.

LIMA, O., Jan. 20.—Yesterday morning the house of Frank Smith, in the eastern part of this county, took fire, and the whole family, consisting of Mr. Smith, his wife and four children, were burned to death. The flames spread so rapidly that all means of escape were cut off.

International Neutralization.

ROME, Jan. 20.—Mr. Gladstone has written to the Italian senator, Vacchi, approving his article on the application to the question of the principle of international neutralization. Mr. Gladstone expresses his belief that the plan would go far toward solving the Roman question.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The constitutional prohibition amendment was passed in the Massachusetts senate by a vote of 25 to 6.

William Price, the hermit, who died of starvation at Girard, O., had $1,000 in gold hidden in his hut.

Coal is now selling at Tamaqua, Pa., at $4.75 per ton or $4 at the colliery, the highest price known in that section of the coal region.

The annual afternoon performance for the benefit of the New York Roman Catholic Orphan asylum at the Metropolitan Opera house netted $14,000. Four thousand people were refused admission.

Dispatches from Spain state that ex-Queen Isabella will shortly be exiled.

Governor Hovey has signed the bill conferring the right of suffrage upon women in Washington territory.

The caucus of Republican members of both houses at Albany, N. Y., unanimously nominated Carroll E. Smith, of The Syracuse Journal, as candidate for regent of the State university, vice E. W. Leavenworth, deceased.

Peter Peterson, of Cowden, Kan., accidentally shot and killed his son while out hunting. The old man is crazed with grief and had to be restrained from killing himself.

Continued preparations are made by Germany, Austria and Russia to have their armies in first class fighting condition at an early day.

It is reported that the crown prince of Germany is recovering so rapidly that he will return to Potsdam in the spring.

The starving workmen have started an appeal for help to their fellow workmen in other States.

The Fabre line steamer Britannia, plies days between Marseilles and Buenos Ayres, carried 1,000 steerage passengers and a small amount of cargo.

Two railway men with registered mail, Fowler and L. Fobian, of Cincinnati, O., were found dead in bed together at Lockwood, N. Y., in a hotel room in the International hotel, New York.

Ex-Secretary Schofield leaves Thursday for Chicago, where body will remain over Col. Ingersoll's lecture, on "Good Fellowship."

RALSTON'S STRANGE LIFE.

A ROMANTIC HISTORY THAT ENDED IN SUICIDE.

His Father's Regret—The Boy's Ambition—Luck in California—His Life in the Diamond Mines—The Sad Fate of His Early Companions.

PALO ALTO, Cal., Jan. 20.—Tyson, formerly Ralston, who ended his life by suicide in Georgetown, Cal., a few days ago, was a pretty well known man in this part of New York. He was born and raised in the middle of Lake Seneca, Schuyler county, N. Y. His father, Charles Ralston, the millionaire banker and miller owner, for the special purpose of studying mechanical engineering, and took up his residence at Providence, R. I., where he put into the great Corliss works as a mechanical engineer. With him came Mrs. Ralston and her two youthful daughters, and the family occupied several large residences, including that a dozen rooms in the Hotel Dorrance. The family lived in luxury and made quite an impression on Providence society.

Young Ralston was in many respects a remarkable man, and exhibited strangely contradictory elements of character. By day he was a hard working mechanic, and a prime hand and oily blouse and overalls, toiling at machinery and as strictly as the humblest workmen in the great machine shop. By night he would don elegantly attired and polished gentleman, the lion at the balls and in the parlors of the rich and fashionable. Possessed of much means, he was courted by the ladies. Jovial, good natured and a lavish spender of money, he was the leading spirit among the young men.

All this time he appeared to have plenty of money, and he spent it with a lavish hand. He was not of a bad disposition, and has he was supposed to have millions at his disposal he exhibited much sense. He seized upon an ordinary thing. Although women's smiles were showered upon him, he distributed his favors impartially, until he met a charming young girl at a ball, fell in love desperately and enamored. On her he spent money lavishly, and she shared the fame of his luminous career

MINERS AND MILL GIRLS.

CONSIDERING THE QUESTION OF THEIR TREATMENT.

Pictures of Life Among the Coal Diggers—Austin Corbin, the President of the Reading Railroad—Happy and the Well Dressed Workwomen.

Everybody, east or west or south, and south as well as north, is just now talking about strikes and the differences between coal miners employed by the Reading company. For thereby only the cost is directly increased to everybody, or otherwise cold weather and hard times, there is a big principle involved in the contest that began the year just ended—strikes New York, Philadelphia and other monster centers of population, and which suggests a question of vital importance to general interest.

The one person brought most into prominence by the shooting scare is Austin Corbin, president of the Reading Railroad company and the Reading Coal and Iron company. The accompanying points to his life are briefly told here.

He also born in Sullivan county, N. H., in 1827, of parents of moderate means, but of good old New England stock. His father was a lawyer, who gave his son a plain academic education. The family lived on a farm and himself studied law. When he graduated from the Hanover law school it was with the highest honors. He practiced law at Newport, N. H., and then at Davenport, Ia. Soon he went into the land and loan business. In this he made money fast and then drifted into going into railroading. Before long he perfected his intentions he had decided control of the Long Island railroad company, also securing large holdings of its capital stock. His connection with the Reading companies is of recent origin. He has a 1,000 acre farm at Islip, L. I., and numerous fine houses in Brooklyn, personally, and with great shrewdness.

Mr. Corbin's mode of life and appearances were thus described last summer by a New York correspondent:

"He lives on Fifth avenue since his removal from First place, Brooklyn, and one night he is apt to sleep at his 1,000 acre farm at Islip, the next in Philadelphia; and then for a week he will seek slumber in his private car, whirling from one end to the other of his Reading system. This car of his is the handsomest in this country, not even excepting the new one the Pullmans have just built for Jay Gould, and cost something like $35,000. It has bedrooms, dining room, kitchen, bath and library, where, on his well balanced trucks, he sits at his secretaries and transacts business with the ease that he could do here in his downtown office—he has a prodigious capacity for work. His six feet of gauntness is as strong as a *whipcord and as elastic as steel. His 59* years of life show not a faculty or muscle awry. He has blue eyes, brown hair and ruddy complexion, and is fibre of movement."

Turn from the picture of success, luxury and worldliness, presented by the foregoing to the condition of the coal *miners in the anthracite regions of Pennsylvania.* Perhaps the cut of the interior of a miner's house is taken from an animal instance and not by any means an isolated case—will tell better than words can, the squalor and misery they are afflicted with.

The American miner was once a splendid fellow. This was before the influx of Polish and Hungarian cheap labor. Then his wages were good, better, in fact, than those of most laborers. The mines had not long been opened, and as the work was hard and trying mine owners were anxious to get good men and willing to pay good rates for the work when it was done. But as the operators waxed rich they cast about for all sorts of devices for increasing the per centage of profits. Whether the importation of foreigners, who could live on far less than the American laborer required, was before the days of the "pluck me" store or not the present writer knows not, but both these devices were resorted to.

There is some semblance of excuse for the former—none for the latter. That is to say, capitalists justify the use of cheap foreigners on the ground that the labor market is an open one and the employer has the right to get his work done by the man who will do it cheapest. In other words, to buy labor of the man who will sell it at the lowest figure.

But many operators in adopting this course failed to accord their employes the same privilege. They established the company store. Here is a description of one of these institutions, but it should be prefaced by the statement that they are more common in the bituminous than the anthracite region, where the trouble is now located.

There is a law of Pennsylvania prohibiting the company store; but it is disobeyed by one device or another. The common method is the last cent is wrung from the miners and the laborers.

The money all goes back to the employer. When a miner goes to work at a new place, five weeks' pay is withheld as a guarantee of his conduct. During this time he must live on credit,

A MINER'S HOME.

and he can obtain credit only at the company store. From the moment he enters upon the books of the institution he becomes a slave. If he tries to overcome the stranglehold with which it has complicated him by the most rigid economy, and the end of the month inevitably finds him in debt.

Many laborers in the bituminous region, and not a few in the anthracite, have been employed for half a dozen years and more and have not been able to pay off the debt with which they started. The charges of the company store are from 10 to 20 per cent. higher than those of the regular dealers, and the men are forced to buy of the former under penalty of being discharged.

Even those who have a few dollars coming to them at the end of the month are frequently forced to do the same thing. Their families must be supported, and the store keeper will not trust them unless they buy of him. Many of the miners are compelled to live on credit from the time they begin work in the spring until they quit in the fall. Then they are in debt to the company, and they are forced to do the same thing the following year. Thus they are kept in a state of perpetual servitude. Their condition is worse than that of the negro slaves before the war, for the latter were always sure of a support, while the former frequently are not.

Another system which prevails in the anthracite region is that of docking. The miners are paid by the ton for the coal they dig, but before it is weighed it is run over a screen, which separates the coal from the slate and rock. The latter is thrown away, and the miner who has filled a car with refuse gets no pay for his work. Of course, this is a great advantage to the operator, and it is said that the docking system yields a handsome profit to the corporations that employ it.

Evictions are taking place every day in the bituminous mining region that are as cruel as those which, occurring in Ireland, excite the sympathy of civilized people throughout the world. Unmarried miners live in large barracks, and those who have a wife and children are provided with houses. These are owned by the company, and when a miner is discharged he is always given a short time in which to move. Sometimes he is turned out at once, and then his household goods are thrown out on the highway. Frequently the miner is discharged on account of his religious or political views, and then he is evicted. Of course I do not speak of small villages, of which there are many here and there in every village, where the houses are owned by the miners themselves, but of the large settlements of mining laborers, which are the property of the great companies.

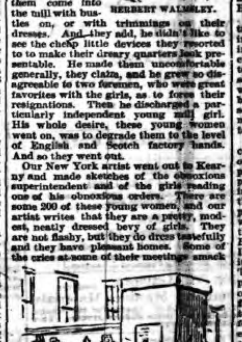
This article has not to do with the right or wrong of the present strike in the coal region. Every reader must form his own opinion from the facts as they are known from day to day by the various news reports that are sent out.

Another strike, and one more interesting in some respects, though without the element of far reaching consequences possessed by the coal strike, is the strike of thread spinners at Kearny, a little New Jersey town.

The young women who are not say the whole trouble is with Herbert Walmsley, the young Scotch superintendent. They claim, with great indignation, *that he is displeased*, and mightily so, too, because they dress too well. According to their hard luck stories, he could not bear to see them come into the mill with bustles on, or with trimmings on their dresses. And—they add, he didn't like to see cheap little devices they discovered to to make their dreary quarters look presentable. He made them uncomfortable generally, they claim, and he grew so disagreeable to two dozen girls, who were great favorites with the girls, as to force their resignations. Then he discharged a particularly independent young mill girl. His whole rule among young women went on, was to degrade them to the level of English and Scotch factory hands. And so the strike.

HERBERT WALMSLEY.

Our New York artist went out to Kearny and made sketches of the obnoxious superintendent and of the girls reading one of his obnoxious notices. There are some 200 of these young women, and our artist writes that they are a pretty, modest, neatly dressed bevy of girls. They are not flashy, but they do dress tastefully and they have pleasant homes. Some of the cries at some of their meetings smack



READING AN OBNOXIOUS ORDER.

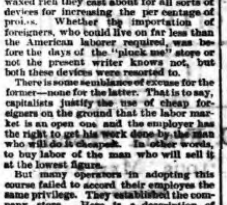
very strongly indeed of the independent American young woman. Here is one of them:

We will stick, stick, stick!
And make old Walmsley sick, sick, sick!

Of course there is another side to this story, too. There always is.

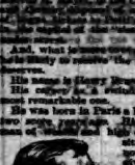
The mill owners and Walmsley himself claim, of course, that they have not done anything that is not in accordance with strict justice to the employes of the establishment, and they interrupted themselves and would have been safe in their places if they had stuck. The same is alleged to be true as to the strike.

Whatever the merits of the case or the outcome may be the New York reporters have found plenty of material for some highly interesting articles in the strike of the Kearny thread spinners.



A Fight for Credit.

I met a New Yorker the other day. He was on famous ground, and as it was early I ganded a well known hotel he suddenly stopped, looked into the windows for a moment, and then insisted on going inside. He stood up the guests that were in the room and then made a careful inspection of the register. His previous stays were so rare to me, but as soon as we were on the street again he turned to me and said: "Look here, boy, I'll bet that place in New York just as you pass it next. It would be worth money to me. I could sell it for ten times what I paid for it." Then he stopped to stare for a few minutes. It is one of the richest fields for croaks that I ever saw. Those fourths of the men in that room are wealthy farmers who have come to the city to spend the money they have on hand and don't want to put up at a high priced house. It is just the kind of a place where the crowds do their shopping and where the shop assistants do their eating. You will find the same crowd of farmers in the same place every time you go in the years, and Bedside must be well established. They never move. I have often wished you some good hotel that I could buy. "—Bedside Notes.



HARRY BENSON.

A TICKET OF LEAVE MAN.

Harry Benson, Who Swindled the Most Men and His Methods.

The theatrical people of the city of New York, Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, the Rothschilds of London and Paris, and Harry Benson have had business relations with each other.

For the most was in 1890 prominent among the Americans who were entertained by M. Menier, in the chocolate palace on the Champs Elysees, in Paris, was Harry Benson.

He was born in Paris a little more than forty years ago. His father was a well known artist, who did not get rich, but who was the idol of the family. Harry was the youngest of the children, and himself visible, and he soon became thoroughly despised by his brothers and sisters because of his many advantages. He was educated in the best schools of Paris, and when he left school he had a knowledge of the world and of men that was unusual in a boy of his years. He was a born gambler, and his brothers and sisters, who had inherited much facility with the pen as enabled him in 1886 to secure a place on the staff of The Paris Figaro, the leading paper of the Domino Noir. His articles were of such brilliancy that his youthful indiscretions were soon forgotten and he became immensely popular with the Parisian public. His father, delighted with his son's eminence as a writer, fostered his progress greatly by giving him some of the most brilliant receptions at his home that there were attended by many of the foremost people not only of France, but of the visitors at the French capital.

The close of the Franco-Prussian war seemed to call out all that was evil in the bright young journalist. The Prussians had declared that a ransom of $30,000 had been raised in London for the town's relief. Benson had succeeded in leaving Paris, through the instrumentality of the editor of the paper, F. W. Hathburne, and with other journalists was staying at Tours. He decided to attempt to get possession of this money, then on deposit with the Rothschilds. Going to London—armed with forged credentials, as the mayor of the despoiled town—he succeeded in getting a letter from the lord mayor to the rich bankers and the money was delivered into his keeping. Before this he had been cast off by his family because of gambling and other excesses, and he was now well started in his career of crime. But instead of going out of England with his ill gotten gains he remained, and was presented to the prince of Wales. His exposure followed soon after.

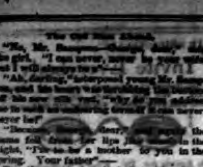
Benson was now arrested without delay, tried, convicted and sentenced to a long imprisonment. This was not to his liking, of course, and in the hope of securing a reduction of sentence, he naturally turned to those with kreuzers and then set fire to it. The barns that followed were so serious as to cripple him for life. But the ruse failed and he was obliged to serve out the entire sentence. His lameness is still perceptible, but does not seem to interfere greatly with his operations.

While in prison Benson effected a successful railroad robbery. When he got out he was employed by one *Kerr*, the publisher of a sporting periodical that was published in London and Paris,

"No, Mr. Mudge, I cannot marry you," said the girl, "I can never, never be your wife, but I will always be a sister to you."

"Ah, Lucy," interposed young Mr. Snaggs, "and shall the heart of my brother be the stepping-stone of my love to you? Why, my dear relative can be only a relative and nothing more, never, never!"

Good News.



"Tom, have you heard the news?"

"No, what is it?"

"Your mother is dead."

"Bully! Now I can wear dinner pants."—*Life.*

A Keeper of the Truth.

A man, dressed in greasy overalls, went into a newspaper office and asked to see the editor. When asked of the city editor or some other man on the force would not do as well, he replied that he had come on very important business, and must see the editor-in-chief. When at last his persistence had forced an entrance into the room where great policies were outlined the editor said:

"You were determined to see me; now, as quickly as possible, state your business."

"All right, sir. I like your paper, and I want you to have a chance of saying something that will startle the country. For some time I have been engineer at Grayson's mill——"

"Well, but what have I to do with that?"

"Just hold on a minute. This morning the boiler exploded——"

"Go to the city editor if you want to hand in a piece of news."

"I thought that I would give you a chance to write a startling editorial."

"Editorial the deuce! We have such accidents nearly every day."

"No, you don't. Just give me a chance to get done, and you will thank me. No one was killed when this boiler exploded."

"That's nothing strange."

"And," continued the visitor, "no one would have been hurt had the boiler exploded five minutes before it did."

A strange expression settled upon the editor's face. "What you have to say is——" he asked.

"I say that no one would have been hurt had the explosion occurred five minutes before it did. All other explosions that I ever heard of would have been five times as destructive if they had occurred a short time before, for a party of young ladies or a committee of gentlemen, or some important personage had, of course, just left the mill when the explosion occurred."

The editor's eyes had grown wonderfully bright. "My dear friend," said he, "dear because you have chosen me to be the original recipient of this great piece of intelligence, I and I will follow you. A man with such a glorious appreciation of the truth is a rare jewel. Come, sit down beside me, that I may tell your presence as I write, stay by me, perfect keeper of the truth; for my mind is stirred up, and I fain would muse."—Arkansaw Traveler.

Bloom Tatte.

Winter Visitor in Lower California (holding on to a tree and dodging fragments of burned cactus which are whizzing past)—You never in the hurricanes or cyclones here, I understand. Is this the regular thing in the asphyxiating line?

Native (lying flat and clutching desperately with both hands)—The mildness of our climate, combined with the unsurpassed fertility of our soil and the genial sunshine of our delicious tropical fruit, our entire freedom from destructive storms and the unexampled pleasures of our lands—look out for that fly-ing fence—tempt many persons to buy many with a few hundred dollars can settle in a few-and plantings, hop raising or—hold on, don't you? Don't you like the climate? Why, there is a cool breeze a few rods from here—Hanks Darkness! If he had stuck on two minutes longer I could have had a fresh head to be provided with.—Chicago Tribune.

Fit for the Gods.

Young Mother (to waiter)—Waiter, I want you to get me a nice, tender piece of the liver, and, as I am hungry, you might bring me fresh onions.

Waiter—Yes, sir; anything else.

Young Mother (contemptuously)—Yes, bring something more interesting to order. Like a—a—a—

Waiter—I guess it must be the ostrich. Don't you know it contains—New York Sun.

Good Ideals for an Ostrich.

Al—Say, see $5 worth of assorted hardware.

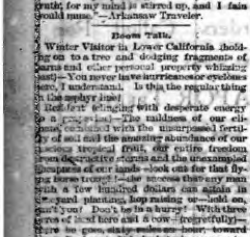
Bill—What do you mean?

Al—That will right; my wife has a pet ostrich. The kind must eat.—Tid Bits.

Culture at the Museum.

Mrs. S.—My dear, I wish you to observe this beautiful statue of Apollo and this painting to Psyche in his arms, Apollinaris, Psyche.

How It's Done.



Patron—Waiter, bring me a cup of tea and a piece of toast.

Waiter (to cook)—Scalped muffins and a hymeneal kicker.—Nebraska State Journal.

A Hasty Appearance.

Mr. Peppery—Why, you disgusting fool, this British lion!

Miss Sharpsayer—Yes, I think this an unfair picture that her editor—Life.

Some Rare Bargains

are being offered at

EDSALL'S

29 West Front street, 8 Bernaby's Linen Table Damask, Table Napkins, Linen Towels, Curtain Fringes, Cotton, Linen Goods, Etc.

We will open a line of Spring Dress Fabrics, Wash Goods, Ginghams, Percales, Etc., for to-day and to-morrow. Our Corset Department is complete with the Celebrated C. P. Corsets, Hatching, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Portieres, Curtains, etc.

If you wish to get genuine Bargains in real good goods you can depend on finding them at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street.

The Pioneer Dry and Wash Goods Establishment Has Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

HENRY HANCHETT,

GROCER,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

dealer in

Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

Fruits and Vegetables

IN SEASON.

Ferris & Co's. celebrated

HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.

The leading druggist of Mast Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it in stock you need not fear. I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE

And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

Transient trade solicited. MRS. M. YARGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.

Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Enquire of

J. H. Fenner, Veterinary Surgeon,

72 East Fifth street,

Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? The mode of advertising will surprise you. Because it the Balsam was not a perfect a cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles, as it is the most wonderful relief after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate, procure a bottle to-day to keep in your house or room for immediate or future use. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Sold by druggists. Large size bottle $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS

Designs for weddings, parties and funerals, made up at short notice at the latest styles of art. Shop No. 5 E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

ADDIS.

Do you own dyeing at home, with Diamond Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—4 oz. They have no equal for strength, brightness and beauty—in dyeing or dye Fast Colors, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or warp. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J.

GO TO

ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

for Rubber Stamps, for marking Linen, for Printing Cards, Tellphone Call, Wrapping Paper, Receipts, etc., at

Lowest Prices.

Also for Music, Toys, Games, etc.

EAST FRONT STREET.

L. HEYNIGER,

63, 65 and 67 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 113.

Hooker's Goods in great variety.

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors,

Graduates in Embalming.

Office, Residence and Factory No. 7 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call 4.

SLEIGHS

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OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

E. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

THE BEE HIVE.

JERSEYS.

Children's all wool Jerseys, sizes 22 to 34 inches, navy, red and checked, regular price 75 cents, reduced to 39 cents.

Ladies' coat shape jerseys, 50 cents.

Plaited front Jerseys, regular price $1.25, reduced to 79 cents.

Children's all wool ribbed underwear, sizes 16 to 24, 25 cents.

100 gross pearl buttons, all sizes, at 5 cents per dozen.

LOUIS CALLMAN,

25 WEST FRONT ST.

Builders Cards.

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons, Bros.,

Mason and Builder,

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 962.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

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PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.'S

Messenger Service

AND

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue, W. S. SLITER, Manager.

JOHN SWANDLER,

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Carpenter & Builder,

25 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

K. A. Rose,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all kinds of Sash and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Correct figures.

R. V. SUTPHIN,

Carpenter and Builder,

86 Seneca Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans, P. O. Box 1258. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Bricklayer, Evans, P. O. Box 324,

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20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of Sash and Interior

Mouldings, Doors, Blinds, Doors,

North Seventh and Tunnel. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue, P. O. Box 82.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.,

O. M. DUNHAM'S

47 WEST FRONT ST., next to Leiter's Store.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWERS'

Next Door to Stiles & Ford's Undertaking Rooms, 17 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

LENOX HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street, opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOUSE.

Restaurant Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

25 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Mortgages negotiated. Stocks bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Northern Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL.

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

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BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 8 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Note of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh: table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, orange lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, pruneralls and everything pertaining to our business.

KENNEY BROS.

INSURANCE.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England, Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England, North British and Mercantile of England, Phoenix of England, The Commercial Union of England, The Manufacturers of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and Casualty and Surety Companies, and procures insurance at best rates; has

MONEY TO LOAN

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Office Derr's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

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Sole Agency for North America of the Phenix Assurance Co. of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on Mortgages. We have a large Variety of settlement and are prepared to furnish drawings and estimates for whatever style of building you may contemplate. We have a large variety of settlement and are prepared to furnish drawings and estimates for whatever style of building you may contemplate. We have a large variety of settlement and are prepared to furnish drawings and estimates for whatever style of building you may contemplate. Satisfactory terms and low rates. Office open every day and evening. Telephone No. 90.

EDWARD C. MULFORD,

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corner of Third and Richmond streets, Netherwood. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, boilers, building and other purposes, new and two covers, grate bars, hanging pots, stove gates, tailor's dogs, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are on hand. We have a large variety of settlement and are prepared to furnish drawings and estimates for whatever style of building you may contemplate. We have a large variety of settlement and are prepared to furnish drawings and estimates for whatever style of building you may contemplate. Satisfactory terms and low rates. Office open every day and evening. Telephone No. 90.

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COMPANY.

JOYNER & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Having purchased the entire plant of the Plainfield Odd Fellows Excavating Company, we are now prepared to do all kinds of excavating, grading, etc., at short notice and at reasonable prices. Having had a number of years experience in the business, we feel confident that we can give satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage. Orders left at the office of the company, 5 North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

JOYNER & CO.

PARK HOUSE,

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Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Rates reasonable. Special rates by the week. Apply at office for special rates for parties desiring to remain for the winter. Free coach to and from the house.

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Fruits of all kinds.

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Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE,

(Of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the fine proprietor of the old established Market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

Where he will be pleased to meet his friends and the public generally.

MEATS

SMITH & ANGELL

BLACK

HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children. Will not run, crock, nor rub on clothing, or turn red in washing. If not found as represented, the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

CUTLERY

SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

13 E. Front street.

Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

WE HAVE

Sold Nearly

all of our great bargains which we have offered this month, but have a few left which it is our duty you to call and see. We have a number of lines we are closing out at less than the cost of manufacture and the New Year, when we will endeavor not to have any left over, to make room for our spring and summer stock.

A Reduction of 25 per cent. to commence.

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

A complete stock of gents' furnishings, including the latest styles in neck wear, collars, cuffs, shirts, underwear, handkerchiefs, suspenders, hats, caps, umbrellas, gloves, etc., etc.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

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18 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

Agent for the following first-class companies: Home of New York, Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia, of Jersey City N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

...ON PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD ...A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT ...MOST REASONABLE RATES. THE NEWS ...ce, No. 62.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citi... Its want column daily furnishes a ...antity of interesting reading and is the ...ans of procuring all kinds of employment ...d the best class of help. For Boarding and ...r Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class ...customers than can be obtained through ...y other medium, and its general advertis... rates pay better than those of all the other ...pers combined, as the constant demand ...on its columns daily testifies. In all that ...akes a thoroughly complete, general and ...aily newspaper THE NEWS stands at the ...ad of journalism in this section at least.

SITTINGS.

—The thermometer was down to 18 degrees ...ove zero this morning.

—Read the advertisement of Miss Thomas ...gning our educational cards.

—The Chautauqua Circle will meet to-night, ...n the "Y" rooms, 55 East Front street.

—The Rev. Dr. Ketcham and Alexander ...tsworth will address the Reform Club ...eeting to-morrow night.

—Perfumed pumice stone for scenting ...ureau drawers is the latest novelty at Field ...Randolph's, 21 West Front street.

—A new and powerful incandescent ...lectric light is an appreciated addition to ...Somerset street in front of THE NEWS office.

—Pedestrians have remarked that Police...man Lynch ought to enforce the law against ...reckless driving as faithfully as he does that ...gainst mere boys.

—A Gospel service will be held to-night, at ...9 o'clock, in the W. C. T. U. parlors, 55 East ...Front street. An invitation to all: Come, if ...for only few minutes.

—Services will be held as usual to-morrow ...in the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. ...m. and 7:45 p. m. In the evening the pas...tor's subject will be "The way of Cain."

—The Bound Brook Chronicle, Editor Mason's bright weekly journal of local news ...and home reading, comes out this week in a ...new and handsome dress of minion type.

—The dates of the former presentation of "The Great Republic" were Feb. 5th and 6th, 1886. Time flies so rapidly that *many* unthinkingly have spoken as though the allegory were presented in 1887.

—The services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to morrow will include Preaching *by the pastor*, the Rev. Asa Reed Ditts, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning theme: 'Christ in the Heart an Alone.' Evening theme: 'The Decision of the Lepers.'

—The Reading Company is rapidly employing its Elizabethport docks of coal, and last night another long train of loaded cars that has been standing on the docks for weeks was hauled away to Bound Brook. The Italians with the exception of a dozen or so, have all been discharged, and they are kept cleaning up the rubbage about the docks. There are rumors that the company will abandon the Elizabethport docks.

—The W. C. T. U. extend a cordial invitation to the Y. M. C. A. to be present at the first lecture on physical culture, given next Monday afternoon from 2:30, in their parlors, by Miss Julia Thomas of New York. This first lecture is free to the public. Miss Thomas has consented to visit Plainfield every Monday afternoon, and already a large class has been formed who feel themselves fortunate to receive her instructions. The ladies invite all to go and bring *their friends*.

—Monday evening the Young Men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms will be conducted by Mr. A. C. LaBoiteaux, who so acceptably led the meeting last Monday evening. *The Crescent Glee Club*, which added so greatly to the interest of the last service, will again be present, and will be accompanied in their singing by orchestral music. Short, pointed remarks by young men will be an acceptable feature of the meeting. Every young man is heartily welcome.

—Mr. G. W. Lestch is to give an address *in the First Baptist church next Tuesday evening*, on the "Life, Habits and Religion of the Hindoo's of India and Ceylon," illustrated by seventy-five photographs, taken in the country, and brought out to cover sixteen feet square by the oxy-hydrogen stereopticon. The lecture will be free, and will be in the aid of missions. The church is interested in the effort and cordially invites all its friends. Mr. Leitch recently gave a lecture in the Congregational church.

PERSONAL.

John E. Pye of New York is visiting *friends on Mountain avenue*.

Horace Huff of 27 East Third street was confined to the house with illness to-day.

William Howatt, of West Second street, started this morning on an extended trip south *in company with a New Yorker*. He will be gone all winter.

Mr. A. G. Mabee, who with Joseph English worked up the great temperance movement throughout New Jersey about four years ago, *is now an agent for a New York* life insurance company.

Nelson Doty, conductor of train No. 25, from Somerville, was taken with a severe hemorrhage before reaching Bound Brook, this morning. He was assisted from the train at Bound Brook, and Conductor Hetfield took the train from Dunellen to New York.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs D. J. Daly took place from St. Mary's church at ten o'clock this morning, when Father Smyth, the pastor celebrated a high *mass of requiem. The funeral* was one of the largest that has visited the church for some time past and was proof of the high esteem in which the deceased was held by her acquaintances. The floral offerings were very pretty and expensive.

A sleighing party from East Orange—consisting of Miss Stella Apgar, Miss May Apgar, Miss Jennie Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. G. Wolfforth, Mrs. E. S. Sanders, Mrs. Anna Mc-Cleid, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Apgar and children, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. McElvey and children, Mr. D. Dorer and Mr. Joseph C. Peck, with Mr. F. C. Peck of Basking Ridge and Miss Whitlock and Mr. Connor of Plainfield—took supper at the City Hotel last night.

THE ALLEGORY.

"The Great Republic's" Second and Last Appearance.

The second presentation of the Allegory, "The Great Republic," in the Stillman Music Hall, last night, was, as THE NEWS predicted, attended by a large audience. Every seat downstairs was filled, and there were many people in the gallery. A few stood up throughout the exhibition.

The introduction of the G. A. R. Drum Corps in appropriate places was a pleasing feature. The young soldiers went through their tactics well; that they did so is due to their trainer, Cooper Kirkner. The tableaux and singing were vigorously applauded, and in many instances encores were demanded. The piano accompaniment by Miss Carrie Dewey throughout was skillful, as that lady's playing always is. The recent solos by the Misses Alice and Gussie Holmes and Laura Baker pleased, as their singing always does. Master Fred Freeman's solo, "Viva L'America," again displayed his good voice, and the audience made him sing again. The "Sherman's Summers" and the Dutchman, Irishman and Negro were very funny—more than they were *the night before, but they had a larger* audience and created more laughter. Robert G. Smith, the "Monkey Bill" of the Raiders, sang "Marching through Georgia" as a solo, and he and his brothers favored the audience with the quartette "Hark, the Trumpet Calleth Us to Arms." There was trouble in getting them to come out again, owing to the *strict order which Mr. Hager had given* not to respond to an encore. In answer to the loud applause they stepped forward and sang a bar or two, then made believe break down and retired, falling into line with the others for rations. The storm of applause was kept up, however, and the Allegory could not proceed until they had sang "Good-night, Beloved." The Misses Smith put themselves at considerable inconvenience to come to Plainfield and take part in the exhibition. They did so at the request of Miss Bulkley and friends, of whom they have many here.

This afternoon the Music Hall was entirely filled. The standing room, as well as every *seat, was occupied. Mr. Hager told the* Smith brothers to sing as much as they liked, as their singing seemed to be in great demand. "Peter Gray," a quartette by the Smiths, who were dressed in fanciful costume, pleased immensely. The young men were encored.

The pupils received special commendation for their stillness during the tableaux. Their powers of patient endurance may be recognized in the fact that at the rising of the curtain they are arranged for the first grand tableau in Part II, and keep their tiresome positions until the tableau is over.

Union County Courts.

In the Union County Courts at Elizabeth yesterday, James Loveland, one of the two young men charged with the burglary, was admitted to bail in $2,000 for trial, his brother, William F. Loveland, becoming his security. Thomas Mulcahy, known as the East Rahway Blacksmith, was tried on two indictments, one for atrocious assault and battery upon Nathaniel Van Riper, and the other for alleged stabbing of a companion, George Ross, with a pocket-knife, with intent to kill. Mulcahy, after two trials, occupying the greater part of two days, was acquitted by the jury without leaving their seats.

'Two Runaways.

Yesterday evening a horse attached to a steam laundry wagon became frightened and ran away from the corner of Central avenue and Third street. He dashed down Central avenue to Front street and thence to the *east end*, where he was caught. No damage beyond the breaking of the shafts was done.

A horse and empty old-fashioned sleigh owned by John Hand of Grove street, North Plainfield, flew down Somerset street a short time before noon to-day. On the avenue just beyond Front street the sleigh struck a pole and was wrecked. The horse was caught further on.

A Horse and Dog Show.

The "Morris Equine and Canine Paradox" will appear at the Stillman Music Hall Jan. 26th, 27th and 28th. An exchange says:

"The intelligence manifested by Mr. Morris's fine brutes is astonishing. They perform their parts as readily and apparently as knowingly as would human beings. They go through a variety of tricks and fill the characters in costumes for a short scene. The revolving tableaux, the Romeo and Juliet pyramid, introducing all the dogs and ponies, is a pretty picture. To make the entertainment more pleasing to the front open the Professor, at the conclusion of each performance, invites the children on the stage and allows them to ride the ponies, a treat the young sters appreciate."

—Mr. W. A. Woodruff, the Insurance Agent, who was burned on Thursday evening, will occupy the Tax Collector's office, on *the opposite side of the hallway from his* regular place, until his office can be put into order. His advertisement appears in another column.

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When perihelion occurs in Northern Summer, with a maximum eccentricity of the Earth's orbit, the polar regions receive the direct rays of the Sun, and to account for the presence of animals from semi-tropical climates in the glacial drift, it is supposed that the next period of extreme eccentricity will occur at about the year A. D. 91,000.

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Sir Charles Lyell, the great geologist, had a theory of many geologists is that previous to the flood of Noah, the earth rotated on a horizontal axis, and that the waters gathering in an oblique one threw a great rush of water from the north pole on the upper side toward the south, from the south pole on the antipodes toward the north. The latter part of this statement is simply ridiculous. At the beginning of every geological time the great rush of water from the poles ? and which is the upper side of the Earth.

THE SHIFTING AXIS THEORY.

As to the theory of a sudden change in the direction of the axis of rotation, to explain the changes in the distribution of climate, that has been abandoned as worthless. There is nothing in the annals of scientific investigation to give it a particle of weight. Investigations by Sir Wm. Thomson, Prof. Haughton, Prof. Geo. Darwin, J. F. Twisden and others have proved that this theory has no foundation in fact. Mr. Darwin says that "in order to displace the pole merely one degree would require almost as great a disposition, one mention of the entire surface of the globe would require to be elevated to a height of 10,000 feet, with a corresponding subsidence in another quadrant. There probably never was an upheaval of such magnitude in the history of our earth. And to produce a deflection of three degrees and seventeen minutes (a deflection which would hardly effect climate) no less than one-tenth of the entire surface would have to be elevated to that height. A continent ten times the size of Europe elevated five miles, would do little more than bring Edinburg to the latitude of Cape Horn."

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But to turn again to the report of the lecture. Mr. Schoonmaker says: "There is evidence to show that this deluge lasted forty days and forty nights, just as Moses said." What is this evidence? It would be extremely valuable to the geologist. Again: "That there was some sudden shifting of the Earth's axis is further proved by the finding of tropical animals frozen in northern icebergs. Those Mammoths never of their own accord left their native climate for the cold regions. It was believed at one time that the Mammoth did not live in Northern Siberia and that they were carried north by the rivers, *but that belief has now been abandoned.*

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The glacial periods were all divided by eras of intense cold. This could have been brought about by the position of the Earth, in its orbit, under certain conditions, and by its relative position toward the sun.

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A GEOLOGIST SPEAKS.

TAKING EXCEPTIONS TO MR. SCHOONMAKER'S LECTURE.

Pointers About Glaciers, Strise, Icebergs and Floods—"While the Earth Remaineth Stedfast."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In the issue of THE EVENING NEWS of January 16th there appeared a report of a lecture by Mr. ——, with a temperance influence, by Mr. F. J. Schoonmaker, in which some statements were made which will not stand the test of *little knowledge is a dangerous thing*" to other people who have not. The speaker attempts to show that the time of the flood, as fixed by sacred history, is proved by the evidences of Geology, and greatly tries to connect the flood, as told by Moses, with that which, in all probability, took place at the *end of the Period*; and he places the date at about 4,000 years ago.

Although the Biblical flood may have been identical with that which we now call the geological flood—and the time as fixed by Moses as the date of its occurrence, be correct—it is with the fact that this geological flood, *the history of which is written with in*delible characters across the face of our land, took place 2,000 B. C., and that all the land was covered with water, at that time, that I especially take issue.

"There are," says the lecturer, "those who discredit the story of the flood as told by Moses. There are men who say that 40 rods of forty days and forty nights could have produced such effects. But let us look at the evidence. Then, there is the story of Jonah in God's own Writ!" In not this last statement somewhat silly? The story of Jonah related in God's own Writ" is that which is to be proved, *and can not be accepted as proof* of itself. It is not corroborative evidence, as the next statement shows.

STRIÆ FORMED BY ICEBERGS.

"Then there is GEOLOGICAL corroboration," etc. "Strise as they are called." Strise are the conglomerate rock to prove that the land was under water. Marks of this kind, or strise as they are called, are of frequent occurrence on the northern part of our continent, and are due to glaciers not icebergs. Glaciers are rivers of ice which flow with a slow, restless motion from above the snowline to the sea, or until reaching a warmer temperature to be melted. There are many examples of these in existence at the present time, producing the same marks, which are made by rocks imbedded in the glaciers scratching the sides or bottoms of the channels through which they flow.

Glaciers must have channels; and, although they seem sometimes to flow along on a level, there must be an elevation at the starting point to impel them forward. Their records are found almost invariably in the valleys of the present time, and go to show that these valleys existed at that period and directed the flow of the glaciers. It will be necessarily to be the case that in the examination of old glacial channels, strise will be found on the sides and bottom of the valley, but always a certain altitude none will be found, although it sometimes happened that the glaciers would meet a barrier in the form of a mountain—*in which case* the ice would become dammed up, similarly to water under like conditions, until it had risen enough to pass over the barrier, leaving marks which to-day we find on the summit of the mountain.

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LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the service of the American Press Associates and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Judge C. A. Jones Dead.

GALVESTON, Jan. 21.—Judge C. Anson Jones, one of the leading citizens of Texas, died Thursday night from paralysis of the brain, age 39 years.

San Francisco's Plea.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 21.—An effort is to be made to have the National Democratic Convention held in San Francisco. Millionaire P. H. Kelly is heart, hand, and pocketbook in the work. He said yesterday: "My choice is 'Frisco, since it is proposed to issue round trip tickets to delegates from remote points at $40 each. This would afford the delegates an opportunity to cross the continent and see what a magnificent country lies West of Chicago. Special Agent Tingle left St. Paul Thursday night for Washington with fifteen votes pledged to 'Frisco."

Mr. Powderly Very Weak.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 21.—General Master Workman Powderly is still very weak. His stomach will not retain solid food, and he is nourished wholly by liquids, principally beef tea. He hoped to be able to go to Philadelphia this week, but his physician steadily refused to countenance such a step and informed Mrs. Powderly that he would not be responsible for the result if his instructions were disregarded. Under the most favorable circumstances Mr. Powderly will not be able to leave his home for several weeks.

Westfield Whittlings.

Several important real estate transactions are being negotiated by Luther M. Whitaker and others.

Mr. Dunkin is grading down his front on the Rahway road and is filling in other low places. This is a much needed improvement.

The committee appointed by the citizens to report concerning practicability of erecting a hotel on the Boulevard will soon be ready to report. It is said that their report will be encouraging.

Rev. C. H. Patton will exchange pulpits with Rev. W. W. Jordan of the Congregational church at Bound Brook to-morrow, on account of meeting Mr. Patton is a son of Rev. Dr. Patton, President of Howard University, Washington, D. C.

South avenue has been opened for public use from Westfield to Cranford. It was laid out by the surveyors of the highways eighteen years ago, and the Westfield end has for a short distance. All parties owning lands thereon have co-operated with the overseers in Cranford and Westfield in having it opened through this Winter.

All the overseers of public roads have now reported to and settled with the town committee of Westfield, which received the largest allowance for his district, which embraces the more thickly settled portion. The account of Overseer Ripley, and his predecessor, Mr. Tompkins, seconded by Levi Cory, the town committeeman, is rendered thereby. Mr. Ripley, on behalf of the township, for his *philosophical work* "Influence of Geographical Environment." Mr. Ripley says that that was about the usual sum over-worked by the same overseer for several years past. In 1886 Mr. Ripley over-worked the public money $608.93; in 1885, $608.93; and in 1884, $575.87, or a total in four years of $2,488.13. Mr. Ripley is evidently willing to pay that amount out of his own pocket.

—Mr. B. R. Force wishes us to say that he was misunderstood in connection with the settlement of his fire insurance, and that he is satisfied with the amount and pleased with the prompt manner in which the settlement was made.

William Bevan left the Pond Tool Works in this city, where he had been engaged hanging shafting, for Philadelphia, on account of some misunderstanding with the bosses. He took his gang of men with him. Adolph Schepstedt has also left for his home in New York, having completed his engagement here. Mr. Schepstedt was in the employ of Secretary of State Schwan of Norway for fifteen years and has first-class references as a good workman.

STATE NOTES.

The Westminister Presbyterian church, at Atlantic City, was dedicated Sunday by the Rev. Charles L. Paul, of Delaware City, Del., were. He is about forty years old and a graduate of Princeton College.

Peter Cramer, of Bloomfield, aided by Duncan Gregory and James Swift, on Thursday attempted to kill a hog belonging to Cramer, when the animal suddenly attacked Gregory, seizing him by the leg and tearing away a large portion of flesh. The hog was shot.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept by Hardy Brown, corner of Front and Park avenue.

	1888	1887		
6 a. m.....	20	41	Sun rises.....	7 19
9 a. m.....	30	51	Sun sets.....	5 4
12 m	30	51	Moon rises.....	28
3 p. m.....	19	49	Moon sets.....	

MISS JULIA THOMAS of the New York Conservatory of Elocution will give the first of a series of lessons upon Physical Culture, at Music Hall, Monday afternoon at 2:30 to 4:30 p. m., at 55 East Front street. Only ladies invited to first lesson. 2 4

MUSIC HALL,

Wednesday, Jan. 25,

the great New York comedy success and triumph,

THE MAIN LINE,

OR RAWBONES "Y."

A love romance of the Railroad and Telegraph, with the usual novel and sensational features of Modern Times, and of Mr. Rawbones and Chas Boustead. A rich of four months at the New York Lyceum Theatre.

Reserved seats now on sale at Duke and Bauer's, 129 east Front street. Prices as usual at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's drug stores, Monday, Jan. 23.

Yes, To Protect the Family.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Would not the present be a good time to introduce a bill by our Legislature for a law like the New York Civil Damage Act, by that the heirless victims of the rum traffic may be compensated for the loss of their bread winner? Are we not allowed to be unhanged? And will you not for the sake of those unfortunate widows and your influence to bring about that object?

A VOTER.

Pennie has a baby that, though three weeks old, weighs only two pounds.

ELEVEN POINTS WHY

EXCELSIS

Should be in Every Christian Household in Plainfield.

They are all There.

You will find one in Particular adapted to your religious preferences.

SECURE A COPY.

You can get them at Reynolds', Shaw's and Estil's.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A FURNISHED room to let with or without board. In a private house. 27 Richmond street.

A GIRL WANTED for general housework. Good wages and a permanent place to one who is competent and can furnish good references. Address New Yorker, care of EVENING NEWS. 20-tf

A COACHMAN, colored, wants a situation. Has best city reference. Address W. H. Holmes, post office. 20-3t

A PARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 22 West Third street. 20-6t

FOR SALE—Desirable building lots. Money loaned for building. Address Box 301, Plainfield. 19-eod-tf

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn. No. 46 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 2-27

LOST—A valuable dog from his home. A Scotch Collie. He is a large sized *Blue*tiff, with some St. Bernard blood in his veins, large white spot on his breast and fore paws, white tip on end of tail and sticky pendals. When last seen he was in the Plainfield station. Any information will be gladly received and a liberal reward will be paid for his return to Mr. E. D. Josephs. Scotch Plains. 19-tf

SITUATION wanted by a young man, 21. Call at 30 Harmony street, North Plainfield.

WANTED—Position by a young man, who can come well recommended. Address A. B., care of EVENING NEWS office.

WANTED—A reliable American girl to do housework. Apply at 7 Randolph place. 20-tf

WANTED—A situation as book-keeper or would work part of the time in store. Address B., Lock Box 28, Bound Brook, N. J.

FOR SALE—Ridge Light Roadster, for sale cheap. Inquire at 20 Harmony street.

WANTED—On first mortgage a sum of money *as five per cent.* Address Lock Box 738, Plainfield.

$1,500 TO $2,000 to loan on mortgage. Address S&yl, care EVENING NEWS. 20-3t

GRAND PROMENADE

CONCERT AND BALL.

CONCERT BY

DRAKE'S CELEBRATED

ZOUAVE BAND.

Being by Prof. Theodore Ribotte, assisted by America's Favorite Cornet Soloist,

W. S. MYGRANTS.

AT THE CRESCENT.

JAN. 26th, '88.

Concert from 8 to 10 p. m., under the management of Band Leader Levy and Prof. Wilson M. Tice. Tickets on sale at H. M. Stelle's, and Field & Randolph's Drug Store and of Norton Kline at the depot.

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

PAYING 7 PER CENT.

ANNUALLY, NEGOTIATED BY THE

HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Semi-Annual Coupon Bonds running five years. Interest and principal payable at the office of BROWN BROTHERS & CO., N. Y.

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THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. NORMINGTON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Is published every evening except Sunday at No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J., and delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents a week, or 50 cents per month, payable to the carrier boy for the current week or month. Mailed to subscribers out of the city at $3 per year payable in advance.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1899

LORD BERESFORD RESIGNS.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The resignation of Lord Charles Beresford has raised quite a breeze both in political and club circles and in the columns of the press. A portion of the Tory press condemn the action of the intrepid sailor as reflecting upon the naval administration, but the other Conservative newspapers have hastened to the defense of Admiral Beresford that the present system of carrying on the financial department of the government forced him to resign as a means of disclaiming any responsibility for the methods and shortsighted economy just now prevailing in the admiralty office. Foremost among the newspapers supporting Admiral Beresford's action is The St. James' Gazette, which is ever ready to stand up for the Tory position when excuses for it are possible. Lord Beresford's popularity with the masses, by reason of his conspicuous gallantry during the bombardment of Alexandria, his disregard of the tradition, on the occasion of the last naval review at Spithead, that a captain may not be in command of the person of the queen, and his independent criticism of the naval administration during the last two years, is enormous, and public opinion is largely in his favor, even in the absence of anything like an explanation of his course in the present instance. People generally condemn the Admiralty's opposition to Lord Beresford's schemes for increasing the efficiency of the navy and Parliament is almost universally on the score of economy, and it is likely that the chancellor of the exchequer will find himself confronted with the necessity for a more lucid explanation of his premises than he has hitherto evinced a disposition to vouchsafe.

O'Brien's Enthusiastic Reception.

DUBLIN, Jan. 21.—Mr. O'Brien arrived in Dublin this evening. Immense crowds of people, including many priests and members of parliament, met him at the railway station, where they had waited some time for his arrival. He was greeted with deafening cheers as he alighted from the train and appeared in sight of the multitude, and when he entered the lord mayor's carriage the enthusiasm of the people was at white heat. He was driven to the Imperial hotel, escorted by an immense procession, with bands of music and torches, while the houses along the line of march, as well as in other parts of the city, were illuminated. Bonfires were burned everywhere. Arriving at the hotel Mr. O'Brien appeared on the balcony and addressed the people. He rejoiced, he said, that in spite of Chief Secretary Balfour the Irish people were stronger than ever, and though the English were slow in joining them, they would be slow to desert them after they had joined. The Irish would not resort to outrage, but would follow Mr. Parnell and Mr. Gladstone, trusting in the democracy of Great Britain to make Ireland a nation.

Mr. O'Brien's appearance indicates that his health is much impaired. His physicians insist that the climate of Ireland is more salubrious than the south of France, but he has not yet decided to heed their advice.

A Priest's Arrest Causes a Riot.

DUBLIN, Jan. 21.—The arrival of Father McFadden, of Gweedore, at Londonderry yesterday afternoon, in charge of the police, was the occasion of a serious riot. Immediately upon the appearance of the priest at the railway station the crowd awaiting his arrival became violently excited and attacked the constables having him in custody with stones. The police were re-enforced and charged upon the crowd, but were desperately resisted. Several persons, among them a number of policemen, were injured, and it is reported that a detective was taken to the hospital suffering from concussion of the brain.

Migratory Queen Isabella.

MADRID, Jan. 21.—It is now virtual, if not actual, expulsion of ex-Queen Isabella from Spain is due, it is ascertained, to the discovery of a plot to place her upon the Spanish throne as regent, pending the arrival at the age of majority of her grandson, the baby king, Alfonso XIII. Queen Christina, the present regent and mother of the king, upon the discovery of the intrigue, insisted that there was not enough room in Spain for both Isabella and herself.

More "Warlike Preparations,"

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Telegrams from Toulon state that sudden activity has arisen in the arsenal there, and that all the available cruisers are being prepared for sea.

Simultaneously with the order of the Service government for the manufacture and delivery of 150,000 rifles, comes the verified report that 180,000 similar weapons have been contracted for by the Hungarians.

Students as Nihilists.

MOSCOW, Jan. 21.—The discovery of a new movement implying Socialistic tendencies and verging Nihilism among the students has led to the indefinite postponement of the opening of the universities here.

An Agitator Rearrested.

DUBLIN, Jan. 21.—Mr. Hayden, editor of The Westmeath Examiner, who has only just been released from prison, has been rearrested for making an inflammatory speech.

National Guard Officers Elected.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 21.—At yesterday's morning session of the National Guard Association convention the following were elected officers for the ensuing year: Peter C. Doyle, Buffalo, president; Col. Clobridge, Brooklyn, first vice president; Capt. Habenstedt, Poughkeepsie, second vice president; Col. Lawrence Warsaw, recording secretary; Capt. John F. Leo, New York, corresponding secretary.

Judge Rapallo's Successor.

ALBANY, Jan. 21.—Governor Hill has nominated Clinton Gray, of New York, for judge of the court of appeals, to succeed the late Judge Rapallo. The nomination, on motion of Senator Sheehan, was referred to the judiciary committee. What the attitude of the committee will be on the nomination is unknown, but no opposition to Mr. Gray's confirmation has developed.

Their Duty to Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Representative Belmont, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, says he does not believe that will be put on the free list in any tariff bill to be introduced at the present session, and that certainly any proposition to admit fish free or reduce the duty on it will be unfavorably regarded by the foreign affairs committee.

The Trial of Dora Cora.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Jan. 21.—Cora Lee is on trial here for the second time for the murder of Sarah Overstreet, who was stabbed in the night to death with an ax in the farm of J. Mrs. Malley. It is alleged that Cora aided her husband, Husband, George B. Lee, in killing Sarah Overstreet, in order that Lee might secure her property, and was probably last two months.

A SETTLEMENT AFAR OFF.

THAT IS THE PRESENT OUTLOOK OF THE MINERS' STRIKE.

Business Men Express the Opinion That the Trouble is the Result of a Scheme on the Part of the Coal Pool—Strikers Expect to Win.

READING, Jan. 21.—The situation in the coal regions remains unchanged. All reports that five of the Reading company's collieries are running are false. A portion of the Tory press condemn the action of the intrepid sailor as reflecting upon the naval administration, but the other Conservative newspapers have hastened to the defense of Admiral Beresford that the present system of carrying on the financial department of the government forced him to resign as a means of disclaiming any responsibility for the methods and shortsighted economy just now prevailing in the admiralty office. Foremost among the newspapers supporting Admiral Beresford's action is The St. James' Gazette, which is ever ready to stand up for the Tory position when excuses for it are possible. Lord Beresford's popularity with the masses, by reason of his conspicuous gallantry during the bombardment of Alexandria, his disregard of the tradition, on the occasion of the last naval review at Spithead, that a captain may not be in command of the person of the queen, and his independent criticism of the naval administration during the last two years, is enormous, and public opinion is largely in his favor, even in the absence of anything like an explanation of his course in the present instance. People generally condemn the Admiralty's opposition to Lord Beresford's schemes for increasing the efficiency of the navy and Parliament is almost universally on the score of economy, and it is likely that the chancellor of the exchequer will find himself confronted with the necessity for a more lucid explanation of his premises than he has hitherto evinced a disposition to vouchsafe.

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A prominent business man who has just returned from the coal regions says that the fixed opinion there is that the cause of one coal combine, and that it is that the entire trouble if the result of a preconceived policy of the coal pool, first, to force up the wholesale price of coal fifty cents to $1 per ton at the mines and, second, to annihilate, if possible, the labor organizations that have been annoying the coal operators by unreasonable demands for some time. Mr. Corbin has said that too much money has been paid for labor at the mines out of the receipts for coal, and that the company can't at a profit the price of coal had to be advanced. The details for forcing up the price of coal may not have been planned by the coal pool, as intimated by the leaders of the miners, but even that trouble was precipitated intentionally by the company as a part of the war on organized labor. A leading member of the city council here said to-day:

"Mr. Corbin never dreamed that the miners would take up the cause of the trainmen. He finds himself in a position that will never extricate. The company officials were right in their position that they should say who should and who should not be employed by the company, but they made the mistake in undertaking to do too much in the rush to wipe out these labor organizations. The best way to deal with labor organizations is to see that they are run by level headed men, because labor organizations can never be wiped out in these United States. The officials of the coal roads have forced the miners to it, should have given the men plenty of time to get back to their engines and trains; but instead of that the absentees who could not possibly get back in time were summarily discharged. This blow at organized labor is what the 22,000 miners in the coal regions are now preparing to fight Mr. Corbin, even if it comes to blood."

Said a leader of the strike last night: "This strike will continue until the Reading company is sick and tired of it, and the 900,000 members of our orders will keep the 20,000 strikers from starvation. If Mr. Corbin wants to bring new men here to work in the mines he is welcome. We do not apprehend that he will make any such effort. He can't get miners in the United States, for they are our brothers. He can't import them, for that's illegal. Raw material won't do, because it takes experienced men to mine coal. I do not suppose the Reading company cares much about this question as yet, because every dollar they lose by the strike they will fully make up in months to come by putting up the price of coal fifty cents a ton. On the 13,000,000 tons they mine per year the profit can easily be calculated."

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 21.—In an address before a mass meeting of miners at Ashley Mr. W. H. Hines advocated a law to make relative to the strike. He advised the strikers to apply to the poor authorities in their districts for aid. This would under the law to be levied, which would necessarily fall most heavily on the corporations and wealthy coal operators. The latter would if compelled to contribute to the support of the men they are trying to starve into submission, and in this way could soon be brought to terms.

Mrs. Myers' Remarkable Recovery.

MACALAYYY'S FORT, Pa., Jan. 21.—Mrs. Mary E. Myers, an aged lady, has been confined for three weeks to her bed with pneumonia. During the temporary absence of her attendant, while momentarily insane, Mrs. Myers got up from her bed and was found out of doors in the snow. She was frothed until four hours afterward, when she was found three miles from home in the woods, in her night clothes covered by her neighbors and a thin shawl. She was taken home, since which time she has almost entirely recovered from her attack of pneumonia. In passing through the snow Mrs. Myers' feet were frozen.

Ballot Box Stuffers Convicted.

LANCASTER, Pa., Jan. 21.—The jury in the case of Adam S. Fry, Samuel P. Henry, Charles E. Tilman, Isaack Kauffmann and E. T. Kauffmann, charged with conspiracy to defraud in making a false return and adding ballots not cast at the primary election in the Indiantown district on May 31, 1897, found a verdict of guilty as indicted on all the counts yesterday afternoon. This is the first verdict of the kind in the history of the county. Reasons will be filed for a new trial.

Dowling Was the Murderer.

LONG BRANCH, Jan. 21.—The inquest into the cause of the death of Banker Dowell's old servant, Robert Hamilton, ended last night. The jury found that Hamilton came to his death on the night of Dec. 31 by blows on the head delivered with a heat bottle or some other instrument, in the hands of Peter Dowling, or Downs, and that the woman called Mary Hamilton, Jr. Potter and Al Thompson were accessories.

Stabbed by His Cousin.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Michael Murphy, aged 21, stock buyer for Harrington & Co., wholesale butchers, was stabbed in the groin while walking in Tenth avenue last night by his cousin, Murphy, aged 24, said to be his cousin. The wound is fatal. The murderer says that Michael had several times cursed his daughter and struck him.

IT IS NOT A MONOPOLY.

He Says Dr. Norvin Green of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Dr. Norvin Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph company, appeared before the senate committee yesterday in opposition to the government telegraph bills. He stated that the Western Union was not a monopoly in any more than any great commercial business, and instanced it if the government made the telegraph a free service, the telephone company or no private enterprise could compete with the United States treasury.

He was told that a petition bearing 250,000 signatures of men in favor of the bills for the establishment of lines in opposition to existing companies. These petitions were signed in accordance with an understanding, he said, by Railroad company and profligated on ardour and spite and bitterness toward concern with whom Mr. Powderly had quarreled about some matter or other.

Mr. Gardiner G. Hubbard addressed the committee in favor of the postal telegraph system proposed in the bill introduced by Senator Mills. He said that Europe was very little in America—only 5 per cent of the whole business—and that the telegraph was much more speedy, safe and correct than the telephone. In carrying messages through the telegraph was not so correct and speedy in delivery abroad, yet it was used there by the people, while here it was not; and this was due to the fact that the people of Europe had ownership of the lines, have, and consequently could not possibly have boycotted anybody. Judge Stallo, the American minister at Rome, is a gentleman of quiet temperament, and has been there for some time and goes but little into society. He has been criticised for this by members of the American colony, accustomed to the lavish display of the foreign ministers, the rich millionaire, Astor, of New York. Efforts have been made to misrepresent Judge Stallo to the Italian people, but he has remained quiet, and is certain these people as they wished, being a man of limited means. The ridiculously false stories about the president's so called sovereign probably put out by Italians in this city, to discredit the administration and put it in a false position, and it is quite likely proceeded from the same source."

TARRED AND FEATHERED.

Indignant Citizens of Westchester County Punish an Eloper.

NORTH SALEM, N. Y., Jan. 21.—In August last this town was very much agitated over an elopement. There had been a great deal of scandalous talk floating about the place in reference to the pair before the elopement took place, and threats of tarring and feathering were freely made. The man has a family of two grown up daughters and a son.

Nothing more was seen or heard of the couple until Tuesday last, when they were seen together on a Harlem railroad train. On the arrival of the train at Purdy's station the man got out and the woman went on to Brewster's, where she left the train and went to a hotel. She was soon joined by her companion, who hired a sleigh and drove to the hotel. On Wednesday they drove to North Salem and went to the home of the man's wife, to the great astonishment of the neighbors.

On Thursday night a rolling party was organized and the male offender was taken from the house, tarred and feathered, and ordered to get out of town immediately. The woman, who became the cause of the town, was also reprehended, and was told that unless she left also she, too, would be tarred and feathered. As the interval between the elopement and the return of the recreant couple the woman's husband obtained an absolute divorce and married a young girl, with whom he is now living happily.

Seriously Hurt in a Coasting Accident.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 21.—A bob sled, on which a party of young men was coasting, struck a carriage in Forbes street, upsetting it and dangerously injuring the colored driver, George Jones. The occupants of the sled were all more or less hurt. William Wade, who was guiding, had both legs broken and was injured internally. It is thought that he will die. The others will probably recover. Mr. and Mrs. Prowse, who were in the carriage, escaped with a few bruises, although the vehicle was overturned and dragged for some distance.

For Blaine and Cleveland.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 21.—Lloyd J. E. Cook, a leading Republican politician of Illinois, passed through the city yesterday on his way from Washington to his home in Streator, Ill. He says that the sentiment in favor of Blaine for Bob Lincoln, but as he says in no wise signified his intention to be a candidate, Blaine will doubtless get the Illinois delegation. The western democrats, the colonel says, are sold for Cleveland for first, and Vilas or Pasdon Commissioner Black for the second place on the ticket.

The Federation of Trades.

ALBANY, Jan. 21.—The Trades' Federation met yesterday. It was shown that 164,000 members were represented by the delegates to the convention. A resolution, introduced by Senator Cantor, in favor of government employes, was adopted. A resolution indorsing the Iron Molders' International union label was adopted, as was also a protest against the resolutions of the legislature so amending the apprenticeship law as to secure its vigorous enforcement.

Crushed to a Shapeless Mass.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 21.—James Pilmer, 39 years of age, met with a horrible death yesterday while at his work in the Oliver Brothers' South Side rolling mill. While tightening a bolt his clothing was caught in the heavy rolls. A mangled, shapeless mass of human flesh, splintered bones and clothing was presented, a horrible spectacle, to his fellow workmen. Pilmer was a stranger here, and it is not known where his home is, or if he was married.

A Murderer's Charges.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Dan Driscoll, who is to be hanged on Monday, has written a long letter, addressed to Governor Black, of Wards Island, the Tombs, of grossly misleading him because of an old political grudge. Driscoll also accuses the warden of refusing access to friends and counsel, of misdoing and other things, and of showing favoritism to those who pay him. The warden, declares the statements too ridiculous to be answered.

The Victim of a Bloody Fracas.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—John Gordon, who killed himself yesterday by jumping from a fourth story window, was also a weekly potato dealer in Glasgow. He was refused by the family of his wife's sister, who lived in the same house into the parlor window, but fell. Of his self-inflicted injuries he died again, but not before he had been removed for the rest of his rooms and was much depressed. He leaves a wife de threats.

IT WAS A PRIVATE GIFT.

SECRETARY BAYARD EXPOSES SOME NEWSPAPER YARNS.

The President's Offering to Pope Leo Was Not Sent by a Special Envoy, and the American Legation Did Not Support Cardinal Gibbons' Messenger.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 21.—The Sun prints today the following special dispatch from Washington:

Secretary Bayard was shown the dispatch purporting to come from London concerning the special envoy of the president to the pope, who is following himself in the Vatican, and that he had been boycotted by members of the American legation at Rome on purely personal grounds ever since his arrival in Rome. Mr. Bayard has examined and finished reading the dispatch he said:

"It is all rubbish. The president sent no envoy to the pope. He could not do so. The only person who went to Rome from this country was Cardinal Gibbons. The relations between the government of King Humbert and the Vatican are such as a private citizen could not have had a gift of a private character from the president of the United States conveyed to the pope. One was struggling under a debt, and embarrassed by the necessity of making a deficit, and unbeknown to be the best college in the country.

Dr. Dwight next spoke. He said that last year he had said that the university had $3,000,000 endowment. This year it was $4,000,000. Next year it would be $5,000,000. Everything was going ahead. The country, the United States government and Yale college

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

BERNARDOS' PROCESS OF WELDING METALS BY ELECTRICITY.

The Relation Between Deafness and Mutism Not a Necessary One—Deafness Compared With Blindness—A Simple Way of Producing a Mercurial Shower.

A very simple way of producing a mercurial shower was recently illustrated and explained in Scientific American, and is here reproduced for the benefit of our readers.

MERCURIAL SHOWER.

In the neck of an Argand chimney (see cut) is inserted a plug of Malacca wood, which is sealed around the periphery with wax or paraffine. In the top of the chimney is inserted a stopper, through which protrudes a short glass tube, having its upper end bent over, or capped with a small funnel. Below the outer end of the glass tube is applied a rubber tube. When the chimney is turned to inverted position, *as shown in the engraving*, a quantity of mercury is introduced into the upper part of the chimney, and the air is partly exhausted by applying the mouth to the rubber tube and sucking. The mercury readily passes through the porous wood, and falls in a shower. By employing an air pump for producing the partial vacuum, the mercury may be drawn through a plug of wood. These experiments show in a striking manner the *porosity in a longitudinal direction* of these pieces of wood.

Soldering Metals by Electricity.

The process described by M. Ven Bernardos, of St. Petersburg, of welding or soldering metals by electricity, appears to be a success. *American Artisan, in a report on the subject*, describes how a carbon rod is used, one pole of which is in connection with a dynamo electric current and the other connected with the piece to be soldered. The manipulation is not only simple, but metals can be perfectly soldered which hitherto were quite obdurate. Bernardos not only welded wrought iron with wrought iron, but wrought iron with cast iron and with steel; iron was soldered to copper and brass, etc., and wrought iron coated with lead, tin and copper and to a thickness of ten millimeters.

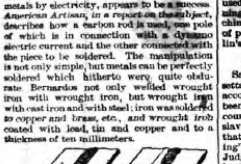

FIG. 1 FIG. 2

FIG. 3 FIG. 4

WELDING SHEET IRON BY ELECTRICITY.

Fig. 1 shows two pieces of sheet iron that are to be welded or soldered together. If the soldering seam is to be specially strong it is better to lay the two sheets with their edge somewhat over another and join these lap with the sheet as shown in Fig. 2. A stronger junction is shown in Fig 3. These joinings are especially useful for kitchen utensils and large sheet iron work. It is generally reckoned that a good riveted seam is only seven-eighths as strong as the whole iron, but welding by the electric current obviates this. Fig. 4 shows a soldering for bottoms of vessels of japanned sheetware. The sample is taken from the bottom of a perfumery vessel. Another combination for *the work ring rimming, zig-zag and the Russian* technical name say that it is the best.

Interesting Facts About Deaf Mutes.

The probable average ratio of deaf mutes to the population at large is 1 to 1,500, and this would give about a million deaf mutes in the world, and yet in the United States at least the deaf form the smallest element of the defective classes, including under this *term the blind, deaf, idiotic and insane*. Deafness is a disease of childhood, and the number of deaf persons of school age is double that of the blind. There are about six deaf males to five deaf females, and the notion that the deaf have an immunity from other diseases of the sense organs is not borne out. Among the causes of deafness the intermarriage of near relatives is regarded as a serious one. That the *intermarriage of deaf mutes is a fertile source of the* increase of deaf mutes is now generally admitted, and some regard one-third of all cases as due to this origin. A very large number of deaf mutes are deaf from their birth; and of those who become deaf a very large percentage lose their hearing in the first, second or third year of life. After this the liability to deafness rapidly decreases. There are about 35,000 deaf mutes in the United states.

The relation between deafness and mutism is not a necessary one; it is because the ear educates the vocal mechanism that deaf persons become mute, not because their vocal organs are not correctly formed. This fact makes it possible to teach the deaf to vocalize; and the system by which they are taught to read the sounds on the lips of the speaker, while they answer by speaking as well as they can, *is already the most widely adopted*, and seems destined to supersede the finger alphabet for general purposes. The unsympathetic nature of the deaf as contrasted with the cheerfulness of the blind, as well as the fact that eminent blind persons are much more numerous than eminent deaf ones, *speak for blindness as the less serious loss*.

American Dentistry in London.

Among the new companies lately formed in London is one entitled the American Dental Institute. Capital £1,000, in shares of one shilling each. Object, to promote the adoption of advanced American and other scientific methods of dental surgery; to protect the interests of dentists and the profession of dentistry; to consider all questions connected therewith; to promote or oppose legislative and other measures affecting the profession; *to collect and circulate statistics* and information in regard thereto; to act as and to appoint arbitrators for the settlement of any disputes in connection with dentistry.

The Chirotegraph.

The chirotegraph is a pencil manufactured in Germany for writing on the skin. It is made in various colors, and affords legible writing, which can be easily removed without the use of water. It is designed for the use of physicians, to make memoranda upon their patients.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Some Information About Queen Victoria's Name Now in Print Readers.

Now comes one who throws discredit on all previous stories as to the queen's family name:

Queen Victoria has no other name than that given her in baptism. Her name is not Guelph. That was the baptismal name of an ancestor. To say that her name is Guelph because she is a descendant of Guelph of Bavaria, or a member of the house of Guelph is as ridiculous as to say that the name of a descendant of or member of the house of William the Conqueror is Williams. Nor is her name Wettin. Such a supposition is more ridiculous still than the "Guelph" superstition. She married a descendant of the counts of Wettin, but his descendant of the king of Bulgaria will ever be Mr. Bulgaria, and no descendant of the counts of Wettin ever be Mr. Wettin. It has not been necessary for all people to assume surnames, and very few royal or princely families have taken them. *Louis XVI.* was indicted as Louis Capet, but he informed the court that it was not his name, so he had no surname, and on his authority it may safely be assumed that neither the house of Orleans nor the home of Bourbon enjoys that distinction. Charles Stuart of England came from the Stuart family and had a family name changed to Stuart from Fitzalan, and so did Henry VII., grandson of Owen Tudor. The duke of Medina Sidonia, and the duke of *Bedford is Mr. Russell*; the duke of Birkenhead has none, and the duke of Montrose is Mr. Graham.

The Beginning of Printing.

It is probable that the earliest impressions were taken by a mallet and planer in smooth faced blocks of wood. After the casting (the type before printing), as proof slips now often are, or by a brush, in the Chinese manner; but presses were soon invented for the purpose. There is some difficulty in assigning the press as it existed about 1520. It was large enough to print two folio pages, and for this two wide wooden screws were used. These were applied by a simple screw and lever. About 1620 Blaeuw, of Amsterdam, produced a *greatly improved press, which, with little alteration*, continued in use for more than a century and a half. The press upon which Benjamin Franklin worked in London, in 1725, is preserved in the patent office at Washington. It is a clumsy structure, almost entirely of wood, known as the Ramage press, of which many were still in use more than a century later. Iron was subsequently used for some of the parts until the beginning of the present century. *Printing machinery*, now brought to such a high degree of perfection, was not much ahead of Franklin's time fifty years ago.

The First American Abolitionist.

Samuel Sewall, chief justice of Massachusetts from 1718 to 1728, when he resigned on account of age and infirmities, seems to have been the first outspoken abolitionist in our country, having written a tract against slavery, in which he gave it as his opinion that there would be "no progress in gospeling" until slavery should be abolished. Judge Sewall was born at Bishopsgate, England, March 28, 1652, graduated at Harvard university in 1671, and died January, 1730. *He studied divinity* for a while, came into the possession of wealth by marriage, by marrying the daughter of a Boston goldsmith, and was annually chosen a member of the council from 1691 until 1718. He was judge from 1713 until 1718, when he became chief justice. Judge Sewall shared in the general belief of witches and witchcraft, concurring in the condemnation of those who were accused, but he afterwards publicly acknowledged his error.

Cremation.

The first furnace for the cremation in America of bodies of the dead was erected at Washington, Pa., in 1876, by Dr. F. J. Le Moine, at a cost of $1,600. The first cremation (that of Baron de Palm) took place Dec. 9 of the same year. The process occupied about two hours, and was very successful in its results. The ashes were placed in an urn. The process seemed objectionable to many, and some excitement was caused throughout the country. Since then crematories have *been erected in several large cities, and the* process of cremation is not regarded with much curiosity.

A Suggestion for Independence.

After the proclamation of King George III, in 1775, Joseph Hawley, one of the stanch *patriots of New England*, wrote from Watertown to Samuel Adams, in congress: "The words are all in the air—it are on your body to see whether you can with firmness and intrepidity, with the spirit and dispatch which the occasion calls for. It is time for your body to fix on periodical annial elections, nay, to form into a parliament of two houses." This was the first proposition for the establishment of an independent national *government for the colonies*.

Cost of the Great Eastern.

The cost of building and launching the Great Eastern was $3,650,000. That broke the original company before she was launched. A new company having been organized, the sum of $600,000 was spent in fitting and finishing her. When this company failed another with a capital of $500,000 took hold of her, expended $300 more and sunk off her bottom, and at the close of 1880 had sunk $380,000 in her, making a total outlay for construction and maintenance of over $4,500,000.

Velocity of Electricity.

Electricity has no assignable velocity. This varies with the current and the conductor. Wheatstone, in 1839, caused to show a transmission velocity of 288,000 miles a second through copper wire, but in late experiments signals were sent over ordinary telegraph wires on poles, and had a rate of only 16,000 to 18,000 miles. With wires near the earth the velocity was 13,000 miles, but reached 24,000 on very high wires.

The Suez Canal.

The Suez canal was opened in 1869. It is not yet fully completed, or rather is superfected, and has a depth of twenty-six feet. Forty large vessels can pass in the passage of a vessel. The tolls average $4,500 per vessel, *and it is estimated that the saving to com*merce, after deducting fees, will be $10,000,000 annually. The British government purchased one-fifth of the number of shares from the khedive of Egypt in 1876.

The Bible as the Law.

A convention of the settlers near Quidnipiac, Conn., was held April 13, 1638, in a barn at New Haven. After much discussion the Bible was adopted as the constitution of the new colony and a settlement was established which was named New Haven. The Bible remained the constitution for several years.

Varieties of Postage Stamps.

Between 8,000 and 10,000 different postage stamps have been issued by the 200 governments of the world since 1840. A complete collection would probably number 10,000.

Beginning of the Fisheries Question.

The Webster-Ashburton treaty of 1842 defined the boundary between the United States and the British American possessions.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

The New Styles Soft-Cushioned Directions for Making a Small Table.

The latest fancies in India silks for pretty, curtains, cushions and other interior decorations are described by Art Interchange as showing elaborate patterns in soft and beautiful colorings on various delicate grounds. One of these silks has a rich all-over pattern of wild grapevine in autumn coloring, the leaves being in gold browns, dull olives, and rusty reds delightfully subdued, the fruit in the little bunches peculiar to wild grapes, is shaded from dark blue to pale blue, black, and the stems and tendrils are in light browns. Another silk is dull gold, with a large and rather straggling design of olive *anthemums in pinks of a darker tone than* the ground, and faintly colored foliage in olive greens. This one is particularly effective. Still another notable one shows dog wood blossoms in shaded whites, with dark green leaves on a light green ground. These silks are wide. They make charming cover*ings for sofa pillows*.

White Enamel Painting.

Decorator and Furnisher tells how the beautiful white enamel, which is now so fashionable in combination with gilding, in such articles as chairs, is produced. First the wood is primed with a composition consisting of three parts turpentine and one part linseed oil, Japan size being used as a dryer. *On this drying thoroughly the work is* rubbed down until perfectly smooth. Next two or three coats of pure white lead are applied, mixed only with flatting. Each coat is rubbed down, time being allowed for each to dry. Equal parts of lead and zinc are used for the next coat, and three-fourths zinc and one-fourth lead for the succeeding coats. When this has become thoroughly hard it is rubbed down very smooth. A thin coat of color, made of zinc and turpentine, is now rubbed on; for the best coats this color is not used, with the addition of about one-half the quantity of good light coach varnish. For the last coat the zinc is used with as much varnish to make it white. If the last coat of zinc is not white or solid enough, more coats are put on until *it is* perfectly white and solid before varnishing. If the work is to be gilded or striped, the zinc must be omitted in the last coat of varnish.

Orange Wine.

A Florida housekeeper gives directions for making a very superior orange wine: Squeeze, strain the juice, then make a weak enough tea from an ounce to a pint to every inch of surface; then have open and level full until the scum has all worked off; then put in round, thick bottles and cork down the corkers, which must be tight. In six weeks the wine is made, but age improves it, also exposure to the light. Any sort of wine can be made this way. The only thing necessary is to have the juice the proper sweetness, and that can only be determined by tasting, as some fruits are sweeter some seasons than others. New cane syrup is better than any sort of sugar for sweetening wine; it is quite as mild flavored and makes stronger wine. If stoneware or wooden vessels are used to ferment in they must be very strong, or else they will burst; round bottles are stronger than square ones. It will require from three to six days for the *scum to work off*.

A Useful Card or Hook Table.

A well made table or stand is an always desirable article of household furniture. A man who has some "knack" with tools can construct a durable and useful card table or book stand, like the one shown in the cut, from some very practical directions given by an ingenious correspondent of Farm and Fireside.

The top is of pine wood, three-quarters of an inch in thickness and twenty-four inches across. As it is difficult to find a board of sufficient width, two pieces will usually have to be glued together and secured with oak dowel pins. There must be two of them, *driven into the edge of each* piece two and one-half inches, the edges have been carefully squared and straightened by planing. The holes must be bored with a quarter inch bit, and an equal distance apart. Fit the pins so they will drive tight, and after dipping them in hot liquid glue drive them into one piece; then glue the edges, and before it has cooled insert the pegs in the opposite piece and drive them tight together.

The lower rounder shelf of the table will probably have to be pieced in the same way. It measures twenty inches across. Set them away to dry till next day; meantime select three hard wood, straight grained broom handles of equal thickness, and saw them *twenty-seven inches* long. Prepare them by scraping off the paint and varnish, and sand paper them down smooth. The following day the work of fitting can be continued. Smoothly plane both sides of the boards. If you have not a large pair of compasses the circles may be described with pencil, string and tack in the way that *every school boy knows*. Saw along the line carefully with a compass saw, holding it vertically. Through the smaller circle bore three holes through which the legs may pass, each one inch from the edge, equidistant from each other.

A CONVENIENT TABLE.

Lay the shelf on the under side of the top, and mark the places for the upper ends of the legs. The bevel-tacks should fit tightly in the holes, and the shelf secured in place, thirteen inches from the floor, with one and one-half inch finish nails. The upper ends of the legs must be placed on the top, and the top secured with one and one-half inch screws, the heads of which are sunken in the wood and filled with putty. After all it has been smoothly finished with sand paper it may be painted a shiny black, with paint into which has been turned a half cupful of Japan varnish. When thoroughly dry finished with a fringe of macrame or crochet in gray twine around the border, secured with brass head furniture tacks.

Helps for Housekeepers.

To remove white spots from furniture rub with spirits of camphor.

A smoky ceiling can be cleaned with soda and water.

Oil table cloths worn thin make excellent dish towels.

Black stocking bags are made to renew the freshness of their youth, by a dressing of any good shoe polish.

Salt sprinkled plentifully on *icy* doorsteps will have a better and cleaner effect than sand.

Use a potato knife to scrape pots and pans.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Published by Eating Nutmegs—The Impending Use of Caterpillar, Cobweb, Spider and Fly Cures.

Every few months journals have reported several cases of hydrophobia during the past summer. In four of the cases a whole swimming was taken, and in the fifth case five were taken.

The following instance is particularly noteworthy, first for the small quantity (rather over half of an ordinary sized mutmeg) which produced the effect so speedily, for the very marked effect on the heart and circulation. The patient, a strong, healthy woman, greeted the autumn, and wished to show that she was not afraid to drink at bathing. An hour after she felt some nausea, but got to sleep at midnight. About 2 a.m., 1.00, 4.00, 6.00, 8.00, 10.00 a. m. 12.00 p. m.

Pittsfield and Stockbridge.

Leave Pittsfield at 5.45, 6.30, 7.50, 9.30, 10.40, 11.50 a. m., 1.30, 3.15, 4.30, 5.40, 6.50, 8.30, 9.55, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.30, 9.55, 11.30 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Pittsfield and Plainfield.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.30, 7.50, 9.30, 10.40, 11.50 a. m., 1.30, 3.15, 4.30, 5.40, 6.50, 8.30, 9.55, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.30, 9.55, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Pittsfield at 5.45, 6.30, 7.50, 9.30, 10.40, 11.50 a. m., 1.30, 3.15, 4.30, 5.40, 6.50, 8.30, 9.55, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.30, 9.55, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Plain

The Baby Story Proved.

I heard a funny story recently of an actor some time ago, who was playing in a farce, in which it was necessary for him to use a large dough nose. One night when he got to the theatre he found a new baby, and as the boy out for some. Back came the boy, the nose was made and whipped on. Presently, to the horror of the actor, the nose began to swell, till at length, in the midst of an important passage, it burst and fell to the ground. It had been made of self raising flour, and the heat of the actor's face had accomplished the catastrophe.—Newspaper Post.

Not Very Sick.

Caller (to servant)—I am sorry to hear that Mrs. Hotson is not well. Is she very sick?

Servant—Oi don't know, mum. She told me this morning that if you called I was to say that she was sick, but she didn't tell me to say how sick.—New York Sun.

On the Elevated in Gotham.

A Third avenue train, bound for city hall, reached Fifty-ninth street at 10 o'clock, and was crowded. A man who had kept his eye on the door managed to squeeze himself in there. In one of the cross seats were two young women, and opposite them were a bundle and a young man. The young women were engrossed in each other's conversation, which seemed to consist almost entirely of "likys her to me," "Then, says I to him," "He would see, so he did," and so on.

The man squeezed and said, somewhat gruffly, "I want to sit down."

The young man, who was, sitting upon the outer end, closed in his legs to let him pass.

"I want to sit down there," he said, with an emphasis on "there" as he pointed where the bundle rested. He spoke more gruffly this time, and in a louder tone.

The young man smiled and continued reading.

"Well," roared the now thoroughly infuriated man, "I paid for my seat and I'll see you to the deuce before you can keep two seats for one fare." Then he took the bundle and pitched it upon the floor. The young man again smiled, while the young women suddenly caused their "Said I to him" and "Says he to me." One of them reached for the bundle, which was hers, and said to the man, loudly enough for everybody to hear: "You dirty, naughty, mean man."

The man was overwhelmed with confusion and was apologizing to all three, when a fellow passenger who had been sitting with his back to him stuck up and cursed him. "Do you want to pose at the street?" said he, "or probably you have a rush of blood to the head. Anyhow, lean off. Give my back a show."

There had been no triangular piece of wood to keep their backs apart. The man forgot his apology, and turned around to confront his tormentor. The fragments of the two would soon have been strewn about had not the other passengers interfered. Then the blunderer rushed to the door as the train slowed up.

"No," replied the guard, shaking his head; "this is Forty-seventh."

Before the conductor could resume his seat the train started and he was flung to the floor, crashing his hat and hurting his lip as he fell. As the train reached Forty-third street there was a great rush. The blunderer was leaning on his cane. When the train again started the blunderer wasn't leaning on his cane, for he was leisurely examining the two believers in it.

Moral: Look before you leap.—New York Tribune.

Reward of Modest Merit.

Purse Proud Shoe Dealer—How often have I told you not to disfigure goods with big price marks!

Poor Clerk—Those are 62 kids, and I marked the 2 on the bottom to make them sell. Two ladies mistake the price mark for the number.

"Young man, I told you never to call at my house again, but I take it all back. If you want my daughter you can have her."—Omaha World.

Happily United.

"How is that feud between Col. Blood and Maj. Bingers getting on? Are they as bitter as ever?"

"No; but the whole thing is happily ended."

"I'm glad to hear that."

"Yes, they killed each other."—Life.

A Blessed Year.

Miss Ethel—And so you are really engaged to Mr. Sampson, Clara?

Miss Clara Gooding—Yes, it all happened last evening, Ethel.

Miss Ethel—What a blessing leap year is, dear!—New York Sun.

The Case Stated.

Omaha Dame—Oh, you can crowd fast enough, you forget that while men get through their labors at certain hours every day, a woman's work is never done.

Hash—That's just what I'm growling about.—Omaha World.

Everything in Shape.

Dakota Editor (to foreman)—Are the forms all ready?

Foreman—Yes, sir.

Editor—Plenty and locals heavy in good shape?

Foreman—Yes, sir.

Editor—Getting gun loaded?

Foreman—Yes, sir.

Editor—Then let the paper go to press—Tid-Bits.

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CHOICE CUT FLOWERS Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. S. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

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The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. B. H. Bacman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC,

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also one of a number of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any locality 5 or 6 miles from Plainfield. Orders left at No. 8 North avenue will receive prompt attention. 28-1y

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Rates $2 per day. Special rates to families. Apply early for choice rooms. Transient accommodations made for parties desiring table board, and in stormy weather to those desiring to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

102 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE,

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established Market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the best grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

Also of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season, at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished on short notice.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

38 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1421.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street. H. E. Gayle, No. 64 East Second street. All Work Promptly Attended to.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

28 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. Box 1467

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone, 60, 70 & 80 Cents, May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays, Intelligence Office, No. 92 West Front street. Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen, Barber and Hairdresser. Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-23-1y

Kindling Wood. 12 Barrels for $3, at Mrs. Dennen's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 98, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent, Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset Street, Grocer and Seedsman, Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Granum County Bolted Graham Flour. The choicest, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar 5 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Grape, Yellow Rock, Stone, Earthen and Glassware. Flower Pots. Finest grade Amasumnon.

Robert Randolph, Kalsominer No. 32 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white always on hand. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

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Smalley Brothers, 72 Somerset street, Meat Market. Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone No. 1.

Ten Eyck's Meat Market, Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. McVoy, Driven Wells, Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to run by force pump. Gas fixtures put in new houses. Only practical experience in the business. Charges as low as any. Shop at 5 Front.

T. E. Morgans, Newsdealer, Books, Stat onery 104 Main, 37 1-2 West Front street.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

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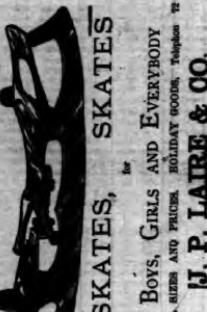

SKATES, for BOYS, GIRLS AND EVERYBODY HOLIDAY GOODS, Telephone 72 ALL SIZES AND PRICES.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

Parlor stoves ten per cent. off.

FOR BARGAINS in new and second-hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERING call at the store of

J. S. POWLISON,

35 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to buy in coal. Office No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of

Flour, Feed, Grain,

Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.

FRENCH'S BUILDING,

69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 32. P. O. Box 1052.

FOTOGRAFS

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

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TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't need them the flavor and purity of our bread speaks for itself makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full line constantly on hand. Pies of all kinds made daily. Orders left at our store will receive prompt attention.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 31 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, JANUARY 23, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE NEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand proves. Subscribe for it. In all that goes to constitute a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—"Bi" cigh "Smoker" to-night.

—The police station is being wired to-day for incandescent electric lighting.

—The Electric Light Company had men engaged to-day, taking down the arc street lights.

—The Y. M. C. A. "Seniors" are reminded of their regular meeting to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

—Attention! J. P. Laire & Co. have something interesting to say to the public. See advertisement.

—A communication from Mr. F. X. Schoenmaker in reply to "E. M." in Saturday's News will appear to-morrow.

—Men are engaged wiring the Pond Ice Co.'s Works. It will require one hundred incandescent lamps to light the buildings.

—John Hunter was arrested by Policeman Lynch this morning for intoxication. City Judge Gleo. P. Saydam fined the man $5.

—Last Saturday Chas. J. Shaffer of East Second street sold his farm of 11 acres, situated at Mount Bethel, to Mr. Kisserling of Plainfield.

—The toboggan slide is in fine condition. Saturday night parties enjoyed the sport there in the moonlight. Those who went down then and this afternoon say it is "elegant."

—"Billy" Dempsey, the pugilist, was killed in the prize ring Saturday night. In this tragic ending of a votary of an immoral sport there is a moral that young men especially ought to heed.

—Constable Flannigan served a warrant on Michael Field, Saturday night, for complicity in the assault on E. J. Nolan. Field furnished $500 bail before Justice Nash, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

—The Union County Board of Agriculture has appointed Dennis Crane of Roselle and E. P. Brooks as a committee to confer with the authorities of Plainfield, Elizabeth, and Rahway, as to the erection of markets in those places.

—The funny Dutchman who sang comic solos and danced among the "Sherman's bummers" at the All-gory matinee, Saturday afternoon, was Robert Huntsman. Edward Powell, who was in the Sherman column, Pevon, we so ill with chills that he could scarcely stand, but he stuck pluckily to his role.

—The Reading Coal Company have, it is stated, disposed nearly all their stock of coal at their docks in Elizabethport and withdrawn all the loaded coal cars to Bound Brook. Only a few Italians are now employed, and it is stated that the Company will abandon their docks, using the Bound Brook facilities.

—The Crescent Glee Club, accompanied in their singing by orchestral music, and a large audience of young men will be present this evening at 8 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, and will render a short lecture by Mr. A. C. Lallemand. A cordial invitation is extended to any man in the city to be present.

—Prof. in the reading "The Jovial Editor," the New York humorist, gives a philosophic view of newspapers in this State and puts in a subhead every quotation. From THE PLAINFIELD NEWS: "Always in quotes." Allegiant to [illegible] Loyalty to one's choice." [illegible] Independent in politics." [illegible] Always on the side of right." [illegible] Always on the side of right." [illegible] Always on the side of right

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOUTHSIDE STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
and delivered within the City and Borough, by carriers, on each per week, or by mail, postpaid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year, payable in advance.

MONDAY, JANUARY 23, 1888.

KILLED IN THE PRIZE RING.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A young man, somewhat under-sized, Jack White, sometimes known as and sometimes Swipes the Newsboy, who has had some experience in the ring, and who has defeated Jack Dempsey, an untried amateur, decided to fight a finish fight on Saturday night with Nick Thompson's place at Fort Hamilton, and before the first round was half up Dempsey fell to the ground senseless and died in a few minutes. The match had been arranged by Ed McDonald between Pat O'Brien, of Harlem, and Sam Cushing, of Elizabeth, to take place at Hoboken. One of the men failed to appear, and a hasty match was made up between Dempsey and Swipes, who had intended to fight two weeks hence. The match was duly reported to Fort Hamilton, and a purse of $75 was made up by the sporting men present. Both the principals were light-weights. Dempsey weighing about 118 pounds and standing about 5 feet 6 inches while White is somewhat heavier. The fight was to be to a finish, with soft gloves and under Marquis of Queensbury rules. Dempsey led off with his left and caught White in the side. White threw out his left in the direction of Dempsey's stomach, but the latter parried it. Clinching followed, and was vigorously pressed by Dempsey. Then White with his left hit Dempsey in the stomach. Dempsey fell back, and then staggered forward. As he came forward he received a terrific left hand blow on the right temple. He fell to the ground insensible, and with spasms on his limbs.

"Have I won?" cried White.

"Wait until this man has a chance to come to," said Parker.

When ten seconds had passed Conlin and Dougherty carried Dempsey to his corner assisted by White, who said:

"Jeff, I've knocked this man out, any how, and the fight belongs to me."

The referee declared him the victor. The child did not last more than two minutes.

Dempsey's plunged unconscious and finally began to alarm the spectators, and one of them went up stairs and brought Thompson down. Restoratives had no effect on the insensible man, and he was carried down to the open air and laid on a sofa. By this time, however, he was dead. In the opinion of the detectives the fight became extinct before he was taken up stairs. He did not speak after he fell.

Dempsey's death demoralized the sporting men who had come in to witness the fight, and they lost no time in getting away from the house. A doctor was sent for, but none could be found. In the morning Justice Church was notified, and he sent word to Coroner Hoover, of Brooklyn. Daniel Dempsey, the father of the dead man, who lives at No. 111 Madison street, was informed at 4 o'clock in the morning that his son was dangerously ill at Fort Hamilton. Mrs. Dempsey, accompanied by Mr. Hines, a relative of the family, went down there at once. They were too late—the heart broke at the sight of her boy's body.

Dempsey was 24 years old last July. He had been married sixteen months, and had a motherless child. For nine years he had been a pressman in the Herald office. His father and his relative, Mr. Hines, say they never knew that he had an ambition to be a fighter, or even that he gave any thought to such a matter. In regard to the autopsy at the heart disease was the cause of death, they say that there was no case of heart disease in the family, and that Dempsey was never sick a day in his life.

White, or Besser, the surviving principal of the fight, walked into the telegraph room at police headquarters in Brooklyn last night at about 8 o'clock, and formally surrendered himself to the authorities. He went thither with a newspaper reporter, who had advised him to take this course for his own good, and as the police the trouble of looking for him. He was remarkably cool under the circumstances, and when Superintendent Campbell, who had been sent for, informed him that he was under arrest, informed him that in the opinion of the coroner the death of Dempsey was due to some organic derangement and the air of nonchalance seemed to intensify. He said he was more surprised in his life than when he had learned that Dempsey was dead. While he was 19 years old, his birthplace was Hartford, Conn., he was a newsboy, and his residence was the Newsboys' Home, 9 Duane street, New York.

White fighting is a misdemeanor. By section 168 of the penal code it is declared that when homicide is not justifiable or excusable it is manslaughter in the first degree, and is held to be committed without a design to effect death by a person engaged in committing or attempting to commit, a misdemeanor, affecting the person or property of either of the person killed or of another. By section 192, manslaughter in the first degree is declared punishable by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than twenty years. Section 31 reads: "A person who commits or participates in an act which would make him an accessory if the crime committed were a felony, is a principal, and may be indicted and punished as such, if the crime be a misdemeanor."

The Striking Thread Workers.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 23.—There is now reason to believe that the strike of the thread workers operating on the old U. S. T. thread works in Kearny will soon be terminated. Yesterday afternoon Father O'Connor, of St. Stephen's, delivered a lengthy address to the strikers, in which he counseled the hearers to be rational, and look at the troubles from both sides. He advised a return to work, and in conclusion said that he would go to-day and ask Mr. Clark to consent to re-employ all of the strikers unconditionally, and that he would report the result of his visit to the strikers at a meeting to be held to-night.

Indigent Grand Army Men.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Post Commander Whann and Quartermaster Dowling, of G. A. R. Post 582, were arrested yesterday while in charge of a G. A. R. deputation escorting the body of a comrade to the cemetery. The funeral proceeded without them, while a crowd of 5,000 persons followed the prisoners to the station house, where they gave bonds to answer a charge of parading with music without a permit. Mr. Dowling is an ex-Alderman. The G. A. R. men, many indigent, two hundred policemen assisted in the arrest. There was a good deal of excitement and noise, but no resistance.

All Want the Dead Man's Money.

BONHAM, Tex., Jan. 23.—Thomas Bedford died last January, an estate valued at between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000. H. P. Howard, of San Antonio, who appeared the strongest claimant, was appointed administrator last November. The Galbraiths, of Fannin county; the Shortridges, of Kaufman county, Tex., and Bell and Thomas Crews, of California, have petitioned the Fannin county court for the probate of a will alleged to have been written by Thomas Bean and lost or disposed of after the death of the testator. This makes four sets of claimants to the property.

IRELAND IN AN UPROAR.

O'BRIEN'S RELEASE CAUSES INCREASED ENTHUSIASM.

The Irish Agitator Deeply Moved by the Warm Expressions of Friendship—Bands of Music Serenading Mr. Blunt 'Neath the Walls of Galway Prison.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The intensity of the feeling of exasperation which generally prevades Ireland is largely increased by the rumor, unquestionably well founded, that the government intends to arrest Sheridan, the agent in the whole of county Donegal and in parts of counties Down and Armagh, and has issued the proclamations with the meaning of bona fide to make it probable that the next batch of arrests under the crimes act will include Mr. William J. Reynolds and Mr. Michael McGinley, members respectively for East Tyrone and South Down, and Father Connery, president of the Belfast branch of the National League.

All Ireland is in an uproar over the release of Mr. O'Brien, and the police and troop throughout the country were kept under arms all of Sunday night because of the numerous demonstrations of rejoicing, which it was feared might lead to something worse. The people are undoubtedly in a higher state of excitement than at any time since the enforcement of the crimes act, and would require very little encouragement to work their feelings into acts of violence. Many skirmishes between the people and the police are reported to have occurred in various parts of Ireland, but none of them is known to have resulted seriously.

The Socialists, in spite of the decision of their cabinet council to heed the government's prohibition of meetings in Trafalgar square, attempted to meet there yesterday. The leaders of the movement, Hicks and Goff, succeeded in mounting the base of the Nelson monument, and had harangued the crowd for few minutes when the police dislodged them. They were then urged to leave the square quietly, the police explaining that they had received positive orders from the home office merely to obey their instructions; but the leaders flatly refused to budge, and counseled their followers to do likewise. Hicks and Goff were then taken into custody and the crowd departed.

DUBLIN, Jan. 23.—Several bands of music attempted to serenade Mr. Blunt in Galway prison Saturday evening, but were prevented from doing so by the police. The musicians withdrew, but subsequently embarked in boats on the river, and proceeded in procession, by the light of torches, beneath the prison wall, where they played patriotic airs until midnight. Captain Commander of the war ship Banterer, lying in the river, sent a detachment of seamen and marines in boats to arrest the musicians, but the latter pulled up the river, and their pursuers were unable to catch them, although they chased them a long distance.

There was general rejoicing, amid great excitement, throughout the south of Ireland during yesterday and last night over the release of Mr. O'Brien. Bonfires and beacons blazed on the mountains, and processions and speechmaking were largely indulged in. Mr. O'Brien is greatly moved by the evidences of sympathy and affection everywhere shown for his release. He is stopping with a friend here, and every mail brings to him a large number of congratulatory letters. He will not accept the offer to be the guest of the electors of his parliamentary district, and then, by the advice of his physicians, seek the rest he so much needs.

Mr. Dillon, yesterday, Mr. O'Brien said: "I felt so well when I was liberated from Tullamore jail that I overtaxed my strength, and was quite worn out and weary from loss of sleep. There was an immense number of letters awaiting me upon leaving the prison, and the number that I have since received has been very great that I have not yet been able to read them all. The letters are all expressive of the kindest sympathy and encouragement. The reception in Dublin on a stronger foundation now than it ever was. Mr. Balfour found that the league could only be suppressed by suppressing liberty, and the effects of the government in prosecuting priests showed that its hopes of muzzling them by intrigue at Rome had been frustrated."

Mr. O'Brien expressed his belief that Mr. Balfour would push matters to extreme until he was called to a halt by public opinion.

Mr. O'Brien said he did not know what his future plans would be, nor could he say what would be those of the National party; but that mattered little, because the spirit of the party, among all classes, had reached a degree far beyond former experience in favor of Irish autonomy.

Disastrous Fire at Amsterdam.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Jan. 23.—At an early hour yesterday morning fire broke out in Fencher & Co's Novelty store on Market street. The flames spread rapidly, notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of the fire departments, which turned out in full force. Fencher's Novelty store, the grocery of John Parson, the harber shop of C. M. Wood and A. W. Kline, D. Brand's confectionary store, Nold's meat market, J. M. Leffer's grocery and a Chinese laundry were destroyed, together with all their contents. The loss is not as yet known, but it will be heavy.

Fourteen Men Perish by Flame.

TOWER, Minn., Jan. 23.—Fourteen men perished in a boarding house fire Saturday. Seven bodies have been taken from the ruins, and seven persons in addition are missing. Of the men taken from the ruins two were found lying together in one corner of the building in a way that indicated they had suffocated in bed. The mercury registered 40 degs. below zero, and the thermometer indicating 40 degs. below zero made the sufferings of those who escaped very great. The bodies of all the men taken out are burned and unrecognizable mass, only the trunks remaining.

A Murderous Crook.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—James Johnson, alias "Jersey Jimmy," a noted pickpocket, who has long been a terror to the police authorities from Maine to California, was yesterday arrested and locked up at police headquarters, being charged with probable murder, his victim being William Rogers, alias Ryan, alias "Billy the Weasel," a member of a notorious gang of crooks. Rogers, who is fatally stabbed, is in Bellevue hospital guarded as a prisoner.

Big Fire in Holyoke.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 23.—The entire east wing of the Holyoke Water Power company's Cabot street mill, in Holyoke, 220 feet long and 72 feet wide, was burned yesterday afternoon, entailing a loss of $250,000. The building was occupied by the Holyoke Envelope company and B. F. Perkins' machine works. The fire broke out at about 2:30, and was one of the largest that Holyoke has ever had.

ROBBING THEIR NEIGHBORS.

Bank Thieves and Murderers Captured by Enraged Citizens.

LEXINGTON, I. T., Jan. 23.—About 11 o'clock yesterday four masked men, all heavily armed, rode up to the door of the Citizens' bank and dismounted. The leader entered the bank and, presenting a pistol at the head of the cashier, W. T. Reynolds, informed that he turn over the cash on hand. While pretending to comply Reynolds slammed the door of the safe to and turned the lock. He was at once laid low with a bullet from a pistol of one of the desperadoes, which struck him above the heart, killing him instantly.

The bank was then ransacked, and all the money in the cash drawer, amounting to $700, taken. An attempt was made to open the safe, but in this the robbers were foiled.

As the sound of the pistol shot was heard several people came running to guard the bank to ascertain the cause of the trouble. They were fired upon by three of the men who were on guard, and retreated to get arms. In a few moments the town was aroused, and twenty or thirty armed men hurried toward the bank. The robbers were just mounting their horses, when the latter attacked them, who, one of the robbers, Thomas Evan, was killed outright, being shot several times in the head and body. He was identified as a rancheman living near here.

In the melee four citizens were wounded, but not fatally, two receiving shots through the arms and two others being slightly wounded in the head. Meanwhile the three surviving robbers then rode away with the booty captured, followed by the enraged citizens. After about a mile's chase the robbers were surrounded, captured and taken back to Limestone, where Judge Lynch was called on to hold court. The leader was found guilty and the sentence of death by hanging with strung up. The other two were placed in charge of a strong guard and started for Fort Reno, where they will be turned over to the United States authorities. The stolen money was recovered. The robbers were all citizens and ranchers of the near neighborhood.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis and New York All Looking for the Choice.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The recent discussion of the time and place for the next convention for holding the Democratic national convention, has agitated the various applicants considerably, and the struggle for the prize will fairly to begin some weeks before the meeting of the national committee, Feb. 22. The California delegation are working hard to get the convention to San Francisco, and claim that the distance shall not be permitted to increase the cost to the delegates. Representative Biggs says for his part he is willing to pay the traveling expenses of all the delegates and give them the freedom of the city. There will be a delegation from California on here a little later, and he thinks they will make the proposition he suggests.

Chicagoans in the city are very confident that they will again secure the prize, while the friends of Cincinnati and St. Louis maintain that they mean business, and if Chicago can beat them this time it will not be because they have not put forward their best efforts in securing the New York men, however, maintain that the metropolis is the only proper place for the holding of this year's convention, and boldly assert that city will be chosen with scarcely a dissenting voice.

Considerable pressure has been brought to bear upon the executive to have him express a preference, but he has not yet done so. He will undoubtedly leave the matter to his friends, and be satisfied with their determination.

OVER A THOUSAND LIVES.

Judge Kinney Says the Blizzard's Death List Has Been Underestimated.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 23.—Judge J. F. Kinney, agent of the Yankton Sioux Indian agency in Dakota, arrived here after spending three days on the road. Five days were necessary for the party to travel thirty miles. The thermometer was at 40 degs. below zero and the wind blowing. The judge says the loss of life in Dakota has been greatly underestimated.

He described the scene which took place on board the cars. The coal was running low. The passengers were crowded into one car trying to keep warm. Two babies perished. The men disrobed all the outer garments they could spare and gave them to the ladies and children. Finding these not enough they brought mail sacks from the postal car and wrapped the children up in them. While at one station in Bon Homme county, the judge says, nineteen frozen bodies were brought into the depot in one day. In Bon Homme county the list of dead will reach fully 160. The estimate is made by looking at the loss of life throughout the territory figure up over 1,000. The counties where the loss of life was the largest are: Bon Homme, 160; Hutchinson, 140; Lincoln, 35; Beadle, 35; Spink, 19; Hand, 10; Ward, 15.

Thrown from an Embankment.

MANSFIELD, O., Jan. 23.—A south bound passenger train was wrecked by a broken rail two miles north of Okato Saturday. Two passenger coaches and the mail and express cars were thrown from an fifteen foot embankment and turned over twice, landing bottom side up. The passengers were thrown in a heap, and four of Adams Express Messenger, C. H. Voorhees, ex-sheriff of the county, is hurt about the head and chest and internally, and is in a very critical condition. Mrs. Lyons, of Conway City, Kan., had both arms broken and was badly burned. Mrs. Lizzie Conn, of Wahoo, Neb., had her head hurt. Her son, a small boy, was hurt internally, and two other children were slightly hurt. Mrs. Cleo and her boy, of Wymore, were slightly injured. J. Van Eltredell, of Seattle, had his head hurt and received internal injuries. A. A. Autzman had a leg hurt. Henry Heath was hurt in the side. The cars caught fire, but the train hands extinguished the flames.

Murderer Dowling Still at Large.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 23.—There was great excitement yesterday over a rumor that Pete Dowling, the murderer of Mr. Drezal's servant, Robert Hamilton, had been captured. It seems that a shiftless colored man, who goes by the name of William J. Leonard, wandered into a Philadelphia station house last Thursday night and asked for a lodging. His manner attracted the officers and they suspected that he might be the fugitive. He exhibited the telltale broken finger and a scar on the head. Other scars on his body, they say, and it was at once discovered that he was not the missing murderer.

Robbed and Thrown from a Train to Die.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 23.—The engineer on the passenger train arriving in this city from Springfield at 9:40 a. m. yesterday discovered the body of Michael Carney, of this city, lying in a ditch beside the track a short distance from Meriden. The man's pockets had been rifled of their contents, and foul play is suspected. He had dragged himself forty feet from where he was thrown from the train or tossed by the engine. His jaw was broken, his right hand mangled, his head crushed, neither injury being fatal. Death was caused by freezing.

A PRESIDENT'S OFFERING.

RECEPTION OF MR. CLEVELAND'S GIFT BY POPE LEO.

His Holiness Deeply Impressed by the Present—His Message of Thanks, and a Benediction—The Gift Placed on Exhibition with Those of Other Rulers.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23.—The following cablegram was received from Rome, dated yesterday:

The gift of President Cleveland to Pope Leo XIII was presented to him Saturday afternoon in the throne room of the Vatican by the papal delegation. The latter were also present members of the Noble guard, in their bright, showy uniforms, and attaches of the papal court, Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, in pontifical robes, and a bust copy of the Constitution of the United States, said:

Holy father, we feel most honored and humbled in the presence of your holiness in making the gift, suggestive of the veneration and admiration of all countries by the president of the United States, of a bust copy of the Constitution, the precious jubilee of your holiness' entrance to the sacred priesthood. It is a tribute paid your holiness by the head of a nation which, though a ruler desired by them, who feels deeply the responsibilities upon them, and who has had the wisdom and fortitude to discharge faithfully and conscientiously all the important duties devolving upon him. He is also appointed by the people, and one who has publicly declared his solemn conviction that the Christian formation of the state is the best guarantee of real civilization and perfect social order, requesting at once a most acceptable and welcome present to your holiness.

The bust, your holiness, which receives respectful recognition from the kings of the world, represents the people of America, who respect the tribute of a free and independent people, of the freest, largest and most progressive republic of the world. Your holiness, I am sure, just and generous, and will in the future as in the past history of nations, remember, the father, the shepherd of Judea, representing the body of the people, came to the manger to worship the infant Jesus, not because he was in whose vicar you are was not only the king of kings, but the reputed son of a carpenter, a child of the people, and surrounded by and living with the people. In the American republic the Catholic church is free to act and to carry out its sacred and spiritual mission, and the principles are by the fundamental right of constitutional guarantee, as demonstrated in this volume, the adherents of the United States has clearly proved that ignorance of the real doctrines of the church of Rome, and misrepresentation of its teachings to progress, are gradually disappearing, and that Catholics and non-Catholics are coming to understand each other better. We say of you, holy father, bless the young Republic that has achieved so much in a single century; bless the land discovered by your saintly countryman, Columbus; bless the wise and manly president of the United States."

The members of the delegation, kneeling before the pope, received the apostolic benediction for themselves and for their people. Dr. O'Connell, rector of the American college, presented the album of the gifts and illustrated the president's declination. The pope listened with the utmost satisfaction, examined the gifts carefully, and expressed his admiration for the exquisite taste and neatness of its execution. It was an especial pleasure, he said, to receive a copy of the constitution of the United States.

Dr. O'Connell then read Cardinal Gibbons' letter to his holiness, to which the pope read his reply in English. He said: "The gratitude I felt in receiving a jubilee gift from the president of the United States. He continued:

"I have received offerings from all parts of the world—from Italy, Spain, Portugal, Hungary, Spain, England, and one from the president of the United States, a most pleasing one. As a cardinal, he was the first to receive a perfect freedom. That freedom we admit is highly beneficial to the spread of religion. It is a duty of the church I owe my duty, love and solicitude to every part of the church, but toward America I bear especial love. The love of your nation is great; your government is free, your future full of hope. Your president commands my highest admiration, from the humble road. Five days were necessary for the party to travel thirty miles. The thermometer was at 40 degs. below zero and the wind blowing. The judge says the loss of life in Dakota has been greatly underestimated.

He described the scene which took place on board the cars. The coal was running low. The passengers were crowded into one car trying to keep warm. Two babies perished. The men disrobed all the outer garments they could spare and gave them to the ladies and children. Finding these not enough they brought mail sacks from the postal car and wrapped the children up in them. While at one station in Bon Homme county, the judge says, nineteen frozen bodies were brought into the depot in one day. In Bon Homme county the list of dead will reach fully 160. The estimate is made by looking at the loss of life throughout the territory figure up over 1,000. The counties where the loss of life was the largest are: Bon Homme, 160; Hutchinson, 140; Lincoln, 35; Beadle, 35; Spink, 19; Hand, 10; Ward, 15.

Thrown from an Embankment.

MANSFIELD, O., Jan. 23.—A south bound passenger train was wrecked by a broken rail two miles north of Okato Saturday. Two passenger coaches and the mail and express cars were thrown from an fifteen foot embankment and turned over twice, landing bottom side up. The passengers were thrown in a heap, and four of Adams Express Messenger, C. H. Voorhees, ex-sheriff of the county, is hurt about the head and chest and internally, and is in a very critical condition. Mrs. Lyons, of Conway City, Kan., had both arms broken and was badly burned. Mrs. Lizzie Conn, of Wahoo, Neb., had her head hurt. Her son, a small boy, was hurt internally, and two other children were slightly hurt. Mrs. Cleo and her boy, of Wymore, were slightly injured. J. Van Eltredell, of Seattle, had his head hurt and received internal injuries. A. A. Autzman had a leg hurt. Henry Heath was hurt in the side. The cars caught fire, but the train hands extinguished the flames.

Murderer Dowling Still at Large.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 23.—There was great excitement yesterday over a rumor that Pete Dowling, the murderer of Mr. Drezal's servant, Robert Hamilton, had been captured. It seems that a shiftless colored man, who goes by the name of William J. Leonard, wandered into a Philadelphia station house last Thursday night and asked for a lodging. His manner attracted the officers and they suspected that he might be the fugitive. He exhibited the telltale broken finger and a scar on the head. Other scars on his body, they say, and it was at once discovered that he was not the missing murderer.

Robbed and Thrown from a Train to Die.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 23.—The engineer on the passenger train arriving in this city from Springfield at 9:40 a. m. yesterday discovered the body of Michael Carney, of this city, lying in a ditch beside the track a short distance from Meriden. The man's pockets had been rifled of their contents, and foul play is suspected. He had dragged himself forty feet from where he was thrown from the train or tossed by the engine. His jaw was broken, his right hand mangled, his head crushed, neither injury being fatal. Death was caused by freezing.

Explosion on a Tugboat.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The boiler of the tugboat Zouave exploded in the harbor yesterday, badly scalding several of the crew. All will recover except Engineer Patrick Healy, the engineer, who is in a very bad condition.

THE NATIONAL LAWMAKERS.

Pursuit of Private Action in the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The senate has no programme of work for the coming week beyond the consideration and if possible the passage of the deficiency bill, and other matters of like character. There is probably no way to-day for a speech from Senator Frye, and later in the week for speeches from Senators Palmer and Ingalls. Senator Frye's subject will be the Behring Sea question, but that he will speak upon the question of the fisheries. Senator Palmer will address the senate upon the bill for the admission of Utah, and Senator Ingalls will speak upon general politics.

Aside from the extradition treaties there was little to do in executive session; and as Senator Sherman, chairman of the foreign relations committee, is to be absent after Wednesday, it is thought probable that no treaties will not be considered at any length, if at all, during the week.

The Thouble-Cartisle contest is expected to take precedence of all other matters in the house of representatives, since it is the present determination of Mr. Crisp, who has charge of the report of the elections committee, to have the case out of the way before the regular routine of business begins. The indications are that several days will elapse before the matter is finally settled.

Mr. Morrill is earnestly desirous of securing further consideration for his national bank bill. The pens and safes have been removed upon the floor of

THE READING STRIKE.

IS IT THE BEGINNING OF A YEAR OF LABOR TROUBLES?

Some Information Regarding the Causes That Led to the Stoppage of Work. Pictures of President Corbin and Chairman Lee—Previous Big Strikes.

AN it be that the presidential election year is to be a year of strikes in the United States? In the closing days of 1887 reports appeared in the daily papers of trouble in the Reading coal region of Pennsylvania, and by the first day of '88 we were positively assured that the trouble was settled. And on Jan. 2 the great strike formally began. It soon engendered sympathetic strikes

involving tens of thousands of workers in no way connected with the original movement.

The dispute has split the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company, its line running up the Schuylkill from the former city to the latter, and sending branches through all that section of the coal country. It is a very prosperous corporation, of which Mr. Austin Corbin is president. Its gross earnings in 1887 were $21,702,980, an increase over 1886 of $1,892,364. Its net profit over all expenses being reported as $9,978,098. But connected with it—indeed part of the same corporation—is the Philadelphia Coal and Iron company, which had gross earnings last year of $19,458,897, and a clear profit, as reported "on change," of $604,910. But in 1886 it is claimed there was a net loss of $3,131,797. It is obvious that the managers would seek a readjustment of the relations of the two; but it is needless to detail the movements, except to state that the final course was adopted—to reduce wages.

In the summer of 1887 the average earnings of a miner in the Schuylkill valley were $2 per day. The company then agreed to give an 8 per cent. ad vance, and in addition 1 per cent. for each advance of 8 cents per ton in the price of coal at Schuylkill Haven over the $2.50 standard. As coal has lately been $2.86 or more at that point, the miner who earned $2 a day in August would now be earning, say, $2.40 per day if the rate was maintained. But the company claims the expiration of that agreement, and so there is a margin of thirty or forty cents a day for the average miner between the conflicting claims. The company asserts that it contracted specifically with the men for the limited time and stood the loss, and that the men now violate the agreement and refuse to take their share of the reduction. Of course, the miners understood the agreement differently, and so 20,000 men quit work at the instance of John R. Lee, chairman of the Reading employes, the railroad being also involved. Mr. Corbin was able to put by the place of the strikers on the railroad sufficiently to keep up a semblance of traffic; but he made no serious attempt to do so in the mines. The coal shipments rapidly declined, and one by one the manufactories in all that region began closing for want of fuel, each stoppage cut off an increasing number of closely related industries, and so at least 80,000 workers soon became idle and stagnation set in through all the region.

All the usual phenomena of strikes have been noted; the men who took the strikers' places on the trains were boycotted and they were turned out of hotels and boarding houses; the Knights of Labor declared a sympathetic strike, and other labor organizations would fill several columns. And, it must be added, a list of the strikes for one year, especially 1885 or 1886, would fill as many. The great strikes of 1877 began with a reduction of 10 per cent. reduction of wages on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and in three weeks involved all the roads from north of the Potomac and west of the Hudson. A moderate estimate puts the lives lost at 400 and the total loss at $40,000,000. It was almost a civil war. Since then the reader of the daily paper has become so familiar with strikes that the very names of "Fall River," "Hocking Valley" and the like suggest a strike; and the

ORDERING THE STRIKE.

autumnal month in which some governor does not "order the militia" somewhere may be marked with a white stone. All this time the labor organizations were coming closer together and learning to work more in harmony, and finally the Knights of Labor attained such strength as to promise an absorption of all minor forces. Of late, however, the order appears to be weakening, while the new confederation of labor—a "union of unions"—is becoming stronger. The summary of this tedious détail may be given in one suggestive sentence: The laborers of the United States are learning how to organize and to win victories by union. All the progress of the workingmen for a century has been by their organized efforts; and without deciding upon the rights or wrongs of present strikes, it may be said with certainty, that labor organization in America has accomplished a vast amount of good, as the cost of some serious afflictions.

BUNNIE AND BABY BUNTING.

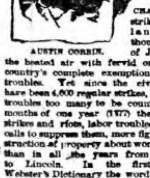
The Famous Bunch of Promise Suit Recently Tried in New York.

The K M Q's of the H's and K's of Coffee Mill Corners, in the city of New York, will not soon be forgotten, either by himself or the rest of the world.

They are likely to cost him $45,000, and they gave a brand new color to the face of the populace. It has been suggested that Mr. Arbuckle will now discard the popular interpretation of K M Q to read Kick Me Quickly. This shorthand of love, however, will probably not take on any prosaic meaning, but will go hand in hand with young Cupid for many years to come.

Miss Campbell, or "Bunnie," as she is better known, is a resident of Ironton, O. She claimed $250,000, and not $100,000, as has been stated, from her Baby Bunting—as Arbuckle signed his letters to her—because he would not marry her, and the matter was argued pro and con for several days by several of New York's brightest lawyers, but the jury decided that under all the circumstances $45,000 was enough, and Miss Campbell says she thinks the verdict quite vindicated her. Miss Campbell declares that she has grown ten years older in the last few months, and that she would be thankful if people would stop calling her "Bunnie." She will not go on the stage, she says, although she would like to dearly. As a music teacher she might be a success. "But," she adds, "at my age I had to sell it under cost as 39—I am too old to improve much, practice as I may."

CHAIRMAN LEE.



AUSTIN CORBIN.

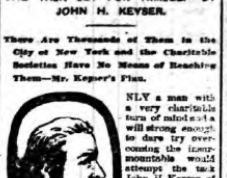
BUNNIE IN COURT—MILLIONAIRE ARBUCKLE.

No breach of promise suit has attracted so much attention in the last decade as this one has. Baby Bunting's fervid letters did it all. They breathed love in every sentence—but love expressed with all the brevity of initials. Perhaps never before has so much sentiment been expressed in such a small space. But it came high

TO FEED STARVING MEN.

THE TASK SET FOR HIMSELF BY JOHN H. KEYSER.

There Are Thousands of Them in the City at New York and the Charitable Societies Have No Means of Reaching Them—Mr. Keyser's Plan.



NLY a man with a very charitable turn of mind and a will strong enough to overcome the insurmountable would attempt the task John H. Keyser of New York, has set for himself. The experiment is not a novel one in point of object sought, but Mr. Keyser's plan is a somewhat

novel one. His operations are carried on at 128 West Fourth street, and the result has been to get in main many people wonder why a sensible man should try such an experiment at all. He simply proposed to give two meals a day to all who chose to apply—all the bread, meat and tea or coffee one could want, and not a cent to pay. We need not wonder that though but seven days had passed the first day the number generally increased till one day 2,800 came and Mr. Keyser put up his shutters, after a piteous appeal to the public to come forward and help him. It was much the same as if a thrifty housewife should splash milk and sugar over the kitchen floor in June and then wonder why the flies were bad; for to it not one of the best proofs of the necessity for such an organization multiplies in the exact ratio of the increase of its food and the decrease of its exertions, and that an increase gives increase careless paupers increase faster still, and so the net result is an increase of misery! To put it mathematically, double the food for tramps and the number of tramps will nearly treble, so there is twice as much misery as before.

The General Charity Organization of the City of New York, by Mr. Charles D. Kellogg, its secretary, Mr. A. F. Schauffler and others published a protest against Mr. Keyser's scheme, which really was not necessary, as unaided men are not going to support such things as free restaurants; but it almost broke Mr. Keyser's heart. Once he was wealthy, and it is little wonder that he is not rich now when one hears his own account. He is a thin, odd but kindly faced old man, looking wonderfully like a "granite" Santa Claus. Speaking mournfully of the hard lines his charity had met, he said:

KEYSER'S FREE RESTAURANT.

"The trouble is that the Charity Organization society deals with humanity in a lump. I deal with it in individuals. They want to put charity on a machine basis—to get work for the poor. My plan is to feed those who now go hungry. The best way for them to do is to get work. Scientific economists say their own. But while they are about it, what's to be done for those who are suffering right now? I have lived in this city fifty years and made the condition of the poor a special study, and I know that never since the starvation winter of 1856-'57 have there been so many thousands of men idle through necessity as now. To let them suffer would be a crime. There are in this city at least 30,000 men and women working on only half or not at all, and this through necessity. In 1858 I started the 'Stranger's Rest,' on Pearl street, where penniless men could get food and lodging. It furnished 9,000 lodgings and 18,000 meals a year, cost $10,000 a year and ran five years. In the winter of 1873 I fed 1,000 men a day in my back yard. Charitable people backed me after I lost my own money."

A SQUARE MEAL FREE.

The rather dingy little room on Fourth street now shown in the window a big sign inscribed:

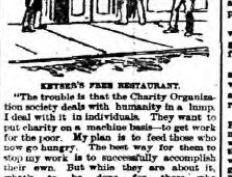
Closed on account of the place being far too small for the ever increasing applicants.

But the current was too strong to be suddenly dammed, and a few hundreds were fed daily for some time after the nominal closing. For the last two weeks of "open doors" the rush began at 5:30 in the morning and continued till the latest hour to which the manager would keep order in the restaurant he had provided—a room 40 feet wide and fifteen feet long, and though thickly set with tables and chairs the service was by but one person at a time. Each "customer" got a large mug of tea and as strong coffee, with sugar and as much buttered bread as he could eat, and reporters who dropped in from curiosity pronounced the coffee very good. Our artist writes indorsing this.

The observing eye, however, could detect the peculiarities of each stock in every third or fourth man, the "air negligé," the slouching gait, the lack luster eye and generally out at the elbow and down at the heel look which marks the professional tramp.

Mr. Keyser has builded better than he knew in one respect; he has stirred up the regular charities to adopt more system, and set many thousand people to studying how they can aid the deserving poor without doing harm. And this, by the way, is the great and ever present grief of charitable people—it is the cry—the fear that they are encouraging fraud. A noted and benevolent lady

to sleep, eat, cook and work. He would become so accustomed to work as to forget his meals, and often required to be reminded of them by a kindly



MASQUERIER—MONUMENT, neighbor, who furnished him with most of his food and took care of his room. He occupied himself in making curious devices in wood and cardboard, illustrating reforms of all sorts and drawing plans in red and blue pencil.

Masquerier was one of the twenty-five octogenarians who were photographed in a group. Of these five were present at his funeral.

One living to so great an age would naturally bridge far remote periods. His parents were prominent during the last century. In a short sketch read at the funeral they were referred to as follows:

"Of the mother, the last of his name, was of Huguenot descent on his father's side, and on his mother's of a hero of the war of independence. She received a company and fed from her purse the whole of it up to the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown. She was a relative of his great uncle George Carlisle, of Woodford county, Ky., brother to his grandmother, Thomas Hickin, who was also a soldier of the revolution. He received two wounds in the war of Independence, and at the close he declined pay or pension, saying that the land he had won by the sword was pay enough for independence. His father's brother, John James Masquerier, made a colossal sketch of Napoleon and his army during a grand review in Paris, in which the commanding form of the great general was majestically seated on a prancing steed, which appeared on all portraits of Napoleon by artists of distinction in after years. This picture was subsequently sold in Paris, and brought in to the painter over $3,000.

The rise in the value of his property should have made him comfortable. He was generous to the poor but niggardly to himself. For some years he buried himself most of the time attending to the erection of his tombstone in Cypress Hills cemetery. It was completed on June 5, 1887, and dedicated by the man it was to commemorate. The monument is surmounted by a bronze figure of Liberty enlightening the world. He said it would be a living witness of the truth long after he was dead.

A BROKEN FLANGE.

The Rain It Worked On the Boston and Maine Railroad.

Only a broken flange! Only a slight flaw, imperceptible to the human eye!

But that flaw, that break in the flange, meant bruised, torn and bleeding bodies for a large number of brave beings, instant death to nine and lingering, agonizing death to three more.

This accident, one of the earliest of the year and the worst so far, took place at Haverhill, on the Boston and Maine, a railroad that has heretofore been singularly free from disaster. The broken flange threw the smoker from the track, and instantly the cars were in hopeless confusion.

A noteworthy escape from personal injury was that of the engineer of the unlucky train —Warren French. He bears a charmed life. During his experience as a railroad man he has had much to do with several bloody fights, but has never been harmed and has never been personally at fault.

SCENE OF THE WRECK.

The telegraph has already told the story in detail. It only remains to say that the cut given is from a sketch made on the spot.

CENTRAL R. R

OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time Tables in effect Dec. 8, 1892.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 2.57, 5.45, 6.30, 9.30 a. m., 12.04, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday—12.04, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 4.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.45, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 2.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday—8.30, 9.00, 9.45, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.30, 6.55, 7.30, 8.00, 8.55, 10.27, 11.05, a. m., 12.32, 1.21, 2.05, 2.57, 3.51, 4.56, 5.05, 5.55, 6.25, 6.55, 8.10, 11.35 p. m. Sunday—8.00, 8.55, 10.27, 11.05, a. m., 1.27, 2.57, 5.05, 7.30, 9.35, p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.45, 7.05, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday—8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.15, 8.05, 9 11 11.45, 11.55, 1.45, 3.05, 4.05, 5.15, 6.05, 6.35, 8.05, 9.05, 9.35, 10.25, 11.55 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m., 4.54 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 5.54, 6.30, 7.10, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 12.30 p. m., 6.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.00, 4.30, 7.00, 9.30 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain. Sundays for Easton.

8.30 a. m.—For Flemington Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk.

9.35 a. m.—For Flemington, high Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre Scranton, etc.

1.30 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4.54 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delphos Williamsburg, Scranton, etc.

5.30 and 7.30 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

6.30 a. m.—For Flemington.

8.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 2.27, 8.00, 11.36 a. m., 12.32, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.30 a. m.

Leave Perth Amboy at 2.27, 5.43, 8.04 11.16 a. m., 12.32, 3.51, 5.25 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 2.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.05 a. m., 12.53 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 5.10, 8.05, 9.45, 11.44 a. m., 4.15, 5.30, 6.30, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.10*, 9.30 a. m. 6.34 p. m. 1.23 night.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Streets, at 7.38,* 8.30* 9.30 11.00 a. m.; 1.15 3.45 5.15, 6.45 8.00 p. m. Sunday — 8.00 a. m.; 12.30, 4.30, 5.30, 8.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tyler Streets, at 7.55, 8.50, 9.10,* 10.10, 11.35 a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 4.37, p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 8.25, 9.15 9.40, a. m. 6.15 p. m.

*Stops to take passengers only. † trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLCOTT, Gen. Supt.

COAL and WOOD

C. H. RUGG,

Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the

BEST Quality

that can be procured in this market. Purchasers please taken to have it well screened and delivered promptly.

All orders left at my office or by mail will receive prompt attention.
Office at Park avenue, P. O. Box 1122. Bird's Yard.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

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Telephone Call 50. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 27. Office of Hillside cemetery

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Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.

Toilet Requisites;
City Pharmacy Dentine, cleanses and preserves the teeth.
City Pharmacy Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.
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Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.
Telephone call 103.

Field & Randolph.

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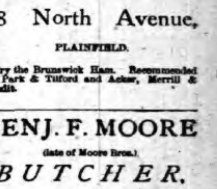

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THE SMALL BOY.

A Youngster Who Mixed Up Cards with His Prayers.

A 4-year-old boy in this city was amusing himself one recent evening by imitating his father and mother, who were playing euchre. The child held a pack of cards and would lay a card on the floor every time his mother laid one on the table, and would say, "I pass," etc., when she did. Bed time came, and with it the usual child's prayer with the common ending, but this time the youngster wound up thus: "God bless papa, mamma and baby—I pass—and to Uranus. Amen."—New York World.

A Far Sighted Boy.

A 4-year-old boy was taken to the window *a few mornings since* and shown the bright planet of the morning star, which was shining with resplendent brightness through an exceptionally clear atmosphere. He was told that it was Venus, and admired it greatly. At the breakfast table he related the experience to the family circle.

"I saw a big star," he said, "and its name was Bonnets, and it was painted on both ends."

At the foot of the pupil's class it is always pointed out that no one ever does him a service or a favor, but he is treated more harsh than before.—Boston Transcript.

The Soul of Candor.

A Sunday-school teacher lately put the question to the soul of candor with the query: "Are you better than you were last year?" A good many of the older fellows had replied "Yes, sir," but a crusty boy on the back seat had the candor of his convictions. "I don't, either; and I ever was," he said, "but," he added, by way of softening the harsh statement, "I'm the worst freak of anybody. By this class I—I—I—don't get dickers."—Youth's Companion.

A Reflection Upon the Teacher.

A little boy and his sister came home from the closing exercises of one of the public schools of the city one day. The quarterly reports of regular attendance and good conduct were being distributed, and the girl was the proud recipient of one of them, but her brother had failed to qualify. "Didn't you get a certificate, Tommy?" their mother asked. "Nope," was the reply, "cos I won't have got one if there had been enough to go round."—Toronto Globe.

The "Cakes" We All Sigh For.

"Mamma," said little Willie, after returning from a dinner to which he had been invited, "I didn't know I thought that cake was good, but I see there's a difference. Aunt Susan's cake is cake an' pie an' pudding an' peaches an' ice cream an' everything good together, but yours is nothin' but cake."—Elmira Telegram.

Harry's Definition.

"I have a little brother, Harry, aged 4. Election day he asked me what papa was going to vote for. I told him for the mayor. His sister asked me what the mayor was. "Well," he said, right down, I know, really it is a girl boy, of course."—Boston Globe.

A Talk with a Rooster.

A Little Fable.

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20 West Front street, it Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, Table Napkins, Linen Towels, Canton Flannels, Calicos, Dress Goods, etc.

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The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., J. W. Sewell, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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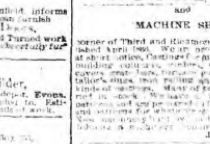

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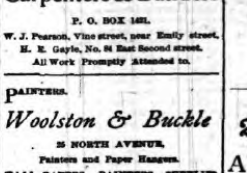

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HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 8 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, DONE IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE VERY REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 62.

The NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the favorite way of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it is unsurpassed. Those classes of customers then can be obtained through any other medium, and its general circulation is many better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that goes to make a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—To-night is the date set for Mr. Leitch's lecture on "Hindoo Life in India and Ceylon" in the First Baptist church.

—The ice at Tier's lake is about eleven inches thick. Men were at work cutting and hauling the cold cakes all night.

—The class in English branches at the Y. M. C. A. will meet this evening as usual at 7:30 o'clock. For information in regard to the class apply at the rooms.

—The members of the Blackthorn Society will hold their monthly sociable this evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew E. Kenney of Manning avenue.

—Yesterday afternoon at Washington Valley, Messrs. Livingston & Bro. harvested 50,000 cakes of ice. The ice is about 10 inches thick, and is said to be the clearest that has been harvested for many years.

—The "Morris Equine and Canine Paradox" will hold the boards at the Stillman Music Hall Jan. 26th, 27th and 28th. An exchange says: "The paradox is a show that the children as well as their elders can appreciate."

—Mrs. Andrew S. Patterson and four children, residing at No. 62 East Sixth street, suffered more or less yesterday as the result of inhaling coal gas from a leaky furnace Sunday night. Dr. H. S. Davis was in attendance, and to-day the ill of the inhalations have passed away.

—Cole's hair has never been highly valued as a textile production, but through recent inventions it may take a decidedly important position among the natural products of the country. For generations it has been useful in the manufacture of brads, and, when mixed with lime, sand and water, adds greatly to the mortar's sticking powers. But soon it is likely to appear as a rival of wool, and cattle will be raised for their hair as well as for the present multiplicity of reasons.

A "Stag" "Smoker."

About fifty persons enjoyed the "stag" "smoker" at the Bicycle Club House, last night, and the time passed pleasantly to all. A quartette did some good singing, and Mr. Day picked music from his banjo. John Crane as a prestidigitateur mystified, and caused more wonder by the rapid way in which he put himself outside of the refreshments. He wasn't the only one, however, to partake of the simple but bountiful repast, which was served by Caterer Kelly. Many others followed the example of "Gus" present. After the refreshments there was general singing, with athletic contests intermingled. The committee consisted of E. L. Walz, jr., Frank Martin, Howard Runyon, David Runyon and R. Pound.

A Winter Hop.

The members of the Gesang and Turning Society tendered their many friends an entertainment and hop in their hall on Somerset street last evening. The evening's enjoyment consisted of singing, athletic sports and dancing, and was hugely enjoyed by all present. Refreshments were served, and the happy gathering broke up at an early hour this morning.

Among those taking part in the entertainment were: Conde's orchestra, L. Seible, C. Dresnek, R. Kuntzsch, E. Hasselman, J. Becker, G. Leible, Eug. Hoerster, H. Bender, H. Haswand, E. Marx, H. Klinsmann, Chas. Meyer, C. Maas, E. Hoerter, C. Dresnek and R. Kerstning.

Royal Arcanum's New Officers.

The new officers of Royal Arcanum, Council. No. 711, were installed last night by Grand Regent Carlock, assisted by Ansen W. Grant, a district deputy of the grand council, as follows: R. M. Stover, Regent; Aaron W. Rapid, Vice Regent; Edward Lane, Orator; W. J. Leonard, Past Regent; H. A. Thorne, Secretary; L. M. Stover, Collector; T. R. Cone, Treasurer; E. W. Conklin, Chaplain; A. M. Dodge, Guide; C. J. Feytel, Warden; Emil Dreier, Sentry.

To Bless the Bell.

Bishop Wigger of the diocese of Newark will be present in St. Mary's church, Thursday evening, Feb. 2d, and will bless the bell presented to the congregation by the late Frances E. McIntyre. All the societies connected with the church it is expected will be present and will participate in the ceremonies.

STATE NOTES.

John Trainor, of Nyack, N. Y., who at present is employed in the Passaic City gas works, was taken to Rellinger's Hotel yesterday unconscious from the effects of gas discharged in his face by the bursting of a retort. Dr. Carroll, who was summoned, labored for hours over the man before recovery was assured.

The mystery surrounding the suicide of Mrs. Caroline Schwerter, of Rhinebeth, has been cleared away by the finds which have made it known that she feared that on account of increasing years and an affliction of total deafness she would become a burden on her step-husband. She had been induced to visit her home in Rhinebeth in hopes that it would cheer her up.

Willie Gleason, a bright and attractive little fellow thirteen years old, son of John Gleason, a track walker in the employ of the Central railroad at Cranford, has been missing since January 10th. At the time of his disappearance he had on a dark suit, brown pants, short jacket of brown tweed. He is described as being of dark complexion, with dark hair, brown eyes and heavy eyebrows.

A young man representing himself to be Frank Braden of Trenton has for the last three or four days been victimizing the business men of Jersey City by selling them bogus concert tickets. The swindler was arrested yesterday and locked up. The tickets sold by him purported to be for a concert to be given at Association Hall, the proceeds to be used for the purpose of establishing a free library and reading room for the benefit of railroad employes.

A WESTFIELD BLAZE.

A Lad Accidentally Fires His Father's House.

James H. Townly came near having his new house on Orchard street, Westfield, burned up, yesterday afternoon. Mr. Townly has been putting his spare time working on the interior, in order to finish it before Spring. Yesterday he had his little five-year-old Frank along, leaving the boy playing with the shavings, while his father was at work in the basement. Hearing strange noises up stairs, he started up, and met his little boy crying, "Papa, the leaves are on fire." Smoke was coming from the kitchen door, and on opening it he found the shavings burning on the floor. Rushing out, he shouted "Fire," and some of the neighbors came to his assistance with buckets of water. After a hot struggle they succeeded in extinguishing the flames. The room was damaged to the extent of $100. Mr. Townly himself was scorched up pretty well, and got his face and clothes all blackened. It seems that the boy while playing put a shaving on the stove, and that it soon ignited. He then pulled it off and that, of course, started the rest. Mr. Townly is glad that it is no worse, and says that had he waited to go up stairs ten minutes longer, the fire would have spread so far that it would have burned up the house.

PERSONAL.

Miss Dot Bigley of New York City is visiting her friend, Miss Mary J. Harding, of South Second street.

As will be seen from our Trenton dispatches Thomas F. McCormick has been again appointed Presiding Judge of Union county.

Mrs. Mary Sheerin, wife of Jos. J. Sheerin of New York, and cousin of Miss Katie Mahoney of West Front street, was interred in Calvary cemetery Wednesday at 2 p. m.

A sociable was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James T. Huntington, No. 4 West Howell street, last evening. A number of Howell Division, No. 97, S. of T., of this city, were present, and spent an enjoyable evening. Refreshments were served at a late hour.

Miss Sophia F. Randolph, one of the very oldest residents in this locality, died yesterday at the residence of her nephew, Alexander F. Randolph, in Feastaway, six miles on the road to New Brunswick. She would have been 94 years old next July. She was a sister of the late Erastus B. Randolph, who resided on the road to the Hillside Cemetery. Among the members of the Seventh Day Baptist church she was a familiar figure, and was known as "Aunt Sophia." The funeral will be held at Alexander Randolph's, Wednesday morning at 10:30.

Turn-about for the Ladies.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Moynahan in Dunellen last evening was one of life and activity. The occasion was a "Leap Year Sociable," and it was a novel affair. The fact of the privileges accorded the ladies. As will be inferred from the title, it was something novel, and instead of the gentlemen requesting a lady to dance, each of the gentler sex was obliged to ask a "him." This caused considerable embarrassment and no little fun. After the refreshments there was general singing, with athletic contests intermingled. The committee consisted of E. L. Walz, jr., Frank Martin, Howard Runyon, David Runyon and R. Pound.

Westfield Whittlings.

Prof. S. Savile of New York has opened a dancing school in Arcanum Hall.

The ladies of the Public Library will soon give an entertainment for the benefit of the Library Fund.

L. M. Whittaker, our town clerk, has gone into the real estate and insurance business.

Mr. G. W. Coe expects to occupy his new residence on Dudley street this coming week.

Mrs. John W. Nelson, age 38, died last Friday after a long illness. The funeral took place Sunday.

A young daughter has arrived to cheer the heart of Chas. Young of Westfield avenue.

Joseph Atkinson, the New York builder of gallows, was in town last week visiting some of his old friends and former comrades. All found him to be the same old "Joe" he used to be when residing in Westfield and working at his trade, carpentering.

The question is being agitated by some of our prominent men to have certain main roads, such as North and South avenues, leading from our city to connect another, declared county roads, operated and kept in order by the county, and thereby at once get those main stretches of travel in good condition. As it is now, years may pass by before that result will be accomplished. Last year Westfield township raised $2,000 especially for that purpose, and the work was done on North avenue toward the Cranford line, but it is doubtful whether the taxpayers will continue this year in this work, especially as it is claimed by them that they are taking ourselves to benefit other townships who are not willing to co-operate with us. Therefore it is thought that a law that possesses every element of striking them at once, the whole county will share its burden and also possess its benefits.

"The Main Line" To-Morrow.

"The Main Line; or, Rawson's 'Y' " will be presented at the Stillman Music Hall to-morrow night. Concerning it a dramatic critic of the Boston Herald says: "It possesses every element of artistic merit. It is not, indeed, in any measure a great work, but it is a simple, faithful and free from any perplexing ingenuity of plot. It is merely the history of an artist's fortunes with his model, a wild little western girl, the daughter of a station agent in a remote quarter of Colorado. The first-class company into love at first sight, he studies his model, and, after some misunderstandings, ends in matrimony. The story is conventional throughout, but its treatment is a fine matter. It is worked out ingeniously under unusual conditions, is full of pathos and humor, and is well mounted."

City Court Cases.

City Judge Geo. P. Suydam disposed of two cases this morning:

Hiram Raddity, arrested by Policeman Lynch, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Fine, $10; paid.

Frank Peters, mildly intoxicated. Fine, guilty. Sentence suspended.

The handsome residence of J. W. Vander-Kieft, on Centre street, Orange, was discovered to be on fire yesterday; the inmates were awakened by the smoke. The damage is about $300.

THEORIES AND THEORIES

MR. SCHOONMAKER GIVES A FEW HINTS TO "E. M."

Going for Encyclopedia Fiends in General and Raking over the Coals Operating "Geologist" in Particular.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—A well-bound edition of "The Encyclopedia Britannica" costs about $360. The number of people possessing them is, therefore, necessarily small in any community. It often happens that pretentious persons procure the encyclopedia for this very reason, and seek opportunities of posing as scholars by cramming themselves with its contents and, on the principle of ventriloquism, to their love of display emitting the erudition as their own. They presume on the scarcity of the book. Such scholars are a part of Satan's kingdom in knowledge. They produce nothing, but deal in second-hand material, often old, dried, stale, and worn out, pulverizing it always with more or less of false pretense.

Such observations are suggested by the conduct of a writer over the initials of "E. M.," who published an article in Saturday's NEWS. In it he attributes a number of ridiculous statements to me and then takes occasion to tell me and the public that I am an ignoramus needing enlightenment, which he proceeds to give in a column and a half.

"INFORMATION" GROWN MOULDY.

When the word Geology was reached in the published edition of the "Britannica," that information that "E. M." fires at me has undoubtedly grown mouldy. It may became stale and chestnutty long ago. No man really versed in science, no person who has given a little thought to the subject, or literature and research, would for a moment resort to the encyclopedia's record of old theories, or to abandoned and long-ago-set-at-final geological arguments establishing the nature of the different transformations in the Earth's surface, so long as scientific research continues, as it does, to discover better theories.

For instance: "E. M." quotes statements to the effect that the ice period before the flood was 150,000 years ago, and was caused by the Earth being in aphelion in Winter at a period of extreme maximum eccentricity in its orbit. Sandwiched in between is a later theory by William Finch as follows:

"The cause of the glacial period has hitherto been an unsolved problem, but recently (see May, 1887, number of the Siderial Messenger) Prof. Frank H. Bigelow, of Racine College, has proposed a theory which seems to account for it in a very satisfactory manner. Every one who has studied astronomy is aware of the theory that the planets of the solar system were formed from successive cooling envelopes of the Sun. According to Prof. Bigelow's theory, when the Earth had condensed into a molten ball surrounded by a dense atmosphere, which subsequently became the Moon, the envelope which is now the planet Venus surrounded the Sun. When Venus had condensed into an independent world, and the Earth's geological history was advancing to the glacial period, the envelope forming the planet Venus condensed into the bright planet which now shines in the morning sky, close to the Sun. We now reach the glacial period, caused by the dense envelope which condensed into the planet Mercury and on the formation of that planet ended the glacial period."

This shows that ignorant as I am I am not the only person who doesn't know what "E. M." knows.

"E. M." assures us that the next glacial period will not come for 517,000 years. I think he may be wrong.

GOD MAY CHANGE HIS MIND,

even if it be now made up as "E. M." intimates he is. Anyhow, it won't make much difference to most of us, particularly to those who may have reserved seats at the fire-place Bob Ingersoll hates. Inasmuch, though, as "E. M." says this next cold spell will depend upon the attainment of maximum eccentricity and does not seem to be aware of the possible existence of other causes of ice period, I feel warranted in insisting that he is wrong; because, since "The British Encyclopedia" published its article on geology, Science has made some discoveries. Prof. Bigelow says an ice period is now on its way, and the maximum eccentricity will apparently have nothing to do with it, either. Prof. Bigelow's new theory Mr. Finch says, that "there is forming around the Sun another envelope which will develope into another planet, and by reason of its density, the age of the Earth and the cooling of the Sun points to another period of glaciation not nearer than the one which occurred when the envelope of Mercury surrounded the Sun." Astrophysical students of the Sun's spectrum show that a considerable envelope has formed, and many believe it to be the forerunner of a planet, somewhat was once raised will not produce it any more. It will perhaps be ages before the polar ice caps will again descend, bringing on another period of glaciation begin. The last period of glaciation extended about 50 degrees from the north pole, and the next period will extend much further."

If "E. M." is wrong about the next ice period, would it be impudent to suggest that he is wrong about the last?

"E. M." statements about what I did at Reform Hall are without exception untrue. He says that I delivered a lecture on "Geology." I never was in the habit of delivering the Flood took place 2,000 years before Christ. I did nothing of the kind, nor did I make any of the statements he attributes to me. The whole tenor of my speech was to dissuade people from

THINKING ABOUT THE CREATOR'S ACTS

and to persuade them to regard their fellows as the chief objects of duty. My reference to fishes was intended to show the difficulties attending the effort of a highly educated man to write for an ignorant people just emerged from slavery a story of the Creation which scholars could not criticise technically. The evidences of the glacial period as presented by the Shawangunk mountain were such as I saw myself, and were detailed as those result. My theories of the glacial period were of observation. There was no Baxter street business done.

"E. M." besides firing off his "Britannica" at me, attempts to be witty at my expense. But the point of his wit is not discernible; it is thought by many that possesses every element of artistic merit. It is not, indeed, in any measure a great work, but it is a simple, faithful and free from any perplexing ingenuity of plot. It is merely the history of an artist's fortunes with his model, a wild little western girl, the daughter of a station agent in a remote quarter of Colorado. The first-class company into love at first sight, he studies his model, and, after some misunderstandings, ends in matrimony. The story is conventional throughout, but its treatment is a fine matter. It is worked out ingeniously under unusual conditions, is full of pathos and humor, and is well mounted."

If "E. M." thinks I am an ignoramus, I suppose he is a gentleman. When we become better acquainted we may alter our opinions. But I am a little hasty. "E. M." knows something: that ought not to worry him—ignorance is cheap.

F. X. SCHOONMAKER.

Still True to Their Old Faith.

Through a conspiracy between the intelligent compositor and the wide-awake proof-reader the types yesterday were made to say that the Rev. Dr. Ketchum was pastor of the First Baptist church. That worthy man has not yet shaken off his steadfast Presbyterian doctrine, and still presides over the First Presbyterian church congregation in this city, while good Dr. Yerkes occupies the First Baptist church pulpit. And so for many, many, many years to come, we hope, despite conspiring type-setter and proof-reader.

A fire broke out yesterday in a large barn on Cedar street, Rahway, and before it was got under control a considerable hay and feed in the barn was badly burned and the building itself was also somewhat damaged by origin.

"TIM PINE" ON GEOLOGY.

"Strike an Other Antantis"—"Let 'E. M.' Geologise Again."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I have never read with more pleasure valuable paper than I hasnt never had outside to writ about then anyone me who uncot for writin to your valuable paper which I am my self a German reid to me every nit regular. I had my grammas reid to me when I was a little boy. I hope you will excuse me if I did not understand e. m. when rote the piece for your paper. i spose e. m. is a wise man for he has big words in it most he so wat he asis about icebergs and glaciers wich forms strie and such like. I think its funny about my self Mr. Editor, when I was a boy I hen mak out of wat e. m. see i am like to her strim com into my bakyard at any time wat at my the chicken fix it very nicely for me any other animals including gotes. the way e. m. can strie around is they must be very cold chilrens. so I told Tryphena, shes my wife, she see she dont think i bestir be bothurin about strye. so I put the man wat gits it into his bed that strie an maximum eccentricity an aphelion an perihelion an glacial area is the most important things to be parin over is wat nor the feller wat plais the piano an sings (who wil car for mathir now) tole the old lady it would be good for her in the cold. Tryphena dont go much on latin. she see she thinks the hunts awake or nor to the point then glacial era. shed like to se e. m. run that ever bed the glacial era anybow. i tel her it must be a dredful chilness. see it only cover avry 10 or 11 thousand yers like snailpox or colliry an wen it dos cum it freezs peple up in a hats of ice til they send up into anarauns or of the bed the dropst. I writ this to lern mor about um. wat is the shipmans an do tha brak out al over the top of our only around the ear. war do you vaxinate for im an how can you kep from ketchin um. morovir if e. strie comes in your yard how kan you kep him from scratchin up the gardin. i aint afraid of him now but spring or comin wen i shal dig my gardin. if e. m. kin giv me information how to prevent the strie wich he spoks of e. like comes in my yard at any time from spoilin my gardin I wil swop corn or mellins or unions wich i rases best fur the information. i am glad to know of e. m. the geologist. i hop he will geologise sum mour. he pednt mind wat Tryphena see. wimin is not exposed to hon book geology like we man ar. excuse bad ritin cass my pen is por. i am hop to here from e. m. soon. I copied im from your pappur. i haint got nuthin mor to say cept that i dont egaktly understand about he hypothesis wich e. m. sed was hible to smit the erth so i reshane yours respectfully TIM PINE.

p. s. thet aint my reel nam cass im modist. TIM PINE.

Mr. Hager Gives Thanks.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Permit me through the medium of your paper to express my heartfelt thanks to all the young ladies and gentlemen who participated in the entertainment at my Allegory Music Hall last week, and who rendered their parts so finely, from the mighty Goddess of Liberty to the smallest flower girl.

To the Board of Education under whose auspices the Allegory was presented, and to the large committee of well-known citizens for their liberal patronage and influence I am under many obligations.

To Mrs. Bulkley's thorough executive assistance and untiring efforts, to which the grand success of the musical portion of the Allegory in Plainfield is largely due, I am indeed under lasting gratitude; also to her splendid corps of workers, of whom Miss Gilbert deserves special mention.

To Mr. R. J. Shaw, the enterprising druggist, who had exclusive sale of the reserved seats and of tickets at Music Hall, who was untiring in his efforts to make the entire enterprise, and exceedingly courteous and attentive to the host of people who applied for reserved seats, many thanks are due.

The committee of six young gentlemen appointed from the High School rendered me very valuable assistance.

Thanks are due the G. A. R. for the loan of arms, equipments, etc.

To the daily and weekly papers of Plainfield have placed me under many obligations for kind favors shown. Respectfully,

J. J. HAGER.

Thursday Night's Concert.

At the promenade concert and ball in the Crescent Rink, Thursday, Jan. 26th, the following will be the musical programme:

PART I.

1—Overture, "La Diademe" ..... Herman
2—Waltz, "Remembrance of Naples" ..... Bessel
3—Patrol—"Boulanger" (Introducing the Marseillaise) ..... Wignard
4—Medley "A Yankee Ticklin" ..... Beyer
5—Cornet Solo, Selected ..... Meyerbeer
Mr. H. S. Nygrants.
6—Description Piece, "Recollections of the War" ..... Mr. Beyer
Introducing the Assembly, Sunrise Gun, Reveille, Drum Corps, Bugle Corps, The Prayer on Eve of Battle, the Battle, Star Spangled Banner, Marching Through Georgia, etc.

PART II.

7—March "Newton" ..... Bollison
8—Overture, "Macbeth" ..... Verdi
9—Comique, "The Jolly Musicians" (By Request) ..... Bucalossi
Mr. H. S. Nygrants.
10—Potpourn, "Les Huguenots" ..... Meyerbeer
11—The Forge in the Forest.

Incidental to the above: Prelude, of Newark. Description—Night; Morning, with sound of anvils, Noon, with the heavy hammers thundering on the water; the steeple bell strikes 8, the bell rings for work, and while the band performs the morning prayer.

Finale, The Forge in the Forest.

Martinville Miscellanea.

A Temperance sociable was held at the residence of W. E. Bertie on Thursday night.

Joseph Carkhuff who has been a good farmer-citizen of West Martinville for five years, contemplates a change of base.

William H. Vactor with John D. Lathrop of Somerville attended a Prohibition meeting at Newark Wednesday night.

Harry Yaile who has been formerly employed in the blacksmith department of Scott's Iron Works at Plainfield, is employed now by John T. Scott.

Mrs. Jennie Milliken a highly respected widow and a daughter-in-law of ex-Constable John Milliken, is lying very low at the home of her parents in Dog Watch Hollow.

Mr. Wilder Next.

The young men's meeting last evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms was well attended, there being 80 men present. Mr. A. C. LaBoyteaux, as previously announced, led the meeting, which was full of good interest. The singing, led by the Crescent Glee Club, was just what men like. The meeting next week will be led by Mr. R. P. Wilder, a Princetonian. Mr. Wilde was one of the few selected as the outcome of the Moody meetings held in Princeton in July, 1886, under the auspices of the College Y. M. C. A.) to visit the colleges of the United States and Canada in the interest of foreign missions.

Bridgewater, 60—Bridle, 16.

Winter and Spring suited yesterday at Bridgewater, Mrs. Ellen Mr. Holderbaum's, Miss Mary Bergen, a pretty young lady, and Mr. Benjamin, a prosperous farmer of Raritan, to the altar. The couple have gone to Philadelphia, N. J., to take in the sights during their honeymoon. They brought a world.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

THE LEGISLATURE.

NOMINATIONS.—A LOCAL OPTION BILL AGREED UPON.

The Battle of the Family against the Saloon Renewed to-Day.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 24.—In joint assembly this morning the Legislature nominated as prison inspectors, David Cartwright of Essex, Caleb Pancoast of Gloucester and George Wright of Union.

The House at eleven o'clock listened to addresses by the Rev. A. E. Ballard, Editor Carroll, Mrs. Dr. Crane and ex-Speaker Armstrong in favor of local option. All the members from Union county favor the bill.

Two o'clock p. m.—Rev. A. E. Ballard, President of the Local Option Committee, informed the Legislature that the speakers for the bill represented 200,000 citizens of New Jersey.

Editor Carroll's address occupied but ten minutes. Among other things he stated that Local Option had been declared constitutional by the New Jersey Supreme Court, and it is not reasonable that they who are saddled with the burdens of the liquor traffic, the criminals, the paupers and the insane, be allowed to control that traffic.

Rev. R. S. Everett of Jamesburg spoke of the magnificent and persuasive delegation and the presence of respectable people throughout the State on the subject.

Mrs. Dr. Crane of Ocean Grove appealed to the Legislature in behalf of the homes, and of 6,000 members of the W. C. T. U., and was followed by ex-Speaker (now Judge) Armstrong, all strongly favoring the bill.

Mr. Ballard in conclusion thanked the Legislature in behalf of the temperance people of the State.

There was a large delegation of saloon keepers in the lobby, but a larger delegation of temperance people. The speaking occupied but half an hour. Thereafter the Senate forthwith held a caucus, at which it was unanimously resolved to introduce and pass the local option bill asked for in behalf of the people.

This is the same bill originally prepared by a committee of the Plainfield Reform Club, of which the late Ex-Mayor MARSON was a member. Messrs. H. K. Carroll and James McCosh being among the others who aided in framing it brought to-day.

It has been before the legislature before passing the Republican Senate, but being defeated in the Democratic Assembly of a year or two ago.

The present indications are that it will pass both houses, be vetoed by the governor, or passed over his veto, and become a law.

Bloodhounds on His Track.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Jan. 24.—James Barrows, the desperado who killed Neil Bray near here Sunday night, was run down and chased into a swamp by a posse of officers and citizens last night. He was not yet taken captured, but is surrounded. During the chase he was wounded by shots from the officers. He fired four times at his pursuers, but without effect. Bloodhounds have been sent for with which to hunt him in the swamp.

TELEGRAPHIC TWINKLES.

PATTERSON, N. J., Jan. 24.—A coasting sled on West Street hill ran into a sleigh last night, and all the eight young men and women on the sled were badly cut and bruised. All will recover.

PARKERSONVILLE, Ind., Jan. 24.—Fifteen citizens of English, Crawford county, the home of the White Caps, engaged in a general fight Saturday at midnight. W. E. Moore was fatally and Wm. Cunningham seriously shot. Bert Brown's skull was crushed.

The Schools Get $355.

Miss Bulkley says that the public schools cleared $355, net, by the Allegory, "The Great Republic." The sum made in 1886 was $280.

The money will be used for the benefit of the Department of Science in the schools.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this city for the surrounding date of last night, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue, 1887.

6 a. m.	23	54	Sun rises	7:17
9 a. m.	25	55	Sun sets	5:19
12 m.	28	51	Moon rises	7:19
3 p. m.	34	39	Moon sets	

Died.

BROKAW.—In this city, Jan. 22, Mary A., wife of John Brokaw, in her 74th year.

Funeal from her late residence, 19 East Third street, on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment at Hillside.

RANDOLPH.—In Plainfield township, Jan. 22, Miss Sophia F. Randolph, in her 94th year.

Funeral services from Mr. Alexander Randolph's, Wednesday morning at 10:30.

MUSIC HALL,

Wednesday, Jan. 25,

the great New York comedy success and triumph,

THE MAIN LINE,

OR RAWSON'S "Y."

A love romance of the Railroad and Telegraph. Scenic and realistic. Direct from Boston Museum. By H. C. DeMille and Charles Barnard. A run of four months at the New York Lyceum Theatre.

Prices 25c., 50c. and $1. Seats on sale at Stelle's drug store, Monday, Jan. 23.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A GIRL wanted for general housework. No. 3 Craig Place. 1-24-1f

A GIRL WANTED for general housework. Good wages and a permanent place to one who is competent and can furnish good references. Address New Yorker, care of Everyone Newspaper. 1-24-1f

A PARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 22 West Third street. 20-4f

FOUND—A black and white hound dog. Owner can have same by applying to H. Dana, Lake House, New Market. 3-2

FOUND—A pet bird. Owner may have it by proving property. Address P. O. Box 596. 23-2

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 94 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 3-23

GIRL WANTED for general housework. Apply at 124 Grandview Ave. 24-4

HORSES—A Hambletonian gelding bay 15¼ hands, six years old, sound and kind with fine style and good action. Also an aged horse over 16 hands with considerable speed, suitable for family horse business or road drive and three genuine trotters for sale or exchange for cows. Will trade cheap if you value. Shepard at Laing's Hotel stables. 24-2

TO RENT—Stelle's Dental rooms in Stillman block. Has been a dental stand for fifteen years. Apply to W. Stillman.

WANTED—A good plain cook, general housework, no washing or ironing. Address Box 604. 23-3f

WANTED—Three or four rooms not more than ten minutes' walk from depot, by a young couple. Address P. O. Box 1, Plainfield, for the middle of February or the first of March. Address A. C. W., care EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—A middle aged person of reliable character as companion and to assist in the care of her invalid husband. Good reference required. Address P. O. Box 1104 Plainfield, N. J. 20-3f

$1,500 TO $2,000 to loan on mortgage. Address Shyl, care EVENING NEWS. 20-3f

TOBOGGAN SLIDE

(East Front street,)

NOW OPEN

Afternoons and Evenings.

25 PER CENT

ALLOWED ON ALL THE

WINTER GOODS

and

WET GOODS

Ho! For Bargains!

Boots and Shoes.

CALL IMMEDIATELY

at

B. R. Force's corner,

No. 1 Park avenue and Front street.

TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the

NORTH PLAINFIELD TOWNSHIP AND BOROUGH TAXES

assessed for the year 1887, remaining unpaid on January 31st, 1888, will be returned to the County Clerk at Somerville and, recorded as the law directs, unless payment be made at the tenements after which date, as required by law, such names will be published. Prompt attention to this notice will save the paying of costs. H. N. SPENCER, Collector,

No. 1 Somerset street, North Plainfield. January 23, 1888.

We have a Special Line of Rough Writing Paper put up in one quire flat boxes with perfumed blotters These papers are in several different styles and we will sell them for the present at only 35 cents per box.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

GRAND PROMENADE

CONCERT

AND BALL.

CONCERT BY

DRAKE'S CELEBRATED

ZOUAVE BAND.

String by Prof. Theodore Ebbecke, assisted by America's Favorite Cornet Soloist,

W. S. MYGRANTS.

AT THE CRESCENT,

JAN. 26th, '88.

Concert from 8 to 10 p. m., under the management of Benj. LeV—— and William N. Tier. Tickets on sale at H. M. Stelle's, and Field & Randolph's Drug Stores and of Barton Kline at the depot.

TOBOGGAN SLIDE

(East Front street,)

25 PER CENT

ALLOWED ON ALL THE

WINTER GOODS

and

OVERCOATS

at

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

HAVING JUST FINISHED TAKING

INVENTORY

We now offer the following Special Bargains:

KID GLOVES.

1 Lot Kid Gloves 50c, former price 80c.
1 " " 75c. " $1.
" Mousquetaire, 4½ " $1.50.
" Boys' Socks, 4c per pair.
" Table Oil Cloth, 54 wide, assorted patterns, at 50c. per yard.
1 Lot of Stubbing Oil Cloth at 6c per yard.
" Ladies' Hose 5c per pair.
" " " 10c. "
" " double width, 10c pr.

Another case of those white Aprons with embroidery and insertion, just opened; we still sell them for 25c.

We are still making 20 per cent reduction on all Cloaks or Wraps sold by us.

We are now receiving quantities of all the standard brands of unbleached and unbleached Muslins which we are selling at low prices.

I. H. BOEHM,

7 W. FRONT STREET.

MUSIC HALL,

for a period of three days,

JAN. 26, 27 28,

MATINEE AND NIGHT,

PROF. MORRIS

EQUINE AND CANINE PARADOX

14 Ponies and 36 Dogs.

Amusing! Refined! Instructive! The wonder of the age. The most wonderful animal show on earth. In the world.

Prices 25c, 50c, and $1. Seats on sale for all performances at Field & Randolph's and J. C. Miller's drug stores, Tuesday, Jan. 22.

Special Notices.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH,

1 phaeton, 3 buggies, 1 road cart, 2 sleighs, 1 set single harness, 10 horse wagons. Call and see them at 109 and 111 Madison avenue. JOHN P. WILDE. 1-23-1f

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
WM. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 1 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough, Cards at the counter or sent by mail postage paid, at the rate of 50 cents per week, or $20 per annum if $5 per year payable in advance.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1888.

WASHED UP BY THE SEA.

BEATTLE, W. T., Jan. 24.—A few days ago, near the coal wharf, was discovered the body of a woman lying face down on the beach by the edge of the water. It is thought she had evidently been washed in there by the wind and waves. The chief of police was notified and steps taken at once to identify the woman. About the first to recognize her was a runner for a hotel, who said her name was Mrs. F. Munger. She arrived here from Tacoma on Dec. 23 and went up to the house, where she took a room and remained all night. She was under the influence of liquor, and asked him to go out and find her husband, who, she said, was employed as one of the lumbermen.

She soon left the house, and was not again seen. When her husband was found and informed of the discovery he seemed deeply affected, and said he had been looking for her for some weeks. He last saw her in Tacoma, where they were both working in the Villard house, she as chambermaid and he as cook. She went on a spree, and he left her and came to Seattle, expecting her to follow as soon as she sobered up. It is generally supposed that in a drunken fit of desperation and disappointment at not meeting her husband on her arrival here she walked down on the wharf and jumped overboard.

The deceased was rather a good looking brunette about 40 years of age, and had had a most remarkable career. She belonged to a highly connected family in Boston, where she was young became the wife of Chauncey P. Vanschaack, at one time among the most prominent and best known merchants of San Francisco. Of this union two daughters, who are now accomplished young ladies. While living with her first husband she contracted the habit of drinking, and the habit finally led to a separation, at that time on she went from bad to worse, and in 1870 married a gambler in San Francisco, named George Chapman, with whom she lived but together and finally drifted to the sound. She first met Frank Munger in 1885. She was tired of Chapman, and finally agreed to run away with Munger, which she did one afternoon. Munger, who seemed to think a great deal of her, stood the discarce as long as he could, and finally, in October, ran away from her at Los Angeles, writing her an affectionate letter and leaving $200 for her in the bank. They met again at Tacoma, but she again took to drink, and left her separated husband. She followed him, and the result is given above.

Mrs. Munger was his wife was highly educated, and was the daughter of M. Adams, of New York, and that she claimed to be a sister-in-law of Judge A. J. Vanderpoel, of No. 1 West Sixteenth street, New York, and also of Mr. Cheesbrough, a prominent hardware merchant, of Chicago. When sober she was one of the most amiable women, but when drinking there was no living with her. Her maiden name was Kate Thorson Adams.

Methodist Preachers Protest.

HARTFORD, Jan. 24.—The resolutions offered at the Methodist preachers' meeting last week, disapproving President's Cleveland's jubilee gift to Pope Leo XIII., were discussed in the meeting yesterday and adopted by a vote of 19 to 10. The resolutions disclaim all sympathy with or concurrence in the president's act in commemoration of the pope's jubilee; protest against official recognition of a religious hierarchy claiming also temporary sovereignty; stigmatize the act as a discredit, if not an insult, to King Humbert of Italy, and finally disavow all feeling of animosity toward or desire to abridge the political or religious rights of Roman Catholic fellow citizens.

Placed Under Restraint.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Harriet Elizabeth Coffin, aged 53, daughter of a wealthy resident of Cincinnati, has been placed under restraint and Drs. Hammond and S. W. Smith have made the finding that she cannot safely be left at liberty. A petition for her committal to an institution has been filed by friends of the family. Miss Coffin is under the delusion that people are trying to kill her, and that the actor Kyrle Bellew insults her whenever she goes to see him act. She charges Kyrle Bellew, and carries a revolver for that purpose. She has been eccentric for a long time, and registers at hotels in the names of "Miss Stafford" and "Mrs. Richardson."

Shot and Hanged, but Still Alive.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 24.—Three years ago Joe Reed (colored) was beating his wife when Officer Frazier undertook to arrest him. Reed shot and killed the officer. That same night it is said, Reed left the city jail, fired a bullet into his head, and swung him from a rope over the suspension bridge. The rope either broke or slipped, and Reed fell into the river. Duncan B. Purris, a journalist, has now put together ample evidence to show that Reed survived both the bullet wound, the hanging and the drowning, and, more, was attended by a local physician, and was subsequently smuggled away. The doctor who dressed Reed's wounds confirms the story.

A Point for the Striking Cigarmakers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—It was announced at the headquarters of the fallen national cigarmakers that Kentnall & Crouse, the cigar manufacturers on Warren street, had acceded to the demands of their men and rescinded the reduction. They say that was the first to notify its employes of the reduction of from $1 to $6 per 1,000 in the manufacture of cigars, and the same action on Dec. 31. Three of the striking hands of the firm of Ottenburg & Brothers were arrested while in the act of persuading some of the female hands who were going to work. They were discharged with a reprimand by Judge Murray.

Knight McGarry Gets a Verdict.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 24.—A verdict in the damage suit of J. J. McGarry against the Missouri Pacific railroad for prosecuting him in connection with the big railroad strike on Gould's southwestern system two years ago, was rendered yesterday, and McGarry was awarded $1,500. McGarry, a machine workman and a Knights of Labor assembly, the one to which most of the Missouri Pacific shopmen here belonged, and was arrested after the strike for interfering with the labor of a man who finally nolle prossed, the company deciding not to prosecute the matter. An appeal will be taken by the company.

A Seaman's Successful Suit.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—In the second session of the superior civil court yesterday the jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiff for $2,000 in the case of Peter Leitao vs. Collin Smith, master of the schooner Charles E. Morrison. The plaintiff was cook on the schooner, and he alleged that in March, 1886, at Bermuda, he was assaulted by the captain and put in irons and kept on bread and water for twenty-one days. The defense claimed that the plaintiff was insubordinate, and that it was necessary to discipline him. The plaintiff sued to recover $50,000 damages. The suit was brought a year ago.

GIBSON'S ROMANTIC LIFE.

FULL OF ADVENTURE, PERILS AND VICISSITUDES.

His Early Life in California—Joining the Mormon Church—His Appearance in Honolulu—"The Power Behind the Throne"—Close of His Eventful Career.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—With the death of Walter Murray Gibson, in this city Saturday evening, ended a career which revealed in interest many of those conceived in the fertile brains of the romancers. His father was a merchant and importer at Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, and in 1825, while residing with his family from a business trip to Cuba, a son was born to him at sea, under the American flag. This son was named Walter Murray Gibson. Six years later the Gibson family removed to Montreal, Canada, where Mr. Gibson engaged in business, and young Walter was placed in school at the College of St. Sulpice.

At the age of 14 he turned up in New York. Regarding this interval of eight years nothing definite is known, but it is said that he had gathered enough experience and knowledge of the world during that period to form the basis of a respectable dime novel. Being out of funds long enough answered the advertisement of William Van Wyck, a wealthy southern planter on his wedding trip, who wanted a driver to take him to Aiken, in Andrews county, S. C. In the south he became a teacher, and there married a daughter of *Jesse Lewis, a planter. The wife died five years later, leaving three children.* Gibson, then only 22 years old, set off on a tour with no definite purpose in view. For a short while he ran a passenger steamer on the Savannah river, but, journalism for a while in New York; took advantage of the California fever and made a snug fortune by speculating in mining claims and squatter rights. In the latter part of 1849 he interested himself in Daniel Webster's ideas of centralizing the Mexican states, and went to that country with Count Russian envoy, D. Cramer, with that end in view. His travels there led him into regions where Americans had never before penetrated, and his adventures were many and interesting. They lived together and finally drifted to the sound. She first met Frank Munger in 1885. She was tired of Chapman, and finally agreed to run away with Munger, which she did one afternoon. Munger, who seemed to think a great deal of her, stood the discarce as long as he could, and finally, in October, ran away from her at Los Angeles, writing her an affectionate letter and leaving $200 for her in the bank. They met again at Tacoma, but she again took to drink, and left her separated husband. She followed him, and the result is given above.

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In 1853 Gibson took his children and went to Salt Lake City. He remained there until 1861, when he left the Mormon church, and as an agent of the Mormon church, with a commission to establish a colony. He found it necessary to begin life anew in some such way, as all of his property, which was in the south, had been destroyed during the war.

He settled down in the ancient capital Lahaina, on the island of Maui, seventy miles from Honolulu. After a time he abandoned the Mormon colonization scheme, but the Mormons remained, and now with their converts. They number nearly 3,000, all told. Learning of the beauty and fertility of the island of Lanai, Mr. Gibson formed a cooperative company, with about 100 natives, to develop it. He became the ruler of the island, ere the raising of wheat and producing. Leeming weary of this quiet life, moved to Honolulu in 1867 and became active interest in public life. In 1869 visited the United States and assisted in effecting the existing reciprocity treaty. He also visited Mr. Gibson urged the claims of Kalakaua, and, after the latter was elected he was offered a place in the cabinet. He refused, but for many years was prominent in the councils of the king, and was considered to be by many as the "power behind the throne." In 1878 he was elected to the house of nobles, and in 1882, when the monarchy in 1882, he was offered the portfolio of premier and of foreign affairs. He made himself very popular with the natives by his gifts and by his liberality. He wrote and spoke their tongue with wonderful fluency and power, and in the legislature included him in his will with ease. He was also proficient in a dozen other languages, including those of the Orient. Gibson remained in almost autocratic power until the revolution of July deposed him. Fearful revolutionists, who comprised the missionary element, were so incensed against him that they left no stone unturned, but to secure his removal for him. Wiser councils prevailed, however, and he was given a civil trial. He had covered his tracks too well to be convicted, but he gladly accepted the opportunity to escape to San Francisco on a sailing vessel.

He was compelled to leave his fortune behind him, and died at last, from consumption, as he legun life, penniless. His two sons are long since dead, but a daughter is married to H. Hackfeld, a leading merchant of the Hawaii, and is now a fugitive in San Francisco.

All Ready for the Carnival.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 24.—The prospect for the ice carnival, which is to be opened tomorrow afternoon with a parade of all the carnival clubs, could not look brighter. The weather moderated Sunday, the thermometer rising several points above zero, where it has since remained. The finishing touches to the ice palace were put on yesterday, and the work on the immense toboggan slide to be erected at the main entrance to the grounds is being proceeded with. The palace toboggan slides, snowshoe race track, skating rinks, etc., will all be completed by Thursday night, and the carnival will be formally opened at 2 o'clock in the afternoon by the reception of the ice king. Five immense chariots for the ice king and his suite have been built for the occasion. Hon. E. W. Durant, of Stillwater, will represent the ice king. The first storming of the palace will occur Friday night.

Louise Michel Seriously Wounded.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—An attempt was made to kill Louise Michel at Havre Saturday evening. She was making an address at a meeting of Anarchists, when a man in the audience named Lucas suddenly arose and, pointing a revolver at her, fired two shots at her. She received a wound in the head and the lobe of one of her ears was torn away. Lucas had a narrow escape from lynching at the hands of the infuriated Anarchists, and it was only the timely arrival of gendarmes that saved him. He was locked up. The condition of the wounded woman is reported to be serious.

A $1,500,000 Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—A fire last night destroyed the extensive three-story millinery and trimming store of Marks Brothers, at Eighth and Arch streets; the stores of Adolph Heller, Simon & Co., and Wm. Strawbridge, Tanguay & Co., trimmings, 738 Arch street; W. H. Clark, agent for Butterick's patterns, 809 Arch street, and Mrs. Jones' boarding house, in the rear building. The large number of stores on the south side of Arch street were damaged by the heat and flooded with water to such an extent that their losses will be quite heavy. The total loss is over $1,500,000.

No Hope for Maxwell.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The supreme court yesterday announced its decision in the famous Maxwell-Preller murder case. Maxwell is now in prison in St. Louis under sentence of death for the murder of C. Arthur Preller in April, 1885. The case was brought to this court upon a writ of error, which has been dismissed on motion of the attorney general of Missouri. It was the sentence of death pronounced by the state court.

ANSWERING MR. CORBIN.

A Statement by Secretary Cahill on the Other Side of the Question.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—Secretary Cahill, of the executive committee of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company, in connection, has prepared a reply to President Corbin's statement explaining the position of the company and Mr. Corbin, which is not the present strike, but its inception at Elizabethport, N. J., and then he reviews the trouble at that point and subsequent events at Port Richmond. Referring to the conference of Chairman Lee with Superintendent Sweigard, and it is stated that "seven men in a pregnant way" notified the superintendent agreed to arbitrate the other differences, and also to restore their places to all men who had quit work except the five ones said Ambrose Hoch and E. J. Sharkey." "This strike," Mr. Cahill concludes, "is not to sustain the discharged crews at Port Richmond, but it is to sustain our organization and to sustain men who have been true to a principle. In this strike we expect to win."

The publication of Mr. Corbin, indicating as it does that the company will make no compromise, has caused a feeling of despondency in the mining town. The merchants refuse to grant further credit to the idle men, and already many of the families are beginning to feel the pangs of hunger, as the relief afforded them is not sufficient to provide for all their needs. It now look as though the men would be starved into submission.

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

A Batch of Nominations Sent to the Senate for Confirmation.

TRENTON, Jan. 24.—Governor Green sent the following nominations to the senate last evening: Associate justice of the supreme court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Joel Parker, Charles G. Garrison, of Camden, county of Union county. Thomas F. McCormack, judge of court of common pleas of Atlantic county, Joseph Scull; prosecutor of pleas in Atlantic county, Joseph Thompson (reappointed), and prosecutor of pleas in Mercer county, Bayard Stockton. In executive session the nominations were referred to the committee under the rule. The nomination of John Lippincott to be judge of the Hudson county court was confirmed.

Bills were introduced in the senate providing for an appropriation of $10,000 to cover the expenses of dedicating the New Jersey monument at Gettysburg; also for the prohibition, punishable with fine and imprisonment, to post or display in public places pictures or other representations of murder, stabbing, fighting or other criminal acts.

Infested by Burglars.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Sandbaggers and burglars are at present infesting the city. Hardly a night passes but brutal assaults and daring robberies are reported. On Wednesday last *J. Baldwin, senior member of Merrill, Baldwin & Co.*, No. 430 West Van Buren street, was assaulted by three men within a block of his store and robbed of $300. He was struck on the head and severely injured. On Sunday night the house of Lucas E. Merrill, No. 57 North Ada street, was entered by two burglars, and Mr. Merrill was badly injured before he would not disclose where his money was.

Lightweights at Battle.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—James Connors, of this city, and Joe Russell, of Yonkers, lightweights, fought a two round glove fight with skin tight gloves in a hall at St. George's, S. I., early yesterday morning. Both men fought with vigor, and some terrific blows were exchanged. In the second and last round each man was knocked down twice. In this round Russell got in a swinging blow on Connors' jugular vein, knocking him out. The fight was for $500, Marquis of Queensberry rules. Jimmy Carroll, of Brooklyn, was referee.

Grandma Garfield's Funeral.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 24.—The funeral of Mrs. Eliza B. Garfield occurred at Memorial presidents, who comprised the missionary element, were so incensed against him that they left no stone unturned, but to secure his removal for him. Wiser councils prevailed, however, and he was given a civil trial. He had covered his tracks too well to be convicted, but he gladly accepted the opportunity to escape to San Francisco on a sailing vessel.

Demanding Higher Wages.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 24.—The brakeman on the Middle and Pittsburg divisions of the Pennsylvania railroad have formulated a circular demanding an increase of wages, and have sent the same to General Manager Pugh, at Philadelphia, in charge of a special committee. The brakeman claim to be thoroughly organized and in excellent condition to contend for their rights. There is as yet no talk of strike, as it is believed that the matter will be settled amicably.

Surrendered by His Bondsmen.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Jan. 24.—The bondsmen of Frank Patterson, who has been under bonds awaiting the action of the court of error and appeals on the forty-three indictments for forgery found against him nearly four years ago, yesterday surrendered him. Patterson was sent back to the county jail at Freehold, where he was confined for two years after his first arrest.

A Victim of "Mind Cure."

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Dr. George J. Meigs, a prominent dentist, of 242 West Thirty-fourth street, a cousin of Quartermaster General Meigs, of the United States army, committed suicide yesterday by taking prussic acid. His nerves had been unsettled of late, and he had taken great interest in the "mind cure" or "Christian science" doctrine. He leaves a wife.

Remembering the Widows.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—At the meeting of the committee on invalid pensions yesterday Mr. McShane, of Nebraska, spoke in behalf of granting Mrs. John S. Logan a pension of $2,000, and Mr. Warner, of Missouri, urged that the pension of Mrs. Blair's pension be increased from $600 to $2,000.

Brooklyn Bridge Trustees Meet Pay.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Judge Lacombe, in the United States court yesterday, decided that the cable system used on the Brooklyn Bridge railroad is an infringement on patents used by the National Cable company. He ordered the bridge trustees to pay the cable company $4,500 damages.

Hall Must Hang.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—The case of Robert O. Hall, a variety actor, who was tried and convicted of murder in the first degree for killing his mistress, Lillian Rivers, was taken to the supreme court yesterday, and the court gave its decision declining to interfere, and Hall must hang.

End of the Thobe-Carlisle Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Thobe-Carlisle case was called up yesterday, and the house proceeded to vote on the majority report of the committee on Carlisle's right to his seat. There motion was adopted by a vote of 164 to 7.

THE KLASTIC CRIMES ACT.

STRETCHING ITS PROVISIONS FROM IRELAND TO ENGLAND.

Commencement Arrested in London by a Scotland Yard Detective and Taken to Dublin—No Safety for Irish Agitators in England.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—While Mr. Joseph R. Cox, member for East Clare, was in the act of entering the Golden Cross hotel, in West Strand, this evening, he was met by a man with Mr. John Deasy, member for West Mayo, he was approached by a Scotland Yard detective and placed under arrest. He was then taken to Scotland Yard and was taken to Dublin last night. At Scotland Yard Mr. Cox said he had had no intention of taking any bank, on the contrary, he was intending to return to Ireland and refused to arrest, first contending that the warrant was wrong him in London.

This sending him from the limit of the coercion act, which it was supposed applied only to Ireland, has created considerable excitement and gloom among the nationalist members, and many fear Home Rulers who have really left Ireland in order to avoid arrest. The only clause in the original draft of the coercion bill providing for the operation or jurisdiction of the act in England was killed in committee, and it is asserted, even by Conservatives, that the arrest of Mr. Cox in London is an unwarranted stretch of powers authorized by the law. Precisely on what ground the government will defend its action in this matter is beyond conjecture, but the opinion prevails that Mr. Cox's arrest can afford Mr. Dillon and others who have sought safety in England little or no consolation, seeing that the government has decided to insist on the extradition of arrested offenders against its new construction of the coercion act, wherever they may be found, and unless Mr. Dillon should succeed in appealing to a foreign country, it is altogether likely that he will be arrested before the end of the week.

Denouncing Mr. Blunt's Treatment.

DUBLIN, Jan. 24.—The mayor of Galway, the magistrate who sentenced Mr. Blunt to imprisonment in the Galway jail, is indignant at the treatment to which that gentleman has been subjected by the prison officials. When he pronounced sentence upon Mr. Blunt, he says, he confidently expected, as he had a right to expect, that the prisoner would be treated as a first class misdemeanant and not as a felon. Having in view the intent of the sentence, the recorder declares that he will personally do everything in his power to obtain for Mr. Blunt a change of treatment, to the end of making his punishment commensurate to the character and grade of his offense.

The Porte Pleads Poverty.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 24.—The Porte has has presented a reply to the inquiries of Bismarck, explaining that the delay of Turkey in paying the arrears of her war indemnity to the Servian is due to the fact that Servia has ravaged throughout large portions of the Ottoman empire, necessitating the diversion of the monies from the fund which would otherwise go toward paying the indemnity.

Disastrous Explosion in Dublin.

DUBLIN, Jan. 24.—An explosion of gas occurred this morning in the Four Courts court which did great damage. The roof was raised and all the windows in the building smashed. One workman was killed and another severely injured.

Another Common Criminal.

DUBLIN, Jan. 24.—Mr. William J. Lane, the member for East Cork, recently convicted under the crimes act, has been removed from Cork to Tullamore jail, where he will receive the treatment of a common offender.

Urging Commissioner Black.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—A local Democratic organ, discussing the political situation in Illinois, says: "Democratic opinion concerning the governorship is still nebulous, but it is well defined on one point, and that is in favor of Gen. John C. Black for vice-president. As for Gen. Stevenson, who is much talked of for governor, the news from Washington is that he does not want the honor."

Found at the Bottom of a Cliff.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 24.—The dead and frozen body of Martin Cannon, a mine laborer, aged 19, was found at the bottom of a cliff on the outskirts of Scranton yesterday. His face and head were terribly lacerated as with a knife, but his wounds may have been produced by his falling down the cliff and striking his head against a projection.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The Loagan baseball season opens April 26 and closes Oct. 6 this year.

In the fight between Weir and Miller, at Minneapolis last night, Miller was knocked out in the second round.

J. D. Leary has libelled the steamer Miranda for $44,000 for the loss of the great timber raft.

The Pennsylvania supreme court has sustained the judgment of the Philadelphia common pleas giving the city a verdict against the Western Union and Mutual Union Telegraph companies for the local tax on poles and wires used in streets.

More of the dupes of Mrs. Cordelia Hendricks, Philadelphia's female speculator, have been discovered at Hagerstown, Md. They are Mrs. F. J. Hoke, $12,000; Mrs. D. H. Wiles, $5,000; Mrs. Cushwa, $1,000 and Mrs. McDowell, $500.

Boatswain Frank Kinney and Second Mate Robert Lewis, of the ship Ocean Spray, were sentenced yesterday at St. John, N. B., by imprisonment sixteen and eight years respectively, for brutalities practiced on their crew.

Max Wadle, who was to have been married Saturday evening to Miss Clara Schaub, at South Bethlehem, Pa., was shot by Tony Saturday morning with no word of explanation. The discovery made Miss Schaub unconscious for several hours.

Linda Hoffman, a little 4 year-old, upset a lamp, set the house on fire and was burned to death at New York.

Albert Peterson, a San Francisco thief, shot at the detective who arrested him, who caught him acting suspiciously, and was killed by a bullet from the officer's revolver.

Miss Clara Goff recovered a $6,000 verdict yesterday at Cincinnati in a breach of promise suit vs. Mason for breach of promise of marriage.

Oliver Seward, a steamfitter in Baltimore, shot and killed his employer, Garrett Spalding, at Covington, Ky., Sunday afternoon and fired at several other members of his family.

Ex-Sheriff William W. Lawson was killed yesterday, at Buffalo, by falling through a hatchway.

A meeting of the New York Democratic state committee has been called at Albany, Jan. 30, to name a member of the national committee.

David Webster, the last one of the three witnesses to the murder of the book Hosmer, aged 17 years, is dying at Nauvoo, Ill., where he has long resided, having left the Mormon church when it allowed polygamy.

AUBURN BANK OFFICIALS.

Fleeing a Prolonged Residence in the State Institution, Five in Canada.

AUBURN, Jan. 24.—Cashier Charles O'Brien and Bookkeeper James E. Munro, of the First National bank of Auburn, are missing, and it is believed are now in Canada. The doors of the bank were closed yesterday morning on the following notice was conspicuously displayed:

"Pending an examination of the affairs of this bank, and in the absence of the cashier, this bank will be closed until further notice. Demands payable here will be received here."

United States Bank Examiner R. S. W. Clark is in charge of the bank, and will be assisted by Examiner Bowen, who arrived in condition. He arrived here Friday and it is supposed that his visit precipitated matters. All information is refused, but it seems that O'Brien took $10,000 in securities with him. O'Brien has been gambling heavily of late, but was thought to be at least $6,000 or $8,000 ahead.

It is not believed the depositors will suffer loss, but some of the smaller business houses, fluding their source of supply cut off, may be forced to fail.

Mr. Morse is an unmarried man, about 35 years old, and resided with his mother. On Saturday evening he sent her a note saying he had been summoned to Canada on business and would not return until Monday. The first intimation she had of her son's flight was when a reporter went to the house to get information. She is prostrated by the news, and cannot believe her son guilty of wrong doing.

A PRECOCIOUS MISS.

She Binds and Gags Herself and Tells a Story of Burglars.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Nettie Hanlon, a 13-year-old nurse girl, surprised the people at 15 Webb street this afternoon by telling a lurid story of burglars and presenting herself tied by the hands and with a handkerchief fastened over her mouth as a gag.

She had been left alone in the house about 7 o'clock, and she said that two men had come in, thrown her upon the floor, gagged and bound her and then proceeded to ransack the house. Examination showed that a good deal of woman's apparel and some jewelry were missing, and the little girl's story was believed.

The police could not find any trace of the burglars, however, and getting little Nettie into a corner finally frightened her into confessing that she had torn her own clothes and had bound her own hands and gagged herself. She was arraigned in the police court yesterday on a charge of petit larceny. She said she had taken the things because her employer owed her twenty-five cents of back wages, and she remembered reading about some one who had been bound and gagged, and she thought that a good way out of it. Nettie will go to the reform school.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPES.

A Car Thrown Down a Twenty-Foot Embankment.

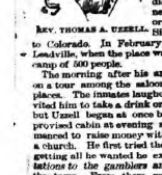
TROY, N. Y., Jan. 24.—The 12:30 train on the Rutland and Washington branch of the Delaware and Hudson Canal road was wrecked between Stephentown and the mills of Baxterville. The train, consisting of a locomotive, baggage car and one passenger coach, was forty-five minutes late on the morning faster than usual. David Owens, of Eagle Bridge, was seriously injured and cannot survive. Conductor Charles Frost, of Nathaniel Hall had three ribs broken. M. B. Stevens, of Shushan, suffered internal injuries, and lies in a critical condition, and a little girl from Granville, whose name could not be learned, complained of pain in the side, whose injuries are of a serious character. All the other passengers were more or less injured. The baggage and express car, and those

REV. THOMAS A. UZZELL.

He Stands Very High Among the Camp Preachers of the Far West.

Rev. Thomas A. Uzzell is one of the best known of the mining camp preachers of the far west. His work has led him among the wildest and most depraved inhabitants of Leadville and like settlements, and his work has invariably been such as to insure respect even from the most reckless. Often after a broil, in which some reckless creature had fallen before the oft used revolver, the parson would be called in to perform the last office for the dead. The wild and the strange gathering stand uncovered, tamed, in the presence of one who told them of the error of their ways, while sympathizing with their weakness as a brother might.

This singular man, so well fitted for the singular field in which he labors, is a native of Lebanon, Ills. Forty years ago he was a wild young *fellow himself. He was a gambler and a horse racer, and it is said that he*



REV. THOMAS A. UZZELL.

attended camp meetings for the purpose of pelting the worshipers with corn and pease. At 21 he reformed. He could then neither read nor write. Somewhat late in life he went to college, being graduated at Asbury university, Indiana, in 1875. The next year he was ordained by Bishop Simpson, and went to Colorado. In February, 1878, he struck Leadville, when the place was a mere mining camp of 500 people.

The morning after his arrival he started on a tour among the saloons and gambling places. The inmates laughed at him and invited him to take a drink or a hand at poker, but Uzzell declined at once by filling his improvised cabin at evening service, and commenced to raise money with which to build a church. He first tried the miners, but not getting all he wanted he extended his solicitations to the gamblers and the women of the town. From these reckless people he met with a universal response. One saloon keeper offered him the proceeds of a keg of whisky, which Uzzell refused to accept. Having taken quite a collection in the saloon, a gambler, remarking that they had done their fair thing by the parson, insisted on his taking a drink. It appeared that Uzzell must either drink or fight, so he pulled off his coat, whereupon the stalwart bartender, who was something of a fighter himself, leaped over the bar and declared that he proposed to take a hand, and Uzzell needn't drink if he didn't want to. This restored quiet.

Mr. Uzzell tells a number of good stories about queer weddings and funerals he has officiated at. Here is one concerning a wedding:

"I have just been let out of jail,' said the man who wished to be married, 'and borrowed a saw and buck and went in search of work. When I asked this woman here by my side for a job, she said she had no money to *hire a man, being a poor widow woman. I* told her I would saw the wood and take her for pay, and she said "all right," and here we are tied for life, and I haint got no money, parson, to pay the bill.'"

Mr. Uzzell performed the ceremony and paid the fee cheerfully for her.

There was then a great deal of what was called lot jumping in Leadville. Mr. Uzzell secured some lots for his church. One day he found a jumper unloading logs for the purpose of building a cabin on these lots. Uzzell took off his coat and prepared to resist the jumper, who was beginning to unload a fresh lot of logs:

"If you get off that wagon I will thrash you," said the preacher.

"Parson, you wouldn't fight, would you?" replied the jumper.

"I don't want to fight, but if you put another log on this lot I will thrash you, or you will me."

"Well, what do you want done?"

"Drive away with the load of logs you now have and then haul off the others already on the lot."

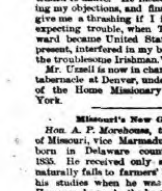
The jumper concluded that Methodist property was not good property to jump.

W. H. Stevens, of the iron mine, was a great friend of Uzzell's, and on one occasion Stevens authorized some ladies to give a party, saying that he would pay for the refreshments, and suggesting that they sell tickets at $1 apiece, the proceeds to be given to Uzzell for his church. During the evening the parson stood at the door taking tickets. Shortly he was called aside. He very soon found that Stevens had been smuggling champagne in the *building. "I was too late,"* says Mr. Uzzell, "to stop the drinking, but I put an end to an intended dance. As I entered the room some one jumped on a chair and shouted out, 'Get your partners for the first dance!' that was Dick Allen, of The *Leadville Herald*, one of the old newspapers in the camp. I interposed and said I would not permit any dancing at a Methodist social, and Dick did not urge the matter any further, but an Irishman present did. He said he had paid his dollar to get in and intended to dance. He insisted, notwithstanding my objections, and finally threatened to give me a thrashing if I interfered. I was expecting trouble, when Tabor, who afterward became United States senator, being present, interfered in my behalf and quieted the troublesome Irishman."

Mr. Uzzell is now in charge of the People's tabernacle at Denver, under the superintendence of the Home Missionary society of New York.

Missouri's New Governor.

Hon. A. P. Morehouse, the new governor of Missouri, vice Marmaduke, deceased, was born in Delaware county, O., July 11, 1835. He received a good schooling and naturally falls to farmers' boys, terminating his studies when he was 20 years of age. However, he made the best of whatever advantages he possessed, and became a teacher in Camden, Mo. Shortly after he removed to Noda way county, where he occupied whatever time he was not devoted to teaching to studying law, and was admitted to practice the profession in 1860.



Governor Morehouse has always been a Democrat, and for more than twenty-five years has been actively identified with the Democratic party of his state. He was a delegate to the national Democratic conventions of 1872 and 1876. He also served in the Twenty-ninth and Thirty-first general assemblies, being the presiding officer of the senate for two terms and a member of the Democratic state central committee of 1880 and 1883. Personally Governor Morehouse is tall and dark, his manners being mild and affable. He is an ardent prohibitionist.

The Australian market gardeners are being ruined by Chinese cheap labor.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

THE SECRET OF THE HANDKERCHIEF CHIEF TRICK EXPLAINED.

A Short but Merry Game Known by the Name "Birds Fly"—A Brief Description of Mount Vesuvius, the Well Known Volcano.

The Bay of Naples forms a crescent. The beautiful city of Naples is at one horn, and at the other, nine miles to the south, rises the well known volcano Mount Vesuvius. Vesuvius is a solitary mountain, rising majestically from the plain of Campania, having at its circumference a circuit of about thirty miles and dividing at a certain height into two summits. The height of Vesuvius is about 4,000 feet.

VESUVIUS IN ERUPTION.

The first eruption recorded in history occurred in the year 79 A. D. Previous to this Vesuvius was not suspected to be a volcano. Its sides were covered with famous vines and its ancient crater, partly filled with water, formed the stronghold of the rebel chief, Spartacus. It was at this eruption that the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum were buried in the torrent of wind and ashes which was ejected, and that the elder Pliny was suffocated in the sulphurous vapor. Since that famous eruption Vesuvius has been an active volcano, and has been frequently in eruption, some sixty great and numerous small ones having taken place. Numbered with the most remarkable eruptions is the one that occurred in 1770, when Vesuvius, not content with rumbling noises and puffs of smoke, began to pour forth lava, then jets of red hot stones and ashes made their appearance, and increased in number and intensity until great volumes of white clouds rose from the crater to a height of four times that of the mountain. Following these clouds came columns of fire and streams of burning lava. A brilliant eruption, but one which was destructive than that above, occurred in 1878.

The Game of "Birds Fly."

"Did you ever play 'Birds Fly'?" so asked one of Golden Days readers, and at once the rest were ready.

The leader laid the palms of his hands on his knees, and then lifting them suddenly exclaimed:

"Birds fly! You must all follow me," he said. "Now then, birds fly, crows fly, bees fly, cats fly."

He lifted his hands as he mentioned each animal, and the company did the same.

"Now, my turn," cried, "cats don't fly. You must only lift you hand when it is something that flies. Try again. Birds fly, geese fly, hawks fly, brickbats fly."

We were cautious this time and did not lift our hands at "brickbats fly," so we had to pay a forfeit, for brickbats do fly. Again we tried:

"Birds fly, swallows fly, horse-fly."

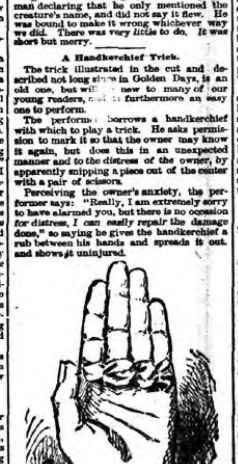
Again we were caught, the smart young man declaring that he only mentioned the creature's name, and did not say it flew. He was bound to make it wrong whichever way we did. There was very little to do. It was short but amusing.

A Handkerchief Trick.

The trick illustrated in the cut and described not long since in Golden Days, is an old one, but will be new to many of our young readers, and it furthermore an easy one to perform.

The performer borrows a handkerchief with which to play a trick. He asks permission to cut a hole in it, which he may knock it again, but does this in an unexpected manner and to the distress of the owner, by apparently snipping a piece out of the center with a pair of scissors.

Perceiving the owner's anxiety, the performer says: "Really, I am extremely sorry to have alarmed you, but there is no occasion for distress, I can easily repair the damage done," so saying he gives the handkerchief a rub between his hands and spreads it out, and shows it uninjured.



THE HANDKERCHIEF TRICK.

The secret lies in the fact, as many of our wide awake readers doubtless suspect, that the handkerchief was not cut at all. The performer has previously provided himself with a little piece of fabric, four inches square. This he takes by the center, with the corners hanging down, and places it in the left hand, clipped between the lowest roots of the fingers and the fleshy part of the palm, and with the folded angle pointing upward (viz: in the same direction as the thumb) as shown in the cut. Taking the borrowed handkerchief by the center with the other hand, he transfers it to the left, the corner being laid over the little piece of cambric. He next, with the right hand, draws up apparently the center of the handkerchief, but really the little piece of cambric, about an inch and a half beyond the hand, and snips this off with the scissors. In order to "restore the handkerchief, therefore, all that is necessary is to get rid of the remaining portion of the little piece of cambric, which will be a very easy thing to do.

GEN. O. M. MITCHEL.

A Soldier Spoke After a Quarter of a Century of Silence.

Mr. F. A. Mitchel, son of Gen. Ormsby MacKnight Mitchel, has just published a history of his father's public acts in a somewhat startling light on two or three dark places in the records of the summer of 1862. As statements merely they would, perhaps, deserve no more notice than the comments put forth at the time by many newspaper writers; but they are confirmed by letters of Gen. Mitchel, written at the time, and other documents not hitherto published. They let some rather high lights on the doings of the national chiefs, and it may be predicted with certainty that when the public shall have read this book there will be a period of lively attack and defense among the respective friends of Halleck, Buell, Grant and Mitchel. The truth is that the American people do not yet understand the peculiar movements of the summer and early autumn of 1862. That the Federal armies, which had advanced in triumph from the Ohio to the Cumberland, head of the Tennessee, should suddenly have become disorganized, as it were, the whole army system paralyzed, and that discord should suddenly have taken the place of harmony, and Buell's army start, on a parallel race with Bragg's, for Louisville—all this has been a mystery, on

GEN. O. M. MITCHEL.

which this book throws considerable light.

On June 29, 1862, Buell arrived at Huntsville, Ala., where his army had practically concentrated, and Gen. Mitchel, his second in command, urged him to move at once upon Chattanooga, "to seize the great line of railway" and then to strike "the army there by the single line from Nashville via Stevenson and Bridgeport. To do this Buell had 40,000 men eager for action, besides those who could hold the main points in the rear and defend the railroad. For three days Buell hesitated and consulted, and finally said he would go to Bridgeport and look over the ground."

"I will have a train read for you tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock," said Mitchel.

Buell declined to go so soon, and Mitchel went at once to his tent and wrote this dispatch to the secretary of war:

Finding it impossible to serve my country longer under my present commander, I have today forwarded, through him, my unconditional resignation, and respectfully solicit leave of absence for twenty days.

The two generals parted without enmity. Then followed two letters (Mitchel's not hitherto published), which show how differently the two generals viewed the same facts. On the 11th of July Buell wrote an explanation to Halleck, and Mitchel him for delay; on the 7th Mitchel had written to Secretary Stanton detailing his plan. The letters are admirable exponents of the character of the two. The net result was that the Federal army waited quietly till Bragg had time to bring forward recruits, organize a new army and get well on his way through east Tennessee to the Ohio. Twenty years after, with no knowledge of Mitchel's letters, Gen. Grant wrote in his memoirs:

After the capture of Corinth a movable force was collected which would have been ample for any great campaign. In addition, fresh troops were being raised. * * * If he had been sent with this force, he would have had very much less of life. Bragg would then have had not time to raise an army to contest the possession of middle and east Tennessee and Kentucky, and the battles of Stone River and Chattanooga would not necessarily have been fought.

But it was not to be. The delay and its results the public knows. Other evidence shows that Mitchel was the first to use cotton bales for pontooning, the first to shoot a rifle ball from a line of rails, and he made to supply an army, and how that army, moving, could live upon the country, and that early in 1862 he laid out a practicable plan for the occupation of east Tennessee.

Mitchel was ordered to Washington and sent to South Carolina. There, after being held on to his western command in grim silence till the Halleck palsy was passed, and the great opportunity came, and became the great hero of the war. Mitchel knew that South Carolina was not the right field at that time, and the troops sufficient for a great movement were not sent him. Indeed he did not ask for them.

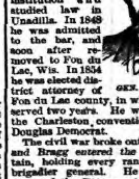
GEN. EDWARD S. BRAGG.

He Has Lately Been Made Minister to Mexico.

Gen. Edward S. Bragg, who has been appointed United States minister to Mexico, first became generally known outside of his district during the session of the Chicago convention which nominated Mr. Cleveland for the presidency.

Opposing John Kelly, who was resisting the unit rule, which provided for the casting of the vote of each state delegation through its chairman, Gen. Bragg uttered the words which attracted so much attention at the time: "We love him for the enemies he has made."

Gen. Bragg was born at Unadilla, N. Y., Feb. 20, 1827. He entered Hobart college at Geneva, N. Y., but after studying there two years he left that institution and studied law in Unadilla. In 1849 he was admitted to the bar, and soon after moved to Fon du Lac, Wis. In 1854 he was elected district attorney of Fon du Lac county, in which capacity he served two years. He was a delegate to the Baltimore convention of 1860 as a Douglas Democrat.



GEN. E. S. BRAGG.

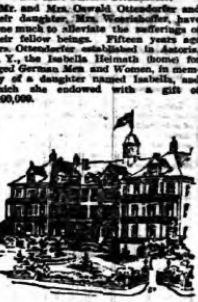
The civil war broke out the next year, and Bragg entered the service as a captain, handling every step to that of brigadier general. He served in the Army of the Potomac, taking part in all the campaigns of that army, except the Peninsula, Gettysburg and Five Forks. In 1866 he was a delegate to the Philadelphia Union convention. In 1867 he was elected to the Wisconsin state senate and served one term. The next year he was a delegate to the soldiers' and sailors' convention at New York, which nominated Horatio Seymour for president, and in 1872 took part in the convention which nominated Horace Greeley. He was elected to the Forty-fifth congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-sixth.

Gen. Bragg is a small man, but extremely active and aggressive in debate.

THE ISABELLA HOME.

The Model Institution Founded by Mr. and Mrs. Oswald Ottendorfer.

Mr. and Mrs. Oswald Ottendorfer and their daughter, Mrs. Kempner, have done much to alleviate the sufferings of their fellow beings. Fifteen years ago Mrs. Ottendorfer established in Astoria, N. Y., the Isabella Heimath (home) for Aged German Men and Women, in memory of a daughter named Isabella, and recently she endowed with a gift of $100,000



ISABELLA HOME.

Mrs. Ottendorfer also erected, at her own expense, a wing to the German hospital at New York, at a cost of $60,000. Mr. Ottendorfer gave, as a cost of $100,000, the library and dispensary in Second avenue, New York, besides a Home for Aged Men and Women and Orphans in his native town of Zwittau, in Austria, upon which $250,000 was expended.

Recently Mr. Ottendorfer has added to these valuable gifts new and enlarged quarters for the Isabella home. The new home is to be situated at Fort George, on the northern part of Manhattan Island. In connection with the home proper there will be hospitals for both curable and incurable. The cost of land and buildings, over $300,000, will be borne entirely by Mr. Ottendorfer. The basement of the main building will be of granite and the superstructure of brick with free stone trimmings, the whole having a frontage of 158 feet and a depth of 78 feet. The interior arrangements will be made with a view, so far as possible, for the privacy and for the comfort of the inmates. Rooms in the upper stories will be in suites, each suite containing a sitting room and supplied with a piazza. There will be two hospital pavilions, each 104 feet by 40 feet, the whole sheltering 144 persons. The heating and ventilating of these have received special attention. The steam for heating is to be generated in a boiler house, which, with stables, sheds, etc., will form a separate building in the rear.

ADVERTISING FOR A HUSBAND.

The Law Suit Arising Therefrom Now On in New York.

A new species of complaint has been recently entered in the New York courts by Mrs. Eliza Guion against H. B. Wellman, of Wellman's matrimonial agency, to recover $2,000 damages, which she claims to have sustained through being introduced to a man who, it was represented to her, would make her a splendid husband.

MRS. GUION. WELLMAN.

The price of this article, which was to be in a transition state from lover to husband, was to be paid in installments, the last payment, as he made on delivery. A registration fee of $5 and a week after $50 was paid by the lady to the broker, whereupon the following contract was drawn up:

Due Mrs. Guion from Mr. Wellman fifty dollars ($50), Aug. 10, if at any time she is willing to give up all acquaintance with gentleman who were introduced *in any manner by H. B. Wellman.* If Mrs. Guion marry gentleman to whom he introduced her, the further fee of $50 is due Mr. Wellman from Mrs. Guion.

After the signing of the contract the lady was introduced by Wellman to a man named Ogle, who began his suit with such ardour, and so won her confidence as to induce her to lend him $1,000. Then he made off, and has not since been heard from by the lady of his love. Having discovered the truth of the adage "Actions speak louder than words," Mrs. Guion concluded to bring the matter up in the courts. She claims from Wellman the return of the entrance fee and the $50 paid for non-delivery, besides the $1,000 borrowed by Lover. The case came up in New York. After a wrangle between the lawyers the judge decided that as it had not been proved that Wellman had stolen the money that portion of the complaint be stricken out, and suit be brought for $55.

This remarkable reduction did not seem to satisfy the defendant's attorney, who evidently wanted the whole earth, for he succeeded in getting the claim still further narrowed down, whereupon the judge became frightened lest the case sink out of sight altogether, and informed the attorneys "If you keep on, you'll have no case at all." The case is still on.

Some Points About Taxidermy.

"We undertake to preserve any kind of bird or animal from a humming bird to an elephant," said a taxidermist to a reporter.

"Are there many in this city who pursue your art?"

"About twenty. Too many altogether for us to do a decent business. It is not an easy trade to learn, though some men acquire skill in a few months. In the preparation of our subjects we use a large amount of arsenic in a powdered form. During the manipulation this powder is liable to get into the air and inhaled by the operator. As arsenic is a cumulative poison, it will remain in the system until there is enough to cause serious results. Very often a man is compelled to quit the business in order to save his life. Life insurance companies hesitate to take risks on men engaged in our business. Several substitutes for this poison have been tried, but none of them have been found to be effective.

"We do a large business in canary birds. Persons bring their little pets to be stuffed. Love birds are preserved in great numbers. Cardinals are somewhat rare. There is always a ready market for them. Love birds are brought to us in pairs. It is customary when one of these affectionate little things dies to bring its dead body and the living mate to us. We kill the live bird and preserve the two together."—*New York Mail and Express.*

CENTRAL R. R
OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street, Jersey City, foot of Albert Dock, E. Jersey.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.45, 6.55, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 p. m. Sunday at 12.01, 1.01, 2.01, 3.01, 4.01, 5.01, 6.01, 7.01, 8.01, 9.01, 10.01, 11.01 a. m., 12.01, 1.01, 2.01, 3.01, 4.01, 5.01, 6.01, 7.01, 8.01, 9.01, 10.01, 11.01 p. m.

Leave New York at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.30, 6.55, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 p. m. Sunday at 12.01, 1.01, 2.01, 3.01, 4.01, 5.01, 6.01, 7.01, 8.01, 9.01, 10.01, 11.01 a. m., 12.01, 1.01, 2.01, 3.01, 4.01, 5.01, 6.01, 7.01, 8.01, 9.01, 10.01, 11.01 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Connects for Newark orange and Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 6.05, 9 11, 11.44 a. m., 2.45, 5.05, 6.35, 9.45 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 8.55, 9 11, 11.39 a. m., 5.05, 6.35, 9.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.50, 7.05, 7.55, 10.15, 11.50 a. m., 12.35, 3.35, 5.50, 7.25, 8.05, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 6.00, 9.45, 10.15 a. m., 12.35, 5.50, 7.25, 8.05, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.50, 7.05, 7.55, 10.15, 11.50 a. m., 12.35, 3.35, 5.50, 7.25, 8.05, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 6.00, 9.45, 10.15 a. m., 12.35, 5.50, 7.25, 8.05, 10.45 p. m.

Connects for Flemington, High Bridge, Bridgeton, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

6.00 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

8.01, and 5.15 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Bridgeton, Lambertville, Mechanicsville, Reading, Hamburg etc.

9.10 a. m.—For Flemington.

6.38 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown,

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove 8.07 a. m.

For Port Jervis, Monroe, etc., 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Matawan, 3.27, 5.45, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Red Bank, 3.27, 5.45, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Lakewood, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Point Pleasant, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Sea Girt, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Manasquan, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Asbury Park, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Ocean Grove, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Long Branch, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Elberon, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Monmouth Beach, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Seabright, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Monmouth Junction, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Jamesburg, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Freehold, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Matawan, 3.27, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

For Red Bank, 3.27

STORIES ABOUT MEN.

$1 Cost Tilton 50 Cents to Hear His Own Lecture.

Theodore Tilton was about to lecture at a well known hall in Maine. He arrived at the door unattended, and inquired for the manager. He was informed that he was within, but could not be disturbed, as the lecture was about to commence.

"Can I go in and speak to him?" he humbly asked of the highly important ticket taker.

"Yes, if you have got half a dollar."

Tilton produced the coin and passed into the hall to listen to his own lecture. He enjoyed the joke much, and said it was a good lecture and well worth the price of admission.—Fairfield Journal.

Grant's Barrel Was Horse.

"The first time I saw Gen. Grant to know him," said Maj Osman to a knot of story tellers, the other day," was in the November of 1864. I was then attached to Hancock's headquarters, and was sent to carry a dispatch to Gen. Grant. It was raining for all it was worth, and the mud about those Petersburg trenches was like glue. Putting my horse to a gallop, I was getting over the ground at a good rate, and soon I met and passed a solitary rider astride a little sorrel horse. The man's slouch hat was pulled down over his eyes, and the rain was coursing in streams down on the poncho in which he was closely wrapped. A moment later I came up with quite a group of riders, and catching sight of a lot of gold braid, jumped at the conclusion that I had struck some general's staff. I asked if they knew where Gen. Grant was, and one of them said:

"'Why, boy, you've just passed him.'

"'Where?' I wheeled my horse and dashed back to the solitary figure ahead. As I came up he seemed to take in the situation, for he said sharply:

"'Who are you looking for, young man?'

"'Are you Gen. Grant?' I asked eagerly.

"'My name's Grant,' he said stiffly, holding out his hand for my dispatch. Then he said:

"'Why didn't you come to me at once?'

"'I—I——'

"'Well, what?'

"'I didn't think you were Gen. Grant.'

"'You didn't? Why didn't you?'

"I saw his eyes twinkle above his cigar, that must have gone out three or four weeks before, it looked so bad. So I ventured to tell the fact:

"'Because I didn't suppose Gen. Grant would ride such a looking horse as that.'

"He burst out into a hearty laugh, and Gen. Badeau told me afterward that it was the first time for a week he had heard Grant laugh. The general receipted on the envelope for the dispatch and dismissed me, saying:

"'The next time you are sent to Gen. Grant perhaps you will know him.'

"But after that I took my dispatches to the chief of staff."—Detroit Journal.

A Joke on Burleigh.

A story is told in the corridors of the Delavan which is "on" Hon. Henry G. Burleigh, of Whitehall. He was seated on a sofa not long ago with Hon. Aaron Bacon, Railroad Commissioner Baker, when a well dressed young man stepped up to the telegraph desk and began writing a despatch.

"Say here, Burleigh," remarked Mr. Baker, suddenly, "I want to make a little bet with you."

The surrounding politicians pricked up their ears.

"What about?" asked the Whitehall wizard, curiously.

"About a darn thing, of course," was the reply. "Do you see that young man at the telegraph desk and the nice seal skin gloves beside him? I want to bet you that he walks off when he has finished his business and forgets to take those gloves."

"Nonsense," was the sage rejoinder. "He wouldn't forget anything so valuable."

After a few minutes chaffing the bet was made and the surrounding group drew nearer to watch the result. Mr. Burleigh looked skeptical and Mr. Baker contented.

Finally the stranger buttoned his coat and turned to go, but he left the gloves.

"Hold on, stranger," Mr. Burleigh after the retreating stranger, "you have forgotten——"

"Sit down, Burleigh," said Mr. Baker calmly, "sit down. Those are my gloves."

Then the watching multitude smiled a moist, odorous smile, and the bet was paid.—Albany Express.

"What Dat Yeah?"

Senator Lewis is reported as telling the following story of his experience at a political meeting in his own state soon after the war. He was one of the speakers, and alluding to the civil war, suggested as a parallel to the parable of the Prodigal Son and the joyful reception at his home when the naughty boy returned. He was succeeded by a negro, a Republican, after some gazing at the crowd paid his respects to Lamar's parallel. "Forgiben?" said he. "'Dey forgiben—dem brigadiers? Why, dey'se comin' wid sabbin' inches house an' bang do do' an' go up to de ol' man an' say, 'Whar dat veal?'"—New York Sun.

Lincoln, Colfax and a Darkey.

Senator Colfax tells a story about a negro porter at Willard's hotel in Washington who was always obsequious in his attentions to him. One day the darkey looked up and him and said: "Boss, you look powful like Marse Abe Lincoln. Didn't you nebber hab nobody tell you dat?" "Yes," replied the senator, "I have been told that; but you know they say Mr. Lincoln was the homeliest man in the country." "Yes, I knows dat, but you do 'semble him most almighty much."—Detroit Journal.

A Dog Who Wore Spectacles.

An Optician—I was told some time ago the following remarkable story of a Kentucky dog that had become almost totally blind. The sound of the horn no longer aroused his blood, and while the other dogs of the house went forth eagerly to the hunt, the old afflicted animal remained behind, sad and discouraged.

While at play one day some children, who knew the poor brute's infirmity, placed upon his nose a pair of common spectacles, the glasses of which happened to be very strong. The dog at once awoke from his stupor and showed his pleasure in unmistakable signs. The glasses were thereupon adjusted in the best possible manner so as to remain on the rejuvenated animal's nose.

The next morning he started off to the hunt with the other dogs, and soon it was he who led the pack. But unfortunately his spectacles brushed up against a bush and were torn from their resting place. The old dog allowed the others to pass him, and then, picking up the glasses he carried them to his master to have them readjusted.

The dog is now a confirmed spectacle wearer, so much so that when any one attempts to remove his goggles he becomes very savage.—Jeweler's Weekly.

Fears a Relapse.

Doctor—Did you say to your husband, Mrs. Hendricks, that, if agreeable to him, I would send bill for services rendered during his recent severe illness?

Mrs. Hendricks—Yes, doctor; and he thought you had better wait until he gets a little stronger.—Life.

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EDSALL'S

20 West Front street, R Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, Table Napkins, Linen Towels, Cashon Flannels, Calicos, Dress Goods, etc.

We will open a line of Spring Dress Fabrics White Goods, and Hamburg Embroideries to-day and to morrow. Our Carpet Department is well supplied with a full line of Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Mattings Rugs, Portieres, Curtains, etc.

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The leading druggist of Mass Point, Miss., writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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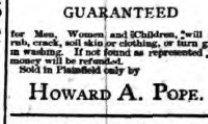

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SITTINGS.

—The tickets for the concert and ball at the Crescent Rink cost only 50 cents.

—The Main Line; or, Rawson's "Y" will be the attraction at the Stillman Music Hall to-night.

—Twelve members of the local Y. M. C. A. including the Board of Directors, visited the Brooklyn Y. M. C. A. yesterday.

—A little girl named Evans fell on the ice on West Fourth street, yesterday afternoon, and slightly injured her head.

—The Alpine Society of Bound Brook will give one of their select entertainments at that place Friday evening.

—Plans are being discussed for a reception of those who took the most prominent parts in the Allegory, "The Great Republic."

—At the semi-monthly meeting of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., held last evening, two applications for membership were received.

—Commencing to-morrow, VanEmburgh & White, will sell fruit of the loom and *Lonsdale muslin* at one cent per yard. Read *their advertisement.*

—The fires in the Crescent rink were lighted last night and will be kept burning in order to have the building well heated for the concert and ball this evening.

—Castlemas, or ground-hog day, February 2d, is close at hand. According to popular tradition this animal's behavior on that day prognosticates the weather for the following six weeks.

—While assisting in filling his ice house in the rear of his store, yesterday afternoon, Expressman Victorian received painful injuries to one of his feet, by a cake of ice falling on it.

—The regular weekly meeting of Howell Division, No. 97, Sons of Temperance was held in their rooms in the Stelle building last evening, the regular routine business was transacted.

—The free entertainment at Reform Hall to-night will include music and readings. There will be a male quartette, solos, a duet and instrumental music; and no charge for either admission or exit.

—The Reform Club speaking committee have invited Mr. Schoonmaker to again address the club meeting, Sunday evening, Feb. 5, being designated as the time. Our talented correspondent "E. M.," will then have an opportunity to hear from Mr. Schoonmaker's own lips such remarks as he may make, which will probably be more satisfactory for purposes of criticism than to depend upon a condensed report. Mr. Schoonmaker has the reputation of being a good story-teller, as we stated some months ago, and as he has shown when the opportunity has been favorable.

—The News has consistently maintained since its first issue, now nearly four years ago, that local option was the most proper course to control the liquor traffic. There is no use in having laws restricting the traffic, if public sentiment does not insist upon their enforcement. The public should have the right to decide for themselves in the matter, and legislators who are elected to serve the public, fail in their duty, when they in any manner to attempt to prevent the people exercise their right to determine all matters for their own welfare.

Y. M. C. A. State Convention.

Amid the many meetings of all kinds which have been held in our city none is more worthy of the attention of the people in general than the Annual State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations, which will assemble in this city, April 19th, to continue three days. Three hundred young men will probably be in attendance to discuss methods of Christian work, and speakers of note will be secured to address the Convention. All the sessions will be public, and a cordial invitation is extended to our people to avail themselves of an opportunity to see how great a work is being done. The programme will be furnished as soon as completed.

Union County Courts.

Michael Currie, owner of the old International Hotel, Pine street, Elizabethport, had a row some time ago with Hiram Decker, a former tenant and proprietor of the hotel, and in the melee Landlord Currie got pretty roughly handled. He brought a civil suit for damages against Decker in the District Court last week and was awarded $200 damages. Decker paid the judgment and then retaliated by having Currie indicted by the Union County Grand Jury for assault and battery. The trial came off yesterday and occupied all day. The jury retired late in the evening, and after being out one hour brought in a verdict of guilty against Landlord Currie.

A Former Plainfielder Killed.

Samuel Connett, a former resident of Peace street, Plainfield, was killed in Brooklyn, Monday, while trying to stop a runaway team of horses attached to a milk wagon. Mr. Connett was a mason, and while in this city was employed by Isaac W. Pangborn. He has relatives in this city, and his body will be brought on the 10:15 train to-morrow morning for burial in Plainfield. The funeral will be given under the auspices of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Mr. Connett was in his 36th year. His son, Edward, was formerly a compositor in the Times office, this city, and later private secretary of Mayor Low of Brooklyn.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Doings of the New Jersey's Law. Makers for Items.

(Fourth installment.)

Senate.

BILLS PASSED.

S. 3, changes the number and boundaries of road districts in Englewood township, to 3 to 6.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 41. By Mr. Rue. An act for the consolidation of the bonds which any school district in the State has purchased, and upon which the school district has built a school house, and the bonds issued in its any way defective. (Education.)

No. 42. By Mr. Nevius. Authorizes incorporated towns, boroughs, etc., to erect or purchase suitable armories for the National Guard at a cost of from five to ten thousand dollars. (Militia.)

No. 43. By Mr. Pfeiffer. Requiring local taxes, which are ten days after the completion of the assessment, to post in five places a list of properties assessed, together with amounts, under a penalty of a fine of $200. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 44. By Mr. Martin. Authorizes the Governor to detail one or more regiments of the National Guard to act as escort to the State officers, veteran soldiers and guests on the occasion of the dedication of the State monument at Gettysburg, appropriates $10,000 therefor. (Militia.)

No. 45. By Mr. Martin. Gives insurance companies additional facilities for investing their capital. (Banks and Insurance.)

No. 46. By Mr. Martin. Extends the powers of local boards of health to the control of plumbing, ventilation and drainage of building, etc. (Agriculture.)

No. 47. By Mr. Martin. Supplement to the act for the more easy partition of lands held by co partners, joint tenants and tenants in common. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 48. By Mr. Bogert. Authorizing the annexation of new territory to the borough of Rutherford, Bergen county. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 49. By Mr. Bogert. Validating sales of lands irregularly advertised. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 50. By Mr. Edwards. An amendment to the act concerning mortgages. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 51. By Mr. Cranmer. Supplement to the act concerning conveyances. (Judiciary.)

No. 52. By Mr. Griggs. Validating acknowledgments or proofs taken by Commissioners of Deeds after their terms expired. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 53. By Mr. Griggs. Enabling savings banks to extend their charter existence for any term not exceeding fifty years. (Banks and Insurance.)

No. 54. By Mr. Griggs. Making it a misdemeanor to post or display on any bill board, window, road, etc., any sign, picture, or other representation of murder, assassination, stabbing, fighting, or of the commission of any crime, under penalty of $100 fine or three months' imprisonment. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 55. By Mr. Griggs. Relieving from the necessity of examination all graduates of any regular college of pharmacy or medicine. (Judiciary.)

No. 56. By Mr. Roe. Appropriating $30,000 for a laboratory at the State Agricultural College. (Agriculture.)

No. 57. By Mr. Nevius. Permitting mutual live stock insurance companies to extend their business territory. (Banks and Insurance.)

No. 58. By Mr. Martin. Supplement to the act concerning executors. (Judiciary.)

No. 59. By Mr. Baker. Providing for the publication of a list of the Masters and Examiners in Chancery. (Judiciary.)

No. 60. By Mr. Hance. Making the act for the preservation of fish, approved April 5th, 1878. (Game and Fisheries.)

House.

BILLS PASSED.

H. 60. Giving trust companies power to discount bills, notes, &c., in cities where there are no national or State banks; H. 42, making it legal to elect city clerks for three year terms; H. 4, giving Judges of Common Pleas power to receive presentations and indictment, and to discharge that body; H. 31, giving cities power to change their municipal number of directors with the consent of two-thirds of the stockholders.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 114. By Mr. Smith. Makes it obligatory upon the Inspectors of Election in cities to take the ballot boxes as soon as the votes are counted to the City Clerk's office in the most direct route. (Elections.)

No. 113. By Mr. Brown. Gives cities power to issue bonds, that shall not exceeding $6,000 to erect fire department buildings in the stead of any that have become unsafe. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 116. By Mr. Leavitt. Gives boroughs of Rockaway and Dover, 3,000 inhabitants, to be elected for three years. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 117. By Mr. Leizier. Provides that every honorably discharged soldier or sailor of the late war who is now holding any city or county position shall not be discharged except for cause and upon a proper hearing. (Soldiers Home.)

No. 106. By Mr. Mariatt. Provides that all articles manufactured in the State Prison shall be sold or furnished only on orders or requisitions made therefor by those who have charge or control of the prison or furnish supplies therefor. (State Prison.)

No. 119. By Mr. Christie. A Boiler Inspector bill that provides for the election of the inspectors of the boiler inspectors in each district by joint meeting. It is a substitute for the first bill offered, which gave the Governor the appointing power. (Miscellaneous Business.)

No. 120. By Mr. Hill. Amendment to the Assignment act. (Judiciary.)

No. 121. By Mr Law. Amends the Road act. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 122. By Mr. Law. Gives to collectors of taxes whose terms have expired and who collect taxes there are in arrears a compensation not exceeding ten per cent. of the amount collected, to be fixed by the township committee. (Ways and Means.)

For Those of Foreign Lands.

Mr. G. W. Leitch, a returned missionary, lectured in the First Baptist church last evening on "Hindoo Life in India and Ceylon." The lecture was illustrated with stereopticon views, and was the same as that recently delivered in the First Congregational church and reported in the following issue of The News. There were a few new views, including a portrait of Dr. Hastings, president of the Jaffna College for Hindoos, and his wife, who is a sister of President Cleveland. A collection was taken, the large audience generously contributing.

One Place to Coast.

Hydes Hill, a coasting resort on the mountains, at the end of Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield, is crowded every evening with "bobbers." Merry shouts, especially when there is an upset, and occasionally. Thursday evenings the hill is crowded. The coasters build a fire at the top of the hill.

—That lively little engine, the Star, which has been jacketed in the railroad shops for several years past, is out on the Central road again, looking as bright as a new dollar.

LOCAL OPTION.

Address of R. K. Carvell, LL. D., of North Plainfield, Before the New Jersey Legislature, Tuesday, Jan. 24th, 1888.

I suppose, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Legislature, and Ladies, that I cannot expect any time in discussing the evils of the liquor traffic. The fact of those evils is not at all in dispute. The simple question is as to the remedy. What shall it be? I am quite willing in this matter to adopt the words of Bishop Potter, who recently addressed the magistrates of New York City, and say that the "pressing among thoughtful people is practically unanimous" in favor of local option restriction upon the sale of intoxicating liquors which is practical, and effective. We are here to-day to represent what we believe to be the feeling of the thoughtful people of this State. We ask, in their name, that you pass the bill providing for County Local Option.

We are not asking that a new and untried method of doubtful constitutionality and doubtful efficiency be imposed by you. We are not asking you to use your high authority to make an experiment, although the charge of experiment is made with much in our judgment, justify any reasonable experiment in the interests of the material and moral welfare of the State. The principle of Local Option has been declared constitutional by the Supreme Court of this State. (Applause.)

NO CONSTITUTIONAL QUESTION INVOLVED

in this bill. Local Option of the same type as that now provided for in this bill has been tried in a score of States, and the principle of it is simple, reasonable and effective method of dealing with the liquor question.

It is a simple method. It requires no new machinery, no additional courts or law officers, no special constabulary, no radical changes in the statutes. It readily adjusts itself to our election laws and our legal procedure. It is thoroughly American. It fits with all our institutions. It is the very essence of democratic simplicity.

It is reasonable. The evils of the liquor traffic fasten themselves on the people. It is they who suffer from it; it is they who are menaced by it; it is they who bear the financial burdens imposed by it; it is they who provide the institutions of the criminals and the support of the paupers and insane produced by it. *Is it not reasonable* that they should have the power to limit the liquor traffic should be allowed to control that traffic? Is it not unreasonable to insist that they shall bear these burdens, and yet deny them the right to remove the cause of these burdens? Is it not reasonable that the voice of

THE PEOPLE SHOULD RULE

in this matter? If the legal voters and taxpayers of any county object to the saloon, is it not unreasonable and unappreciable to force it upon them? This bill asks no unfair advantage for the opponents of the saloon. It asks for them no more than it concedes to the other side. It simply allows the legal voters of any county to express their will on the subject, at an election to be separate and distinct from all other elections, so that the expression may be direct and free from all partisan complications. If the expression should be in favor of the traffic, no change whatever will be effected. The licensed places will continue their business. They never can be closed because the majority of the people want them to remain open, and another election for the same purpose cannot be held in that county until three years have elapsed. If the majority is against the traffic, a reasonable time is given the saloons to close up their business. They may keep open until their licenses expire. What could be more reasonable than to let the legal voters of the various counties decide the liquor question for themselves? Our present license system may be unjust to the people in some counties in forcing on them what they do not want, and what it is not necessary to their good or to the good of the State. But local option is just and fair both to the people and the liquor traffic.

LOCAL OPTION IS EFFECTIVE.

This is not simply a matter of inference. It is a matter of demonstration. In Georgia, where more than a hundred counties have used it to rid themselves of the saloon business, in most Southern States, and in Canada, the operations of the law are quite satisfactorily to the anti-saloon element. There may be in some of these localities, but if the saloon have claimed, a small business done secretly, but the open saloon, which is so apt to be the open sore of the community in which it is established, is gone, with its special temptations to the young, and its whole school of corrupting influences. If in some places the demi-john trade survives it is for the benefit of old topers whose appetite outlives opportunity, and it doesn't fill up the county jails, and it doesn't fill the jails, nor crowd the alms houses with new candidates, as the saloon used to do. Local option at least secures what Mayor Hewitt says, speaking for the great metropolis, thoughtful people are "practically unanimous" in asking for: "the hard restriction upon the sale of intoxicating liquors which in practice can be made effective."

It goes almost without saying that a measure so simple, so reasonable, so effective as is local option commends itself strongly to the people of New Jersey. This gentlemen, let me say is not a party of temperance fanatics, come to urge strongly their own impracticable views upon you. The men who come here to-day are representative men. They speak for thousands of intelligent, thoughtful citizens; they speak for members of all the political parties; they speak for nearly 200,000 church members. The churches of the Evangelical faith are practically unanimous in favor of local option. It is the one measure which, (I think I am justified in saying,) all our temperance organizations unite in supporting. We do not come to you divided in counsels, as in former years. We come in the strength of

INTELLIGENT, MORAL AND RELIGIOUS

sentiment of the State, and ask you to submit this question of the liquor traffic to the arbitrament of the sovereign people. The liquor evil, despite the strong influences which control to antagonize it, is not, I fear, a lessening evil. And the reason is obvious. The liquor business is an enterprising business, and adopts such means as will tend to increase the volume of trade. It does not exist simply to furnish the poor man, or the wayfarer, or the lover of the cup-cheer with an opportunity to assuage his thirst; but it exists, just as other lines of business exist, to derive the largest income and it does this by creating the demand it supplies. As the present generation of drinkers will soon pass away, another must be ready to take their places at the bar; and as a matter of course the trade is brought most forcibly to bear, do not need to apply hard names to the saloon keeper; we only need to say he has true business instincts to show that we have a strong liquor propaganda in our communities. It is such facts as this which rouse the minds and move the hearts of the people to consider well the welfare of our State; and they cannot see when principle of good democratic government is that the liquor traffic and politics the saloons to flourish where the majority do not want them.

The word is now, gentlemen.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION IS A GROWING ONE.

It has come into the political arena, and there it will stay till the issue is fought out. It has caused a great deal of trouble and vexation in politics, and it will cause much more unless it be settled constitutionally. That Local Option it is resulted to the people. They will settle it, without the interests of any party complications, and free them from the

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the Associated Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Bulletin.

"Nigger Eph" Released.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Jan. 25.—Ephriam Cayman, better known as "Nigger Eph," arrested and indicted as one of the fire-bugs, who has been imprisoned in the County Jail since Oct. 1, 1887, in default of $300 bail, was released to-day at noon, by order of the Court on his own recognizance. The Court then adjourned until next Tuesday.

Mose Lawful in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 25.—The Grand Jury has decided that there is not gambling within the meaning of the statute.

Explosion in Poland.

WARSAW, Jan. 25.—An explosion of gunpowder occurred at Brest-Litovsk, Russian Poland, yesterday, killing eleven persons and injuring thirty.

Susquehanna in Flames.

BINGHAMTON, Jan. 25.—A large fire is raging at Susquehanna, Pa., twenty-five miles south of here. Assistance has been sent from this city. The fire broke out about three a. m. and spread rapidly. Two hotels, five residences and a business block have been destroyed up to six a. m.

$300,000 Short.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Despatches from Winnipeg published this morning declare that the deficit in the accounts of the late government is now found to reach over half a million dollars. It is alleged that for the 16 months from September, 1885, to January 1887, not a single entry was made in the cash book of the provincial treasurer.

Cold Day for Bridge Travelers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Owing to the fact that a train on the Brooklyn bridge took a defective grip on the cable the road from Brooklyn to New York was blocked this morning, and 10,000 persons had to walk across, with the thermometer one degree below zero. The trains full of passengers were blocked on the tracks.

Dynamite in the Matting.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 25.—A consignment of matting was received by the Louis Hax Furniture Company some weeks since from Bean & Hughes, of Chicago, and stored in the basement. When it was opened yesterday a dynamite bomb was found in the folds of one bundle. The authorities caused it to be exploded. The result was a big hole in the ground and no fragment of the bomb to be found.

A Fugitive Murderer Caught.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Jan. 25.—Richard Cambon has been arrested for a crime committed 35 years ago. He killed William Hyde, while the latter was interfering in a quarrel between Cambon and his wife. He got off with a short sentence of imprisonment, but broke jail, and has been a fugitive from justice ever since. He served through the war under an assumed name and won so much credit for bravery that it is thought Governor Foraker will pardon him.

Private Dispatches by Carriers

Richard R. Stevens of Muhlenburg place, Plainfield, yesterday afternoon sent dispatches by two carrier pigeons from the Inter Capitol at Trenton. One was a red bird with a remarkably fast record; the other was a white one. They were freed at 12:40, and, after circling about in the air a few minutes to get their course, started off in the direction of this city. It was estimated that they would reach their mission on the course. The train that followed took an hour. The dispatches were for private parties. THE NEWS furnished the public ones.

Thermometer Record.

The following is a record of the thermometer for this city, and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

	1888	1887		
6 a. m.	10	30	Sun rises	7 16
2 p. m.	15	32	Sun sets	5 02
10 p. m.	12	31	Moon rises	4 14
5 p. m.	24	51	Moon sets	

Died.

HETFIELD—Died at Westfield, N. J., Theodore Hetfield, January 20th, 1888, in the 70th year of his age.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend his funeral Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, Jan 27th, 1888, at his late residence. 2-2

MUSIC HALL,

Wednesday, Jan. 25,

the great New York comedy success and triumph,

THE MAIN LINE,

OR RAWSON'S "Y."

A love romance of the Railroad and Telegraph, with the most novel and realistic effects of Modern Times, by H. C. Debitte and Frederick Howard. A run of four months at the New York Lyceum Theatre.

Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale at Stelle's drug store, Park avenue and Front street, and at J. G. Miller's, Field & Randolph's drug store, Monday, Jan. 23.

Cents-Worth Column.

A GIRL wanted for general housework. No. 3 Craig Place. 1-24-tf

A GIRL WANTED for general housework. Good wages and a permanent place to one who is competent and can furnish good reference. Address New Yorker, care of EVENING NEWS. 2-2

APARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 23 West Third street. 30-tf

DRESSMAKER will go out by the day or week. Terms moderate. "Dressmaker," Box 1309, city. 24-3

FOR SALE—A two story house and lot, with barn. No. 94 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 2-27

FOR SALE—A good work horse 10 years old, a light spring wagon and a heavy set of sleds. Apply to John Fobbles, 17 Dunellen avenue, North Plainfield.

GIRL WANTED for general housework. Stevens, 65 Grandview Ave. 24-3

HARNESS—A Hambletonian gaiting and harness 15-3-4 hands, six years old; sound and kind with fine style and good action. Also an aged horse over 16 hands with considerable speed, suitable for family horse business or road driving and kind to harness. Apply for sale or exchange for real estate or horses of less value. Shepard at Laing's Hotel stables. 24-3

LOST—Commutation ticket. Please return to 10 J. L. Andrews, P. O. Box 1152. 2-2

WANTED—A quiet, steady girl to do chamber work, washing, and assist with plain sewing and mending. Reference required. 64 West Seventh street. 25-tf

WANTED—A competent Protestant girl for general housework in a small family; must have good reference. Address Lock Box 387, Plainfield P. O.

WANTED—A girl as chambermaid and waitress. Apply to 133 Park avenue.

WANTED—A middle aged person of refinement and education to assist a lady in the care of her invalid husband. Permanent engagement. Address P. O. Box 1152 Plainfield, N. J. 24-2

$1,500 TO $2,000 to loan on mortgage. Address Shyl, care EVENING NEWS. 20-tf

GRAND PROMENADE

CONCERT

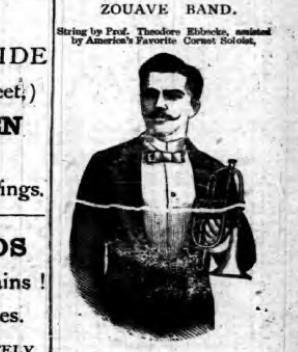
AND BALL.

CONCERT BY

DRAKE'S CELEBRATED

ZOUAVE BAND.

String by Prof. Theodore Eibecke, assisted by America's Favorite Cornet Soloist,



W. S. MYGRANTS.

AT THE CRESCENT,

JAN. 26th, '88.

Concert from 8 to 10 p. m., under the management of Benj. LaVere and William K. Hall. Tickets on sale at M. Stelle's and Field & Randolph's Drug Store and of Burton Kline at the depot.

TOBOGGAN SLIDE

(East Front street,)

NOW OPEN

Afternoons and Evenings.

WET GOODS

Ho! For Bargains!

Boots and Shoes.

CALL IMMEDIATELY at

B. R. Force's corner,

No. 1 Park avenue and Front street.

TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the

NORTH PLAINFIELD TOWNSHIP AND BOROUGH TAXES

assessed for the year 1887, remaining unpaid on January 31st, 1888, will be returned to the County Clerk at Somerville and recorded as liens against the property of said delinquents after which date, as required by law, such names will be published. Prompt payment is respectfully urged, thereby saving costs. H. N. SPENCER, Collector.

North Plainfield, North Plainfield. January 23, 1888.

Executor's Sale.

to settle the

ESTATE

of the late LEWIS JONES, deceased. To be sold by February 1st, in Plainfield, House containing nine rooms, with lot 50 feet front, on Grant street, 165 feet on Putnam avenue and 150 feet on Kensington avenue. Also three corner lots, 165 feet on Putnam avenue and 150 feet on Kensington avenue. Also one vacant lot on Kensington avenue. Will be sold at a sacrifice. Apply to EVAN JONES, Agent. 1-25-tf

OVERCOATS

at

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

Special Notices.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH,

1 phaeton, 3 open buggies, 1 road cart, 5 sleighs, 2 spring wagons, 10 farm wagons. Call and look at them on Somerset street, near Union avenue. JOHN F. WOLFE. 1-25-tf

MUSIC HALL,

for a period of three days,

JAN. 26, 27 28,

MATINEE AND NIGHT,

PROF. MORRIS

EQUINE AND CANINE PARADOX.

14 Ponies and 26 Dogs.

Mr. Morris will instruct the Ponies and Dogs during his engagement. The management of the Hall has procured a fine collection of animals in the world.

Prices 25, 50, and 75 cents. Seats on sale at Stelle's drug store, corner Front & Randolph and J. G. Miller's drug store. Tuesday, Jan. 24.

LADIES'

W. F.

Shoes (Extra Heavy Soles) Hand Sewed, $4, Machine Sewed, $3.00.

Doane & VanArsdale

One-price Boot and Shoe House,

22 West Front street.

4-4 Fruit of the Loom 1 cent per yard.

4-4 Lonsdale 1 cent per yard.

at

VanEmburgh & White,

Read what we Offer.

Commencing Thursday, January 26th, we will sell to each and every customer buying to the amount of $5 or more, 10 yards of 36 inch Sheeting, and 10 yards of Plain Lonsdale Muslin at 5 cents per yard. (Muslin and Spool Cotton excepted.)

You will find every department overflowing with seasonable goods that we have got to sell to make room for Spring Stock and a visit to our store will convince you that we are doing just what we advertise.

VanEmburgh & White,

Corner Park avenue and Front street.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E.W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 17 and 19 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.
Ask delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or fifty cents per month, payable to the carrier each week or month as may be agreed upon.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1888.

STARVED TO DEATH AT SEA.

New York, Jan. 25.—Among the passengers who arrived on the steamship San Marcos yesterday from Havana were seven of the crew of the bark D. Chapin, of Boston, which foundered at sea. Only seven of the crew of twenty-three were saved. The bark left Turk's Island, Bahama, for Boston, with a cargo of salt. The Christmas day gale a giant wave struck her on the starboard side. The crew were driven by water all of the time. The survivors were adrift in a boat about ten days without food or water. Capt. W. C. Hull, the captain and a seaman perished from hunger and exposure, and the rest got so desperate that they were tempted to turn cannibals. Ira W. Ensteth, the mate, told last night the story of their distresses. The bark left Turk's Island on the 5th of December, with a cargo of salt. On Christmas day quite a giant wave struck her on the starboard side. The crew were driven by water all of the time. The survivors were adrift in a boat about ten days without food or water. Capt. W. C. Hull, the captain and a seaman perished from hunger and exposure, and the rest got so desperate that they were tempted to turn cannibals. Ira W. Ensteth, the mate, told last night the story of their distresses. The bark left Turk's Island on the 5th of December, with a cargo of salt. On the Christmas day gale

THE MEDICAL MUSEUM.

SOME OF THE GHASTLY RELICS KEPT ON EXHIBITION.

Curiosities of the Government Collection at Washington—Freaks of Rifle Balls. *Reminiscences of Indian Wars—Sections of Bones—Gen. Sickles' Leg.*

But the museum abounds in things that are of intrinsic interest. There are object lessons illustrative of the wonderful freaks of rifle balls. One of these is a section of a skull with the ball which struck it split in two, one-half going inside and inflicting the wound which caused death, the other half remaining on the outside between the scalp and the skull. The soldier who received this remarkable wound at Spotsylvania lived twenty-three days.

Still more wonderful than this case is one where a minie ball *struck the soft bone of the nose and divided.* Along with this goes the head of the man who put the muzzle of a pistol in his mouth and fired. The ball passed through the jugular vein and stuck fast in the bone, acting as a stopper and hemorrhage from the vein. The would-be *suicide lived seventeen years* before yielding up his head to make museum visitors marvel.

INDIAN RELICS.

The museum contains quite a collection of papooses, picked up by the army surgeons in the wild west and forwarded. The withered and tattered remains have been "doctored" by long exposure to the sun and wind on the elevated stages where the Indians used to bury, but they are not pleasant to look upon. The most notable of these mummies is a child, a chap, said to have been found in a lava near Laramie. He is dressed in a suit of buck, upon which the Indian mother has sewed a great collection of buttons. Around his neck is a string of beads, and on the feet are little embroidered moccasins.

Reminiscences of the Indian wars are numerous. There is the skull of one brave who only succumbed when he had been sabered nine times. At least that must be the conclusion, for the cranium shows nine distinct perforations from the sword. *Of course* it is not to be supposed that the white man amused himself by whacking away needlessly at the red man's head after the latter was hors de combat. The skull belonged to an Araucanian, who was killed by Chilian soldiers. The skull of the favorite squaw of Little Bear, the Indian chief, is a very good companion piece to the above. She was killed in Wyoming. In the preserved cranium are seven bullet holes.

One day after the war closed there came to Washington a one armed veteran. He had a bundle wrapped in paper, and he said it was something that ought to be in the museum. When the wrapping were taken off there was brought to view a human arm. The muscles had dried hard and the skin had been tanned by the action of the wind and sun. So complete had been nature's process that there was nothing disagreeable but the looks of the arm. The drying and shrinking of the flesh had left the joints very prominent at the wrist and the same causes had clinched the fingers at the other. The veteran's story was that in the battle at Gettysburg a cannon ball had taken off the arm. Unconscious, he had been carried to the field hospital, and then to the general hospital. Months afterward he had regained his health and had started for home. Curiosity prompted him to visit the battlefield and live over his terrible experience. He found, after some trouble, the spot where he stood when the cannon ball discovered him. It was in a corn field, and there between the furrows was the arm in the well preserved condition apparent. The scientific gentlemen of the museum didn't think it worth while to take the soldier's affidavit. They saw at a glance that the arm was an interesting specimen, aside from its history. They took it, pinned it upon two sign boards in a glass case, and gave it a place of prominence in the museum.

WONDERFUL WORK WITH ARROWS.

Some of the wonderful accomplishments of the Indians with their arrows are illustrated in a very realistic manner. These arrows had heads made of the iron hoops of barrels. A shoulder blade of a buffalo, with the thin, frail looking arrow head piercing it is shown. Upon close examination the visitor discovers that the point projects through the outer side of the bone. To only explanation is that the arrow must have passed through the body of the buffalo and struck the shoulder blade on the inside. These arrow heads may be taken between the fingers and bent with ease, they are so thin; but shot from the bow by the Indian, they went through obstacles which would have stopped a rifle bullet. They penetrated bones without fracturing them, and they made cuts as clean as the keenest surgical blades. The Apache arrow head of soft iron as pictured above a laiden project-ile would have flattened.

The visitor sees hung up in the cases here and there sections of bones that possess no significance until it is learned that they have been taken from the arms or legs of men still living. In cases where balls had shattered the bones, amputations sometimes preferred the operation of cutting out a section instead of adopting the shorter, and, for them, easier method of amputation. One of these excised bones hung up in the museum came from the arm of a veteran who was for years an attache of the institution. He used to walk up to the case occasionally and shake his fist at it. Muscle and sinews had developed in place of the missing bone to such an extent as to make the arm strong enough for more than ordinary use. This man could lift 200 pounds with the arm from which the bone had been taken.

Pension Commissioner Black had one of his arms excised, and there is a considerable portion of it which is only gristle and muscle. *The bone says,* he says, *and he becomes painfully aware of the fact when he tries to shake hands* with 400 or 500 people.

No. 135 is a large bone with the splintering about midway, where the bullet struck. The tag says: "Maj. Gen. D. E. S., United States volunteers, Gettysburg, July 2, amputated in the lower third of the thigh by Surgeon T. Sim, United States volunteers, on the field. Stump healed rapidly, and subject was able to ride in carriage July 10, completely healed, so that he mounted his horse, in September, 1863. Contributed by the subject." It is the leg of Gen. Sickles, who is still cheerfully stumping about New York and Washington. —"W. B. S." in Globe-Democrat.

Food of Long Words.

A certain mixture of a household manages to extract a little merriment along with much misery from her mischief cooks of various *nationalities.*

"Anything wanted today, Katharine?" she asks one night of the divinity of the kitchen, a tall Nova Scotian, fond of using long words.

"Yes, ma'am, if you would please to investigate in a new ladle for me to stir the soup with when I'set it on the back of the range to simper."—Harper's Bazar.

Always eat a boiled egg from the shell. It is the Scotch way and the best way. Any other method greatly detracts from the rich flavor of this nutritious food.

A STUDY IN WHITE.

Within a silvery light the lady stands
Like some fair statue. Her robe of purest white
A border bears of jetjoy woven down
From her soft shoulders to the floor. Upon her head
Its misty folded, there falls a misty scarf
Spun from the finest fleece of silkworm's toil.
In this all graceful drapery she stands
On pedestal above, where intellect is will.
As prize the battle that with such kindly grace
A woman leads. Ah, fair, pure, gentle, and O!
Her guileless words unconsciously reveal
Whither than all—the woman's spotless soul!
—Mat Halstead in Home Journal.

A PHILANTHROPIC JOKE.

A Chicago Man Makes a Fruit Woman Happy by a Little Deception.

"How easy it is to make some people happy by deceiving them a little!" was the philosophic remark of Mr. Jacques Haskins, as he turned from his desk to relate a bit of his recent experience. There is an Italian woman—a good, clean, hard working woman—who comes up here every day with fruit to sell. *One day I was waiting on Adams street,* I think it was, and I saw her standing in front of me with her basket on her arm. Two men were standing in a store door, and I heard one of them say: 'Don't you remember that woman?' She said to him in a quiet way, assuming a meditative posture; 'didn't you used to have a fruit stand in Memphis?' Her eyes brightened at once, and she said she did. 'Right in front of Lowenstein's store?' I said. This was a venture, for I had merely taken it for granted that the gentleman who had spoken of her was in Lowenstein's store because that was the name on the sign of the store where he was *standing,* and he looked sort of like the proprietor. But it hit the mark. 'Yes,' said the woman, and added to her basket and looking as tickled as could be, 'that was me. That was about—let me see—about twenty-three or four years ago,' I said. She moved from the store to the trackless pavement, and then, all smiles, said: 'Yes, I was there then.' 'Your name is Cunio, is it not?' I added. This was the last feather. That I could remember so much about her and even be able to call her by name gave her the greatest joy. Tears even came into her eyes, and we shook hands heartily.

"Then I proceeded to make her remember me. 'Don't you remember,' I said, 'I used to go to lunch at that little restaurant just down beyond Lowenstein's, and I used to buy fruit of you, and stand and talk to you almost every day?' She looked at me a long time and finally imagination did its work, as it always will, and she remembered me perfectly. You never saw anybody more pleased. *If I* had been a long lost brother she could not have been happier at meeting me. She told me all about her family, the number of which I, of course, remembered more or less distinctly, and all about her life since then, which would make an interesting story to write. Then she made up a big bag of fruit which I let her give to me, because it seemed to please her so much to do so. Since that I have, however, been a pretty regular customer of hers, and I mean to be as long as she keeps coming. What if it is true that I never was in Memphis in my life! She has told me so often about it that I could go all over the city in the dark now, and I am sure I have given that poor hard working woman as much pleasure as I had brought to her in fact an old friend."—Chicago News.

Furniture of the Catacombs.

The furniture of the Catacombs is instructive as to manners, but most of it has been removed to churches and museums, and must be studied outside. Articles of ornament, rings, seals, bracelets, fans, mirrors, combs, ear sticks, buckles, brooches, jewels, coins, innumerable lamps of clay (terra cotta) or of bronze (even of silver and amber) all sorts of things, in the case of children a variety of playthings were inclosed with the dead. Many of these articles are carved with the monogram of Christ or with other Christian symbols. The lamps in Jewish cemeteries generally bear a picture of the golden candlestick.)

A great number of flasks and cups, with or without ornamentation, are also found, mostly outside of the graves and fastened to the grave lids. These were formerly supposed to have been cupsches for tears, or for the blood of martyrs; but later archeologists consider them drinking vessels used in the funeral collations. A superstition also prevailed in the Fourth century, although condemned by a council of Carthage (397) to to give to the dead the eucharistic wine, or to put a cup with the consecrated wine into the grave.

The instruments of torture which the fertile imagination of credulous people had discovered, and which were made to prove that almost every Christian buried in the Catacombs was a martyr, are simply implements of handicraft. The instinct of nature prompts the bereaved to deposit in the graves of their kindred and friends those things which were constantly used by them. The idea prevailed also, to a large extent, that the future life was a continuation of the occupations and amusements of the present, but free from sin and imperfection.

On opening the graves the skeleton frequently appears even now very well preserved, sometimes in dazzling whiteness, as covered with glistening glory, but *falls into* dust at the touch.—The Century.

Difficulties of Placer Mining.

It will not pay investors nowadays to go into placer mining unless backed by a considerable portion of it which is only gristle and muscle. *The bone says,* and he becomes *painfully* aware of the fact when he tries to shake hands with 400 or 500 people.

No. 135 is a large bone with the splintering about midway, where the bullet struck. The tag says: "Maj. Gen. D. E. S., United States volunteers, Gettysburg, July 2, amputated in the lower third of the thigh by Surgeon T. Sim, United States volunteers, on the field. Stump healed rapidly, and subject was able to ride in carriage July 10, completely healed, so that he mounted his horse, in September, 1863. Contributed by the subject." It is the leg of Gen. Sickles, who is still cheerfully stumping about New York and Washington. —"W. B. S." in Globe-Democrat.

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WORK FOR GIRLS.

TEMPORARY EMPLOYMENT FOR "EXTRAS" AT GOOD WAGES.

Well Paid Situations Offered a Regiment During the Holidays—Great Demand for Smart and Pretty Young Ladies. An Objectionable Feature—The Law.

Nearly all large New York retail house hire extra employes for the holiday trade. Nine-tenths of these "extras" are women. They are hired as clerks and cashiers in dry goods houses, confectioners, and candy and tionery shops. They are kept busy from the fortnight before Christmas until the week after New Year's day.

Inquiries among leading firms show that no less than 20,000 young women have got temporary employment at good wages during the holiday season, and that several thousand more could have found similar service. The number of these holiday "extras" employed by individual firms ranges from 150 to 1,500. They receive more than ordinary employes in similar capacities.

During the season girls working as extra hands have been paid from $9 to $13.50 a week. Those employed as cashiers and clerks are from $8.50 to $12.50 a week. Even at the advanced figures it has been almost impossible, several leading firms assert, to obtain the kind of "extras" wanted. One large house estimated that their holiday business had fallen at least $15,000 short of what it would have been if it could have filled its many unacceptable girl clerks as it wanted. The superintendent verified this statement by pointing to a score of "want" advertisements which the firm had inserted in the daily papers for a fortnight. He added, however, that the trouble was not lack of applicants in number so much as in kind.

NECESSARY QUALIFICATIONS.

"What particular qualificationis must the girls have?"

"They must be able to make change, add simple figures, remember prices, dress neatly, be agreeable, and, above all, have good looks. The last particular is the one in which most of the girls are lamentably deficient. You always find the biggest crowds in the stores which have the prettiest girls. It is just like artistic show window dressing. People will go where they can see beauty if it doesn't cost them anything extra. This is cold, hard business sense. Don't you suppose that the average man would rather be smiled on by a bright, handsome, stylishly dressed young miss than be trampled by the frigid stare of a prim, persimmony feminine person, with false hair and a rasping voice?"

"Yes, but in the dry goods trade the customers are principally women," was suggested.

"My dear boy," the superintendent replied, "you have lots to learn about the psychological science of human nature. Women always are just the ones above all, strange as it may seem, for whom we are more anxious to have pretty girl clerks. Here is the secret: The average woman hates nothing in this world so heartily as a woman who is better looking or better dressed than herself. Yet there is no way in which a woman will go so much out to see on the sly. The average woman also likes nothing better than a chance to domineer over some other woman. In the pretty girl she finds highly obnoxious qualities, and a passive victim. The better looking and better dressed the girls, the more jealously they will be eyed by women who call them fond, brazen creatures, while furtively taking notes for future use from the fashionable attire of the girls.

AN OBJECTIONABLE FEATURE.

"One objectionable feature that attends the hiring of girls for their attractiveness alone must not be lost sight of. The most successful shoplifters in this city are those who are in league with salewomen. It is a notorious fact that scores are incalculable, and shoplifters working with salewomen are rarely caught. But no great harm benefit will derive from the pretty girls, that we cheerfully put up with whatever loss attends it."

In many of the large stores a large number of girls are employed, and in cases of rush are noticed, who looked pale and languid, plainly *showing the lack of healthy out door exercise.* The society for the suppression of vice has been active in endeavoring to restrain the large firms from employing girls, but as the law specifies that girls willing to work cannot be molested, the efforts of the society have failed. The assertion of the society that the influences which surround the girls are demoralizing in the extreme and unfits them for household duties, is not sustained by their employers, who, however, declare that a girl who is compelled to earn her living cannot find a better way to do so than "clerking" in a store.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

An Ancient Indian Deed.

Public Librarian Bain has now in his possession the original deed by which six chiefs of the Pottawatamies in 1790 conveyed to the Baby family a tract of land on the Detroit river, near the present city of Detroit, 12 "arpents" long by 120 deep, an "arpent" being a French measure of land 192 feet, or about eleven-twelfths of an acre. The document is in French, bears the totems of the six chiefs, and is witnessed by one William Macomb, judge of the peace. It bears the indorsement of Gen. De Feyster, who was in command of the British force at Detroit. This curious old document was found among the records of the Baby family, unsealed on the Humber, near this city. A frame is being prepared for it, in which it will be inclosed and exhibited in the library of the Canadian Institute.—Toronto Globe.

As Original After Dinner Speech.

The entertainment was given by an early, deservedly popular. It was extremely handsome, and champagne flowed in almost excessive flood. The evening was well advanced, when a host of friends arose around him to propose a toast. He spoke with extra fluency; but somehow he said exactly the opposite of what he meant. "I feel," said he, "that for a plain country squire like myself to address this learned company, is indeed to cast pearls before swine." Never was so successful a speech made. He could get no further for many minutes. The swine applauded vociferously, and as though they were of never cease. We knew, of course, that the good old gentleman meant that he was the swine and that we were the pearls. But then he had not said so. His meaning could be gathered, but was not expressed.—Longman's.

Cape Cod Gradually Disappearing.

There isn't much doubt that Cape Cod is getting eaten up by the greedy sea, and in time will disappear. The Provincetown Advocate says that during the past twenty years "we have passed since a lighthouse was placed here by the government. The original peninsula included a plot of land ten acres in extent. At the present time the enclosure embraces barely six acres. On a point just north of the marine railroad at Highland light the sea has eaten away one hundred feet during the past five years."—New York Sun.

FEEDING THE DOVES.

Coo, coo, my pretty dove, by lightly hover!
Coo, dovey dear and gobbled grain I spell!
Come whirling through the wide air far and near!
Come from the gray old dovecote take your wing!
Swell your soft breasts and curve each graceful neck!
With rainbows repainted, and ruffle all your plumes!
So dainty and clean, without a spot or speck.
Coo, coo, my pretty dove, by lightly hover!
Sure as the constant morning comes dovey
Why bring you here, my pretty dove, with such fail—
Cleaning the dovey grass all dovey wet!
Her welcome voice you hear, and down you fall.
Her pets, her pleasures, pleading rosy feet.
Upon the grass, and gazing brilliant eyed
Autumn up to her face with crooning face
Lifting your shining heads in love and pride,
For all obey her well known summons deep.
Coo, coo, my pretty doves, by lightly hover!

SECRET OF HOOD'S DEFEAT.

What Col. Mellby Told Gen. John M. Palmer About a $2,000 Poker Bet.

"I had command of a corps before Atlanta on July 19, 1864." We were at that time encamped from the city on Peach Tree creek. Davis' division had passed over the creek. About 5 o'clock in the afternoon our boys brought in a citizen they had captured on that side of the creek. He was brought before me and I questioned him closely. He did not appear to know much, but said he had read in an Atlanta paper that Gen. Johnston had been relieved of the command of the opposing army and had been succeeded by Gen. J. B. Hood. Col. McKay of our side soon happened along and asked me if there was anything new. I told him the exchange of commanders on the part of the enemy; that Johnson had been succeeded by Hood. He appeared greatly alarmed, and exclaimed: "My God, general, you're terrible—I tell you Hood's a fighter.' I was somewhat alarmed myself and asked McKay what he knew about Hood's fighting qualities.

"Mellby, my friend," he answered, 'I was in San Antonio, Tex., once, before the war, and I saw that man Hood bet $2,000 on a hand in a game of poker, and he didn't have even a pair of jacks.'

"Well, I didn't say much in response, but I decided in my mind that a man who would bet $2,000 on a hand in a friendly game of poker when he didn't even have one pair to back him would be a bad man to meet on a field of battle when he was backed by several thousand able-bodied Confederate soldiers, and the sequel proved that McKay was not wrong in his estimate.

"It was then about dark. I got my men together and told them I expected we would have to fight to-morrow. I threw my line across the creek and commenced that night to build fortifications, and the next morning our forces were all across the creek, and we had plenty of earthworks for an emergency. I ordered dinner to be served to the men by 11 o'clock. About that time Gen. Thomas came along, saluted me, and asked, 'What's the matter?' saying at the same time 'We must be ready to move forward as soon as Hood can be whipped.' I told him what I was expecting and expressing the opinion that we would now march into Atlanta without opposition.

"'Mellby, my friend,' said he, 'you are mistaken; I think we are going to have a fight.' I had scarcely ceased speaking when we heard a terrible firing to our left. I immediately dispatched a mounted courier in that direction, who soon returned with the information that Hood had made a terrible charge on our left, and had already broken through two-thirds of Logan's column, which was furiously taking notes for future use from the fashionable attire of the girls.

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CENTRAL R. R OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect on Dec. 5, 1892.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.40, 6.30, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 3.37, 5.40, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 6.30, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.05, 9.05 a. m., 12.05, 3.05, 5.05, 6.05, 8.05, 9.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 5.10 a. m., 6.05 p. m. Leave Boston at 6.55, 8.57 a. m., 12.45, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m., 12.45 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Manch Chunk, connecting at Bound Brook for Schooley's Mountain. Sundays for Easton.

8.05 a. m.—For Flemington Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, White Haven, Penobscot, etc.

9.05 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

4.34 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Bufton Milkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

8.05, and .16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

11.05 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.40, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sundays) Sea Girt, Spring Lake and Ocean Grove at 8.57 a. m.

For Perth Amboy, 3.37, 5.40, 8.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.57 a. m., 12.05 p. m.

For Matawan, 3.37, 5.40, 8.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.57 a. m., 12.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 7.30, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 2.10, 3.50, 6.05, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.00 a. m. 6.24 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 7.30, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.45, 3.45, 5.45, 8.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.0 a. m., 5.30, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Berks Streets at 8.30, 9.05 a. m., 12.05, 4.00, 6.05, 8.05, 9.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker Streets, at 1.30, 8.00, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.55 p. m. Sunday at 9.15, 9.45 a. m., 8.15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the

BEST Quality

that can be procured in this market. Purchaser pushes invited to have it well screened and delivered promptly.

All orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
Office 61 Park avenue. P. O. Box 1182. Bird's Yard.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
56 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call 60. Residence 61 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 57. Office of Hillside cemetery

ATTENTION!
Right about Face!
MARCH!
to the Shoe Store of
J. J. KENNEY,
20 NORTH AVENUE.
Where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

CITY PHARMACY,
21 West Front street.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.
Toilet Requisites.
City Pharmacy Doctine, cleanses and purifies the teeth.
Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.
Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.
City Pharmacy Opened Sunday for the sale of Medicines only.
Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.
Telephone Call 103.
Field & Randolph.

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
PAYING 7 PER CENT.
ANNUALLY, GUARANTEED BY THE
HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
Semi-Annual Coupon Bonds running five years. Interest and principal payable in New York City.
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Hiram A. Sibley, Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co.
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Geo. Jones, Treas. New York Herald.
W. P. Atkinson, Secy Bird Print Works.
J. L. Hunt, Cashier Hamilton City Bank.
Peter Rogers, Director Bird and Print Works.
F. W. Perrin, Bird and Print Works, New York City.
John N. Bird, Bird and Print Works, New York City.
Moses E. Clapp, Pres't Hamilton Print Works.
P. V. Bonnewell, Pres't First National Bank, Kearney, Nebraska.
John T. Cox, Attorney at Law, W. A. & C. R. R. Co., New York City.
CRAIG & MARSH, Attorneys,
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ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
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CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,
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Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to keep the
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CHEAPER
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It cures the most obstinate cases of colds and Sore Throat in a few minutes.
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Consultation and examination free.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

A New Version.

Mary had a little lamb,
Its fleece was auburn bright,
And everywhere that Mary went
A white horse love to sight.

"What makes the horse love Mary so?"
The people all did cry.
"It wouldn't," quoth the druggist man,
"If she'd use Baldrip's dye."
—Burlington Free Press.

The Man for the Place.

Railroad Superintendent—I am afraid you won't do for a passenger brakeman.

Broken Down Merchant—The duties seem simple enough.

"Yes, but I am afraid you could not call out the stations in a voice which could be heard above the roar and rumble of the train."

"Indeed I could. I can yell loud enough to take a roof off. I'm used to it."

"Eh! You were never a brakeman, were you?"

"No, but when I kept store I had to do a great deal of business by telephone."—Omaha World.

Where Ignorance Had Been Bliss.

A near sighted man, who lives not far from Kingston, had never worn or looked through a pair of glasses until a short time ago. One day a peddler called, and among other things, he offered eyeglasses for sale. He persuaded the man to "try on" a pair. After the farmer had adjusted the glasses, he looked at objects in the room with astonishment. Finally his eyes rested upon his wife. He took a long look at her and then exclaimed: "Jane, Jane, I never would have married you if I had known you was so homely."—Kingston (N. Y.) Freeman.

They Still Do It.

Said Smith to Jones, tell me, I pray,
The reason of you know it—why
The doctors do not bleed today
Their patients as in years gone by?

They abbed just as they used to do,
Said Jones, these cures of our ills,
But with their lancets, it is true,
For now they bleed us with their bills.
—Boston Courier.

Ground for Suspicion.

Friend—Are you sure your guest is what he pretends to be?

Host—Certainly.

F.—He is a real lord?

H.—Undoubtedly. D. you suspect him of being an imposter?

F.—I do.

H.—For what reason?

F.—Because he gives unmistakable evidence of being well bred, and he's so polite and gentlemanly, you know.—Boston Courier.

In the Conservatory.

Miss Browning (of Boston)—Mr. Perrill, do you believe that a rose by any other name would smell as sweet?

Mr. Perrill (of Chicago)—It would to me.

Miss B. (innocently)—Why?

Mr. B. (miserably)—Because I have hay fever.—Tid Bits.

Trials of Travel.

In the low ceilinged roof of a strange hotel,
When a man is changing his shirt,
And jabs his thumb in the plaster above,
He growls, but he is not much hurt;
But in hunting the collar on for a train
That's nearly due by the clock,
How mad he gets when the button goes down,
Deep down, way down in his sock.
—Oil City Blizzard.

What It Was Worth.

Young Man (to editor)—What do you think I ought to get for that poem, sir?

Editor—You ought to get $10.

Young Man (overjoyed)—Oh, that is fully as much as I expected.

Editor—Yes; $10 or thirty days.

That was more than he expected.—The Epoch.

Beyond Human Aid.

"I have nothing to say to you, sir," said the man in the prisoner's cell to the clergyman who had come to offer consolation. "I am entirely in the hands of my attorney."

"May heaven help you, my friend," said the minister, with deep feeling, as he turned to go.—Chicago Tribune.

A Modest Request.

"For your sake I'd slay dragons
Did you order me to;
I'd battle with giants
Were it need to please you."
She said, "I'd not ask you
Such vast deeds to do,
But suppose we go home o'er
An oyster or two."
—Tid Bits.

Where It Came From.

"Where is the island of Cuba situated?" asked an Austin school teacher of a small, rather forlorn looking boy."

"I dunno, sir."

"Don't you know where sugar comes from?"

"Yes, sir, we borrows it from the next door neighbor."—Texas Siftings.

Time Necessary.

Magistrate (to Uncle Rastus)—I am sorry to see you here, Uncle Rastus. Only a week ago you experienced religion, and now you are up for chicken stealing.

Uncle Rastus—Yes, yo' Honah, but it 'quires a heap o' week, sah, for de gif to be much ob a gif.—New York Sun.

A Complete Collapse.

"Yes," he said. "I tried once to eat thirty quail in thirty days, but I found it impossible. Why, I failed on the third bird."

"Make you sick?"

"No, it didn't make me sick; I ran out of quail."—New York Sun.

The Same Mystery.

Who can the mystery explain
That clin ish the choosing of a cane?
Columbia retires a fairy wand,
A club swings in the dudelet's hand.
—Tid Bits.

The Level Headed Poet.

And though not here again, beau-ti-ful snow!
With joy I hail thy coming, but before
I write a poem in thy praise, I'll go
And shovel off the walk before my door.
—Boston Courier.

In the Garb of Genius.

Gentleman (to stranger)—My friend, do you not find that the life of a tramp is a very trying one?

Stranger (indignantly)—Sir, I'm no tramp; I'm a genius.—The Epoch.

An Epitaph.

A cartridge he picked up one day,
A sportsman dropped who passed that way;
I'll put it in the stove, he said,
And see it 'twill go off—it did.
—Boston Courier.

Charitable.

"Have a smoke, Simcox!" said his friend, as he passed out a fragrant Havana.

"No, thank you, I've sworn off."

"Well, put one in your pocket to smoke tomorrow."—Hartford Post.

A Harvest.

The surgeon grins from ear to ear,
The sticking track at last is here.
—Merchant Traveler.

Some Rare Bargains

are being offered at

EDSALL'S

20 West Front street, Plainfield, and 2 Somerset street, New Brunswick.

We will open a line of Spring Dress Fabrics in White Goods, and Hamburg Embroideries to-day and to morrow. Our Carpet Department is well supplied with a full line of Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Mattings Rugs, Portieres, Curtains, etc.

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FROM THE GULF COAST.

The leading druggist at Mass Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Van Weer's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.
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Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—8 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J.
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Children's all wool jerseys, sizes 20 to 30 in black, navy, cardinal and garnet, regular price 75 cents, reduced to 39 cents.

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100 gross pearl buttons, all sizes, at 5 cents per dozen.

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All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 312.

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This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the cordial dence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits, at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

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Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.

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Hyacinths, Tulips and other Spring Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsay.

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Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 31 E. Front.

T. L. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front St.

USE

CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

Best Biz Cord for Hand and Machine. For sale at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street.

The pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

THEODORE GRAY.

Mason and Builder.

JOBBING promptly attended to. P. O. Box 350. Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing *GOODS*

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

36 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

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GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of

Flour, Feed, Grain,

Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.

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69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 32. P. O. Box 1092.

FOTOGRAFS

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't become the bread, but best class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand. Made of first-class material only. Thanking you for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 31 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOR PRETTIES OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE ALL NO. 65.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its value is daily furnished. Quantity of advertising reading and in the manner of presenting all kinds of matter, and the low rates for the same. For Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and the general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism.

SOFTENING.

—Concert and ball at the Crescent rink to-night. Admission 50 cents.

—Wanted—A law to organize a fire department. Apply to the Legislature.

—A grand band stand has been erected at the Crescent Rink for to-night only.

—We are indebted to Assemblyman Ulrich for a copy of the Legislative Manual for 1888.

—The snow-fall last night from five o'clock to 9:30 was about four inches. Rain followed and the slush from, making lively sleighing.

—John Igo, who escaped from the Union County Jail in 1886, was arraigned before Judge McCormick for jail-breaking yesterday, and pleaded not guilty.

—A large wax doll handsomely dressed to be disposed of at the Gesang and Turn Verein fair, is on exhibition in the window of Henry Liefke's bakery, on West Front street.

—At Freuch's carriage factory some extraordinary bargains in sleighs are offered. The advertisement of this reliable concern may be read in another column with interest.

—Advanced and primary classes in German meet at the Y. M. C. A. this evening, the former at 7:30 and the latter at 8:30 o'clock. This class, which is taught by the Rev. F. Koechli, is one of the privileges of membership in the Association. Annual membership fee, $3.

—The Toboggan Company have arranged for a carnival at the Slide, Friday, Jan. 27th. The Plainfield Cornet Band will be in attendance. During the recent zero weather it was noticed that while those at home by the fireside were shivering those at the toboggan slide perspired freely with the healthful exercise. The managers hope to make the carnival to-morrow night a great success.

—The audience that witnessed the presentation of "The Main Line; or, RAWSON'S 'Y'" at the Stillman Music Hall, last night, was very small, but the play was given in every detail, and appeared to please. Miss Alice Allen's acting was appreciated, and the solo which she sang to her artist-lover was encored. She filled her part well, and was supported by a good company. The announcement that Miss Allen will again play in Plainfield in April will probably bring her a bigger house.

Union County Courts.

George Suydan of Summit was arraigned yesterday for trial on a charge of the larceny of a horse. He talked briefly with his counsel, James C. Connolly, and withdrew his former plea and pleaded guilty to petit larceny. Prosecutor Wilson accepted this plea, and the prisoner was remanded for sentence, to be imposed on Saturday, February 4.

James Laidy, a young man charged with an assault upon his wife, was arraigned for sentence. James C. Connolly, counsel for the defendant, made an appeal to the Court for mercy, because of extenuating circumstances.

Judge McCormick said that if appearance indicated anything the defendant did not belong to the criminal class. He warned him against future violations, and in view of all circumstances imposed only a fine of $5.

Somerville Squibs.

Miss Minnie Carpenter of Waltham, Mass., has been visiting Miss Mary Tunison.

Miss Carrie Morris, of Somerville, is visiting friends in Clinton Township.

Harry A. Smith, '87, has returned to college to pursue a post-graduate course in chemistry.

Mr. Walter Gaston will leave town shortly and take up his residence at Wilkesbarre, Pa.

George S. Corle, formerly employed in the Revenue Office here, has been appointed Postmaster at Three Bridges.

Ensign Geo. W. Kline, U. S. N., son of Aaron Kline, has gone on a three-year cruise on the U. S. S. "Enterprise."

The wife of Engineer Harry Whitenack returned home to Somerville, Monday, from Jerseyville, Ill., where she has been visiting her mother for the past four months.

Mr. Jos. W. Ballantine, wife and daughter, and Mr. Eugene Doubty and Miss Mary E. Doughty started for Florida yesterday. Mr. George Anderson will sail Friday.

Miss Lizzie Powelson, teacher of the Mine Mount public school, who has undergone a surgical operation at her home on Mt. Prospect, has fully recovered, and has again assumed her work as teacher.

Aragi Miyaki, a Japanese student at the Theological Seminary, in New Brunswick, will preach at the Reformed church Sunday morning. In the afternoon the union communion services will be held, conducted by Rev. Messrs Searle and Reed.

Almost Cut Off His Thumb.

Chas. Shurtevant of 20 New street, while cutting meat at his shop on Liberty street, this morning, almost severed the thumb from his left hand. A physician dressed the wound, and Mr. Shurtevant went to his home, where he will be obliged to stay some time.

A Law For Tradespeople.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—There ought to be a law for the protection of tradesmen, landlords and others from people with steady incomes who run up bills and get back in debt and then move to try the same thing elsewhere. Surely there ought to be a penalty for such deliberate fraud. A VICTIM.

Wandered from Basking Ridge

David Rooney, a farmer, of Basking Ridge, was found in Orange yesterday unable to give an account of himself. He seemed to be deranged. He was identified by a note for $200 on his person made out by David Lewis. He also had about $15 in cash.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE.

CHAS. GOODMAN'S SALOON AND HOME BURNED OUT.

His Wife and Servant Rescued From the Second-Story Window—Thomas Flynn Injured While Trying From a Ladder. Estimated Loss $8,000; Insurance $11,000.

The two-story frame building at Nos. 15 and 17 East Second street, owned by Charles Bock of Somerset street, and occupied by Charles Goodmann as a liquor saloon and dwelling, was ruined by fire and before morning this morning.

The building was an old-fashioned one with some modern alterations. The saloon occupied a sort of a left wing. At the rear was the back kitchen, and at the right was the front entrance, the hallway, parlor, dining room and kitchen of the dwelling, while the second story was divided into sleeping apartments.

The fire is supposed to have started from an overheated stove in the back kitchen. The flames evidently originated on the floor in front of the stove, and spread to the saloon, easily eating through the thin partition.

Mr. Goodman, who rented the place from Mr. Bock about a year ago, left Plainfield yesterday on the 12:33 train for New York, where he remains all night on business. His wife and the servant girl, "Annie," were alone in the house. They slept on the second story, in a room at the right, facing the left side of the residence of John C. Hoff.

THE ALARM IS GIVEN.

At about 4:20 o'clock this morning Mrs. Goodman was awakened by smoke and a consequent sense of suffocation. She at once recognized the fact that the place was afire, and awoke "Annie." The door leading to the hallway was opened, but the atmosphere was so smoke-laden that the women had to close the door again. Throwing up the window sash, Mrs. Goodman shouted for aid, calling for Mrs. Hoff, next door. The Hoff family was at once aroused, and John D. Gray, a relative, ran half-dressed to the District Fire Alarm and Telegraph office on Park avenue, where an alarm was at once sounded.

While the slumbers of the people of Plainfield were being interrupted by the clanging of the bell Policeman George Grant and Capt. Geo. D. Morrison, who had appeared in answer to cries of fire, devoted their attention to

SAVING THE IMPRISONED WOMEN.

Procuring a ladder they placed it against the side of the building, and assisted Mrs. Goodman and her maid to the ground.

The window directly beneath the bedroom of Mrs. Goodman was then broken open, and a line was formed from the window to the Hoff residence. A great deal of the silverware, which was in the room broken into, was passed along the line and saved, with a few other articles, but the dense smoke prevented extended work.

The firemen were promptly on hand. Three men, Wm. Grazlee, James Martin and Charles Smith, rolled out Gazelle Engine, No. 1, as far as the curb-stone, but could get no farther until assisted by M. J. McCarthy. The Gazelle was stationed at the fire-well in front of its house on West Second street near Park avenue. Plainfield Engine, No. 2, sought to work unsuccessfully at the fire-well on Somerset street, corner of Front, and finally was stationed over the race-way at the side of French's mill, opposite THE NEWS office. Warren Engine, No. 3, took up her stand at the race-way in the alley known indiscriminately as Pound's or Fairchild's.

FIGHTING THE FIRE.

Four streams were brought into play, one from each engine and an extra one from Gazelle.

It was an exciting fire, and a fierce one to fight. The front entrance of the saloon was broken open, and strong streams of water were directed in. But the fire had spread to such an extent that the firemen had hard work ahead. The interior of the saloon, finished in yellow pine, was a sea of flame and smoke, and it was not long before the fire broke through the front of the building and blazed bright in the open air. Great, dense, pitchy clouds of smoke rolled out continually; blinding the firemen, who could not see where to direct their streams except in a general direction inside. It was a bitter fight. Fierce flames were continually breaking forth in new places. At length there was a burst of flame through the roof, and it was evident that the building was entirely doomed, though hitherto it had been hoped that nothing but the saloon would be seriously burned.

WORKING FOUR HOURS.

The firemen worked four long weary hours, though most were drenched with spray that from their garments stiff, benumbed their fingers and made their bodies chill. To a worker the sight was exciting but painful; to an onlooker it had beauty; the trees, clad in ice—the houses, coated with frozen snow and frost—the busy, panting, active men—the rolling clouds of smoke and the ragnes of flame—the streams of water shooting into the air and falling in wind-wafted artificial rain—and over all a roseate, dickering light.

Gradually the fire died away, half burned and half drenched out. At 7:30 Plainfield Engine Company, No. 2, took up its hose and went home. Warren followed suit. It was 9, however, before Gazelle stopped playing. Then all that was left of the Bock building was a frail, tottering outer shell of charred clapboards and a mass of debris inside. The cellar, in which were stored bottled wines, was not as flooded as might have been expected. The lower floor of the building, except in the back kitchen, was not greatly burned.

A FIREMAN INJURED.

Peter Flynn, who resides on West Third street between New and Liberty, was descending a ladder at the rear of the Bock building at about six o'clock. The second rung from the top was missing and the other was fire-covered. Mr. Flynn slipped and fell to the ground, landing on his shoulder. He was not hurt a great deal, he says, and is able to be about, but is not working to-day.

The burned building is next to Fred. Cassebeer's saloon, where the fire took, and to the south.

There were four barrels in the house. One broke at the corner of Park avenue and Front street, three a stream as high as the roof of the three-story building opposite, a fact observed Wednesday night, Jan. 18th.

James Frame, bartender for Mr. Goodman, says that everything in the barroom was all right when he locked up last night.

THE LOSS AND INSURANCE.

J. C. Dorn & Co., of Front street are the insurance agents. The insurance is as follows:

Building (Mr. Bock)—Germania American Company, $2,000; Rahway Mutual, $2,000; Guardian of London, $2,000; total, $6,000.

Stock (Mr. Goodman)—Commercial Union of London, $2,000; Liverpool, London and Globe, $1,500; total, $3,500.

Bar and bar-fixtures (Mr. Goodman)—Commercial Union of London, $1,000. Household goods (Mr. Goodman)—American of Philadelphia, $1,000. Total insurance, $11,000.

The loss is estimated by local insurance gives at $6,000—$4,500 on the building and $1,500 on Mr. Goodman's property.

Mr. Goodman returned home this morning and has engaged a room at the City Hotel.

Blow thou the trumpet, blow!
Let Plainfield people know
Who fought the fire,
Dimmest fire,
In cold and wet and snow.

As nearly as can be ascertained the names of those who fought the fire were: Chief —J. Irwin Waters. Gazelle Engine Company, No. 1—Foreman C. R. Hope, First Assistant Foreman E. E. Vail, Second Assistant Foreman James Connelly, Engineer J. B. Gabby, Assistant Engineer John Albert, Second Assistant Engineer Isaac Taynor, Privates James Martin, M. J. McCarthy, L. J. Spicer, W. J. Newman, Chas. Smith, P. W. Vail, Peter Bennett, J. E. Huntington. Geo. Rhodes, Augustus Martin, Ex-Foreman Jerry Moore, S. A. Davis, A. Love, sr., Jas. Love, Stoker Wm. Grattan, John L. Blackford, Vincent W. Nash, Geo. Demarest, John Albert. James Skelly, Foreman of the Electric Light Company, and W. S. Sitter, Manager of the District Fire Alarm and Messenger Service, also turned out and helped the Gazelles.

Plainfield Engine Company, No. 2—First Assistant Chief T. J. Lynes, Geo. Butcher, Robt. Skinner, Engineer Frank Schuck, Horace Sherwin, Engineer Lauzo, Jos. Farleigh, Wm. Hickey, Wm. Wright, Hiram Voorhees, Ex-Chief Andrew Jennings. Geo. Frazee and Frank Krewson, non-members, assisted No. 2's men.

Warren Engine Company, No. 3—Foreman Peter Flynn, First Assistant Foreman Patrick Kelcher, Second Assistant Chief Michael Flynn, Chas. Seibel, Henry Voehl, Adam Utzinger, Hugo Wagner (exempt).

Alert Hose Company, No. 1—Foreman John W. Murray, jr., H. Demarest, Ex. Anthony, A. Saltzman.

Hook and Ladder Truck, No. 1—Foreman Jacob Bilman, Joe Cooney, Marx Hanson, Frank Fine.

There may be some names that have inadvertently been omitted from the above list, but it is as complete as could be furnished by the firemen among whom a NEWS reporter mingled.

Bound Brook Briefs.

Geo. Field of Bloomington has the scarlet fever.

Chas. F. Hoyt, age 63, a farmer near Bloomington, died Wednesday.

It has leaked out that Walter Clickner was married three months ago.

George Mollinson, for 15 years a mail agent on the C. R. R. between Easton and New York, has been superseded by W. J. McLean.

L. V. D. Shepherd has a filly named Emma S., sired by Kentucky Prince, which he thinks will prove a successful rival to David L.

The Field villa has been leased to the Misses Garretson of New Brunswick through the agency of D. V. VanDerveer of Somerville.

James Vosseller got a severe fall while working on the new St. Paul's Church building Wednesday. The scaffolding broke, precipitating him 16 feet to the ground. No bones were broken.

The entertainment for the benefit of St. Paul's church was very successful. Rector Harris had a number of friends from Somerville were in attendance. The Hall was crowded. The Misses O'Connor, daughter of Commissioner O'Connor, received several encores for her fine singing. Mrs. Col. Thomas was the accompanist.

State Sons of Temperance Meet.

The forty-third annual session of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of New Jersey was held yesterday at Temperance Hall, Trenton. Nearly two hundred delegates were present. Twenty-seven representatives were initiated. The reports of the officers showed a substantial increase of interest in the work of the order during the past year. Nine subordinate divisions were instituted, and the increase of membership was reported as upwards of four hundred. The following officers were then elected for the ensuing year:

Rev. A. G. VanAken, Grand Worthy Patriarch; Wm. P. Hudson, Grand Worthy Associate; Henry R. Howell, Grand Scribe, Wm. Robins, Grand Treasurer; Rev. S. Wesley Lake, Grand Chaplain; Jennie T. Stout, Grand Conductor; Sarah H. Valentine, Grand Sentinel.

Howell Division, No. 97., of this city, was represented by James R. Perrine, P. G. W. P.; Sylvester Scribner, W. P.; Thomas Osmond, P. W. P.; Mrs. Sara A. Matson and Mrs. Gertrude Ritenhouse.

The delegates from the division in Dunellen were: P. G. W. A.; J. B. Pyatt, Mrs. Smalley and Mrs. Vail.

P. W. P. Clark, was the delegate from the Westfield division.

At the conclusion of the session about thirty of the delegates, including the Plainfielders, visited the State Prison.

In the Presbyterian church at Caldwell there is dissatisfaction, some of the members being desirous of getting a new pastor, while the majority are pleased by the term of $1,200. At the polls last fall Mr. Berry rejected a Prohibitionist ballot. Against him voted Jas. William M. Franklin, C. J. Janeway, Augustus F. Libby and Lyman P. Hopkins.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Doings of New Jersey's Law-Makers for 1888.

(Fifth Installment.)

Senate.

BILLS PASSED.

S. 12, imposing a fine and imprisonment for allowing liquor or beer to be drunk on the premises, where there has not a license, 1 to 1.

S. 16, authorizing the formation of associations for improving and decorating the public squares or parks, 16 to 5; S. 17, providing for the construction of railroads, 17 to 4; S. 18, giving the G. A. R. the use of the Sea Girt encampment grounds, 17 to 0; S. 23, extending the corporate boundaries of the town of Plainfield, 15 to 0; Joint Resolution 2, providing for Commissioners to locate a monument to the soldiers of this State in the Raritan bay, 15 to 0.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 61, By Mr. Bevins. Validating all assessments made by the proper officers for roads or public roads, although the amount has not been submitted to the township voters. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 62. By Mr. Rue. Allowing the Prosecutor of the Pleas in counties of over 65,000 inhabitants to appoint a detective with the same power as constables; the appointment to be approved by the Judge and the appointee to receive not more than $5 each for every day of active service. (Judiciary.)

No. 63. By Mr. Bevins. Provides for the appointment, by the Circuit Judge, of two commissioners of juries, who shall make two complete lists of citizens eligible to jury duty, one copy to be filed as a record in the County Clerk's office and the other to be held by the Judge; the list may be revised from time to time, and from it the grand and petit jurors shall be drawn. The act gives minute directions relative to the serving of jurors. The commissioners shall receive each $500. (Judiciary.)

No. 64. By Mr. Cranmer. Appropriates to the Morristown Asylum $9,000 to complete the asylum; $10,000 for the new buildings; expenses; $15,000 for new outbuildings; $3,000 for the enlargement of the reservoir, and $2,000 for the improvement of water closets. (Lunatic Asylum.)

No. 65. By Mr. Darter. Supplement to the Orphans' Court Act. (Judiciary.)

No. 66. By Mr. Edwards. A lengthy amendment to the Railroad Tax Act of 1884. It provides that all the property of railroad and canal companies not used for railroad or canal purposes shall be taxed by the same assessors, in the same manner and at the same rate as the taxable property of other owners in the same taxing district.

This bill, which was drawn up by Attorney-General Stockton, is intended to meet objections made to the law as it now stands. The same act was introduced last year but at the late date that it failed to go through. It takes up each section of the law of 1884 and thoroughly revises it wherever revision is deemed advisable.

No. 67. By Mr. Rue. Makes the penalty for bigamy $1,000 fine or two years' imprisonment, or both. (Crimes of Lawa.)

No. 68. By Mr. Griggs. Providing that 12 hours' labor to be performed within 24 consecutive hours, with reasonable time for meals, shall constitute a day's work on boats on the canals and railroads. Makes the act of last winter more stringent. (Labor and Industries.)

No. 69. By Mr. Thompson. Directing the State Treasurer to transmit to the New Jersey Historical Society for its own use and for distribution, fifty copies of every pamphlet, report, legislative bill, etc., hereafter issued. (Printing.)

No. 70. By Mr. Edwards. Empowering county superintendents to declare vacant the office of any district clerk neglegent in his duties, and to fill the office for the unexpired term. (Education.)

No. 71. By Committee on Education. Providing that the State shall appropriate $500 to any district where an equal amount has been raised for the establishment of a manual training school or schools; the State shall appropriate as much every year as the district shall raise for the support of these schools. (Education.)

No. 72. By Mr. Edwards. Empowering the Courts to fix the proper assessment for roads, streets or sewers when the regular assessment has been set aside. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 73. By Committee on Education. Directing the State Superintendent to have prepared plans and general specifications for the construction of schoolhouses of various sizes and styles, with directions as to heating, ventilating, etc. (Education.)

House.

BILLS PASSED.

H. 34, prohibiting the making of any agreement, trust or vote in the Legislature that would cause the scarcity of any article of trade under a penalty of fine from $1,000 to $5,000, was advocated by Messrs. Mathews and McDermitt, and passed by a vote of 35 to 15.

H. 88, appropriating $6,000 for the expenses of the Labor Bureau; H. 46, relative to the payment of arrears of taxes in Jersey City.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 133. By Mr. Hill. Providing for a tax of one-third of a mill on every dollar of assessable property in cities that have a free public library, the expenses of the same to be the expense thereof, provided the same shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars. (Education.)

No. 134. By Mr. Hill (by request.) Amends the Chancery practice. (Judiciary.)

No. 135. By Mr. Hill. Provides for the appointment by Common Councils, of a suitable person to make searches against properties for unpaid taxes. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 136. By Mr. Hill (by request.) Gives to the words "remise, release and forever quit claim," in deeds or release, full force and effect to convey and vest the same property therein described. (Judiciary.)

No. 137. By Mr. Hill. Amends the Municipal Corporations.)

No. 138. By Mr. Hill. Provides for the appointment by Common Council of a suitable person to make searches against properties for unpaid taxes. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 139. By Mr. Hill (by request.) Amends the act regulating judgments so that they are a lien for ten years, but may be revived for a another ten years by scire facias. (Judiciary.)

SENATE NOTES.

James Gobles, who was on trial in the Jersey City Court of General Sessions for killing Mary Burke, was acquitted yesterday.

Barclay Peck, the convicted murderer of Katie Anderson, is getting fat in the Mount Holly jail, having gained 20 pounds since his arrest. He remains indifferent to his fate.

Daniel Lyons of No. 99 Willow street, Hoboken, fell from the trestle-work of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad coal wharves yesterday afternoon on a heap of coal forty feet below. His injuries are fatal.

Henry and Peter Jacob Jansen, aged respectively fifteen and seventeen, were drowned in the Passaic River while skating at Avondale on Monday. They were employed in Eastwood's wire factory at Belleville.

The Norfolk and New Brunswick Hosiery Company (limited) recently declared a dividend of fifty per cent. and declared a dividend of 5 per cent. The directors are Christopher Meyer, John N. Willmann, William Meyer, Jr., Frederick Meyer, William M. Franklin, C. J. Janeway, Augustus F. Libby and Lyman P. Hopkins.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Pensions for General's Widows.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 26.—The Senate at two o'clock this afternoon passed by a vote of 33 to 7, a bill granting a pension of $2,000 per annum to the widow of the late Gen. Logan, and the same to the widow of the late Gen. Blair.

A $50,000 Fire.

NIAGARA FALLS, Jan. 26.—The passenger depot of the New York Central R. R., and the offices of the Western Union Telegraph company here, were destroyed by fire to-day. Loss $50,000.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. J. P. Lentz, who was quite ill with pneumonia, is recovering.

Mrs. Clarissa Manning, who died in Ohio recently, was a week visitor from this county in 1818. She was 96 years old.

Mrs. James Barrett of Brooklyn, N. Y., who visited her daughter, Mrs. Carl Kaerth of East Second Street, left for home to-day.

Mr. Cox, a mason living at No. 17 Orchard place, will start to-morrow morning on a three weeks' visit to his daughters at Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Meeker, widow of the late Edward L., admirably fills her appointment by the Central Railroad Company to succeed her husband as station agent at Evona.

John T. VanCleef of Somerville has been elected one of the directors of the new Raritan River Railroad Company in place of one previously chosen but who failed to qualify.

Mr. A. H. Wilson, brother of Ida M. Wilson of 28 Manning avenue, who has been teaching at Closter, N. J., has been appointed principal of the Woodbridge public school, and will enter on his duties there Jan. 30th.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. Greenleaf Voorhees, formerly Maggie Henderson—took place from her late home in Brooklyn to-day. A number of the friends of the deceased went from this city this morning to attend the funeral.

John P. Wolfe of Somerset street is enjoying himself at Bristol, Pa., though the weather is very cold. He relates among his experiences the crossing of the Delaware river in an ice yacht. He will not return to Plainfield before Feb. 1st.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Samuel Connett were held in Brooklyn yesterday and the body was sent on here for burial. Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F., met the body at the 11:44 train this morning, and accompanied it to the Presbyterian burying ground, where it was interred according to the Odd Fellows' ritual.

A party of friends, assembled at the handsome residence of John W. Murray, sr., corner of Central avenue and Eighth street, last evening, spent the night happily. It was a full dress affair. Among those present were: Miss Silvia of Orange, who is daughter of the Secretary of the Edison Fire Insurance Company, of which John W. Murray, sr., is First Vice President: Gussie Murray, who was dressed in red crape; Dr. Del Hisce and sister, Foster Milliken and sister Carrie, Miss May Kirkner, Miss Carrie Kirkner, Miss Daniel, Irving Daniel, Miss Hedi, the Misses Thompson, Mr. Shover, Miss Jackson, Miss Green, Miss Florence Potter, Miss Mabel Potter, Louis Walz, Fred. Walz, Mr. Wilkinson, Miss Wilkinson, Miss May Sandford, Joseph Sandford, Herbert Peck, Frank Martin, Frank Newman, the Misses Morgan, Miss Carrie Knowland, Mr. and Mrs. Bayseu, Mr. Lenox, Miss Dorman, Mr. Heddenburgh, Miss Hunter, Harry Squires, Mr. McKenny, Miss Stewart, Miss Erickson, Mr. Erickson, Mr. Halleck, Miss McGee, Geo. Martin, Miss Hankinson, Miss Rushmore, Mr. Vreeland, Mr. Raymond, Mr. VanBuren, Mr. Hunter, Miss Fairbairn, Miss Heyniger, Miss Streull, Miss Drake, Miss Nettie Hetfield.

—The applications for liquor licenses expire about six weeks hence.

—The members of the G. A. R. Posts and Women's Relief Corps throughout the State will hold a Convention at Trenton, Feb. 8.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

	1887		1888
9 a. m.	29	Sun rises	7 15
9 a. m.	27	43	Sun sets	5 10
12 m.	28	43	Moon rises	4 14
9 p. m.	28	38	Moon sets	

Died.

HETFIELD—Died at Westfield, N. J., Theodore Hetfield, January 25th, 1888, in the 76th year of his age.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, Jan 27th, 1888, at his late residence.

WET GOODS

Ho! For Bargains in Boots and Shoes.

CALL IMMEDIATELY at

B. R. Force's corner,

No. 1 Park avenue and Front street.

Central Mart Column.

A LADY WOULD like a position in a bakery, or to help in a store. Address Miss Lindsay, care of Evening News.

A MIDDLE-AGED German woman wants a place in a small family to do general house work. Apply in Plainfield Row.

A GIRL wanting to general housework. No. 2 Craig Place. 1-26-1F

A PARTMENTS to be furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 23 West Third street. 25-1F

BOY WANTED to learn the printing business. Apply at NEWS office, next northeast of Tobeggan slide.

DRESSMAKER will go out by the day or week. Terms moderate. "Dressmaker," Box 1289, city. 25-3

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 24 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 3-27

FOR SALE—A good work horse 10 years old, a light spring wagon, and a heavy set of single harness. John Peebles, 27 Dunstreet, North Plainfield.

LOST—Commutation ticket. Please return to J. L. Andrson, P. O. Box 982. 25-4F

PARTIES desiring decorative painting on velvet, velveteen, cloth, silk, etc., can be accommodated by calling at the store of Miss Clark, North avenue. 25-3

WANTED—A quiet, steady girl to do chamber work, waiting, and assist with plain sewing and mending. References required. Apply for three days, at 84 West Seventh street.

$1,500 TO $2,000 to loan on mortgage. Address Stbyl, care EVENING NEWS. 20-6F

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT AND BALL.

CONCERT BY DRAKE'S CELEBRATED ZOUAVE BAND.

String by Prof. Theodore Ribsch, assisted by America's Favorite Cornet Soloist,

PLAINFIELD BAND

on the evening of

Friday, January 27,

Appropriate music by the

Grounds handsomely illuminated. The First Carnival

ever given in Plainfield, and the managers have spared no expense to make this a complete success.

Do Not Fail

to witness this

Grand Speectacle

the

Greatest Illuminated

display of the season.

Commencing at 8 p. m. Admission 10 cents. 40 Slides for $1.

GRAND TOBOGGANING CARNIVAL

Special Notices.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH, 1 phaeton, 2 buggies, 1 road cart, 1 sleigh, 3 set single harness, 2 set horse blankets. Call and look at them on Somerset street, near Linden avenue. JOHN P. WOLFE. 1-18-7w

TAX NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the

NORTH PLAINFIELD TOWNSHIP AND BOROUGH TAXES

assessed for the year 1887, remaining unpaid on January 31st, 1888, will be returned to the County Clerk at Somerville and recorded as the first lien against the property of said delinquents after which date, as required by law, such names will be published. Prompt payment is requested to avoid the further accruing costs. H. N. SPENCER, Collector. 78 Somerset street, North Plainfield. January 26, 1888.

We have a Special Line of Rough Writing Paper put up in one quire flat boxes with perfumed blotters These papers are in several different styles and we will sell them for the present at only 35 cents per box.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

LADIES'

W. F.

Shoes (Extra Heavy Soles) Hand Sewed, $4, Machine Sewed, $3.00.

Doane & VanArsdale

One-price Boot and Shoe House,

22 West Front street.

4-4 Fruit of the Loom 1 cent per yard.

4-4 Lonsdale 1 cent per yard.

at

VanEmburgh & White,

Read what we Offer.

Commencing Thursday, January 26th, we will sell to each and every customer buying an assorted bill of goods to the amount of 25 cents or more, 4-4 Lonsdale Muslin at 1c per yard. Muslin and Spool Cotton excepted. You will find every department overflowing with new goods, and we have got to sell to make room for Spring Stock and a visit to our store will convince you that we are selling just what we advertise.

VanEmburgh & White.

MUSIC HALL.

for a period of three days,

JAN. 26, 27 28,

MATINEE AND NIGHT,

PROF. MORRIS

EQUINE AND CANINE PARADOX.

14 Ponies and 20 Dogs.

Amazing! Refined! Instructive! The wonder of the age. The most wonderful animal act ever produced. Prices 10c., 20c., 30c. Reserved seats for sale at Stelle's drug store, Park avenue and Front street, and at Miller's drug store, Tuesday, Jan. 24.

W. S. MYGRANTS.

AT THE CRESCENT,

JAN. 26th, '88.

Concert from 8 to 10 p. m., under the management of Benj. LaVere and William N. Tier. Tickets on sale at R. M. Stelle's, and Field & Hedenburg's Dime Store east of Barton Kline at the depot.

TICKETS FIFTY CENTS.

25 PER CENT

ALLOWED ON ALL THE

WINTER GOODS

and

OVERCOATS

at

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Published every day except Sunday
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
and delivered within the City and Borough limits at one cent per copy or 25 cents per week, payable to the carrier every week or month.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1896

TRUSTS AND MONOPOLIES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Mr. Bacon, of New York, yesterday obtained the unanimous consent of the house for the consideration of the resolution directing the committee on manufactures to investigate trusts and pools. Mr. Randall said that when the resolution was first offered he objected to its immediate consideration because he thought it was not comprehensive enough. He would like to have it amended so as to apply to the present Ohio campaign. Only the other day a trust, or quasi trust of any kind in the United States, Mr. Bynum, of Pennsylvania, wanted the subject extended so as to apply to anthracite coal combinations.

Mr. Mason, of Illinois, the author of the resolution, said its object was the ascertainment of the effect which combinations had on the prices of certain articles of common consumption, and to see whether, by reason of the tariff, these combinations were able to raise the price of necessaries. There were some industries men in our country who would like to have a corner on the sunshine and levy a tax of $1,000 a day upon it. His object was to prevent the tariff laws which he believed to be, being perverted and turned against the people.

Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota, inquired whether the gentleman had any doubt that the tariff law itself was framed in behalf of the trusts.

Mr. Mason replied that he had no doubt that there was a class of men who took advantage of the tariff laws, and therefore those who had in the interest of protective tariff thought that there ought to be some way to prevent those laws being perverted. If there was no way to prevent it the people would soon trusts except by a revision of the tariff, he was ready to vote on that question now.

Mr. Rayner, of Maryland, said the resolution was not broad enough. It would not include the Western Union Telegraph company, which had swallowed up every other telegraph company for the purpose of controlling the business. It also affected the Standard Oil company. That was not a combination of individuals. It was a combination of different corporations, each one of which was created by the sovereignty of a particular state. The resolution would not apply to that. The Reading coal strike was a great quiet which was agitating the public mind. The Reading company was incorporated by Pennsylvania, but it shipped its commerce all over the country. That company, which had entered into a conspiracy to strike down labor in the Lehigh and Schuylkill regions in order to increase the price of coal, would not be affected by the investigation. So to extend the scope of the inquiry, he moved to strike out the clause which confines the inquiry to trusts not incorporated under the laws of any state. The motion was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Randall several amendments tending to broaden the scope of the inquiry were agreed to, and then the resolution was adopted, as follows:

Whereas, It is alleged that certain individuals and corporations in the United States engaged in manufacturing, producing, mining, or dealing in some of the necessaries of life and other productions, have formed trusts for the purpose of controlling or curtailing the production or supply of the same, and thereby increasing their price to the people of the country, which combinations are known as associations, trusts, pools, and like names, and

Whereas, Such combinations not only injuriously affect commerce between the States, but impair the revenues of the United States so derived from its duties on imports; therefore

Resolved, That the committee on manufactures be and it is hereby directed to inquire into the names and number and extent of such alleged combinations, under whatever name known, to extend the scope of the inquiry, to ascertain their effect upon the prices of any of the necessaries of life and of all productions of the people of the country and upon the internal or foreign commerce and its revenues from import duties, to further ascertain any and all other matters relating to the same which may call for our serious legislation by congress, and report the same to the house with such recommendations as the said committee may agree upon. And for those purposes the committee on manufactures is authorized to sit during the session of the house, [illegible] a stenographer, to administer oaths, examine witnesses, compel the attendance of persons and the production of papers.

Welcoming the Ice King.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 28.—The first festivities in connection with the third St. Paul carnival occurred yesterday afternoon in the shape of a parade, the grand feature of which was presented by a number of fantastic novelties. Senator Dunnell, of Stillwater, presented the ice king and was presented by Mayor Smith with the keys and freedom of the city. His royal highness then declared the carnival open and commanded his subjects to begin the festivities. In the evening the palace was illuminated by many colored electric lights placed within its walls. Throughout the evening the crowds evidenced no disposition to exchange the discomforts of the outer world of the weather for those of the home, and it was not until a very late hour that the streets resumed their normal appearance.

A Bogus Priest.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Joseph Eher, a clerical impostor, who claims to have been a professor of theology at Kastinga, was arrested at Potsdam yesterday for illegally performing the ceremony of the mass and drawing the stipend of a priest. The attention of the police was attracted to him through his ill concealed relations with a barmaid. Investigation disclosed the fact that the two were living together as man and wife, and the man's arrest followed. It is believed that Eher is none other than Kastinga, the clerical impostor whose exploits in Dublin two years ago brought him before a large number of persons of high standing in and out of the church.

High License Urged by a Bishop.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—The assembly committee on excise had a conference on the Saxton high license bill this afternoon. Bishop William C. Doane represented the Church Temperance society, while Dorman B. Eaton and the ex-assemblyman Wakeley Hamilton acted in behalf of the citizen's committee. Bishop Doane declared that prohibition had been tried and proven impracticable. High license had been successful in restricting the sale of intoxicants wherever enforced. One great object of the bill was to place the liquor business in the hands of the better class of men, who would see to it that as little harm as possible would result from the sale of intoxicants.

Wilkins' Wedded Woes.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 28.—The president of John Wilkins, of Cleveland, for taking a new wife at every change of the moon grows more remarkable as it seems to light. By the court record he appears to be the husband of five women, but three more must be added to his list of victims. Mrs. Wilkins is another of the wives, residing in this city, says she was married to him in May last. She says that Wilkins was married to Belle Ward at Mexico, Mo., January 1, exactly two years ago, and later to Mrs. Crittenden, of Baltimore. More wives are expected to come to the front in a few days.

INDORSED BY THE MINERS.

STRIKERS DETERMINED TO MAKE NO CONCESSIONS.

The Re-employment of the Discharged Railroad Hands and the 5 Per Cent. Advance Are the Conditions on Which They Will Resume Work.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 28.—Both branches of the striking miners' organizations were in session all day yesterday. Duffy, of Shenandoah, Pa., secretary, and John Thomas, of Frackville, treasurer, were re-elected, and Richard Northey, of Mahonoy City, was elected president over Peter Gorman, who held office several terms. Northey's election is claimed to be a victory for the anti-conservative element, and the men are resolved to continue the fight to the end. Jointly the railroaders' question of permitting individual colliers to work at the latter's discretion was taken down. The committee of the alliance between the railroaders and the miners represented by the two organizations, the Knights of Labor, and the Miners' National association, was reaffirmed, and the standing out for the 5 per cent. advance and the re-employment of all hands on the railroad, and at the mines, was overwhelmingly indorsed. The convention adjourned until the regular meeting in February.

Over sixty members, forming one of the largest meetings ever held of sub-district No. 13, of Miners' National district No. 135, K. of L., was in session all yesterday, and will finish its labors this evening. Master Workman Lewis is then expected back from, Ohio, and will certify the action taken. It is expected that important public announcements will then be made.

The result of these two meetings is a victory for the strike leaders, and no official change in the situation can be expected for a few days at least. It is predicted, however, that by Feb. 1 all the individual operators will be be given the privilege to work at the advance.

Chairman Duffy has a prepared an answer to Corbin's circular of Jan. 21, which will radically differ from Secretary Cahill, and that he will prove that the company, and particularly Superintendent Gallagher's heart, have broken faith and positive promises to the railroaders.

Injured on the Elevated.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Fannie Berger, the 11-year-old daughter of Louis Berger, of 221 East One Hundred and Ninth street, was injured on Tuesday midnight at the Ninth street station of the Third avenue elevated road. She will probably recover, though she will have to undergo a surgical operation, and has broken faith and positive promises to the railroaders.

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In the Interests of Labor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The house committee on agriculture yesterday practically agreed to favorably report the Hatch bill, passed in the house last year, creating an executive department of Commerce and Labor, to be under the supervision of a secretary. The committee decided to wait upon the labor committee of the house to inquire if the provisions of the bill were sufficiently broad and comprehensive.

A Baby's Strange Death.

BROWNWOOD, Tex., Jan. 28.—City Marshal Butler and his wife were kept up nearly all of Tuesday night by a sick child. About 3 p. m. both fell asleep, and the baby was found between them. When they awoke the baby was gone. A search discovered it dead in a cistern. No servants were employed, and the only theory held is that one of the parents drowned the child in a fit of somnambulism. The parents are frantic.

Deficit in a County Treasury.

CARLISLE, Pa., Jan. 28.—Jacob Hemminger, ex-county treasurer of Cumberland county, is short several thousand dollars in his settlement with the new treasurer. Arrangements have been made by which all money due the county will be paid.

Senator Wilson Re-elected.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 28.—Both houses of the legislature met yesterday, and after comparing journals on the vote for United States senator, President Hall declared James F. Wilson elected senator from Iowa for the years, beginning March 4, 1896.

To Close Out the Dens.

FARMINGTON, W. Va., Jan. 28.—The grand jury of Monongalia county completed its labors yesterday and brought in a batch of seventy-eight indictments. It is said that steps will be taken to clean out all the dens of Long Branch.

Two Killed and Several Injured.

OTTAWA, Ill., Jan. 28.—Engineer Swain or the Smith and Forger Lumber railroad jumped the track near here. Five men were severely injured and John Reardon and James Morrisey were killed.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Cyrus Wakefield, of Boston, president of the Wakefield Rattan company, died last night of heart disease.

Happy Medium, the most celebrated trotting stallion in the world, owned by Gen. W. T. Withers, of Lexington, Ky., and valued at $40,000, is dead.

An explosion of malinite occurred in a factory at Zurndorf, Hungary, killing three persons and wounding twelve.

Several hotels and other buildings at Susquehanna, Pa., were burned yesterday. Loss, $80,000.

Citizens of Buffalo, N. Y., ask charter changes to authorize selection of public school teachers by competitive examinations.

There is an impression among coal miners that the high tariff on coal means protection for the barons at the expense of the working men.

There is a quarrel over the distribution of the funds raised for the families of the executed Anarchists.

The office of The Mercury, Renfrew, Ont., was burned Tuesday night. The editor is a prominent Prohibitionist, and the fire is believed to have been the work of his liquor selling enemies.

George Lillie, a Chautauqua county farmer, signed a lightning rod contract, which was presented for payment by the note. Suit upon it in the supreme court resulted yesterday in a verdict in favor of Lillie.

Seaburn Posey, Jr., formerly school superintendent of Jones county, Ala., has been arrested at Hot Springs, Ark., on a charge of forging county orders for $20,000.

J. T. Taylor's residence, Calumet avenue, Chicago, was robbed of jewelry worth $5,000, while the family were at dinner.

Two engines collided Tuesday night on the bridge over Vermilion river at Streator, Ill., killing James Anderson, of Torcanie, Ont., a fireman.

The postoffice at Annapolis, N. S., was entered by burglars, who stole all registered letters and money packages in the safe.

An open switch near Newcastle, Pa., wrecked two freight trains and several, wounded seven employes.

CRIMINALS OF THE AQUEDUCT.

Action Taken Looking to the Prevention of Burglaries.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The people living along the line of the aqueduct from this town to New York are in an exasperated frame of mind. The condition has grown from bad to worse, and the thieves, who are known in large numbers in that district. When the laborers first began work they were content to steal only what they could put in a little white sack of the usual character in the city and from other places, who wanted a hiding place from the police, now a full-fledged burglar's kit. They now break and vent to work on the aqueduct. It does not take long for these criminals to become known to each other, and for mutual protection they form a league. They meet in secret, similar in many respects to the old Molly McGuires.

The meetings have been broken from time to time by men who were carefully selected from the Italians, Hungarians, Swedes, Irishmen and negroes who worked in the aqueduct. The meetings of the thieves have been known to each other. This organization soon became a powerful one in the commission of crimes and the protection of criminals. But still the workmen have not succeeded can be seen by a glance at the long list of robberies that have been committed near the aqueduct, the foul murders that have been perpetrated and the brutal assaults that have been made upon women. When these villains first began the terror stricken farmers and villagers appealed to the local authorities for protection. Investigations have been made, but no one had the courage to make any arrests.

Recently a committee of citizens waited upon Inspector Byrnes, of New York, and asked his assistance in cleaning out the criminals. As a result a number of detectives have been employed by the farmers, and wholesale arrests may be soon looked for.

RECOVERING THE DEAD.

The Death Roll of the Wellington Mine Explosion Largely Increased.

PORTLAND, Jan. 28.—Rescuing parties have been working hard at the Wellington colliery, the scene of Tuesday's disaster. The cage can be lowered to where the debris is. From there the workmen descend by means of a ladder. The work of clearing away the debris from the bottom of the shaft is being pushed forward with all possible speed, and it will still be two days at any dead bodies be brought up. It is now believed that nearly ninety lives were lost in the explosion.

Following is a partial list of those in the mine: Lasse Robinson, P. Robinson, Jacob Kline, ——— Regardo, John Stewart, D. McDonald, William Horn, James Jones, Valaris; John Mollard, William French, William Wilkes, Charles Tiller, Alex. Ross, ——— Belonis and Italian partner, John Marshal, R. Vincent, D. Gordon, H. Greenwell, W. Godfrey, R. Davis, J. Williams, Frank McCoy and two others, names unknown; one miner, name unknown; two men, not in the employ of the company, taken down by miners; twenty-five Italians, employed as runners, and fifteen Chinese employed by miners as loaders.

All possible endeavors are being made to recover the bodies. The greatest obstacle is after damp. No hopes are entertained of the lives of those below. There is no scarcity of provisions. A large relief fund is started. Vancouver Coal company are rendering every assistance required. Not much damage was done to the mine, but how the explosion took place is a mystery.

Tragedy in a Ballroom.

COLUMBUS, S. C., Jan. 28.—On Tuesday night a large dance was given at the house of John McClure, in York county, five miles from Yorkville, at which there was gathered people for miles around. During the evening a quantity of "moonshine" whisky was circulated, and at about midnight a mystery of the most murder the Robinson party of liquor. At this time a quarrel occurred upon the floor between James Beam and John Phillips, in which several others joined. Pistols were at once drawn and fired. Great confusion in the room full of women. A terrible scene ensued. When the smoke cleared away Beam was found on the floor, shot through the heart. Others were slightly wounded. Phillips and George Gumtrop were locked up.

Signed in the Dark.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Jan. 28.—A startling plot for the wholesale liberation of prisoners confined in the state penitentiary was discovered yesterday by Warden Patton. Bond was given to the burglar, who is released yesterday. When he was searched keys to the cell house and sealed instructions to three prisoners were found. Under the fellow's armpits. Thompson was held, and, with Clark, a cell mate, confessed that the escape was planned for to-day at the time when the convicts are let into the yard for shaving. It was part of the plot to overpower and kill the guards. Clark confessed that he made the keys, the impressions of which he took in wax.

Rather be an Editor Than President.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—"I am not a candidate, and neither would I accept the nomination for president," said George W. Childs, of The Public Ledger, yesterday when asked if he had seen the letter which appeared to-day in the daily papers containing the announcement by James McManus that he will go to the Republican national convention and there work and vote for his nomination. "But it is very kindly on the part of Mr. McManus and the gentlemen with him who are mentioned my name, but it is entirely unsolicited on my part. I do not want the nomination, and I would not accept if it were tendered me."

Auburn's Suspended Bank.

AUBURN, Ind., Jan. 28.—The city is a probable loser by the suspension of the First National bank, the treasurer having $27,000 tax receipts deposited, and never having filed a bond for the required $50,000 of city funds. A special meeting of the common council has been called in consequence. The heaviest depositors are the three railway commissioners of Auburn, whose accounts aggregate $10,000, and who were among the directors. It is said that the duplicate books were kept in the handwriting of the cashier, and that no further news has been heard from the absconding clerk.

Terrible Explosion of Dynamite.

JERRESTOWN, Pa., Jan. 28.—Yesterday a terrible explosion occurred at the dynamite factory at Bethayre's Station, near here. The building was entirely destroyed and the workmen were blown in all directions. Six men were killed outright. Four others were badly injured. A young man named John Gaston was the most seriously hurt. His side was torn open and his left arm torn off. He will probably die. The other injured men may recover. Every pane of glass within a half mile of the factory was broken.

A Minnesota Pioneer Dead.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 28.—J. K. Sidle, president of the First National bank, died yesterday, aged 57 years. He was one of the oldest and best known pioneers of the city. He came here in 1857, and for many years conducted a banking business under the name of the milling firm of Sidle, Fletcher & Holmes. He helped to build the Minneapolis and St. Louis, the Minneapolis and Pacific and the Winona and St. Peter.

CHANGES IN THE CHURCH.

OF INTEREST TO CATHOLICS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Archbishop Williams, of Boston, Destined to be Elevated to the Cardinalate—The Appointment Probable in This Country on Americanist Only.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 28.—The special correspondent of The Baltimore Sun at Rome writes: A number of important changes in connection with the government of the Catholic church in the United States are contemplated, and it is learned upon good authority that, it is agreed upon in ecclesiastical circles that Archbishop Williams, of Boston, will be made a cardinal at the consistory of March. One object of such is given by this belief by the fact that Rev. Dr. Rooker, secretary of the board of archbishops, a confidential friend of Boston archbishop, is expected as saying he will be in Rome this month. It is thought his errand will be to take from the pope an indorsement of the name to be selected by the archbishops, as that of Cardinal Gibbons the pope has been highly impressed with the clever management of the American church, its growth and prosperity. It is another fact given great importance in its welfare by giving it another papal patron. In that case, the gossip is, the new cardinal can have the ordering of a cloud hat for his shoulders. It will be Bishop McMahon, of Hartford, Conn., whom place will be filled by the consecration of Rev. Dr. Byrne, vice-general of Boston.

The report that Archbishop Ireland is not down to Rev. P. L. Chapelle, of Washington, though a few think Bishop Janssens, of Natchez, may be the one promoted. Many of the bishops will divine by the archdiocese of Milwaukee, and Bishop Ireland will be made archbishop of one of the dioceses. Rev. Dr. O'Connell, rector of the American college at Rome, will probably succeed Right Rev. J. J. Keane as bishop of Richmond. Rev. Dr. Farrell, of New York, will in all likelihood be made rector of the American college, succeeding Dr. O'Connell.

A member of the papal household says Pope Leo will not take any notice of an attack made by Cardinal Vaughan upon the Irish and German Catholics in the United States. Strange stories have crept into Rome regarding alleged complaints at the predominance of Irish prelates in America. The pope has said that in making promotions in that direction he will not recognize, even if accompanied by the strongest recommendations, any claims for appointment based on national preferences. He is determined not to give ear to either side, should the issue ever come, for he holds that no citizen is Irish or German solely or distinctly in the United States, but an American, and as such, mentally and spiritually qualified for the position in question, will they be considered.

Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The senate in executive session this afternoon confirmed the following nominations: J. R. Hamlet, of New York, secretary of legation, Central American states; C. C. Long, of New York, secretary of legation; Thomas C. H. Way, of Georgia, consul general at St. Petersburg; F. D. Hill, of Minnesota, United States consul at Asuncion; H. F. Merritt, of Illinois, at Aix; Chapelain Victor Vifquain, of Nebraska, United States consul at Aspinwall; J. C. Quiggle, of Pennsylvania, United States consul at Nice; Henry Hitchcock, of St. Louis; W. White, of New Hampshire, United States consul at Shenbrook; E. P. Crane, of New Jersey, United States consul at Stuttgart.

Increasing Greensburg's Industries.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Jan. 28.—On Monday representatives of Kelley & Jones, manufacturers of the Kelley & Jones automatic gas apparatus in Jersey City, were here looking at sites which to erect their plant. They agreed to remove here provided $50,000 in stock was subscribed by local men to be used as working for their buildings. Some of our enterprising business men secured the land from John Keck, Jr., in the southern end of the town. Last night the board of trade subscribed the stock. The company employs 300 skilled mechanics, and their pay roll is upward of $4,000 a week.

Guest Says He is Innocent.

ROME, N. Y., Jan. 28.—Mrs. Richard Lester, who was run out of the Broadway at New London Monday evening, is now in a fair way to recovery. She thinks it was Eugene Guest, the prisoner in jail here, who assaulted her, but declares on her word of honor she was innocent of the burglary. Gossip in regard to Report connects the two as having been intimate for seven or eight years, and jealousy on the part of Guest is given as the motive. Her husband believes her guiltless, as he has expressed a great desire to see Guest, but the authorities refused her request. Guest says he is innocent.

A Candidacy Man's Big Haul.

ALBANY, Jan., Jan. 28.—Senator Tanner, the wealthy ex-mayor of Dutchess county, was confidenced out of $20,000 by a pretended detective a few days ago. The confidence man first appeared to Tanner disguised as a woman, saying she was looking for the person who robbed Tanner of $1,500 some months ago. He succeeded so quickly in gaining Tanner's confidence that upon the pretext of wishing to buy a farm he got from him $20,000 in securities and $2,000 in cash, and disappeared. Tanner don't like to talk about it.

Against the Division of Dakota.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The house committee on territories yesterday gave a hearing to L. G. Johnson, representing the conventions recently held at Aberdeen, D. T., against the division of the territory. He spoke in favor of the Springer bill, which proposes statehood for the territory as a whole. He claimed that those who favored dividing the territory for the purpose of establishing a "pauper state" and that the Aberdeen convention was a "pauper-anous uprising" in opposition to it. The committee took no action, and a hearing will be given that other side of the question.

Fatal Stroke of Apoplexy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—William H. Rodie, one of the oldest members of the Cotton Exchange and of the original board of managers, was stricken yesterday with what his physician pronounced a fatal attack of apoplexy. Mr. Turner said that death would doubtless result, and might take place at any moment. The news of Mr. Rodie's sudden prostration caused a somewhat complete cessation of business and changes.

Murderer Maxwell's Doom.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Jan. 28.—Governor Morehouse is receiving many letters from his friends and relatives asking him not to sign the death warrant of Maxwell, the murderer of Sheriff Gideon. Citizens of this and other states asking him not to show any clemency in the Maxwell murder case. Indications are that the governor will take no steps in the matter before Feb. 4, and it is believed that Maxwell's doom is sealed.

Just Escaped Another Funeral.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Jan. 28.—While United Judge D. Y. Mowday was driving across the railroad at Conshohocken, on Tuesday afternoon, a passenger train crashed into his team. His wagon contained the body of a gentleman from Philadelphia, and the coffin was thrown out and demolished. Mr. Mowday escaped with a broken leg.

ENGLAND'S FORTIFICATIONS

Speech by a Conservative Candidate to the Peasantry in Dover.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Lord Brassey delivered a speech on the subject of the defenses of London in the house of commons last night.

When he had finished the Duke of Cambridge, who presided, arose and said that the defenses of the empire depended upon the power of the commons to provide for the necessary expenditure. Only by the economical conduct of public affairs was that the preparation for contingencies was the truest economy. The country was not prepared for an emergency. It was positively necessary that the defenses should be improved.

Lord Charles Beresford explained that he resigned the office of a junior lord of the admiralty because the interests of the military and naval service had been subordinated to political exigencies. He was not prepared to say anything in favor of the government's proposals at this moment. He said that the reason for not having the governor of the Cape of Good Hope with the troops was the result of the action of the cabinet

WOMAN AND HOME.

MRS. SHERWOOD WRITES CONCERNING A CHAPERONE'S DUTIES.

Society at the Capital—Comfort for Weak Hearts—Cure for Frosted Feet—Cold Starch — Fashionable — Economy — Story — Bits of Useful Information.

But if a girl enters the world of fashion she must accept its laws and limitations. They are inexorable, and she must accept them if she would succeed. American women amiably possess a strong sense of propriety. They have a truly healthy love for virtue, as shown in our horror of infraction of wrong, as American men have a natural love of law and order and a propensity to obey the law. Let us hope that it is the natural outcome of a young republic and owing to the exceptionally unspotted and wholesome nature of American men that an American woman is safe anywhere. *Bret Harte* and all the play wrights have treated us to the spectacle of the plight of our young schoolmistress who charmed a whole colony of wild miners into submission and clean linen.

But we are ceasing to be the fresh and primitive young republic. We are becoming one of the richest and most powerful and luxurious people on the face of the earth. We can afford to care little for the opinion of foreigners. But we do not wish to place our young girls in a false position in their eyes. We do not wish them to grow up oblivious of good manners.

The duties of a chaperone are obvious. They call for great unselfishness. She must accompany her young charge into society. She must sit in the parlor when gentlemen are calling. She must, especially after the young lady is "engaged," go everywhere with her.

A chaperone should be an intelligent woman. Society requires a certain amount of handling, which only the social expert understands. Some women have this tact, and a great many more have it not. It is a sort of genius.

No very young flirtatious married woman, bent on pleasing herself, should be selected for a chaperone for young girls. She is no protection to the charge, and she lacks the first requisite, the care-taking, a sense of propriety, and the second requisite, which is unselfishness. If any woman should have a spotless record it should be the chaperone. Much of the loveliness and charm of certain set in American society is due to this adoption of young chaperones. *A girl married yesterday* is in no wise fitted for the post. Neither is the young princess or grandmother. She would still be chaperoned herself. In choosing for an American to [illegible] ladies, royal ladies, dowagers, [illegible] society, youthful Lady Sophias or [illegible] something, who never leaves the [illegible]

[illegible] have thrown off the slavery of [illegible] rank, although our young women [illegible] wear to the Justice mills of liberty [illegible] quickly as any women in the [illegible] they are vastly the most fascinating pretty young thing in the [illegible] position of chaperonage is one which is more considered than it is. It [illegible] for to silence gossip, to promote respectability.

We cannot, perhaps, immediately educate the daughters of people who have suddenly stepped into the responsibilities of rank, prosperity into the etiquette of the quiet elegant, educated, thoughtful people who have constituted for a century what we may call our American blue blood. The young classes, however, have always been living side by side, and gradually they amalgamate. It seems impossible that any American woman, with her quiet intelligence and her imitative faculty, can be so oblivious of the proprieties which she shocks as are some of those who travel or stay at home, oblivious of chaperone, or careless of good manners. We can only refer as an explanation to this mistake to the lack of reverence, and to the imitative faculty that it is clever and independent *to outrage the recognized etiquette of the best society all the world over.* We Americans are very sensitive to ridicule. Let us first see that we do not deserve it.

We may as well accuse ourselves of our national sins, and take the bitter pill at once. Let us foolish beggting of the question, to prefer to appear badly, rather than be told that we do. No harm will come to a girl from the companionship of a nice and good chaperone. Her mother, if possible, is not her mother, then the next best thing.—M. E. W. Sherwood in New York Mail and Express.

Society at the Capital.

Society at Washington is organized upon the most singular principals, mingling exclusiveness, which is a tendency in all society, with a quasi public character, which arises from the official position held by the husbands or fathers of most of the ladies who entertain. The kind of society which is most interesting is the women folks who, for one half private, half public variety. It is like holding a court or a levee at which homage is paid to the reigning hostess. All official ladies have one day for receiving callers, and any respectable person is permitted to present himself and is cordially welcomed, passed along the line of ladies who are receiving and turned over to the courtesy of one or two pretty girls, who preside at the refreshment table. *There is no intimacy in a call of this kind*—hardly acquaintanceship, only a deference to the hostess and her assistants, which seems to be sweet incense to them all.

There is a burlesque side to the picture. A hostess feels that she is in a position, more or less, of an actress, and she does not wish to play to empty benches. The highest compliment that can be paid to her is a full house. This often sets the ladies to contrive to draw great audiences as it might be called. Now a star is popular on the stage—sometimes because of the setting of the piece, sometimes because of the strength of the support. A Washington hostess who is ambitious to excel often resorts to the device of the actress to make her show a success. She must have strong support, and she is anxious to have the pretty girls of the capital receive with her to help to attract the crowd her way. A pretty girl can oftentimes lead a company of young men from one house to another with her, and, *of course, a prize of this kind is much sought for* by ladies who receive.—Washington Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

A Cure for Frosted Feet.

For years I have suffered so with frosted feet that for days and weeks at a time I could not wear leather boots or shoes at all. And when spring came the itching was almost intolerable. I tried every remedy I could think of. I had been schooled to believe that turpentine was an effectual cure; but although I soaked my feet with it till I was afraid to cover them up to warm at night lest there should be a conflagration, the soreness and itching seemed to increase rather than diminish. Then I bathed them night after night with tarred oil, coal oil, castor oil, and a few other oils. This seemed to only put the itching in better running order, but it didn't run away and leave me. I tried physicians and drug store prescriptions, and would probably be smiling at my lot yet had I not read of the simple remedy:

"In a gallon of water as hot as can be used dissolve all the powdered alum you can. In this soak your feet from fifteen to twenty minutes, adding more hot water as the other cools. The result will be a delightful feeling, and you can draw on your boots in comfort."

I tried it the same evening. I remember that I had to soak my feet in steaming hot water and could not get my boots on. I went to bed and once more slept the sleep of the just. The next morning I pulled on my boots without pain and journeyed cheerfully to the duties of my day. My feet have rarely troubled me since; and when they have showed signs of it again taking up the old habit, a dose of hot water and alum brings them back to the path of rectitude.—Detroit Free Press.

Use of Cold Starch.

The principal objection to the use of cold starch, made by many women, is that it *sticks* so to the irons. If it is made in the following way, and the irons are smooth, there need be *fear of its sticking.* The quantity of starch to be used depends upon the article to be starched, and, also, on how stiff it is wished to be. For collars and cuffs a tea spoonful to a pint and a half pint of cold water will make enough for six collars, while for a dress half a cupful of starch to a half pailful of water will not be a bit too much. *One or two trials* will convince the housewife just how much to use. Mix the starch into the water, and after it has dissolved wash the hands clean, then, with some clean good soap wash them again in the starch, using the soap promiscuously. The washing in the starch is only to make a nice white suds. The next step is to put a little in the article to be starched rinse it *thoroughly until sure* that the starch *has reached* every part wished. Then ring it out tightly and pass through the wringer. The article must have been dried thoroughly outside before being put into the starch. After taking it from the wringer shake it well, roll it up in a dry cloth, let lie for about ten minutes, then iron with hot irons (not hot enough to burn), and there will be no sticking. Clothes done up in this way will look much nicer and iron much better than if done in the old way.—Boston Budget.

The Charm of Femininity.

As to the question of beauty, one elderly club man says that it used to be a common thing to see people—men and women both—turning around to look at girls on the street, but that such a thing rarely happens nowadays. In France that used to be held as a test of real beauty. A great Parisian belle said sadly, after returning home from a walk one morning: "I am getting old; the gamins *on the street no longer stop to admire me.* I am going home to improve my mind." Another man attributes this partly to tailor made gowns.

He says that severe style robs women of their feminine charms. It began in the plain habits for hunting in England, and on horseback it is appropriate and pretty; once in a while it is very piquant to see a woman in a masculine dress; but when fashion has once allowed plainness to creep into even their ball toilets, and on the street a well dressed New York woman is as severe in her style of raiment as her brother. Hair must be as smooth *as silk, with only a stiff, rigid little* bang, a rim of stiff white linen about the throat and wrists, and every garment as neat and close as will not be possible to name. It makes the New York girl a model of fresh cleanliness, but she doesn't look as pretty as she used to when more flowing and graceful styles were worn, and she made no attempt to look anything but strictly feminine.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Comfort for Weak Hearts.

When a young man is down in the valley of humiliation because he has failed in some cherished undertaking and in despair argues the likelihood of becoming a failure altogether. I would suggest to him to look away from himself for a while to other lives *and study their successes and failures.*

When a young woman is in her first great heartache and disappointment wishes she was dead because all future life will be of no account to her, let her do the same. When I see these deep tears a young heart is struggling with their disappointments I long to take them by the hand and assure them out of my larger, older experience that it is not so bad as they think—that it will not last forever, that life is only the sum of a succession of experiments, successes and failures, and that all the successful men are something to them of great importance in the end; that the terrible agony of the present *suffering may be,* if we will it so, the [illegible] pains of a greater success than we have dreamed of yet.

Dear blind young eyes, without the power to see what results will follow upon your impulses of passion, try to see that they the world suffers as you do at times and still manages in time to be happy again.—Lucy Holbrook in Herald of Health.

Waste of American Families.

We waste at the store, at the market, and in the house enough to make us wealthy if we would only save. The fathers and the mothers do not understand the little arts of economizing, and the sons and the daughters do not learn them. We think it incompatible with our dignity as free born and well to do Americans to devote our attention to these things. This is especially true as regards our food. The common saying that "the average American family wastes as much food as a French family would live upon" is a great exaggeration, but I can cite statistics to show that there is a deal of truth in it. We endeavor to make our diet suit our palates by paying high prices in the market rather than by *skillful* cooking and tasteful servings at home. We buy much more than we need, the part of the excess is the detriment of our health, and save the rest away. And, what makes the matter worse, it is generally those who most need to save that are the most wasteful. —Prof. W. O. Atwater in The Century.

Bandaged Children's Eyes.

"I must go and bandage Hazel's eyes," *said* a young Detroit mother who was entertaining evening company.

"Do her eyes trouble her?" asked one of the friends sympathetically.

"No, but they trouble me," said the mother laughing. "First an itch, then a little red, a glimmer of light she will like to ask questions, but as soon as I bandage them, she goes to sleep."

Sure enough, not another word was heard after the little girl's eyes were tied up.

"I never heard of such a thing," said the friend, "is it a punishment?"

"Not at all. The child likes it. The sensation gives her something to think about and in a moment she falls asleep."

"It is an original idea!"

"It is an Indian custom," said the handsome brunette mother, "and descended to me from my grandmother, who was an Indian princess. When I travel I always bandage the children's eyes when I want them to sleep. *It acts like a charm.*"—Detroit Free Press.

Something Worth Remembering.

Putting buttons, beads and similar objects into the nose is a vicious habit, which is by no means confined to children, but it is done the mother or some officious neighbor will always be on hand to defeat the effort made. Salt when moistened the object being ground deeply into the nose. A very young child, after such an accident, can rarely be persuaded to forcibly blow its nose, but an older child or grown person can nearly all cases be expelled. When it is not expelled in this manner it should be looked for by a physician without delay. Never attempt to hold the head steadily between his or her knees, then let the mother apply her lips closely over the mouth of the child and blow suddenly and forcibly into it. In by surprise, ing with what ease the trouble can be removed by this means. The child will very likely cry when the operation is attempted; but if it does no pain the force. If the simple procedure advised fails, the services of a physician will generally be needed to accomplish the removal of the foreign body.—Boston Journal of Health.

A Hint to the Housewife.

Stewed apples, pears and plums are favorite articles of diet. For breakfast or luncheon, in the dining room or in the nursery, there are few table dishes more wholesome and none more delicious than well stewed fruit served up with cream or custard. There are many persons, however, who cannot eat it on account either of the acidity of the fruit or the quantity of sugar required to make it palatable. *Sugar does not, of course,* counteract acidity; it only disguises it, and its use in large quantities is calculated, to retard digestion. The housewife may, therefore, be grateful for the reminder that a pinch—a very small pinch—of bicarbonate of soda, sprinkled over the fruit previously to cooking, will save the sugar, and will render the dish at once more palatable and more wholesome. —British Medical Journal.

The Coming Women.

Nothing in the United States struck me more than the fact that the remarkable intellectual progress of that country is very largely due to the effort of American women who edit many of the most powerful magazines and newspapers, take part in the discussion of every question of the public interest, and exercise an important influence upon the growth and tendencies of literature and art. Indeed, the women of America are the one class in the community that *enjoys that leisure which is so necessary for* culture. The men are, as a rule, so absorbed in business, that the task of bringing some element of beauty into the chaos of daily life is left almost entirely to the opposite sex, and an eminent Bostonian once assured me that in the Twentieth century the whole culture of his country would be in petticoats.—Oscar Wilde in Woman's World.

To Avoid Taking Cold.

We must "toughen" ourselves to endure cold. We should depend more on exercise and less on clothing to keep our bodies warm. The clothing should be the lightest compatible with comfort. Cold sponge bathing or the air bath; is essential to the health of all who can properly employ either. We, as a rule, need less heat in our homes and better ventilation. Personal care and the application of a little common sense "fill out the measure."—Herald of Health.

Relief for Toothache.

Spirits of niter mixed with alum and applied to the cavity of the tooth affected with toothache will remove the pain, even though the nerve be exposed. It is best applied on a little cotton. If the pain extends upward to the eye, or takes the form of neuralgia, put some alum and borax mixed, into take out the stems, wet them and apply on *the face over the seat of the pain. This will* generally bring relief.—Herald of Health.

Cure for Corns.

For corns put a small quantity of strong vinegar into a tea cup and crumble some bread into it; let it stand half an hour, then put a little on a strip of cloth and bind around the toe, with the poultice over the *corn; it can be taken out the next morning,* and the corn will be so distinate one it will require two or three applications to effect a cure.—Boston Budget.

An "Æolian Harp."

Wax a piece of buttlehole twist about two and a half feet long. Tie each end strongly to a small peg and thrust the pegs down the crevices of the window sash. Some of your southern or western window, stretching the silk as tight as possible. It will surprise you with the sweetness and variety of the tones the wind will bring from it.—Boston Budget.

If you use powder of any kind on the face, never go to bed without washing it off. Sensitive persons as well as cleanliness require this. To keep your skin from roughening, find by trial what kind of soap suits you best, and use no other.

Frequent changes of soap are bad for the complexion. Beware of those which are highly scented; as a general thing, they are of poor quality, the scent being used to destroy the odor of the other ingredients used.

When you boil a cabbage, tie a bit of dry bread in a bag and put it in the kettle. French cooks say that all the unpleasant odor which arises from the small bits an old drain will be absorbed by the bread.

Often after cooking a meal a person will feel tired and have no appetite; for this heat a raw egg until light, stir in a little milk and sugar, and season with nutmeg. *Drink half* an hour before eating.

To have a clear skin, remember that you must have good health, and to have good health and a rosy complexion you must wear thick shoes and spend a part of every day out of doors.

To save both time and temper, never leave a bottle or box on your closet shelf without being plainly labeled. All packages which do not clearly indicate their contents should be marked.

It is an excellent plan to have a penny bank, to be opened once a year, when a book may be purchased or the contents may be used in any way desired.

A teaspoonful of borax put in the last water in which clothes are rinsed will whiten them surprisingly. Found the borax so it will dissolve easily.

Children's feet should be bathed in warm water every night in the year, rubbed dry and the stockings hung up so that they will be well aired.

Warts may be destroyed by being rubbed with alum. Carry a lump in the pocket and rub on the wart frequently, wetting it as you do so.

Do not put bread on the stove to heat long before they are wanted, as exposure to high heat will roughen and injure them.

If you are troubled with cramps in the feet, wear a piece of cotton wick around the ankle constantly.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

NEW DESIGNS IN JEWELRY, INCLUDING A COLLAR ORNAMENT.

Plush and Velvet Long Cloaks Designed for Evening Wear—A Stylish Gown Made with Dark Blue Drapery Over a Red Skirt.

The stylish gown shown in the cut is designed for a morning dress and is appropriately worn on any occasion where a dress of this description is admissible.

DRESS OF TWO KINDS OF CLOTH.

This dress is made of two kinds of cloth. The foundation skirt is of red broadcloth, and coat fronts, is admirably adapted to the showing off of a good figure. The dark blue cloth drapery which falls in long graceful folds in front and at the back, is looped high on one side to show the dark red skirt underneath, said skirt being quite plain. A passementerie agrafe ornamenta one side of the skirt. The bodice is made of the same cloth as is the drapery, while the simulated waistcoat fronts are of the red cloth. Attention is directed to the graceful and becoming arrangement of the hair.

Evening Wraps.

Plush is a favorite fabric for evening cloaks, and comes in all the new pale and dark shades, in apricot, Nile green, gold brown, and peach colors, also in the dull red of Cordova leather, and the ruby red which is so becoming. The shapes are very large, long and full, with the new pointed sling sleeves, or *also with merely slits for the arms* to pass through. Crystal beading and light furs trim the lighter cloaks, while black passementeria and black fur is placed in lengthwise rows on the red wraps. The linings are rich brocaded, striped, or changeable silks wadded with down, and very lightly quilted in parallel bias rows an inch apart. The brocaded velvets that are now made in the handsome evening cloaks in the pale rose, blue, and copper red shades bordered with feather trimming.

New Ornament for a Lady's Collar.

In the cut is shown a new design for an ornament for a lady's collar which originally appeared in Jeweler's Circular.

COLLAR ORNAMENT—SCARF PIN.

This ornament, as will be seen, differs from the usual collar ornament, in that from the brooch and lace pin, being quite an original *affair. It consists of two small gold bot*tons of Roman finish, in the form of your northern or western window, stretching the silk as tight as possible. It will surprise you with the sweetness and variety of the tones the wind will bring from it.—Boston Budget.

The two engraving figures are merely new designs for the exceedingly popular scarf pin which is worn alike by both sexes, serving as a bonnet and ribbon pin with the ladies, and a *scarf* pin with men.

Brides at Home and Abroad.

Just what New York brides are wearing may interest our readers. Following are descriptions in brief of toilets that appeared at weddings occurring one day last week: A bride married in St. George's church, and a bride in North green entered dressed with silver threads and pearls, wore a necklace of pearls with a diamond clasp and diamond pin pendant. Her corsage was a beautiful fleur de lis of diamonds, the gift of the groom. In her hair glittered a diamond rose, and on one shoulder reposed a bustle composed of rubies, emeralds and diamonds. This bride carried a prayer book, the cover of which was of silver, enameled in white. A bride married at home on the same day wore a necklace of pearls, and had the old point lace arranged about her low cut corsage, held in place by a large diamond sun. She wore a diamond crescent in her hair and small diamond pins were used in the arrangement of her bridal veil. The above are not isolated cases, but fair representations of what is being worn.

The V shaped and other partially decollete corsages, now fashionable for wedding gowns, have increased the demand for gem pins and stars, and this month is unusually fine assortments of these ornaments. A favorite necklace with brides is one of pearls, with a pendant of diamonds surrounded by pearls, or a diamond star.

At several recent French weddings the brides were attired in gowns of white cloth, principally the smooth surfaced, glossy Venetian cloth, one instance the bodice and square train was of cloth. A full phalling of white bridal edged the train, and a panache of white feathers and a band of silver passementerie was laid all around it.

At a recent fashionable English wedding the bridesmaids were little girls, each one wearing a frock of white serge braided with dark red, red snakes and bose, and a white felt hat braided to match the dress, with large red bows at one side.

It is hardly to be expected to make a present to the bride, but the bride in turn *gives a souvenir to each maiden;* this may be a ring, a fan, a bonnet pin—in a word, any personal trinket.

Bone components of uncurled ostrich feathers are worn by Parisiennes. Muffs to match these bone have ostrich heads attached, combs and all.

CENTRAL R. R

OF NEW JERSEY.

On and in New York, East of Liberty street, Time—Due to or from Dec. 6, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 2.27, 3.05, 4.26, 5.20, 6.00, 6.40, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.01, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 2.27, 3.05, 4.26, 5.20, 6.00, 6.40, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.01, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 6.56, 7.00, 7.20, 8.03, 8.45, 9.52, 11.07, 11.09, 6.37 p. m., 12.37, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m., 12.37 night. Sunday at 8.45, 9.52, 11.07, 11.09, 6.37 p. m., 12.37, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m., 12.37 night.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 6.05, 9.41, 11.40, 11.50 a. m., 2.05, 3.24, 4.40, 5.51, 6.05, 6.53, 7.25, 8.08, 8.17, 9.32, 10.45 p. m., 12.05 night. Sunday at 8.10, 10.14 a. m., 12.40, 4.40, 6.05, 9.32, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 5.00, 6.30, 7.05, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 8.50, 10.15, a. m., 12.05, 2.00, 3.15, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., Sunday, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 4.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 8.05, 9.41 a. m., 2.05, 4.36, 5.00, 5.15, 6.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m., 4.36 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.35, 9.07 a. m., 12.45, 4.55, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

[Westward Connections.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Manch Connt, connecting at Manch Junct. for Salisbury & Mahanoy. Sundays for Easton.

9.05 a. m.—For Pennington Easton, Wind Gap, Manet Chunk.

9.41 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Stockton, Frenchtown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Scranton, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Newport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Mt. Union, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Reading, Harrisburg etc.

5.02 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

6.34 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manet Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Mt. Union, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Reading, Harrisburg etc.

8.02 p. m.—For Flemington.

8.38 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 8.37, 9.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.38, 3.55, 4.05 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m.

For Perth Amboy, 8.37, 8.45, 9.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.38, 3.55, 4.05, 5.06 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

For Matawan, 8.37, 8.45, 9.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.38, 3.55, 4.05 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook Route.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 5.10, 8.05, 9.45, 11.40 a. m., 2.16, 3.20*, 6.02*, 8.17 p. m. 1.15 night. Sunday at 3.19*, 8.39 a. m. 4.56 p. m. 1.20 night.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 5.30*, 9.30 11.00 a. m.; 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.20 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m.; 5.30, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Berks Streets at 8.30,* 9.05 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a.m.; 4.30 p. m.

Leave Front and Arch and Tucker Streets, at 1.25, 8.00, 9.10,* 10.10, 11.35 a. m.; 1.45, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25 p. m. Sunday at 1.30, 9.15, 9.40, 10.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

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J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

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1 Lot of Shelving Oil Cloth at 5c per yard.
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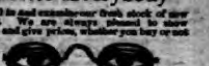

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Carriages meet all trains. Fine Rigs kept specially

THE LITTLE PEOPLE.

A Small Boy's Anxiety Not to Know Everything.

A gentleman once saw a boy pulling the bark from one of his cherry trees with a hatchet. The gentleman tried to catch the boy, but the latter was too quick for him, so the farmer changed his tactics. "Come here, my little son," he said, in a soft, fatherlike voice with unexpected friendliness, "I've been here to me a minute. I want to tell you something." "Not yet," replied the recipient, "little boys like me don't need to know everything."—Texas Siftings.

The Wiggles of Wakefulness.

Some expressions are all the more forcible for having sprung spontaneously into existence without the fostering aid of grammar. Lillian had an uncomfortable way of waking before light, and expecting the family to rise with her at what they considered an unbearably early hour.

"Lillian, you must lie still and try to sleep," said her mother one morning, when this early bird began to chirp.

"I'll try," said the child, and so she did, but it was to no purpose. In five minutes she was sitting up in bed playing with her little pink toes. This time her mother, growing impatient, as sleepy people have been known to do, summarily extinguished her under the bedclothes, saying, in despair: "Lillian, I told you to try once more to go to sleep!"

"I know it, mamma," said truthful Lillian, "and I did try, but the wake wiggles in me so I can't keep still!"—Youth's Companion.

Another Daniel Solution.

Willie is a little Scotch boy who lives in Glasgow. He is 5 years old, and has not yet learned to like "posse hoose," which in his country is given to children to cool the blood.

"Oh no, Willie, you must eat it," said his papa one day at breakfast.

"But I don't like it, dada," replied the boy.

"That doesn't matter; you must eat it. It will do you good and make you fat like Daniel, who lived on it when he was a boy."

"Did he? Was that the man who was in the den of lions?"

"Yes, that was the man."

"Well, then," replied the lad, scornfully, "I don't wonder the lions didn't eat him."

The smell of posse brose is not by any means pleasant.—Harper's Young People

Ways and Means.

A little boy, Gussie, where I live, has an aunt who goes away in summer and lives with him in winter. She was coming back, but the room she used to have I have now. One day he asked me if my husband would feel bad if I should die. I told him I thought he would. Then he asked me if I would feel bad if my husband died. I told him I would. He thought a few minutes. Then he said: "Well, if God would take the both of you Aunt Delia could have the room."—Boston Globe.

Fell Off the Train.

Railroad Man—Are you badly hurt, sir?

Victim—Hurt; naw! Do you suppose I've practiced tobogganing for nothing!—New York Sun.

The Way of the Wise.

"It is grand to be regretted," was remarked in the hearing of an Illinois farmer, "that farmers' boys do not stick to the farm. It seems as if scarcely any of them do."

"Oh, I dunno," said the farmer. "I've raised eight boys and they're all farmers 'cept one."

"Yes, that's all. Only one of them caught by the glitter of the city, eh?"

"Yes, that's all. Poor Bob would go, spite of all I could do—run away to the city when he was 15, and never a word from him since, though it's been over twenty year. But I dunno but it's all right; he hadn't no likin' for farm work, nor wouldn't take no interest in it. He jes' naturally hated it, and had the farm and didn't know enough about farm work to drive ducks to water."

"Yes, I think it was better that he should leave the farm, as he evidently had no taste for it. Is he in the mercantile business?"

"Oh, no, nothing of the kind," replied the farmer; "no; for the last ten years Bob has been editor of an agricultural paper. He writes most all of the 'Hints to Farmers,' 'How to Do Farming,' 'Stick to the Farm, Boys,' and such things."—Fred Carruth in Chicago Tribune.

Every Man to His Taste.

Chicago Man (at a union depot)—So you are moving to Chicago, eh?

Philadelphia Man—Yes, I am tired being swindled, and have made up my mind to settle in Chicago, where I can get my Pennsylvania coal cheap.

Chicago Man—I am moving to Philadelphia. My health is not very good, and I want to live where I can get the best quality of western beef cheap.—Omaha World.

A Little Mixed.

A youth from the rural regions, with his pants at half mast, and evidently suffering from malaria, called at one of our village stores the past week for a box of queen-ann pills and a small bottle of pneumonia.—Connecticut Valley Advertiser.

Between the Kisses.

Miss McCosker (of Cincinnati)—I'm so glad to see you, dear. And just in time for the party, too.

Miss Hinckley (of New York)—I'm afraid I'm too tired to dissipate much.

Miss McCosker—That isn't dissipation above exile. Pyle's invited several people you'll like, to go over to the factory and eat them pork pots to-morrow.—Tid Bits.

Some Rare Bargains

are being offered at

EDSALL'S

20 West Front street, at Barnaby's Linen Table Damask, Table Napkins, Linen Towels, Cotton Flannels, Ladies' Cloaks, Gents' Suits, etc.

We will open a line of Spring Dress Fabrics, White Goods, and Hamburg Embroideries to-day and to morrow. Our Carpet Department is well supplied with a full line of Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Mattings Rugs, Portieres, Curtains, etc.

If you wish to get genuine Bargains in real good goods you can depend on finding them at

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The leading druggist of Mass Point, Miss., W. Wagner, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present price I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.
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A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.
Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of
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WOULD YOU BELIEVE
The proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your house or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottles free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

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Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Wm. H. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

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Let me do your own dyeing, at home, with Peerless Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package; 40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. aug6 S-17-1y

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Plaited front jerseys, regular price $1.25, reduced to 75 cents.

Childrens' all wool regular made cashmere hose, size 5 to 8 1-2, 25 cents.

100 gross pearl buttons, all sizes, at 5 cents per dozen.

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Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

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This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

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Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.

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Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,

Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work over. All work guaranteed. Shop in rear of 7 East Front street, or residence at Elmora avenue. Send to my care with satisfaction. Shop 62 E. Front.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front St.

USE

CLARK'S MILE-END SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord for Hand and Machine. For sale at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street.

The pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

THEODORE GRAY.

Mason and Builder.

JOBBING promptly attended to. P. O. Box 320. Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing

GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

25 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Retinners promptly furnished to parties to buy in coal. Office No. 19 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Foster's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

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C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of

Flour, Feed, Grain,

Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.

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69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 33. P. O. Box 1069.

FOTOGRAFS

Instantaneous,

Everlasting,

Handsome,

Cheapest,

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Great Success with Children's Portraits,

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TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't homologize bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of best material only. Thanking for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 37 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JANUARY 27 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE ALL NO. 61.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, good, live, family newspaper the NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—The Bee Hive calls special attention to their new stock of Hamburgs and Torchon laces.

—A party of North Plainfield coasters enjoying themselves hugely on Hyde's hill again last night.

—The Toboggan Carnival planned for to-night will not be a failure for want of a splendid Slide. A large and merry throng is desired.

—"The Morris Equine and Canine Paradox," which appeared in the Stillman Music Hall last evening, will hold the boards again to-night and to-morrow evening.

—A local business man complains that a letter postmarked as having been received in Plainfield Saturday at 2 p. m. was not put into his box until Wednesday at 9:30 a. m.

—Several straw-rides will take place this evening. One is booked for Railway, and another for New Brunswick. There were one or two last night, and innumerable smaller parties of just two—you and I.

—Gaiety and amusement good and healthful is promised by the managers of the Toboggan Carnival to-night and to-night. All that is wanted is a big crowd. The Slide is in excellent condition, and the fun is cheap.

—St. Valentine's Day and Shrove Tuesday happen together this year. Pancakes and love letters combined, as it were. As this is leap year, what a chance for the ladies to exercise their prerogative in a taking and appetizing way!

—Justice Coddington of Somerset street intended this morning that the statement he furnished a NEWS reporter a few days ago that the firm of Coddington Brothers, with which he is connected, harvested 56,000 cakes of ice from a pond in Washington Valley, a few days ago, was correct. Another ice crop will be gathered in that neighborhood he did not think would yield so much. A little calculation will show, however, that it requires a pond but 250x1,000 feet.

A Shivering Concert and Ball.

The Crescent Rink was a very uncomfortable place last evening on the occasion of the concert and ball given by Messrs. Benjamin P. LaVere and W. S. Tier, with a view of introducing to a Plainfield audience the celebrated New Jersey Military Band of twenty-five performers, known as Drake's Zouave Band of Elizabeth. Another object was to introduce Mr. W. S. Mygrants, who proved to be an exceedingly talented cornet player.

The audience was not exceedingly large, and it requires an exceedingly large audience to fill the immense auditorium. In a smaller place the audience might have seemed large. But such as were there were made uncomfortable by the cold, which defied the efforts of the management for two days to overcome. Of course the weather has been something extraordinary, and this circumstance may have contributed to keep many away who might have otherwise attended. The band, however, did its part in a very creditable manner. The members came expecting to find a newly warmed place and were dressed accordingly in full dress, but, after trying hard to warm themselves up by playing, they were compelled to turn up the collars of their swallow tails and hide their button-hole bouquets. Even this did not keep them warm, and they were frequently compelled to desert the raised platform on the floor and hug around the steam pipes at the wall. Under such circumstances the band could not be expected to appear at its best. Nevertheless all seemed agreed that the music was good.

So well pleased was the audience with Mr. Mygrants that he was repeatedly encored, and the band would have been treated out of sympathy from the shivering audience, which, however, accorded generous applause, especially to the latter's solo, "The Forge in the Forest," in which night was described by musical imitations of the cuckoo and lark, the murmuring brook, the clock in the steeple striking five o'clock, the blacksmith preparing for work, introducing the anvil chorus, the performer being attired in a red shirt, corduroy pants, heavy boots and a slouch hat, and handling the anvils with a skill rather fascinating. Dancing followed the concert, and a table was spread for feasting later on, but as the hour had previously arrived for all good reporters to be in bed we vanished.

The Insurance Not Yet Settled.

The losses on the Charles Bock building on East Second street, which was occupied by Charles Goodyear, were settled on Thursday morning, have not yet been adjusted. Representatives of some of the insurance companies are expected to come from New York to investigate, but Messrs. J. C. Pope & Co., who have charge of the branch office of several companies for this section—notably the German American—will themselves adjust the losses for some of the companies.

A Wreck at Fanwood.

Shortly after five o'clock yesterday afternoon a wreck occurred on the Central railroad near the Fanwood station. A west bound loaded coal train jumped the track, four cars were demolished and their contents were strewn along the railroad. Travel was considerably delayed, some of the trains being over an hour late in reaching the station in this city.

A DUNELLEN JUBILEE.

THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH PEOPLE MAKE GLAD.

Sixteenth Anniversary of the Dedication of the Church, and Celebration of the Payment of the $4,500 Debt—Historical and Other Addresses.

The energetic people of the First Presbyterian church of Dunellen held a jubilee in their church building, yesterday, in celebration of the sixteenth anniversary of the dedication of the church, and the recent raising of the $4,500 mortgage. A committee consisting of Messrs. W. D. Skellinger, W. J. Hamilton and W. H. Cole had charge of the affair.

In the afternoon the main feature of the interesting exercises was the reading of an historical address by the pastor, the Rev. Mr. W. D. Skellinger.

Mr. Skellinger briefly reviewed the main doings of the church and did some publishing in his own pleasing way. He likened, in response to a public demand, a few of the devout ones in the community first met in the real estate office of Wm. S. Stevens at Dunellen in 1870 and discussed the matter of the founding of a local Presbyterian church. These seven expressed their willingness to become part of the congregation, and others joined in, until at last the First Presbyterian church was an established fact. Meetings were held in the Dunellen Academy and in the railroad station, and the pulpit was temporarily filled a short time with neighboring ministers. The Rev. M. N. Hutchinson was the first ordained pastor, taking hold when the pretty church building was dedicated, Jan. 29th, 1872. He was followed by the Rev. Theodore S. Brown of Brooklyn, and he in turn was succeeded by the Rev. Alexander Miller. Mr. Skellinger, the present incumbent, is the fourth. From a small beginning the church has grown to a membership of 115, and has always advanced, though at times the struggle was a hard one. It was through the personal exertions of Mr. Hinds's family—of strongly backed by his congregation—that the price of the mortgage was raised.

Besides the historical address by the pastor there was a sermon by the Rev. Dr. Gillespie on the text "Now, therefore, our God, we thank thee and praise thy glorious name"—1 Chronicles, xxix: 13.

In the evening Dr. John Gillespie, of the Presbyterian Board of Missions, and resident of Elizabeth, spoke briefly on "The Relation of the Individual Church to Evangelism." He said that the history of the church—using the word in both its specific and generic senses—to use its influence for the spread of evangelism locally and at large. The field—he said—was Dunellen, the county, the State, and the world. The Rev. A. A. Hodge, D. D., of Newark, spoke on "The Outlook of a Church Free from Debt." Among other things Dr. Davis said: "I congratulate you on your successful effort, but pardon me if I advise you not to crow over it." Running over the letters in the word Dunellen the divine evolved: "You are a Do-ubter, United, Noble church. Remain so by being Everybody's church, by being Loyal, Live and Earnest and by making the people feel that you are a Necessity."

In speaking of church debts in general Dr. Davis said, "The church ought to frequently spoken of as a blessing. It's a very poor business, however. It's more of a blister: it stirs to activity, but it weakens in the end. Now that your debt is off, don't sit down to rest, but remain active, live, earnestly for the good of humanity and the cause of Christ."

The instrumental music was furnished by Miss Swackhammer, organist; Mr. Barton, cornetist; and Mr. Parse, flageolet-player. Those in the choir were: Mrs. Humpstone, Mrs. Laing, Mrs. Apgar, Miss Vanderveer, Mr. Merrill and Mr. Mulken.

A collation provided by the ladies of the church filled in the time enjoyably between the afternoon and evening services.

Special services will be held in the church to-night.

A Variety Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Addis of No. 7 Elm street celebrated the twenty-first anniversary of their wedding last evening. A number of guests were present, including some from Brooklyn, N. Y., Newark, Elizabeth, and this city. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Mr. Garrett, who is Mrs. Addis's father, is 88 years of age. Numerous presents—in the shape of silverware, china, glassware, lamps and other articles—were given. The evening was spent in singing and dancing. Refreshments were served at a late hour.

A Cackelation.

A correspondent gives the following solution to a conundrum recently published:

"Since one hen and a half ben lay one egg and a half in one day and a half, one hen will lay one egg in one and one-half days. If one hen lay one egg in one and one-half days, in six days she will lay as many eggs as one and one-half (or three-halves) is contained times in six, which is four. If one hen lays four eggs in six days five hens will lay five times as many eggs as one hen hatched or has power to condemn lands for streets etc., (Municipal Corporations.) five hens in six days will lay twenty eggs."

Where Men are Welcome.

Robert P. Wilder, a recent Princeton graduate, with an experience seldom equaled in evangelistic mission work, having visited 130 institutions from Maine to Missouri, representing all leading denominations, will lead the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms next Monday evening at 8 o'clock. It is hoped that a large number of young men of this city will find it convenient to attend. The singing will be led by a number of well known Plainfield vocalists. Every young man is welcome.

Reception to Press Works Men.

The reception to be tendered this employees of Potter's and Scott's Press Works by the M. C. A., Saturday, promises to be a grand success. Gymnasts from the Brooklyn Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium will add an interesting feature to the evening's programme, which will, of course, be carried out in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Doings of New Jersey's Law-Makers for 1888.

(Sixth installment.)

Senate.

BILLS PASSED.

No. 35, providing for introduction of "Smith History of New Jersey" into the public schools and State institutions, was championed by Senator Carter and denounced by Mr. Edwards. The bill passed by a vote of 13 to 3; H. 4, amending the crime act, relative to presentments of indictments, was read the second time and thus passed, 15 to 0; H. 86, 11 to 0.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 74, By Mr. Martin. Makes it the duty of every judge, clergyman or other official who solemnizes a marriage to the Registrar of Vital Statistics, the city clerk or township assessor, as the case may be, within thirty days; the penalty for failure is a $20 fine, also provides that the physician, midwife or parents, under penalty of $50 fine, shall report to the same officers, within thirty days, births at which they are attending; a similar report is required of undertakers by physicians of all cases of death where they have attended the patient. (Judiciary.)

No. 75, By Mr. Miller. Empowers the trustees of the Trenton Water Power, etc., to become a body politic and corporate in law. (Judiciary.)

No. 76, By Mr. Rue. Makes it unlawful to fish for or have in possession any pike or pickerel less than seven inches long, April 1st, under penalty of thirty days imprisonment or $25 fine. (Fisheries.)

No. 77, By Mr. Edwards. Provides that the organization of a corporation shall not be declared invalid because the evidences of organization have been lost or for other defects. (Corporations.)

House.

Mr. Ulrich offered a resolution giving the privileges of the floor to the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge, F and A. M. of New Jersey, which was adopted.

BILLS PASSED.

H. 33, giving township committees power to borrow money to pay for improvements in sewerage and drainage.

H. 80, providing that prosecutors of the pleas shall prosecute bonds that are violated when given for support of bastard children, was passed.

H. 1, extending time for the completion of certain roads.

H. 40, leaving it to the voters of townships to determine whether members of township committees shall be elected for three years or not, was ordered to a third reading.

H. 8, providing new rules for the government of City District Courts; S. 21, granting the use of the Sea Girt encampment to the Grand Army of the Republic for their annual encampment; H. 52, giving Recorders and Police Justices exclusive jurisdiction of all complaints under the vice and immorality act.

House bill No. 1, giving Common Councils or other legislative bodies power to divide wards once in five years by a two thirds vote, was advocated by Mr. Hill and opposed by Mr. McDermitt, who said it was a partisan measure in the interest of Newark politicians, who wanted to divide the Sixth ward and thus create two additional Republican Aldermen. Mr. McDermitt called on the Democrats to support it, and they did. The bill was passed by a vote of 34 to 22.

H. 64, making Jersey City pay its county taxes out of the first moneys received; H. 71, authorizing Union county to build a bridge over the Rhinebeth river. H. 85, for the payment of $500 to Thomas Tyrrn on account of services rendered as Clerk to Committee on Engrossed Bill last year; H. 87, for the payment of $250 to E. J. Cummings, for services as Assistant Engrossing Clerk last year; H. 88, for the payment of $350 to Frank Gullett, who served as engrossing clerk last year; H. 89, for the payment of $350 to Charles W. Bellamy, who served as committee clerk last year; H. 90, for the payment of $350 to Wilson Runkle, who served as committee clerk last year; H. 91, providing that the State shall pay $2 a week for each patient in county insane asylums.

BILLS LOST.

H. 59, providing that persons who refuse to pay toll on turnpike roads shall be deemed disorderly and punishable accordingly was strongly opposed by Messrs. Goble, Duesenberry and Fuller. Mr. Duesenberry maintained that all roads should be free. The bill was lost: 7 to 39.

H. 73, exempting municipal bonds from taxation in Newark measure, was advocated by Mr. Hill, but it was killed by a vote of 19 to 38. A motion to reconsider was lost by 10 to 33.

Mr. Christie's boiler inspector bill, No. 119, was laid over until Monday night, on motion of Mr. Smith.

H. 117, providing that every honorably discharged soldier or sailor of the late war who is now holding any city or county position shall not be discharged except for cause upon a proper hearing, was advanced to a third reading.

H. 63, giving the appointment of members of Board of Education to Mayor was called up by Mr. Feeney, put to a vote and lost, 21 to 26. All the Newark members voted against it.

H. 126, relative to deeds of conveyances, shortening the form; H. 129, amends the act relative to mortgage judgments, were adversely reported, and the report was agreed to.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 130, By Mr. Hill (by request.) Amends the practice act. (Judiciary.)

No. 131, By Mr. Hill. Makes it obligatory to place fire escapes on all public buildings three stories or more in height. (Miscellaneous Business.)

No. 132, By Mr. Harrington. Gives boroughs power to lay out, alter, change, dedicate, etc., roads, highways, avenues, etc., whether the same be located or not; also power to condemn lands for streets etc., (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 133, By Mr. Harrington. Repealer of the bridge and turnpike act of 1878. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 134, By Mr. Nixon. Makes a certified case of sale of lands for unpaid taxes properly executed prima facie evidence of title thereto. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 135, By Mr. Nixon. Provides for the appointment of clerk of the grand jury in counties where there are none, by the Court of Oyer and Termiuer, for a term of one year, at a salary of not over $100. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 136, By Mr. Nixon. Gives Justices of the Peace power to issue warrants in cases in all attachment cases. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 137, By Mr. Short. Authorizing the board of chosen freeholders to raise money to pay for appropriations for public buildings. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 138, By Mr. Short. Amends the charter of Gutt. sburg in Hudson county. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 139, By Mr. Short. Gives towns and townships power to widen street. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 140, By Mr. Short. Gives towns, boroughs or townships having over 6,000 inhabitants power to vote whether they shall vest their government in a Council or township committee. It gives those municipalities a municipal government like Jersey City. (Division of Laws.)

No. 141, By Mr. Lozier. Abolishes the office of weigh or deputy assessor in cities where such boards exist and gives the tax department power to appoint assessors to do such work. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 142, By Mr. Short. Gives seven persons the power to incorporate gas light company to encourage the purchase of homes and to facilitate the payment thereof. (Corporations.)

No. 143, By Mr. Bloomer. Repealer to the act relative to the Bridge. Act passed in 1874. (Commerce and Navigation.)

No. 144, By Mr. Norton. Gives aldermen or common council power to fix from time to time the salary of Mayors in cities having 100,000 population or over, providing the same shall not exceed $5,000 per annum. (Municipal Corporations.

No. 145, By Mr. Ulrich. Inflicts a fine of $100 or imprisonment not exceeding 6 months or both for forcible detaining honoring by railroad companies.

No. 146, By Mr. Norton. Makes it obligatory for municipal authorities to employ practical mechanics to perform skilled labor. (Labor and Industries.)

No. 147, By Mr. Norton. Makes it compulsory for railroads to provide freight cars with automatic couplers. (Labor and Industries.)

No. 148, By Norton. Makes it compulsory for railroads to provide a rail one foot in height over the top of every freight car. (Labor and Industries.)

No. 149, By Mr. Hutchinson. Gives any company organized to do insurance business exclusively of the mutual or assessment plan admission to the State to do business, if said company has a paid up capital in force of not less than $1,000,000. (Banks and Insurance.)

No. 150 By Mr. Cutler. Gives any aqueduct board now in existence under any special charter the right to add and to extend their works, and every city may take all lands necessary and direct such standpipes or water as shall be deemed necessary for such extension. (Corporations.)

No. 151. By Mr. Nixon. Prohibits catching of fish or eels within Atlantic county between April 1st and June 15th in each year. (Fisheries.)

No. 152, By Mr. Potts. Amends the Sheep act. (Agriculture.)

No. 153, By Mr. Lyon. Appropriates $150 to the Stenographer for services during the session of 1884. (Claims and pensions.)

No. 154, By Mr. Feeney. Provides that any person who has held that office seven years may be deemed a pilot and given the right to pilot his own vessel without having any other. (Commerce and Navigation.)

Reform Hall Entertainment.

In spite of the cold, blustering weather of last night there was a large audience assembled at Reform Hall, and there was also a first-class entertainment in every respect. The singing was fine, the instrumental pieces excellent, and the rendition delightful. The first piece was a piano and violin duet by Miss Alice Smith and Mr. H. N. Spencer, and was so finely given that the audience was greatly pleased. The Franklin Quartette gave three songs, and had to twice encored, making five in all, and every one of the five was exceedingly well rendered, and very acceptable. The members of this Quartette are not only gentlemanly in their deportment, but are possessors of good voices, and well worthy of the praise they received. The solos rendered by Miss Utter and Miss Holmes was a gem, and it is much to be regretted that another piece was not given by these accomplished performers. The solos by Miss Alice Holmes were very pleasing, and were sung in that sweet, modest way that won every listener. They richly merited the applause and encore that was given, and her many friends were rejoiced at the privelege of hearing her again in public. The readings by Miss Thworth were a great success, and her rendering of "Mary had a little lamb," from the Sabbath School Visitor, caused great laughter. The duet by Miss Emma and Mrs. Addie McGee entitled "Cheerfulness" was truly a cheerful piece, given in a natural and pleasant manner that was very charming. A solo, by Miss Addie McGee called "Happy Birds" was excellent, and the encore, "Where did you come from, Baby!" was one of the best things of the evening. The concluding piece was a piano and violin duet by Mrs. Smith and Mr. H. N. Spencer, and was so beautiful that they were recalled, when they fairly surpassed themselves and retired amidst enthusiastic applause. Nothing but words of praise have been uttered of the entire performance, and everybody seemed delighted that they braved the weather and found their way to the Hall. Afterward there was a sociable below, with coffee and cake for the performers and their friends.

STATE NOTES.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. M Saunders of Somerset street, North Plainfield, was stricken with pneumonia Tuesday, and is very low.

Mr. Wilder, who is advertised for the Y. M. C. A., meeting Monday evening, is a native of India, where his parents and sister are now actively engaged in mission work.

About twenty-five friends of Miss Hartpence of West Front street tendered her a surprise party last evening. The programme consisted of games, speaking, and a social time throughout.

John Blimm of Pearl street, North Plainfield, a brother of Jacob Blimm, proprietor of the Farmer's Hotel on Somerset street, died at his home last night, after a short illness with pneumonia. Mr. Blimm was a German, age 45 years, and has been a resident of New Jersey for the past eighteen years. He was married, and had one child, a girl. His wife and daughter survive him. He is to be buried at Mt. Bethel next Sunday.

A Miniature Blizzard in Town.

Those who were out last night know that the wind blew from every point of the compass, and it hasn't by any means subsided to-day. Last night was beautiful in the moonlight, only for the keen frosty gale that came sweeping from the Northwest. The sleighing was good, though not so fine as it may be when the roads become packed and hard. The younger people who defied the cold were numerous, and more than one young man was seen driving with the reins in his teeth—"for obvious reasons." Pedestrians had to lean well against the wind to retain their equilibrium. A load of hay on West Front street near Evans was nearly overturned by the strong Kabibonokka, the Northwest wind. Methodical, prosaic people who fear chilblains remained in doors; only the warm-blooded, poetic ones remained out later than they had to.

Found Dead in His Bed.

Earnest S., only son of Bateman Thatcher, the carpenter, residing in a large dwelling opposite the freight house, on the corner of Fourth and Sycamore streets, was found dead in his bed this morning. He had not been sick, so far as known, and the cause of death is attributed to heart disease.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Death to Train Rescuers.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 27.—A mail train from North Adams to Boston, due last night was stopped by the snow two miles north of this city. This morning a gang of men, sent to dig it out of the snow, were dashed into by the 7:30 train from Greenfield, causing frightful mortality, three of the men being killed outright, and several injured.

Maxwell Nearly Dead.

St. Louis, Jan. 27.—Jail authorities at the Four Courts are alarmed less murderer Hugh M. Brooks, alias Maxwell, cheat the gallows by committing suicide.

A physician who has attended Maxwell for the last six months said last night:—

"Maxwell has been in jail now for nearly three years, and every day has smoked from fifty cigarettes. He smoked a brand that contains a considerable amount of morphine. His Turk-like stolidity is simply the result of continued morphine poisoning, by which the sensibilities are gradually dulled and the brain rendered torpid. He is liable to drop dead any time, and may easily have smuggled into him enough morphine to end his life."

The Worst Storm for Years.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Reports from all parts of New England tell of the worst storm for years. Railroads are running on all sorts of time or can't run at all. Country roads are blocked with snow-drifts from ten to fifteen feet high.

In Albany, N. Y., the wind is still blowing a gale with the thermometer below zero.

In Concord, N. H., the snow fall is two feet on a level, and is drifted badly. Last night the wind there blew a hurricane.

In Biddeford, Me., five trains are snowed in by the heavy blockade.

In Pittsfield, Mass., the worst blizzard since 1806 began Wednesday, and raged throughout yesterday with unabated fury. Drifts are from 11 to 18 feet high.

Reading, Pa., and the neighboring country, is also suffering from a blockade.

The Eclipse To-morrow.

A total eclipse of the Moon will occur tomorrow afternoon, and will, if the sky be clear, be visible in this city. The schedule for Plainfield is as follows: Moon enters shadow, 4:02; total eclipse begins, 5:11; middle of eclipse, 6:21; total phase ends, 7:10; Moon leaves shadow, 8:10; Moon leaves penumbra, 9:18. Owing to the Earth-light the Moon will not be entirely obscured, but will shine very faintly with degree of brightness quite as great as that of the phenomenon of "the old Moon in the new Moon's arms." The sun rises (whole diameter) at about 5:10 p. m.

Westfield Whittings.

Chauncey B. Ripley has gone on a visit to Washington, D. C.

"Uncle" Phineas Pearsall has gone on a few weeks' tour among former friends on Long Island, where he expects to give a series of entertainments. He is a capital "reciter," for he is known there as "The Singing Pilgrim with the Silver Trumpet Voice."

Henry Rich, who for many years has been a resident of Westfield, is obliged, on account of his business, to leave town. He will remove with his family this week to Jersey City.

Seven bowling clubs are now organized, and there is talk of two more. Dr. Gale has finished and has fitted up a room in the public the reception room adjoining his alley.

STATE NOTES.

Ann Schmidt, a German woman, was found dead at Rahway yesterday afternoon. County Physician Wescott was summoned and will hold an investigation.

Robert Rbody and Eugene O'Donnell were arrested in Rahway yesterday, charged by Detective Bell of Chicago, with robbing him on Wednesday night.

Five cases of smallpox have been discovered in the tenement house No. 340 Jersey avenue, Elizabeth. The patients are John McNamara, his wife and three children, Health Inspector Reeve has had them put under a rigid quarantine.

John L. Haring and J. B. Collins were convicted in the County Court at Paterson, yesterday, of conducting a disorderly house. They kept a barroom where bets on Clifton and other races and on ball games were received and transmitted by wire to bookmakers. Collins was fined $500 and costs, and Haring $400 and costs.

The new armor building of the 3d Battalion, New Jersey National Guard, at Orange, was formally opened last night with a promenade concert and ball. Among those present were Governor Green and staff, General Plume, commander of the division, and staff, General Stone, brigade commander, and other State military officers and officers from New York and other States.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Park street and Park avenue:

	1888	1887		
6 a. m.	16	13	Sun rises	7 15
12 m.	21	17	Sun sets	5 06
3 p. m.	21	25	Moon rises	6 05
9 p. m.	18	31	Moon sets	

WET GOODS

Ho! For Bargains in Boots and Shoes.

CALL IMMEDIATELY at

B. R. Force's corner, 24

No. 1 Park avenue and Front street.

WE WANT the room for Spring Goods. All broken lots of Shoes and all wool lined Shoes we will sell below cost. If we can suit you in size we can give you a Decided Bargain.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE, 22 West Front street, the One Price Boot and Shoe House.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A GENT wanted for general housework. No. 3 Craig Place. 1-24-tf*

A PARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 22 West Third street. 20-tf*

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wishes situation in a private family. Address E. S., care of EVENING NEWS. 27-3

FOR SALE CHEAP—A double seated sleigh. Inquire 54 Seventh street, corner of Liberty.

FOR SALE—A first-class second-hand coupe for two persons. Inquire of Jackson make. Can be seen at Homer & Ryerson's carriage repository. 27-3

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 94 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 3-3

LOST—Composition token. Please return to J. L. Anson, P. O. Box 882. 25-tf*

PARTIES desiring decorative painting on velvet, velveteen, cloth, silk, etc., can be accommodated by calling at the store of the Chas. Dorn Co., Park avenue. 24-3

REWARD—Strayed or stolen, a small fox terrier bitch. Return to J. Mortimer, 18 Putnam avenue

WANTED—A young girl as chamber maid and waitress. Address P. O. Box 880. 27-3

$1,500 TO $3,000 to loan on mortgage. Address Bhyl, care EVENING NEWS. 20-tf*

25 PER CENT ALLOWED ON ALL THE WINTER GOODS and OVERCOATS at WERNER'S Clothing House, 30 West Front street.

GRAND TOBOGGANING CARNIVAL on the evening of Friday, January 27, Appropriate music by the PLAINFIELD BAND Grounds handsomely illuminated. The First Carnival ever given in Plainfield, and the managers have spared no expense to make this a complete success.

Do Not Fail to witness this Grand Spectacle the Greatest Illuminated display of the season. Commencing at 8 p. m. Admission 10 cents. 40 Slides for $1.

Special Notices.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH, 1 phaeton, 2 buggies, 1 road cart, 5 sleighs, 3 spring wagons, 10 farm wagons. Call and see them on Somerset street, near Linden avenue JOHN P. WOLFE. 1-16-3*

TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the NORTH PLAINFIELD TOWNSHIP AND BOROUGH TAXES assessed for the year 1887, remaining unpaid on January 31st, 1888, will be returned to the County Clerk as directed by law, and received as the first lien against the property of said delinquents after which date, as required by law, such names will be published. Prompt payment is respectfully urged, thereby saving costs. H. N. SPENCER, Collector North Plainfield, North Plainfield, January 23, 1888.

We have a Special Line of Rough Writing Paper put up in one quire flat boxes with perfumed blotters These papers are in several different styles and we will sell them for the present at only 35 cents per box. A. W. RAND, 24 W. Front street.

THE BEE HIVE. Come and see Our Stock of HAMBURGS and Torchon Laces. Special lines of Hamburg Edgings at 3c, 4c, 5c, 10c and 15c per yard. Hamburg Flouncings at 19c, 20c and 25c. We would also call special attention to our new spring stock of Children's long Robes and Lace Christening Caps. LOUIS CALLMAN, 38 WEST FRONT ST.

U. B. CRANE, SPECIAL SALE in Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishings Gloves and all kinds of Mechanics' Goods commenced yesterday and will last forever at 12 Park Avenue, next to Walker's Bakery.

Executor's Sale. to settle the ESTATE of the late LEWIS JONES, deceased. To be sold by February 1st, in Plainfield. House containing nine rooms on Front street. Also house corner Front and Second, recorded as one and 150 feet on Kensington avenue. Also two houses with improvements on Kensington avenue, to be sold at auction. Apply to EVAN JONES, Agent.

MUSIC HALL, for a period of three days, JAN. 26, 27 28, MATINEE AND NIGHT, PROF. MORRIS EQUINE AND CANINE PARADOX. 14 Ponies and 20 Dogs. Amazing! Refined! Instructive! The wonder of the age. The most wonderful animal act ever seen in the world. Prices 25c, 50c, and $1. Seats on sale for matinee at Stelle & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores Tuesday, Jan. 24.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
E. W. HOSKINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year payable in advance.

FRIDAY JANUARY 27, 1888.

A BLIZZARD IN THE EAST.

New York, Jan. 27.—The wind that struck this town yesterday came from Michigan and picked up cold enough in its transit over the big lakes to drop the temperature 7 degs. The wind didn't blow in like a lion in this portion of the country. In coming here it traveled leisurely, which is about forty miles an hour, for a western wind in January, but it hadn't whooped around here long until it kicked up its heels, and started up the coast with a shriek that must have chilled the heart of every sailor man who heard it. It was in a hurry to get away, and after getting farther and farther, until at 4 o'clock it was traveling a mile a minute. It did not increase further in velocity, for a mile a minute was all the

A PRESIDENT'S MOTHER.

"GRANDMA" GARFIELD, WHO RECENTLY DIED AT MENTOR, O.

Her Life One of Vicissitudes, Hard Work and Privation—Its Crowning Happiness the Son's Election to the Presidency. Her Strong Mother Love—Last Days.

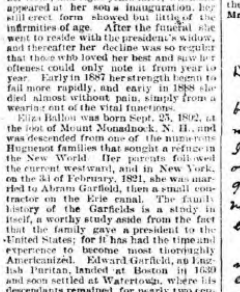
OH, WHO could have the *heart to hurt my boy!*"

Such was the strong, bitter cry from the most tenderly heart of Eliza Ballou Garfield on the fatal July day of 1881, when they told her the president was shot. To others he was the brave general, the eloquent congressman, the senator, the president of the greatest nation on earth—but to her he was still "my boy, my poor wounded boy," and so she mourned these words again and in her anguish. When told that his case was hopeless, she declared that she could not live without him; but the firm constitution does not yield so easily to grief, and the devoted mother has outlived the murdered president over six years, dying at the advanced age of 85. An eminent French physician has said, "Great men have ordinarily had silly mothers; but there never was a truly great man who did not have a strong and vigorous mother." This is a little too sweeping, but it is a noticeable fact that the mothers of nearly all our eminent men have been women of marked bodily vigor, and that a large proportion of them have lived to see their sons attain honor and success. The exceptions in American history will be seen in most cases to be those in which the mother yielded to the hardships of pioneer life and the diseases of a new country.

President Garfield's mother was a marked instance of the general rule, for at 70 she was as straight as a maiden in her teens, and eight years later, when she appeared at her son's inauguration, her still erect form showed but little of the infirmities of age. After the funeral she went to reside with the president's widow, and the gradual decline was so slow and quiet that those who loved her best and saw her oftenest could only note it from year to year. Early in 1887 her strength began to fail more rapidly, and early in 1888 she died almost without pain, simply from a wearing out of the vital functions.

Eliza Ballou was born Sept. 25, 1802, at the foot of Mount Nonadnock, N. H., and was descended from one of the numerous Huguenot families that settled in Europe in the New World. Her parents followed the current westward, and in New York, on the 3d of February, 1821, she was married to Abram Garfield, then a small contractor on the Erie canal. The family history of the Garfields is a study in itself, a worthy study aside from the fact that this family gave a president to the United States; for it has had the time and experience to become most thoroughly Americanized. Edward Garfield, an English Puritan, landed at Boston in 1630 and soon settled at Watertown, where his descendants remained for nearly two centuries. Abram Garfield, fifth in order from Edward, took part in the battle of Concord, and his nephew, Abram, moved to Otsego county, N. Y., where, as aforesaid, he married Eliza Ballou, neither being quite twenty years old at the time. A son and two daughters were born to them—the latter two before the line of development westward to Cuyahoga county, O., *where James Abram Garfield* was born Nov. 19, 1831, and in which county he was buried.

We know more minute particulars probably of his early life than of any other American president, for the mother's memory was singularly vivid as to the events of those years, and she never wearied of recalling them. In the campaign of 1877 in Ohio, when there was a tacit understanding that Gen. Garfield was to be chosen United States senator if the Republicans secured the legislature,



"GRANDMA" GARFIELD.

the writer of this sketch was employed as a journalist to report his speeches and especially his noted debates with Hon George H. Pendleton; and in that duty passed some pleasant hours at the Garfield rural home at Mentor. The mother was then a pleasant, soft spoken matron of 75 years, and her stories of the early days in Ohio had all the freshness of personal gossip and the clearness of well written history.

"We were very poor then," she said, "but every body else was poor, too, and so we were all bound together. It wasn't like being poor now in a city, oh, no—all the neighbors could be depended on in sickness, but we did not have much of that."

The resemblance to her distinguished son could still be noted, especially in the round, smooth forehead and clear, strong eyes. Her general bearing also indicated that she had a large share of that self reliance and readiness of hand with which child New England endows her daughters. These traits descended in full measure to her two sons and two daughters; but in Thomas Garfield, the oldest, they were exhibited in a capacity for work and business contrivance rather than in any great longing for books or professional pursuits. From his youth, however, he had great confidence in the future of his younger brother, and one of his first great aspirations was that "Jimmie" should have a good education. He has lived to see his brother *president* and is still an active and valuable citizen.

James A. Garfield had no recollection of his father, for when the youngest was but 2 years old Abram Garfield died of a congestion, brought on by over exertion in fighting a forest fire. The situation of the widowed Eliza Garfield was indeed gloomy, in a log cabin in a very new country, with four children, the oldest but 10 years old; but she was a brave woman, and firmly resolved to keep the family together and keep the farm. The widow and the boy, with a little help from kind neighbors, cultivated a small clearing that year and furnished the necessary fencing; the next *year* and the next they cultivated the clearing, and afterward Thomas worked at other places for such money as he could earn. The mother related with pride that his first earnings went to buy a pair of shoes for "Jimmy," so he could go to the school a mile and a half away. A little later a log school house was put up on one corner of the Garfield farm, to the great delight of the widow and Thomas, as "Jimmie" could now attend school at whatever season there was any. Like many boys of talent, the little fellow's tastes first showed in a passionate love of narrative, which his mother gratified by relating stories of the family experience, as she had heard it in traditions which ran back to the revocation of the Edict of Nantes. A little later the universal American boy's appetite for Indian stories seized on the child, and when his mother had retailed all she knew in that line he was so impressed that he gave each tree in the orchard the name of an Indian chief. This love of Indian lore staid with Garfield a long time, and when he visited the far west dear forty years afterward he took fresh delight in all the Mormons and other old settlers in the interior could tell him of the Ute and Shoshone traditions. From his mother, also, he inherited a trait seldom alluded to in his biographies—the capacity to give a very dry and cutting answer to any one who indulged in flattery or unpleasant statements upon him. A journalist who got this sort of an answer from him once, took particular care not to risk it again. Considering, however, the extreme traits of his early life, and her privations and toils in the new country, it is surprising that mother and son retained so large a measure of geniality. Some persons most intimate with the family, insist that, through all the changes of 120 years and the numerous intermarriages, the mother still inherited a large share of that French vivacity which has always distinguished the people of Rochelle, France, for she was a descendant of Maturin Ballou, a Huguenot exile. Several Americans, of some wit and ability, descended from him, among them the noted Hosea Ballou, a cousin of Mrs Garfield.

Washington D.C.
August 11th 1861

Dear Mother

Dont be disturbed by conflicting reports about my condition. It is true. I am still weak, and on my back, but I am gaining every day, and need only time and patience to bring me through. Give love to all the relatives & friends especially to dear Trey Hitty. and Mary. Your loving son— James A. Garfield

Mr Eliza Garfield Hiram Ohio

PRESIDENT GARFIELD'S LAST LETTER.
(From Brown's Life of Garfield.)

Her son's life is too well known to need repetition. Suffice it to say that, on the death of her children grown in ability, they took care that she should enjoy the reward of her early labors for them. In the campaign of 1880 "Grandma" Garfield was an object of great interest to her illustrious son, and when it was seen at the inauguration, March 4, 1881, that he had given her a conspicuous place, the hearts of the American people were deeply touched. His mother, wife and daughter sat just behind him when he took the oath, and beside them Mrs. Hayes. As soon as he had uttered the last words of the obligation he turned and tenderly kissed the aged mother and then the wife. Soon after the mother returned to Ohio, and was with her daughter, Mrs. Larrabee, at Solon, in that state, when the great affliction came. On the 11th of August the wounded president had one of those delusive periods of strength and hope, which were such a marked feature of his case, and, calling for pen and paper, was propped up in bed to write his last letter, in these words:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 11, 1881.

DEAR MOTHER.—Don't be disturbed by conflicting reports about my condition. It is true I am still weak and on my back, but I am gaining every day and need only time and patience to bring me through. Give my love to all the relatives and friends, and especially to sister Trey and Mary. Your loving son, JAMES A. GARFIELD.
Mrs. Eliza Garfield, Hiram, O.

She who had first kiss in life and his first as president had the melancholy satisfaction of receiving his last letter. After the magnificent funeral ceremonies she returned with the rest of the family to Mentor, and thereafter her once strong frame yielded steadily to the weakening influence of age, till on the 21st she passed away with but little pain.

Sectional Feeling in "Little Italy."

The various trades and provinces, it may be remarked here, sustain certain fairly definite relations throughout the New York colony. The fruit sellers are generally Sicilians; the first of them came here by way of New Orleans, where they formed the advance guard of Italian immigration; the typical bookblack is from Genoa or thereabouts and the musicians are from about Milan and Florence, but more especially from Piedmont. The Piedmontese are the aristocracy, so far as race feeling goes, of the peninsula; their own sentiment corresponds somewhat to that of the Highlanders in Scotland. They are very musical, and furnish a number of notables in that field, among them Cappa, the celebrated New York bandmaster. There is a good deal of sectional feeling with the Italians, but it takes rather the form of clinging to those who speak their own patois than carrying on feuds with others, though as a casual remark I may note in this mistaken form of patriotism. The Piedmontese and Neapolitans are especially antagonistic.—Viola Roseboro in The Cosmopolitan.

AS TO THE BLIZZARD.

A SORT OF STORM THAT IS INDIGENOUS TO THE NORTHWEST.

In Fact, It Exists in All Its Glory Nowhere Else, Though Sometimes, as in the Case of the One Just Past, It Extends Its Deathly Sway.

ONCE more the country is appalled at the reports of widespread death and misery in the northwest. Once in its terrible and destructive intensity this cold wave surpasses all hitherto recorded. From the Athabasca to the Rio Grande, and over all the plains and prairies from the Rocky mountains to the timbered hills along the Mississippi, comes the same wail of monotonous misery: Travelers buried under the snow, farmers dying within a few rods of their own doors, children frozen stiff on the way home from school and domestic animals dying by thousands; and following the cold in western Kansas there is starvation, till whole families are said to be perishing in their frail cabins. With the calamity, too, come those actions which embolden inhumanity—heroic self sacrifice in many forms. The father has cheerfully yielded his own life to save his child, neighbor risks life and limb to rescue neighbor, and in many a town the horse citizens turned out and searched through the long, dismal night for the lost, tying themselves loosely in groups with long cords, so that they might not be prevented lost.

For such storms Dakota has invented the appropriate name of blizzard. It differs from the ordinary winter storm in two points—it rises with the suddenness of a tornado and continues a long time, and with a peculiar whirling motion of the wind the air is filled with a dry powdery snow that one cannot see a yard before him. Often the fine particles of snow strike the face with the sharp impact of steel flakes; in such a case breathing is driven against the wind, and the lungs drift helplessly before it till exhausted they sink down, and the wind cuts through the thickest woolen clothing. Language would fail to describe the pelting fury with which seizes on all save the very stoutest hearts, and the vitality of most people can sustain the hostile heat but a few hours in such a struggle. Unless shelter is reached the limbs are first frozen, then the chill of death encroaches the vital organs. And at this point the human emotions often appear as the blood retires from the surface—it congests in the heart and brain; then delirious comes on and with it a delusive sensation of comfort and heat. The victim's last exertions are to throw off his clothes and remove all wrappings from his throat; often the corpse is found with neck completely bare and in a strange attitude indicating the last struggles worn for fresh air! Even after the stage of delirium is reached one can be rescued by kind and painful exercise, less than rapid friction restores the circulation, the limbs extending slowly from the vital center to the extremities; thus, if the life can be saved, it is generally preserved.

The late blizzard was unusually sudden. On the morning preceding its appearance all Dakota reposed in a lovely calm. The air was soft, the sky dazzlingly clear. As for the old settlers remarked that there was danger, the air was too clear and the mirage too prevalent.

"Why, you could see towns, lakes and little hills fifty miles away," says one survivor. Immigrants from more southern localities had told Dakota stories at last to have a "fair day," and an unusually large number were away from home. About noon a low cloud of black cloud appeared in the northwest, and soon spread from north around to west; an hour later all the sky was black and the snow falling, and in another hour the blizzard was raging. Hour after hour its progress could be traced eastward and southward from town to town where telegraph lines could give warning: So most of Minnesota and Iowa were spared in time, but to all western Kansas, Nebraska, the Indian territory and Texas no such warning was possible. Wave after wave of

STRAY JOKES.

Scientists say that the savage has a more acute sense of smell than civilized people. They have more material to practice on.—The Epoch.

Nothing so vividly reminds us of the brevity of life as a thirty day note.—Drift.

Some people are so sanguine in this world that they think they can plant a handful of seed in a mowdrift and gather a carload of strawberries the day after the first thaw.—Baltimore American.

Farmer's Wife—Will you be seated? Tramp—With pleasure, ma'am. Your next door neighbor's dog has just unseated me.—New Haven News.

Son—Ma. Boy—Ip.
Hacks—Town. Boy—haven.
—Detroit Free Press.

The body of a boy drowned at Winchendon, Mass., was found through the use of the electric light, which was submerged in the water. It may be possible to find a dead boy by using the electric light, but it would take an illumination of about 100,000,000 candle power to discover a lad about five minutes after he has left the house with the remark: "I'm only goin' round the corner."—Norristown Herald.

A writer says: "There is always something picturesque and striking about an old mill." If the writer wants to see something "striking" he should witness a modern "mill" between a couple of noted pugilists.—Norristown Herald.

A VERY AGED TALE.

This artist lacking money, has made a drawing
Funny, and with hope his face is sunny;
Dear me, What else!
For in his hungry mind he fancies he has dined,
Boy on a meal of vegetables and mutton.

His wonderful creation portrays the perturbation,
And the innermost vexation,
Oh, my! Don't sigh,
Of the man who vainly soaks, with the carpet on his cheeks
For hours, to find his fleeting collar-button.

But alas for him, poor chap, he appears to be unhappy, for he little knew the trap he
Sprung when His pen
Led him to the door on the journalistic floor,
Where it fell into the waste-paper cage.

He thought the sketch was witty, but look on him with pity, for this happened in the city.
Oh, dear! How queer,
A long, long time ago—a century or so—
For even then this joke was very good.

TOM MASSON.

A Day in Bridleville.

One day Death assembled his grisly court and demanded a report from all his terrible agents. "Who best has done my work upon mankind?" demanded the monarch. Up rose the Kerosene Lamp, but before she could speak the Tiny Fetal put her down and stood before the King of Terrors. "I—I—he began, but was kicked clear out of the presence by the Empty Gun. "I am here, oh king," he began, but an American Fire choked him in the act of speech. "A-whish, thou sudden death!" exclaimed a haughty voice, and as the speaker strode into view, all the court prostrated themselves with fear, and even Death rose ready to vacate his throne. "And who art thou?" asked the monarch. "I am a Fire Escape." But with the applause that greeted his name a look of chill spread over the court, and as a figure of ghastly terror loomed in view, the court took to its heels, and Death, gathering his bones together for a good start, asked with trembling jaws, "And thou?" "I" replied the new comer, "I am the Boss. I am the Life Boat." And with a horrible shriek Death fell.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

In Payment for the Paper.

How you may get The Herald without money. Bring us:
Twenty pounds of pork; or
Ten pounds of pork sausage; or
Two bushels of sound Irish potatoes; or
Five bushels of sound turnips; or
Ten good chickens; or
Ten pounds of good lard; or
One bushel of good onions.
Any person bringing to any of the above in the quantity named will receive the paper until Jan. 1, 1889; for half the quantity we will send it half the time.—Hazel Green (Ky.) Herald.

But Gets There All the Same.

The aeronaut doesn't want the earth.—Washington Critic.

It ain't de man dat is hard tar wimp dat give you de most trouble. It is de feller dat won't stay whupped.

Some Rare Bargains
are being offered at
EDSALL'S
20 West Front street, at Barnsley's Linen Table Damask, Table Napkins, Linen Towels, Canton Flannels, Calicos, Dress Goods, etc.

We will open a line of Spring Dress Fabrics White Goods, and Hamburg Embroideries to-day and to-morrow. Our Carpet Department is well supplied with a full line of Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Mattings Rugs, Portieres, Curtains, etc.

If you wish to get genuine Bargains in real good goods you can depend on finding them at
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The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

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FROM THE GULF COAST.
The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., W. W. Stevens, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at the present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.
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A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.
Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of
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72 East Fifth street,
Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

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The proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives thousands of bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial size free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

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4-4 Lonsdale 1 cent
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Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates!

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Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.
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BEST FLOUR.
This uniformly graded and reliable flour is becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.
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Coal may be High
But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 8 North avenue are
WAY DOWN
Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, evaporated Blackberries, fresh fruit juices, oranges, lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnella and everything pertaining to our business.
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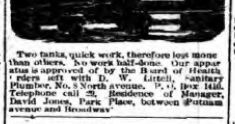
Wm. A. Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class insurance companies:
Fire Association of Philadelphia; Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen, of England; The Mercantile of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies, and prepares insurance at best rates; has
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Barr's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
TO LET UNFURNISHED.
Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
FIRE INSURANCE.
Sole Agency for North America, Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue (opposite P. O.), Plainfield.
Telephone No. 20.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP
corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1865, and still enjoying a liberal patronage. Send all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Patriotics cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

PLAINFIELD ODOMLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JOYCE & CO., PROPRIETORS.



Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No wood half-done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 5 North avenue, P. O. Box 1446. Telephone call 29. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Fortieth avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELLS
BLACK HOSIERY
GUARANTEED
for Men, Women and Children, will not run, crock, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.
Sold in Plainfield only by
HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
Stoves and Ranges,
CUTLERY
SLEIGH BELLS AND
SKATES
13 E. Front street.
Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

W. WAKEFIELD
ENGINEER
AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private residences by steam and hot water. Estimates for the placing of apparatus furnished promptly and at reasonable rates. Shop and office in rear of 5 North avenue, Plainfield. Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. Orders left at office will receive prompt attention.
OFFICE
80 Somerset Street.
My References my work.

ADAMS,
10 Park Avenue,
for
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
Window Glass, etc. Fine lot of Paper Hangings in Stock. Orders taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating. Estimates Furnished.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
12 DURR STREET, NORTH, PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York; Manufacturers of New York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J. Insurance effected on all kinds of property. Furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.
Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

TRY
B. T. BARNES'
Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.
ALL OUR OWN MAKE.
OPPOSITE P. O.

BUILDER
James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builder
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.
Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all [illegible]

Ranges & Stoves
with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of
HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES,
will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Seventh streets. Special attention called to the "Dockash" ranges, which cannot be excelled.
H. ANDERSON.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.
The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. P. H. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.
P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER,
Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also one of a number of the body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any locality. 5 Y or [illegible] North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 38-1y

PARK HOUSE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Large airy sunny rooms. Special arrangements may be made for permanent table board, and in stormy weather to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.
EVAN JONES,
PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,
19 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market
GEO. A. MOORE,
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
Salt of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season. In the meat market Sausage and Lard are daily kept in stock furnished at short notice.

WALL PAPERS.
G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL PAPER.
WINDOW SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
38 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1421.
W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
H. R. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
38 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE,
P. O Box 1467.

Miscellaneous Cards.
Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker or Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by Selected Barber (Gilbert). Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street.

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Dunnan's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour. Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Teas, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, cider vinegar, 43 cars old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Grave Rim, Yellow Rock Stone, Earthen and Glassware Flower Pots, etc. Fine Grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer
No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined any color and whitewashed. Also, rooms cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Leave orders between Fortieth avenue and Broadway.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 24 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Routes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser.
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French hair ornaments, toilet and powders. Manicuring and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road,
dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No. 31.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,
Driven Wells,
Gas Fixer and Well Driver. Old wells made to work over. Address as above, or Station 7 [illegible] years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop at Front.

J. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 21 1-2 West Front street.

WALL PAPER.
The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at
SCHWED BROS.
7 East Front St.

USE
CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord for Hand and Machine. For sale at
EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.
The pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
JOBBING promptly attended to. P. O. Box 250. Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

FOR BARGAINS
in new and second-hand
House Furnishing
GOODS
and for
FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK
and
UPHOLSTERING
call at the store of
J. S. POWLISON,
35 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Office No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Staats, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,
FLOUR MERCHANT,
Best brands of
Flour, Feed, Grain,
Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack. Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 32. P. O. Box 1082.

FOTOGRAFS
Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post Office.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
No paper labels used as it does not soak the bread, but fresh clean material with skilled makers is unequaled in quality.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand. Orders of first-class material only. Thanking for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 37 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 20.

The News reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a variety of interesting reading matter to the readers of persons and places in search of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it is better than a thousand circulars more than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers put together, as the constant demand proves the columns daily testifies. In all that relates to the daily commercial and family newspaper The News stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Eclipse to-night.

—Y. M. C. A. reception to-night.

—Trains at the local railroad station as well as elsewhere are very late, owing to the snow blockades.

—At the Congregational church Sunday evening, the pastor's subject will be, "Men Without Handles."

—Robert Dansfield of Paterson, N. J., known as "the Scottish Giant," will speak at Berzon Hall, to-morrow night.

—A surprise party was held at the residence of Messrs. Lutkins & Hummer, Somerset street, last night. About sixty were present.

—There is a service of prayer and song every Saturday evening at eight o'clock at 55 East Front street, in the Y rooms, to which every body is invited.

—Those who have seen the "Morris Equine and Canine Paradox" at Music Hall say it's the best thing of the kind they have ever seen. To-night's the last.

—Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa R. Dills, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning text: "Ye Cannot Serve God and Mammon." Evening subject: "Relation of Faith and Works."

—The so-called *sportsmen nowadays are* those who destroy birds which destroy plant-destroying worms and insects. The birds are a joy to the farmer, from the sportsman so much annoys that in self-protection he is knocking at the doors of the Legislature for a law to make every farmer a constable and every other one a justice to fine and punish the so-called sportsman.

—Electricity is taking the place of drugs to a large extent in the treatment of chronic diseases. There is no necessity for going to New York for its administration, for Dr. Griffin is well fixed to give treatment with it in its various forms, and thoroughly understands its use. Those suffering would do well to give him a call. Consultation free. See advertisement in another column.

—There are several who claim to have been first at the Bock-Goodman fire on Second street, Thursday morning. Carl Kaerth, the advertising genius, says that the person that rescued Mrs. Goodman, her servant and dog, was Harry F. Pratt, a young man in his employ, who thinking that Mr. Kaerth's barn was afire, was among the first to respond to the alarm. Mr. Kaerth says that Mr. Praed *and Fred's Rodenheuser* procured Mr. Kaerth's ladder and did the rescuing.

AT THE TOBOGGAN SLIDE.

A Few Warm-Blooded Ones Have a Good Time.

The fact that those who went to the toboggan slide last night were few is an evidence that a great many prefer to attend such an affair in weather which will admit of some gauzy evening dress, than to brave the lifting northwest wind will at present allow. Possibly a great many, reading the carnival announcement, looked out the door, shivered and withdrew again to the fireside, remarking, "No need of going out and freezing to death." I'll read all about it in The News, and that's better than going and getting frozen myself."

It wasn't the fault of the management that the "carnival" failed to be a carnival. There was the Plainfield Cornet Band, playing lustily; the colored lights of Greek fire, the sky rockets and Roman candles, flaring up and down the slide, and the moon was shining in good condition; but the throng of gaily-dressed tobogganers that was hoped for did not materialize. Daintily colored glass lanterns were strung on wires along and across the slide, but the high wind prevented their being lighted, and only a few torches defied the storm.

It was cold; at least the thermometer said so, but the few who ventured out with their toboggans enjoyed themselves and were in a constant glow of warmth from the exercise.

The slide is now open every afternoon, and if you don't lose your grip or forget your toboggan,

AS THIS MAN DID,

you may have all the fun you want. In the coasting figure in the foreground of the picture one may be able to recognize an artist engaged by The News especially to illustrate the event of the season's carnival. It doesn't make any material difference that the stairway is at the wrong side of the slide. The descending artist has lost all interest in the stairway, *and is devoting his thoughts to* wondering if the back-stop an eighth of a mile down is cushioned and will stop him, and whether he will keep right on until he strikes the mountain. The person at the top of the slide don't know exactly how it happened, but it appears that the man dropped his cuff his foot in his eye, and a tin can and something obstruct his vision he may be able to get his cuff in time for his laundry bundle Monday morning.

LOCAL MARRIAGEABLES

SUPPOSED TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR MATRIMONIAL HONORS.

A List of Those to Whom Leap-Year may Bring a Strange Question From Sweet Lips. A Few Matrimonial Hints.

EING leap-year is current upon a News reporter that he could do Plainfield's charming maidens an appreciative service by publishing for their benefit a list of Plainfield bachelors, good, bad, and indifferent, whose modesty, of course, has prevented them from enjoying ere this the matrimonial bliss which awaits all who enter the connubial state worthily.

Plainfield is famous everywhere it is known for its lovely and lovable women. Look at the following dozen or so *likenesses* selected at random, and a final one may be formed of their beauty and intelligence and womanly charms generally. Possibly you may recognize one of the number. If not. We think not. They are too beautiful to be done justice to on so small a scale. But

The first in the list is setting her cap for some bachelor, and they are all girls to be proud of. Any one over such an intelligent leap-year jury—a representative one—can quickly decide for herself whether among the following, there is any worthy of her attentions. Of course we cannot be expected to vouch for every bachelor given below, but the Fidelity and Casualty Insurance company of *New York*, of which the energetic John M. Crane of La Grande avenue, Plainfield, is the secretary, and Joseph T. Vail, the well-known broker, on North avenue is the agent, and whose advertisement adorns our columns, make it a business to vouch for the character of people who cannot always do justice to themselves. The company carefully investigate every character before taking any risk, and any Plainfield bachelor whom the company will furnish bonds for, will, on general principles, pay for the bride's wedding outfit. But in the matter of matrimony, every sensible girl, will, after all, probably prefer to rely upon her own judgment.

In the list will doubtless be found plenty of fish and fish—that is, those ought-to-be and worth-to-be-caught—the G2b for the good of themselves and society generally, and the 1, 2b, but can't, because of sundry impediments, such, for instance, as their being too fresh, too green, too rank, or too stale and unprofitable an investment for such noble women as we have, but there can be no doubt that there is among the number of bachelors given many a one who would be an honor to any community, and takes altogether they will, we think, average very well.

No fault can be found for want of variety in the matter of vocations, for there is included in the list, ministers, doctors, lawyers merchants, grocers, clerks, students, and even a coachman and millionaire or two.

Neither can any fault be found for want of variety in the way of color. There is not only white and black, but also half-and-half, for we find as Evelyn in Charles Mann, of Fourth street, and half-and-half enough to suit even the most fastidious is Wah Sing, the Chinese laundry artist.

If a tall specimen is wanted, there is reporter Huntington of The Times, who glories that he is six feet and a half in his socks high, and can look down on the rest of us bare-footed.

A short specimen is George Liable of Somerset street, who, though twenty-eight years old, *and a bachelor, is only about* three feet ten inches in height.

For a fat specimen there is Joseph B. Miller, proprietor of the Mansion House, who less thirty years old weighs almost 300 pounds, while for a lean specimen his brother Wallace wont take a back seat.

For wealth there is one in the list whose pin money alone while studying at Yale is $10,000 a year, but will probably one or two others being sons of millionaires, and last but not least there will be in the list some of the *brainiest young men in the country*, who are already casting the shadows of giants in literature, and who quickly becoming intellectual giants in fact.

Not all in the list will be regarded men of character, but the objectionable ones, if such there are, will be found the exception rather than the rule. It is the character after all that counts, the strength of character that knows that the main of character will make the best husband, and help her most to make the happiest of homes. But here's the list

Clarence, yes, surely, and may you be happy for ever and ever.

Ackerman, Harry, machinist, Manning ave.
Ackerman, C. F., jr., clerk, Manning avenue.
Ackerman, A. M., clerk, Park avenue.
Adlock, S. B., stationer, Lathe's Hotel.
Adams, Jr., Chas. H., Grove street.
Allen, Jos. C., clerk, East Front street.
Allen, Wm., lawyer, East Front street.
Anderson, Chas., clerk, Park avenue.
Anderson, W. S., journalist, W. Second st.
Atwood, D. B., Kensington avenue.
Bailey, Jr., Jas. E., Grove street.
Barkalow, M. C., grocer, North avenue.
Barry, David, mason, W. Fourth street.
Barnes, Jr., Clark, W. Second street.
Bebe, Geo. S., clerk, Central avenue.
Bedford, Jr., Jas., moulder, E. Third street.
Beekman, Wm. M., East Third street.
Bilyeu, Jeremiah, mason, W. Front street.
Bishop, Robert, engineer, W. Second st.
Blackford, J. L., clerk, Grove street.
Blair, Jas. H., Clerk, East Second street.
Blanch, John B., grocer, West Third street.
Blanch, Joseph C., 12 Somerset street.
Blanchard, Wm., Grove street.
Brokaw, Hazel H., Pearl street.
Brown, Thos. B., jr., clerk, E. Sixth street.
Brown, Jr., Geo. H., Park avenue.
Burnett, John M., stationery, W. Front st.
Burrows, Wm M, broker, Somerset place.
Bush, Jr., Jas., insurance broker, City Hotel.
Callahan, Frank, East Third street.
Callman, Louis, fancy goods, Laing's Hotel.
Campbell, Jr., Geo., Grove street.
Canfield, Fred., cutter, Grove street.
Canfield, Benj., painter, Grove street.
Carner, Dan'l, prisoner, Liberty street.
Case, Chas. A., book-keeper, Manning ave.
Chandler, Jr., Frank, clerk, W. Front street.
Clark, Fred., painter, Orchard place.
Clark, John, slater, Liberty street.
Clark, Jr., Jas. H., W. Second street.
Clawson, Marcus L., W. Second street.
Clum, Lester, Kensington avenue.
Coleman, Jr., Jas. H., Fourth street.
Collins, John, machinist, W. Third street.
Connett, Harry A., bookkeeper, Grove street.
Connett, Jr., Jas., machinist, W. Second st.
Conover, Z., clerk, Jackson avenue.
Cook, Chas. H., 610 Park avenue.
Cook, Geo. H., trains, 18 Park avenue.
Cooley, Edward, clerk, E. Front street.
Courtenay, A. J., clerk, W. Front street.
Coward, Harry H., East Front street.
Craft, Henry, clerk Kos-lington avenue.
Craig, Jr., Jas., clerk, Somerset street.
Craig, Wm. D., township clerk, Somerset st.
Crater, Edward, clerk, W. Second street.
Crabbiere, Fred., Grove street.
Cuthbert, William.
Daboll, Jr., Burgess, E. Sixth street.
Daniel, Irving, Clerk, Plainfield avenue.
Daw, Edward, machinist, Orchard Place.
Dawson, Jr., Jas., clerk, Jackson Place.
DeCamp, Louis, painter, Plainfield avenue.
DeGr.w, Chas. W., clerk, Park avenue.
Demarest, Albert H., salesman, Terrill Place.
Demarest, J. A., editor, E. Fifth street.
Demeza, Geo. W., Elm Place.
Demick, Geo. H., Plainfield avenue.
Dewey, Chas. S., W. Fifth street.
Dome, Thad., jr., student, W. Fifth street.
Dobbins, Thomas, typo-graphical, North avenue.
Dodd, Samuel, rear 31 Park avenue.
Donovan, Daniel, Second Third street.
Doscovan, Lewis, carpenter, E. Third street.
Dorrance, Harry, clerk, Evona avenue.
Doty, Hiram, boatter, E. Second street.
Drayton, J. W., Richmond street.
Dreier, David, W. Front street.
Dunham, Chas., Manning avenue.
Dunham, Frank, M., clerk, W. Fifth street.
Dunham, Charles, machinist, W. Fifth St.
Dunn, Jr., Jas., wireman, Fourth street.
Dumbler, Chas., clerk, Madison avenue.
Emmons, James, W. Front street.
Erickson, Julius H., W. Eighth street.
Estil, Mulford, stationer, W. Fifth street.
Evans, Clark W., Plainfield avenue.
Ficke, Jr., Jas., upholsterer, Arlington avenue.
Field, C. M., physician, Broadway.
Field, Jr., City Physicianey, City Hotel.
Fifield, machinist, City Hotel.
Flynn, Michael, hatter, W. Third street.
Flynn, Peter, W. Third street.
Frazee, DeWitt, Peace street.
French, Chas G, E Fifth street.
French, Edward, W. Front street.
French, Elston M, Somerset street.
Force, John L., clerk, Force's Hotel.
Frazee, Frank, Newman, Orchard Place.
Gardner, Elwood, plumber, City Hotel.
Gaston, Elias, tailor, W. Front street.
Gillies, Jr., Jas. C., Madison avenue.
Goeller, Wm., machinist, Plainfield avenue.
Goodrich, Jr., Geo. H., Park Avenue place.
Graham, Geo. H., architect, City Hotel.
Grannatt, Harry, W. Front street.
Grannatt, Jr., Jas., Front street.
Hillman, Clarence, 26 Sherman avenue.
Hoagland, Alvin S., salesman, W. Front st.
Hoagland, Howard, Franklin place.
Haberle, Fred, carver, W. Fifth street.
Hait, Seymour, jr., W. Seventh street.
Hann, Jr., Jas., wireman, Force's Hotel.
Harding, Richard, baggage, W. Second St.
Hartgence, Harry, machinist, W. Front St.
Hartland, Carmen, student, E. Second St.
Hawkins, Jos. M., machinist, W. Fourth St.
Hayden, Frank, driver, Orchard Place.
Hedges, E. W., physician, E. Front street.
Hetfield, Walter L., lawyer, E. Second St.
Hetfield, Jr., Jas. S., clerk, Grant avenue.
Hibbits, John, clerk, Liberty street.
Hogan, Daniel, plumber, W. Third street.
Horn, Jr., Jas., student, E. Front street.
Hornish, Hiram, nurse, W. Second street.
Horton, A. C., hats, W. Fifth street.
Howell, Jr., Jas. H., Fifth street.
Hubbard, Wm. C., student, W. Fifth street.
Huff, Horace, clerk, E. Third street.
Huff, Horace, clerk, E. Third street.
Humpston, Samuel, jr., W. Second street.
Huntington, Jr., Jas. S., painter, W. Second st.
Hustanson, R. F. R., reporter, E. Front st.
Inson, Clinton, clerk, E. Third street.
Jones, Frank W., Somerset street.
Jennings, Thos., blacksmith, W. Front street.
Jimmerson, W. S., tailor, Leland avenue.
Kase, Jr., Jas., machinist, W. Front street.
Kenyon, Jas. B., foundry, City Hotel.
Kirkner, Geo., W. Eighth street.
Kirkner, Jr., Eighth street.
Kelsey, John, machinist, Clinton avenue.
Krewson, Will, driver, Grandview avenue.
Kriggel, Howard, clerk, Liberal avenue.
Lewis, John, Grove street.
Lewis, George, student, Somerset street.
Limbarger, Walter, tailor, Elm street.
Liable, George, barber, Somerset street.
Liable, Jr., Jas., barber, Somerset street.
Leland, Geo., plumber, Grandview avenue.
Leland, Elmer, Grandview avenue.
Laing, Thomas, reporter, W. Fourth st.
LaVere, Benj., carriage trimmer, Bank pl.
Lewis, Edwin B., teacher, Central avenue.
Lindsley, Walter.
Long, Eli, jr., student, Grove street.
Love, Jas. L., grocer, Duer street.
Lewis, Albert, Park avenue.
Lunger, Wm. R., carpenter, Westervelt ave.
Lyon, Jr., Jas. C., clerk, Park avenue.
McCormick, Jas., backman, Mercer street.
McIntosh, Harry L., W. Seventh street.
McIntosh, Jr., Jas. H., bookkeeper, W. 7th st.
MacAndrew, F. J., telegraph, North avenue.
Madden, Geo., book-keeper, W. Fifth street.
Madden, Jr., Jas. H., clerk, E. Front st.
Mantis, Sam'l, driver, Park avenue.
Marsh, A. L. C., architect, E. Fifth street.
Marsh, Jr., Jas., clerk, Park avenue.
Martin, Jas., grocer, Second street.
Martin, Frank, Eighth street.
Martin, F. L. C., clerk, Park avenue.
Martin, Gilbert S., printer, W. Second street.
Martin, Clifford, jr., printer, W. Eighth st.
Martin, Howard J., clerk, Park avenue.
Martin, James R., farmer, Broadway.
Martin, Jr., Jas., farmer, Broadway.
Mehl, Geo., jr., carpenter, W. Second street.
Merritt, Richard, Kensington avenue.
Miller, Herbert, driver, Randolph & Randolph's.
Miller, George, prop. Laing's Hotel.
Miller, Jos. P., W. Front street.
Miller, Theo. J., jr., clerk, W. Seventh street.
Miller, Wallace, hotel clerk, W. Front street.
Milliken, Wm., book-keeper, W. Front street.
Minier, Alex., W. Front street.
McKinney, Andrew, tailor, Park avenue.
McKinney, Charles, bricklayer, Somerset st.
Manchor, Frank, carpenter, Arlington ave.
Miner, Fred., W. Fourth street.
Mott, Wm., Orchard Place.
Moore, Geo. W., wheels, Elm place.
Moore, Willis E., painter, Somerset st.
Morgan, Jr., Jas., machinist, W. Fifth street.
Mosley, John, carpenter, W. Fourth street.
Mulkins, Park, W. Third st.
Mulford, Arthur H, clerk, W. Front street.
Mulford, Sam'l P., East Fifth street.
Muller, Jr., Jas., clerk, W. Front street.
Mumford, Lois, engineer, Arlington avenue.
Munger, H. C., Washington avenue.
Murphy, C. L., clerk, W. Second avenue.
Murray, Damin, carpenter, W. Front street.
Nelson, Jr., Jas., clerk, Prospect avenue.
Nelson, E. ward, ticket agent, W. Front st.
Newman, Frank E, architect, W. Fifth street.
Peck, Herbert, Front street.
Perine, Edward T, W. Fifth street.
Pitzer, Wm., clerk, W. Front street.
Poland, John, South avenue.
Pope, Frank A, Park avenue.
Potter, Morris, student, Grove street.
Pound, Samuel C., Central avenue.
Phillpitt, Robt., Westervelt avenue.
Phillpitt, Wm., Westervelt ave.
Pound, Henry C, Central avenue.
Powlinson, Chas. F., Grandview avenue.
Priest, John C., jr., Hollis, Madison avenue.
Putnam, Frank, clerk, W. Second street.
Runyon, Wm. J., E Front street.
Rankin, Jr., Jas., machinist, W. Fourth street.
Reay, Joseph, E Fifth street.
Ransonett, Edward, caterer, North avenue.
Randolph, Jr., Madison avenue.
Rockwell, Jr., jr., grocer, E. Front street.
Rogers, B. B., machinist, W. Second street.
Rogers, Geo. S., machinist, W. Second St.
Roth, Jr., Jas., Rahway, Liberty Alley.
Roth, Martin, jr., Exchange Alley.
Roth, Philip, Exchange Alley.
Runyon, D M., clerk, Arlington avenue.
Rushmore, Townsend, clerk, W. Seventh St.
Sandford, Charles, W., jr., W. Seventh St.
Sandford, Fred., W. Seventh street.
Sandford, Jos. W., jr., W. Seventh street.
Sandford, Theodore, Liberty Hotel.
Sands, John W., plumber, Broadway.
Schneicker, Emil, painter, Church street.
Scherpereel, Jr., Jas. W., North avenue.
Schlereth, Geo. R., upholsterer Chatham St.
Schlereth, Robt., upholsterer, Chatham St.
Slevin, Andrew, Clinton place.
Sperry, A W, Grandview avenue.
Stiner, George W, tobacco, Park avenue.
Stout, Jr., Jas., Liberty street.
Sutton, Reiford, N Front street.
Sutton, William, miller, N Front street.
Schwoz, Isaac, clothier, W. Sixth street.
Searing, Edw., printer, W. Third street.
Seguine, A. M., jr., farmer, E. Front st.
Serrell, Wallace L., clerk, W. Front street.
Sharp, John B., book-keeper, New street.
Sharp, Wm. Smith, New street.
Shaw, R. J., druggist, East Second street.
Sheehan, John, R.R. foreman, W. Fifth St.
Sheehan, Wm., mason, W. Fifth street.
Smith, Frank, clerk, New street.
Smith, Miner C., clerk, W. Second street.
Squires, Harry Lee, clerk, Broadway.
Stillman, Wm. J., lawyer, Grant Avenue.
Smalley, Will., hatter, Craig Place.
Stover, Herbert W., clerk, Park Place.
Stover, Louis M., clerk, Park Place.
Stover, Chas., clerk, Elm Place.
Stivell, H. A., jr., clerk Prospect Place.
Stryker, Arthur, clerk, Orchard Place.
Stillwell, Chas., lumber, W. Second street.
Sutphen, David E., clerk, W. Second street.
Sutton, Jas. A., painter, Grandview avenue.
Sullivan, Frank, plumber, Manning avenue.
Taylor, Rev, J. F., rector, Park avenue.
Teeter, Geo V N, book-keeper, Somerset st.
Teeter, John C., clerk, Park avenue.
Thickstun, Wm. D., Central avenue.
Thiers, Chas. M., dentist, W. Front street.
Thorn, Fred., Craig avenue.
Thorne, Harry E, Ninth street.
Thr, Gen. N., jr., Park Place.
Tilsworth, Alex., clothier, W. Second street.
Tobin, Geo., plumber, W. Sixth street.
Tobin, Jr., Jas., W. Fifth street.
Totin, Richard, mason, W. Front street.
Tobin, Wm. J., carpenter, W. Front street.
Totten, Jr., Jas. S., driver, Park alley.
Tracey, Barney, W. Third street.
Tracey, J. R., jr., W. Eighth street.
Vanderbeek, A. K., Sterling yards, 31 place.
VanAlstyne, Louis, com. mer., Broadway.
VanDalew, Wm., W Front Street.
VanDalew, Jr., Jas., W. Front street.
VanBlyck, Will., E Second street.
VanWinkle, Chas. B., jr., E Front street.
VanWinkle, Nelson, oil, Central avenue.
Vermuyle, F. W., salesman, Peace street.
Vincent, Geo. H., clerk, Park avenue.
Voehl, Jacob, jr., plumber, W Front street.
Voorhees, Wm. W., clerk, W. Front street.
Voorhees, Jr., Jas., W. Front street.
Wah Sing, laundry, Somerset street.
Wakefield, S. W., steam fitter, Somerset st.
Whitfield, James M, jr, W Second street.
Walz, E. L., clerk, LaGrande avenue.
Walz, Fred'k, clerk, LaGrande avenue.
Wann, Jr., Wilbur avenue.
Warner, Harry, clothing, W. Front street.
Warner, Morris, clothing, W. Front street.
Waterman, Jr., Jas. E., W. Front st.
Whalen, Jas., jr., clerk, W. Sixth street.
Wall, Jr., Jas., W. Fifth street.
White, Theodore.
Williams, James, painter, Liberty street.
Williams, Jr., Jas., clerk, Park avenue.
Wilson, William A., carpenter, Somerset st.
Wilson, Howard, machinist, Third street.
Wilson, Jr., Jas., W. Second street.
Winter, Albert, clothing, Laing's Hotel.
Yetter, Fred W, clerk, E Seventh street.
Young, Jr., Jas., W. Front street.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

The Eastern Blizzard.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The blockade along the New York Central's tracks, although partially removed, still delays traffic, and on the West Shore road, in the Mohawk Valley, for a distance of 140 miles, from Kingston to Frankfort, immense snow drifts almost envelop the cars.

Dispatches from all parts of New York and New England state that the blizzard is still raging furiously.

A Successful Church.

At the recent annual business meeting of the Park Avenue Baptist Church Society—Messrs. Alonzo G. Dennis, J. Wesley Hanson and Seeley Edsall were elected trustees. The annual report was encouraging, showing that besides increasing the pastor's salary, spending several hundred dollars for music, paying a note for $600 and making quite extended improvements and repairs, there remained, after paying all obligations, a balance of $129.73 in the treasurer's hands.

The report further showed that $1,200 more had been paid in than was received during the previous year.

Dead of Gangrene.

Edward Irving, an old blacksmith who has worked in nearly every smithy in Somerset county, died at the Muhlenberg Hospital this morning, several months ago, while working for A. J. Jennings of Warrenville. Irving felt a pain in the big toe of his right foot. He paid no attention to it until night, when on taking off his shoe he found that a brass eyelet from an A. M. jr., included itself in the toe. He removed the little piece of brass, and the wound soon healed, but a short time afterwards the leg began to swell and he was placed in the Hospital. The physicians could not stop the spread of the disease, and amputation was out of the question, on account of Mr. Irving's age. The deceased was 76 years old, and was a native of Canada, though a resident hereabouts for nearly the past half century. He suffered intensely during his illness.

Oldest Plainfield Woman Dead.

Mrs. Jane Wyckoff, colored, widow of the late Francis Wyckoff, ordered, died yesterday in her ninety-third year. The funeral services will be held from the Mount Olive Baptist church Sunday afternoon at Four o'clock. Mrs. Wyckoff was at the hour of her death the oldest woman in Plainfield. Her husband was but one year her junior. He was popularly known as "Black Frank," and was between 80 and 90 years old when he died. Peter Wyckoff, Fourth avenue, was a long time janitor of the Union Club, is a son of the deceased, and Smith Wyckoff, employee at Stelle's drug store, is a grandson. Mrs. Wyckoff was a great-grandmother by a marriage of Anna Wyckoff to her grand-daughter. She was one of the best known persons in town.

PERSONAL.

Messrs. L. D. W. McIntosh of Seventh street and F. A. Pope of Park avenue start this evening for Niagara Falls to spend Sunday.

A delighting party from North Plainfield and Elizabeth visited Miss Atkins of New Brunswick last night. Miss Atkins is a cousin of Miss Bertha Mooney of Clinton avenue.

The funeral of the late John Blimm will take place at his home on Somerset street, tomorrow forenoon at ten o'clock, to be conducted by Pyraud Lodge, No. 400, F. & A. M., of New York.

George Foster of Fairchild alley was one of the coachmen at the John W. Murray reception, Wednesday evening. Waiting outside produced for him a cold that pneumonia set in, and Mr. Foster died at one a. m. to-day after an illness of a day and a half.

Abm. T. Huff filed his bond in the sum of $2,000, Saturday morning, with Justice Vechte and *D. K. Crane as sureties.* The bond was approved by the court, the oath of office was administered by Commissioner Johnson, and the new Surrogate entered upon his duties, appointing G. W. Anderson, clerk.

Died.

THATCHER—In this city, Jan. 27, 1888, Ernest S., son of Bateman and Maggie Thatcher, in his 10th year.

Funeral at his father's residence, Fourth and Sycamore streets, Monday, afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

WYCKOFF—In this city, Jan. 27, 1888, Mrs. Jane Wyckoff, widow of the late Francis Wyckoff, in her 93d year.

Funeral from Mt. Olive Baptist church Sunday afternoon at four o'clock. 1 2*

BLIMM—In this city, on January 26th, 1888, John Blimm, in the 46th year of his age.

The friends and members of Pyraud Masonic Fraternity are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Pearl street, North Plainfield, on Sunday, 29th, inst., at 10 o'clock a. m.

FOSTER—In this city on Saturday, January 28th, 1888, George W. Foster, in the 35th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his mother No. 17 West Front Street, on Monday, 30th, inst., at two o'clock p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

1888	1887		
9 a. m. 9	22	Sun rises.....	7 14
9 a. m. 20	30	Sun sets.....	5 13
12 m..... 15	44	Moon rises.....	
3 p. m..... 14	50	Moon sets.....	

WET GOODS

Ho! For Bargains! Boots and Shoes.

CALL IMMEDIATELY

at

B. R. Force's corner, No. 1 Park avenue and Front street.

WE WANT

the room for Spring Goods. All broken lots of Shoes and all wool lined Shoes we will sell below cost. If we can suit you in size we can give you a **Decided** Bargain.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 West Front street, the One Price Boot and Shoe House.

Central Word Column.

A GIRL wanted for general housework. No. 5 Craig Place. 1-24-tf*

A PARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 22 West Third street. 30-tf*

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wishes situation in a private family. Address E S., care of Evening News. 27-2

FOR SALE—A first-class second-hand concord rockaway. Enfield Axles. Jackson make. Can be seen at Horner & Ryerson's carriage repository. 27-2

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 96 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 3-3-tf

LOST—Commutation ticket. Please return to J. L. Andueon, P. O. Box 862. 25-tf*

JULIA THOMAS will give the second health lecture on Monday at 55 E. Front street from 2:30 to 3:30 and from 4 to 5 p. m. Terms $2.50, in advance. A discount to teachers and families.

PAPER HUNG—12 1-2 per roll. Kalsomining, $1.00 per room. C. Dunham, 95 South Second street.

PARTIES desiring decorative painting in velvet, velveteen, cloth, silk, etc., can be accommodated by calling at the store of Miss Clark, North avenue. 26-3

TO MY CUSTOMERS.—On account of the snow blockade in New York State, I was unable to receive my condensed milk. Wm. Denker.

WANTED—Board for lady and child three years old. Large sunny well heated room, good table. Address with terms, *M. Hayes, Plainfield.*

WANTED—A young girl as chamber maid and waitress. Address P. O. Box 880. 27-3

TOBOGGAN SLIDE

(East Front street,)

NOW OPEN

Afternoons and Evenings.

Special Notices.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH, 1 phaeton, 2 buggies, 1 road cart, 3 sleighs, 3 spring wagons, 10 farm wagons. Call and look at them on Second street, near Library avenue. John P. Wolfe. 1-12-7*

TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the

NORTH PLAINFIELD TOWNSHIP AND BOROUGH TAXES

assessed for the year 1887, remaining unpaid on January 31st, 1888, will be returned to the County Clerk at Somerville and recorded as the first lien against the property of said delinquents after which date, as required by law, such taxes will be published. Prompt payment is respectfully urged, thereby saving costs. H. N. SPENCER, Collector.

No. 20 Somerset street, North Plainfield. January 23, 1888.

MUSIC HALL,

Thursday, Feb. 2d,

Funnier and better than ever. The best invasion of the drama by Charles H. Hoyt, author of "A Hole in the Ground," "A Rag Baby," "A Brass Monkey," etc., entitled

A TIN SOLDIER

under the management of Messrs. Hoyt & Thomas. Overflowing with new music, new and startling specialties and pretty dances.

Hats and the Plumber, Votes and Victoria, and all the Pretty Girls.

Prices as usual. Seats on sale at Field and Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores, Tuesday, Jan. 31.

We have a Special Line of Rough Writing Paper put up in one quire flat boxes with perfumed blotters These papers are in several different styles and we will sell them for the present at only 35 cents per box.

A. W. RAND, 24 W. Front street.

We Are Now

finishing up our annual inventory of stock and a great many short lengths in broken assortments of all kinds of goods can for a few days be had at a price much below their real value. It will be of advantage to them in many ways not excepting their pocket books.

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street,

The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

25 PER CENT

ALLOWED ON ALL THE

WINTER GOODS

and

OVERCOATS

at

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

SPECIALTIES

manufactured by CARL KAERTH

Nerve Food Tonic

for Dyspepsia, Nervous and Blood Disorders, 50c a bottle. Reference, Mr. J. Bliss of Sharpless & Bliss. INSTANTANEOUS LINIMENT for Neuralgia, Stiffness, Cuts, etc., 25c a bottle. Reference, Mrs. Lockwood, corner Corner Bros. COLDS and CATARRH CURE 25c a bottle. Reference, Mr. Thomas Kenna, North Plainfield.

U. B. CRANE,

SPECIAL SALE

in

Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishings

Gloves and all kinds of Machinists' Goods commenced yesterday and will last forever.

12 Park Avenue,

next to Waiter's Bakery.

Executor's Sale.

to settle the

ESTATE

of the late LEWIS JONES, deceased. To be sold by Peckwell, Jr., in Plainfield, House containing nine rooms on Front street. Also modern cottage, 10 feet on Putnam avenue and 100 feet deep. Also two lots on Second avenue. For terms and further statements on Executor's sale apply to or will be sold at a sacrifice. Apply to EVAN JONES, Executor.

MUSIC HALL,

for a period of three days,

JAN. 26, 27 28,

MATINEE AND NIGHT.

PROF. MORRIS

EQUINE AND CANINE PARADOX

14 Ponies and 26 Dogs.

Assisted Refined Performers. The wonder of the age. The most wonderful animal exhibition in the world.

Prices 25c, 50c, 75c. Reserved seats for all performances at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores, Tuesday, Jan. 31.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. HOWLAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 1 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough, at six cents per week, or 25 cents per month. Sent by mail to all parts of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1888

FATALITIES OF THE STORM.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Jan. 28.—There was a fatal double impression in the passing of trains over the Hudson River division yesterday, detentions having fallen off considerably, but the spoils only to northern, and not to southern bound trains from the west. All of the latter have run from two to three hours behind, mainly because of the snow obstruction between Albany and Schenectady and in the vicinity of Amsterdam on the New York Central.

For several miles the snow in the latter place is three feet deep on the track. It between Albany and Schenectady, for two continuous miles, one track is covered with five feet of snow. A railroad man says that Thursday night 600 loaded freight cars were blocked in at West Albany and 700 at Dewitt, on the New York Central. Those 1,500, together with at least 500 on switches and side tracks, make a total of 2,000 loaded cars blocked in, each car averaging ten tons of freight.

The order to start freight trains has been given, but it will be several days before the pressure is over. Yesterday afternoon the Hudson River railroad officials at Albany were at their wits' end. Shortly after noon the Boston and Albany road were discontinued for the day.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The wind was blowing a terrific gale last night, and all the snow consequently shifted and drifted, almost completely blocking the traffic of the various railroads in this section of central New York. Special dispatches received are to the effect that it is utterly impossible to keep the tracks clear, since the wind drives the snow into "cuts" as fast as they are cleared. A snow plow and three engines behind it seems of little use, as the fine snow packs so close and firm that scarcely any power can dislodge it.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Jan. 28.—Trains on the Wallkill Valley road are buried in the snow between here and Rosendale. On the Ulster and Delaware railroad, in the Catskills, the drifts are so deep that it is impossible to run trains.

Special dispatches from along the Hudson state that the storm is the worst in many years. Travel everywhere is impeded, and few miles and miles in Delaware and Sullivan counties the roads are impassable.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Jan. 28.—Passenger train No. 27, due at North Adams at 12:14 Thursday night, ran into freight train No. 57 at Cole's siding, near Williamstown. P. Cat more, conductor of the freight, and Charles Wheelock, a brakeman, were killed. Pat Quigley, James Lawless, brakeman, and Charles Mowery, fireman, were injured.

The night express left Troy on time, came over the Fitchburg road through the most furious snow storm of this season, arriving at Coles switch, where the freight train was stalled. Rear Brakeman Madden had gone back to flag the express and placed torpedoes and a red light on the track. The snow blew so hard and thick that the engineer was unable to see the light, and the torpedoes did not explode. Engineer Bachelder did not see the caboose until too late to check the train and dashed into it, with the above result.

Conductor Cudmore saw the headlight of the coming train and had just time to get out in the caboose when he was killed. He leaves a widow. Charles Wheelock was injured in the left temple and died on the way here. Patrick Quigley was badly injured. His feet are all loosened from the throat bone. James Lamb jumped from the caboose. Fireman Charles Mowery jumped from the engine and broke one of his arms. Wheelock leaves a widow and four children.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 28.—The mail train from the north on the Connecticut River railroad, due at Holyoke at 6 o'clock Thursday night, became stalled in a cut two miles north of that city. A gang of men went to work yesterday to dig it out. The snow was blowing so thick that nothing could be seen a few feet distant, and the 7:30 train from Greenfield dashed into the gang, killing three and injuring another fatally. The killed are Martin Griffin, James Kennedy and John Shea, and the injured man Michael Connors, all of Holyoke.

LANCASTER, Pa., Jan. 28.—The eastern express on the Pennsylvania railroad was thrown off the track by the storm Friday near Mount Joy yesterday. The engine and six cars left the track. Great excitement prevailed among the passengers, but nobody was injured. Travel was blockaded for five hours.

EASTON, Pa., Jan. 27.—The snow drifted all Thursday night and caused a blockade of trains on the New Jersey Central railroad for miles long west of Hampton. The trains are now moving.

BOSTON, Jan. 28.—The snow blockade is general throughout New England. The extent of the storm, the amount of snow that has fallen, and the action of the high winds in drifting it, have made the storm one of the most remarkable in years. Its most serious aspect was far is the almost complete tie-up of traffic in all directions. Freight on all railroads is practically a standstill, and passenger traffic is little better, and people obliged to travel are finding short distances a far cry for the present.

The Court of Pardons Shows Mercy.

TRENTON, Jan. 28.—At a meeting of the court of pardons yesterday the following prisoners were liberated: William Hendrickson, who was convicted of murder in the second degree in Ocean county and was sentenced in September, 1885, to seven years in the state prison; James J. Perkins, sentenced by the Passaic county court in 1883 to five years for obtaining money under false pretenses; Joseph H. Buckridge, sentenced in Hudson county to a year for embezzlement; Hugh Wilson, sentenced by the Essex court in June, 1884, to five years for breaking and entering, and David Bedell, sentenced last April in Sussex county to a year for larceny.

How to Get a Woman's Picture.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Jan. 28.—Stanford Potter, the colored man who is suspected of having been an accomplice of Peter Dowling in the murder of Farmer Hedger's wife on Long Branch, is kept in solitary confinement here. No other prisoner is allowed to communicate with him. Annie Bilder, alias Dunk, his sweetheart, is confined in the women's department. An artist called on her yesterday to make a sketch of her. She refused at first with emphasis, but he told her she was good looking, and the artist himself being good looking her woman's heart relented, and he got the picture.

Killed Two of His Parsners.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., Jan. 28.—Dread, alias James, McKnight, who murdered Duke Cunningham on the latter's ranch near Purcell, Chickasaw Nation, a few months ago, and Jim Blake, Thursday night, because he feared Cunningham would inform on him for a crime committed some time ago, was lynched by a posse. Being hard pressed, McKnight turned on them, and shot and killed two of the posse before he was brought down. His dead body was then put into Gainesville.

RETURNED TO HIS PEOPLE.

STORY OF A YOUNG MAN WHO DIDN'T KNOW HIS NAME.

Stolen from His Childhood's Home in Infancy, He was Ignorant of His History Until a Newspaper Article Revealed His Parentage—Going Home To-night.

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 28.—A young man of 20 years, who has been wandering over the United States for more than twenty years, and knowing where he came from, has found his parents, and will leave this city to-night for their home in Beaver Falls, Pa. His parents are Mr. and Mrs. James Cassey, of that town, and the reunion came through the story of the boy's wanderings printed in a Philadelphia paper. He never had even a name until the centennial year, when he was abandoned in Philadelphia by a man whom he knew as "Jim." At the direction of this man he called himself John Burns, and by that name he has known himself since that time. The first he remembers of his existence is of his wandering over Pennsylvania with this "Jim" and other men, who, he says, were thieves, and who tried to make a thief of him. When he refused to steal they beat him and treated him like a dog.

He finally drifted to Bath, Me. From there he went to Bangor, where a kind hearted farmer took him in, and gave him all the schooling he ever got. He drifted from there to Lowell, Mass., where he worked at various and honest a young man, and has gained lots of friends, who have become deeply interested in his life's story. The history of his wanderings from there to Camden newspaper man, and written for a Philadelphia newspaper on Dec. 15 last. Shortly after that Burns got a letter from a James Hassey, of Beaver Falls, asking for a friend on his picture, and came another and longer letter from Mr. and Mrs. Hassey. They and all their friends remarked the strong family resemblance of the young man to themselves and their children, seven of whom are living. They said their boy, Steward Osborne Hassey, was stolen when he was 2 1-2 years old, or about the time Burns says he was left by one of all their efforts they could never get a clew to him. Included in the letter were nine family pictures of all the family. The letter said that two of the children had dark hair and that all of the others were red haired. Burns' hair is dark, and to those who have the shade of hair and to his mother he bears a remarkably clear likeness. He asks each one of his friends to look carefully at these pictures, and is quite eagerly awaiting their decision. At least twenty people have coincided in the opinion that there is not the shadow of a doubt that he is the lost boy. A mole on Burns' neck is also identified by the Hasseys.

To Investigate the Assembly Cutting.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—The members of the assembly had scarcely filed to their seats yesterday before a message from the senate was read. It announced concurrence in the action of the assembly in the matter of the proposed investigation as to whether or not members of that body are likely to be killed by the cutting of ice on the Hudson river being. The assembly promptly readopted the resolution. The inquiry will proceed probably next week. The state engineer and surveyor, professor Ira Osborn Baker, Clark, constitute the commission which is to have charge of the investigation; $5,000 has been appropriated to pay expenses.

Newark Wants a Public Building.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The house committee on public buildings and grounds yesterday granted a hearing to a delegation of citizens from Newark, N. J., in behalf of a new public building in that thriving town. They represented that the present accommodations are wholly inadequate by reason of the rapid growth of business and population in Newark. They want $500,000 for the building. Ex-Governor George A. Halsey made the principal argument, and presented the claims of his town in a strong speech. Mr. Lehlbach, of Newark, is a member of the house committee, and, of course, will do all he can in favor of Newark.

Wages Likely to be Advanced.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 28.—The division superintendents of the Pennsylvania company, to whom was entrusted the work of examining the petitions of the employes for an advance of wages, concluded their work yesterday and submitted their reports to General Manager McCrea and Master Mechanic Baldwin. Gentlemen will forward the same to President Roberts at Philadelphia, who will refer the matter to the executive committee of the company for final action. From a gentleman high in authority it is learned that the recommendations contained in the report are generally favorable to the petitioners.

A Fractional Currency Needed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—For a long time there has been a demand for a fractional currency, that would take the place of the old "shinplasters," for convenience in mailing small amounts. Postal notes, which were extensively used for that purpose, are not as popular as expected, and there is a sentiment in the banking and currency committee of the house that favors an issue of this kind of currency. It is even thought that a bill will be reported to the house providing for an issue of $20,000,000 of this currency, and it is likely to pass.

Honoring Joel Parker's Memory.

TRENTON, Jan. 28.—Yesterday the bench and bar of New Jersey took formal action in the court on the death of ex-Governor Joel Parker. Many of the leading lawyers of the state were present. Ex-Chancellor Williamson briefly opened to the court the duties of the bar of the state to express their sense of bereavement at the loss of their distinguished associate. Ex-Judge Depue presided, and read resolutions adopted by the bar. Chief Justice Beasley replied.

Coal, Wood and Sugar Wanted.

MILLSANE, D. T., Jan. 28.—The situation here is growing serious. The road has been opened to the blockaded train between here and Big Stone and the train brought in. A train with the eastern mail is stuck at Ortonville, and one from the west at Twin Brooks, west of here. The city will soon be short of coal, and there is not a pound of sugar in the dealers' hands. Wilmot is out of coal, while Corona and Twin Brooks have neither coal nor wood.

Speaker Carlisle's Movements.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Speaker and Mrs. Carlisle left here yesterday for Baltimore, where they will board the revenue steamer Dobbin, en route to Fortress Monroe. The present plans of the speaker and his wife are to return to Washington on Tuesday next. Mr. Carlisle continues to improve in health.

THE DETERMINED STRIKERS.

Not 500 Men at Work in the Schuylkill Region.

READING, Jan. 28.—There is an impression abroad that the miners are flocking back to work and that the mines will soon be filled to their usual output of coal. This is not so. The news of such an active resumption of work at so many of the mines comes mainly from the operators themselves. On the Reading Railroad company: A personal inspection of the field develops the fact that a few of the company's collieries are working with small forces. The men now taking out coal at the company's mines are not first class miners. The miners who have resumed work at the few individual collieries are receiving the 10 per cent. increase and are all former employes.

Not 500 men are working at all the mines in the Schuylkill regions, where 25,000 were formerly employed. The above figures were furnished by the officials of the Reading company.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The Origin of a Singular Ceremony Lost in Obscurity.

It has been suggested by some who have written on the subject that it is possible the three volleys fired over a soldier's grave represent the three sentences in the regular service for the burial of the dead, to wit: "Earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust." Some time since we remember to have read an observation on this subject in a military paper, in which the writer speaking from recollection, thinks either by having been forgotten, said the three volleys were designed to symbolize the inscription: "We lay thee in the grave waiting for the resurrection. In the name of the Father (volley) and of the Son (volley) and of the Holy Ghost (volley). Amen." The Army and Navy Journal of some time ago said;

The number of chances for salutation of a multitude is the same. The earth to earth, dust to dust, ashes to ashes is paralled by a pagan custom referred to by Homer, where ends one of his stanzas with asking the visitor at the grave to plously let fall a threefold gift of sacrificial meal. Right oblique, left oblique, front, form line to march. One volley covers nine; three is embracing, but one is not.

The origin of the practice is not only difficult, but, at present, impossible of explanation. Notes and Queries makes the following references:

The earliest account of the procession, etc., that I have been able to trace is contained in a folio entitled "The Compleat Body of the Art Military," by Richard Elton, lieutenant colonel, published in 1668. In chap. 25, lib. iii. pp. 150-193, A. C. consult "full and full instructions for the 'ordering of a private company into a funeral service,'" as the chap. 28, lib. iii. p. 202, similar but somewhat more brief, "for the ordering of a regiment to a funeral occasion."

United States Chief Justice.

John Jay was chief justice from 1789 to 1795, and was succeeded in 1796 by John Rutledge, of South Carolina, who presided for one term only of the year. His appointment not being confirmed by the senate. Oliver Ellsworth was the next appointment, serving from 1796 to 1800, when he resigned, and was succeeded by John Marshall, of Virginia, who served from 1801 to 1835. Roger B. Taney, of Maryland, was next, and he presided in the supreme court twenty-eight years, from 1836 to 1864, and in the latter year gave place to Salmon P. Chase, of Ohio, who served for nine years, and in turn made way for Morrison R. Waite, of Ohio, who has held the office since 1874.

The Inventor of the Guillotine.

Dr. Guillotine, a member of the national assembly of France, and one of that merciless "Committee of General Security," first proposed the use of the instrument which now bears his name to infamy. It was really not such an unmerciful mode of death, since its work was instantaneous, but it is said that the inventor, Dr. Guillotine, was so overwhelmed with remorse when he saw the number of victims who daily perished under its stroke that he gave up his political office and devoted his life to his legitimate art of healing.

A Time to Stop Fighting.

The "Truce of God" was a regulation prohibiting all private warfare or duels on the holy days from Thursday evening to Saturday evening in each week; also, during the season of Advent and Lent, and on the "Octaves," or eighth days, of the great festivals. The rule was first introduced in 1017 —then in France and Burgundy, later in Germany, England and the Netherlands. It was the protest of the church against evils which then raged unmitigated, but which it was powerless to wholly repress.

Dies on American Coins.

The die, of the Goddess of Liberty on American coins was originally cut by Mr. Spencer, the inventor of the Spencer rifle. The first die was from a portrait of Mrs. Washington. Gen. Washington was not pleased with the head of his wife as a medium of circulation, and at his request the die was changed, only a few coins having been cast from the original design. The die as it now appears was made from the former one by placing a cap on the head and altering the prominent features.

Rich People.

Doubtless the Rothschilds could command within twenty-four hours more money than any other family; and perhaps Mr. Russell Sage could command in two hours more money than any other single person; and perhaps the capital of the Rothschilds is larger than that of any other family, but not so easily to be realized. The Vanderbilts, Jay Gould, Russell Sage, the Astors, the Goelets, D. O. Mills, C. P. Huntington, Sidney Dillon, and many others are each worth over $5,000,000.

The Short Term in the Senate.

The short term in the United States senate can only occur once in the history of a state. On the admission of a territory into the Union the first United States senators are elected for the full six years respectively; this in order that the election of their successors may fall on different dates. From this time forward the senators are elected for terms of six years each, and one would only fill that office for a shorter time to fill the vacancy made by the death or resignation of some senator.

Origin of the Englishman's Sobriquet.

The name John Bull, as applied to the English people, is first found in Arbuthnot's ludicrous "History of Europe," a book sometimes erroneously ascribed to Dean Swift. In this satire Arbuthnot calls the French Lewis Baboon and the Dutch Nicholas Frog. "John Bull," a comedy, by George Coleman the younger, was performed in 1803. The John Bull, a Tory newspaper, supported by Theodore Hook, was first published in 1820.

A Short Cut.

The Panama canal, if it ever reaches completion, will save 10,000 miles in distance between Europe and the Pacific ports. Its length is to be fifty-six miles, including a tunnel of four miles, which will be 100 feet wide and 160 feet high. The original estimated cost of the Panama canal is $132,435,000, but much has been done to show the estimate to be low.

X for the Cross.

The use of the letter "X" to represent the cross has become common with religious writers, and is taken by them to symbolize Christ. Other words of the same root are often abbreviated thus: Christian, Xtn; Christianity, Xnty, and Christ, Xt. Christ also is often pedantically written Xmas.

The Panhandle.

"The Panhandle" is a fanciful name for the most northerly portion of the state of West Virginia. It is a long, narrow projection between the Ohio river and the western boundary or Pennsylvania.

Tar.

The chemist Becher first proposed to make tar from pit coal in 1781. Mineral tar was first discovered at Cudebwiskalla, Shropshire, England, in 1779, and in Scotland, October, 1760.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

ENTHUSIASTS ON PERPETUAL MOTION NOT ALL DEAD.

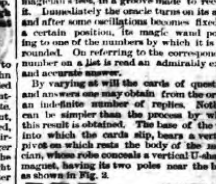
Professor Trowbridge Asserts That Birds Sleep on the Wing—The Scientific Toy Known as Magnetic Oracle Illustrated and Explained in Detail.

The scientific toy shown in the subjoined cuts, taken from La Nature, while far from new, is nevertheless very amusing and cleverly constructed by the constructor.

THE MAGNETIC ORACLE.

To make the oracle speak, write upon twelve prepared cards a series of questions relating to history, geography, science, custom, etc. One of the company takes one of these cards at random and reads one of the questions; then the card is placed under the magician's feet, in a groove made to receive it. Immediately the oracle turns on its axis, and after some oscillations becomes fixed in a certain position, its magic wand pointing to one of the numbers by which it is surrounded. On referring to the corresponding number on a list is read an admirably exact and accurate answer.

By varying at will the cards of questions and answers one may obtain from the oracle an indefinite number of replies. Nothing can be simpler than the process by which the result is obtained. The base of the toy, into which the cards slip, bears a vertical pivot on which rests the body of the magician, whose robe conceals a vertical U-shaped magnet, having its two poles near the base, as shown in Fig. 2.



DETAILS OF MAGNETIC ORACLE.

In each of the cards there is another magnet concealed, a straight rod, occupying a different position for each of the twelve cards. We see that in virtue of the well known laws of the attraction of magnets for each other, each time that a card is placed with its magnet in the base, the figure will turn round this axis and effect a series of oscillations round its own axis until the poles of the U-shaped magnet holder under its base are opposite the contrary poles of the straight rod hidden in the card. If the base has been correctly marked previously, the divining rod will indicate the corresponding number of the answer. Any boy with a little genius and a few tools can make an oracle similar to the one shown in the illustrations.

Birds Sleeping on the Wing.

The very interesting discovery announced by Professor Trowbridge, that birds have a power of sleeping on the wing, brings to mind, says a correspondent in Science, that it is not a recent observation, but was anticipated by Edgar A. Poe. In a poem which he says was written in his youth, and published more than thirty years ago, are these lines:

O, is it thy will
On the breezes to toss?
Or capriciously still
Like the lone albatross.
Incumbent on air?
(As she on the air).

To which he appends this marginal note: "The albatross is said to sleep on the wing." This poem, however, was criticized by another philosophic writer, John Phoenix, who says that the lines in question published the fact in natural history because he found there were no words to rhyme with "toss" but "hoss" and "albatross." This is now happily discredited; but the question remains, Who first "said it?"

Perpetual Motion Inventors.

George Stephenson, England's great engineer, began his experience as an inventor with the perpetual motion problem, for which he constructed a machine. His biographer describes it as consisting of a "wooden wheel, the periphery of which was furnished with glass tubes filled with quicksilver; and as the wheel rotated the quicksilver poured itself down into the lower tubes, and thus a sort of self acting motion was kept up in the apparatus, which, however, did not prove to be perpetual."

Not a year passes but some new enthusiast lodges at the patent office the specifications of some machine for perpetual motion. This fond in itself evidence of indestructibility, but it is unquestionably regarded by some as proof of mechanical aberration.

Patent Maple Sugar.

Numbered with curious inventions for which a patent has been granted is one to an Indian genius for patent maple sugar. The inventor starts in the business by making an extract of hickory with any ordinary ..., such as cane syrup or sorghum. This ... flavored syrup is boiled down in the ... in the usual way, and the result resembling ... sugar, in appearance as well as flavor, is the result. A decoction made from the bark of maple, it appears, has been used for the same purpose. The inventor, therefore, ... to his invention the use of the hickory extract wherever it may be employed to impart an agreeable flavor.

A New Application of Electricity.

M. Garel has invented an electrical method of preparing paper stencils for letters, circulars, etc. In this apparatus a piece of very thin paper rests on a carbon block connected with one pole of a small induction coil, while the style with which the writing is done, is connected with the other pole. On using the apparatus a series of sparks pass between the style and the carbon block, perforating the paper, which can then be used as a stencil in the ordinary way.

Value of Seaweed.

A hundred tons of air-dried seaweed will yield, besides the salts, seventy tons of algin and fifteen tons of cellulose. The algin is a gluttinous substance, with fourteen times the viscosity of starch and thirty-seven times that of gum arabic. It is used for sizing, as a nonvisant in dyeing, in cookery, the making of confectionery, the manufacture of paper, and preventing the incrustation of steam boilers, and many other uses.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

The Latest Novelties in Decoration—A Popular Indoor Game—Tested Recipes.

A novel and pretty flag-screen is made of a square of plain white matting, raveled about three inches deep and finished around the edge with a knotted fringe. On the center is painted in oil a gothic interior, or, if the young artist cannot manage that, any simple colored lithograph is put in its place and tacked at the four corners with bronze cords and tassels. Art Interchange supplies the above as well as the following novelties:

The newest thing in baskets is the "fisher basket," painted and lined with copper colored India silk, handsomely either side with copper and gold rubbed bows of satin ribbon, and placed on a gilded stand of crossed sticks. Baskets for salted fishes are much beautified by the same treatment, with a finish for the lid of olive and orange ribbon loops.

A cheap cane bottomed chair, to be had at any furniture shop for seventy-five cents, may be metamorphosed by painting it white and outlining and coloring the front of the wood work in a design of vine and a cluster of white flowers. It is then cushioned in yellow satin or gold plush and decorated with bows of satin ribbon of the same shade.

A quaint picture frame is made of brown denim, with a tri-cornered piece of fish net drawn over the front, and a little basket of fish netting and coral suspended from the upper left hand corner. The picture should be a coast or fishing scene.

Bean Bag Parties.

At the now popular bean bag parties a smooth board about three feet long and two wide is provided and placed in an inclined position at one end. It must be high enough to give sufficient range. In the board is a hole about five inches square. The bean bags are generally made of colored ticking. There are usually ten bags of one size, and one quite large called Jumbo. A player pitches toward the hole and if ten bags fall into the hole it counts 100, ten being the number for each bag. Jumbo is double the others in size and counts twenty if he is thrown into the opening. When a bag does not go into the hole but remains on the board it counts five; if it falls on the floor five points are taken from the player's score. One hundred and twenty is the highest possible score. There is much fun in the game. A regular score is kept and prizes are sometimes awarded to the player who makes the greatest number of points.

Hints on Painting China.

The following points will be of interest to ladies in their first attempts at decorating their own china. An amateur advises:

Learn first to mix the paint to the right consistency. If too thick it will not flow readily from the brush, but will some off in lumps and make streaks. If too thin, the work will look weak and washed out. A penknife is an excellent thing to have at hand. With it a broad or narrow line can be scraped and lined down to suit. Rub two pieces of fine sand paper together till much of the roughness is taken off, and with these carefully rub your work after it has been fired; this will heighten the polish. Use more flux with colors on earthenware than on china. Greens and browns in china colors can be mixed very much as in oil colors, but it should be remembered that they brighten with firing. Yellow eats out iron red when fired.

Delicious Buckwheat Cakes.

Scald one-half cup of cornmeal with three cupfuls of boiling water, when nearly cold add equal parts of buckwheat and whole wheat or white flour to make the batter a little thicker than required, as it becomes thinner in rising. Add one teaspoonful of salt, one dessertspoonful of molasses and the proper proportion of whatever yeast is used. Bake well, and let rise in a warm room over night. In the morning dissolve one-third teaspoonful of soda and stir into the batter. One well beaten egg added is liked by some. Hominy makes excellent "buckwheats," which were the rule in our household, were so made, says a correspondent of Good Housekeeping, by placing the vessel containing the foamy batter, ready for baking, in the snow for perhaps an hour.

Harmless Dainties for the Canary.

An authority on birds advises that raw apple, cabbage leaf and plaintain should be provided and one or the other given to a canary every day the year round. Occasionally give a piece of bread soaked in milk, but never cake or candy. Once a week give boiled egg mixed with cracker. Never hang your bird in a draft or the wind, and never let them out of their cage. In molting time give a dusting of cayenne pepper to their egg and cracker, or bread and milk.

Parsnip Fritters.

A very nice way to cook parsnips is as fritters. Take three large parsnips boiled till soft, scrape and mash fine, picking out all strings and lumps; add two beaten eggs, two tablespoonfuls of new milk and two of sifted flour, an even teaspoonful of salt and pepper to taste. Beat the mixture well together thoroughly; make into small cakes, flour them and fry brown in butter or oil; eat with butter.

Fashionable Sash Curtains.

No prettier material for sash curtains has yet been shown than the Indian silks, almost transparent in texture, soft, delicate and yet rich in their many hues.

Decorative and Useful Boxes.

Various pretty and convienent boxes and cases for the dressing table may be contrived, by the exercise of a little ingenuity, with but small outlay for materials, as any one I ...ested in such work is likely to have on hand much of what is wanted. For the foundation of the glove and handkerchief box represented in the cut, a square paste board box that opens in the center is taken, and a fancy letter paper box usually serves the purpose. Make a tufted cushion of satin on the top and put an insertion of white lace around it with the same color underneath. The sides can be covered with satin, fastened with a very little white glue (carefully used), and the edges are most attractively finished with silver or gilt cord. Complete the box by putting a little perfume sachet inside.

HANDKERCHIEF BOX.

A convenient jewel case may be made by covering any box of suitable form (for instance one of the long, shallow cigar boxes) with black satin decorated with a design of flowers, principally in blue and crimson. Around the sides sassy in put a finish of antique lace. The inside can be lined with quilted satin or with plain satin. Neat and dexter ous work will make these home made contrivances a success.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

What to Do and What Not to Do in Case of Apoplexy.

Apoplexy may readily be distinguished from fainting by a little attention to the following details: Fainting is of short duration, and is characterized by pallor of the face, a weak or imperceptible pulse, and no paralysis. Apoplexy, on the other hand, is longer in duration, the face may be flushed, the pulse is usually strong and full, and paralysis is frequent. The snoring character of the breathing in cases of apoplexy will also serve to distinguish the two conditions. And the circumstances under which the attack comes on may likewise be of aid.

To the above statements Good Housekeeping adds, that a person subject with a stroke of apoplexy should have the freest access to air; windows should be opened wide and all crowding about the patient avoided. The clothing about the neck and chest should be loosened, so that there may be no impediment to the breathing. The left should be unfastened, and anything which in any way confines the body. The head should be raised somewhat, and if it be flushed or hot, should be bathed in cold water. Bottles of hot water or bricks to the feet of the sufferer being the same not to turn the person who is incapable of protecting himself or of remonstrating. He should be allowed to remain quiet, no violent efforts being made to arouse him until a physician be called, for great harm may be done by inexperienced zeal for his welfare. Any unnecessary motion of the body may increase the amount of bleeding within the skull.

The New Nineteenth Century Cure.

What with colleges, universities and newspapers, with political campaign and tariff debates, with reform in the public mind, with changes in social customs, with social clubs and clubs political, with art culture and the decorative mania, we are cultivating, says The Philadelphia Press, every side of man's nature but his physical side. Learned physicians are experimenting with us, healing some of us, failing to heal others; but few or nonesof these will be found to keep well. We believe in the bed cure; it is better than the hot water cure, or grape cure, or gymnastic cure, or any other cure. It is not exercise, but rest, we need, and we hail the bed cure as the greatest discovery of the Nineteenth century. Hard worked people would take a day in bed now and then less would be heard about nervous prostration.

Cream as a Medicine.

As an antidote for a consumptive tendency it is claimed that cream acts like a charm, and serves all the purposes intended to be served by cod liver oil, with much greater certainty and effect. Besides persons consumptively inclined, those with feeble digestion, aged people and those inclined to chilliness and cold extremities are especially benefited by a liberal use of sweet cream.

Cutting Short Neuralgic Pains.

In those who are disposed to neuralgia, attacks of pain are frequently brought on by fatigue or unwonted exercise. Journal of Health advises such people to live very regularly and to observe the rule in eating: When the pain comes on in consequence of waiting too long for a meal, a cup of hot drink, such as milk, cocoa or beef tea, will very often stop it.

Treatment of a Fainting Fit.

The common practice of lifting fainting people to a sitting or standing position is sufficient to destroy the spark of life that remains. Medical authority has recently emphasized the fact that such persons should be kept in the prone position while restoratives and local means are employed to return them to consciousness.

Stimulant for the Hair.

A popular preparation designed to stimulate the growth of the hair can be made of tincture of cantharides, two drachms; castor oil, one ounce; alcohol, half a pint. To this the druggist should be directed to add a few drops each of attar of lavender, bitter almonds, orange flowers and bergamot.

A Mistaken Idea.

The old adage, "Feed a cold and starve a fever," is characterized by Journal of Health as very silly advice. If anything, the reverse would be nearer right. When a person has a severe cold it is best for him to eat very lightly, especially during the first few days of the attack.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

How Unmarried Men May Cancel Social Obligations.

Opera or theatre parties represent a fashionable form of entertainment by which unmarried men in cities cancel some of their social obligations. According to the social etiquette of New York these parties may include a dinner preceding the amusement and light refreshment after it, or merely an after supper. The theatre party that includes only the after supper is the less popular, as it is the least expensive and troublesome; it is still, however, quite a formal affair.

In this instance the host calls upon his anticipated guests and after receiving an acceptance of his invitation (which should include a gentleman member of the family, or a near kinswoman of the young lady, or an elderly lady), he hands entrance tickets and the party meets at the place of entertainment. If the invited guests do not keep carriages the host may send one if he chooses, but this is not strictly etiquette. In some instances a private omnibus is sent out to collect the guests.

After the amusement the party is conveyed to a restaurant or to the house of a friend where a supper is in waiting. After supper it is not uncommon to dance a little while if the house or room is provided, and a piano sufficient for the music. The chaperons of the party decide when it is proper to go home. There is no objection to unmarried men in their most refined forms and usages, but a hotel dinner and supper lacks the charm which domestic hospitality should hold for highly bred people.

The Use of Miss or Mr. Without a Name.

In writing to a young lady do not address her as "Miss" alone, or to a man with out the name is a vulgarism; and, though it is doubtless awkward to address a young woman as "Miss," it is better to do it, preferable to the exceedingly objectionable term referred to. The use of the prefix Miss or Mr. without the name is equally to be avoided in conversation. To make a reply to, for instance, with "How do you do, Miss?" reveals a painful lack of breeding.

The Inscription of the Visiting Card.

Always use the prefix Mr., Mrs. or Miss, whichever it may be, on your visiting card. Though it is by no means uncommon for men and young women to have their names printed on the card without any prefix, the best social usage does not sanction the custom.

Some of the women of Vanity Fair are wearing buttons of the same cloth as the gown material as their dress, which, of course, must be made to order, and thus do we get our exclusive fashions.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

On and after Sunday, first of Liberty street, Trains leave as follows: Dec. 8, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 6.39, 6.59, 7.19, 7.54, 8.14, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, a. m. 12.15, 1.21, 2.21, 3.21, 4.21, 5.21, 6.21, 7.21, 8.21, 9.21, 10.21, 11.21 p. m. 12.01, 2.37, 3.57, 4.57, 6.05, 6.57, 8.05, 8.32, 9.55, 10.57, 11.57 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 4.00, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 a. m. 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 a. m. Sunday at 4.00, 9.45, 9.00, a. m. 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.15, 12.00, p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 6.39, 6.59, 7.19, 8.00, 8.44, 9.53, 11.37, 11.48, a. m. 12.35, 1.21, 2.25, 3.37, 5.31, 6.33, 8.10, 9.06, 9.56, 11.05, 11.58 p. m. 12.01, 2.37, 3.57, 4.57, 6.05, 6.57, 8.05, 8.32, 9.55, 10.57, 11.57 p. m.

Leave Newark, foot Market street at 1.07, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 1.30, 10.30 a. m. 12.30 m., 1.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.39, 7.00, 7.35, 8.15, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Passengers for Bound Brook change cars at Dunellen.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 6.00, 6.39, 7.00, 7.35, 8.15, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.45, 11.00 a. m. 3.05, 4.54, 8.05, 8.10, 6.35, p. m. Sunday at 5.10 a. m., 6.50 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.35, 8.45, 10.40 a. m. 12.45, 4.15, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.30 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.39, 7.00, 7.35, 8.15, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Passengers for Bound Brook change cars at Dunellen.

[Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain. Sundays for Easton.

8.45 a. m.—For Pennington Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk.

11.01 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Bramans, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Will a sport, Tamaqua and Mauch Chunk. Parlor Car to Lehigh, Wilkesbarre Scranton, etc.

3.02 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

4.54 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Milton Williamsburg, Scranton, etc.

8.05, and 6.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Allentown, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harlsburg etc.

6.35 p. m.—For Pennington.

6.35 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown,

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 8.09, 11.08 a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.57 a. m.

For Perth Amboy, 3.27, 8.45, 9.16, 11.08 a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.35, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.57 a. m.

For Keyport, 3.27, 5.45, 8.01, 11.08, a. m. 12.33 5.35, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.57 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia, and Trenton at 5.10, 8.05, 9.45, 11.44 a. m. 3.16, 5.05, 6.37 p. m. 1.15 Sunday at 5.10, 8.05, 9.37 p. m. 5.54 p. m. Sunday night.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, North and Broad Streets at 1.30, 4.25, 7.40, 11.00 a. m. 2.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.40 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30 p. m.

Leave Market and Berks Streets at 8.30, 9.05 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a.m.; 4.50 p. m.

Leave Kensington and Tacker Streets, at 1.35, 5.00, 9.10, 10.10, 11.35 a. m.; 1.54, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 10.15 Sunday at 1.35, 9.18 9.40, a. m. 6.15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked change cars at Bound Brook.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Sup't.

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C. H. RUGG,
Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the
BEST Quality
that can be procured in this market. Particular attention is to have it well screened and delivered promptly.
All orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
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Undertakers and Embalmers
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Telephone Call 60. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 57. Office of Hillside cemetery

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Right about Face!
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to the Shoe Store of
J. J. KENNEY,
20 NORTH AVENUE.
where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

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Pure Drugs, Chemicals, etc.
Toilet Requisites.
City Pharmacy Dentine, cleanses and preserves the teeth.
City Pharmacy Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Cloth Cleaner, eradicates all kinds of grease spots.
Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.
City Pharmacy opened Sunday for the sale of medicines only.
Hours 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.
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ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

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Stained Posts' Exposure.
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CONCRETE STREET, opposite Jackson avenue,
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Fine Groceries,
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Try the Bonsmack Ham. Recommended by Clark & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

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1 Lot Kid Gloves 50c, former price 80c.
" Mousquetaire, 81, " " $1.00.
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" Ladies' Red Cloth at 10c, assorted patterns, 45 30c per yard.
1 Lot of Shelving Oil Cloth at 6c per yard.
" Ladies' Red Cloth at 10c per yd.
" Dress Goods, fancy stripe, 5c yard.
" Remnants of the 10c yd.
Another one of those white Aprons with embroidery and insertion, just opened; we still sell them at 25c.
We are still making 20 per cent reduction on all Cloths or Wraps sold by us.
We are now receiving Spring Importations of all the standard brands of bleached and unbleached Muslins which we are selling at lowest prices.
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7 W. FRONT STREET.

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SPECIAL SALE,
Parlor Stoves, Horse Blankets, Lap Robes, Skates, Plush Lap Robes, Sleigh Bells. The above Goods must be sold to close out stock.

FOR THE
Next 60 Days
GOODS
Will be Sold at
GREATLY
REDUCED PRICES
to make room for Spring Stock.
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Special Attention Given to
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Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to keep YOUR MARKET PRICES
as low as the lowest. Call and be very convinced that we do sell
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Carriages must all trains. Fine Sy Rigs
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Invite Everybody
to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.
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Horseshoers, 29 Cedarlawn Street
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SHOEING OF ROAD AND RACING HORSES.

A Wise Plan.

Husband (with carving knife and fork)—Aren't the children ready for dinner?

Wife—Yes, dear, but as we have guests for dinner, and the children have just returned from Sunday school, I thought it would be best they should remain upstairs until you got through with the carving.—New York Sun.

After the Theatre.

Miss Gotham—What an elegant menu they had!

Miss Chicago—Did they? Well, now, I didn't notice it. You see, I was so busy sizing up the bill of fare.—Tid Bits.

A Late Literary Event.

The latest novel submitted to this office for publication is the product of an ambitious boy, who, in the excitement occasioned by the thrilling adventures of his hero, forgets that such a thing as a spelling book is in existence. The story is written on ragged manilla paper, in pokeberry ink, and the impression on the mind of the gentle reader is lurid in the extreme. We make no formal announcement of the publication of this literary sensation, but spring a specimen chapter on our readers unawares:

CHAPTER FIth.

"Rist!"

The Boy Wunder of the Yellowstone sed to the Dred Avenger. The Masked Terrer histed.

"Do you smell blud?" he asked, hoarsely.

"No," was the answ, "but I cent footsteps. Down!"

The to fell forward on ther faces, as the sound of footsteps seemed to be walking nearer. It was an unfortunate move. The Boy Wunder accidentally pulled the trigger of his sixteen shooting rifle, and the 16 shots ran out in rapid secession.

Instantly there was a wild yell from the throats of the murdurus Blackfeet, and they sprang pel mell into the glade.

"We must kill," sed the Dred Avenger. "There is not over ten, an' they shall dy because they stole the butiful Rose Blossom from my ranch. I will reveal a grate secret to you, Boy Wunder. I am the father of that girl, an' if you will help me kill these murdurus bord of dusky Blackfeet and rescue her you can marry her. What do you say?"

"I will," said the Boy Wunder of the Yellowstone, firmly. "These infurnal scalp takers shall dy. We shall shed ther blood."

"Shed—hanged!" echoed the Masked Terrer, who we shall know in the future as the father of the girl.

Then the ten Indians was treated to a deadly surprise. The two white men drew ther knives an' pistols, an' the murdurus warriers dropped ded.

This is the end of chapter V, and we draw the curtain.—Drake's Travelers' Magazine.

Returned Without Thanks.

Mr. A. B. Olmstead, of the Corner market, was the recipient of a serviceable holiday present. Just one year ago Mr. O. had a new ax mysteriously disappear from his premises and he could never ever surmise what modern Elisha had spirited the useful implement away. Early on Christmas morning he found the missing article tied to one of the outer doors of his residence, and attached to it a bit of brown paper, on which was written, in pencil, the following brief but touching words: "Take you dead—I old ax. Santa Claus."—Connecticut Valley Advertiser.

The Deceptions of Fashion.

Farmer Griggs to his son—Golly! They must be fools! You pretty well down to York nowadays. Yo were a reg'lar spider legs when yo came up last summer—but look at yo now!—Texas Siftings.

The Place for Invalids.

Omaha Man—Your sojourn in Texas seems so have done you a great deal of good; must be a fine climate.

Returned Invalid—I feel like a new man, but it wasn't the climate, it was the exercise.

"We never could prevail on you to take exercise."

"I was on the jump all the time in Texas."

"Well, well! Effect of the air?"

"No, centipedes."—Omaha World.

Getting a Pleasant Expression.

Photographer (to sitter)—I saw you at church last Sunday, Miss Smith.

Miss Smith—Did you?

Photographer—Yes, and also your friend Miss Brown—if you could raise your chin a trifle, thanks—and what an atrocious looking hat she had on. (After a pause) There, Miss Smith, it is over, and I think we have caught a very pleasant expression.—New York Sun.

Poverty and Progress.

Starving Supplicant—Please, sir, wouldn't you be willing to buy a dog to help a poor man along? I have two more than I need.

Well Fed Cleric—I'm very sorry, but I can't afford to keep a dog.—Omaha World.

An Absolute Step Backward!

They thought 'twas true,
He loved his dear
With H's, X's, and Q's;
But, to be sure,
When she got over,
He offered his excuses,
When times were good
This lover would
Enrich his love with tokens;
But now, alas!
He knows to pass
She takes it not in earnest!

THE BEE HIVE

Come and see Our Stock of

HAMBURGS

and

Torchon Laces.

Special lines of Hamburg Edgings at 3c, 4c, 5c, 10c and 15c per yard.

Hamburg Flouncings at 19c, 25c and 35c.

We would also call special attention to our new spring stock of Children's long Robes and Lace Christening Caps.

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HAMS, BACON

and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

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The leading druggist of Moss Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth Street.

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An excellent family cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 128 East Fifth street.

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WOULD YOU BELIEVE

That the remedy of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove conclusive if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will use the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your house or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

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Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

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Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading qualities. If you do not crock, they are not. Sold by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 7-15-1y

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Also for Music, Toys, Games, etc.

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4-4 Fruit of the Loom 1 cent per yard.

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Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

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This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

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Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells, fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.

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Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,

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ESTABLISHED 1880.

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Fruits of all kinds.

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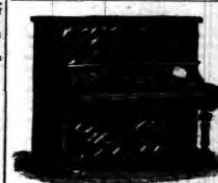

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Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Linsley's.

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Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Donovan's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Darcy's, corner of Front and Madison stores No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Ground Rosedale Bone and Sugars. Teas, Coffees, etc. Ground spices pure and fine. Vinegar 4 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Ware, Stoneware and Glassware. Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 12 East Third street. P. O. Box 61 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined any color per white wash. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. Orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the reception of ladies who wish to call. Dressmaking done in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutan.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries. Ladies' dressing rooms and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Keana,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

78 Somerset street,

Meat Markets.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No 14.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,

Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Digger. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of 30 years I feel confident of contracting all kinds of work to my own satisfaction. Shop 28 E. Front.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front St.

USE

CLARK'S MILE-END SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord for Hand and Machine. For sale at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street.

The pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

JOBBING promptly attended to. P. O. Box 350. Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenue.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

25 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes screened and delivered $6.50 per ton, small further notice. Delaware promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Office No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

C. Frank French,

FLOUR MERCHANT,

Best brands of

Flour, Feed, Grain,

Baled Hay and Straw. Salt by the Sack Oyster Shells, Ground Oats, Oat Meal, Avena and Cereals of all kinds.

FRENCH'S BUILDING,

69 Somerset street. Telephone No. 22. P. O. Box 1022.

FOTOGRAFS

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

as paper labels used as it don't become adhered to crust, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand made of pure materials and by skilful help. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 37 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, JANUARY 30, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 62.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column tells of the quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. Our terms for *Rooms for Sale and Rent, Boarders* are a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand proves its columns daily handled. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

SPOTTINGS.

—Have you seen C. Frank French's latest in another column?

—To-morrow is the last day allowed for the collection of taxes in North Plainfield, as else where advertised.

—The new bell for St. Mary's church was shipped from the foundry last week and is expected to arrive in this city in a day or two.

—One young man informs us that since his name appeared on the list in Saturday evening's NEWS he has had a proposition of marriage. Here's our 🎩.

—Robert Dunsfield of Paterson, N. J., known as "The Gough of Scotland," was the speaker at Reform Hall last night. The audience was large. President French occupied the chair, as usual.

—At a meeting of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society, held at 7:30 o'clock last evening, it was decided to extend an *invitation to all* the Catholic societies in the place, to meet with them in St. Mary's Hall, next Thursday evening, and parade in a body to the church and be present at the blessing of the bell.

—With the January number of the Royal Craftsman, *just out, Assemblyman* Ulrich brings to a close the first volume of his interesting and able paper. His prospectus for 1888 promises many good things, and those of the fraternity who are not yet subscribers will find it to their advantage to forward to the publishers one dollar for the coming volume.

—The various bicycling papers of the country are continually hammering at each other through their columns. The following concerning Mayor Cooley of North Plainfield is from the L. A. W. Bulletin: "The World man ought to go around a little more and get acquainted. Only a little while ago it wanted to know, 'Who is this Dr. Cooley of the Racing Board?' Not to know Dr. Cooley argues one's self unknown. Now it wants to know who this 'peppery, cantankerous laddie' is that writes cycling news for the Spectator. You'll find him in the other World, after he has Page your paragraph a little attention."

—On the mountain road near the fur-mill at Scotch Plains, Saturday, two "bobs" bearing a sixteen-feet plank loaded with boys tore into the hind part of a sleigh of John L. Spencer of Scotch Plains, who was leisurely driving on the high road toward his home. He tried to turn out of the way, but those on the "bob" lost control of themselves and were unable to avoid a collision, which resulted in demolishing the sleigh and distributing the boys over the road promiscuously. Fortunately for them no one was very much injured, although if a less skillful driver held the reins the accident would probably have resulted fatally. Mr. Spencer is a brother of Collector Spencer of North Plainfield.

—Collector Spencer and Councilman Milne on Saturday visited the Codingtons on the mountain to see them gather in the ice, and are said to that "the Mr. Codingtons, who *claimed to have harvested 50,000 cakes* this season up to a few days ago, slightly erred. Possibly that amount of ice might have been got out of the pond, as appears reasonable, but the ice houses would not hold it. Mr. Spencer says he saw the Codingtons and their assistants *harvest ice at the rate of* one ton per minute, with the aid of the machinery, but it is doubtful if that rate could be maintained all day. He thinks 5,000 would be nearer the right amount, our informant mis-calculating one figure too many.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Doings of New Jersey's Law-Makers for 1888.

(Seventh installment.)

House.

No. 152. By Mr. Short. Provides for re-assessments for improvements when a first assessment has been set aside by any Court, Judiciary.

No. 156. By Mr. Harris. Amends the assessment act. Judiciary.

No. 157. By Mr. McDermitt. Washington street, Jersey City, bridge bill. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 158. By Mr. Bales. Makes real estate taxable in township in which it lies, irrespective of owners residence. (Ways and Means.)

No. 159. By Mr. Lewier. Gives Common Council and Aldermen in Newark and Jersey City power to regulate the salary of the Mayor by resolution, the same not to exceed $5,000 per annum. (Municipal Corporations.

No. 160. By Mr. Harris (by request.) Provides that each township, ward and borough shall be entitled to one constable, who shall be elected for three years. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 161. By Mr. Harris. Provides that moneys forfeited on recognizances shall be paid over by the officers receiving them within ten days after the same has been received. Judiciary.

No. 162. By Mr. Harris (by request.) Gives delinquent manufacturing corporations, who are engaged in a bona-fide manufacturing business, until December 31st, 1888, in which to pay their taxes arrearages. (Corporations.)

Cars Cause a Runaway.

While crossing the track at Metuchen yesterday afternoon a horse attached to a sleigh belonging to Patrick Gallraith of West North street became frightened at a passing train and ran away, throwing the occupants, two ladies and the driver, out. All, however, escaped injury.

The horse continued in his flight until he succeeded in completely wrecking the sleigh and slightly injuring himself. The driver secured another rig and drove the party home, afterwards doing back for his disabled sleigh and horse.

THE BOROUGH DEFEATED

THE HIGHEST COURT DECIDES IN CHIEF CAREY'S FAVOR.

The Long Litigation in the Celebrated Truck Case ended at Last to North Plainfield's Cost.

A telephone message was received from Trenton by Lawyer Walter L. Hetfield, Saturday, saying that in the case of the Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield vs. Tunis J. Carey, prosecutor, the Supreme Court had reversed the appeal and had affirmed the judgment of the Supreme Court against the Borough.

When the case was first made public THE NEWS predicted that Mr. Carey would in the end win. The faithful and able attorney, Judge Nathan Dixon of the Supreme Court, before which body the case had been taken on appeal, and whose decision was against the Borough, reversing that of Mayor Van Winkle. The facts in the case as concisely stated by the Supreme Court, are contained in the following paragraph:

The prosecutor was licensed as a cartman in the city of Plainfield, and in 1885 he set up his stand there he was hired to go into the borough of North Plainfield for two loads of furniture to be carried from the borough into the city. For fulfilling this contract without paying a revenue tax to and obtaining a license from the borough he was fined under a borough ordinance. Held, that he had not under the provisions of the act respecting licenses, approved March 2, 1885, (P. L., 1885, p. 317,) and that the fine was illegal.

The law was then quoted in full, and the opinion of the Court was given as follows:

The inconvenience attendant upon the exercise, by every municipality in the State, of the power of excluding from its limits all unlicensed vehicles engaged in transporting goods or passengers for hire, is manifest. Its legitimate operation would require that every one of such vehicles to obtain licenses, not only from the authorities of the place where there business had its home, but also from every neighboring town into which their casual engagements might call them, or else to unload their vehicles at the border line. A general law having effects so burdensome or so absurd is not to be anticipated, and an unequivocal language could convince a court that such legislation was intended. The statute now under review is not of that character. Its terms are satisfied by *holding that license taxes are to be imposed* only by that municipality in which the business is transacted, in which or conducted. It is the business, and not the mere accidents of the business, which constitute the subjects of taxation. This is the effect of the decision in Commissioners of Stockton, 3 Cush. 500, where the employment of an inhabitant of Roxbury, who ran an omnibus from Roxbury into Boston and back, was deemed not within the authority and control of the mayor and aldermen of Roxbury, although it was to enable them to require him to be licensed before exercising the employment. So far as mere regulation of carriages is concerned, the power of the municipality is not questioned; all persons and things within its boundaries are subject to reasonable rules of regulations of that nature. But when a power to tax for revenue is claimed, something more than mere temporary presence in the borough, incidental to the pursuit of a business elsewhere established, cannot fairly be regarded as localizing the business there, so as to bring it within the taxing power granted by the statute now in question.

We think the borough could not legally exact an occupation tax from the prosecutor, and his conviction for not paying such a tax and obtaining a license should be set aside, with costs.

This is the opinion which of Errors and Appeals sustains.

Mr. W. L. Hetfield appeared for the prosecutor, and Mr. J. H. Jackson appeared for the defendant.

As Usual, We Get There.

By an arrangement with the Rev. Mr. Talmage through the American Press Association we have secured the exclusive right to publish in this section the Talmage sermons to "The Women of America," which a circular informs us have been protected by copyright in the irresponsible sheets which prefer to steal his ideas rather than pay for them.

This is what a violation of copyright means: One dollar penalty for every sheet in which the infringement occurs, the penalty being one-half to go to the United States Government, which is required by law to bring suit, and the other half to the complainant. These sermons were offered us long ago, but were declined because we believe in home trade, in a manner, and we remind the Rev. Mr. Talmage can preach any better sermons than some of the ablest of our own ministers. However, Mr. Talmage is now the craze, and as some of our readers have expressed a desire to see reports of these sermons in THE NEWS, we comply, as it is our business to serve the public, in every proper way possible, to the best of our ability, even to publishing stories if they desire it. We will continue to publish the sermons as long as desired by our readers. It is their wishes we try to gratify, and not those issued by our columns, which speak for themselves, and don't make it necessary for us each day to parade the wonderful things done the previous day. It would require too much of our valuable space, and the readers of THE NEWS are too intelligent to require to be told matters so obvious.

The first of these sermons is published to-day, and Mr. Talmage himself tells in the sermon of our having control as stated.

—The staging at the Y. M. C. A. this evening will be led by well-known vocalists.

PLAINFIELD MAY GET THE TRACK.

Agents Have an Eye on The Manning and Armstrong Farms.

It is possible that the long-talked-of straight-away mile race track of the Jerome Park Association will be located in this city. The Association has long sought for suitable grounds for a straight-away course, but has been unable to find anything suitable nearer New York than this locality. Messrs. A. B. Raymond and Chas. W. Bathgate of New York have made several visits to Plainfield, recently, and about a week ago picked out the Manning and Armstrong homestead occupying the level stretch running from Plainfield avenue to Clinton avenue, near Seventh street. This is about a quarter of a mile from the New Jersey Central Railroad track, and if the farms are purchased a spur will be built from the railroad to the course.

Mr. E. C. Mulford, the North avenue real estate agent, has charge of the negotiations, which may or may not be concluded in a few days.

The farms picked out have a light sandy loam especially adapted for turf-racing purposes, and the straightaway would be gained without much grading, as the land is on an almost a dead level. The Association is favorable to Plainfield because of its proximity to New York and its direct communication with both New York and Philadelphia. It is the only place near New York where suitable and sufficient ground may be purchased at a reasonable price. It is stated that the Association has $300,000 to spend for the track.

General Sewell on Local Option.

(From an Interview in Philadelphia Press.)

Upon this question the Republicans of the State are not committed and will not be committed, I think, against the saloon power. Whether or not saloons ought to be abolished is not the sale of liquor done away with is one, but there can be no honest difference of opinion as to the propriety of placing the further advance of the saloon interests as a social and political power and restricting the sale of liquor within proper and legitimate boundaries.

What these boundaries shall be, in my opinion, differs according to the sentiment of the locality to be affected. If the people of Essex county, being one kind of people, desire plenty of saloons and an abundant opportunity to drink beer, they ought to have it. It is not the business of people in another part of the State, who may be another kind of people and have different ideas, to dictate to these people of Essex county as to what they shall drink or how they shall get it. It would be tyranny were any such an attempt made. But it is just as much tyranny for the people of Essex county to compel the people of some other part of the State where public sentiment is different to allow saloons to be started on every corner and a power created that seeks to dominate the politics of this locality against the will of the majority and in the interest of a traffic of which the majority disapproves.

The temperance reform which I think is needed, and which I think will be practicable, is one that shall allow each locality to regulate this matter of the liquor traffic by majority, and shall force upon no community either more or less severity and restriction in some restrictions against the public sentiment of the community. Local Option in some form or another will satisfy this idea.

PERSONAL.

Wallace V. Miller of Laing's Hotel started Saturday for a short visit to Niagara Falls.

Frank Cook, the "high kicker," is in town on a few weeks' visit. He has just ended a successful engagement in New York.

The funeral of the late George Foster took place from the residence of his mother on West Front street, at two o'clock this afternoon.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Jane Wyckoff were held at the Mt. Olive Baptist church yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. The Rev. Mr. Mitchell officiated.

Messrs. Max Werner and H. C. Nichols of Bridgeport, Conn., were guests yesterday of Harry Werner of the Werner Clothing House. They stopped at Laing's Hotel.

Mrs. B. Williamson, jr., gave her second *at-an-conditional* tea from the pyramidal, and his conviction for not paying such a tax and obtaining a license should be set aside, with costs.

This is the opinion which of Errors and Appeals sustains.

Mr. W. L. Hetfield appeared for the prosecutor, and Mr. J. H. Jackson appeared for the defendant.

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—A prisoner at the local jail is held as witness to a fight which occurred in the Boulevard Saturday night. The police had to five their pistols during the affair. Arrests will be made later.

LEAP-YEAR LETTERS.

Good Enough to Start Fires.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Poor spinsters and one widow wish to express their gratitude, for your alphabetically arranged list of leap-year ladies. You have helped us materially as we, being strangers, have been saved not only the expense of purchasing a directory but the annoyance of looking over a long list to an extent as would otherwise have been necessary and for the reason that during the recent severe weather we have suddenly realized that one might be made quite useful to build the fires, and have the coffee ready to cheer us on cold mornings. But we are apprehensive that they may turn their castles into arsenals or fortresses, by pouring hot coffee on the heads in armors of steel, to intimidate us. However, we can assure them if our smiles and Cupid's darts will have no effect, our resources are unlimited and that surrender they must, peaceably, if they will, but forcibly if they will not, as we are determined not to be vanquished in this campaign and compelled to wait four years for another opportunity. Of course it is understood that we will allow them some privileges, such as smoking cigars, etc., otherwise we will not be happy for the same, and promise to enjoy them on the piazza where the exhilarating breezes of this, "The Colorado of the East," will make their "sweet solace" doubly enjoyable.

NEWS' READERS.

A Lively Old Maid's Say.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—All the ladies were interested in your original idea of publishing the names of all the marriageable ladies in the borough in our locality. Undoubtedly each lady has picked out a dozen or so "good catches" and has a list formed for a long-yeast night ride.

Now wouldn't it be funny—sadly funny—to see all the names in print! I'm in print! Would your valuable paper hold them all?—and you must find room in some corner to tell us the Yokum for Ygrom. Now I hope it is not "Jim-Jam." This is a discouraging name, and has no linguistic euphony. If you publish an "Extra" of "O. M.," don't put me "on the list for I never would be missed."

BUNNIE.

'Twas Sperry of Front Street.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Will *you please revise your list of marriageable* ladies by striking out Miss Sperry. I am positively engaged, and the day is set for the golden wedding. It will be impossible for me to accommodate either of the twelve ladies whose portraits you publish, although for a proper commission no doubt a bachelor can be found who would not seriously object to *No. 3. As* you gave me no other occupation, it may be surmised that I am one of the millionaires you mentioned; if so, to avoid the rush of applicants, and their consequent disappointment, and as the enquiries to Mrs. S. in answering the bell, you will please give this an early insertion and oblige, yours,

A. W. SPERRY,
Grandview Ave.

Some Other Time, Perhaps.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—For goodness' sake publish our names in your list of bachellors, to save us from the pins. We who were unfortunate enough to be omitted find we must be encased in armors of Bessemer steel, if we go skirmishing with the girls, or to be made a pin-cushion of.

A BACHELOR FORLORN.

Westfield Whittlings.

David Crouch of Central avenue lies seriously ill with pneumonia.

Miss Lizzie C. Briggs has returned from a visit to Rahway friends.

Miss Louise Decker will be married to Elmer Stauffer, of Stroudsburg, Pa., Feb. 22.

Mr. E. Stauffer of Stroudsburg, Pa., is in town, stopping with his friend, John Ingram.

The Town Committee made a sweeping change in Road Districts at its last meeting.

Miss Addie Kiely of New York is visiting her sister, Mrs. William S. Hurst, of Prospect street.

There is a great speeding of horses, now that the sleighing is so good, along some of our main streets.

A sociable will be given this Monday night at the rooms of the W. C. T. U., by the ladies of that organizations.

The Plainfield News has a branch office of that name established in Westfield, No. 1 Wittke's Block.—Rahway Democrat.

John M. C. Marsh still leads in the record of bowling, and no one in this locality has been able to knock him from his figure, 217.

Abner Drayton was married Sunday afternoon to Miss Nettie Naylor of Plainfield. The ceremony was at the M. E. church, and was conducted by the Rev. A. Wood.

Prof. A. A. Starr celebrated his sixty fifth birth day, Wednesday, January 25. The Professor took a state Monday. He used a pair of skates that were more than fifty years old.

G. W. Leitch gave an exhibition and address, Saturday evening, on the Presbyterian church on "the Hindoos of India and Ceylon." This was his second visit to our town.

A tea and sociable was given at the residence of Mrs. Captain Benson, Thursday evening, by the ladies connected with the Guild of Grace Episcopal church. These monthly sociables will be resumed after Lent.

The social "surprise" of "The Old Salem Buckets" was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James W. Ferguson, Thursday evening. The evening was pleasantly spent under the genial care of the kind host and hostess. The guests had a very merry time. Refreshments were served in the old-fashioned way.

Chauncey B. Ripley dined with Congressman Phelps, of Hoboken, New York, attended the fun-ral services of the late John Blimm in this city yesterday morning. They were met at the railroad station by a delegation from Jerusalem Lodge, No. 26, *F. & A. M.*, who escorted them to their rooms and from thence to the late residence of the deceased on Pearl street, North Plainfield. Interment was made at Cedartown.

Editor H. K. Carroll, LL. D., of North Plainfield, is to discuss with Gen. C. B. Fisk, in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, Thursday evening, February 2d, the question "The Temperance Reform Does Not Require a Distinct Political Party." The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Third Party. Other speakers are to discuss the question of High License, the same evening. Dr. Carroll and Gen. Fisk take half an hour each, the latter arguing for the Third Party the former against.

Mr. Wilder To-Night.

Robert P. Wilder, son of a missionary in India, while a student at Princeton College, together with Mr. J. N. Foreman, also the son of a missionary, both of whom carried missionary fervor in their veins, were chosen, as the result of the Mt. Hermon Conference in 1886, to represent the foreign missionary cause in the colleges of the country. They visited 120 institutions of learning, representing all the leading denominations, and 3,100 volunteers pledged themselves to foreign mission work as the result of the conference and visits of these gentlemen. Mr. Wilder will lead the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at eight o'clock. Every young man will be heartily welcomed.

—A prisoner at the local jail is held as witness to a fight which occurred in the Boulevard Saturday night. The police had to five their pistols during the affair. Arrests will be made later.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Thirty People Hurt.

MEMPHIS, Ind., Jan. 30.—The brakes on Train No. 5 of the Bee-Line refused to work, as it approached the city, this morning, and *a collision with a freight and five* resulted. Thirty were hurt, one fatally. Loss, $50,000.

BROADWAY'S BIG FIRE.

Losses Aggregating $2,500,000 in the Heart of New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Nos. 547, 549, 551, 553 and 555 Broadway were gutted by fire this morning.

The fire was discovered at 6:30 and caused great excitement in the dry goods district.

The firemen had hard work, especially with frozen fire-plugs.

The water ran in rivers down Broadway and Mercer street. The water force was insufficient, and streams could not be thrown high enough to subdue the flames with the desired dispatch.

It is reported at this hour—one o'clock—that ten firemen were killed and injured by falling walls, and that there are also several civilians buried in the ruins.

It was supposed that the fire had been gotten under control, but at half-past nine the flames broke out afresh, and the Fire Department is doing its utmost to confine them within the five buildings that are already gutted.

A Railway Wreck.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—A freight train on the *Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad*, going east, went through a bridge at Pine, Ind., yesterday morning, and the cars were wrecked.

One car, loaded with naptha, and others laden with coal, caught fire, and at last reports were burning.

A brakeman named Coulter, of Fort Wayne, Ind., is reported to have been killed.

A second freight train is said to have attempted to cross the burning bridge and plunged down on the first wreck, killing several men at work there and also the entire crew of the last train.

The latest report says that four men are known to be dead and as many more are believed to be buried beneath the wreck.

Fire engines and wreckers are at work.

Fanwood Flakes.

The sidewalk on Martine avenue has received a fresh layer of stone.

Mrs. John I. Bower, formerly of this place, has been visiting friends in Salem.

Mrs. Charles L. Sykes spent last week with her brother, Mr. T. L. McCready, of Plainfield.

The hours during which the Women's Exchange will do the transaction of business are on Wednesdays and Saturdays from two till 4?.

On Saturday's delegation of Elizabeth club men bowled a match game with the Westfield clubs. They fared better than their Westfield brothers, for the Fanwood's were unable to make any headway against the clever eye and strong aim of their Elizabeth friends. Everyone had a jolly time and want to bowl again.

The Y. M. C. A. Reception.

The reception to the employees of the Potter and Scott Press Works given by the Y. M. C. A., Saturday evening, was largely attended and was much enjoyed. A few words of welcome were spoken by Mr. W. D. Murray, the President of the Association, and there followed appropriate remarks by Messrs. Potter and Scott, the Scotch Mr. Scott being out of the city, was unable to speak. The programme of the evening, together with social intercourse and refreshments, made the affair a pronounced success.

—This is the fifth week of a continuous series of Gospel, song and prayer services held in Carteret Hall, under the auspices of the Plainfield Berean Bible Class. Meetings every evening this week between 7:30 and 9 p. m. These meetings are well attended, and much enthusiasm is manifested. A cordial invitation is extended to all non-church-goers.

STATE NOTES.

The Newark Turnverein Vorwaerts held a meeting yesterday and decided to build a hall on the corner of Ferry and Polk streets, at a cost of $25,000.

The policy shop of Andrew Van Vorst on Pennsylvania Railroad avenue, in Harrison, was robbed of $300 on Saturday night. Several persons were arrested including the proprietor. The latter was locked up in default of bail.

The town clock of New Brunswick became frozen at 1:52 o'clock a. m. Saturday, and has since refused to run. There is no appropriate time in the hands of the Abbeville to-day the clock, and it will doubtless remain in its present condition until the weather moderates.

A fire entailing a loss of $6,000 to James A. Bradley & Co., dealers in coal, at Perth Amboy, at Cedar-st., near the Passaic River, wheat the barns, two horses, six cows, wagons, tools, hay, feed, etc., were destroyed. It is not known how the fire started.

Thomas White, fifty-five years old, of No. 61 Newark avenue, a coal-heaver employed by the Central Railroad company of New Jersey, fell down an elevator shaft in the railway on Saturday, and was instantly killed.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for the past 24 hours, as kept by Dr. Cook's drug store on West Front street and Park avenue:

1887		1888	
6 A. M.	28	Sun rises	7 12
9 A. M.	32	Sun sets	5 15
12 M.	34	Sun rises	7 25
3 P. M.	34	Sun sets	5 16
6 P. M.	32		

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GIRL wanted for general housework. No. 3 Craig Place. 1-24-tf

A PARTMENTS to let furnished or unfurnished. J. Brand, 23 West Third street. 30-4tf

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wishes situation in a private family. Address R.S., care of EVENING NEWS. 27-4

FOR SALE—A seven-room house and lot, with barn; No. 34 West Second street, corner of Liberty. Inquire on premises. 3-3-tf

FOR SALE—A first-class second-hand coupe rockaway, Hetfield & Jackson make. Can be seen at Horner & Ryerson's carriage repository. 27-3

PARTIES desiring decorative painting on velvet, bolting cloth, silk, etc., can be accommodated by calling at the store of Miss Sperry, North avenue. 29-3

ROOMS TO RENT Furnished, corner Madison avenue and Fifth street. 30-2

WANTED—Hands to make sweetcaster cases and vests at 31 East Front street. R. Dunham.

WANTED—A small house at moderate rent, central location. Address *at post-office*, by a family of three adults. Address Prompt Pay, care EVENING NEWS. 30-2

WANTED—A young girl as chamber maid and waitress. Address P. O. Box 888. 27-3

UNION COUNTY.
Surrogate's Office, January 24th, 1888. John Hardcastle, the administrator of Bernard Kelly, deceased.
In pursuance to Order to Limit Creditors. On application of the above-named Administrator it is ordered that said Administrator give public notice to the creditors of the estate of said deceased to bring their debts, demands or claims against the same, under oath, within nine months from this date, by setting up a notice to that effect within twenty days hereof, in five of the most public places in the county of Union, for two months, and also within the said twenty days, by advertising the same in the PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS for the same space of time; and if any creditor shall neglect to exhibit his or her debt, demand or claim within the said period of nine months' public notice being given as aforesaid, such creditor shall be forever barred of his or her action therefor against the said Administrator.
By GEO. T. PARROT, Surrogate.

TOBOGGAN SLIDE
(East Front street,)
NOW OPEN
Afternoons and Evenings.

TAX NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the
NORTH PLAINFIELD TOWNSHIP AND BOROUGH TAXES
assessed for the year 1887, remaining unpaid on January 31st, 1888, will be returned to the County Clerk at Somerville and recorded as a lien on the property of delinquents after which date, as required by law, such taxes will be published. Payment can be *received* at my office, Thursday evening only.
H. N. SPENCER, Collector.
78 Bonnell street, North Plainfield.
January 23, 1888.

MUSIC HALL,
Thursday, Feb. 2d,
Funnier and better than ever. The best invasion of the drama by Charles H. Hoyt, author of "A Hole in the Ground," "A Rag Baby," "A Brass Monkey," etc., entitled
A TIN SOLDIER
under the management of Messrs. Hoyt & Thomas. Overflowing with new music, new songs, new specialties and pretty dances.
Rats and the Plumber, Violet and Victoria, and all the old favorites.
Prices as usual. Seats on sale at Field and Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores, Tuesday, Jan. 31.

U. B. CRANE,
SPECIAL SALE
in
Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishings
Gloves and all kinds of Mechanics' Goods commenced yesterday and will last forever.
12 Park Avenue,
next to Watter's Bakery

C. Frank French,
49 Somerset street. Telephone No. 52. P. O. Box 1002.
Dealer in
Flour, Feed, Grain,
Hay, Straw, etc. Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's celebrated FLOUR. The Shortest. Guarant. of equal to anything in the market. TRY IT. Sold by Barkalow & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice, Sharkey & Bliss.

Special Notices.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.
A Cutter, Sleigh and Harness. Cutter and sleighs, 2 spring wagons, 2 horse wagons. Call and look at them at Somerset street, near Lincoln avenue. JOHN F. WEAVER.

We Are Now
finishing up our annual inventory of stock and a great many short pieces and remnants of all kinds of goods can for a few days be had at a price to suit the purse of their real estate.
It will repay anyone to come in and look around and see if there is not something you can use to advantage and save money.

Special Notice!
In a few days we will publish some Good News to our patrons and the public generally, that will be of interest to them in many ways, not excepting their pocket books.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street,
The Pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

Odd lots and all wool lined Shoes at a Big Sacrifice to make room for Spring stock.
Doane & VanArsdale
One-price Boot and Shoe House,
22 West Front street.

Y. M. C. A. Series.
SECOND CONCERT
New York Philharmonic Club.
MRS. EMIL GRAMM, Soprano,
Stillman Music Hall,
on the evening of
Tuesday Jan. 31,
at 8.15 o'clock.
PROGRAMME.
PART FIRST.
1. SEXTET—Op. 82, Divertimento, ... Gernsheim.
Composed for and dedicated to the New York Philharmonic Club.
2. SONGS. a. "The Appeal," (Das Geständnis) ..... Meyer Helmund.
b. "Spring Song," (Frühlingslied) ..... Mendelssohn.
3. ANDANTE—Allegretto, ... R. Goldbeck
PART SECOND.
1. QUARTET,—No. 18, Op. 125, ... Beethoven.
Two movements—Scherzo and Andante.
2. VIOLONCELLO, "Solitude," ..... Davidoff.
Mr. Bruno Weiner.
3. a. AIR AND MINUET, "Orpheus," ..... Gluck.
b. Pizzicato Polka, ... Mr. Eugene Weiner.
4. a. IRISH DANCE, ... de Blanck
b. SONG, "Irish Love," ..... Hope Temple.
5. a. LARGHETTO, ... Handel.

Tickets at Reynolds' Pharmacy. Reserved seat course tickets for the remaining three concerts given. Single admission tickets, with reserved seat, $1.

SPECIALTIES
manufactured by CARL KAERTH
Nerve Food Tonic
for Dyspepsia, Nervous and Blood Disorders, 50c a bottle. Reference, Dr. Wm. Hoyt, of Sharkey & Bliss. INSTANTANEOUS LINIMENT for Neuralgia, Stiffness, Cuts, etc., 25c. a bottle. Reference, Dr. A. T. Cregier of Carney Bros. COLD and CATARRH CURE 25c a bottle. Reference, Mr. Thomas Kemm, North Plainfield.

We have a Special Line of Rough Writing Paper put up in one quire flat boxes with perfumed blotters These papers are in several different styles and we will sell them for the present at only 35 cents per box.
A. W. RAND,
24 W. Front street.

WET GOODS
Ho! For Bargains!
Boots and Shoes.
CALL IMMEDIATELY
at
B. R. Force's corner,
No. 1 Park avenue and Front street.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
C. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is delivered within the City and Borough limits at 10 cents per week, or 40 cents per month, payable to the carriers at the end of the month.
Entered at the Post Office at Plainfield, N. J., as 2nd class matter.

MONDAY, JANUARY 20, 1896

A NIHILIST EXILE'S PLEA.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—A plea for the rejection of the proposed extradition treaty between the United States and Russia, which documents has been sent to Senator Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut, and Mr. P. G. Heath, a newspaper correspondent of this city, by Stepniak, the exiled Russian Nihilist, who is the most prominent and revolutionist now located in London, was presented to-day by Senator Hawley. Stepniak, in a letter to Senator Hawley, said that the matter is laid before the senate committee on foreign relations, and it is considered one of the strongest if not the strongest argument that could be urged against the ratification of the treaty. Stepniak declares that regicide and political assassination in general are not the only form of activity of the Russian rebels, or Nihilists. They publish and circulate clandestine papers and pamphlets, and the effective men and women do not defend the principle of assassination. Under the present system there is no means for the free expression of opinions, even reference to the killing of students for alleged Nihilism being suppressed, while girls of 17 and 18 and boys of 14 years of age are exiled to Siberia because their brothers were killed by the gendarmes and they are thought likely to sympathize with the victims.

Invariably during his long and vigorous argument against the ratification of the treaty Stepniak says: "After being first to proclaim the right of the million will you be the first to act at the end of a century the divine right of kings and emperors to trample down all that man hold most sacred? For this is the only distinction which exists at present in any form is blamable in Russia of to-day."

The Battle Flag Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The war department's reply to Congressman Boutelle's battle flag resolution is about completed and will probably be transmitted to the house early this week. An army officer says that the answer will show the resolution to have developed into a boomerang. It will show that, if any body is violating the rules of administration by the return of captured trophies, some of the former secretaries of war are equally guilty, for the list compiled, and which will form part of the department's reply, show that many more flags were delivered by Secretary Stanton and some of his successors than under the present regime.

Suicide by Morphine.

LANCASTER, Pa., Jan. 20.—Samuel Hartman, a son of John Hartman, a prominent tea dealer of this city, committed suicide by taking an overdose of morphine Saturday afternoon. He is believed to have taken nearly fifteen, and died yesterday. He had a small wal twenty grains of morphine. About two weeks ago the suicide bit Harry Reich's thumb, very badly, and was arrested on a charge against him for mayhem. He brooded over the charge, and it led him to commit self murder. Coroner Hunsman held an inquest and rendered a verdict of death by suicide while laboring under a fit of temporary insanity.

John Brown's Lieutenant Dying.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—James Redpath, the well-known abolitionist, lecturer and writer, was reported to be at the point of death last night from paralysis. Henry George made the announcement at the Academy of Music meeting. Inquiries made at the Redpath buildings elicited the information that Mr. Redpath was unconscious, and that no hope was entertained of his recovery. He has not been in robust health for some years, and for the last two has frequently been obliged to suspend his literary labors and keep his room. He has been for about a dozen years associate editor of The North American Review.

FLAMES IN A HOSPITAL.

THE LIVES OF MANY CRIPPLED CHILDREN IMPERILLED.

A Remarkable Exhibition of Presence of Mind on the Part of a Youthful Cripple Prevents Disaster and Death—One Life Sacrificed.

New York, Jan. 20.—In the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled, at Lexington avenue and Forty-second street, there are 163 crippled children under treatment. At 8:45 this morning Superintendent Joseph H. Hawley, of Connecticut, and Mr. P. G. Heath, a newspaper correspondent of this city, by Stepniak, the exiled Russian Nihilist, who is the most prominent and revolutionist now located in London, was presented to-day by Senator Hawley. Stepniak, in a letter to Senator Hawley, said that the matter is laid before the senate committee on foreign relations, and it is considered one of the strongest if not the strongest argument that could be urged against the ratification of the treaty. Stepniak declares that regicide and political assassination in general are not the only form of activity of the Russian rebels, or Nihilists. They publish and circulate clandestine papers and pamphlets, and the effective men and women do not defend the principle of assassination. Under the present system there is no means for the free expression of opinions, even reference to the killing of students for alleged Nihilism being suppressed, while girls of 17 and 18 and boys of 14 years of age are exiled to Siberia because their brothers were killed by the gendarmes and they are thought likely to sympathize with the victims.

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As rapidly as possible the doctors, nurses, police and firemen, as well as a number of citizens, carried the chi dren from the building. The patients in the Fourth and Fifth floor were up their rooms, and 143 of the little sufferers were put to bed there. The others found shelter in private houses in the neighborhood. Fortunately all the children were removed without the knowledge of the spectators in the street, among whom it was rumored that several of the children were burned to death. Fortunately all the children were removed in safety. Meanwhile the firemen fought the flames, and after a stubborn battle subdued them. The fire had originated on the first floor from some unknown cause. The damage done is estimated at $2,500. When the fire had been extinguished the lifeless body of Mary Donnelly, a cook in the hospital, 45 years old, was found in her room on the fifth floor, where she had died from suffocation. It was her day off, and it was supposed she had gone out to visit friends, had returned late, had gone to bed in a drunken stupor, and was suffocated in her sleep.

During the fire Michael McCarthy, the elevator boy, was overcome by smoke and fell into the elevator pit. He was rescued there by Miss Jessie Stranger, a young waitress in the hospital, who dragged him out into the air, where he revived. Miss Stranger also saved the life of Jessie O'Brien, one of the patients of the hospital. It was his day off, and he was asleep in his room, and was already unconscious from smoke when she ran to his room and by persistent knocking on the door roused him in time for him to escape the fate of the unfortunate cook.

The Irish Nihilists.

Americans naturally turn again against the opposition to Russia Stepniak cites the fact that nearly all Americans who visit the czar's country become very much in love with the revolutionists, and not only write and speak against Russian despotism, but actually tender outside assistance. Should the treaty be ratified, therefore, it would be in opposition to all Americans who understand its meaning and through ignorance on the part of the senate. Many citations from history and newspaper accounts are given, and finally the official officials are made showing that the political offenders which this treaty is intended to take from the United States to the power could be tried before military courts, without having either counsel or witnesses, and that there are discriminations in trials and punishment of the most cruel order against the Nihilists. He says the Russian form of government over those who commit murder and crimes of the baser sort; that while there is provision for a jury trial, the man who advocates education or a change in the present form of government can be seized even denied the name of the accuser, and is prevented even from proving an alibi. He says that the present oppressions and forms of government are maintained only by force of military and the most unreasonable state and free use of crown power.

The benefits to be derived from the treaty, he says, will be void so far as the Russian government, inasmuch as criminals from the United States cannot gain admission to Russia under the present order of things, and efforts on the part of the officials of the United States in securing the ratification of the treaty than indorsing the tyranny of the czar.

Stepniak declares that regicide and political assassination in general are not the only form of activity of the Russian rebels, or Nihilists. They publish and circulate clandestine papers and pamphlets, and the effective men and women do not defend the principle of assassination. Under the present system there is no means for the free expression of opinions, even reference to the killing of students for alleged Nihilism being suppressed, while girls of 17 and 18 and boys of 14 years of age are exiled to Siberia because their brothers were killed by the gendarmes and they are thought likely to sympathize with the victims.

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BIG BLAZE IN PITTSBURG.

A FURTHER SPREAD AVERTED BY NEIGHBORLY ASSISTANCE.

Yesterday the Destruction of the City, Distance is Called Down Allegheny City.

Men Awakened to be Rescued—Scenes of the Hottest Locale.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 20.—A fire originating from a defective flue on the first floor of the four-story building No. 49 Fifth avenue, occupied by Duffy & Son, tailors, and Hamilton & Co., manufacturers of paper collars, early yesterday morning, resulted in a loss of $250,000, and but for the fact that the city was provided with a fine fire department, and that the weather was favorable, the loss might have been much greater. The fire was discovered at 2:30 o'clock, and when the engine in the city was summoned, but and for three hours did the firemen gain control of the conflagration, and for a time it seemed as though the whole city was doomed.

The entire building was enveloped in flames before the firemen got rightly to work. At this juncture it was learned that Gregg, C. T. Cook and C. Hilbert, were sleeping on the third floor. They were employes of Hamilton & Co., who occupied the upper portion of the building. A ladder was placed to the window of their room and the firemen were soon with brought them safely down. They knew nothing of the fire until awakened by the firemen, and the entire block was thought to be doomed, and two fire companies from Allegheny City responded to a request for assistance. By the time of their arrival the fire had crossed the way into the large grocery store of Hastage & Son, on East Diamond square, the rear of which reached to the Uptown building.

Owing to the height of the latter building, the flames spread with even greater rapidity than in the other. It was soon discovered that it was utterly impossible to save either building, and the work was directed to saving property on either side and along Diamond street. The Hastage building was damaged to the extent of $250,000, which is probably uninsured. Another safe, on the fourth floor, fell through to the cellar. It contains over $2,000 worth of jewels and fine stones. The firm employed twenty-two men in the factory. C. G. Hussey, of the building occupied by Urling, Huren & Co., estimates his loss at $40,000, fully covered by insurance. Urling & Sons loss about $12,000; insurance, $10,000.

Degleman & Black, furnishing goods, 40 Fifth avenue, lose $10,000 by water and fire. The building is now completely gutted. The total loss was $295,000. The firemen suffered grostly from the cold. Fireman James Lawler was knocked off a ladder, falling fifteen feet, and was fatally injured.

Printers Assailed by Flames.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 20.—Saturday evening a lamp exploded in the press room of the Evening News office, setting fire to it and to a number of oil cans, and enveloping the room in flames. The fire was in the cellar of the building, and communicated with Stevenson's basement, above. Night Superintendent succeeded in getting the flames under control. The entire working force of the establishment was driven from the building by the dense smoke, but were soon again at their posts when the fire was thoroughly extinguished. All the passengers were badly shaken up, and several were seriously injured. George Thomas, of Owosso, had a rib broken, and Miss Lena Fitzgerald, of Lansing, and Judd Tyler, express messenger, was badly bruised about the head and face. Miss Maria Priestly, of Linden, was cut by broken glass. A number of others were shaken up.

Struck by a Train.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 20.—Yesterday a fatal accident occurred at Dixon, Ky., a small station on the Cincinnati Southern road, twenty miles south of Corington. Two freight, each containing couples, were on their way to the village church at Dixon to attend a funeral. In the first vehicle were Henry Conrad and Miss Katie Cahill, while Jerry Conrad and Miss Mollie Cahill occupied the second. All of the parties live in Kenton county. While attempting to cross the railroad track passenger train No. 6, south bound, struck the first buggy, throwing the occupants to the ground. Henry Conrad, when picked up, was found to be fatally injured. Conrad died last night. Miss Cahill is still alive, but in a precarious condition.

Scalds 16 Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 20.—A letter received from Rowan county says that in a row at a party at Mrs. Nellie Walker's, near Morehead, on Jan. 24, three men were seriously wounded by scalding water, and the evening attempted to kill Mrs. Walker, and succeeded fiercely. In the melee the lamps were overturned, and in the darkness several shots were fired. When the lights were relighted Wilker was found shot through the left lung. Pat Williams through the neck, and Ned Lawler in the abdomen.

Removing from Cuba to Key West.

KEY WEST, Jan. 20.—The Cuban disturbances are causing Spanish residents to remove to this city in large numbers. Among them are several cigar manufacturers, who have been induced to establish factories here. It will be of brick, stone and iron, and from plans now being prepared in New York, and will cost $225,000. It is Garte's intention to employ 1,000 hands, who will turn out 200,000 cigars a day.

Lynched on Sunday Morning.

ANITE CITY, La., Jan. 20.—Ben Edwards, colored, who grossly assaulted Miss Catherine Hughes, a white girl living near here, on Friday, was lynched by a mob on Sunday morning. Edwards was taken from the jail, and lodged in jail on Saturday night. Subsequently a body of armed citizen, numbering about 100, came into town and compelled the sheriff to give them the keys of the jail. They then took Edwards out, carried him about 100 yards from the jail and hanged him to a tree.

Advising the Pope.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The Chronicle prints a letter from Paris which states that Canadian Gibbons has written another letter to the pope, urging the vatican not to condemn the writings of Henry George, who, the cardinal thinks, will follow in the theories of Herbert Spencer and John Stuart Mills, and that it will be best to allow them to die a natural death.

Terrible Fight for a Mother.

DAWSON, Ga., Jan. 20.—On the plantation of Archibald McGriff lived Mrs. Mary Brown and her two children. The woman went a short distance, leaving the children in the house. Returning she came to the female conclusion that it was impossible to rescue the children. The mother could see them burning, but had no power to render assistance.

Forbidden by the Cardinal.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Cardinal Manning has forbidden the regulation of Irish Catholics to attend a service in the Catholic church at Glasgow, on Tuesday, in memory of the pretender, Prince Charles Edward Stuart.

LASHED BY WHITE CAPS.

A Man Severely Beaten by Masked Men Near Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—Charles Crocker, the man who was whipped by White Caps, and treated to a coat of tar and feathers by a mob at Somerville, Mass., on Friday night, is a man of family, with children grown to womanhood. He has been married three times, and married the last time about two years ago. His wife married him against the wishes of many. It became known to the girls' relatives at once, and resented the conduct in her capacity of sister after an absence of three days. Mr. Lowrell armed himself, and started out to kill Crocker, but the latter received timely warning, and left the city. Some time ago, it is said, Crocker was married, and deserted his wife and family.

It became known that he was in the neighborhood, and then the Cowe affair was made to punish him. Accordingly about half a score of the regulators, having learned that there was not at the house of one Morgan, called for Crocker. Morgan refused to let them in, but Crocker, hearing the voices, recognized Chevaliers and threw revolver in hand, met the crowd as it came from him. He was driven out to a tree near by and the rope was put around his neck. He fought well in the screaming captive. He was then directed to go home to his wife and children and take care of them, but they refused to accept the morning time that any attempt to leave the neighborhood would be frustrated and visited with greater punishment still. He promised to do as ordered, and was set at liberty.

NO MORE OUTLAWRY.

Governor Wilson Orders Troops to the Scene of the Feud.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 20.—The result of the conference between Governor Wilson, of West Virginia, and the special committee of citizens from Logan county was given to your correspondent late yesterday afternoon.

The governor after considering the lengthy petition signed by the best people of Logan county to the effect that two of their citizens, one of whom was a deputy sheriff in the discharge of official duty, had been shot down in cold blood on West Virginia soil without provocation by Kentucky desperadoes, and appearing that the fugitive murderers are still being harbored into that state, destroying the peace and endangering the lives of citizens, and that such murderers are too powerful to be arrested by sheriff or "posse comitatus," the governor has ordered two companies of infantry to report for duty at this city immediately.

These companies will be sent to Logan at once and will remain as long as necessity requires.

Attempted Murder at the Aqueduct.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—William Hart and Patrick Tyler, two negroes, were shot on Saturday evening in John Fitzpatrick's saloon at Ardsley, near Shaft 15 of the new aqueduct, by another negro, Smith Murphy. The trio had a dispute over some drinks, which ended in Murphy drawing a revolver and shooting first at Tyler and then at Hart. Each man received a bullet in the breast. After the shooting Murphy fled to the woods. Tyler and the wounded men were removed yesterday morning to the county almshouse at East Tarrytown, and Coroner Mitchell, of Yonkers, was notified of the shooting and the resultant deaths, although it is not all certain that either will die. Murphy disappeared immediately after the shooting, and was at 10 o'clock negro quarter in Thompson street, this city, where he was arrested yesterday by one of Inspector Byrnes' detectives.

A Prize Fight Ended.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20.—At an early hour yesterday morning the saloon of Jack Fogarty, at 823 Christian street, was raided by a squad of police, who captured two men in the midst of a hot fight and six spectators, including a brother of Fogarty, who has been running the place. The men locked in the fight were Michael Higgins and William Ryan, two local sports, who were stripped to the waist, and were in the sixth round of a fight with bare knuckles for a small purse. Ryan was badly used up. All of the prisoners were held in bail for a hearing.

Davitt's Vigorous Opinion.

DUBLIN, Jan. 20.—Michael Davitt, speaking at Bathkeale, County Limerick, yesterday, merchandise and Thomas Carpenter's cloth ing store, Sanford & Bartlett's stationery store, and the law office of Cantwell & Main. Loss on building, about $75,000, and on stocks, about $80,000. Among the fire losers Chesley had evicted two of his tenants. He considered persons taking the farms of evicted tenants cowardly, slimy renegades and said there was a necessity that they should be considered a stigma. The cardinal object of Irish agitation, he said, is the total uprooting of the landlords from the soil.

Organizing Against Prohibition.

HARTFORD, Jan. 20.—The result of a secret meeting of prominent citizens of Hartford a few days ago has just leaked out and promises to furnish an important element in the spring election. It has been decided to call a mass meeting of Germans on Feb. 1, and form a central organization, which shall oppose all candidates for office who favor prohibition. The Germans are not satisfied with either of the regular parties, and the proposed organization will be non-partisan. The German vote is very large, and whoever can secure the new organization should have no trouble in carrying the city.

Cora Lee Acquitted.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Jan. 20.—The trial of Cora Lee for the murder of Sarah Graham terminated Saturday afternoon in a verdict of acquittal. The jury was out only fifteen minutes. Tears of joy rolled down the cheeks of both Cora Lee and Mrs. Malloy as they received the congratulations of their friends. The case has excited much interest owing to the mystery surrounding the murder and the contradictory and unsatisfactory evidence.

Mrs. Anderson Still Entertained.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 20.—Mrs. Josephine Anderson is still in the county jail, still keeps her defiant manifestoes, and still insists that she will and has title to the vast Carnegie and Rockefeller estates that hall the courts where Jesse Bloom is hidden. She may get out when Probate Judge Tilden goes out of office, and Judge Wing comes in, but if Judge Wing Bloom may take pity on her change plea and surrender herself to Sheriff Sawyer.

Suicide Through Melancholy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Edward Begley, a shoemaker, living at No. 324 East Forty-ninth street, attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor yesterday afternoon. Her struggles and screams brought neighbors to her rescue and she fled from the house. Begley then cut his throat with a razor and died in a few minutes. He had been much depressed in mind owing to inability to get work, and it is supposed he temporarily insane.

An International Wrangle.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres to the Times says that the Argentine Republic complains at that place and protests against the action of the government of Brazil in the matter of the Trinidad island dispute. Argentine has for the act, but the parts, in reply claims that Algerians are Turkish subjects, and that the soldiers had a right to arrest the men who were found on land.

Funeral of Gen. Walker's Funeral.

BOSTON, N. Y., Jan. 20.—The funeral of Col. C. G. B. Walker was held yesterday at Canaan, and was attended by a large assemblage of people, who came from all parts of the state. A special train took forty prominent citizens from Boston to attend the funeral. The remains were taken to Palmyra today for burial.

LOCKED UP WITH A WIFE.

Two Prominent Society Men Subjected to Unusual Punishment.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 20.—A novel race will occur Thursday, in what is known as the Special Cross Cut, the course to be between the house of Mrs. Annie Hunter and the Hermitage. For the race Mrs. Hunter has entered her two gentle mares, "Calf Killer" and "Fly Fly," and the famous "Calf Killer" Farm," one of the most noted in Tennessee. Owing to her large acquaintance she being the owner of the most popular boarding house in the state—Mrs. Hunter's is known far and wide as a "good thing." She is highly connected in society, being a daughter of Vanderbilt and Commodore Hunter.

The young lady had two suitors—John Lee, of Jackson, who came to the neighborhood two years ago and who is a relative of Governor Taylor, and Frank Hendricks, and Nashville boy. His life-long friend is Miss Hunter. Miss Tompkins could not decide between them and her grandmother had no choice. Mrs. Hunter's preference in the matter was not known. The gauntlet was thrown down, the race accepted, and preparations made for the event. The gentlemen were to start from their own stables, and proceed on a race course to the house. Each will follow the road over miles on parallel roads and back to the starting point. A lunch will follow the race, and then the gentlemen will be locked up for all parts of the country. The race occurs at Fifth and Sycamore streets.

HIS SENTENCED AFFIRMED.

A Border Sheriff Who Was Too Ready with His Pistol.

GALVESTON, Tex., Jan. 20.—The court of appeals, the highest criminal court in Texas, has affirmed the sentence of the district court in the celebrated case of Frederick Johnson, sheriff of Medina county, charged with the murder of J. W. Hinkbrandle, a prominent young attorney of San Antonio. The killing occurred in Medina county on the 1st of January, 1894. Johnson's county seat is at Medina county, on June 22 last, attracted widespread notice at the time on account of the prominence of Thomas and the unfortunate circumstances of the case. For many years he had been one of the few border officials distinguished for his fearless and determined aggressive character. His numerous encounters with desperadoes, both in his official and his killing of United States Deputy Marshal Fred Niggli, at Castroville, in 1893, greatly increased his reputation as a man slayer, for Niggli was also noted for his bravery. Thomas narrowly escaped conviction for the Niggli homicide, but was acquitted on the plea of self defense. Hinkbrandt was his third victim. He attacked him from behind with a heavy bottle, and when Hinkbrandt fell struck him down like a dog. Johnson's trial at San Antonio last October was the event of the day. Leading lawyers of the state were employed on both sides.

A Fight with Indians.

NOGALES, A. T., Jan. 20.—Capt. Vincente Gil, with ten soldiers and a party of citizens, overtook a band of Yaquis numbering twenty-six in the Sierra Madre mountains, and in the fight which ensued two of the Indians were killed and five squaws and seven children captured. One of the citizens was wounded.

No Longer Teaching German.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20.—The teaching of German in the public schools came to an end Saturday, and ninety-eight teachers have been thrown out of employment. The action is the result of the recent school board election, in which German or no German was the war cry. The anti-Germans were victorious.

Remarks at Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—Sir Thomas Grafton Esmonde and John Dillon, M. P., addressed a meeting in the Hollis Street theatre last night on the Irish question. Mayor O'Brien presided and spoke, and among the other speakers were Hon. John F. Fitzgerald, Boyle O'Reilly and Hon. John E. Fitzgerald.

Yale's Oldest Graduate.

BUFFALO, Jan. 20.—The oldest living graduate of Yale college, David Lathrop Hosmer, died here yesterday in his 99th year. He was born in Goshen, Conn., Feb. 14, 1797, entered Yale in 1813, in the time of Timothy Dwight and Benjamin Silliman.

New Yorkers Take a Big Mortgage.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., Jan. 20.—A mortgage drawn by the Pittsburg, Youngstown and Ashtabula Railroad company in favor of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company of New York, for $4,000,000, has been placed on record at the court house.

Found Dying in the Road.

NATICK, Mass., Jan. 20.—Charles H. Nell was found yesterday lying in the road, frozen to death and dying. His pockets were turned, his pockets were torn, and it is suspected that he had been robbed and disabled and left to perish of cold.

Weather Indications.

For Monday, New Jersey, eastern New York, western Pennsylvania, and in New England, slightly warmer, with southerly winds and rain or snow.

NOTICE.

The books of the Treasurer of the P. E. A. cemetery is at the office of Hull & Smith, Plainfield, where all persons desiring to purchase lots can call at the office of Hull & Smith, Somerset Block.

RICHARD CODY,
Overseer of Poor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of the above writs of fieri facias to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House, in the city of Plainfield, on

WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1896,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all the following described lots or parcels of land and premises situate in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and state of New Jersey:

Lot No. 1 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 1 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 2 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 1 and 2 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 2 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 2 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 3 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 2 and 3 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 3 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 3 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 4 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 3 and 4 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 4 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 4 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 5 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 4 and 5 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 5 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 5 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 6 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 5 and 6 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 6 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 6 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 7 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 6 and 7 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 7 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 7 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 8 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 7 and 8 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 8 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 8 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 9 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 8 and 9 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 9 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 9 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 10 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 9 and 10 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 10 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 10 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 11 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 10 and 11 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 11 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 11 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 12 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 11 and 12 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 12 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P. Randolph's line, and is known as lot No. 12 on a map of property of Margaret P. Randolph, made by Thomas Hopkins, Jr., C. E., and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of lot formerly No. 13 of said property, said point being the division line between the lots of Margaret P. Randolph and Mary E. Hopkins, and running thence (1) northwesterly along said division line 150 feet to the northwesterly line of said property; thence (2) northeasterly along said northwesterly line 50 feet to the division line between lots Nos. 12 and 13 of said property; thence (3) southeasterly along said division line 150 feet to the northeasterly line of said property; thence (4) southwesterly along said northeasterly line 50 feet to the point or place of beginning.

Lot No. 13 is situate on the northwesterly side of Crescent avenue, between Dudley avenue and Margaret P

DOMINION OF FASHION.

DR. TALMAGE'S FOURTH SERMON TO THE WOMEN OF AMERICA.

Dissimilarity in the Attire of the Sexes an Indication of Good Morals—A Masculine Woman and a Womanly Man Are Alike Repugnant.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 29.—The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D. D., preached today in the Brooklyn Tabernacle the fourth of the series of sermons to the Women of America, with important Hints to Men." The subject of the sermon was: "Dominion of Fashion," and the text was from Deuteronomy xxii, 5: "The woman shall not wear that which pertaineth unto a man, nor shall a man put on a woman's garment: for all that do so are abomination unto the Lord thy God." Dr. Talmage said:

In this our fourth sermon of the series of sermons, I will those who hear to bear in mind that I take into consideration not only those whom I see before me on Sabbath, but the wider audience opened through the printing press, and while some things may not be particularly appropriate for one locality, they are appropriate for many other localities. And here I will tell a secret that I have never before told in public. About twenty years ago I began to pray that God would open to me the opportunity of preaching through the secular newspaper press. The religious papers to which my sermons had been published did not reach the ungodly multitudes. So I asked God for the wider field in which to proclaim the great truths of salvation and good morals in a strange way to be sure, but God heard the petition. Now in charge of those matters for forty-two years every week there are over 15,000,000 copies of my discourses published in the country and sent to all parts of the world, whether English speaking countries or by translation in many foreign tongues. I want people to understand that it is all in answer to prayer to God that this opportunity has come, and I pray for grace to occupy the field. It is not, therefore, presumptuous when I give walk and style to these discourses and address them "to the women of America, with important hints to men."

God thought womanly attire of enough importance to have it discussed in the Bible. Paul the apostle, by no means a sentimentalist, and accustomed to dwell on the great themes of God and the resurrection, writes about the arrangement of women's hair and the style of her jewelry, and in my text Moses, his ear yet filled with the thunder of Mount Sinai, declares that womanly attire must be in marked contrast with masculine attire, and infraction of that law excites the indignation of high heaven. Just in proportion as the morals of a country or an age are depressed is the law defied. Since the fashion plates of any century, from the time of the deluge to this, and I will tell you the exact state of public morals. Bloomerism in this country years ago seemed about to break down this divine law, but there was enough of good in American society to beat back the folsewery. Never did man and woman's hair in more

STORIES OF MEN.

The Boy Knew Him and Senator Edmunds Knew Him.

A young man applied to Senator Edmunds for some money to enable him to get back to his home in Vermont. Being unknown to Mr. Edmunds, the senator addressed him as follows:

"How do I know that you live in Vermont? You might come from Texas, for all I know."

"I can only assure you that I speak the truth, senator. I have no way of proving it. My home is in the village of ——."

"Oh, it is, is it?" said the senator, grimly. "Well, I've visited in that place a number of times. I suppose you know everybody there, don't you?"

The boy replied that the people he didn't know were not worth knowing.

"Well, then," said the senator, "tell me the name of the fat old man who peddles milk about town?"

"He isn't fat and he isn't old," answered the youngster, doggedly. "His name is 'Skinny' Eccles."

The faintest sort of a smile lit up the Vermont senator's stern features. Turning to his clerk, he said: "Give him the money. There's no doubting the boy's honesty," and then he added with a chuckle, as he turned to re-enter the chamber, "'Skinny' Eccles; well, well. I haven't thought of him before in a dozen years."—Philadelphia Times.

Mr. Lamar's Absentmindedness.

I remember a joke told about Lamar when he was in the senate. He has the reputation of being given to writing and thinking up poetry, and his appearance very often as he walks along the avenue is very pensive and absent minded. At one time when he was living at Willard's he met a friend as he was coming from the senate down by the National hotel.

"Come up and have dinner with me," said Lamar to the gentleman after they had shaken hands.

The friend accepted the invitation and started to walk up the street with Mr. Lamar. He began the conversation and soon was interested in telling about some occurrence at home, but Lamar had fallen into one of his reflective moods, and was not listening to anything the friend said. The space between the National hotel and Willard's was passed over, and, finally arriving on the pavement in front of the latter hotel, Lamar suddenly pulled himself together, and, looking around, he recollected that he had a friend with him. He had not heard a word the gentleman had said, but, turning to him, stretched out his hand and said:

"Well, this is my hotel. I am very much obliged to you for walking up the street with me. Good-by," and turned to go in.

But the man was not so easily shaken. He laughed and said:

"Beg pardon, senator; you invited me to dinner, and I am not going to lose it."

"So I did, so I did," cried Lamar quickly, and taking his friend by the arm he went in. —Washington Cor. Courier-Journal.

Crawling Out of a Small Hole.

"I am usually very good at remembering names," said Senator Davis, of Minnesota, "but I did get stuck once and under the most embarrassing circumstances. I was sitting in my office at St. Paul, when in came a man whom I was delighted to see and who was delighted to see me. We had been raised as boys together, had enlisted in the same company and served through the war together, he being the lieutenant of the company of which I was captain. I knew him as well as my own brother, and as we had not met for many years I was glad to give him a genuine hearty welcome, but for the life of me I couldn't think of his name. He remained with me all the morning and I invited him to go to my house to stop. He consented to do so, and as he approached dinner time I commenced to grow very nervous for, of course, I would have to introduce him to my family, and I couldn't ask my old chum what was his name. He had the name well. Finally I thought of a funny expedient. Getting a pen and a sheet of paper I told him I thought it would be a good idea for us to join in a letter to another of our comrades with whom we were both very intimate during the war. He approved the suggestion and I wrote a couple of pages, telling our friend how pleasant it was to meet again and wishing that he was with us. Then I signed my name and passed the paper over to him. Much to my relief, he signed his full name and I was saved from the impending mortification."—Philadelphia Times.

One of "Nat" Goodwin's Pranks.

"That reminds me of the night I was out with Nat Goodwin," said the tall, beard of Uncle Sam. "Nat's a great one to make fun for you. We were going down to Kinsley's, and over on Dearborn street, where everything was quiet, we saw a young couple just ahead of us—going home, probably, from their after theatre supper.

"'If that fellow had any grit in him,' said Nat, 'I'll make him solid with that girl.'

"With this he took me by the arm, and we hurried along and overtook the couple. In passing them Nat gave the young chap a push, and looking gravely at him, said:

"'What are you going to do about it?'

"The young man sparred right up to Nat, and was going to thrash him, when Nat pulled me by the arm and we both turned and ran.

"'There,' said Nat, 'won't that make him solid with the girl? She thinks he frightened away a couple of big bullies who were just going to beat them both up.'"—Chicago Times.

Born So.

At the club the other night, when this incident was alluded to, John Oberly, the civil service commissioner, said the story of a man—Gen. Watkins I believe was the name—who used to live down in southern Illinois. When he was in court as a witness one of the lawyers asked him his name.

"Gen. Watkins," was the reply.

"Were you in the late war?"

"No, sir."

"Were you in the Mexican war?"

"No, sir."

"Were you ever commander of militia?"

"No, sir."

"Did you ever hold a military appointment?"

"No, sir."

"Then," asked the lawyer with a sneer, "how did you get to be a general?"

"I was born so," was the reply.—New York Tribune.

A Great Compliment.

Frank Hurd, ex-congressman from Ohio, was in Chicago the other day. You know he is the silvery tongued orator of that state. One day while he was here he went into a barber shop on Clark street, and took a seat for a shave. Having gone through the operation with no word from the barber, Hurd turned to him and said: "Are you dumb?" The barber said he was not. Mr. Hurd then said that he had never before been shaved by a barber who had been silent. The barber replied: "I know you—you are Frank Hurd, the congressman. I lay down my hand as a talker to you. You can talk longer and better, when you get started, than any man I ever saw in my life. I used to live in Ohio." Mr. Hurd shook the man by the hand and said he regarded what he had said as a great compliment.—Chicago Mail.

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Special lines of Hamburg Edgings at 3c, 4c, 5c, 10c and 15c per yard.

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and Canned Goods from the best Packer's in the country.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.

The leading druggist of Mass Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Van Wyck's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

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Well furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

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A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.

Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of

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Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

a bottle of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away? This proof of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,

Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Also up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln. Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

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Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c per package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fineness of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 7-12-1y

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Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 East Front street. Telephone No. 45. Personal attendance day or night by George M. Stiles.

SLEIGHS

SLEIGHS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

4-4 Fruit of the Loom 1 cent per yard.

4-4 Lonsdale 1 cent per yard.

at

VanEmburgh & White,

Read what we Offer.

Commencing Thursday, January 26th, we will sell to each and every customer buying an assorted bill of goods to the amount of $5 10 yards of Fruit or Lonsdale Muslin at 1c per yard. (Muslin and Spool Cotton excepted.) You will find every department overflowing with seasonable goods that we have got to sell to make room for Spring Stock and a visit to our store will convince you that we are doing just what we advertise.

VanEmburgh & White.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 98.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service.

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue, W. S. SLITER Manager.

JO CHANDLER,

Established 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

28 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

R. A. Ross,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of fine ill and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Sauns,

Car enter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound Brook. P. O. Box, 178. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Bound Brook, P. O. Box 250.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Manufacturers of Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

41 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all Kinds at

E. FLOWER'S

Art New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Headquarters for drawing and oil painting.

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

23 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

XXXX

BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Coal may be High

But the prices of fruits at our store, No. 5 North avenue are

WAY DOWN

Nuts of all kinds in great variety, all new and fresh, table raisins and Malaga grapes, crossed Blackwells fresh fruit jams, oranges lemons, bananas, figs, dates, prunes, prunnells and everything pertaining to our business.

KENNEY BROS.

INSURANCE

Wm. A. Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen, of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies, and procures insurance at best rates. tf

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berr's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.

Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phœnix, Fire Association, Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 25 and 27 North avenue opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 93.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

and

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1st, 1887. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings of every description for building columns, girders, sewer and well covers, grate bars, fire backs, stove grates, mallet's slugs, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. All of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. Fine machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs. J. H. KENYON

PLAINFIELD, ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less noise than others. No work after dark. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health (orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 146. Telephone call 29. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

SMITH & ANGELIS

BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crack, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves and Ranges,

CUTLERY

SLEIGH BELLS AND

SKATES

3 E. Front street.

Next to Post Office. Telephone Call 6.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,

ENGINEER

AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public and private buildings by steam, hot water or hot air. Also to the setting of steam engines and boilers, and to the putting in of steam fitting generally. Satisfaction guaranteed.

OFFICE

80 Somerset Street.

My References my work.

ADAMS,

10 Park Avenue,

for

Paints, Oils, Varnishes

Window Glass, etc. Fine lot of Paper Hangings in Stock. Orders taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating. Estimates Furnished.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

12 DUNER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

Agent for the following first-class Insurance Companies: Germania, of New York, Hanover of New York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J. Insurance effected on all kinds of property. Furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.

Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargain in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

TRY

B. T. BARNES'

Cream, Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Salted Almonds, Molasses' Creams, Broadway Molasses Candy.

ALL OUR OWN MAKE.

OPPOSITE P. O.

BUILDER

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. Shop on Front street, rear of No. 3

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements together with a full and well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Peace streets. Repairing solicitation called to the "Doctrash" range, which for fuel is excelled. H. ANDERSON.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the Peoples Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. E. H. Buchman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. Solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master Plumbers of New York city and also one of the members of the board of examiners of this city, I am prepared to do plumbing in the most thorough manner, and from the best material. All work guaranteed. No. 8 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Every notice new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements made to suit parties ordering table board, and in stormy weather to and from the depot and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

COOK'S FRUITERIES,

132 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE,

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply customers with the finest product of Prairie and Stall

MEATS

Orders left at house, Grove street, Grant avenue or at the market will receive prompt attention. Only best in stock. Telephone connection.

WALL PAPERS.

C. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

88 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1651.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.

H. R. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street.

All Work Promptly Attended to.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

28 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERHEEK, 28 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. Box 1467]

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office.

No. 92 West Front street.

Brackets, Tufting and Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsays.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with electric hair cleaning machine at No. 8 W. Front street. 2-25-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Denman's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Valise store, No. 5 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 1, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 61 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman.

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour. Lemon, Orange, Extracts, Spices, Tea, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar 4 years old. Pure Rye, Bourbon and Old Orange, Yellow Rock, Stone, Barbers and Other Lime. Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Salesmaker

No. 12 Rear Third street, P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings kalsomined, frescoed and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting rooms connected with the Store for the Winter dress making, which is done in the best and latest style. 15 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Boulon.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser.

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of Preparations for the Hair, Face and Complexion. Shampooing and Manicuring a specialty. Patronage solicited and theoretical comfort to him. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Grant street road,

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

12 Somerset street,

Meat Market.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone No. 10.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 21 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,

Driven Well,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years in the business I feel confident I can be trusted to my own satisfaction. Shop 21 Somerset street.

I. L. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 9 14 West Front street.

The sacrifice Sale of Overcoats and Winter Suits will last only one month; therefore call early at

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front St.

USE

CLARK'S MILE-END SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord for Hand and Machine. For Sale at

EDSALL'S,

20 West Front street.

The pioneer Dry and Fancy Goods Establishment for Fine Goods and Low Prices in Plainfield.

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

JOBBING promptly attended to. P. O. Box 350. Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

J. S. POWLISON,

25 WEST FRONT STREET.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Fruse Works.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

ARTISTIC DESIGNS

in Jewelry for the

HOLIDAYS

SOLID GOLD and ROLL PLATE

Prices Low at

J. Hervey Doane's

9 Park avenue.

FOTOGRAFS

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

as paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread in the least. Also oatmeal relish cakes is a delicious and healthful breakfast food. Give Us A Trial and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full line of confectionery always on hand. Parties and weddings supplied at short notice. Telephone No. 69. Orders left at store or sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

HENRY LIEFKE

20 & 22 WEST FRONT

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE MOST STYLISH AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 64.

The News reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it furnishes by far the cheapest room than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements per letter than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that goes to a thoroughly readable paper is the family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

SOTTINGS.

Sentence-day at Elizabeth Saturday.

Two inches and a half of snow fell last night.

The Toboggan Slide will be open to-night for the last time this season.

The annual meeting of the State Board of Agriculture will be held at the State House in Trenton, Wednesday and Friday of this week.

The Plainfield News does the maidens of that little city a leap year service by printing a full list of the beaux before, good, bad and indifferent.—Elizabeth Journal.

The San Francisco Alta-California of Oct. 4th, 1887, in speaking of "The Tin Soldier," which is to be presented at the Stillman Music Hall, Feb. 2d, says: "The ever popular and mirth-provoking 'Tin Soldier' was presented last evening at the Bush street to a large and very appreciative audience. There is a wealth of fun in this piece, relish which the interval between the previous and the present productions has only increased. It is essentially a character play; there is no connection where the fun is outlined by the author but where it develops upon the actors to keep the ball a-rolling, and intensify by their artistic skill the lurid conceptions of the author."

PERSONAL.

Miss Allie B. Sturtevant of Philadelphia is visiting friends in this city.

Assistant Postmaster John Force has accepted a position with Tidman & Fitzpatrick as a wireman for the Electric Light Company in this city.

James Patterson of the Potter Press Works has been confined to his home at 115 West Front street, for the past two weeks, with an attack of bronchitis.

Fred. Wheatcroft of the Scott Press Works has been engaged the past week erecting and starting up a new Web perfecting press in the press rooms of New York Star.

While engaged in gathering ice on Cedrington's pond, yesterday, George O. Baker of Somerset street slipped and fell, striking his chest on a large cake of ice and sustaining painful injuries.

Miss M. Helen Burrows, the talented teacher who for years has taught a select class at her home on Prospect Place, has been compelled to discontinue teaching indefinately owing to ill health.

A "straw ride" party consisting of the Messrs. Harry Williams, Elston Woodland, Allie Schutt and Willie Westervelt and Misses Minnie Arnold, Susie Woodland, Grace and Marion Nevius and others, with Mr. Maindelle of Manning avenue as driver, enjoyed a ride along Front street toward Bound Brook, last night.

Timely Warning.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Rent defaulters are in our midst. Let citizens beware. Now is the time, more especially at this season of renting.

Rent defaulter! Strong the word looks in print and stronger and more forcibly it rises to our lips when we are the victim. The time for rent is past, and your tenant a man of the fashion: one who pays the first two months promptly, the third hesitatingly, the fourth after much urging; the fifth a warning is perhaps necessary; the sixth not before winter is here and you are helpless to turn him out and a vision of frozen pipes rises before you.

The matter rests till February comes. You grow more and more wroth, and the tenant manages to secure another home.

You are minus three months' rent; lucky if not more.

He must have modern conveniences, would gladly add

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 FOREST STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Suburbs, by carrier, at 10 cents per week. Sent by mail, prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year payable in advance.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1888.

HE WAS NOT MURDERED.

STAMFORD, Conn., Jan. 31.—This staid old town of Stamford is stirred up. A man, thought to be murdered and thrown in a well, taken out and buried in the town plot of Darien, three miles east of Stamford, two years ago, has just turned up alive in the place as if arisen from the dead.

In the summer of 1885 the neighborhood was horrified when the body of a murdered man, Manifold by name, of Tramp Leahy, a shoemaker, was found at the bottom of a well on the Cornell property, in Darien. Michael Eagan, who has leased the place for the last five years, declared that Leahy came to his grave in the following manner: Leahy had come with his family in a low, slanting roofed, old fashioned house on the Stony Creek road, and told the authorities on that memorable Sunday morning in June that he had found that body in an abandoned well near his house, which had been empty for several years.

Eagan was arrested on suspicion, and kept in the Bridgeport jail for a week, but released for want of evidence against him. Coroner Holt, of Bridgeport, brought out the fact that life had been extinct in the body for several months. Three pistol shot wounds were in the head. Some of the people of Noroton, where Leahy was well known, swore that it was the body of Tramp Leahy, their fellow townsman. Others thought it was some one else, but a shoemaker named Rhilihan, of Noroton, in whose shop Leahy had worked, positively swore to the murder. He was positive that it was Leahy.

Leahy could not be found, and the excitement died out. Eagan claimed that he knew nothing of the matter when asked. The murderer was never found, and it remains a mystery to-day.

The facts that have come to light in the last fortnight, however, have revived the whole story of the tragedy, and a case has been begun in court which bids fair to reveal something startling as the unappreciated of the supposed dead Leahy. All sorts of rumors and theories are afloat, now that Leahy is found. Leahy's sister, who lives in New Jersey, stated that her brother had visited her one week before the body was found. The murdered man had been dead a long time, and this threw doubt upon the assertion that Leahy was the victim. This was not made public at the time.

On Dec. 26, 1887, Eagan made an alleged confession to Charles A. Hobbie, saying that he knew all about the murder, and his confession caused him to speak after his long silence. He declared that Leahy was a shoemaker, shot Leahy in the house of Andrew Moran, in Stamford, and that in the night they had taken the body in a wagon and thrown it in the well. He had repeated the story to others.

Comiff is an old white haired man who has worked for several years in Tracey's shoeshop and Leahy's. He is a man of some 50 years old, respected by his neighbors, has a family of nine and is employed at the Cold mills of the Cornell property, where Eagan pays. The men, assisted by the officers of Fairfield county, ascertained that Leahy, who is of a roving disposition, was in Pennsylvania, and that a letter to him would come back. He put in appearance ten days ago, and was presented to Eagan at his house. Eagan then declared that Leahy himself had told him that Comiff had done the deed. Comiff denied that Leahy denied this and all knowledge of the affair. He has gone away again, but the officers know where he can be found if wanted.

Comiff has sued Eagan for $6,000 damages for defamation of character, the suit being based upon the confession of Eagan, and Deputy sheriff Richard Holder has attached all of Eagan's personal property to secure the claim. The trial is set down for next Tuesday, and then the people expect some interesting testimony.

Hoping to Settle the Coke Controversy.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 31.—Another meeting of coke operators was held yesterday, and considerable progress was made toward the formation of a new syndicate. H. C. Frick was present and stated that the difference between the Frick company and the old members of the syndicate to be admitted to the control of money claimed by the former had been amicably adjusted. The furnace men of the Mahoning valley are not satisfied with the prices of coke. They insist upon a further reduction. A meeting of the coke consumers in the west will be held in this city in a few days to take concerted action.

Land Slides in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The greatest land slide ever known in California has taken place on the line of the California and Oregon railroad, recently opened as a through line between San Francisco and Portland, Oregon. The land slide was fresh and the heavy rains that have fallen for weeks thoroughly soaked the ground so that "the whole country let go and rushed down on the track." About 100 miles of track has been covered with debris. A force of 420 men is at work, but it is not expected they can do much to clear the track until spring.

A Chinaman's Execution.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 31.—Ah Fat was hanged yesterday morning for the murder of a Chinese woman, Chuey Whey. He declared his innocence to the last. He spent most of the night on his knees reading the Chinese version of the New Testament, and said he would die in his old faith. He walked to the scaffold with firm steps, and before being pinioned held out the four points of the compass and repeated in a loud voice prayers in a native tongue. Death was instantaneous.

Cashier Match Discharged.

TORONTO, Jan. 31.—Newton F. B. Hatch, who was charged with having brought into Canada $6,000 stolen from the United States Express company of New York, was taken before a magistrate here yesterday, when Mr. Bigelow stated for the prosecution that he had notified the American authorities that he could not hope for a conviction on the evidence on hand. A dispatch was received that the money was the property of the express company.

A Murderous Tramp on Trial.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 31.—The trial of Edward Beacons for the murder of Mrs. Ada Stone in August was begun yesterday before Judge Dunwell. The prisoner's counsel applied for a postponement of the trial but it was refused. Beacons is a typical tramp, and it was while on a foraging expedition that he murdered Mrs. Stone, after having the cause of death, and says he can prove an alibi.

Indictments in Monmouth County.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Jan. 31.—The grand jury of Monmouth county has found eighty-seven indictments. About forty of these are against the people living in Farmers' Union Branch, where Robert Hamilton was murdered five weeks ago. Upshur Egleston, alias "Dunk," and her lover, Stanford R. Potter, who was one of Hamilton's assailants, have been indicted on several charges.

TRUSTS AND MONOPOLIES.

A BILL INTRODUCED IN CONGRESS TO DECLARE THEM ILLEGAL.

Full Text of the Measure—Mr. Rayner or the Necessity of Stringent Legislation. Labor Unions to be Exempt from Its Provisions—The Standard Oil Company.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—One of the most important bills introduced in the house yesterday was the measure prepared by Mr. Isidor Rayner, of Maryland, to prevent the formation of trusts, pools and coal combines. The text of the bill is as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., that it shall not be lawful for any individual, firm, corporation, associations or companies of any sort, residing, located or transacting business in any state or territory, to enter into any combination or to make any contract, agreement or arrangement of any kind or character, directly or indirectly, with any other individual, firm, corporation, associations or companies residing, located or transacting business in any other state or territory, by which they shall bind themselves not to sell or offer for sale any article of merchandise, chandise, commerce or consumption below a common standard or figure, or by which they shall agree to maintain such article at a fixed price, or by which they shall agree in any manner to establish or settle the price of any article to any fixed figure, or by which they shall in any manner establish or settle the price of any article between them so as to preclude among themselves at all times free and unrestricted competition, or by which they shall agree to pool, combine or unite any interests they may have in connection with the sale of such article as the result of which its price might in any manner be affected.

Sec. 2. It shall not be lawful for any of the persons or bodies mentioned in the first section of this act to make any contract or to enter into any obligation, covenant or agreement of any sort by which they shall bind themselves not to sell or offer for sale any article of merchandise, chandise, commerce or consumption below a common standard or figure, or by which they shall agree to maintain such article at a fixed price, or by which they shall agree in any manner to establish or settle the price of any article to any fixed figure, or by which they shall in any manner establish or settle the price of any article between them so as to preclude among themselves at all times free and unrestricted competition, or by which they shall agree to pool, combine or unite any interests they may have in connection with the sale of such article as the result of which its price might in any manner be affected.

Sec. 3. It shall not be lawful for any of the persons or bodies mentioned in the first section of this act to combine, unite or consolidate, directly or indirectly, their or any of their interests or intervention of trustees, directors, managers or other fiduciary agents, any interests, franchises or property they may have for the purpose of affecting or regulating the prices of any commodity whatsoever, or for the purpose of preventing competition between them, and any contract not to compete or understanding of any kind at any time made between them shall be unlawful.

Sec. 4. Any contract made in violation of any of the provisions of the preceding sections shall be absolutely null and void and not enforceable, either in law or equity.

Sec. 5. Any agent or the officer of any corporate body who shall violate any of the provisions of the foregoing sections, or who shall, directly or indirectly, enter into any of the contracts therein specified, or become party or privy thereto, in any manner, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction in the district court of the United States within whose jurisdiction the contract is made, or upon conviction in the district court within whose jurisdiction the offending party resides, adjourns or has its chief office, be fined in the sum of $5,000, or imprisoned for a period not exceeding one year, or both fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 6. Any person injured by any article from any person or body mentioned in the first section of this act by reason of any contract or combination in business contrary to its provisions, shall not be liable for the price thereof, and he may sue therefor and recover in any court of law such damages as may be brought against him therefor.

Sec. 7. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the different assemblies and associations of organized labor from passing and adopting such resolutions as they may think proper in reference to wages or the compensation for labor or the price of any article manufactured by the members of such assemblies or associations; and such assemblies and associations shall retain and have conferred to them all the rights and privileges now accorded to them by law, notwithstanding anything herein contained.

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In introducing the bill, Mr. Rayner said to a correspondent last night:

"There seems to be an almost unanimous disposition in the house to pass a bill of this character. The trusts must be broken up, but the states are powerless to deal with them, as has been frequently held, notably in the Standard oil case argued in the supreme court of Pennsylvania. A state cannot exercise jurisdiction over a corporation that is not within its own sovereignty, nor over individuals who do not reside within its limits."

"Has congress the power to act?"

"I think so, clearly. There is an unbroken line of decisions upon that point by the supreme court of the United States. If individuals or corporations in different states combine to raise the price of merchandise throughout the country it affects the commerce of the country, and congress has the power to prevent and regulate it. Investigations amount to nothing. We know all about monopolies without more investigation."

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Admirably Disciplined.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 31.—Fire was discovered at 1 o'clock yesterday morning in the basement of St. John's Home for Orphan Boys at St. Mark's avenue and Albany street. The 800 boys in the great building were aroused by the Sisters in charge, and with the admirable discipline of the institution, they were gotten through the halls and down to the dining room floor without any panic or accident. They were kept in line there ready to be marched out if necessary, while the firemen put out the fire in the basement. The damage is estimated at $1,000. Damage will not exceed $1,000. The Sisters were highly complimented by the police and fire department officials. On Dec. 18, 1881, during a fire in the Catholic Home for Children, one of the sisters and two adult visitors perished.

Mrs. Dinsmore Declared Innocent.

FRANKLIN, Pa. Jan. 31.—The trial of Mrs. Ella Dinsmore, charged with complicity in the murder of James E. Davis, at St. Petersburg, Clarion county, Feb. 5 last, which has occupied the court here for several days, was concluded yesterday, the jury returning a verdict of not guilty. The story of the murder is well known. Davis, whom Mrs. Dinsmore enticed away from his family, and then discarded, was shot in her house, given her by Davis, by a man named D. L. King, who is now under sentence of death for the crime. The case was carried from Clarion to Venango county, because it was claimed an impartial trial was impossible in the county where the crime was committed.

NEW YORK'S BIG FIRE.

From $1,500,000 to $2,000,000 Gone by in Smoke—Many Skidmarked Rookies.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—New York was visited yesterday morning by one of the most disastrous conflagrations experienced in many years, and which destroyed property valued at from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000, situated on Broadway, between Spring and Prince streets. Not that the contents, with their contents, were completely destroyed, and there were seriously damaged. Thirty-two firms were burned out, and of which employed over 500 girls, who will be thrown out of work for some time.

The fire endangered the whole neighborhood. For hours torrents of water were poured on the burning buildings from twenty steam fire engines and two water towers. Besides the brave firemen who managed them, there were about 600 policemen. Companies called out with their trucks. Many brave deeds were performed, and there were numerous narrow escapes among the firemen, several of them were seriously injured, but fortunately no fatal casualties occurred, although three victims had to be removed to the hospital.

The scene of the fire was mid-way in the block between Canal and Prince streets, and extended close through from Broadway to Mercer street. It is adjoining the site of Harper's Weekly building, which was burned on March 3, 1886. The origin of yesterday's conflagration is so far a mystery.

Twenty minutes after the fire was discovered there was a mountain of flame somewhere in the middle of the building. Windows were rattled violently, and showers of glass rained down on the firemen who were dragging long lines of hose to the building. This led to a third alarm being sounded, and for several hours the entire department was obliged to work steadily in subduing the flames, and there were many hand to hand fights. The first alarm sounded at 5:40 a. m., and by 1 o'clock all that was left of the four immense structures was a pile of debris in connection with the sale of such article as the result of which its price might in any manner be affected.

Sec. 3. It shall not be lawful for any of the persons or bodies mentioned in the first section of this act to combine, unite or consolidate, directly or indirectly, their or any of their interests or intervention of trustees, directors, managers or other fiduciary agents, any interests, franchises or property they may have for the purpose of affecting or regulating the prices of any commodity whatsoever, or for the purpose of preventing competition between them, and any contract not to compete or understanding of any kind at any time made between them shall be unlawful.

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EUROPEAN NEWS GOSSIP.

MR. WILLIAM O'BRIEN WANTS NO MORE OF TULLAMORE.

And Will Remain Quiet Until the Opening of Parliament—Urging Relief for the Poor—Father McFadden's Conviction—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Despite the announcement, industriously circulated, that Mr. O'Brien has left Ireland for the south of France, where he will remain some time endeavoring to recover his health, it is strongly suspected that his reported departure is merely a subterfuge to escape arrest. Mr. O'Brien is said as her friends believing that a second term of imprisonment, coming so soon after the hardships he endured in Tullamore jail, would be fatal to him. He will probably remain quiet, therefore, until the opening of parliament. It has been given out semi-officially that Mr. O'Brien will not be molested by the authorities, provided he stays here and does not come to his arrest for speaking at the Mitchelstown meeting and his subsequent conviction and imprisonment, though any infraction of the law or breach of peace may be guilty in the future will, it is said, be followed by immediate punishment; but The Freeman's Journal asserts that a warrant for the arrest was placed in the hands of the police on Saturday. If this be true—and there is no reason to doubt it—the editor of United Ireland would certainly be arrested if he set foot in United Kingdom for a season than to take the chances, in his present state of health, of reading arrest in Ireland.

The lord mayor will receive to-morrow a most important deputation to represent to the premier the condition of the working classes. Cardinal Manning and Father Stanton will be among the speakers presenting the case of the starving unemployed and the scarcely more fortunate ill paid employed, and it is expected that the deputation will request the ministry to recommend some action on the part of parliament to alleviate their sufferings.

The trial of Callan and Harkins, the alleged dynamiters, began at Cork Wednesday. Colonel Majendie, inspector of explosives, has concluded a series experiments with the dynamite found among the effects of Callan and on the premises occupied by both of the prisoners, with the result of ascertaining that it is of the most powerful kind known among the various explosives. Experiments of this character leave no doubt of the conviction of these men, this discovery would remove it, since the strongest point of defense made by the prisoners' counsel at the preliminary examination was that the so-called explosive found in their possession was really harmless.

Father McFadden's Conviction.

DUBLIN, Jan. 31.—Excitement has risen to white heat at Dunfanaghy over the conviction and sentence yesterday of Father McFadden to three months' imprisonment, and a serious collision between the exasperated people and the police is imminent. Re-enforcements of police have been hastily summoned, and to offset their addition to the present strength of the constabulary, the people have dispatched messengers to scour the surrounding districts and summon every available man to swell the crowd by his presence.

Summonses were served yesterday upon Father McFadden and eight farmers as a result of his having been present at a suppressed meeting of the National league at that place, in violation of the crimes act. Eight other persons were summoned for attending a prohibited meeting at Kanturk.

A Czar Killer Kills Himself.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The St. James' Gazette says it has authentic advices from St. Petersburg that an army officer, who had been shot in the region of the heart, was taken to a hospital, where the doctors declared that his wound was mortal. The officer thereupon admitted that he had shot himself in order to avoid the necessity of shooting the czar. He said he was a member of a secret society which had balloted to decide who should undertake to assassinate the czar, and the choice had fallen upon him. Several persons in the hospital who overheard part of the confession were immediately arrested. Two physicians who had been present at the bedside died after promising to keep the confession a secret. The full confession was taken in writing by the authorities.

Made Insane by Poisoned Food.

DUBLIN, Jan. 31.—Patrick Kelly, a farmer named Doyle, consisting of father, mother, an imbecile son and three daughters, inhabiting an isolated house near Killarney, became insane Sunday evening as the effects of eating poisonous food. During the night they fought one another like wild beasts, tearing their clothing and cutting their flesh horribly. The son was found in the early gray of yesterday morning, his body nearly naked and his face entirely eaten away by the pigs, while the others were discovered in a semi-nude state, still fighting, in the house. They were removed to an asylum, where they were pronounced incurably insane. The father, it is thought, will die from the effects of his injuries.

An Indignant German.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—A German named Brands, alleged to be a spy in the employ of the German government, arrived at the office of La France yesterday and penetrated to the editorial rooms, where he tried to shoot the editor, M. Rioul, with a revolver. He was seized by the employes of the office and disarmed of his weapon, but got without a severe struggle. Brands declared that he wanted to shoot M. Rioul in order to avenge the attacks of La France upon Germany.

Three Killed and Thirty-five Injured.

CHESTER, Jan. 31.—The railway excursion between a small and a freight train occurred near Michaelsburg yesterday, by which three persons were killed and thirty-five injured.

A Blow at "Cut Throat" Leases.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 31.—The eviction cases of the Scott Coal company against a number of tenants under the Office of Lord Frances

AMONG ORANGE GROVES.

THE SUB-TROPICAL EXPOSITION IN PROGRESS AT JACKSONVILLE.

Pictures of Some of the Buildings—The Scope and Intent of the Great Show—It Is Held to Let the World Know All About the South.

FLORIDA'S sub-tropical exposition, now open in Jacksonville, is likely to result in conveying to the rest of the world some knowledge of the great change which have lately taken place in the remotest state. Until recently Florida was supposed to consist entirely of dark swamps covered by the undergrown palmetto or the pine; the home of the alligator; its product only orange. * * * * * * * *

It is intended to show at this exposition that Florida produces many valuable things. The palmetto furnishes pulp for paper; pine needles, converted into a fine powder, afford fiber for carpets; while the skin of the alligator decorates the feet of thousands, and his teeth the heads of many a fair woman as ornaments.

The city of Jacksonville is the location of the exposition. Jacksonville's population is about 25,000, though in winter the influx of tourists considerably raises it much larger. The exposition grounds are in the city water works park, being an inclosure of about nine acres. This, by a system of ranchwork gardening, has been converted into a park with streams, fountains, miniature lakes and lawns. The buildings are the main building, the annex, the Hernando, Citrus and Pasco building, the Seminole camp and other minor buildings.

The main building displays considerable architectural taste. It covers one acre, being 305 feet long and 132 feet wide. It has six towers, as seen in the accompanying sketch; and near the top of the tall tower is an observatory, reached by a winding stair. The view from this tower is thus described by a correspondent of The Atlanta Constitution:

The eye rests upon a panorama of wonderful beauty. Across the entire city of Jacksonville, about six miles in length and three miles in width, with the St. Johns river flowing into its southeastern border, and across the river the growing suburb of South Jacksonville.

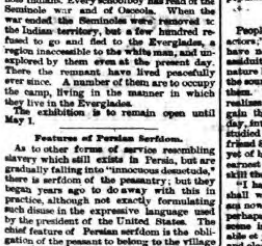
The same correspondent describes the interior of the building:

Entering the building, the universal expression is one of admiration and delight. From the entrance, immediately through the center, extends the central aisle, twenty-four feet in width, its surface line broken in the center by a fountain of lovely design and great beauty. The basin of this fountain (eighteen feet in diameter) is surrounded by a rectangular inclosure of sign, twenty inches in height from the floor, octagonal in its outline, and surmounted at each of its eight corners with a graceful vase of the same manufacture, twenty-two inches high, and filled with growing flowers. From the center of the basin rises a mound of coral rock and shells festooned with vines and aquatic plants, from the summit of which bursts the fountain of pure artesian water at the top.

In this main building are the perfumery exhibit, the horticultural garden and exhibits of Florida's different counties. There are also in this building the products of other sub-tropical regions which have taken part in the exhibition.

From the northwestern corner of the main building extends the annex, eighty-eight feet long and sixty-two feet wide. In the annex is the art gallery, which comprises over 600 oil paintings, many of them very valuable.

The Hernando, Citrus and Pasco building is built in rustic style of woods brought from these counties, and is thatched with palmetto leaves from the same region. Each of the counties named has an exhibit in this building, the center of each county's exhibit space being occupied by a pyramid of the choice fruits of the county.



MAIN BUILDING.

One of the attractions is a camp of Seminole Indians. Every schoolboy has read of the Seminole war and of Osceola. When the war ended the Seminoles were removed to the Indian territory, but a few hundred refused to go and fled to the Everglades, a region inaccessible to the white man, and unexplored by them even at the present day. These are the remnant, have lived peacefully ever since. A number are to occupy the camp, living in the manner in which they live in the Everglades.

The exhibition is to remain open until May 1.

Features of Persian Serfdom.

As to other forms of service resembling slavery which still exists in Persia, but are gradually falling into "innocuous desuetude," there is a serfdom of the peasantry; but they began years ago to do away with this in practice, although not exactly formulating such disuse in the expressive language used by the president of the United States. The chief feature of Persian serfdom is the obligation of the peasant to belong to the village or estate where he was born. The villages either form part of the royal demesnes, or they are given as appendages to the wives of the shah, his sons, and other grandees to furnish them with revenues, or they are granted in fee simple by men of wealth and are then transferable by sale or otherwise. The royal lands are never sold. The peasantry go with the estate, and are assigned lands to cultivate on shares with the proprietor. They may not change their residence without his permission, nor travel at will about the country. Such is the law of Persia. But she has been gradually falling into abeyance, and it will not be many years before it will be a dead letter.—S. G. W. Benjamin.

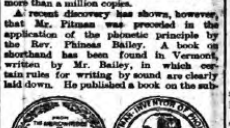
A MEDAL FOR PITMAN.

New York Phonographers Honoring the Inventor of Shorthand.

The shorthand writers of the city of New York have recently had a fine gold medal made to be presented to Mr. Isaac Pitman, the inventor of phonography. This in commemoration of the publication of his first book on that subject in 1837.

The father of shorthand is of Bath, England. He is about 75 years old. He received a common school education, and was, when a youngster, a clerk in his father's cloth mill. When he was old he mastered one of the old systems of stenography (Taylor's), with which he reported slow speakers. Subsequently he prepared a manual of shorthand founded on this system, and later issued a book, called "Stenographic Sound Hand; or, Sign Writing by Sound." It is the anniversary of the publication of this book, which is to be soon commemorated. Since that time Mr. Pitman has issued numerous books on phonography, which have had a large sale, one of them "The Teacher" having been sold to the number of more than a million copies.

A recent discovery has shown, however, that Mr. Pitman was preceded in the application of the phonetic principle by the Rev. Phineas Bailey. A book on shorthand has been found in Vermont, written by Mr. Bailey, in which certain rules for writing by sound are clearly laid down. He published a book on the sub-



THE PITMAN MEDAL.

ject in 1815. This book passed through many editions. It is not claimed that Pitman took the idea from Bailey. Both men seem to have worked on the same lines, and, though Bailey was born in Ingersoll, Pitman's is better adapted to practical use.

Professional shorthand work is very fairly paid, both in England and this country, though owing to the crowding of the professions of late, this is true only of the very best writers. The salaries of official court stenographers in New York run from $2,000 to $5,000. In other states they will earn about $1,500. The reporters of the congressional committees receive $4,500 apiece yearly. Twenty years ago newspapers were in the habit of reporting speeches and lectures in full, and there was a great demand for stenographers for this work. But the great volume of news now crowds out these detailed reports. It is rare now that a long speech is reported. When one is to be taken down a person especially devoted to this work is given the job, receiving therefor from $6 to $10 a column.

ROGER Q. MILLS.

Democrat Congressman and Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, is chairman of the committee on ways and means. This chairmanship is regarded the most important position in the gift of the speaker, and is especially so just now, when the tariff question is attracting so much attention, for this committee will have charge of whatever tariff legislation is accomplished.

Mr. Mills was born in Todd county, Ky., and is 45 years of age. At 17 he went to Palestine, Tex., where he studied law, finishing his studies three years later; but being only 20, and the laws of the state of Texas

ROGER Q. MILLS.

requiring a practitioner to be at least 21, Mr. Mills would not be admitted to wait one year, but a special law was passed by the legislature, and he was admitted to practice without the additional year being added to his age. He settled at Corsicana and opened a law office. His practice soon became lucrative, but when the war came on he left it for the Confederate service, which he entered with a will as lieutenant colonel, retiring at the finish a full colonel, with honorable scars having been thrice wounded.

Going back to Corsicana, he resumed the practice of his profession and was regarded as an able counsellor. In 1879 he was elected member of congress at large, and in 1874 was chosen to represent the Fourth district of his state, and again represented the Ninth district. He was one of Mr. Carlisle's most active supporters when he (Carlisle) was first a candidate for speaker of the house. This naturally resulted in a warm personal friendship between the two men. Mr. Mills is also a warm friend of the president. Mr. Mills has already assumed the leadership left vacant by Mr. William R. Morrison.

In personal appearance Mr. Mills is tall, muscular and commanding. He stands nearly six feet high and is broad shouldered. He is open, frank and aggressive. He wears his hair, which is gray, close cut, and his face is adorned with a frosted mustache and goatee. He is said to be truthful, and can say "yes" or "no" without keeping one who wishes to engage his interest in any matter dancing attendance when he has an intention or ability to serve the person seeking his influence. All this has rendered him popular in his state.

How Actresses Labor.

People say some men and women are "born actors," by which they mean that they have not cultivated with an indefatigable assiduity the talents he or she possesses from nature have very imperfect knowledge of the existence of that merit which so astonishes them. Who that knows or reads of Rachel realizes how she worked and struggled to gain the goal?—hour after hour, day after day, intonation, pauses, declamation—all she studied step by step with her master and her friend Samson. All cried, "She is a genius," yet of how much power of deep knowledge and earnest study were her rare exhibitions of skill the fruit!

"I have studied my robe," she wrote, "and shall wash it to see if you are satisfied, for I see now sure it will come." This she said of perhaps her greatest piece of acting, the scene in "Phedre" where she utters "Hippolyte, j'ai vu." Not one effect that delighted and electrified her audience during two years of the first rank but was studied and tried and studied again. Rachel was never lost in a character; it was lost in her.

In referring to my humble efforts in the past, I can only say that my best results have been through my greatest study and work. Many a night have I cried myself to sleep unable to reach an effect or make a certain point. There have been times when certain roles have been as a closed book to me, and even after repeated rehearsals remained a blank and I became wholly despondent, when all at once the veil fell from before my eyes and I seemed to realize the character and the possibilities.—Fanny Davenport.

SOME WEATHER TALK.

SUGGESTED BY THE RECENT NORTHWESTERN BLIZZARDS.

General Information Regarding Blizzards and Other Spells of Weather—The Chinook Winds—Soldiers Frozen in 1884.

F MAN is ever to obtain a thorough knowledge of the causes of cyclones, tornadoes and blizzards, their development and lines of movement, it is in America that such knowledge will be obtained, for on this continent we have the fairest field for their study and the largest number of intelligent observers. From the Athabasca to the Rio Grande there is probably not one county without some observers, whose action is stimulated by great personal interest.

The Rocky mountains attain their greatest height in the central part of their course and directly along their eastern base a storm track from the west is very rare. One may start in eastern Kansas facing the northwind from the west; but as he goes westward he finds it moderating, and there is a calm at Denver and Cheyenne. Going north-west, however, the Rocky mountains bend far toward the west and decline in height, and on entering British America there are low and broad passes through which the warm "Chinook winds" from the Pacific coast sweep into Manitoba and northwestern Dakota. From these winds—often 60 degs. warmer than the local air of north Dakota—curious results appear. The ice and snow sometimes melt on the upper Missouri while the section of that stream below latitude 46 is still bound in thick ice; then the floods from above burst up the ice and we have those destructive "jams" and overflows of which one has wrought much havoc last winter. But as the warm wind moves southeast it rapidly loses its warmth; and as such a wind is temporary, there comes after it behind it, (we might say) an increased cold from the dampness—and then the blizzard. The cold wind from the far north comes down across the track of the warm wind. Its motion fearfully accelerated; the moisture is instantly condensed to powdery snow, or "poudre," in some instances as sharp as fragments of steel, and in the blinding cloud the benumbed traveler is hopelessly lost. When the vapor is so suddenly condensed as to form sharp spicules the Canadian voyageurs call it the "barber," as it cuts the face like a razor. Unfortunately this is about all that is known of the blizzard; to forecast its coming or foretell its course are alike impossible. There have not been observations enough.

Of blizzards but little history and tradition give many accounts. All the early inquirers into American archæology were amazed at the fact that the Indians had a very clear tradition of creatures like immense elephants, which once inhabited the Mississippi valley, and were exterminated by sudden cold; and it is now conceded that the mammoth and mastodon were (geologically speaking) quite recent. The traditions of the Sioux and Mondans abound in accounts of blizzards which destroyed whole bands of Indians, and the Assiniboines add that all the buffalo in their territory were killed in a single night by a storm which came earlier than usual. The poet Longfellow has given us in "Hiawatha" his rendering of one of the traditions of prolonged and terrible cold. A curious fact in this connection is that one may travel northward till he gets "behind the blizzard," as they say, in a region of warm and even hot weather, it is true, but does not come on suddenly with wind and flying snow; such is the case at Winnipeg generally and on the Saskatchewan; and far away to the north of the Red river, the very base of the Canadian Rocky mountains, the climate of winter is singularly even. Going westward from central Dakota, Nebraska or Kansas, a similar gain in evenness of winter climate is observable; so the settlers are not far wrong who say the blizzard must have "room to breed and turn itself."

In the last night of 1863 came a storm which wrought havoc over every section east of the Rocky mountains; the mercury fell 70 degs. in some places in a few hours, causing immense suffering. The deaths due to the "Cold New Year's," as it was called, were pretty evenly distributed from the lakes to the gulf, many soldiers dying from exposure on guard duty in both Federal and Confederate armies. Dakota then contained but a few hundred people, but there was much suffering in Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas. Late in 1871 a wind and snow storm of unusual violence swept the whole west from Chicago to the Sierra Nevadas; the Union Pacific railroad was blockaded for two months, and in some cuts the snow and ice packed so hard that imprisoned

DEAD ON GUARD.

engines had to be dug out with picks. One year later, to wit, on the 7th and 8th of March, 1873, a comparatively mild but cold wave swept down over central and western Minnesota and seventy persons perished in a day and night. Yet such is the indomitable energy of the American pioneer, that in another year an emigration to that very region set in and soon swelled to a boom; and from 1870 to 1885 Dakota's population grew at a rate which made the settlement of Iowa seem sluggish.

A COMING AMERICAN CARDINAL.

A Rumor That Archbishop Williams, of Boston, Is to Be the Man.

After the long agitation as to an American cardinal, it had been taken for consent that the promotion of Archbishop Gibbons, of Baltimore, was to be the only honor. Some days past, however, appears that the eyes of his holiness the pope are directed toward Boston, and that Archbishop Williams of that see may soon be the second cardinal. A former appointment was pending Archbishop Williams wrote to the pope to prefer Baltimore as the see of the United States, of which letter the pope said: "The archbishop must be a great man; he writes to me not to make him a cardinal. I seldom get letters of that sort." The honor is more in the oldest see, Boston is by far the more important, as foreign immigration is nearly all to the northern states,

ARCHBISHOP WILLIAMS.

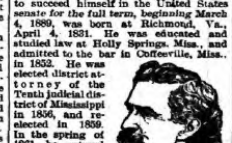
and the Irish immigration to Most certainland in the last twenty years has been enormous. The see of Baltimore at the appointment of the first cardinal contained but 120 secular priests, the real belonging to religious orders; but that of Boston has 260 secular priests, besides seventy religious and seventy-five theological students.

Archbishop Williams was born in Boston, of Irish parents, April 27, 1822. He graduated from the College of Montreal in 1841, and then spent a few years in studying theology in the great seminary of the Sulpicians at Paris; he was ordained there in 1845, returned to Boston and for ten years had charge of the Sunday school of the cathedral. 1855 he was made rector of the cathedral; in 1857 vicar general of the diocese of Boston, and soon after coadjutor of Bishop Fitzpatrick. By a rule of the Catholic church which permits the appointment of bishops "in partibus infidelium," who may reside in another country and yet be full bishops, Coadjutor Williams was made titular bishop of Tripoli, giving him full episcopal powers; and on the 11th of March, 1866, he was, by Archbishop McCloskey, consecrated in charge of the Boston see. In 1875 the archiepiscopal see of Boston was organized and Bishop Williams received the pallium. As archbishop he has been remarkably successful, and the church has prospered greatly under his guidance. He took an active part in the third plenary council of Baltimore, and visited Rome in 1887.

SENATOR WALTHALL.

He Has Just Been Re-elected by the State of Mississippi.

Edward C. Walthall, who was recently elected by the Democrats of Mississippi to succeed himself in the United States senate for the full term, beginning March 4, 1889, was born at Richmond, Va., April 4, 1831. He was educated and studied law at Holly Springs, Miss., and admitted to the bar in Coffeeville, Miss., in 1853. He was elected district attorney of the Tenth judicial district of Mississippi in 1856, and re-elected in 1859. On the breaking out of 1861 he entered the Confederate service as lieutenant in the Fifteenth Mississippi volunteers, and was soon after elected lieutenant colonel. In the spring of 1862 he was made colonel of the Twenty-ninth Mississippi regiment, and in September, 1862, was promoted to be brigadier general, and in June 1864 to be major general.



E. C. WALTHALL.

After the war Walthall practiced law at Coffeeville—afterwards at Grenada, Miss. He was a delegate to the National Democratic conventions in 1868, 1876, 1880 and 1884. In 1885 was appointed by the United States senate to fill the vacancy caused when L. Q. C. Lamar was appointed secretary of the interior, and was elected by the legislature of his state to serve for the unexpired term.

ELMIRA'S NEW HOSPITAL.

Presented to the City by Mrs. Ogden, of New York.

Elmira, N. Y., is to have a hospital. It will be opened in the fall and is the gift of Mrs. William B. Ogden, of New York. It will be called the Arnot-Ogden Memorial hospital. Mrs. Ogden is the daughter of the late Judge Arnot, the wedding breakfast of who recently died. When it is finished the hospital will be one of the finest buildings in the city. It will be constructed to contract it is brick, laid in red mortar. It will be trimmed with Cornish pressed brick and stone. The building has two wings, one on each side, and an annex directly in the rear. The central part is three stories, the annex two stories and the wings one story high. The first story of the central part contains an entrance hall and corridor, reception room, board room, matron's and doctor's rooms, drug rooms, dispensary and an operating room. The second story will contain a children's ward, private rooms for patients, nurses' and bath rooms. The third story will contain more rooms for private patients, nurses' rooms, etc. The kitchen is in the annex, where the servants' quarters are located. In each

THE OGDEN-ARNOT HOSPITAL.

wing will be a male and female ward, each supplied with ten beds and a glass sun room. When the plans for the hospital were made, Mrs. Ogden took a practical study of all the best hospitals in the country for guidance. The hospital is ventilated according to the latest scientific methods, and Elmira has reason to be proud of it.

"Mamma," inquired a little Kentucky boy, "what was Adam's full name?"

"He had only one name, my dear; simply Adam."

"And did Eve call him Adam?"

"Certainly. What could she call him?"

"She might have called him colonel."—New York Sun.

CENTRAL R. R OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Dec. 6, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 6.42, 8.00, 8.50 a. m., 12.02, 1.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 8.50 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty street at 6.00, 6.40, 7.40, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.25 a. m., 12.40, 1.25, 2.40, 3.25, 4.25, 5.00, 5.40, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.40, 1.25, 2.40, 3.25, 4.25, 5.00, 5.40, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 11.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 6.39, 6.58, 7.59, 8.05, 8.40, 9.25, 10.27, 11.30 a. m., 12.35, 1.21, 2.35, 3.27, 4.27, 5.27, 6.27, 7.27, 8.27, 9.27, 10.27, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.05, 9.25, 10.27, 11.30 a. m., 12.35, 1.21, 2.35, 3.27, 4.27, 5.27, 6.27, 7.27, 8.27, 9.27, 10.27, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Newark for Plainfield at 6.30, 6.50, 7.50, 8.30, 9.15, 10.17, 11.20 a. m., 1.02, 1.50, 3.15, 3.40, 4.00, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 p. m. Sunday at 9.15, 10.17, 11.20 a. m., 1.02, 1.50, 3.15, 3.40, 4.00, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 6.39, 6.58, 7.59, 8.05, 8.40, 9.25, 10.27, 11.30 a. m., 12.35, 1.21, 2.35, 3.27, 4.27, 5.27, 6.27, 7.27, 8.27, 9.27, 10.27, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.05, 9.25, 10.27, 11.30 a. m., 12.35, 1.21, 2.35, 3.27, 4.27, 5.27, 6.27, 7.27, 8.27, 9.27, 10.27, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Newark for Plainfield at 6.30, 6.50, 7.50, 8.30, 9.15, 10.17, 11.20 a. m., 1.02, 1.50, 3.15, 3.40, 4.00, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 p. m. Sunday at 9.15, 10.17, 11.20 a. m., 1.02, 1.50, 3.15, 3.40, 4.00, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 6.10, 8.00, 9.12 a. m., 12.30, 1.45, 4.55, 6.05, 7.25, 8.05, 9.17, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.12 a. m., 4.55 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 8.00, 9.00, 11.15 a. m., 12.45, 4.00, 5.15, 6.40, 7.15 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 11.15 a. m., 4.00, 5.15 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 6.00, 8.00, 9.15, 11.30 a. m., 1.00, 4.30, 5.45, 6.40, 7.10, 7.50, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.15, 11.30 a. m., 4.30, 5.45, 7.50, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 6.10, 8.00, 9.12 a. m., 12.30, 1.45, 4.55, 6.05, 7.25, 8.05, 9.17, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.12 a. m., 4.55 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 8.00, 9.00, 11.15 a. m., 12.45, 4.00, 5.15, 6.40, 7.15 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 11.15 a. m., 4.00, 5.15 p. m.

[Westward Connections.

6.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

8.00, 9.12 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

9.00 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

11.15 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

12.45, 4.00 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

5.15 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

6.40, 7.15 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

9.00 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

10.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

11.30 p. m.—For Easton, West Gap, Manch Chunk, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

6.05, and 8.15 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Belvidere, Manunka, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg etc.

6.00 p. m.—For Flemington.

6.05 p. m.—For Flemington, Allentown, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 8.10, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 4.51, 6.07 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 5.37 a. m.

For Park Arrive, 3.27, 8.47, 5.41, 11.00 a. m., 12.30, 4.50, 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.57 a. m.

For Asbury, 3.27, 5.45, 8.01, 11.06, a. m., 12.33, 4.51, 6.07, 9.30, 12.15 night.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, 7.30, 10.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m.; 5.30, 12.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Market Street, 8.30, 9.05, 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 4.30 p. m.

Leave Bordentown, Bank and Tuer Streets, at 1.25, 5.00, 9.10,* 10.10, 11.35 a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 7.15, 10.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.25, 9.10, 9.40, a. m., 6.15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at Bordentown.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMACHER, Gen. Sup't.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Dealer in Coal and Wood. All my coal being under cover is perfectly dry and of the best.
BEST Quality
that can be procured in this market. Particular pains taken to have it well screened and delivered promptly.
All orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
Office 61 Park Avenue, P. O. Box 1122.
Yard.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
58 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call 40. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 97. Office of Hillside cemetery.

ATTENTION!
Right about Face!
MARCH!
to the Shoe Store of
J. J. KENNEY,
20 NORTH AVENUE.
where you can procure Shoes, Boots, Rubbers, Slippers, and everything pertaining to the business at the most reasonable prices.

CITY PHARMACY,
21 West Front street.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals, &c.
Toilet Requisites.
City Pharmacy Dentine, cleanses and preserves the teeth.
Compound Wild Cherry Syrup, for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Cloth Cleaner, cleanses all kinds of grease spots.
Physicians' Prescriptions our specialty.
City Pharmacy opened Sunday for the sale of medicines only
From 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 4 to 9 p. m.
Telephone call 53.
Field & Randolph.

25 PER CENT
ALLOWED ON ALL THE
WINTER GOODS
AT
OVERCOATS
AT
WERNER'S
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

The Plainfield
Electric Light
Company.
Office and Lighting
Station Madison Ave.
Incandescent Lighting for
STORES,
CHURCHES,
DWELLINGS,
Public Buildings, etc.
W. H. Moore, M'gr.

HAVING JUST FINISHED TAKING
INVENTORY
We now offer the following Special Bargains:
KID GLOVES.
1 Lot Kid Gloves 50c, former price 85c.
1 " " " " " 75c. " $1.00.
" Mousquaires, $1, " " " $1.60.
" Boys' Socks at 5c per pair.
" Table Oil Cloth, 5-4 wide, assorted patterns, at 20c per yard.
1 Lot of Stair and Oil Cloth at 6c per yard.
" Lamp Wick 5c per pair.
" Dress Goods, fancy stripe, 8c yard.
" Ladies' Ribbed Vests, 19c each.
Another case of those white Aprons with embroidery and insertion, just opened; we will sell them for 25c.
We are still making 20 per cent reduction on all Cloaks or Wraps sold by us.
We are now receiving new patterns of all the standard brands of bleached and unbleached Muslins which we are selling at lowest prices.
I. H. BOEHM,
7 W. FRONT STREET.

J. P. Laire & Co.,
SPECIAL SALE,
Parlor Stoves, Horse Blankets, Lap Robes, Skates, Plush Lap Robes, Sleigh Bells. The above Goods must be sold to close out stock.

FOR THE
Next 60 Days
GOODS
Will be Sold at
GREATLY
REDUCED PRICES
to make room for Spring Stock.
FAIRCHILD'S

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 51 W. FRONT ST.
P. O. Box 326.
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered Trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving, specialty.

WE RESPECTFULLY
Invite Everybody
to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not
Sole Agents for Dr. King's spectacles, the best and cheapest in the end.
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
15 Park avenue.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER
and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS,
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,
Sixteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 1287.
W also supply all orders for kindling wood as formerly, direct from its factory.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD.
Try the Brunswick Ham. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

MME. QUICK'S
SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN STOCKMORE AND PEACE STREETS.
Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases, especially those arising from impure blood, such as Boils, Eruptions, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung and Stomach Troubles, Nervousness, Pains, Paleness and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.
Ladies will find this treatment a means of ease and cure for all uterine disorders.
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Consultation and examination free.

M'DONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 24 Somerset Street
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SHOEING OF ROAD AND RACING HORSES.
All good horse and others desiring to use the celebrated Bar Shoe, will find it to their advantage to call at the above shop, as we have had years of experience in the use of this shoe, and can guarantee satisfaction. In order to give us a fair trial, please call and leave your horses one week. Horses will be shod while you wait. Horses called for and delivered. Carriage work done in the best manner. Prices reasonable. Remember the shop is under shed, so you may be able to keep dry while the horse is being shod. Remember the number, 24 Somerset street.

Stephen A. Fleming,
24 NORTH AVENUE.
First-Class Market,
where you can find a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.
Special attention given to POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH. Having the largest stock in the city, we demand the lowest prices. Give us a call and be convinced.
NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.
Remember the number, 24, and that we may convince you, we DO sell CHEAPER than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

RICHARD DAY,
(successor to Frank Day)
LIVERY STABLE,
NORTH AVENUE, Opp. Depot, Plainfield.
Carriages and Cab trains. Family Ridin specialty.

THE GERMAN BARBER.

He Wages Negotiations, Has a Fight and Wins the Day.

"You are a commercial drafter, sir!"

"No."

The nondescript in the German barber was the one who asked the question, addressing it to a slender but middle aged man in the chair at which he earned his fee from monotonous way through life. He had shaved this customer two or three times before, and was endeavoring to find out all about him, as all barbers always have done when their curiosity was up and their man was down and lathered and well tucked in.

"Oh, you're choost a clerk by a store, eh!"

"No; shave up with you git to me neck. Me neck is tender."

"Certently; I know dot. Maype you pees in der ligger peesness. Vell, dot's a fine peesness, particiler if you got a good shtand. I know a frent of mine from der same village vhere I vas born, und he got"—

"He frind, Offm not in the saloon trade, at all, and so ye're jiost wastin' yer breath. Aisy wid your razor on me chin."

"All right; you knob your peesness by yourself. I choost like to make mineself boltie mit you, dot's all."

The job was practically finished, the last strokes of the brush were being applied, when "the monkey barber," as the boss always called him, on account of his foolishness, exhibited a loss both of temper and discretion, owing to the customer's retiveness.

"If you vos ashamed vot your peesness you done right not to told someings apowd dot; vot it vos. A man's got to put von eye out und look sharp like der teufle nowadays, on account of Anthony Gomstock und Inshector Williams und der society for der bevention of cruelty, alretty; particiler if he vos doing prosked peesness, yes."

"Thunder and stars!" shouted the customer, literally beside himself and springing out of the chair. "Fwhat d'ye mane at all, wid yer slack? He bizness is me bizness, and it's not the rights of aany monkey faced, cracked jawed larrup iv a Dootch divil to cross quistion me fwhiniver he has me hid out in a chair at his convanience. Mo bizness, is it? It's lickin' the Dootch; that's fwhat it is. There, now; come on, now, till I polish the flure wid yer head."

"Hol' on! Edop a leetle! Vait choost a minute!" said the boss, rushing to the aid of his assistant. "Dis ding's got to been blayed out. Whoefer licks dot poy must first lick mineselluf. If you vos your, now, vot effery bugnacious Irishmans by der city has peen licking dot poy, und it cost me a veek's vages for a schlechter cash dime alretty."

"Oi'll lick the two av yez and all yer relations," said the irate customer. "D'ye think Oi'll lay shtill and let a comic picture from a Dootch paper walk all over me wid his tongue"—

"Chimany cracky!" shouted the German barber, soldering his hot water kettle with its gallon of boiling contents. "A man can't die more as vonce, alretty. Run, or I boil you mit der kettle. Chake! Vhy der tickens don't somebody stop him? Klick der auto cher und gitnab by der shreet und yell like sexty, or chump down his throat und carve your vay owd from his boots mit der razor. I show you, you pig savage."

At the same instant the German barber began to swing the kettle like a madman. The assault lifted the great slab of marble off the table, and both advanced toward the customer. They were too much for him. He seized his hat and overcoat and fled, pausing at the door to hit something about a lunatic asylum between his teeth.

When he had gone the German barber dropped into a chair in a paroxysm of laughter.

"Chake," said he, "dot's der greatest day uf my life.—New York Sun.

STRAY JOKES.

It is the dry goods clerk who most frequently sales under false colors.—New Haven News.

If there is anything in the world which will make a man forget that his joints are stiff, it is to step on a sneak doll on an unlighted sidewalk.—Philadelphia Call.

Young Lady (in shoe store)—I want them plenty large. Proprietor (measuring foot)—Yes, miss; you want threes. Young Lady—No; twos are my size.—The Epoch.

"You needn't order me around, sir," said the washerwoman. "I'm not the hired girl. It's Bridget's place to look after the milk. I'm the laundry lady." "That doesn't scare me," said the man. "I'm the milk gentleman and I'm the P. W. G. R. K. of the U. O. G. O. and Most Eminent Past G. W. of the Ancient Order of H. X. Q. Z., and I want somebody to attend to the milk." "Sir," said the washerwoman meekly, as she went to find a cook.—Chicago Tribune.

And so every day he gave the Almighty
Advice which he deemed of great worth;
And his wife took in sewing
To keep famine a-going
While he superintended the earth.
—The Churchman.

A young lady, visiting for the first time in the country, was startled at the approach of a cow. She was too frightened to run, and, shaking her parasol at the animal, she said in a very stern voice: "Lie down, sir! lie down!"—New York Tribune.

The chess club has occupied its present quarters for a remarkably long time. Usually chess players want to move.—New Orleans Picayune.

The figures of this year, 1888, resemble three big girls and a dude as they spread themselves across the pavement on a fine afternoon.—Williamsport Sun and Banner.

Some people ask, "Does it pay to be good?" Perhaps our evidence in the matter will not be taken, and so we shall not answer the question directly, but we will say that it is good to do good.—Lowell Citizen.

The young man who would waste time kissing a girl's hand would eat the brown paper bag and leave the hot house grapes for some one else.—Somerville Journal.

Oft times after a man has seen his "ante" he is compelled to go and see his "uncle."—The Epoch.

Let a man sit down on a bent pin and he will arise preaching and speak briefly to the point.—New Orleans Picayune.

It is hoped that the man who predicted that we were going to have a warm winter hasn't a bushel of coal in his bin, and is anchored up 100 miles from a coal yard.—Norristown Herald.

Young eighty-eight,
We put your pright
And trust you'll not decrease in weight.
Be temperate,
Philanthropic and sedate,
And don't stay out until it's light.
—Pittsburg Chronicle.

A Final, Full Smile.

Barry Bowden, a 12-year-old colored boy, of Macon, has the largest mouth of anybody, big or little, in these parts. When he opens it wide the corners of the mouth face like-half an inch from the lobe of each ear. He can put his fist in his mouth; can hold two eggs in it without difficulty, and his last trick was to take in a toy balloon and then inflate it to its full size. Barry is very proud of his mouth.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Psychology of Joking.

Dr. Hastings-Jackson publishes some interesting remarks on this topic in The London Lancet. He regards running as the lowest phase of the evolution of humor, but even in the pun he sees a material for the study of normal mental action. It is a pun we have two ideas called to the mind at once—a double vision, as it were; and, as all thought is the comparison of relations, this is simply a caricature of the normal process of thought. Humor in the world owes a great debt to the first punster, because he began the "plays" of the mind (in the same sense as art is founded on the play instinct), and as detached himself from the grossly useful, and showed a surplus energy capable of developing into the highest traits of mankind. To lack a sense of humor is a bad thing. "The man who has no sense of humor, who takes things to be literally as distinct as they superficially appear, does not see fundamental similarities in the midst of great superficial differences, overlooks the transitions between great contrasts. I do not mean because he has "no sense of humor, but because he has not the surplus intellect which sense of humor implies."—Science.

THE BEE HIVE

Come and see Our Stock of

HAMBURGS

and

Torchon Laces.

Special lines of Hamburg Edgings at 8c, 9c, 10c and 15c per yard.

Hamburg Flouncings at 19c, 20c and 25c.

We would also call special attention to our new spring stock of Children's long Robes and Lace Christening Caps.

LOUIS CALLMAN,

38 WEST FRONT ST.

Special Notices.

FROM THE GULF COAST.
The leading druggist of Mass Point, Miss., W. Stewart, writes, "I am sure that Van Wert's Balsam is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.
1 phaeton, 2 buggies, 1 road cart, 5 sleighs, 3 spring wagons, 10 farm wagons. Call and look at them on Somerset street, near Linden avenue JOHN P. WOLFE. 1-13-1w

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.
Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 79 East Fifth street, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE
The proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for Coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your house. Sure to be immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, druggist. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
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